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- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion 0.003% Typ

Low Noise

 $V_n = 18 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  Typ at f = 1 kHz

- High Input Impedance . . . JFET Input Stage
- Internal Frequency Compensation
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/μs Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes V<sub>CC+</sub>

#### description

The JFET-input operational amplifiers in the TL07\_ series are designed as low-noise versions of the TL08\_ series amplifiers with low input bias and offset currents and fast slew rate. The low harmonic distortion and low noise make the TL07\_ series ideally suited for high-fidelity and audio preamplifier applications. Each amplifier features JFET inputs (for high input impedance) coupled with bipolar output stages integrated on a single monolithic chip.

The C-suffix devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The I-suffix devices are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C. The M-suffix devices are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C.

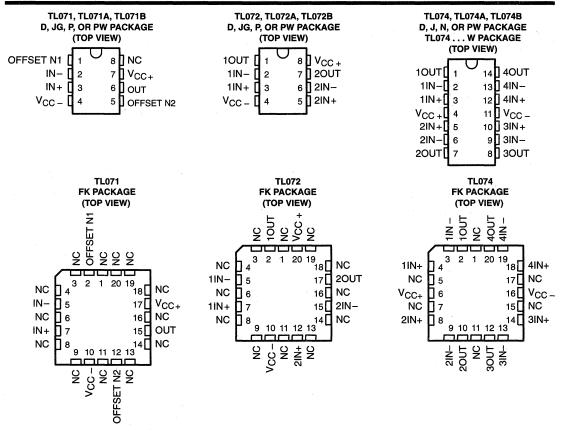
#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

			PACKAGE								
TA	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE (D) <sup>†</sup>	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP PACKAGE (PW)	FLAT PACKAGE (W)		
	10 mV 6 mV 3 mV	TL071CD TL071ACD TL071BCD	_	_			TL071CP TL071ACP TL071BCP	TL071CPWLE — —			
0°C to 70°C	10 mV 6 mV 3 mV	TL072CD TL072ACD TL072BCD	_	_	_	_	TL072CP TL072ACP TL072BCP	TL072CPWLE — —	_		
	10 mV 6 mV 3 mV	TL074CD TL074ACD TL074BCD		_		TL074CN TL074ACN TL074BCN		TL074CPWLE — —	-		
-40°C to 85°C	6 mV	TL071ID TL072ID TL074ID	_	_	_	— — TL074IN	TL071IP TL072IP	_	_		
−55°C to 125°C	6 mV 6 mV 9 mV		TL071MFK TL072MFK TL074MFK	— — TL074MJ	TL071MJG TL072MJG —	  TL074MN	TL072MP		  TL074MW		

<sup>†</sup> The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., TL071CDR). The PW package is only available left-ended taped and reeled (e.g., TL072CPWLE).



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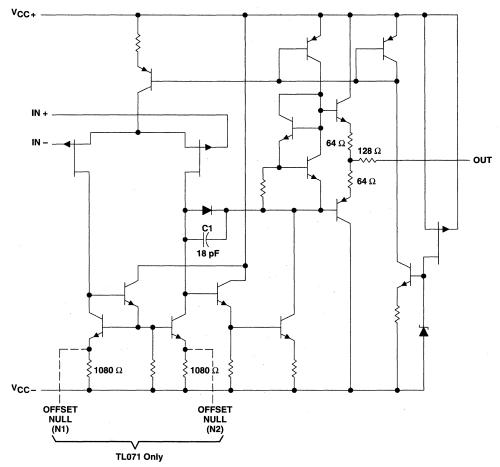


NC - No internal connection

#### symbols



#### schematic (each amplifier)



All component values shown are nominal.

