



HANASitter

- It is a python script to be downloaded from
<https://github.com/chriselswede/hanasitter>
- It is intended to be executed as <sid>adm on your SAP HANA Server
(since then the proper python version is already in your path,
installed together with SAP HANA)
- It connects via host, port and DB user, provided in hdbuserstore

<https://github.com/chriselswede/hanasitter>

chrисelsвede Add files via upload
README.md
hanasitter.pdf
hanasitter.py
hanasitter_configfile_example.txt

HANASitter – using hdbuserstore

Host, port and DB user needs to be provided in the hdbuserstore:

```
mo-fc8d991e0:~> hdbuserstore SET HANASITTER1KEY mo-fc8d991e0:30015 HANASITTER1 PassWord1
mo-fc8d991e0:~> hdbuserstore LIST
DATA FILE      : /usr/sap/CH0/home/.hdb/mo-fc8d991e0/SSFS_HDB.DAT
KEY FILE       : /usr/sap/CH0/home/.hdb/mo-fc8d991e0/SSFS_HDB.KEY

KEY HANASITTER1KEY
  ENV : mo-fc8d991e0:30015
  USER: HANASITTER1
```

Then the hanasitter can connect using the info stored in hdbuserstore:

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> whoami
ch0adm
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k HANASITTER1KEY -nc 1
DB Address = , mo-fc8d991e0 , DB Instance = , 00
Online, Primary and Not-secondary Check: , Every 3600 seconds
Ping Check: , Every 60 seconds, Ping Timeout = , 60 seconds
Thread Checks: , Every 60 seconds, Thread Checker Timeout = , 60 seconds
```

HANASitter – needs a user



The user that hanasitter uses to connect can be treated as a technical user

The user needs CATALOG READ (and sometimes SELECT on _SYS_STATISTICS) and it must be standard user

The user could be treated as a technical user, i.e. that it password should not expire

HANASITTER1

Disable ODBC/JDBC access

Authentication

Password
Password*: Confirm*:

Force password change on next logon: Yes No

Kerberos
External ID*:

Valid From: 05.04.2017 21:50:29 GMT+02:00 Valid Until:

Granted Roles	System Privileges	Object Privileges
<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="X"/>		<input type="button" value="Y"/> <input type="button" value="D"/>
Catalog Object		
<input type="checkbox"/> _SYS_STATISTICS		
<input type="checkbox"/> HANASITTERUSER		

SELECT Yes No

HANASITTER1

Disable ODBC/JDBC access

Authentication

Password
Password*:
Force password change on next logon: Yes

Kerberos
External ID*:

Valid From: 04.08.2017 12:46:40 GMT+02:00

Session Client:

Granted Roles	System Privileges	Object Privileges
<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="X"/>		
System Privilege		
<input type="checkbox"/> CATALOG READ		
Grantor		
SYSTEM		

HANASitter – Online Check

First check tests if HANA is online, i.e. that

- all services are running
- it is the primary instance (in case of a system replication setup)
- it is a worker node (in case of a scale-out scenario)

If not online, it sleeps, by default, 1 hour and then tests if it is online again

The online test interval can be controlled by the `-oi` flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-oi</code>	sec	online test interval	time it waits before it checks again if DB is online, primary (in SysRep scenario), and not-secondary (in ScaleOut scenario)	3600

Example:

The online check finds that this HANA is secondary, therefore HANASitter will not do anything for a while

```
haladm@dewdfglp00765:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -nc 1
Host = dewdfglp00765, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-09 09:53:43 , - , True , True , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2017-06-09 09:53:46 , - , True , False ,
```

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 3600 seconds break.

HANASitter – Tracking

If HANA is online the hanasitter starts “tracking” using three types of checks

1. CPU Check
2. Ping Check
3. Critical Feature Checks

If any of these checks finds a critical situation hanasitter starts to “record”, using four possible types of recording

1. GStacks
2. Kernel Profiler Trace
3. Call Stacks
4. RTE Dumps

If no recording was done, the tracking checks will restart after `-ci` seconds

If recording was done, hanasitter will exit (`-ar < 0`) or break `-ar` seconds before restarting the online check and tracking

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-ci</code>	sec	check interval	time it waits before tracking checks restart (if no recording was done)	60
<code>-ar</code>	sec	after recording	time it waits before online check and tracking after recording	-1 (exit)

HANASitter – CPU Check

First tracking check (which is non-compulsory) tests if HANA is currently using too much CPU

The CPU check can consist of a number of CPU readings with a time interval between each readings; then the CPU check is done over a period

The CPU test can be controlled by the `-cpu` flag which has 4 items

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-cpu</code>	,	CPU test #, sec, %	this flag should be followed by 4 items separated by only a comma; <code><1st item>,<2nd item>,<3rd item>,<4th item></code> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st item defines CPU type, 0=not used, 1=user cpu, 2=system cpu • 2nd item defines number of CPU readings • 3rd item defines the interval between the CPU readings [sec] • 4th item sets a limit of average used CPU for all readings [%] 	0,0,0,100 (not used)

Example:

System CPU is checked with the average CPU over 5 readings with 5 seconds intervals with the limit 1 % The result turns out to be almost 4 %, so hanasitter starts to record

```
haladm@dewdfglp00766:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cpu 2,5,5,1 -nc 1
Host = dewdfglp00766, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Action      , Timestamp          , Duration       , Successful   , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-09 10:11:42 , -             , True         , True        , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2017-06-09 10:11:44 , -             , True         , True        ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-09 10:11:44 , -             , True         , True        ,
System CPU Check , 2017-06-09 10:12:09 , 0:00:25.009656 , True         , False       , Av. CPU = 3.67 % (Allowed = 1 %)
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-09 10:12:10 , 0:00:00.301395 , -             , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_2017
```

HANASitter – Ping Timeout Check

Second tracking check tries to connect to the database with a simple ping statement:

```
select * from dummy
```

If there is no response after `-pt` seconds, HANA is considered unresponsive, i.e. we have a “hanging” situation

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-pt</code>	sec	ping timeout	time it waits before the DB is considered unresponsive during a ping test (<code>select * from dummy</code>)	60

Example:

Here the ping timeout was defined to only 1 second and there was no response from HANA within this time
HANA is considered unresponsive and recording starts

```
DEWDFGLP00765:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -pt 1 -nc 1
DB Address = , localhost , DB Instance = , 00
Ping Check , 2017-04-10 01:04:12 , 0:00:01.000700 , - , False , No response from DB within 1 seconds.
Call Stack Record , 2017-04-10 01:04:13 , 0:00:01.281263 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_2017-0
```

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (1/6)

Third tracking check searches for, user defined, critical features - The flag `-cf` has two different modes:

1. One Column; a column in an `M_` view, a value and maximum number counts of that “feature”, or
2. Where Clause; an `M_` view, a where clause and maximum number counts of that where clause

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-cf</code>	-	list of critical features	<p>a list, surrounded by “<code>,</code> of multiples of 4 items, separated by a comma only; <code><1st item>, ..., <4th item>, ..., <1st item>, ..., <4th item></code></p> <p>1. One column mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st item defines a monitoring view, i.e. a <code>SYS.M_*</code> view • 2nd item defines a column in the view • 3rd item defines a possible value of column specified by 2nd item <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - use <code>*</code> before and/or after the value, to declare “wildcards”, or - use <code>></code> followed by an integer, to look for more repeats of that value than that integer specifies • 4th item sets a limit of number of counts allowed for that feature (default, <code><i></code>, and <code><i></code>: maximum number, <code>><i></code>: minimum number, where <code><i></code> is an integer) <p>2. Where clause mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st item defines a monitoring view, i.e. a <code>SYS.M_*</code> view • 2nd item is the keyword WHERE • 3rd item defines a complete sql where clause • 4th item sets a limit of number of counts allowed for that feature (default, <code><i></code>, and <code><i></code>: maximum number, <code>><i></code>: minimum number, where <code><i></code> is an integer) 	“ (not used)
<code>-tf</code>	sec	feature check timeout	time it waits before the DB is considered unresponsive during a feature check (see above)	60
<code>-lf</code>	true/ false	log critical features	true → all info of the critical feature states defined by <code>-cf</code> will be logged, in the log directory in a <code>criticalFeatures</code> log file	false

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (2/6)

Example:

Here 2 critical feature checks are defined by only allowing

- 1 unload from table VARINUM
- 10 threads with the state IS_ACTIVE = TRUE

After the ping check the first feature check finds 0 unloads from table VARINUM, then the second feature check finds 11 threads that are active, this is more than allowed, so recording starts

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_CS_UNLOADS, TABLE_NAME, VARINUM, 1, M_SERVICE_THREADS, IS_ACTIVE, TRUE, 10" -nc 1
Host = mo-fc8d991e0, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, TABLE_NAME = VARINUM, in the view, M_CS_UNLOADS ←
Feature Check 2, allows maximum 10 features in the state, IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS ←
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack            , 0                      , 60                     ,          ,          ,
Kernel Profiler    , 0                      , 60                     , 60                  , 0
Call Stack         , 1                      , 60                     ,          ,          ,
RTE Dumps          , 0                      , 60                     ,          ,          ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-11 16:26:22 , -           , True        , True       , Number running services: 11 out of 11
Primary Check , 2017-06-11 16:26:28 , -           , True        , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-11 16:26:28 , -           , True        , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2017-06-11 16:26:28 , 0:00:00.164583 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-11 16:26:30 , 0:00:01.668655 , True        , True       , # Critical Features = 0 (allowed = 1), 0
Feature Check 2 , 2017-06-11 16:26:30 , 0:00:00.264757 , True        , False      , # Critical Features = 11 (allowed = 10)
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-11 16:26:30 , 0:00:00.101899 , -           , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_2017-06-11-16-26-30.log
```

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (3/6)

Example:

Here 1 critical feature check is defined by only allowing 1 indexserver thread to be active

The feature check finds 3 indexserver threads that are active, this is more than allowed, so recording starts

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,WHERE,IS_ACTIVE='TRUE' and SERVICE_NAME='indexserver',1" -nc 1
Host = mo-fc8d991e0, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features from the where clause = IS_ACTIVE='TRUE' and SERVICE_NAME='indexserver', in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      ,   Intervals [seconds] ,   Durations [seconds]      ,   Wait [milliseconds]
GStack              , 0                      ,    60                  ,          /           ,          0
Kernel Profiler     , 0                      ,    60                  ,          /           ,          0
Call Stack          , 1                      ,    60                  ,          /           ,          0
RTE Dumps           , 0                      ,    60                  ,          /           ,          0
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check  , 2017-06-11 16:32:51 , -           , True        , True       , Number running services: 11 out of 11
Primary Check , 2017-06-11 16:32:58 , -           , True        , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-11 16:32:58 , -           , True        , True       ,
Ping Check    , 2017-06-11 16:32:58 , 0:00:00.164220 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-11 16:32:58 , 0:00:00.164219 , True        , False      , # Critical Features = 3 (allowed = 1), Check: WHERE =
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-11 16:32:58 , 0:00:00.105039 , -           , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack 2017-06-11_16:32:58.t
```

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (4/6)

Example:

Here 1 critical feature check is defined by requiring at least 10 indexserver threads to be active

The feature check finds 3 indexserver threads that are active, this is not enough, so recording starts

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,WHERE,IS_ACTIVE='TRUE' and SERVICE_NAME='indexserver',>10" -nc 1
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 requires at least 10 times that IS_ACTIVE='TRUE' and SERVICE_NAME='indexserver' in M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
After Recording: Exit
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2018-04-16 14:47:59 , - , True , True , Number running services: 9 out of 9
Primary Check , 2018-04-16 14:48:01 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2018-04-16 14:48:01 , 0:00:00.164004 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2018-04-16 14:48:01 , 0:00:00.163813 , True , False , # Critical Features = 3 (minimum required = 10)
Call Stack Record , 2018-04-16 14:48:01 , 0:00:00.130066 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_OQL_201
```

