# Installation and users Guide for the reference implementation

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## Introduction

The reference implementation serves the following goals:

- · Test and prove the concept of the DVPD
- Provide reference about the transformation ruleset for other implementations
- Provide examples for model and mapping variation
- Provide examples / templates for code and documentation generators

It is implemented completly in python and provided under the Apache 2.0 licence:

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# Architecture and content of the reference implementation

The reference implementation is part of the DVPD git reposititory. It consists of the following assets:

- DVPD Compiler (DVPDC) (processes/dvpdc/ main .py)
- Some assisting libraries (lib/\*.py)
- Set of dvpd testcases and example dvpd (testcases\_and\_examples/dvpd/\*.dvpd, testcases and examples/model\_profiles/\*)
- Automated test of the DVPDC (processes/test\_dvpdc/\_\_main\_\_.py)
- Reference results for the automated testing ((testcases and examples/reference/\*.dvpd))
- Example of a ddl Render script (processes/render\_ddl/\_main\_.py)
- Examples of documentation render scripts (processes/render\_documentation /\_\_main\_\_.py)
   (processes/render\_dev\_sheet /\_\_main\_\_.py)
- Example of a dvpd generator (processes/generate basic dvpd from db table pg/ main .py))
- easy to call windows batch scripts or bash shell scripts for all examples (commands/)

The scripts are using a central configuration file (dvpdc.ini file), to declare further directory structures (See "Decistions about file locations" below)

template for the configuration file (config\_template/dvpdc.ini)

## **DVPD** usage Worflow

The general workflow, would be as follows:

#### Primary dvpd creation and compilation

- 1. Generate and edit the dvpd document of the desired pipeline
- 2. store the dvpd in the directory for dvpd's in your project
- 3. Compile the dvpd. This will result in
  - o a log output with compiler messages on console and the reporting directory
  - a dvpi file in the desigated dvpi directory
  - a dvpi summary report in the reporting directory
- 4. review the compiler messages and the dvpi summary. If you need to correct mistakes, loop back to step 3
- 5. run the model crosscheck. In case of model inconsistencies to other pipeline, align the models (looping back to step 3)
- 6. probably commit dvpd, dvpi and the ddl files in a git repository of the project

### Platform specific generation of data base structure

- 1. when using DBT as load processor:
  - i. run the dbt renderer
  - ii. execute the dbt modells, to test consistency
  - iii. probably commit dvpd, dvpi and the dbt files in a git repository of the project
- 2. in case you need ddl scripts:
  - i. run the ddl render script for the new generated dvpi to generate the ddl files in the repository for ddl files
  - ii. deploy the data model to the data base (using the ddl files and the deployment procedure of your choice). This will test the db compatibility of your ddl files.
  - iii. probably commit dvpd, dvpi and the ddl files in a git repository of the project

In case of problems with generated code (mostply bad names and types, that are not compatible with the Databeses) correct the dvpd and got back to step 3 in the previous phase

### Further generation of code and documentation

- 1. generate developer sheet
- 2. generate documentaion
- 3. generate loading code

## **Installation Guide**

## Requirements

- python 3.10 or higher must be available
- please install missing python packages on demand (via python pip or equivalent package manager)
- A text editor (hopefully capable of JSON syntax highlitging and hierarchie folding)

If you want to modify, debug or extend the dvpd toolset or documentation

- · An text editor soupporting markdown documents
- · "Draw.io" for opitmal view of diagrams
- · A python ide

#### **Decisions about file locations**

You need to decide, where to place the following artifacts

- the DVDP project, that includes the compiler
- configuration file(=ini file) for the compiler
- your DVPD files (probably inside of a git repository of your project)
- your "model profile" configuration files (probably inside of a git repository of your project)
- compiler results files (Reports, dvpi files)
- results from generators (e.g. the generated DDL files should also go into the git reposotory of your project)