COMPONENT COUNT								
COMPONENT TYPE	TL071	TL072	TL074					
Resistors	11	22	44					
Transistors	14	28	56					
JFET	2	4	6					
Diodes	1	2	4					
Capacitors	1	2	4					
epi-FET	1	2	4					

<sup>†</sup> Includes bias and trim circuitry

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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)	18 V
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> – (see Note 1)	
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (see Note 2)	
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 3)	±15 V
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4)	
Continuous total power dissipation	
Operating free-air temperature range, TA: C suffix	0°C to 70°C
l suffix	
M suffix	55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range	65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: J, JG, or W page 1.0 seconds: J, JG, or W page 2.0 seconds: J, J	ackage 300°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D. N. P. or PV	V package 260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between VCC+ and VCC-.
  - 2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
  - 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 V, whichever is less.
  - The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR	DERATE ABOVE T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D (8 pin)	680 mW	5.8 mW/°C	33°C	465 mW	378 mW	N/A
D (14 pin)	680 mW	7.6 mW/°C	60°C	604 mW	490 mW	N/A
FK	680 mW	11.0 mW/°C	88°C	680 mW	680 mW	273 mW
J	680 mW	11.0 mW/°C	88°C	680 mW	680 mW	273 mW
JG	680 mW	8.4 mW/°C	69°C	672 mW	546 mW	210 mW
N	680 mW	9.2 mW/°C	76°C	680 mW	597 mW	N/A
Р	680 mW	8.0 mW/°C	65°C	640 mW	520 mW	N/A
PW (8 pin)	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	70°C	525 mW	N/A	N/A
PW (14 pin)	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	70°C	700 mW	N/A	N/A
W	680 mW	8.0 mW/°C	65°C	640 mW	520 mW	200 mW

#### electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

P/	ARAMETER	TEST CON	IDITIONS†	T <sub>A</sub> ‡		TL071C TL072C TL074C		1	ΓL071Α0 ΓL072Α0 ΓL074Α0	•	1	L071B0 L072B0 L074B0	;		TL071I TL072I TL074I		UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		3	10		3	6		2	3		3	6	mV
·10	input onset voltage	VO = 0,	115 - 50 32	Full range			13			7.5			5			8	, III V
αVIO	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	Full range		18			18			18			18		μV/°C
lo	Input offset current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		5	100		5	100		5	100		5	100	рA
·10	input onset current	VO = 0		Full range			10			2			2			2	nΑ
lв	Input bias current§	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		65	200		65	200		65	200		65	200	pА
'ID	imput bias currento	1.0-0		Full range			7		_	7			7			20	nA
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range			25°C	±11	-12 to 15		±11	–12 to 15		±11	-12 to 15		±11	-12 to 15		٧
	Maximum peak	R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ		25°C	±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		
Vом	output voltage	$R_L \ge 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		Full range	±12			±12			±12			±12			٧
	swing	R <sub>L</sub> ≥2kΩ		Full range	±10			±10			±10			±10			
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = ±10 V,	$R_1 \ge 2 k\Omega$	25°C	25	200		50	200		50	200		50	200		V/mV
	amplification		_	Full range	15			25			25			25			
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth			25°C		3			3			3			3		MHz
ri	Input resistance			25°C		1012			1012			1012			1012		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	nin, $R_S = 50 Ω$	25°C	70	100		75	100		75	100		75	100		dB
ksvr	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>CC±</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	$V_{CC} = \pm 9 V$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	to $\pm 15 \text{ V}$ , R <sub>S</sub> = $50 \Omega$	25°C	70	100		80	100		80	100		80	100		dB
lcc	Supply current (each amplifier)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load	25°C		1.4	2.5		1.4	2.5		1.4	2.5		1.4	2.5	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	A <sub>VD</sub> = 100		25°C		120			120			120			120		dB

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage unless otherwise specified.
‡ Full range is T<sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 70°C for TL07\_C, TL07\_BC and is T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C for TL07\_I.
§ Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive as shown in Figure 4. Pulse techniques must be used that maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

