MVC 1.0

Das neue Webframework in Java EE 8

Christian Kaltepoth / @chkal

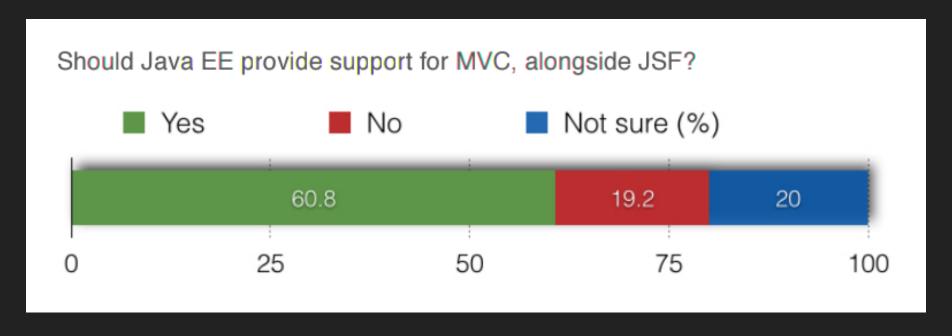
Christian Kaltepoth Senior Developer @ ingenit

christian@kaltepoth.de / @chkal

http://blog.kaltepoth.de

Warum MVC 1.0?

Java EE 8 Community Survey



https://java.net/downloads/javaee-spec/JavaEE8_Community_Survey_Results.pdf

JavaServer Faces vs. MVC 1.0

JavaServer Faces

Component Oriented

MVC 1.0

Action Oriented

Component Oriented Vs.