#### Example structure

## Download and setup the compiler

- Download or clone the DVPD repository in the directory for the DVPD project
- copy the file "dvpdc.ini" from the "config\_template" directory of the project to your desired location for configuration files
- adapt all properties of the [dvpdc] section in the "dvpdc.ini" file entries to point to the desired directories

- adapt all properties "ddl\_root\_directory" and "dvpi\_default\_directory" of the [rendering] section in the
   "dvpdc.ini" file entries to point to the desired directories
- copy the file "default.model\_profile.json" from "testset\_and\_examples\model\_profiles" to your desired location for model profiles
- adapt the model profile to your project needs (see Reference of model profile syntax.md)
- add the directory "/commands" from the compiler project to your path environment variable
- open a command line and run "dvpdc -h" in any directory. This should show the help text of the compiler

#### Test the compiler

- · place a dvpd file in the directory for the dvpd files
- · open a command line
- run "dvdpc --ini\_file="<path to the ini file>"
- This should write out its messages and success state to the console and a log file in the log output directory
- if the compile is successfull you should have a dvpi file in the directory for dvpi

#### Test the ddl generator

- run "dvdp ddl render <name of the dvpi file> --ini file="<path to the ini file>"
- all ddl scripts for the pipeline in the dvpi file should be written to subdirectoreis of th configured
   "ddl\_root\_directory"

#### Test the documentation generator

- run "dvdp\_doc\_render <name of the dvpd file> --ini\_file="<path to the ini file>"
- a html file, containing a formatted the mapping tabl should be written to subdirectoreis of the configured "documentation directory"

## Create some shortcuts or convenience wrapper

Since declaration of the ini files will mostly be the same in every call, you might want to create some wrapper script, that inserts this

This wrapper script might also be helpfull to combine some steps of your workflow into one call.

## Adapt the ddl generator

The ddl generator is only an example/template and must be adapted to your specific need, regarding SQL dialect or naming of files and directories.

Please be aware, that many design descisions about your platform can be adjusted in the model profile (e.g. names and types of metadata and hash columns) and will already be applied to the compilers result in the dvpi. Only the final formatting, sorting and SQL Syntax of the ddl files lies in the responsibility of the ddl generator.

To adapt the ddl generator it is recommended to copy the template and make it your own code.

## **Usage Guide**

## dvpd compiler (dvpdc)

The dvpdc compiler is started on the command line with

dvdpc <name of the dvpd file> options

When using the file name "@youngest", the compiler uses the youngest file in the dvpd default directory

#### Options:

- --ini\_file=<path of ini file>:Defines the ini file to use (default is dvpdc.ini in the local directory)
- --model\_profile\_directory=<directory>: Sets the location of the model profile directory (instead of the location configured by the ini file)
- --dvpi\_directory=<directory>: Sets the location for the output of the dvpi file (instead of the location configured by the ini file)
- --report\_directory=<directory>: Sets the location for the log and report file (instead of the location configured by the ini file)
- --verbose: prints some internal progress messages to the console
- · --print\_brain: prints the internal "memory" of the compiler for diagnosis

#### result

The compiler creates a log file and, when compilation is successfull 2 result files

- report directory
  - log file: Contains the same messages, that have been written to the console
  - dvpisum.txt: Contains a summarized version of the dvpi data for fast overview about all essentials, created by the compiler
- · dvpi directory:
  - dvpi file: Contains the dvpi json file, that has been generated from the dvpd. This can be used as
    a base for all further generators (see Reference and usage of dvpi syntax.md)

## **Crosscheck of DVPI**

The **Crosscheck Feature** is a component of DVPD reference implementation. It ensures data integrity, schema alignment and configuration consistency by identifying differences across multiple pipelines.

The crosscheck identifies inconsistencies between different dvpi's (=compiled dvpd's) in by just compary the structure:

- 1. Table Structures: Schema differences like column types, sizes, and constraints.
- 2. Hash Keys: Variations in definitions and usage (mostly caused by different field mapping properties).
- 3. Field Types: Mismatched declarations and usage.

