# Advanced Engineering Mathematics Complex Analysis by Dennis G. Zill Problems

# Chris Doble

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# 17 Functions of a Complex Variable

# 17.1 Complex Numbers

17.1.1

3 + 3i

17.1.3

$$i^8 = (i^2)^4 = (-1)^4 = 1$$

17.1.5

$$7-13i$$

17.1.7

$$-7+5i$$

17.1.9

$$11-10i$$

17.1.11

$$-5 + 12i$$

17.1.13

$$-2i$$

17.1.15

$$\frac{2-4i}{3+5i} = \frac{(2-4i)(3-5i)}{34}$$
$$= \frac{-14-22i}{34}$$
$$= -\frac{7}{17} - \frac{11}{17}i$$

17.1.17

$$\frac{(3-i)(2+3i)}{1+i} = \frac{9+7i}{1+i}$$

$$= \frac{(9+7i)(1-i)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{16-2i}{2}$$

$$= 8-i$$

17.1.27

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{\overline{z}}{z\overline{z}}$$

$$= \frac{x - iy}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

17.1.29

$$2z + 4\overline{z} - 4i = 2(x + iy) + 4(x - iy) - 4i$$
$$= 6x - 2(y + 2)i$$
$$\operatorname{Im}(2z + 4\overline{z} - 4i) = -2y - 4$$

17.1.31

$$z - 1 - 3i = x + iy - 1 - 3i$$
$$= (x - 1) + (y - 3)i$$
$$|z| = \sqrt{(x - 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2}$$

17.1.33

$$2z = i(2+9i)$$
$$= -9+2i$$
$$z = -\frac{9}{2}+i$$

17.1.35

$$(x+iy)^2 = x^2 + 2xyi - y^2$$

$$= (x^2 - y^2) + 2xyi$$

$$x^2 = y^2$$

$$x = y$$

$$2xy = 1$$

$$x^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$z = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1+i)$$

#### 17.1.37

$$z + 2\overline{z} = x + iy + 2x - 2iy$$

$$= 3x - iy$$

$$\frac{2 - i}{1 + 3i} = \frac{(2 - i)(1 - 3i)}{10}$$

$$= \frac{-1 - 7i}{10}$$

$$3x - iy = \frac{-1 - 7i}{10}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{30}$$

$$y = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$z = -\frac{1}{30} + \frac{7}{10}i$$

#### 17.1.39

$$|10 + 8i| \approx 12.8$$
$$|11 - 6i| \approx 12.5$$

11 - 6i is closer.

## 17.2 Powers and Roots

#### 17.2.1

$$2(\cos 0 + i\sin 0)$$

17.2.3

$$-3[\cos(-\pi/2) + i\sin(-\pi/2)]$$

17.2.5

$$\sqrt{2}[\cos(\pi/4) + i\sin(\pi/4)]$$

17.2.7

$$2[\cos(5\pi/6) + i\sin(5\pi/6)]$$

17.2.9

$$\frac{3}{-1+i} = \frac{3(-1-i)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-3-3i}{2}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2}i$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} [\cos(5\pi/4) + i\sin(5\pi/4)]$$

17.2.11

$$-\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{5}{2}i$$

17.2.13

$$5.54 + 2.30i$$

17.2.15

$$8[\cos(\pi/2) + i\sin(\pi/2)] = 8i$$
$$\frac{1}{2}[\cos(-\pi/4) + i\sin(-\pi/4)] = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}i$$

17.2.21

$$(1 + \sqrt{3}i)^9 = \{2[\cos(\pi/3) + i\sin(\pi/3)]\}^9$$
  
= 512(\cos \pi + i\sin \pi)  
= -512

17.2.23

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right)^{1} 0 = \left\{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}[\cos(\pi/4) + i\sin(\pi/4)]\right\}^{10}$$
$$= \frac{1}{32}[\cos(\pi/2) + i\sin(\pi/2)]$$
$$= \frac{1}{32}i$$

17.2.27

$$w_k = 2[\cos(2\pi k/3) + i\sin(2\pi k/3)]$$

$$w_0 = 2$$

$$w_1 = -1 + \sqrt{3}i$$

$$w_2 = -1 - \sqrt{3}i$$

17.2.29

$$w_k = \cos(\pi/4 + k\pi) + i\sin(\pi/4 + k\pi)$$

$$w_0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1+i)$$

$$w_1 = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1+i)$$

17.2.31

$$w_k = \sqrt{2}[\cos(\pi/3 + k\pi) + i\sin(\pi/3 + k\pi)]$$

$$w_0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}i$$

$$w_1 = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}i$$

17.2.33

$$z^{4} + 1 = 0$$

$$z^{4} = -1$$

$$w_{k} = \cos(\pi/4 + k\pi/2) + \sin(\pi/4 + k\pi/2)$$

$$w_{0} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$$

$$w_{1} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$$

$$w_{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$$

$$w_{3} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$$

# 17.3 Sets in the Complex Plane

#### 17.3.1

A vertical line at Re(z) = 5.

