## Ly, Cuong, Assignment-1

#### R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
library(faraway)
data("worldcup")
```

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## Question 1

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
dim(worldcup)
                          # There are 595 observations with 7 variables
## [1] 595
names(worldcup)
                          # 7 attributes in this dataset are Team, Position, Time, Shots,
                                                    "Passes"
## [1] "Team"
                  "Position" "Time"
                                         "Shots"
                                                                "Tackles"
                                                                           "Saves"
class(worldcup)
                          # Data Frame
## [1] "data.frame"
                            # Numerical variables are Time, Shots, Passes, Tackles, Saves
sapply(worldcup, class)
                                                        Tackles
##
        Team Position
                            Time
                                      Shots
                                               Passes
                                                                    Saves
              "factor" "integer" "integer" "integer" "integer" "integer"
                            # Categorical variables are Team and Position
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## Question 2

\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
library(dplyr)
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
# a. The mean of saves that all players made
mean(worldcup$Saves)
                  # The mean of saves is 0.6672269
## [1] 0.6672269
# b. Number of players in each position
count(worldcup,c('Position')) # Defender: 188 Forward: 143
                                                         Goalkeeper: 36
##
    c("Position")
## 1
        Position 595
# c. The median number of shots that all plays made
median(worldcup$Shots) # The median numbers of shots is 1
## [1] 1
# d. The interquartile range (IQR) of passes that players made
IQR(worldcup$Passes) # The interquartile range of passes is 86.5
## [1] 86.5
______
Question 3
______
```

## # a. Number of forwards on each team

table(worldcup\$Team,worldcup\$Position)[,2]

##	Algeria	Argentina	Australia	Brazil	Cameroon	Chile
##	3	6	3	4	5	5
##	Denmark	England	France	Germany	Ghana	Greece
##	3	4	5	6	5	5
##	Honduras	Italy	Ivory Coast	Japan	Mexico	Netherlands
##	5	6	5	4	5	5
##	New Zealand	Nigeria	North Korea	Paraguay	Portugal	Serbia
##	4	6	4	5	4	3
##	Slovakia	Slovenia	South Africa	South Korea	Spain	Switzerland
##	5	5	3	3	3	4
##	USA	Uruguay				
##	5	5				

#### # Team had the most shots in total among all its forwards

arrange(summarize(group\_by(filter(worldcup,Position=='Forward'),Team),total\_shots = sum(Shots)),desc(to

```
## # A tibble: 32 x 2
##
     Team
               total_shots
##
     <fct>
                       <int>
## 1 Uruguay
                          45
## 2 Argentina
## 3 Germany
                          41
## 4 Netherlands
                          34
## 5 Spain
                          33
## 6 Ghana
                          32
                          28
## 7 Portugal
                          25
## 8 Paraguay
                          23
## 9 Brazil
## 10 USA
                          21
## # ... with 22 more rows
```

#### # Team had the most shots in total among all its forwards is Uruguay

```
# b. Team(s) had the defender with the most tackles

defe <- subset(worldcup,Position=='Defender') # Extract a subset with Defender Position

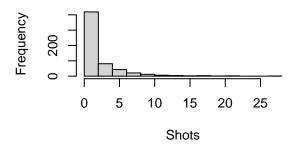
defe <- defe[order(defe$Tackles,decreasing = TRUE),]

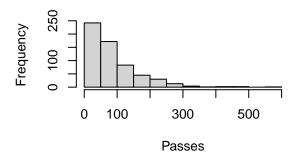
head(defe)</pre>
```

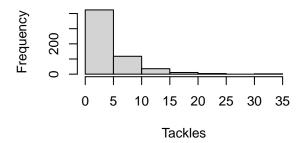
```
Team Position Time Shots Passes Tackles Saves
##
## Glen Johnson England Defender 357
                                              173
                                                       17
## Lahm
               Germany Defender 540
                                              360
                                                       17
                                         0
                                                               0
## Vidal
                 Chile Defender 306
                                         6
                                              178
                                                        17
                                                               0
## Friedrich
               Germany Defender 540
                                                       16
                                         1
                                              244
                                                               0
## Komano
                 Japan Defender 390
                                              115
                                                       16
## Pique
                 Spain Defender 540
                                         2
                                              402
                                                       15
                                                               0
```

