Advanced Engineering Mathematics Partial Differential Equations by Dennis G. Zill Problems

Chris Doble

November 2023

Contents

12 Orthogonal Functions and Fourier Series

12.1 Orthogonal Functions

12.1.7

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin mx \sin nx \, dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos(m-n)x - \cos(m+n)x] \, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin(m-n)x}{m-n} - \frac{\sin(m+n)x}{m+n} \right]_0^{\pi/2} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sin(m-n)\pi/2}{m-n} - \frac{\sin(m+n)\pi/2}{m+n} \right) \\
&= 0 \\
||\sin nx||^2 &= (\sin nx, \sin nx) \\
&= \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 nx \, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} (1 - \cos 2nx) \, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[x - \frac{1}{2n} \sin 2nx \right]_0^{\pi/2} \\
&= \frac{\pi}{4} \\
||\sin nx|| &= \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

12.1.9

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_0^\pi \sin mx \sin nx \, dx &= \frac{1}{2}\int_0^\pi [\cos(m-n)x - \cos(m+n)x]\, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{\sin(m-n)x}{m-n} - \frac{\sin(m+n)x}{m+n}\right]_0^\pi \\
&= 0 \\
||\sin nx||^2 &= (\sin nx, \sin nx) \\
&= \int_0^\pi \sin^2 nx \, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\int_0^\pi (1-\cos 2nx)\, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\left[x - \frac{1}{2n}\sin 2nx\right]_0^\pi \\
&= \frac{\pi}{2} \\
||\sin nx|| &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

12.1.21

$$T = 1$$

12.1.23

$$T = 2\pi$$

12.1.25

$$T = 2\pi$$