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (5/6)

Example:

Here 2 critical features are defined

- THREAD_STATE = Semaphore Wait in M_SERVICE_THREADS (Single Column Mode)
- IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE' in M_SERVICE_THREADS (Where Clause Mode)

Since the log feature flag, -lf, is set to true, all features found with one of these states will be logged

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Semaphore Wait,1,M_SERVICE_THREADS,WHERE,IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE',2" -lf true
Host = mo-fc8d991e0, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, THREAD_STATE = Semaphore Wait, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Feature Check 2, allows maximum 2 features from the where clause = IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE', in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
All information for all features that are in one of the above critical feature states is recorded in the /tmp/hanasitter_output/criticalFeatures log
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack            , 0                      , 60                  ,          ,           ,
Kernel Profiler   , 0                      , 60                  , 60                 ,           ,
Call Stack        , 0                      , 60                  ,          ,           ,
RTE Dumps         , 0                      , 60                  ,          ,           ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check  , 2017-06-11 19:25:10 , -           , True           , True       , Number running services: 11 out of 11
Primary Check , 2017-06-11 19:25:16 , -           , True           , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-11 19:25:16 , -           , True           , True       ,
Ping Check    , 2017-06-11 19:25:16 , 0:00:00.164571 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-11 19:25:17 , 0:00:00.264591 , True          , False      , # Critical Features = 4 (allowed = 1), Check: THREAD_STATE = Semap
```

NOTE: This log flag, -lf, could be very costly and is normally not to be used with any of the other recording types

HANASitter – Critical Feature Checks (6/6)

Example:

Here the critical feature is to find an active SQL statement that contains the string “invoice_ix_cs” for more than one time.

Once the long running SQL statement

```
create column table invoice_ix_cs_copy like invoice_ix_cs with data;  
is executed, HANASitter finds it and executes the recording of one call stack
```

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS,STATEMENT_STRING,invoice_ix_cs>1,0" -nc 1  
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds  
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds  
Feature Check 1 allows only 0 times that column STATEMENT STRING in M ACTIVE STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times  
Recording mode: 1  
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]  
GStack , 0 , 60 , ,  
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0  
Call Stack , 1 , 60 , ,  
RTE Dumps (normal) , 0 , 60 , ,  
Recording Priority: RTE Call Stacks G-Stacks Kernel Profiler  
After Recording: Exit  
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment  
Online Check , 2018-07-08 15:26:13 , - , True , True , Number running services: 9 out of 9  
Primary Check , 2018-07-08 15:26:14 , - , True , True ,  
Ping Check , 2018-07-08 15:26:14 , 0:00:00.164113 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds  
Feature Check 1 , 2018-07-08 15:26:15 , 0:00:00.213936 , True , True , # Critical Features = 0 (maximum allowed = 0), C  
heck if column STATEMENT STRING in M ACTIVE STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times  
Ping Check , 2018-07-08 15:27:15 , 0:00:00.163859 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds  
Feature Check 1 , 2018-07-08 15:27:15 , 0:00:00.213954 , True , False , # Critical Features = 1 (maximum allowed = 0),  
Check if column STATEMENT STRING in M ACTIVE STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times  
Call Stack Record , 2018-07-08 15:27:15 , 0:00:00.141062 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_OQL_201  
8-07-08 15-27-15.txt
```

HANASitter – Critical Feature Iteration

HANASitter can do the critical feature checks multiple times and compare the average from the results to the threshold

Flag	Details	Explanation	Default
-if	number checks and intervals	<# checks 1>,<interval [s] 1>,...,<# checks N>,<interval [s] N>	

Example:

if, on average from 3 checks with 5s interval, > 30 THREAD_STATE=Running, or if any column from table VARINUM was unloaded → record

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,30,M_CS_UNLOADS,TABLE_NAME,VARINUM,1" -if 3,5,1,0 -nc 2
Will make a CF with M_CS_UNLOADS TABLE_NAME VARINUM 1
Host = ls80010, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 allows only 30 times that THREAD_STATE = 'Running' in M_SERVICE_THREADS as an average from 3 checks with 5 seconds intervals ←
Feature Check 2 allows only 1 times that TABLE_NAME = 'VARINUM' in M_CS_UNLOADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack , 0 , 60 , , 0
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Call Stack , 2 , 60 , , 
RTE Dumps , 0 , 60 , 
After Recording: Exit
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2017-07-14 17:58:11 , - , True , True , Number running services: 9 out of 9
Primary Check , 2017-07-14 17:58:12 , - , True , True , 
Non-standby Check , 2017-07-14 17:58:12 , - , True , True , 
Ping Check , 2017-07-14 17:58:12 , 0:00:00.163895 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-07-14 17:58:28 , 0:00:15.387558 , True , True , # Critical Features = 8 (allowed = 30), Check: THREAD_STATE =
Feature Check 2 , 2017-07-14 17:58:34 , 0:00:06.923696 , True , False , # Critical Features = 4 (allowed = 1), Check: TABLE_NAME =
Call Stack Record , 2017-07-14 17:58:35 , 0:00:00.145709 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_0QL_2017-07-14_17:58
Call Stack Record , 2017-07-14 17:58:35 , 0:00:00.120890 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_0QL_2017-07-14_17:58
```

HANASitter – Engine Change SQL Plan Cache Check (1/5)

HANASitter can find potentially critical engine changes in the SQL plan cache (& then e.g. send an email)

Flag	Details	Explanation	Default	
-sc	sql cache check min diff pct [%]	this specifies the minimum difference in percentage in average execution duration of a statement compared to that same statement after it changed the execution engine, i.e. if difference is above this, this could be considered a potential critical engine change (Note: this check will only be executed if there was no previous recording from e.g. the CPU check, Ping check or Feature Check)	-1	(the sql cache check is not executed)
-spi	Plan ID changes instead [true/false]	if this is true the -sc check will be done for each Plan ID change instead of only Execution Engine change (as per default). <u>Note:</u> Use with care! If HANASitter stops with the exception "Argument list too long" stop using -spi or restrict more with -scd, -scc and -sct	false	(only Execution Engine changes will be considered)
-scc	min count	min execution count to be considered in the sql cache check	0	(consider even if only executed once after engine change)
-sct	min tot [minutes]	min total execution time [minutes] to be considered in the sql cache check	0	(consider even if total execution time is almost 0)
-scp	Number ±hours to print	number hours printed before and after the max snapshot time of a potential critical engine change, Note: It might be better to do your own investigation on HOST_SQL_PLAN_CACHE after you got the potential critical engine changes from -sc	0	(nothing will be printed)
-scn	only negative changes [false>true]	if true will only show engine changes that made performance worse	false	
-scx	sql text output	number characters of the sql text printed together with the outputs defined by -scp	0	(no sql text will be printed)
-scd	#days from cache	how many days back we want to include from the SQL plan cache for the diff check (-sc)	all	

Example:

See next slide

Note: The hanasitter user needs SELECT on _SYS_STATISTICS for this check

HANASitter – Engine Change SQL Plan Cache Check (2/5)

Example: If the average execution time changes more than 6% after an engine change (where both engine possibilities were executed more than 5 times and total execution time is more than 100 minutes) there will be printouts from the SQL plan cache ±5 hours around the engine changes, and an email will be send

```
ha2adm@atgvm1s7045:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -sc 6 -scc 5 -sct 100 -scp 5 -en christian.hansen01@sap.com -k T1KEY
```

SQL Cache Check , 2022-10-18 23:03:04 , 0:00:00.449698 , True , False , There are hashes with potential critical engine changes							
Hash	Engines	Avg Exec Time [ms]	Diff Avg Exec Time [%]	Execution Count	Total Exec Time [m]	Max snapshot time	
0800928edd9d43764935a4e02abfbaf15	COLUMN, ROW	8.24	7.0	12588944	1728	2022/10/18 22:04:36	
0800928edd9d43764935a4e02abfbaf15	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP	7.66	0.0	1409158	180	2022/09/26 04:04:36	
55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	COLUMN, ROW	5.48	0.0	13119673	1200	2022/10/17 04:04:37	
55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP	7.61	28.0	885960	112	2022/10/18 22:04:36	

Here is an example of the outputs due to –scp 5. It could possibly make you consider the hint USE_OLAP_PLAN or NO_RECOMPILE_WITH_SQL_PARAMETERS (see SAP Note [2400006](#)), or you increase –sc and –scc to not be bothered about these insignificant changes again (sorry, could not find a relevant example in internal systems).

Max snapshot time	Hash	Avg Exec Time [ms]	Execution Count	Engines
2022/10/16 23:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.42	28032	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 00:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.43	28056	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 01:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.44	28080	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 02:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.45	28102	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 03:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.46	28126	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 04:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.47	28150	COLUMN, ROW
2022/10/17 05:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.48	28174	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP
2022/10/17 06:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.48	28196	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP
2022/10/17 07:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.49	28220	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP
2022/10/17 08:04:37	55bb62c4b9ff3f0b32de3a4df248e18c	7.50	28244	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP

HANASitter – Engine Change SQL Plan Cache Check (3/5)

Example 2: If the average execution time changes more than 10% after a plan id change (where both plan id possibilities were executed more than 50 times and total execution time is more than 50 minutes) this will show in an email

***** Start HANASitter *****						
Action	, Timestamp	, Duration	, Successful	, Result	, Comment	
Online Check	, 2022-10-21 00:18:41	, -	, True	, True	, # index services: 3, # running services: 12 out of 12	
Primary Check	, 2022-10-21 00:18:43	, -	, True	, True	,	
Online Check	, 2022-10-21 00:18:44	, -	, True	, True	, # index services: 3, # running services: 12 out of 12	
Ping Check	, 2022-10-21 00:18:44	, 0:00:00.156726	, -	, True	, DB responded faster than 60 seconds	
SQL Cache Check	, 2022-10-21 00:18:44	, 0:00:00.200523	, True	, False	, There are hashes with potential critical plan id changes	
Hash	Plan ID	Avg Exec Time [ms]	Diff Avg Exec Time [%]	Execution Count	Total Exec Time [m]	Max snapshot time
3120166f00b7fff850d4d357e5ac866b	270003	6.93	19.8	23759548	2744	2022/10/18 11:04:37
3120166f00b7fff850d4d357e5ac866b	280003	5.56	0.0	36315716	3367	2022/10/21 00:04:37
46ea4122c4efb66674eae2d213dfalaf	150003	645.64	12.8	21769	234	2022/10/21 00:04:37
46ea4122c4efb66674eae2d213dfalaf	2210003	562.87	0.0	167008	1566	2022/10/18 11:04:37
a22053524f336758870fbf661994870e	420003	1786.93	3.6	16216	482	2022/10/21 00:04:37
a22053524f336758870fbf661994870e	450003	1723.07	0.0	6906270	198333	2022/10/18 11:04:37
a22053524f336758870fbf661994870e	770003	1727.48	0.3	7005286	201692	2022/10/18 11:04:37
a22053524f336758870fbf661994870e	630003	2010.36	14.3	19843	664	2022/10/21 00:04:37
a22053524f336758870fbf661994870e	20900003	1729.9	0.4	69926	2016	2022/10/18 11:04:37
clde83fa0cc2d5aa8e4b7060d15c1229	600003	1773.95	2.8	16213	479	2022/10/21 00:04:37
clde83fa0cc2d5aa8e4b7060d15c1229	21030003	1723.42	0.0	68231	1959	2022/10/18 11:04:37

Further investigation would then be needed, e.g. by using SQL: *HANA_SQL_StatementHash_DataCollector* (SAP Note [1969700](#)) with these Statement Hashes provided by HANASitter

HANASitter – Engine Change SQL Plan Cache Check (4/5)

Example 3: Please note that if `--scn` is false (as per default) the SQL Plan check does not know the notion of time, so if for example suddenly the average execution time gets much *better*, this will also be reported:

