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Quarto Title for the APSR

AUTHOR ONE *An Organization*
ELIZA DEALLOC *Author Two*
AUTHOR THREE *A Third Organization*

This document is a template demonstrating the APSR format. Make sure it is long enough to work with the automatic dropcap.

Word Count: 0

Introduction

Thanks for using Quarto to write your article. This Quarto template is unofficial and based on Overleaf's APSR template. Your introduction goes here! Do make sure the first paragraph here is at least three lines long, to accommodate the dropped-cap. Some examples of commonly used commands and features are listed below, to help you get started.

Since we are in Quarto, you can cite with an `@` symbol, like Knuth and Bibby (1984). As seen below, you can mix markdown and Latex with each other, though it's likely best to mostly use markdown.

Author One is PhD Candidate, ABC Department, Affiliation A, 12345 NY. (a.1@example.edu)

Author Two is Assistant Professor, Faculty of Z, Affiliation B, 42813. Corresponding Author (a.2@acme.edu) Additional notes about Author Two.

Author Three is …

This is a manuscript submitted for review.

SOME LaTeX EXAMPLES

Use section and subsection commands to organize your document. LaTeX handles all the formatting and numbering automatically. Use `\ref` and `\label` commands for cross-references.

Figures and Tables

Use the table and tabular commands for basic tables — see Table 1, for example. TablesGenerator.com is a handy tool for designing tables and generating the LaTeX code, which you can copy and paste into your article here.

Table 1. An example table

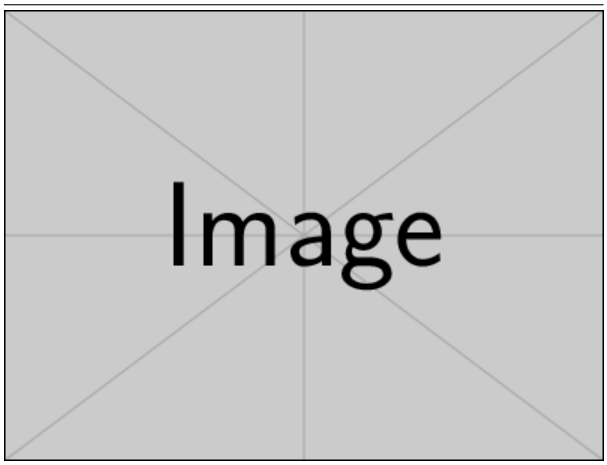
Item	Quantity
Widgets	42
Gadgets	13

Note: This is a note for this table.

To include it in your document, use the

\verb|graphicx| package and the \verb|\includegraphics| command as in the code for Figure 1.

Figure 1. A figure example.



Note: This is a note for this figure.

Notes can be added to the bottom of figures and tables using the `\floatnote` command.

For wide, double-column figures and tables, use the `figure*` (Figure 2) or `table*` (Table 2) starred environments. Landscaped figures and tables can be obtained using the `sidewaysfigure` and `sidewaysfigure` commands from the `rotating` package. Alternatively, you can use the `landscape` environment from the `pdflscape` package.

Multi-page tables can be created using the `longtable` and `supertabular` packages, though note that `longtables` cannot be used in two-column documents.[1]

Currently `table`, `table*`, `figure`, `figure*`, `longtable`, `supertabular`, `sidewaystable` and `sidewaysfigure` will be automatically framed.

If you are using a custom figure or table environment from a package (e.g.~a `MyFigure` environment) and it's not getting framed, add `\makeframedenv{MyFigure}` in the preamble.

Lists and Quotations You can make lists with automatic numbering …

1. Like this,
2. and like this.

[1]This is an example footnote. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Table 2. Automobile Land Speed Records (GR 5-10).

Speed (mph)	Driver	Car	Engine	Date
407.447	Craig Breedlove	Spirit of America	GE J47	8/5/63
413.199	Tom Green	Wingfoot Express	WE J46	10/2/64
434.22	Art Arfons	Green Monster	GE J79	10/5/64
468.719	Craig Breedlove	Spirit of America	GE J79	10/13/64
526.277	Craig Breedlove	Spirit of America	GE J79	10/15/65
536.712	Art Arfons	Green Monster	GE J79	10/27/65
555.127	Craig Breedlove	Spirit of America, Sonic 1	GE J79	11/2/65
576.553	Art Arfons	Green Monster	GE J79	11/7/65
600.601	Craig Breedlove	Spirit of America, Sonic 1	GE J79	11/15/65
622.407	Gary Gabelich	Blue Flame	Rocket	10/23/70
633.468	Richard Noble	Thrust 2	RR RG 146	10/4/83
763.035	Andy Green	Thrust SSC	RR Spey	10/15/97

Note: https://www.sedl.org/afterschool/toolkits/science/pdf/ast_sci_data_tables_sample.pdf

…or bullet points …

- Like this,
- and like this.

An example long quotation:

> This is a sample quotation text. This is a sample quotation text. This is a sample quotation text.

Citations

Quarto formats citations and references automatically using the bibliography records in your .bib file. For a citation in parentheses use (Greenwade 1993) and for a text citation: Greenwade (1993). Multiple citations can be given as (Greenwade 1993; Knuth and Bibby 1984). Drop the author like so (1993).