Action Oriented

Das MVC Entwurfsmuster

Controller

Model

View

HTTP Request Controller

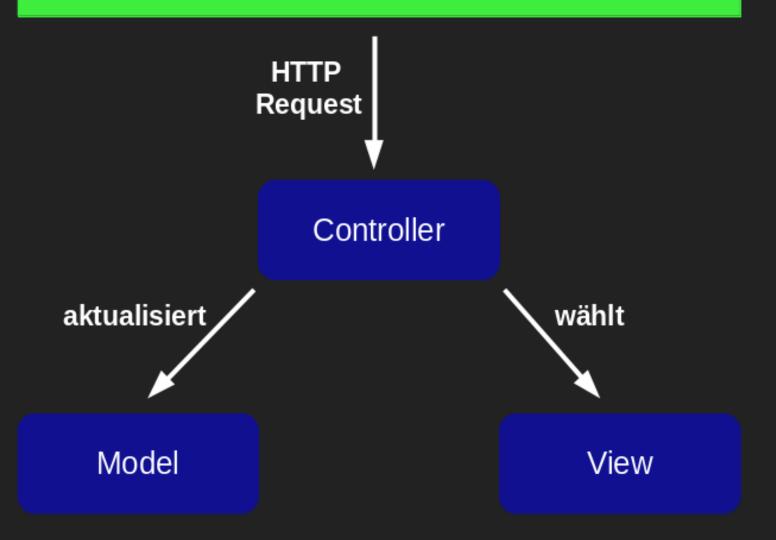
Model

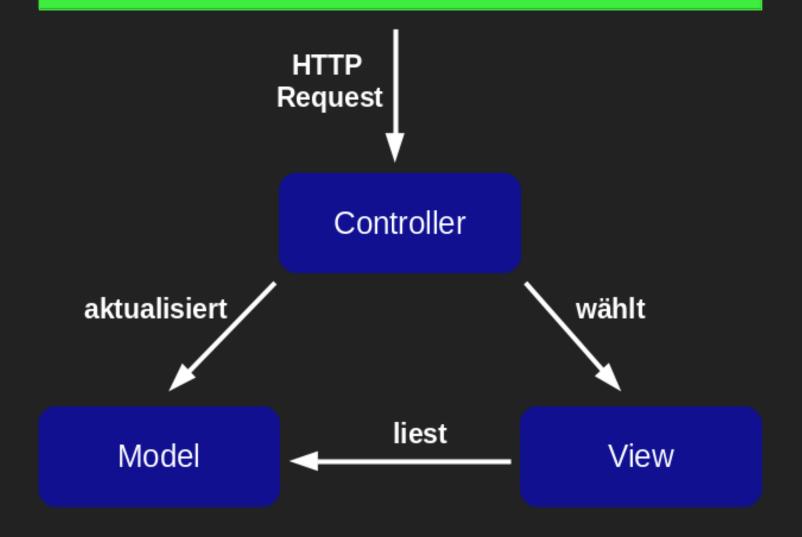
View

HTTP Request Controller aktualisiert

Model

View





Web Browser **HTTP** Request Response (HŤML) Controller aktualisiert wählt liest Model View

MVC 1.0 basiert auf Java EE 8

MVC im Kontext

MVC 1.0 Bean Validation JAX-RS **CDI** Servlet

JAX-RS

(in < 3 Minuten)

JAX-RS Fakten

- "Java API for RESTful Web Services"
- Erstes Release 2008
- Seit 1.1 Bestandteil von Java EE 6
- JSR 2.1 -> JSR 370 -> Java EE 8

JAX-RS Beispiel

```
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloResource {
    @GET
    public String greet() {
       return "Hello world";
    }
}
```

JAX-RS Beispiel

```
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloResource {

    @GET
    @Path("/{name}")
    public String greet( @PathParam("name") String name ) {
        return "Hello " + name;
    }
}
```

Hello World mit MVC 1.0

Controller

```
@Controller
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloController {
  @GET
  public String render() {
    return "helloworld.jsp";
```

View

/WEB-INF/views/helloworld.jsp

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>MVC Demo</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Hello world</h1>
  </body>
</html>
```

Controller

```
@Controller
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloController {
  @GET
 @View("helloworld.jsp")
  public void render() {
```

Das Modell

- javax.mvc.Models
- Basierend auf CDI

javax.mvc.Models

```
@Controller
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloController {
 @Inject
  private Models models;
  @GET
  public String greet() {
    models.put( "message", "Hello world!" );
    return "helloworld.jsp";
```

javax.mvc.Models

/WEB-INF/views/helloworld.jsp

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>MVC Demo</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>${message}</h1>
  </body>
</html>
```

CDI Models

```
@Named
@RequestScoped
public class Greeting {
  private String message;
  public String getMessage() {
    return message;
  public void setMessage( String message ) {
    this.message = message;
```

CDI Models

```
@Controller
@Path("/hello")
public class HelloController {
  @Inject
  private Greeting greeting;
  @GET
  public String greet() {
    greeting.setMessage( "Hello world!" );
    return "helloworld.jsp";
```

CDI Models

/WEB-INF/views/helloworld.jsp

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>MVC Demo</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>${greeting.message}</h1>
  </body>
</html>
```

Views in MVC 1.0

- JavaServer Pages
- Facelets

JSP als View Technologie

```
models.put( "messages", Arrays.asList(
   "Hello W-JAX 2015",
   "MVC 1.0 rocks"
) );
```

ViewEngine SPI

Custom View Engines

- Thymeleaf
- FreeMarker
- Velocity
- Handlebars
- Mustache

- StringTemplate
- Jade
- AsciiDoc
- JSR223
- React

Beispiel: Thymeleaf

Thymeleaf

```
@Controller
@Path("/thymeleaf")
public class ThymeleafController {
 @Inject
 private Models models;
 @GET
 public String render() {
   models.put( "messages", Arrays.asList(
      "Text #1", "Text #2", "Text #3"
    ) );
    return "thymeleaf.html";
```

Thymeleaf

/WEB-INF/views/thymeleaf.html

```
<!-- ... -->

            Some text

<!-- ... -->
```

Formulare

Einfache Forms

/WEB-INF/views/form.jsp

Einfache Forms

/WEB-INF/views/form.jsp