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#### electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONST		T <sub>A</sub> ‡	TL071M TL072M				TL074M		UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
VIO	Input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		3	6		3	9	mV
VIO	input onset voltage	VO = 0,	ng = 50 12	Full range			9			15	IIIV
αVIO	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	Full range		18			18		μV/°C
10	Input offset current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		5	100		5	100	pА
انا <u>)</u>	input onset current	VO = 0		Full range			20			20	nA
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current‡	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		65	200		65	200	рA
ווא	Input bias current+	VO = 0					50			50	nA
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range			25°C	±11	-12 to 15		±11	–12 to 15		V
		R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ		25°C	±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		
VOM	Maximum peak output voltage swing	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10 kΩ	1	Full vance	±12			±12			] v
	voltage swillig	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ		Full range	±10			±10			
۸۷۵	Large-signal differential	V <sub>O</sub> = ±10 V,	D. > 2 kO	25°C	35	200		35	200		V/mV
AVD	voltage amplification	VO = ±10 V,	LF ≤ 5 K75		15			15			V/IIIV
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				3			3		MHz
rį	Input resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				1012			1012		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICR</sub> <sup>n</sup> V <sub>O</sub> = 0,		25°C	80	86		80	86		dB
ksvr	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{CC} = \pm 9 V$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	to $\pm$ 15 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	80	86		80	86		dB
lcc	Supply current (each amplifier)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load	25°C		1.4	2.5		1.4	2.5	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	A <sub>VD</sub> = 100		25°C		120			120		dB

<sup>†</sup> Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive as shown in Figure 4. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

<sup>‡</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage unless otherwise specified. Full range is TA = -55°C to 125°C.

#### operating characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST /	7	L07xM		ALL OTHERS			UNIT	
		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>I</sub> = 10 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF,	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ , See Figure 1	5	13		8	13		V/µs
	Rise time overshoot	V <sub>I</sub> = 20 mV,	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ ,		0.1			0.1		μs
tr	factor	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF,	See Figure 1		20%			20%		
V	Equivalent input noise	R <sub>S</sub> = 20 Ω	f = 1 kHz		18			18		nV/√Hz
٧n	voltage		f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz		4			4		μV
In	Equivalent input noise current	$R_S = 20 \Omega$ ,	f = 1 kHz		0.01			0.01		pA/√Hz
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$V_{l}$ rms = 6 V, $R_{L} \ge 2 k\Omega$ , f = 1 kHz	$A_{VD} = 1$ , $R_S \le 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,		0.003%			0.003%		

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

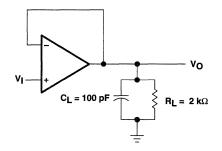


Figure 1. Unity-Gain Amplifier

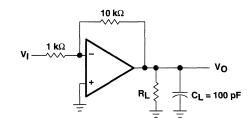


Figure 2. Gain-of-10 Inverting Amplifier

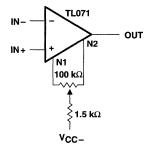


Figure 3. Input Offset Voltage Null Circuit

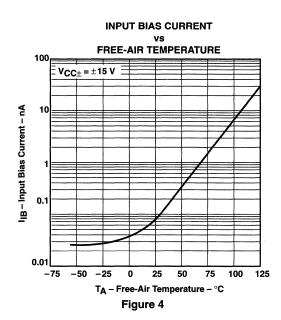
# TL071, TL071A, TL071B, TL072 TL072A, TL072B, TL074, TL074A, TL074B LOW-NOISE JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS SLOS080D - SEPTEMBER 1978 - REVISED AUGUST 1996

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **Table of Graphs**

			FIGURE
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	vs Free-air temperature	4
Vом	Maximum output voltage	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature vs Load resistance vs Supply voltage	5, 6, 7 8 9 10
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature vs Frequency	11 12
	Phase shift	vs Frequency	12
	Normalized unity-gain bandwidth	vs Free-air temperature	13
	Normalized phase shift	vs Free-air temperature	13
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature	14
Icc	Supply current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	15 16
PD	Total power dissipation	vs Free-air temperature	17
	Normalized slew rate	vs Free-air temperature	18
٧n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	19
THD	Total harmonic distortion	vs Frequency	20
	Large-signal pulse response	vs Time	21
٧o	Output voltage	vs Elapsed time	22