If your manuscript is accepted, the APSR production team will re-format the references for publication. *It is not necessary to format the reference list yourself to mirror the final published form.*

Mathematics

Let $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$ be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with $\mathrm{E}[X_i] = \mu$ and $\mathrm{Var}[X_i] = \sigma^2 < \infty$, and let

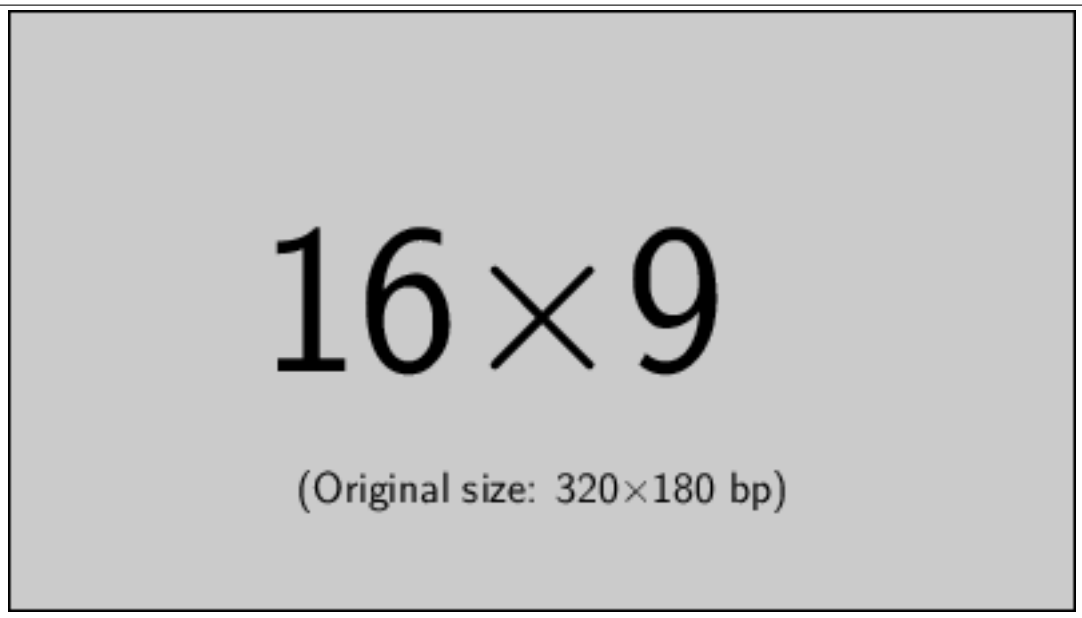
$$S_n = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \cdots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}^{n} X_i \qquad (1)$$

denote their mean. Then as n approaches infinity, the random variables $\sqrt{n}(S_n - \mu)$ converge in distribution to a normal $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$.

Table 3. Panel Linear Model of the Full Sample of Data to Show Long Tables

	Dependent variable: $log(DependentVariable_{t-1}+1)$			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Variable q	−0.512	−0.674	−0.421	−0.374
	(0.510)	(0.525)	(0.517)	(0.537)
Variable 2	1.108***	0.798***	0.784***	0.703**
	(0.288)	(0.283)	(0.275)	(0.288)
Variable 3	0.200	0.202	0.304**	0.285**
	(0.138)	(0.139)	(0.139)	(0.138)
Variable 4		−0.766***	−1.036***	−0.982***
		(0.254)	(0.255)	(0.251)
Variable 5		0.120	0.232*	0.260*
		(0.127)	(0.134)	(0.138)
Variable 6		0.341***	0.395***	0.357***
		(0.071)	(0.072)	(0.072)
Variable 7			0.232***	0.189***
			(0.034)	(0.036)
Variable 8			0.253***	0.206***
			(0.037)	(0.042)
Variable 9			0.060***	0.051***
			(0.008)	(0.009)
Variable 10			−0.018***	−0.012*
			(0.007)	(0.007)
Variable 11				0.329***
				(0.125)
Variable 12				−0.320***
				(0.062)
Variable 13				−0.124***
				(0.031)
Variable 14				−0.060
				(0.057)
Variable 15				−0.340***
				(0.055)
Variable 16				−0.123***
				(0.033)
Variable 17	0.0002	0.001	−0.001	−0.0003
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
Variable 18	0.006***	0.005***	0.012***	0.011***
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
Variable 19	−0.129***	−0.123***	−0.039	−0.036
	(0.032)	(0.032)	(0.034)	(0.036)
Variable 20	0.629***	0.624***	0.598***	0.618***
	(0.010)	(0.010)	(0.010)	(0.011)
Constant	0.275***	0.946***	−2.334***	−1.017**
	(0.056)	(0.298)	(0.439)	(0.475)
Obs.	32,658	32,658	32,658	28,200
Adj. R^2	0.371	0.374	0.389	0.429
F Stat.	2,756.800***	1,949.369***	1,485.940***	1,058.683***
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01			

Figure 2. A wide figure



References

Greenwade, George D. 1993. "The Comprehensive TeX Archive Network (CTAN)." *TUGBoat* 14 (3): 342–51.

Knuth, Donald Ervin, and Duane Bibby. 1984. *The TeXbook*. Vol. 3. Addison-Wesley Reading.