

# 3 January 2018



A day out at the Tate Modern

#### The Code That Never Ran

Craig Disselkoen, Radha Jagadeesan, Alan Jeffrey, James Riely

#### Introduction

Spectre

 $\mathsf{Optimizations}$ 

Simplified Spectre

Results

Experiments

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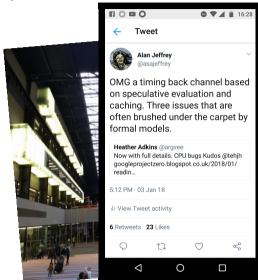
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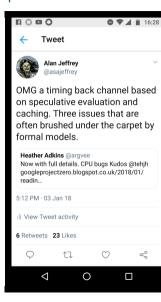
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### Spectre



Attacks bypass run-time security checks.

Can bypass array bounds checks, and read whole process memory.

Can be exploited from JS, so evil.ad.com can read your bank.com data.

Attacks *speculative evaluation* hardware optimization.

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A lie we tell programmers:

"computers execute instructions one after the other."

$$x := x + 1; y := 1$$

has execution:

$$\mathbb{R} \times 1 \longrightarrow \mathbb{W} \times 2 \longrightarrow \mathbb{W} \times 1$$

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A lie we tell programmers:

"computers execute instructions one after the other."

$$x := x + 1; y := 1$$

has execution where W y 1 might happen first:

$$\mathbb{R} \times 1 \longrightarrow \mathbb{W} \times 2 \qquad \mathbb{W} \times 1$$

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Another lie we tell programmers: "only one branch of an if is executed."

if 
$$(x)$$
 {  $y := 1$ ;  $z := 1$  } else {  $y := 2$ ;  $z := 1$  }

has execution:

$$(R \times 1) \rightarrow (W \times 1) \rightarrow (W \times 1)$$

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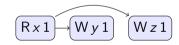
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Another lie we tell programmers: "only one branch of an if is executed."

if 
$$(x)$$
 {  $y:=1$ ;  $z:=1$  } else {  $y:=2$ ;  $z:=1$  }

has execution where W z 1 might happen before W y 1:



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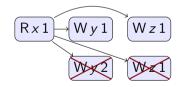
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Another lie we tell programmers: "only one branch of an if is executed."

if 
$$(x)$$
 {  $y:=1$ ;  $z:=1$  } else {  $y:=2$ ;  $z:=1$  }

has execution where W y 2 might happen, then get rolled back:



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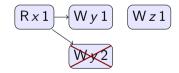
 ${\sf E}{ imes}{\sf periments}$ 

# Optimizations in hardware and compilers

Another lie we tell programmers: "only one branch of an if is executed."

if 
$$(x)$$
 {  $y := 1$ ;  $z := 1$  } else {  $y := 2$ ;  $z := 1$  }

has execution where W z 1 might happen first:



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Imagine a SECRET, protected by a run-time security check:

```
\mathsf{if}\,\mathsf{canRead}\big(\mathsf{SECRET}\big)\,\{\,\dots\,\mathsf{use}\,\,\mathsf{SECRET}\dots\}\,\mathsf{else}\,\{\,\dots\,\}
```

For attacker code canRead(SECRET) is always false

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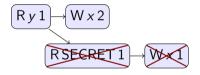
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Imagine a SECRET, protected by a run-time security check:

if canRead(SECRET) 
$$\{\ldots$$
 use SECRET... $\}$  else  $\{\ldots\}$ 

For attacker code canRead(SECRET) is always false, e.g.



is an execution of if y { if canRead(SECRET) { x := SECRET } else { x := 2 } }.

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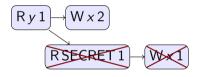
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Imagine a SECRET, protected by a run-time security check:

$$\mathsf{if}\,\mathsf{canRead}(\mathsf{SECRET})\,\{\,\ldots\,\mathsf{use}\,\,\mathsf{SECRET}\,\ldots\,\}\,\mathsf{else}\,\{\,\ldots\,\}$$

For attacker code canRead(SECRET) is always false, e.g.



is an execution of if y { if canRead(SECRET) { x := SECRET } else { x := 2 } }.

Attacker goal: learn if SECRET is 0 or 1.

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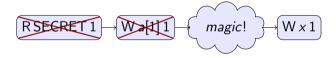
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A very simplified Spectre attack:

```
if canRead(SECRET) { a[SECRET]:= 1 } else if touched (a[0]) { x:= 0 } else if touched (a[1]) { x:= 1 }
```

with execution



Information flow from SECRET to x, if there's an implementation of "magic".