#### 17.3.3

A horizontal line at Im(z) = -3.

#### 17.3.5

A circle of radius 2 centred at 3i.

#### 17.3.7

A circle of radius 5 centred at 4-3i.

#### 17.3.9

The region of the plane to the left of (but not including) Re(z) = -1. It is a domain.

#### 17.3.11

The region of the plane above (but not including) Im(z) = 3. It is a domain.

#### 17.3.13

The region of the plane between (but not including) Re(z)=3 and Re(z)=5. It is a domain.

#### 17.3.15

$$z^{2} = (a+ib)^{2}$$

$$= a^{2} - b^{2} + 2iab$$

$$Re(z^{2}) = a^{2} - b^{2}$$

$$Re(z^{2}) > 0$$

$$a^{2} - b^{2} > 0$$

$$a^{2} > b^{2}$$

The region between y = x and y = -x. Not a domain.

#### 17.3.17

The region between  $\theta = 0$  and  $\theta = 2\pi/3$ . Not a domain.

#### 17.3.19

The region outside a circle of radius 1 centred at i. It is a domain.

#### 17.3.21

The region between the circles of radius 2 and 3 centred at i. It is a domain.

#### 17.3.23

$$y = -x$$

#### 17.3.25

$$z^{2} + \overline{z}^{2} = (a+ib)^{2} + (a-ib)^{2}$$

$$= a^{2} + 2iab - b^{2} + a^{2} - 2iab - b^{2}$$

$$= 2(a^{2} - b^{2})$$

$$2(a^{2} - b^{2}) = 2$$

$$a^{2} - b^{2} = 1$$

$$a^{2} = b^{2} + 1$$

The hyperbola  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$ .

# 17.4 Functions of a Complex Variable

#### 17.4.1

$$f(z) = z^2$$

$$= (x + iy)^2$$

$$= x^2 - y^2 + 2ixy$$

$$u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$$

$$= x^2 - 4$$

$$v(x, y) = 2xy$$

$$= 4x$$

$$x = \frac{v}{4}$$

$$u = \left(\frac{v}{4}\right)^2 - 4$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}v^2 - 4$$

## 17.4.3

$$u = -y^2$$
$$v = 0$$

Line on the left half of the real axis.

#### 17.4.5

$$u = 0$$
$$v = 2x^2$$

Line on the top half of the imaginary axis.

#### 17.4.7

$$f(x) = (6x - 5) + i(6y + 9)$$

#### 17.4.9

$$f(z) = (x^2 - y^2 - 3x) + i(2xy - 3y + 4)$$

#### 17.4.11

$$f(z) = (x^3 - 3xy^2 - 4x) + i(3x^2y - y^3 - 4y)$$

#### 17.4.13

$$f(z) = \left(x + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}\right)i\left(y - \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}\right)$$

#### 17.4.15

- (a) -4 + i
- (b) 3 9i
- (c) 1 + 86i

## 17.4.17

- (a) 14 20i
- (b) -13 + 43i
- (c) 3 26i

#### 17.4.19

$$6-5i$$

#### 17.4.21

-4i

17.4.27

$$f'(z) = 12z^2 - 2(3+i)z - 5$$

17.4.29

$$f'(z) = 2(z^{2} - 4z + 8i) + (2z + 1)(2z - 4)$$
$$= 2z^{2} - 8z + 16i + 4z^{2} - 8z + 2z - 4$$
$$= 6z^{2} - 14z - 4 + 16i$$

17.4.31

$$f'(z) = 6z(z^2 - 4i)^2$$

17.4.33

$$f'(z) = \frac{3(2z+i) - 2(3z-4+8i)}{(2z+i)^2}$$
$$= \frac{6z+3i-6z+8-16i}{(2z+i)^2}$$
$$= \frac{8-13i}{(2z+i)^2}$$

17.4.35

3i

17.4.37

 $\pm 2i$ 

17.4.41

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x$$

$$x = c_1 e^{2t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2y$$

$$y = c_2 e^{2t}$$

# 17.4.43

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{\overline{z}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x - iy}$$

$$= \frac{x + iy}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$= \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} + i \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\ln y = \ln x + c_1$$

$$y = c_2 x$$