Stabilization Analyses for Characters

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Description

This file enables stabilization analyses for the feature value estimations. In other words, feature values are not estimated for a single, pre-defined number of characters, but are estimated for discrete steps (defined with "stepsize"), and for a given maximum number of characters (defined as "n'').

Load libraries

If the libraries are not installed yet, you need to install them using, for example, the command: install.packages("ggplot2"). For the Hrate package this is different, since it comes from github. The devtools library needs to be installed, and then the install_github() function is used.

```
library(stringr)
library(ggplot2)
library(plyr)
library(entropy)
library(ggExtra)
library(gsubfn)

## Loading required package: proto
# library(devtools)
# install_github("dimalik/Hrate")
library(Hrate)
```

List files

Create list with all the files in the directory "corpus".

Stabilization analysis per file

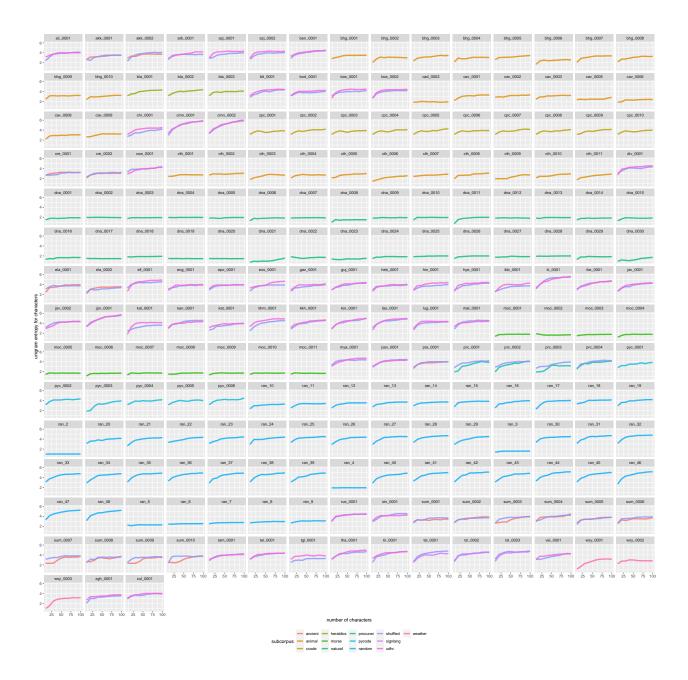
```
# set counter
counter = 0
# set the maximal number of units (n), and the stepsize for stabilization analysis
# (i.e. in steps of how many units are values calculated?)
n = 100
stepsize = 10
# initialize dataframe to append results to
stabilization.df <- data.frame(filename = character(0), subcorpus = character(0),</pre>
                                code = character(0), huni.chars = numeric (0),
                                hrate.chars = numeric(0), ttr.chars = numeric(0),
                                rm.chars = numeric(0), units = numeric(0))
# start time
start_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
for (file in file.list)
  try({ # if the processing failes for a certain file, there will be no output for this file,
  # but the try() function allows the loop to keep running
  # basic processing
  # loading textfile
  textfile <- scan(file, what = "char", quote = "",
                   comment.char = "", encoding = "UTF-8", sep = "\n", skip = 7, nmax = 20)
  # skip 7 first lines, nmax gives the maximum number of lines to be read,
  # note that reading more lines will considerably increase processing time.
  # remove annotations marked by '<>'
  textfile <- gsub("<.*>","",textfile)
  # print(head(textfile))
  # get filename
  filename <- basename(file)</pre>
  #print(filename) # for visual inspection
  # qet subcorpus category
  subcorpus <- sub("_.*", "", filename)</pre>
  # print(subcorpus) # for visual inspection
  # get the three letter identification code + the running number
  code <- substring(substring(filename, regexpr("_", filename) + 1), 1, 8)</pre>
  # Split into individual characters/signs
  # remove tabs and parentheses, as well as star signs `*' and plus signs `+'
  # note that this might have to be tuned according to the text files included
  textfile \leftarrow str_replace_all(textfile, c("\\t" = "", "\\(" = "", "\\)" = "",
                                        "\\]" = "", "\\[" = "", "\\}" = "",
                                        "\\{" = "", "\\*" = "", "\\+" = ""))
  # split the textfile into individual utf-8 characters. Note that white spaces are
  # counted as utf-8 characters here.
  chars <- unlist(strsplit(textfile, ""))</pre>
  chars <- chars[1:n] # use only maximally n units</pre>
```

```
chars <- chars[!is.na(chars)] # remove NAs for vectors which are already shorter
# than n
# chars <- chars[chars != " "] # remove white spaces from character vector
# use "next" statement to exclude files with less than x characters
if (length(chars) < 100) {</pre>
# run loop with stepsizes
\# define the number of units (i.e. characters) used for analyses (note that k is
# always either equal to or smaller than n)
k = length(chars)
for (i in 1:(k/stepsize))
  # unigram entropy estimation
  # define substring of chars vector by stepsize
 sub.chars <- chars[1:(i*stepsize)]</pre>
  # calculate uniquam entropy for characters
 chars.df <- as.data.frame(table(sub.chars))</pre>
  # print(chars.df)
 huni.chars <- entropy(chars.df$Freq, method = "ML", unit = "log2")</pre>
  # entropy rate estimation
  # note: the values chosen for max.length and every.word will crucially
  # impact processing time. max.length = NULL means all units in the file are
  # considered.
 hrate.chars <- get.estimate(text = sub.chars, every.word = 1,</pre>
                               max.length = NULL)
  # calculate type-token ratio (ttr)
 ttr.chars <- nrow(chars.df)/sum(chars.df$Freq)</pre>
  # calculate repetition measure according to Sproat (2014)
  # the overall number of repetitions is the sum of frequency counts minus 1.
 R <- sum(chars.df$Freq)-1</pre>
  # calculate the number of adjacent repetitions
 r = 0
 if (length(sub.chars) > 1){
    for (j in 1:(length(sub.chars)-1)){
      if (sub.chars[j] == sub.chars[j+1]){
        r = r + 1
      } else {
        r = r + 0
      }
    # calculate the repetition measure
    rm.chars <- r/R
 } else {
    rm.chars <- "NA"
 }
  # append results to dataframe
 local.df <- data.frame(filename, subcorpus, code, huni.chars, hrate.chars,</pre>
                          ttr.chars, rm.chars, units = i*stepsize)
  stabilization.df <- rbind(stabilization.df, local.df)</pre>
}
```

```
# counter
 counter <- counter + 1</pre>
 # print(counter)
 })
end_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
end_time - start_time
## Time difference of 14.77054 secs
head(stabilization.df)
               filename subcorpus
                                     code huni.chars hrate.chars ttr.chars
## 1 animal_bhg_0001.txt
                          animal bhg_0001
                                            2.846439
                                                       1.812114 0.8000000
## 2 animal bhg 0001.txt
                          animal bhg_0001 3.046439
                                                       2.193634 0.5500000
## 3 animal_bhg_0001.txt animal bhg_0001 3.199581
                                                       2.389334 0.4333333
## 4 animal_bhg_0001.txt animal bhg_0001 3.431541
                                                       2.608716 0.4000000
                          animal bhg_0001 3.493661
## 5 animal_bhg_0001.txt
                                                       2.674294 0.3400000
## 6 animal_bhg_0001.txt
                          animal bhg_0001 3.493506
                                                       2.727356 0.3000000
## rm.chars units
## 1
           0
## 2
                20
           0
          0
## 3
                30
## 4
          0 40
## 5
           0 50
## 6
                60
```