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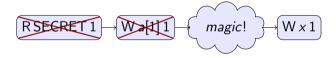
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A very simplified Spectre attack:

```
if canRead(SECRET) { a[SECRET]:= 1 } else if touched (a[0]) { x:= 0 } else if touched (a[1]) { x:= 1 }
```

with execution



Information flow from SECRET to x, if there's an implementation of "magic".

Narrator: there was one.

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### Results

Formalization of pretty pictures as partially ordered multisets (Gisher, 1988).

Compositional semantics based on weak memory models (e.g. C11).

Examples modeling Spectre, Spectre mitigations, PRIME+ABORT attack on transactional memory...

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### Results

Formalization of pretty pictures as partially ordered multisets (Gisher, 1988).

Compositional semantics based on weak memory models (e.g. C11).

Examples modeling Spectre, Spectre mitigations, PRIME+ABORT attack on transactional memory... and a new family of attacks on compiler optimizations.

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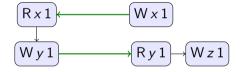
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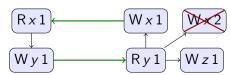
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$$y:=x$$
 || if  $(y == 0) \{ x:= 1 \}$   
else if  $(canRead(SECRET)) \{ x:= SECRET \}$   
else  $\{ x:= 1; z:= 1 \}$ 

If SECRET is 1, there is an execution:



If SECRET is 2, there is no execution (due to cyclic dependency):



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### Implementing attacks on compiler optimizations

Spectre and Prime+Abort are implemented.

Can we implement the attacks on compiler optimizations?

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## Implementing attacks on compiler optimizations

Spectre and Prime+Abort are implemented.

Can we implement the attacks on compiler optimizations?

Yes

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### Implementing attacks on compiler optimizations

Spectre and Prime+Abort are implemented.

Can we implement the attacks on compiler optimizations?

Yes, under unrealistic assumptions:

- ► SECRET is a constant known at compile-time
- canRead(SECRET) is a run-time check

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```
Main attacker thread: x:=1; if (canRead(SECRET)) { x:= SECRET; } r:=y;
```

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Main attacker thread: x:=1; if (canRead(SECRET)) { x:= SECRET; } r:=y;

```
When SECRET \neq 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax
mov $1, x(%rip)
test %eax, %eax
je label1
mov $0, x(%rip)
label1:
mov y(%rip), %eax
```

```
When SECRET = 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax
mov y(%rip), %eax
mov $1, x(%rip)
```

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When SECRET \neq 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax

mov $1, x(%rip)

test %eax, %eax

je label1

mov $0, x(%rip)

label1:

mov y(%rip), %eax

Writes x then reads y
```

```
When SECRET = 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax
mov y(%rip), %eax
mov $1, x(%rip)
```

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Main attacker thread: x:=1; if (canRead(SECRET)) { x:= SECRET; } r:=y;

```
When SECRET \neq 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax

mov $1, ×(%rip)

test %eax, %eax
je label1
mov $0, ×(%rip)
label1:
mov y(%rip), %eax

Writes x then reads y
```

```
When SECRET = 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax

mov y(%rip), %eax

mov $1, x(%rip)
```

Conditional has been eliminated! Reads y then writes x

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Main attacker thread: x:=1; if (canRead(SECRET)) { x:= SECRET; } r:=y;

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Writes x then reads y
```

```
When SECRET = 1, gcc generates:

mov canReadSecret(%rip), %eax

mov y(%rip), %eax

mov $1, x(%rip)
```

Conditional has been eliminated! Reads y then writes x

Forwarding thread x := y allows attacker to spot the reordering

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Small delay between write x and read y: increases probability of round trip gcc will reorder across 30 straight-line instructions

Repeat to leak multiple bits, error correction

Bitwise accuracy 99.99% at 300Kbps

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## Implementing an attack on dead store elimination

A similar attack targets dead store elimination

Works on clang + gcc

Bitwise accuracy 99.99% at 1.2Mbps

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### Contributions

A compositional model of program execution that includes speculation.

Examples including existing information flow attacks on branch prediction and transactional memory, and new attacks on optimizing compilers.

Experimental evidence that the new attacks can be carried out, but only against compile-time secrets.

(Phew, we failed to mount attacks on JIT compilers.)

https://github.com/chicago-relaxed-memory/spec-eval

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