```
/usr/sap/.../scripts/hanasitter.py -k HANASITTERKEY -sc 10 -scc 500 -sct 500 -scp 5 -en
as HANASITTERKEY: KEY HANASITTERKEY
ENV : [REDACTED]
USER: [REDACTED]
DATABASE: [REDACTED]

ANY USAGE OF HANASITTER ASSUMES THAT YOU HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE DISCLAIMER!
python hanasitter.py --disclaimer

*****
Online Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:08 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 7 out of 7
Host = sapstgdb, SID = [REDACTED], DB Instance = 20, MDC tenant = [REDACTED], Indexserver Port = 32003
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack , 0 , 60 , , ,
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Call Stack , 0 , 60 , ,
RTE Dumps (normal) , 0 , 60 , ,
Custom SQL , 0 , 60 , ,
Recording Priority: RTE Call Stacks G-Stacks Kernel Profiler Custom SQL
After Recording: Exit
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:10 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:12 , - , True , True ,
Online Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:12 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 7 out of 7
Ping Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:12 , 0:00:00.164293 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
SQL Cache Check , 2022-10-27 14:01:13 , 0:00:00.954961 , True , False , There are hashes with potential critical engine changes

Hash Engines Avg Exec Time [ms] Diff Avg Exec Time [%] Execution Count Total Exec Time [m] Max snapshot time
elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f HEX 8764.2 98.2 11489865 1678326 2022/10/19 17:38:13
elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f COLUMN, ESX 159.96 0.0 3931485 10481 2022/10/27 13:38:16

Max snapshot time Hash Avg Exec Time [ms] Execution Count Engines
2022/10/19 12:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 9005.56 7513 HEX
2022/10/19 13:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 7003.70 13262 HEX
2022/10/19 14:38:14 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 7479.05 26196 HEX
2022/10/19 15:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 6410.69 35257 HEX
2022/10/19 16:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 7170.93 22862 HEX
2022/10/19 17:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 7505.79 15364 HEX
2022/10/19 19:38:13 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 132.51 20387 COLUMN, ESX
2022/10/19 20:38:14 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 129.69 19399 COLUMN, ESX
2022/10/19 21:38:14 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 117.31 10955 COLUMN, ESX
2022/10/19 22:38:14 elc0a38585793f90d83f428ab02d013f 760.39 114577 COLUMN, ESX
```

HANASitter – Engine Change SQL Plan Cache Check (5/5)

Example 5: Looking through the whole SQL plan cache –sc 5 found here 7 engine changes.

```
xscadm@atgvmls866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k HANASITTERUSERKEYT1 -sc 5 -en christian.hansen01@sap.com
```

Hash	Engines	Avg Exec Time [ms]	Diff Avg Exec Time [%]	Execution Count	Total Exec Time [m]	Max snapshot time
0272e4d9269da2d34f9355bd69c4409f	COLUMN	1.89	71.4	6	0	2024/11/03 14:03:18
0272e4d9269da2d34f9355bd69c4409f	HEX	0.54	0.0	86	0	2024/12/01 20:03:18
0c16bbd8f88102c82ce3ace673e2d7ba	HEX	15.57	52.0	39	0	2024/11/03 13:03:19
0c16bbd8f88102c82ce3ace673e2d7ba	ROW	7.47	0.0	10	0	2024/11/03 13:03:19
119be0982744fa711085e29593338985	ROW, ESX	0.89	0.0	1	0	2024/11/24 22:03:18
119be0982744fa711085e29593338985	HEX	4.92	81.9	1591	0	2024/12/10 16:03:18
4d5dl6d90f773ecb6e69501c046bb992	ROW	0.63	15.9	7	0	2024/12/03 11:03:18
4d5dl6d90f773ecb6e69501c046bb992	HEX	0.53	0.0	20	0	2024/12/10 16:03:18
a42dd0c80ba17b4e4d0bb1c81a0ec5d9	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP	75.78	63.5	10692	13	2024/12/10 16:03:18
a42dd0c80ba17b4e4d0bb1c81a0ec5d9	COLUMN, ROW	27.66	0.0	1104	0	2024/11/03 13:03:19
aa02e6d75ce647bd15ee39683be2a794	COLUMN	1.46	28.8	7	0	2024/11/03 14:03:18
aa02e6d75ce647bd15ee39683be2a794	HEX	1.04	0.0	33	0	2024/12/01 20:03:18
becbe5bfcdcb02315c8a393912ccd003	COLUMN, ROW, OLAP	27.63	48.6	21	0	2024/12/05 03:03:18
becbe5bfcdcb02315c8a393912ccd003	COLUMN, ROW	14.21	0.0	24	0	2024/11/05 01:03:18

If we restricted the –sc 5 check to only include plans from 30 days back (-scd 30), then only 2 engine changes were found

```
xscadm@atgvmls866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k HANASITTERUSERKEYT1 -sc 5 -scd 30 -en christian.hansen01@sap.com
```

Hash	Engines	Avg Exec Time [ms]	Diff Avg Exec Time [%]	Execution Count	Total Exec Time [m]	Max snapshot time
119be0982744fa711085e29593338985	ROW, ESX	0.89	0.0	1	0	2024/11/24 22:03:18
119be0982744fa711085e29593338985	HEX	4.92	81.9	1591	0	2024/12/10 16:03:18
4d5dl6d90f773ecb6e69501c046bb992	ROW	0.63	15.9	7	0	2024/12/03 11:03:18
4d5dl6d90f773ecb6e69501c046bb992	HEX	0.53	0.0	20	0	2024/12/10 16:03:18

HANASitter – Recording Mode (1/2)

HANASitter can record with the following recording types

1. **GStacks**
2. **Kernel Profiler Trace**
3. **Call Stacks**
4. **RTE Dumps**

If hanasitter is supposed to record using more than one of the recording types then there are 3 different “recording modes”, defined with `-rm`

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-rm</code>	-	recording mode	<p>1 = each requested recording types are done one after each other, e.g. GStack1, GStack2, ..., GStackN, RTE1, ..., RTEN</p> <p>2 = recordings are done after each other, e.g. GStack1, RTE1, GStack2, RTE2, ...</p> <p>3 = different recording types are recorded in parallel threads, e.g. if 2 GStacks and 1 RTE are requested then GStack1 and RTE1 are first done in parallel, when both are done GStack2 starts</p>	1

HANASitter – Recording Mode (2/2)

Example:

Here hanasitter is requested to find the situation that more then 5 threads in the state IS_ACTIVE = TRUE

When this situation is found hanasitter records using 3 Call Stacks, 2 RTE Dumps, and 1 GStack

Since Recording Mode 3 is requested they are recorded in parallel in the following order:

1. RTE Dump1, Call Stack 1, and GStack 1
2. Call Stack 2, and RTE Dump 2
3. Call Stack 3

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,5" -nc 3 -nr 2 -ng 1 -rm 3
Host = ls80010, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 allows only 5 times that IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE' in M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 3
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack              , 1                      , 60                     , , 
Kernel Profiler     , 0                      , 60                     , 60                   , 0
Call Stack          , 3                      , 60                     , , 
RTE Dumps           , 2                      , 60                     , , 
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-10-01 17:18:45 , -          , True          , True       , Number running services: 9
Primary Check , 2017-10-01 17:18:46 , -          , True          , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2017-10-01 17:18:46 , 0:00:00.164017 , -          , True       , DB responded faster than 60
Feature Check 1 , 2017-10-01 17:18:47 , 0:00:00.214006 , True          , False      , # Critical Features = 13 (
RTE Dump Record , 2017-10-01 17:21:25 , 0:02:37.905730 , True          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rted
Call Stack Record , 2017-10-01 17:21:24 , 0:02:37.756701 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/call
GStack Record   , 2017-10-01 17:21:25 , 0:02:37.926312 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/gsta
RTE Dump Record , 2017-10-01 17:22:26 , 0:00:00.992576 , True          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rted
Call Stack Record , 2017-10-01 17:22:25 , 0:00:00.225087 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/call
Call Stack Record , 2017-10-01 17:23:26 , 0:00:00.146175 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/call
```

HANASitter – Recording Priority

With the **-rp** flag one can define the order of the recording types

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-rp	List with 4 integers between 1 and 4	recording priority	This list of 4 integers defines the order of the recording types 1 = RTE, 2 = Call Stacks, 3 = G-Stacks, 4 = Kernel Profiler	1,2,3,4

Example:

Here the recording order is requested to be G-Stacks, Call Stacks, Kernel Profiler and then RTE dumps. Since 1 RTE dump, 2 Call Stacks, and 1 G-Stack was required with recording mode 2, first the G-Stack, then a Call Stack and then the RTE dump is recorded before the last Call Stack

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,1" -nr 1 -nc 2 -ng 1 -rm 2 -rp 3,2,4,1
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack , 1 , 60 , ,
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Call Stack , 2 , 60 , ,
RTE Dumps , 1 , 60 , ,
Recording Priority: G-Stacks Call Stacks Kernel Profiler RTE ←
After Recording: Exit
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2017-11-15 14:07:13 , - , True , True , Number running services: 9 out of 9
Primary Check , 2017-11-15 14:07:14 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2017-11-15 14:07:14 , 0:00:00.164236 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-11-15 14:07:14 , 0:00:00.214050 , True , False , # Critical Features = 8 (allowed = 1) , Checked
GStack Record , 2017-11-15 14:10:14 , 0:03:00.055366 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/gstack_11417_2017-11-
Call Stack Record , 2017-11-15 14:11:15 , 0:00:00.153899 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_OQL
RTE Dump Record , 2017-11-15 14:12:16 , 0:00:01.354217 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_ls80010_OQL_2
Call Stack Record , 2017-11-15 14:13:16 , 0:00:00.116943 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls80010_OQL
```

HANASitter – Services (1/3)

To record from indexserver and/or nameserver you specify their SQL ports in the key (see examples next slide)

To record from other services and/or multiple service use `-sv` (see examples in two slides)

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-sv</code>	indexserver, nameserver, compileserver, preprocessor, docstore, dpserver, scriptserver, xsengine, diserver, or webdispatcher	services	the service(s) that hdbcons will connect to for recording <u>Note:</u> for only recording from an indexserver or nameserver it is better simply specify the port(s) in the key(s), i.e. then do not use <code>-sv</code> <u>Note:</u> see SAP Notes 2222218 and 2410143 for more info	" (connect to the SQL port in the key)
<code>-svp</code>	true/false	print found services	the ports of the services requested by <code>-sv</code> must be found using trace files (cannot use SQL since cannot assume HANA is up), if no proper trace file is found that service will be ignored, therefore it could be useful to print all the found services and respective ports	false

Monitoring

HANASitter – Services (2/3)

Example:

Here `-sv` is not used, the rte, kernel and call-stack dumps are done on the **indexserver**, based on the key **T1KEY**:

```
hsiadm@atgvmls7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k T1KEY -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2" -nr 1 -np 1 -nc 1
*****
Feature Check 1 , 2023-10-19 21:43:27 , 0:00:00.385440 , True , False , # CFs = 7 , max allowed = 2, check: THREAD STATE = 'Running'
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:43:31 , 0:00:04.091985 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-43-27.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:43:32 , 0:00:01.315645 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-43-31.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:43:32 , 0:00:00.154603 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7073_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-43-32.trc
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:44:33 , 0:00:00.343290 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-44-32.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:44:33 , 0:00:00.131348 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-44-33.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:44:33 , 0:00:00.137820 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7073_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-44-33.txt
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:46:34 , 0:01:01.028831 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmls7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-45-3
3.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmls7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-45-33.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:47:35 , 0:01:00.823137 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmls7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-46-3
4.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmls7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-46-34.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:48:36 , 0:01:00.693890 , False , None , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_output_atgvmls7073_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-4
7-35.log
hsiadm@atgvmls7071:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

Example:

Here `-sv` is not used, the rte, kernel and call-stack dumps are done on the **nameserver**, based on the key **SDBKEY**:

```
hsiadm@atgvmls7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k SDBKEY -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2" -nr 1 -np 1 -nc 1
*****
Feature Check 1 , 2023-10-19 21:52:19 , 0:00:00.627046 , True , False , # CFs = 14 , max allowed = 2, check: THREAD STATE = 'Running'
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:52:21 , 0:00:02.577005 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7071_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-52-19.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:52:22 , 0:00:00.850532 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7072_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-52-21.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:52:23 , 0:00:00.974574 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmls7073_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-52-22.trc
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:53:23 , 0:00:00.164296 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7071_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-53-23.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:53:23 , 0:00:00.124872 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7072_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-53-23.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:53:23 , 0:00:00.138460 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmls7073_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-53-23.txt
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:55:25 , 0:01:01.271982 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmls7071_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-54-23.dot
and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmls7071_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-54-23.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:56:26 , 0:01:00.787454 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmls7072_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-55-25.dot
and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmls7072_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-55-25.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:57:26 , 0:01:00.854078 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmls7073_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-56-26.dot
and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmls7073_HSI_nameserver_30001_2023-10-19_21-56-26.dot
hsiadm@atgvmls7071:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

Monitoring

HANASitter – Services (3/3)

Example:

Here –sv is used, the rte, kernel and call-stack dumps are done on the **indexserver**, **dpserver**, **diserver** and **compileserver**, for all relevant hosts for respective servers:

```
hsiadm@atgvmis7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k T1KEY -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2" -nr 1 -np 1 -nc 1 -sv indexserver,dpserver,diserver,compileserver
*****
Feature Check 1 , 2023-10-19 21:31:29 , 0:00:00.421561 , True , False , # CFs = 6 , max allowed = 2, check: THREAD STATE = 'Running'
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:33 , 0:00:03.951336 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-29.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:34 , 0:00:01.216622 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-33.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:35 , 0:00:01.109813 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7072_HSI_dpserver_30011_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-34.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:36 , 0:00:01.059585 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7071_HSI_diserver_30025_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-35.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:37 , 0:00:00.659957 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7071_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-36.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:38 , 0:00:00.588942 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7072_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-37.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2023-10-19 21:31:38 , 0:00:00.601407 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/rte_norm_atgvmis7073_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-31-38.trc
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.171125 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.163110 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7072_HSI_dpserver_30011_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.131933 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7071_HSI_diserver_30025_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.126220 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7071_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.130663 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7072_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2023-10-19 21:32:39 , 0:00:00.133875 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/callstack_atgvmis7073_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-32-39.txt
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:34:41 , 0:01:01.176855 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-33-39.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7071_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-33-39.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:35:41 , 0:01:00.762713 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-34-41.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7072_HSI_indexserver_30003_HSI_2023-10-19_21-34-41.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:36:42 , 0:01:00.775995 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7072_HSI_dpserver_30011_HSI_2023-10-19_21-35-41.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7072_HSI_dpserver_30011_HSI_2023-10-19_21-35-41.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:37:43 , 0:01:00.716051 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7071_HSI_diserver_30025_HSI_2023-10-19_21-36-42.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7071_HSI_diserver_30025_HSI_2023-10-19_21-36-42.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:38:44 , 0:01:00.755560 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7071_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-37-43.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7071_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-37-43.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:39:44 , 0:01:00.605322 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7072_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-38-44.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7072_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-38-44.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2023-10-19 21:40:45 , 0:01:00.767786 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvmis7073_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-39-44.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvmis7073_HSI_compileserver_30010_HSI_2023-10-19_21-39-44.dot
hsiadm@atgvmis7071:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

HANASitter – GStack

One of the possible recording options is to do gstack of the indexserver, i.e. an execution stack trace of the indexserver from OS-level

This recording option is controlled by the `-ng` and `-ig` flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-ng</code>	-	number gstacks	Number indexserver gstacks created if the DB is considered unresponsive	0
<code>-ig</code>	sec	gstacks interval	<code>-rm = 1</code> : time it waits between each gstack <code>-rm = 2</code> : time it waits after a gstack <code>-rm = 3</code> : time the thread waits after a gstack	60

Note: This recording option will only be done on current host

Example:

Here 2 GStacks with 30 seconds delay are requested when there is more than 1 active thread

Hanasitter slept for 30 seconds after the 1st GStack finished, at 13:35:35, and the 2nd GStack started to record at 13:36:05

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -ng 2 -ig 30
Host = mo-fc8d991e0, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Ping Check , 2017-06-16 13:33:41 , 0:00:00.214811 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-16 13:33:41 , 0:00:00.214887 , True , False , # Critical Features = 10 (allowed = 1), Check: IS_ACTIVE = TRUE
GStack Record , 2017-06-16 13:35:35 , 0:01:54.029790 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/gstack_6090_2017-06-16_13:33:41.txt
GStack Record , 2017-06-16 13:37:56 , 0:01:51.052227 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/gstack_6090_2017-06-16_13:36:05.txt
```

HANASitter – Kernel Profiler

Another possible recording option is to do Kernel Profiler traces of the indexserver – mainly for performance analysis, this is controlled by the `-np`, `-dp`, `-wp`, and `-ip` flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-np</code>	-	number kernel profiler traces	Number indexserver kernel profiler traces created if the DB is considered unresponsive	0
<code>-dp</code>	sec	profiler duration	How long time it is tracing	60
<code>-wp</code>	milliseconds	profiler wait time	wait time after callstacks of all running threads have been taken	0
<code>-ip</code>	sec	kernel interval	<code>-rm = 1</code> : time it waits between each profiler trace <code>-rm = 2</code> : time it waits after a profiler trace <code>-rm = 3</code> : time the thread waits after a profiler trace	60

Example:

Here 2 Kernel Profiler traces with a duration of 30 seconds and a delay of 30 seconds are recorded:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -np 2 -dp 30 -ip 30 -k HANASITTERUSERKEYT1
*****
Feature Check 1 , 2024-01-07 12:42:28 , 0:00:00.530187 , True , False , # CFs = 5 , max allowed = 1, check: IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE'
Kernel Profiler , 2024-01-07 12:42:59 , 0:00:30.954215 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvm1s866_XSC_indexserver_.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvm1s866_XSC_indexserver_30003_XSC_2024-01-07_12-42-28.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2024-01-07 12:44:01 , 0:00:31.523558 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_cpu_atgvm1s866_XSC_indexserver_.dot and /tmp/hanasitter_out/kernel_profiler_wait_atgvm1s866_XSC_indexserver_30003_XSC_2024-01-07_12-43-29.dot
```

HANASitter – Kernel Profiler at Scale Out

Kernel Profiler traces are done for each host in a scale out scenario

(due to limitations of hdbcons the kernel profiler traces will not have be separated in cpu and wait files)

This is controlled by the **-np**, **-dp**, **-wp**, and **-ip** flags

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -np 1 ←
Host = dewdfglp00835, DB Instance = 00, Scale Out DB System with hosts: dewdfglp00835, dewdfglp00837, dewdfglp00836
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      ,   Intervals [seconds]      ,   Durations [seconds]      ,   Wait [milliseconds]
GStack              , 0                      ,    60                   ,    /                     ,    0
Kernel Profiler     , 1                      ,    60                   ,    60                  ,    0
Call Stack          , 0                      ,    60                   ,    /                     ,
RTE Dumps           , 0                      ,    60                   ,    /                     ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-16 15:10:09 , -           , True        , True       , Number running services: 5 out of 5
Primary Check , 2017-06-16 15:10:12 , -           , True        , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-16 15:10:12 , -           , True        , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2017-06-16 15:10:12 , 0:00:00.164554 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-16 15:10:12 , 0:00:00.264813 , True        , False      , # Critical Features = 30 (allowed = 1), Check: IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in view M_SERVICE_THREADS
Kernel Profiler , 2017-06-16 15:11:14 , 0:01:01.595220 , -           , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_cpu_wait_dewdfglp00835_HSI_2017-06-16_15:10:12.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2017-06-16 15:12:15 , 0:01:00.851089 , -           , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_cpu_wait_dewdfglp00837_HSI_2017-06-16_15:11:14.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2017-06-16 15:13:17 , 0:01:01.835549 , -           , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_cpu_wait_dewdfglp00836_HSI_2017-06-16_15:12:15.dot
```

HANASitter – Call Stacks

Another recording option is to do Call Stacks

This is controlled by the **-nc**, and **-ic** flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-nc	-	number call stacks	Number call stacks created if the DB is considered unresponsive	0
-ic	sec	call stacks interval	-rm = 1: time it waits between each call stack -rm = 2: time it waits after a call stack -rm = 3: time the thread waits after a call stack	60

Example:

Here, when there are more than 5 threads with the state IS_ACTIVE=TRUE, 2 call stacks, with 30 seconds between them, are recorded:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,5" -nc 2 -ic 30
Host = ls80010, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Ping Check , 2017-10-01 17:33:24 , 0:00:00.164094 , - , True , DB responded fast
Feature Check 1 , 2017-10-01 17:33:24 , 0:00:00.213978 , True , False , # Critical Feature
Call Stack Record , 2017-10-01 17:33:24 , 0:00:00.127802 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter
Call Stack Record , 2017-10-01 17:33:54 , 0:00:00.122938 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter
```

HANASitter – Call Stacks at Scale Out

Call Stacks will be done for all hosts in a scale out automatically

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -nc 1 ←
Host = dewdfglp00835, DB Instance = 00, Scale Out DB System with hosts: dewdfglp00835, dewdfglp00837, dewdfglp00836
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack              , 0                      , 60                  ,          , 
Kernel Profiler     , 0                      , 60                  , 60                  , 0
Call Stack          , 1                      , 60                  ,          , 
RTE Dumps           , 0                      , 60                  ,          ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-16 12:55:43 , -          , True          , True       , Number running services: 5 out of 5
Primary Check , 2017-06-16 12:55:46 , -          , True          , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-16 12:55:46 , -          , True          , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2017-06-16 12:55:46 , 0:00:00.164382 , -          , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-16 12:55:46 , 0:00:00.314905 , True          , False      , # Critical Features = 28 (allowed = 1), Check: IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in view M_SERVICE_THREADS
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-16 12:55:47 , 0:00:00.232236 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_dewdfglp00835_HSI_2017-06-16_12:55:46.txt
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-16 12:55:47 , 0:00:00.269409 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_dewdfglp00837_HSI_2017-06-16_12:55:47.txt | ←
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-16 12:55:47 , 0:00:00.248774 , -          , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_dewdfglp00836_HSI_2017-06-16_12:55:47.txt
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

HANASitter – RTE Dumps

Another recording option is to do RunTime Environment Dumps (RTE Dumps)