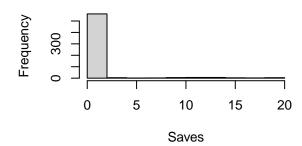
```
# England, Germany, Chile
# c. Player played the longest time in the field? Which team did he come from?
  How long did he play in the field?
max_time <- max(aggregate(worldcup$Time ~ worldcup$Team, max, data = worldcup)[,2]) # The max time is 5
worldcup[which(worldcup$Time==max_time),] # Use which to determine the index
##
                       Position Time Shots Passes Tackles Saves
                Team
## Arevalo Rios Uruguay Midfielder 570
                                      5
                                           195
                                                   21
## Maxi Pereira Uruguay Midfielder 570
                                      5
                                                   15
                                           182
                                                         0
## Muslera
              Uruguay Goalkeeper 570
                                            75
                                                   0
                                                        16
# Arevalo Rios, Maxi Pereira, and Muslera played the longest time in the field.
# They all came from Uruguay and they played 570 minutes
# d. The mean number of saves just among the goalkeepers
mean(worldcup[worldcup$Position == 'Goalkeeper', 'Saves'])
## [1] 11.02778
# The mean number of saves just among the goalkeepers is 11.02778
_______
Question 4
______
# a. Create a histogram
par(mfrow=c(2,2)) ##2 plots in each row, 2 plots in each column
```

for(i in 4:7) { hist(worldcup[,i], xlab=names(worldcup)[i], main=NULL) }



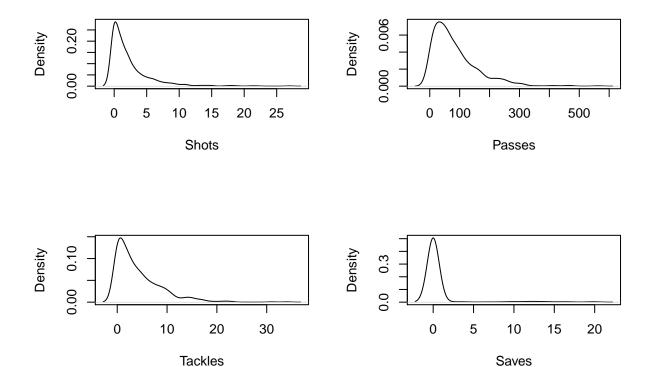






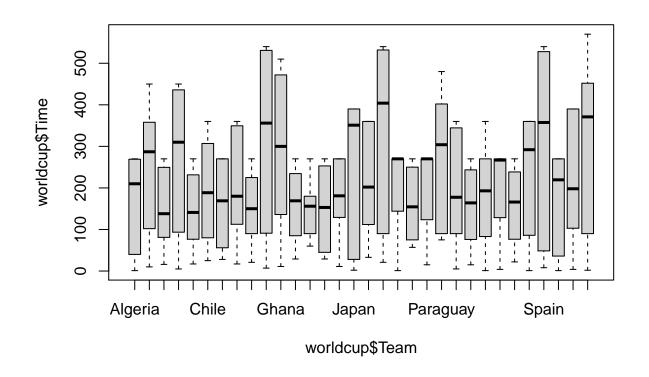
```
# We can see that four graphs are all skewed to the right
# A majority of players attempted less than 5 shots
# More than 90% of players passed less than 200
# Players mostly tackled less than 5 attempts
# 1 save is the majority
```

```
# b. Create a kernel density
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
for(i in 4:7) { plot(density(worldcup[,i]), main=NA, xlab=names(worldcup)[i]) }
```



# Saves is the most difficult variable to distinguish the team's performance because the # number of observations center heavily around 0. In contrast, although Shots, Passess and # Tackles are also skewed to the right, there are some observations that lie in the right # (upper levels)