#### **Execution**

The crosscheck is started on the command line with:

```
dvpd_dvpi_crosscheck <name of dvpi file> [options]
```

The declared file is used as focus. Comparison will only be done on tables, that are defined in this file.

- When using the file name "@youngest", the script uses the youngest file in the dvpi default directory as focus
- When using the file name "@all", the script compares all files in the dvpi default directory

#### Options:

- · -h, --help show this help message and exit
- --ini\_file=<path of ini file>:Defines the ini file to use (default is dvpdc.ini in the local directory)
- --tests\_only restricts the dvpi to a hard coded set of files (Name Pattern "t120\*.json"). In the set of reference tests, these test contain specific scenarios to test the crosscheck

Settings read from dvpdc.ini file, section "dvpdc":

· dvpi default directory - The directory where the crosscheck searches for the dvpi-files

#### Exit codes:

- 0: everthing is fine
- 5: There are similarity warnings
- 8: there are conflicts
- 9: There are inconsistencies in the dvpi files, that prevent an analysis
- · 1: something very bad happened

The crosscheck checks all \*.json files, in the configured directory. If conflicts are detected, they will be reported to the console and the crosscheck exits with exit code 8.

The output contains 4 sections:

- Table name similarity analisys: lists table names that are nearly the same (Might indicate a typo)
- Table / Column property conflicts: lists for every table with a conflict a detailed description of every conflict
- · Summary Report: Statistics about the analysis
- Summary report line: comprehensive statistics about the analys in one single string (thought to be used as commit message)

## ddl generator (dvpd\_ddl\_render)

The ddl generator renders all create statements for a given dvpi file. Since this is an example and not core part of the dvpd concept, syntax and structure are also only example (mainly taken from a current project). To adapt this to your needs, you should copy and adapt the script.

The ddl generator is started on the command line with

```
dvdp_ddl_render <name of the dvpi file> options
```

When using the file name "@youngest", the script uses the youngest file in the dvpi default directory

#### Options:

- --ini\_file=<path of ini file>:Defines the ini file to use (default is dvpdc.ini in the local directory)
- · --print: prints the full ddl set to the console
- --add ghost records: adds ghost record inserts to the script
- --no primary keys: omit rendering of primary key constraints
- --ddl file naming pattern: declares the pattern for the file name. Valid settings:
  - 111 = everything lowercase
  - 101 = table name upper case
- --stage\_column\_naming\_rule={stage|combined} : stage = pure genrated stage column names are
  used in the stage combined= combination of target column names and stage column names

Settings read from .ini file:

- dvpi\_default\_directory
- ddl root directory
- stage\_column\_naming\_rule

#### Purpose of the "combined" stage table generation rule

Some data vault loading frameworks (e.g. cimt talend framework) use similarly of column names between stage table and target table for automatic mapping. In that case it is more convenient to generate a stage table with the target column names. This will work well, until the same column name for different content is used in different tables of the pipeline or different source fields are mapped to the same target.

The "combined" stage column naming rule resolves this as follows:

- one or more target columns with same name and same single source field: stage column name =
   Target name
- one target column with a unique name and multiple source fields: stage column name = Target name
   + field name
- multiple target columns with different names have the same single source field: stage column name = all target field names concatinated
- multiple target columns sharing the same name using different source fields: stage column name = field name

## **Documentation generator (dvdp\_doc\_render)**

The documentation generator creates a simple html table of the field mapping, ready to be copied into a documentain tool of your choice (confluence, one Note / Word, ...)

The documentation generator is started on the command line with:

```
dvpd_doc_render <name of the dvpd file> options
```

When using the file name "@youngest", the script uses the youngest file in the dvpd default directory

#### Options:

- --ini file=<path of ini file>:Defines the ini file to use (default is dvpdc.ini in the local directory)
- · --print: prints the html text to the console

## Developer sheet generator (dvpd\_devsheet\_render)

The developert sheet is a human readable text file, providing the essential key information needed to implement the loading process.

