Stat 230, Spring 2013 Homework 10: Cross Validation Due Wednesday 4/17/13 at 11:55pm on bspace.

The file HW10.rda has a data frame named data. The first column is Y, the other twenty are variables named a-t.

- 1. Use OLS to fit the full model using all 20 variables for X.
- 2. Compute R^2 as described on page 51 of the text. Then use 10-fold cross validation to compute R^2 . This will involve 10 OLS fits, each based on 90% of the data, and for each fit you'll use the coefficients to get residuals for the points not used to fit the data. With these residuals, you can get R^2 , then take the average of the 10 R^2 values to get the cross validation R^2 . How do these values compare to the Multiple R-squared and Adjusted R-squared given by the summary function?

3. Model Selection

- (a) Leave out the variable with the smallest t value (in absolute value). Don't take out the intercept even if it has the smallest t value.
- (b) Get both "regular" R^2 and cross validation R^2 as in step 2.
- (c) Repeat steps a) and b) until you are left with just the intercept term, note that the next variable left out should be the one with the smallest t value based on the most recent fit, not based on the smallest remainding t value from the original fit.
- 4. Plot the number of variables on the horizontal axis and for each number of variables, both the R^2 values, color coded and with lines connecting the points. How many variables are used for the smallest R^2 ?