This is controlled by the `-nr`, `-ir`, and `-mr` flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-nr</code>	-	number RTE dumps	Number RTE Dumps created if the DB is considered unresponsive	0
<code>-ir</code>	sec	RTE dumps interval	<code>-rm = 1</code> : time it waits between each RTE dump <code>-rm = 2</code> : time it waits after an RTE dump <code>-rm = 3</code> : time the thread waits after an RTE dump	60
<code>-mr</code>	0,1	RTE	<code>-mr = 0</code> : normal RTE dump <code>-mr = 1</code> : light RTE dump mode, only RTE dump with STACK_SHORT and THREADS sections, and the views M_JOBEXECUTORS_, M_DEV_JOBEX_THREADGROUPS, M_DEV_JOBEXWAITING, M_DEV_CONTEXTS, M_CONNECTIONS, M_DEV_SESSION_PARTITIONS	0

Example:

Here, when there are more than 5 threads with the state IS_ACTIVE=TRUE, 2 RTE dumps, with 30 seconds between them, are recorded:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,5" -nr 2 -ir 30
Host = ls80010, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Ping Check , 2017-10-01 17:38:00 , 0:00:00.163893 , - , True , DB responded fa
Feature Check 1 , 2017-10-01 17:38:00 , 0:00:00.213988 , True , False , # Critical Fea
RTE Dump Record ← , 2017-10-01 17:38:01 , 0:00:00.897289 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter
RTE Dump Record ← , 2017-10-01 17:38:32 , 0:00:00.898280 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter
```

HANASitter – Light RTE Dumps

The light RTE dump mode is here used to make 3 small RTE dumps with an interval of 10 seconds:

```
ha2adm@atgvm1s7050:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3 -nr 3 -ir 10 -mr 1 -k SYSTEMDBKEY

HANASitter executed 2018-05-03 15:45:52 with
hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3 -nr 3 -ir 10 -mr 1 -k SYSTEMDBKEY
as SYSTEMDBKEY: KEY SYSTEMDBKEY
ENV : atgvm1s7050:30013
USER: system
DATABASE: systemdb

Host = atgvm1s7050, SID = HA2, DB Instance = 00, MDC SystemDB, Nameserver Port = 30001
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 allows only 3 times that THREAD_STATE = 'Running' in M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack            , 0                      , 60                  ,          /           ,          /
Kernel Profiler   , 0                      , 60                  ,          /           ,          0
Call Stack        , 0                      , 60                  ,          /           ,          /
RTE Dumps (light) , 3                      , 10                 ,          /           ,          /
Recording Priority: RTE    Call Stacks    G-Stacks    Kernel Profiler
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2018-05-03 15:45:52 , -           , True         , True       , Number running services: 11 out of 11
Primary Check , 2018-05-03 15:45:54 , -           , True         , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2018-05-03 15:45:54 , 0:00:00.164322 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2018-05-03 15:45:54 , 0:00:00.265588 , True        , False      , # Critical Features = 4 (maximum allowed = 3), Check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
RTE Dump Record , 2018-05-03 15:45:55 , 0:00:00.800020 , True        , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_light_atgvm1s7050_HA2_2018-05-03_15-45-54.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2018-05-03 15:46:06 , 0:00:00.666470 , True        , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_light_atgvm1s7050_HA2_2018-05-03_15-46-05.trc
RTE Dump Record , 2018-05-03 15:46:16 , 0:00:00.679907 , True        , -          , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_light_atgvm1s7050_HA2_2018-05-03_15-46-16.trc
```

The light RTE dump mode, -mr = 1, might be useful to continuously create small dumps during certain situations...

HANASitter – RTE Dumps at Scale Out

RTE Dumps will automatically be done for all hosts in a scale out scenario

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,1" -nr 1
Host = dewdfglp00835, DB Instance = 00, Scale Out DB System with hosts: dewdfglp00835, dewdfglp00836, dewdfglp00837
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 allows only 1 times that THREAD_STATE = 'Running' in M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings   , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds]   , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack             , 0                   , 60                  , /                           ,
Kernel Profiler    , 0                   , 60                  , 60                         , 0
Call Stack         , 0                   , 60                  , /                           ,
RTE Dumps          , 1                   , 60                  , /                           ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp           , Duration        , Successful   , Result   , Comment
Online Check , 2017-09-07 15:45:22 , -              , True        , True     , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2017-09-07 15:45:26 , -              , True        , True     ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-09-07 15:45:26 , -              , True        , True     ,
Ping Check    , 2017-09-07 15:45:26 , 0:00:00.164829 , -              , True     , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-09-07 15:45:26 , 0:00:00.316117 , True        , False    , # Critical Features = 14 (allowed = 1), Checked M_THREADS
RTE Dump Record , 2017-09-07 15:45:27 , 0:00:00.802223 , True        , -       , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_dewdfglp00835
RTE Dump Record , 2017-09-07 15:45:28 , 0:00:00.991286 , True        , -       , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_dewdfglp00836
RTE Dump Record , 2017-09-07 15:45:28 , 0:00:00.354565 , True        , -       , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_dewdfglp00837
```

HANASitter – Customized SQL Dumps

Another recording option is to dump the output of any self defined SELECT SQL statement

This is controlled by the `-ns`, `-is`, and `-cs` flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
<code>-ns</code>	-	number customized SQL dumps	Number customized SQL dumps created if the DB is considered unresponsive	0
<code>-is</code>	sec	customized SQL dumps interval	<code>-rm = 1</code> : time it waits between each customized SQL dump <code>-rm = 2</code> : time it waits after an customized SQL dump <code>-rm = 3</code> : time the thread waits after a customized SQL dump	60
<code>-cs</code>	-	customer SQL	provide the SELECT statement that defines the output	" (not used)

Example:

Here, when there are more than 5 active threads, first 1 dump from the view M_DEV_TRANSACTIONS_HISTORY_, then 1 Kernel Profiler dump, then 1 RTE dump and then 1 Call Stack, is recorded

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k T1KEY -pt 10
-cf "M SERVICE_THREADS, WHERE, IS_ACTIVE='TRUE', 5" -ns 1 -cs "SELECT CONNECTION_ID, PRIMARY_CONNECTION_ID, TRANSACTION_ID from SYS.M_DEV_TRANSACTIONS_HISTORY_ WHERE START_TIME >= ADD_SECONDS(CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, -100)"
-nr 1 -np 1 -nc 1 -rp 5,4,1,2,3
```

HANASitter – Customized Query

HANASitter can also execute any queries when it is in “recording mode”, but use with care!

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-cq	-	custom queries	list of queries that will be executed	" (not used)
-iq	list of seconds	number of seconds to wait after each query	-rm = 1: time it waits after a custom query -rm = 2: time it waits after a custom query -rm = 3: -cq and –iq are not supported for –rm = 3	

Example:

see next slide

Monitoring

HANASitter – Customized Query

Example:

Here, when there are at least one blocked transaction on average out of two checks with a 5 seconds interval, HANASitter will do two configuration settings, wait 1 minute, and then unset them

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k T1KEY -cd 2 -cf "M_BLOCKED_TRANSACTIONS;LOCK_MODE;EXCLUSIVE;0" -if 2,5 -cq "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE;ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'sqlsession') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE;ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') WITH RECONFIGURE;ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'sqlsession') WITH RECONFIGURE" -iq 0,60,0,0
*****
Feature Check 1 allows only 0 times that LOCK_MODE = 'EXCLUSIVE' as an average from 2 checks with 5 seconds intervals
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Call Stack , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
RTE Dumps (normal) , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Custom SQL , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Custom Query: "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE" with wait: 0 seconds
Custom Query: "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'sqlsession') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE" with wait: 60 seconds
Custom Query: "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') WITH RECONFIGURE" with wait: 0 seconds
Custom Query: "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'sqlsession') WITH RECONFIGURE" with wait: 0 seconds
Recording Priority: RTE Call Stacks G-Stacks Kernel Profiler Custom SELECT Output Custom Queries
After Recording: Exit
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2022-12-26 15:49:13 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 14 out of 14
Primary Check , 2022-12-26 15:49:16 , - , True , True ,
Online Check , 2022-12-26 15:49:16 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 14 out of 14
Ping Check , 2022-12-26 15:49:16 , 0:00:00.169631 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2022-12-26 15:49:26 , 0:00:10.448708 , True , False , # CFs = 1, max allowed = 0, check: LOCK_MODE = 'EXCLUSIVE'
Custom Query , 2022-12-26 15:49:27 , 0:00:00.333967 , - , - , ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE --> Will now wait 0 seconds
Custom Query , 2022-12-26 15:49:27 , 0:00:00.315075 , - , - , ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('trace', 'sqlsession') = 'info' WITH RECONFIGURE --> Will now wait 60 seconds
Custom Query , 2022-12-26 15:50:27 , 0:00:00.322932 , - , - , ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'embeddedapi') WITH RECONFIGURE --> Will now wait 0 seconds
Custom Query , 2022-12-26 15:50:28 , 0:00:00.311195 , - , - , ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('indexserver.ini', 'SYSTEM') UNSET ('trace', 'sqlsession') WITH RECONFIGURE --> Will now wait 0 seconds
```

During that minute both settings were done, and then they were unset again:

```
select * from M_CONFIGURATION_PARAMETER_VALUES where (SECTION = 'trace' and KEY = 'embeddedapi') or (SECTION = 'trace' and KEY = 'sqlsession')
```

HOST	PORT	SECTION	KEY	HAS_KEY_INDEX	FILE_NAME	LAYER_NAME	VALUE	HAS_PROPERTIES	RAW_VALUE	VIOLATED_RESTRICTIONS	RESTART_REQUIRED
atgvm1s866	30.003	trace	embeddedapi	FALSE	indexserver.ini	DATABASE	info	TRUE	info		FALSE
atgvm1s866	30.003	trace	sqlsession	FALSE	indexserver.ini	DATABASE	info	TRUE	info		FALSE

HANASitter – Kill Sessions (1/2)

Instead (or additionally) to recording if a critical feature is found, HANASitter can also try to kill the session of that critical feature

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ks	list of list of "0","C", or "D"	kill session	list of the characters 0, C, or D (length of the list must be the same as number of features defined by -cf) that defines if -cf's features could indicate that the sessions (connections) should be tried to be cancelled (C), or disconnected (D) or not (0). Note: Requires SESSION ADMIN	[] (not used)

HANASitter – Kill Sessions (2/2)

Example:

If there is an active statement with the string “invoice_ix_cs” repeated for more than 1 time, and if that statement is active on average based on 3 checks with 5s interval, then the connection (session) that runs that statement is disconnected (or cancelled):

```
ha2adm@atgvm1s7045:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS,STATEMENT_STRING,invoice_ix_cs>1,0" -ks D -if 3,5 -k T1KEY
*****
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2022-10-20 22:40:20 , - , True , True , # index services: 3, # running services: 12 out of 12
Primary Check , 2022-10-20 22:40:22 , - , True , True ,
Online Check , 2022-10-20 22:40:22 , - , True , True , # index services: 3, # running services: 12 out of 12
Ping Check , 2022-10-20 22:40:23 , 0:00:00.153376 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2022-10-20 22:40:38 , 0:00:15.790612 , True , False , # CFs = 1 , max allowed = 0, check: column STATEMENT_ST
RING in M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times
Will DISCONNECT session 338906 due to the check: column STATEMENT_STRING in M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times
Successfully disconnected session 338906
```



create column table invoice_ix_cs_copy like invoice_ix_cs with data;
 Could not execute 'create column table invoice_ix_cs_copy like invoice_ix_cs with data' in 25.580 seconds
 Data receive failed [java.io.IOException: The specified network name is no longer available.]

```
ha2adm@atgvm1s7045:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS,STATEMENT_STRING,invoice_ix_cs>1,0" -ks C -if 3,5 -k T1KEY
*****
----- Start HANASitter -----
Feature Check 1 , 2022-10-20 22:46:27 , 0:00:15.760710 , True , False , # CFs = 1 , max allowed = 0, check: column STATEMENT_ST
RING in M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times
Will CANCEL session 339032 due to the check: column STATEMENT_STRING in M_ACTIVE_STATEMENTS contains the string invoice_ix_cs more than 1 times
WARNING, statement
  ALTER SYSTEM CANCEL SESSION '339032'
was executed but the connection 339032 is still there. It might take some time until it actually disconnects.
```



create column table invoice_ix_cs_copy like invoice_ix_cs with data;
 Could not execute 'create column table invoice_ix_cs_copy like invoice_ix_cs with data' in 20.157 seconds .
 SAP DBTech JDBC: [139]: current operation cancelled by request and transaction rolled back: current operation canceled by
 request