- · pipeline name
- · record source
- · source field structure
- formatted list of tables involved (targets + stage)
- stage table structure and mapping of fields to stage table
- · hash columns and how to assemble it
- load operations for every table and the stage column to target column mapping

The developer sheet generator is started on the command line with:

```
dvpd devsheet render <name of the dvpi file> [options]
```

When using the file name "@youngest", the script uses the youngest file in the dvpi default directory

#### Options:

- --ini\_file=<path of ini file>:Defines the ini file to use (default is dvpdc.ini in the local directory)
- --stage\_column\_naming\_rule={stage|combined} : stage = pure generated stage column names are
  used in the stage combined= combination of target column names and stage column names

see "stage\_column\_naming\_rule" in the ddl generator for explanation of the naming rules.

Settings read from .ini file:

- · dvpi default directory
- stage\_column\_naming\_rule

## Full compile and render for youngest dvpd (dvpd\_all\_youngest)

This command call all steps with the "@youngest" directive a file name parameter. Therefore it compiles the youngest dvdp and generates ddls and documentation, when compilation was successfull.

It a first rough example, how to create a ci pipeline.

## Generator of dvpd templates from database tables (dvpd\_genereate\_from\_db)

This command generates a template dvpd file from the table structure of a database tables.

For the given table, it determines all columns including their attribution to be part of the primary key or a foreign key. Also it measures some indicators about cardinality and completeness for all columns.

As a result it writes dvpd a file with all fields, a simple Data Vault model (Hub+sat/link/hub) and uses a best guess to map the fields to the model. The field analysis data is also provided in the dvpd. Additionally it generates a summary of the data profiling as simple human readable text file.

The dvpd generator is started on the command line with:

dvpd\_generate\_from\_db <name of the table schema> <name of the table> [options]

#### options:

- -h, --help show this help message and exit
- · --dvpdc ini file Name of the ini file of dvpdc
- · --connection ini file Name of the ini file with the db connection properties of the source
- --connection\_ini\_section
   Name of the section of parameters in the connection file

Settings read from dvpdc.ini file:

· dvpd generator directory - Directory, the result file will be written to

The example is restricted to postgreSQL Databases. It reads it's connection parameters from an ini file.

## Generate DBT Models (generate\_dbt\_models)

This command generates DBT model files based on the DVPI files (=result of DVPD compile). The generated DBT models use the datavault4dbt syntax. Therefore you need to install that package into the dbt environment to work.

The generator can be configured to write the model files into the dbt project directory. The target directory is configured with the ini parameter "model directory". See all options below.

Currently, the script can generate hubs, links, satellites and stage models. Support for Ref-Tables will be added in upcoming releases.

The dbt model generator is started on the command line with:

dvpd\_generate\_dbt\_models <name of the dvpi file> <path to the ini file> [options]

The generator creates or modifies all DBT models, that are affected by the declared dvpi file. By setting the dvpi file name to "@youngest", the script uses the youngest file in the dvpi default directory.

"Modify" means, that only the DBT declarations in the model file, that resulting from the given DVPI file will be added or changed by the generator.

By setting the option -a, the generator will replace the DBT models affected by the DVPI completely, but also includes the information of all other DVPI files that have an impact on these models.

When using the dvpi file name "@all", the script creates/replaces dbt models for all dvpi files found in the dvpi default directory.

The generator **does not check overall model consistency** and might deliver "garbage" if different DVPI's declare different structures for the same target. It is highly recommended, to check the consistency between of all DVPI files first with the "dvpd\_crosscheck" script.

#### options:

- -h, --help show this help message and exit
- -a, --use-all-dvpis Use specified dvpi only to identify the set of models to generate, but use all dvpis to actually create those models.

Settings read from dvpdc.ini file, section "datavault4dbt":

- dvpi\_default\_directory The directory where the generator searches for the dvpi-files
- · model directory The directory where the datavault4dbt model files will be written to