各種謬誤: 積分篇

例.

•
$$\int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{x^2 - a^2} = -\int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{a^2 - x^2} = -\int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{a^2 + (-x^2)} = -\tan^{-1}(-x)$$

•
$$\int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{x^2 - a^2} : \, \, \widehat{\ominus} x = a \sec \theta, \, \mathrm{d}x = a \sec \theta \tan \theta \, \mathrm{d}\theta \, \text{o} \, \text{od} \, \int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{x^2 - a^2} \, \mathrm{d}x = \int \frac{a \sec \theta \tan \theta \, \mathrm{d}\theta}{a^2 \tan^2 \theta} = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \, \mathrm{d}\theta = \frac{1}{a} \ln |\sin \theta|$$

•
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$
: $\Rightarrow x^2 = u$, $2x dx = du \Rightarrow x dx = \frac{1}{2} du$, $\exists \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\frac{1}{2} du}{\sqrt{1-u}} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u}} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u}} = \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} u^{\frac{1}{2}}$

•
$$\int \cos(\ln x) \, \mathrm{d}x$$
: $\Rightarrow \ln x = u$, $\frac{1}{x} \, \mathrm{d}x = \mathrm{d}u \implies \mathrm{d}x = x \, \mathrm{d}u$, $y = \int \cos(\ln x) \, \mathrm{d}x = \int \cos u \cdot x \, \mathrm{d}u = x \sin(\ln x)$

•
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int x \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int x dx \cdot \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \cdot \sin^{-1} x$$

例. 微積分基本能力檢核

•
$$(x^{\pi})' = \pi x^{\pi - 1}$$

•
$$(\pi^x)' = \pi^x \ln \pi$$

$$\bullet (xe^{\pi x})' = e^{\pi x} + \pi x e^{\pi x}$$

•
$$(e^{\pi x^2})' = e^{\pi x^2} 2\pi x$$

$$\bullet (x^x)' = x^x(\ln x + 1)$$

$$\bullet \int x^{\pi} \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{x^{\pi+1}}{\pi+1}$$

$$\bullet \int \pi^x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{\pi^x}{\ln \pi}$$

•
$$\int \ln x \, \mathrm{d}x = x \ln x - x$$

•
$$\int x^2 e^{\pi x} dx = e^{\pi x} \left(\frac{x^2}{\pi} - \frac{2x}{\pi^2} + \frac{2}{\pi^3} \right)$$

錯誤答案例:

•
$$(e^{\pi x})' = xe^{\pi}$$

•
$$(\pi^x)' = x\pi$$

•
$$(e^{-x^2})' = 2e^{-x}$$

$$\bullet \quad \int x^{\pi} \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{2} x^{\pi^2}$$

$$\bullet \int \pi^x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{2} \pi^{x^2}$$

$$\bullet \quad \int \ln x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{2} \ln x$$

$$\bullet \quad \int e^{\pi x} \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{4} e^{\pi^2 x^2}$$

•
$$\int x^2 e^x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2}$$

•
$$\int xe^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{3}e^{-x^3}$$