HANASitter – Key With All Hosts

It is possible to provide a user key in hdbuserstore that contains all hosts:

```
KEY HANASITTERKEY
ENV : dewdfglp00835:30015,dewdfglp00836:30015,dewdfglp00837:30015
USER: HANASITTER1
```

HANASitter will then automatically use the local host:

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00836:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -k HANASITTERKEY -cf "M_SERVICE_TYPE=Scale Out DB System
Host = dewdfglp00836, DB Instance = 00, Scale Out DB System with hosts: dewdfglp00835, dewdfglp00836, dewdfglp00837
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
"
[...]
```

HANASitter – Host Mode Recording (1/2)

If HANASitter runs in "host mode" it will only record on those hosts where the critical feature happen

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-hm	true/false	host mode	if true then all critical features are considered per host and the recording is done only for those hosts the critical feature is above allowed limit per host, default: false Note: -hm is not supported for gstack (-ng)	false

Example:

Here, 2 calls stacks and 1 RTE dump are recorded only for those hosts, or that host, for which there are more than 5 threads running (on average of 3 checks, with 5 seconds intervals):

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,5" -if 3,5 -nc 2 -nr 1 -hm true
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2018-11-09 12:53:56 , - , True , True , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2018-11-09 12:53:59 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2018-11-09 12:53:59 , 0:00:00.164877 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-09 12:54:15 , 0:00:15.902442 , True , True , # CFs = 4 for dewdfglp00837, max allowed = 5, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-09 12:54:15 , 0:00:15.902442 , True , True , # CFs = 4 for dewdfglp00836, max allowed = 5, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-09 12:54:15 , 0:00:15.902442 , True , False , # CFs = 6 for dewdfglp00835, max allowed = 5, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
RTE Dump Record , 2018-11-09 12:54:21 , 0:00:06.071313 , True , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_normal_dewdfglp00835_HSI_2018-11-09_12-54-15.trc
Call Stack Record , 2018-11-09 12:55:21 , 0:00:00.239098 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_dewdfglp00835_HSI_2018-11-09_12-55-21.txt
Call Stack Record , 2018-11-09 12:56:24 , 0:00:02.612926 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_dewdfglp00835_HSI_2018-11-09_12-56-21.txt
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

We see that only host dewdfglp00835 crossing this allowed limit, so only host dewdfglp00835 is recording 2 callstacks and 1 RTE dump

HANASitter – Host Mode Recording (2/2)

Another Example:

Here, 1 kernel profile dump is recorded only for those hosts, or that host, for which there are less than 6 threads running (on average of 3 checks, with 5 seconds intervals):

```
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,>6" -if 3,5 -np 1 -hm true
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2018-11-11 16:28:17 , -           , True          , True        , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2018-11-11 16:28:20 , -           , True          , True        ,
Ping Check   , 2018-11-11 16:28:20 , 0:00:00.164794 , -           , True        , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-11 16:28:36 , 0:00:15.863664 , True          , False       , # CFs = 4 for dewdfglp00837, min required = 6, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-11 16:28:36 , 0:00:15.863664 , True          , False       , # CFs = 4 for dewdfglp00836, min required = 6, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2018-11-11 16:28:36 , 0:00:15.863664 , True          , True        , # CFs = 6 for dewdfglp00835, min required = 6, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Kernel Profiler , 2018-11-11 16:29:38 , 0:01:01.599605 , True          , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_cpu_dewdfglp00836_HSI_2018-11-11_16-28-36.dot
and /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_wait_dewdfglp00836_HSI_2018-11-11_16-28-36.dot
Kernel Profiler , 2018-11-11 16:30:38 , 0:01:00.962716 , True          , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_cpu_dewdfglp00837_HSI_2018-11-11_16-29-38.dot
and /tmp/hanasitter_output/kernel_profiler_wait_dewdfglp00837_HSI_2018-11-11_16-29-38.dot
hsiadm@dewdfglp00835:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

We see that the hosts dewdfglp00836 and dewdfglp00837 are not reaching this required limit, so the hosts dewdfglp00836 and dewdfglp00837 record 1 kernel profiler dump each

HANASitter – and MDC (1/2)

HANASitter detects an MDC scenario and if it is the System or a Tenant

Example:

Here the key of a DB user in the System DB in an MDC setup is used to run hanasitter:

```
ls2999:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -nr 1 -k SYSKEY
Host = ls2999, DB Instance = 01, MDC system
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack              , 0                      , 60                     , ;                         ,
Kernel Profiler     , 0                      , 60                     , 60                       , 0
Call Stack          , 0                      , 60                     , ;                         ,
RTE Dumps           , 1                      , 60                     , ;                         ,
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check    , 2017-06-16 16:37:52 , -           , True          , True        , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check   , 2017-06-16 16:37:55 , -           , True          , True        ,
Non-standby Check, 2017-06-16 16:37:55 , -           , True          , True        ,
Ping Check      , 2017-06-16 16:37:55 , 0:00:00.164097 , -           , True        , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1  , 2017-06-16 16:37:55 , 0:00:00.163950 , True          , False       , # Critical Features = 3 (allowed = 1), Check:
RTE Dump Record , 2017-06-16 16:37:56 , 0:00:00.974544 , True          , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_ls2999_H00_2017
ls2999:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

HANASitter – and MDC (2/2)

HANASitter detects an MDC scenario and if it is the System or a Tenant

Example:

Here the key of a DB user in one of the Tenant DBs in an MDC setup is used to run hanasitter:

```
ls2999:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,IS_ACTIVE,TRUE,1" -nc 1 -nr 1 -k TEN1KEY
Host = ls2999, DB Instance = 01, MDC tenant = H01, Indexserver Port = 30140
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary check: Interval = 3000 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 1 features in the state, IS_ACTIVE = TRUE, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack            , 0                      , 60                     ,          , 
Kernel Profiler   , 0                      , 60                     , 60                   , 0
Call Stack        , 1                      , 60                     ,          , 
RTE Dumps         , 1                      , 60                     ,          , 
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-16 16:48:11 , -           , True       , True       , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2017-06-16 16:48:14 , -           , True       , True       ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-16 16:48:14 , -           , True       , True       ,
Ping Check    , 2017-06-16 16:48:14 , 0:00:00.164167 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-16 16:48:14 , 0:00:00.163977 , True       , False      , # Critical Features = 3 (allowed = 1), Check: IS_ACTIVE
Call Stack Record , 2017-06-16 16:48:14 , 0:00:00.154666 , -           , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_ls2999_H01_2017-06-16_1
RTE Dump Record , 2017-06-16 16:49:15 , 0:00:00.902135 , True       , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/rtedump_ls2999_H01_2017-06-16_1
ls2999:/tmp/HANASitter>
```

HANASitter – Key With DATABASE

If your key provides the Nameserver SQL Port (i.e. for the SystemDB) but also specifies a name of a Tenant DB as DATABASE, then the DATABASE will be used

Example:

Here the key T1NAMEPORTKEY provides the SQL Port for the Nameserver, 30013, but also the Tenant DB name, HSI, as DATABASE:

```
hsiadm@atgvm1s7071:/tmp/HANASitter> hdbuserstore LIST T1NAMEPORTKEY
KEY T1NAMEPORTKEY
  ENV : atgvm1s7071.wdf.sap.corp:30013
  USER: SYSTEM
  DATABASE: HSI
```

When this key is used the tenant HSI is monitored and Call Stacks from HSI are written:

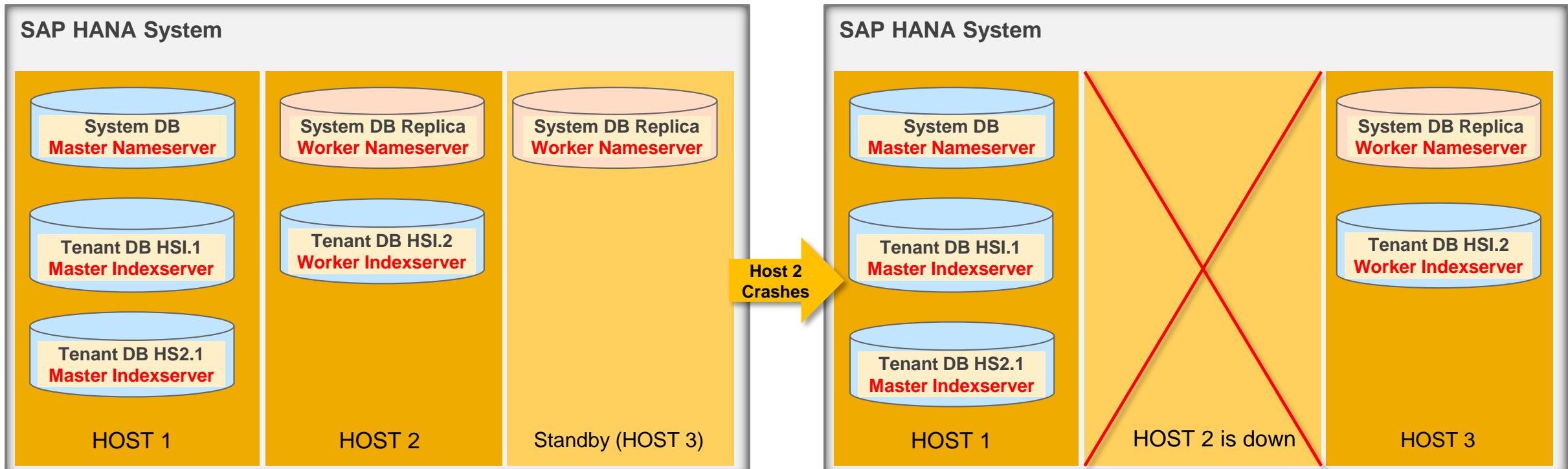
```
hsiadm@atgvm1s7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,0' -nc 1
                                         -hm true -oi 60 -k T1NAMEPORTKEY

Tenant DB HSI@HSI uses host(s): atgvm1s7072, atgvm1s7071
----- Start HANASitter -----
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check , 2021-07-21 16:17:41 , -           , True          , True        , # index services: 2, # running services: 9 out of 9
Primary Check , 2021-07-21 16:17:43 , -           , True          , True        ,
Ping Check   , 2021-07-21 16:17:43 , 0:00:00.214632 , -           , True        , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-21 16:17:43 , 0:00:00.615399 , True          , False       , # CFs = 3 atgvm1s7071, max allowed = 0, check: THREAD_STAT
E = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-21 16:17:43 , 0:00:00.615399 , True          , False       , # CFs = 3 atgvm1s7072, max allowed = 0, check: THREAD_STAT
E = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-21 16:17:44 , 0:00:00.082507 , -           , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvm1s7072_HSI_30003_HSI
_2021-07-21_16-17-43.txt
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-21 16:17:44 , 0:00:00.156101 , -           , -           , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvm1s7071_HSI_30003_HSI
_2021-07-21_16-17-44.txt
```

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (1/9)

Scenario for this example:

The HANASitter monitoring of HSI will automatically follow the indexserver after a fail-over:



`atgvmils7071 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check, Ping
check, & Feature check`

`atgvmils7072 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check, Ping
check, & Feature check`

`atgvmils7073 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check`

`atgvmils7071 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check, Ping
check, & Feature check`

`atgvmils7072 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check`

`atgvmils7073 >
hanasitter.py HSI
Online check, Ping
check, & Feature check`

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (2/9)

On the first host, atgvmrls7071, HANASitter can check the first tenant, HSI

Example:

Here HANASitter is executed with the Critical Feature (-cf) check that allows max 3 running threads. After the Online check, HANASitter will do a Ping check and then the Feature check. In this example the first host, atgvmrls7071, broke the Feature check, so one Call Stack (-nc 1) was written by this host only (-hm true):