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†



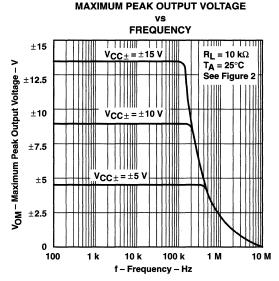
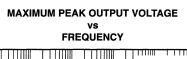


Figure 5



V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±15 V

 $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 10 V$ 

V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±5 V

10 k

Figure 6

f - Frequency - Hz

100 k

1 M

±15

±12.5

±10

±7.5

±5

±2.5

0

100

1 k

V<sub>OM</sub> - Maximum Peak Output Voltage - V



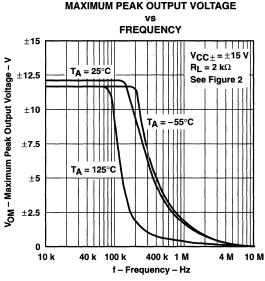
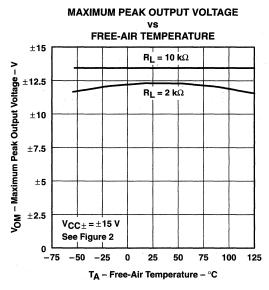


Figure 7

<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

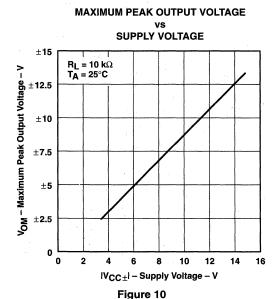


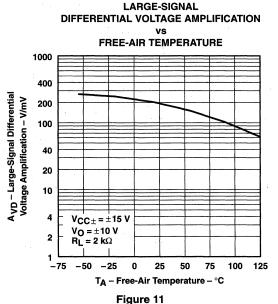
**LOAD RESISTANCE** ±15 V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±15 V V<sub>OM</sub> ~ Maximum Peak Output Voltage ~ V T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C ±12.5 See Figure 2 ±10 ±7.5 ±5  $\pm 2.5$ 0 0.2 2 4 7 10 0.1 0.4 0.7 1 R<sub>L</sub> - Load Resistance - kΩ

**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 

Figure 8







† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

## LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

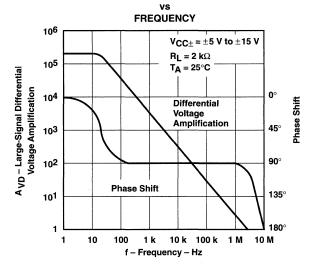


Figure 12

### NORMALIZED UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH AND PHASE SHIFT

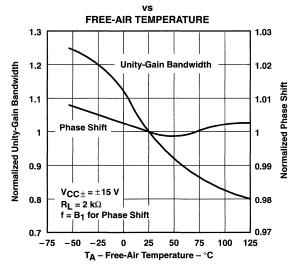


Figure 13

<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

#### **COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO** FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 89 $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ CMRR - Common-Mode Rejection Ratio - dB $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ 88 87 86 85 84 -75 -50 -25 25 50 75 100 125 TA - Free-Air Temperature - °C

Figure 14

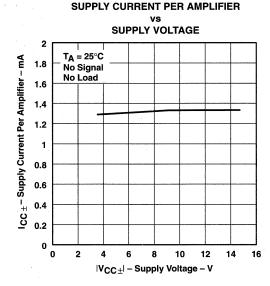


Figure 15

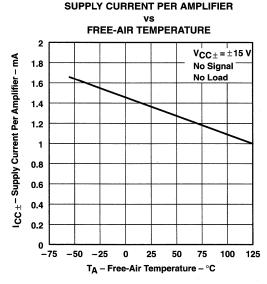


Figure 16

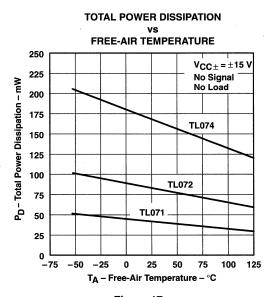


Figure 17

<sup>†</sup>Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### **NORMALIZED SLEW RATE** FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 1.15 V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±15 V $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ 1.10 CL = 100 pF Normalized Slew Rate - V/µ s 1.05 1 0.95 0.90 0.85 -75 -50 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125