```
<form action="${mvc.basePath}/form" method="POST">

Bitte geben Sie Ihren Namen ein:
    <input type="text" name="name"/>
    <input type="submit" value="Absenden"/>
</form>
```

Einfache Forms

```
@Controller
@Path("/form")
public class FormController {
  @Inject
  private Models models;
  @POST
  public String post( @FormParam("name") String name ) {
    models.put( "message", "Hello " + name );
    return "form.jsp";
```

Komplexe Forms

```
public class HelloForm {
  @FormParam("name")
  private String name;
  @FormParam("age")
  private Integer age;
  @FormParam("address")
  private String address;
  /* getter + setter */
```

Komplexe Forms

```
@Controller
@Path("/form")
public class FormController {
  @Inject
  private Models models;
  @POST
  public String post( @BeanParam HelloForm form ) {
    models.put( "message", "Hello " + form.getName() );
    return "form.jsp";
```

Validation

JSR 303 Bean Validation

Validierung

```
public class HelloForm {
 @FormParam("name")
 @Size(min = 3, message = "Geben Sie Ihren Namen ein")
  private String name;
  @FormParam("age")
  @NotNull(message = "Geben Sie Ihr Alter ein")
  @Min(value = 18, message = "Sie müssen 18 Jahre sein")
  private Integer age;
  /* getter + setter */
```

Validierung

```
@Controller
@Path("/form")
public class FormController {
 @Inject
  private BindingResult bindingResult;
 @POST
  public String post( @BeanParam @Valid ValidationForm form ) {
    if( bindingResult.isFailed() ) {
      models.put( "messages", bindingResult.getAllMessages() );
      return "form.jsp";
    // Verarbeitung des Forms...
```

Security

CSRF

Cross Site Request Forgery

CSRF Beispiel

https://www.example.com/tweet

CSRF Beispiel

http://www.bad-guys.com/

```
<a href="javascript:void(0)"
   onclick="document.getElementById('form').submit();">
   Gratis iPhone
</a>
```

Page Token Pattern

- Server erstellt geheimes Token
- Token wird in Hidden-Field gerendert
- Prüfung des Token bei Submit

MVC 1.0 CSRF Modes

OFF	Kein Prüfung (Default)
EXPLICIT	Prüfung des Tokens mit @CsrfValid
IMPLICIT	Prüfung bei iedem POST-Request

CSRF Beispiel

```
<form action="/tweet" method="POST">
  <!-- CSRF Page Token -->
  <input type="hidden" name="${mvc.csrf.name}"</pre>
      value="${mvc.csrf.token}"/>
  Bitte geben Sie einen Text ein:
  <input type="text" name="status"/>
  <input type="submit" value="Absenden"/>
</form>
```

Prüfung mit @CsrfValid

```
@Controller
@Path("/tweet")
public class TweetController {
  @POST
  @CsrfValid
  public String post( @FormParam("status") String s ) {
```

Empfehlung

IMPLICIT verwenden!

MVC kann mehr...

- Einfache Redirects aus Controller
- CDI Scope: @RedirectScoped
- MvcContext / #{mvc}
- CDI Events
- ViewEngine SPI
- HTML/JS Encoding/Escaping

Vollständiges Beispiel

https://github.com/chkal/todo-mvc/

MVC 1.0 TODO

- Internationalisierung / Lokalisierung
- Typsicheres Erstellen von URLs
- •

Zeitplan

- Q3 2014 Expert Group formed
- Q1 2015 Early Draft
- Q4 2015 Early Draft 2
- Q1 2016 Public Review
- Q3 2016 Proposed Final Draft
- H1 2017 Final Release

Feedback erwünscht

Mailinglist https://java.net/projects/mvc-spec/lists

JIRA http://java.net/jira/browse/MVC_SPEC

Ozark (RI) https://ozark.java.net/

Danke! Fragen?

https://github.com/chkal/wjax15-mvc https://github.com/chkal/todo-mvc

Christian Kaltepoth / @chkal