```
hsiadm@atgvmrls7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3' -nc 1 -hm true -oi 60 -k T1KEY

HANASitter executed 2021-07-20 18:37:20 with
hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3 -nc 1 -hm true -oi 60 -k T1KEY
as T1KEY: KEY T1KEY
ENV : atgvmrls7071:30015
USER: SYSTEM
DATABASE: HSI

----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2021-07-20 18:37:22 , - , True , True , # index services: 2, # running services: 9 ou
t of 9
Ping Check , 2021-07-20 18:38:24 , 0:00:00.164630 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 18:38:25 , 0:00:00.665678 , True , False , # CFs = 4 atgvmrls7071, max allowed = 3, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 18:38:25 , 0:00:00.665678 , True , True , # CFs = 3 atgvmrls7072, max allowed = 3, check
: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 18:38:25 , 0:00:00.183103 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7071_
HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_18-38-25.txt
```

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (3/9)

On the first host, atgvm1s7071, HANASitter can check the second tenant, HS2

Example:

Here HANASitter is executed with the Critical Feature (-cf) check that allows max 0 running threads. After the Online check, HANASitter will do a Ping check and then the Feature check. In this example the first host, atgvm1s7071 (the only host where there was an indexserver of HS2), broke the Feature check, so one Call Stack (-nc 1) was written by this host only (-hm true):

```
hsiadm@atgvm1s7071:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,0' -nc 1 -hm true -oi 60 -k T2KEY

HANASitter executed 2021-07-20 18:52:10 with
hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,0 -nc 1 -hm true -oi 60 -k T2KEY
as T2KEY: KEY T2KEY
ENV : atgvm1s7071:30044
USER: SYSTEM
DATABASE: HS2

----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2021-07-20 18:52:12 , - , True , True , # index services: 2, # running services: 9 ou
t of 9
Primary Check , 2021-07-20 18:52:13 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2021-07-20 18:52:13 , 0:00:00.164622 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 18:52:14 , 0:00:00.415285 , True , False , # CFs = 1 atgvm1s7071, max allowed = 0, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 18:52:14 , 0:00:00.144097 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvm1s7071_
HSI_30043_HS2_2021-07-20_18-52-14.txt
```

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (4/9)

On the second host, atgvmrls7072, HANASitter can check the first tenant, HSI

Example:

Here HANASitter is executed with the Critical Feature (-cf) check that allows max 2 running threads. After the Online check, HANASitter will do a Ping check and then the Feature check. In this example both hosts, atgvmrls7071 and atgvmrls7072, broke the Feature check, so one Call Stack (-nc 1) was written by both hosts (-hm true)

```
hsiadm@atgvmrls7072:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2' -nc 1 -oi 60 -hm true -k T1KEY

HANASitter executed 2021-07-20 19:04:11 with
hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2 -nc 1 -oi 60 -hm true -k T1KEY
as T1KEY: KEY T1KEY
  ENV : atgvmrls7071:30015
  USER: SYSTEM
  DATABASE: HSI

----- Start HANASitter -----
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2021-07-20 19:04:12 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 8 ou
t of 8
Primary Check , 2021-07-20 19:04:13 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2021-07-20 19:04:13 , 0:00:00.164055 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 19:04:14 , 0:00:00.614764 , True , False , # CFs = 3 atgvmrls7071, max allowed = 2, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 19:04:14 , 0:00:00.614764 , True , False , # CFs = 3 atgvmrls7072, max allowed = 2, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 19:04:14 , 0:00:00.136588 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7072_
HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_19-04-14.txt
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 19:04:14 , 0:00:00.144659 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7071_
HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_19-04-14.txt
```

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (5/9)

On the second host, atgvmrls7072, HANASitter can check the first tenant, HSI

Example:

HANASitter is executed with the Critical Feature (-cf) check that allows max 2 running threads. After the Online check, HANASitter does a Ping check and then a Feature check. It is defined that HANASitter will continue the checks after recording and after sleeping 60 seconds (-ar 60). In this example both hosts break the Feature check and write a Call Stack (-hm true). HANASitter sleeps 60 seconds, and then keeps checking ...

----- Start HANASitter -----						
Action	Timestamp	Duration	Successful	Result	Comment	
Online Check	, 2021-07-20 20:01:30	, -	, True	, True	, # index services: 1, # running services: 8 ou	t of 8
Primary Check	, 2021-07-20 20:01:31	, -	, True	, True	,	
Ping Check	, 2021-07-20 20:01:31	, 0:00:00.164188	, -	, True	, DB responded faster than 60 seconds	
Feature Check 1	, 2021-07-20 20:01:32	, 0:00:00.715000	, True	, False	, # CFs = 4 atgvmrls7071, max allowed = 2, chec	k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1	, 2021-07-20 20:01:32	, 0:00:00.715000	, True	, False	, # CFs = 3 atgvmrls7072, max allowed = 2, chec	k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record	, 2021-07-20 20:01:32	, 0:00:00.136699	, -	, -	, /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7072_	HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_20-01-32.txt
Call Stack Record	, 2021-07-20 20:01:33	, 0:00:00.213937	, -	, -	, /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7071_	HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_20-01-32.txt
Online Check	, 2021-07-20 20:03:33	, -	, True	, True	, # index services: 1, # running services: 8 ou	t of 8
Primary Check	, 2021-07-20 20:03:34	, -	, True	, True	,	
Ping Check	, 2021-07-20 20:03:34	, 0:00:00.164020	, -	, True	, DB responded faster than 60 seconds	
Feature Check 1	, 2021-07-20 20:03:35	, 0:00:00.565222	, True	, False	, # CFs = 4 atgvmrls7071, max allowed = 2, chec	k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (6/9)

On the third host, atgvm1s7073, HANASitter can wait for the first tenant, HSI

Example:

Here HANASitter is executed with the Critical Feature (-cf) check that allows max 3 running threads. The Online check finds out that this host is a Stand By (there are 0 indexservers) and therefore decides to sleep for 60 seconds (-oi 60):

```
hsiadm@atgvm1s7073:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3' -nc 1 -oi 60 -hm true -k T1KEY

HANASitter executed 2021-07-20 19:23:09 with
hanasitter.py -cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3 -nc 1 -oi 60 -hm true -k T1KEY
as T1KEY: KEY T1KEY
ENV : atgvm1s7071:30015
USER: SYSTEM
DATABASE: HSI

Online Check      , 2021-07-20 19:23:09      ,      -      , True      , False      , # index services: 0, # running services: 5 o
ut of 5

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 60 seconds break.

Online Check      , 2021-07-20 19:24:09      ,      -      , True      , False      , # index services: 0, # running services: 5 o
ut of 5

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 60 seconds break.
```

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

Monitoring

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (7/9)

If second host, atgvm1s7072, crashes, a failover to third host, atgvm1s7073, will happen

Example:

Here second host, atgvm1s7072, is stopped (HDB stop) to simulate a crash. Third host, atgvm1s7073, takes over as the slave node

SYSTEMDB@HSI (SYSTEM) [Production System] atgvm1s7071.wdf.sap.corp 00 Last Update: 20.07.2021 16:54:30						
Overview Landscape Alerts Performance Volumes Configuration System Information Diagnosis Files Trace Configuration						
Services Hosts Redistribution System Replication						
Host	Active	Host Status	Name Server Role (Configured)	Name Server Role (Actual)	Index Server Role (Configured)	Index Server Role (Actual)
atgvm1s7071	YES	OK	MASTER 1	MASTER	WORKER	MASTER
atgvm1s7072	YES	OK	MASTER 3	SLAVE	WORKER	SLAVE
atgvm1s7073	YES	IGNORE	MASTER 2	SLAVE	STANDBY	STANDBY

```
hsiadm@atgvm1s7072:/usr/sap/HSI> HDB stop
```

SYSTEMDB@HSI (SYSTEM) [Production System] atgvm1s7071.wdf.sap.corp 00 Last Update: 20.07.2021 19:31:24							
Overview Landscape Alerts Performance Volumes Configuration System Information Diagnosis Files Trace Configuration							
Services Hosts Redistribution System Replication							
Host	Active	Host Status	Failover Status	Name Server Role (Configured)	Name Server Role (Actual)	Index Server Role (Configured)	Index Server Role (Actual)
atgvm1s7071	YES	OK		MASTER 1	MASTER	WORKER	MASTER
atgvm1s7072	NO	INFO		MASTER 3	SLAVE	WORKER	STANDBY
atgvm1s7073	YES	INFO		MASTER 2	SLAVE	STANDBY	SLAVE

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (8/9)

On the third host, atgvmrls7073, HANASitter continues automatically with further checks

Example:

After the failover, the Online Check goes through. HANASitter continues with the Ping check and the Feature check. The first node, atgvmrls7071, breaks the Feature Check and records a Call Stack:

```
hsiadm@atgvmrls7073:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3' -nc 1 -oi 60 -hm true -k T1KEY
Online Check      , 2021-07-20 19:23:09      ,      -      , True      , False      , # index services: 0, # running services: 5 o
ut of 5

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 60 seconds break.

----- Start HANASitter -----
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check      , 2021-07-20 19:31:11      ,      -      , True      , True      , # index services: 1
, # running services: 8 out of 8
Ping Check      , 2021-07-20 19:33:14      , 0:00:00.164149      ,      -      , True      , DB responded faster
than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1      , 2021-07-20 19:33:15      , 0:00:00.565024      , True      , False      , # CFs = 4 atgvmrls7
071, max allowed = 3, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1      , 2021-07-20 19:33:15      , 0:00:00.565024      , True      , True      , # CFs = 3 atgvmrls70
73, max allowed = 3, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 19:33:15      , 0:00:00.251892      ,      -      ,      -      , /tmp/hanasitter_out
put/callstack_atgvmrls7071_HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_19-33-15.txt
```

Note: This could of course been executed via a CRON job instead (see last slide)

HANASitter – Scale Out Example (9/9)

On the second host, atgvmrls7072, HANASitter waits

Example:

When the HANA crash (HDB stop) happened on the second host, atgvmrls7072, HANASitter started to wait for the Online Check to go through:

```
hsiadm@atgvmrls7072:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -cf 'M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,2' -nc 1 -hm true -ar 60 -oi 60 -k T
1KEY
Online Check , 2021-07-20 20:03:33 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # running services: 8 ou
t of 8
Primary Check , 2021-07-20 20:03:34 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2021-07-20 20:03:34 , 0:00:00.164020 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 20:03:35 , 0:00:00.565222 , True , False , # CFs = 4 atgvmrls7071, max allowed = 2, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Feature Check 1 , 2021-07-20 20:03:35 , 0:00:00.565222 , True , False , # CFs = 3 atgvmrls7072, max allowed = 2, chec
k: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 20:03:35 , 0:00:00.101387 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7072_
HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_20-03-35.txt
Call Stack Record , 2021-07-20 20:03:35 , 0:00:00.156070 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls7071_
HSI_30003_HSI_2021-07-20_20-03-35.txt
Online Check , 2021-07-20 20:05:35 , - , True , False , # index services: 0, # running services: 0 o
ut of 1

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 60 seconds break.