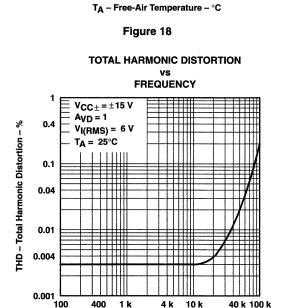


Figure 20

f - Frequency - Hz

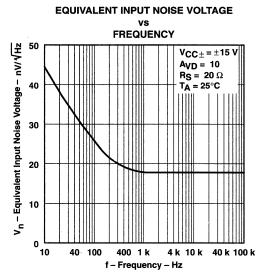


Figure 19

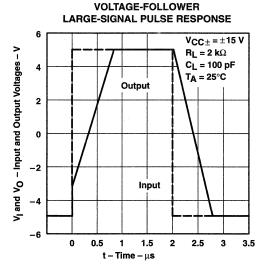


Figure 21

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **OUTPUT VOLTAGE** vs **ELAPSED TIME** 28 24 Overshoot V<sub>O</sub> - Output Voltage - mV 20 90% 16 12 8 4 10% V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±15 V $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ 0 T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 t - Elapsed Time - μs

Figure 22

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

**Table of Application Diagrams** 

APPLICATION DIAGRAM	PART NUMBER	FIGURE
0.5-Hz square-wave oscillator	TL071	23
High-Q notch filter	TL071	24
Audio-distribution amplifier	TL074	25
100-kHz quadrature oscillator	TL072	26
AC amplifier	TL071	27

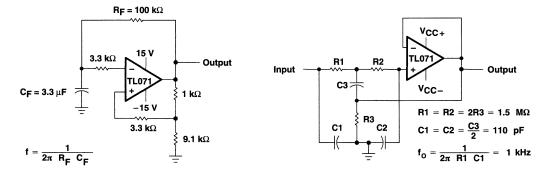


Figure 23. 0.5-Hz Square-Wave Oscillator

Figure 24. High-Q Notch Filter

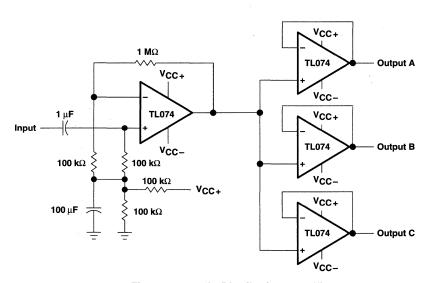
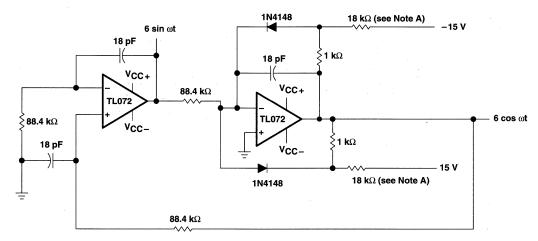


Figure 25. Audio-Distribution Amplifier

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



NOTE A: These resistor values may be adjusted for a symmetrical output.

Figure 26. 100-kHz Quadrature Oscillator

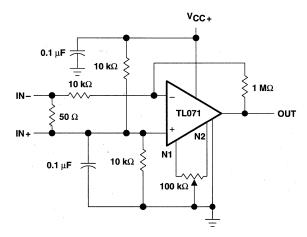


Figure 27. AC Amplifier