## NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY SURATHKAL MANGALORE, KARNATAKA-575025

LAB ASSIGNMENT:-06



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COURSE: B.TECH (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)

SUBJECT:- IT205 (COMPUTER COMMUNICATION

AND NETWORKING LAB)

SUBMITTED TO:-

GEETHA V MADAM

- HTTP: Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a method for encoding and transporting information between a client (such as a web browser) and a web server. HTTP is the primary protocol for transmission of information across the Internet.
- HTTPS: Hypertext transfer protocol secure (HTTPS) is the secure version of HTTP, which is the primary protocol used to send data between a web browser and a website. HTTPS is encrypted in order to increase security of data transfer. This is particularly important when users transmit sensitive data.
- DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a client/server protocol that automatically provides an Internet Protocol (IP) host with its IP address and other related configuration information such as the subnet mask and default gateway.
- DNS: Domain Name System (DNS) is a hierarchical naming system built on a distributed database for computers, services, or any resource connected to the Internet or a private network. Most importantly, it translates human readable domain names into the numerical identifiers associated with networking equipment, enabling devices to be located and connected worldwide. Analogous to a network "phone book," DNS is how a browser can translate a domain name (e.g., "facebook.com") to the actual IP address of the server, which stores the information requested by the browser.
- SMTP: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol(SMTP) is a protocol used for sending messages to other computer users based on e-mail addresses. SMTP can both send and receive mail, but it's bad at queuing incoming messages, hence the other protocols are used to receive messages.

## 2)

	Answers
Preamble	10101010
Source MAC address	0030.F2D6.BAE5
Destination MAC address	FFFF.FFFF.FFFF
Type field value	0x0800
Source IP address	172.16.0.10
Destination IP address	255.255.255

- a. It is a connectionless serviceIt is running on UDP servicesSource port used by DHCP servers is 67.
- b. HTTP, HTTPS and SMTP use TCP services

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  - b. HTTP, HTTPS and SMTP use TCP services.

4)

- a) Before the interaction of the clients using SMTP, DNS protocol was used first.
- b) Servers running SMTP use port 25

3 fields present in TCP that are not found in UDP.

- The sequence number
- Acknowledge number
- Window fields

## 6)

- ICMP protocol used
- Internet Address → 172.16.0.101 Physical Address → 0009.7CCB.8E49

	Answer
Source IP address	172.16.0.100
Destination IP address	172.16.0.101
ICMP Type value	0x08
ICMP code value	0x00
Source Ethernet Address	00D0.BA4E.EE3A
Destination Ethernet Address	0009.7CCB.8E49
Internet Protocol version	4
Time to live (TTL) value	128