Online Check , 2021-07-20 20:06:35 , - , True , False , # index services: 0, # running services: 5 o
ut of 5

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 60 seconds break.
```

Note: The Ping Check will never raise any issue if only one host is down (the implementation of making the Ping Check host specific would have been to use the hint ROUT_TO(<volume_id>,...), but to get the volume_id a SELECT on M_VOLUMES would be needed before the Ping Check, which would destroy the purpose of the Ping Check)

HANASitter – If HANA Goes Offline

HANASitter has a Online check so that it will not start tracking if DB is offline

Additionally, if HANA goes offline during tracking, it will exit tracking and start with the online check

Example: Here HANA is turned off during tracking so the 4th Ping Check finds that the DB is offline:

```

HANASitter executed 2017-11-24 17:32:48 with
hanasitter.py -ci 30 -pt 30 -nc 1

Host = mo-fc8d991e0, SID = CH0, DB Instance = 00
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 30 seconds, Timeout = 30 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 30 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 allows only 30 times that IS_ACTIVE = 'TRUE' in M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type      , Number Recordings      , Intervals [seconds]      , Durations [seconds]      , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack            , 0                      , 60                  ,          '           ,          ,
Kernel Profiler    , 0                      , 60                  ,          60             ,          0
Call Stack         , 1                      , 60                  ,          '           ,          ,
RTE Dumps          , 0                      , 60                  ,          '           ,          ,
Recording Priority: RTE   Call Stacks   G-Stacks   Kernel Profiler
After Recording: Exit
Action      , Timestamp      , Duration      , Successful      , Result      , Comment
Online Check  , 2017-11-24 17:32:48 , -           , True        , True       , Number running services: 11 out of 11
Primary Check , 2017-11-24 17:32:54 , -           , True        , True       ,
Ping Check   , 2017-11-24 17:32:54 , 0:00:00.164599 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 30 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-11-24 17:32:54 , 0:00:00.264682 , True        , True       , # Critical Features = 11 (allowed = 30)
Ping Check   , 2017-11-24 17:33:24 , 0:00:00.164389 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 30 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-11-24 17:33:25 , 0:00:00.214380 , True        , True       , # Critical Features = 10 (allowed = 30)
Ping Check   , 2017-11-24 17:33:55 , 0:00:00.164413 , -           , True       , DB responded faster than 30 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-11-24 17:33:55 , 0:00:00.214246 , True        , True       , # Critical Features = 10 (allowed = 30)
Ping Check   , 2017-11-24 17:35:00 , 0:00:34.455389 , -           , False      , DB is offline, will exit the tracker
Online Check  , 2017-11-24 17:35:00 , -           , True        , False      , Number running services: 3 out of 11

One of the online checks found out that this HANA instance is not online. HANASitter will now have a 3600 seconds break.

```

HANASitter – Configuration File

**HANASitter can be controlled with a configuration file
(additional flags given will overwrite flags in the configuration file)**

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ff		flag file	full path to the configuration file	

Example:

```
haladm@dewdfglp00766:/tmp/HANASitter> more hanasitter_configfile.txt
MY HANASITTER CONFIGURATION FILE
If more than 20 threads have been in state TREAD_STATE=Running for more than 10 seconds
-cf M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,20,10
then 2 call stacks
-nc 2
with 30 seconds between them
-ic 30
are recorded. This is the key in hdbuserstore that is used:
-k SYSTEMKEY
haladm@dewdfglp00766:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -ff hanasitter_configfile.txt
Host = dewdfglp00766, DB Instance = 00, Single DB System
Online, Primary and Not-Secondary Check: Interval = 3600 seconds
Ping Check: Interval = 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Checks: Interval 60 seconds, Timeout = 60 seconds
Feature Check 1, allows maximum 20 features in the state, THREAD_STATE = Running, for > 10 seconds, in the view, M_SERVICE_THREADS
Recording mode: 1
Recording Type , Number Recordings , Intervals [seconds] , Durations [seconds] , Wait [milliseconds]
GStack , 0 , 60 , , 
Kernel Profiler , 0 , 60 , 60 , 0
Call Stack , 2 , 30 , , 
RTE Dumps , 0 , 60 , , 
After Recording: Exit
Action , Timestamp , Duration , Successful , Result , Comment
Online Check , 2017-06-09 11:54:21 , - , True , True , Number running services: 7 out of 7
Primary Check , 2017-06-09 11:54:23 , - , True , True ,
Non-standby Check , 2017-06-09 11:54:23 , - , True , True ,
Ping Check , 2017-06-09 11:54:24 , 0:00:00.164766 , - , True , DB responded faster than 60 seconds
Feature Check 1 , 2017-06-09 11:54:24 , 0:00:00.314682 , True , True , # Critical Features = 0 (allowed = 20),
```

Note: For multiple configuration flags, see next slide

HANASitter – Configuration Files and Config Output

HANASitter can be controlled with a list of configuration files (files listed later in the -ff list will overwrite flags from files listed earlier in the list, flags on the command line will overwrite the configuration files)

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ff		comma separated list of flag files	full paths to the configuration file	
-oc	true/false	output configuration	logs all set parameters and where the flags were set	false

Example:

```
xscadm@atgvmls866:/tmp/HANASitter> more hanasitterconfig.txt
If more than 30 active indexserver threads runs
-cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,WHERE,IS_ACTIVE='TRUE',30"
then 2 call stacks
-nc 2
with 30 seconds between them
-ic 30
are recorded. This is the used hdbuserstore key:
-k T1KEY
xscadm@atgvmls866:/tmp/HANASitter>
xscadm@atgvmls866:/tmp/HANASitter> more hanasitterconfig2.txt
call 5 stacks
-nc 5
with 60 seconds between them
-ic 60
```

The example continues on the next slide

HANASitter – Configuration Files and Config Output

Example (continued):

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> python hanasitter.py -ff hanasitterconfig.txt,hanasitterconfig2.txt -oc true -nc 10  
HANASitter executed 2021-09-02 12:55:54 with  
-ff      = hanasitterconfig.txt,hanasitterconfig2.txt from command line  
-cf      = M_SERVICE_THREADS,WHERE,IS_ACTIVE='TRUE',30 from hanasitterconfig.txt  
-ic      = 60 from hanasitterconfig2.txt  
-k       = T1KEY from hanasitterconfig.txt  
-oc      = true from command line  
-nc      = 10 from command line  
as T1KEY: KEY T1KEY  
  ENV : atgvm1s866.wdf.sap.corp:30015  
  USER: SYSTEM  
  DATABASE: XSC  
Online Check , 2021-09-02 12:55:54 , - , True , True , # index services: 1, # runni:
```

HANASitter – output

To control the output of the hanasitter there are these flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-od		output directory	full path of the folder where the ouput files will end up (if the folder does not exist it will be created)	/tmp/hanasitter_output
-ol		log output directory	full path of the folder where the HANASitter log filles will end up (if not exist, it will be created)	/tmp/hanasitter_output
-so		standard out switch	true: write to std out, false: do not write to std out	true

Example:

Here output folders are deleted and then automatically created again by hanasitter:

```
rm -r ../hanasitter_output/
rm -r ../hanasitter_logs/
python hanasitter.py -cf "M_SERVICE_THREADS,THREAD_STATE,Running,3" -nc 2 -ol /tmp/hanasitter_logs
```

```
Feature Check 1 , 2019-12-03 21:43:39 , 0:00:00.365156 , True , False , # CFs = 5 for , max allowed = 3, check: THREAD_STATE = 'Running'
Call Stack Record , 2019-12-03 21:43:39 , 0:00:00.104933 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls866_xsc_2019-12-03-21-43-39.txt
Call Stack Record , 2019-12-03 21:44:39 , 0:00:00.143667 , - , - , /tmp/hanasitter_output/callstack_atgvmrls866_xsc_2019-12-03-21-44-39.txt
```

```
xscadm@atgvmrls866:/tmp/HANASitter> ls ../hanasitter_output/
callstack_atgvmrls866_xsc_2019-12-03_21-43-39.txt callstack_atgvmrls866_xsc_2019-12-03_21-44-39.txt
xscadm@atgvmrls866:/tmp/HANASitter> ls ../hanasitter_logs/
hanasitterlog_2019-12-03.txt
```



Automatic house keeping of the hanasitter logs with **-odr** and **-olr** flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-odr		output retention days	output files in the path specified with -od are only saved for this number of days	-1 (not used)
-olr		log retention days	hanasitterlogs in the path specified with -ol are only saved for this number of days	-1 (not used)

HANASitter & CRON (1/2)



HANASitter can be scheduled with CRON to run in background and so that the terminal can be closed

Note: hanasitter expects the environment of <sid>adm → source /bin/bash (or equivalent)

Note: cron will try to start hanasitter every minute, but thanks to a lock, it will not start until the first hanasitter process stopped

This shell script, hanasitter.sh, provides the <sid>adm environment, with `source $HOME/.bashrc` and then executes hanasitter:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> more hanasitter.sh
#!/bin/bash
source $HOME/.bashrc
python /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.py -ff /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter_configfile.txt -od /tmp/hanasitter_output
```

(Note: Check, by manually executing `./hanasitter.sh`, that it works. If not, there might be a hidden ^M originating from using VI in dos mode. This can be solved by :set ff=unix in VI as described in [this forum](#).)

Then a new crontab can be created, calling this shell script, e.g. once every minute (***** = once every minute), but only if the previous lock is gone:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> crontab -e
crontab: installing new crontab
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> crontab -l
* * * * * /usr/bin/flock -xn /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.lck -c "/tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.sh"
```

One can check with ps that hanasitter is running in background:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> ps aux | grep sitter
xscadm    4429  0.0  0.0  8752  1456 ?          ss   21:03   0:00 /usr/bin/flock -xn /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.
xscadm    4432  0.0  0.0 12132  3120 ?          s    21:03   0:00 /bin/bash /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.sh
xscadm    4459  0.0  0.0  97252 10996 ?          s    21:03   0:00 python /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.py -ff /tmp/
```

HANASitter & CRON (2/2)



If HANASitter was started with cron as in previous slide, it will continue until the crontab is changed

Edit the crontab:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> crontab -e
```

```
* * * * * /usr/bin/flock -xn /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.lck -c "/tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.sh"
```

E.g. comment out the line that is restarting HANASitter:



```
#* * * * * /usr/bin/flock -xn /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.lck -c "/tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.sh"
```

Then exit vim by saving this change (esc : x):

```
crontab: installing new crontab
```

Now we can kill the current running HANASitter by first checking the PIDs:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> ps aux | grep sitter
xscadm    6021  0.0  0.0  8752  1504 ?          ss    21:09   0:00 /usr/bin/flock -xn /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter
xscadm    6023  0.0  0.0  12132  2996 ?          s    21:09   0:00 /bin/bash /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.sh
xscadm    6050  0.0  0.0  97252 10912 ?          s    21:09   0:00 python /tmp/HANASitter/hanasitter.py -ff /tmp/
```

Then stopping hanasitter by using kill -9:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> kill -9 6021 6023 6050
```

Double check that no HANASitter restarted:

```
xscadm@atgvm1s866:/tmp/HANASitter> ps aux | grep sitter
xscadm    9847  0.0  0.0  10548  1620 pts/0    S+    21:24   0:00 grep --color=auto sitter
```