Stabilization plots

Unigram entropy characters



Saving 20 x 20 in image

Entropy rate characters

```
geom_line(alpha = 0.8, size = 1.5) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(x = "number of characters", y = "entropy rate for characters") +
  facet_wrap(~code)
hrate.chars.plot
    50 75 100 25 50 75 100 25 50 75 100
```

TTR characters

```
ttr.chars.plot \leftarrow ggplot(stabilization.df, aes(x = units, y = ttr.chars,
                                                              colour = subcorpus)) +
  geom_line(alpha = 0.8, size = 1.5) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(x = "number of characters", y = "TTR for characters") +
  facet_wrap(~code)
ttr.chars.plot
   aii,0001 aik,0001 aik,0002 aib,0001 azi,0001 azi,0001 azi,0001 azi,0002 ben,0001 bing,0001 bing,0002 bing,0003 bing,0004 bing,0005 bing,0006 bing,0007 bing,0008
   cre_0001 cre_0002 csw_0001 ch_0001 ch_0002 ch_0003 ch_0003 ch_0004 ch_0005 ch_0006 ch_0007 ch_0008 ch_0009 ch_0010 ch_0011
   dra_0001 dra_0002 dra_0003 dra_0004 dra_0005 dra_0006 dra_0000 dra_0008 dra_0009 dra_0010 dra_0011 dra_0012 dra_0013 dra_0014 dra_0015
 dna_0016 dna_0017 dna_0018 dna_0019 dna_0020 dna_0021 dna_0022 dna_0023 dna_0024 dna_0025 dna_0026 dna_0027 dna_0028 dna_0029 dna_0030
   ela_0001 ela_0002 ell_0001 eng_0001 epo_0001 epo_0001 guz_0001 guz_0001 heb_0001 hin_0001 hye_0001 ibb_0001 ii_0001 ike_0001 jav_0001
   moc_0005 moc_0006 moc_0007 moc_0008 moc_0009 moc_0010 moc_0011 mya_0001 pan_0001 pra_0001 prc_0001 prc_0002 prc_0003 prc_0004 pyc_0001
   pyc_0002 pyc_0003 pyc_0004 pyc_0006 pyc_0006 ran_10 ran_11 ran_12 ran_13 ran_14 ran_15 ran_16 ran_17 ran_18 ran_19
                            ran_22 ran_23 ran_24 ran_25 ran_26 ran_27 ran_28 ran_29 ran_3
   ran,33 ran,34 ran,35 ran,36 ran,37 ran,38 ran,39 ran,4 ran,40 ran,41 ran,42 ran,43 ran,44 ran,45 ran,46
   ran_47 ran_48 ran_5 ran_6 ran_7 ran_8 ran_9 rus_0001 sin_0001 sum_0002 sum_0003 sum_0004 sum_0005 sum_0006
   sum_0007 sum_0008 sum_0009 sum_0010 tam_0001 tel_0001 tgl_0001 th=_0001 tgl_0001 tsl_0001 tsl_0001 tsl_0002 tsl_0003 val_0001
    25 50 75 100 25 50 75 100 25 50 75 10
```

Repetition rate characters



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