# c. A boxplot to show the distribution of playing time in field by each country boxplot(worldcup\$Time~worldcup\$Team)



```
# The mean of playing time of more than half the teams is below 200
# 12 out of 32 teams have range of playing time more than 200
# The minimum value is fairly similar among teams. However, there's a big dissimilarity in
# the maximum values among teams
```

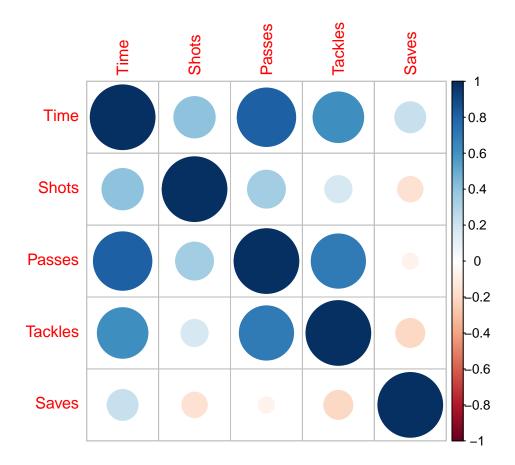
# # d. Correlation among all the numeric variables. Plot the correlation matrix cor(worldcup[,3:7])

```
##
                Time
                         Shots
                                              Tackles
                                    Passes
                                                            Saves
           1.0000000 0.4079231
## Time
                                0.81511932 0.6106735
                                                      0.22847723
## Shots
          0.4079231
                     1.0000000
                                0.34316326
                                           0.1762829 -0.15495828
                                1.00000000 0.7020965 -0.06205701
## Passes
          0.8151193
                     0.3431633
## Tackles 0.6106735
                     0.1762829
                                0.70209651
                                           1.0000000 -0.20118978
          0.2284772 -0.1549583 -0.06205701 -0.2011898 1.00000000
## Saves
```

### library(corrplot)

## corrplot 0.92 loaded

```
corrplot(cor(worldcup[,3:7]))
```

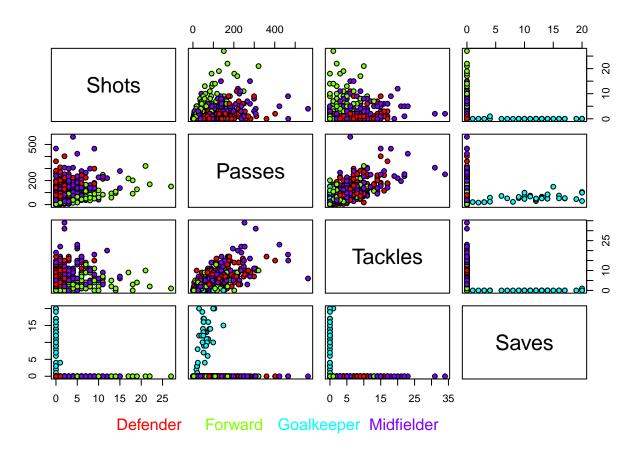


```
# Passes and Time have the highest correlation
# Tackles and Save have the lowest correlation
# Passes and Time also have high correlation
# Passes and Tackles have high correlation
# For Saves, except Time, it has a negative correlation with Shots, Passess, and Tackles
```

```
# e. A scatter plot to show the associations among shots, passes, tackles and saves by each position.

plot(worldcup[4:7], pch=21, bg=rainbow(4)[worldcup$Position], oma=c(4,3,3,3))

mtext(at=c(0.2,0.35,0.5,0.65), side=1, line=4, text=levels(worldcup$Position), col=rainbow(4))
```



```
{\it \# Midfielder \ has \ more \ passes \ but \ forward \ has \ the \ most \ shots}
```

- # Midfielder also has the most tackles
- # Goalkeeper has the most saves
- # Defender does tackles, but less than midfielder
- # Midfielder is the busiest position on the field.