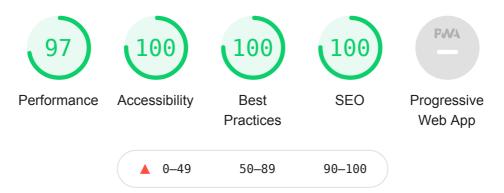


https://therhythmbox.herokuapp.com/





Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	1.0 s	Time to Interactive	1.0 s
Speed Index	1.0 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	1.0 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.002

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace





















Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.65 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL

Transfer Size Potential Savings

...css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com)

44.1 KiB

290 ms

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL

Failing Elements



 $... the _rhythm _box/logo.webp \ \ (\textit{res.cloudinary.com})$



img.nav__logo--img

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 6 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
lg/hero.jpg (res.cloudinary.com)	5 m	247 KiB
lg/cymbals.webp (res.cloudinary.com)	5 m	175 KiB
lg/electric.webp (res.cloudinary.com)	5 m	70 KiB
lg/accessories.webp (res.cloudinary.com)	5 m	63 KiB
lg/acoustic.webp (res.cloudinary.com)	5 m	43 KiB
the_rhythm_box/logo.webp (res.cloudinary.com)	30 d	7 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more.

Maximum critical path latency: 340 ms

Initial Navigation

https://ther hythmbox.herokuapp.com

...css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com)

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v15/z7NFdQDnb....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 10.10 KiB

...v15/z7NFdQDnb....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 8.78 KiB

...v27/KFOmCnqEu....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 10.89 KiB

...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) - 60 ms, 75.53 KiB

...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) - 80 ms, 76.93 KiB

...scripts/app.js (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) - 90 ms, 1.05 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 15 requests • 845 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	15	844.6 KiB
Image	6	603.9 KiB
Font	5	182.2 KiB
Stylesheet	2	44.9 KiB
Document	1	12.5 KiB
Script	1	1.1 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Other	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	14	832.1 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element	ent — 1 element found	^
This is the largest contentful e	ement painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u>	
Element		
	h2.headerheadingsub.subtitle.light.upper	
	- neading cast cast and in appoint	
Avoid large layout shifts — 5	elements found	^
These DOM elements contribu	ite most to the CLS of the page.	
Element		CLS Contribution
	h2.headerheadingsub.subtitle.light.upper	
	_	
		0.001
	a.headerlinktext.upper.regular	
		0
	ul.nav-menulist	
		0

Element		CLS	Contribution
li.	nav-menulistcategory.upper.regular		
			0
li.	nav-menulistcategory.upper.regular		
			0
			0
Avoid non-composited animations	— 1 animated element found		^
Animations which are not compos	ted can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn more</u>		
Element			
d	v.nav-menu.nav-hidden		
Unsupported CSS Property: fo	nt-size		
Unsupported CSS Property: ba			
Unsupported CSS Property: m	argin-left		
sed audits (29)			^
Properly size images — Potentia	savings of 6 KiB		^
Serve images that are appropriate	y-sized to save cellular data and improve load time.	. <u>Learn more</u> .	
		Show 3rd-party res	sources (1)
URL		Resource Size	Potential Savings
TRBthe_rhythm_box/logo.	webp (res.cloudinary.com)	6.3 KiB	6.1 KiB
Defer offscreen images			^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen an interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	d hidden images after all critical resources have fini	ished loading to lower time to)
Minify CSS			^
Minifying CSS files can reduce ne	work payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Minify JavaScript			^

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.

Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 35 KiB Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (1) Transfer Potential URI Size Savings 44.1 KiB 34.6 KiB ...css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) Remove unused JavaScript Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. Preconnect to required origins Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more. Initial server response time was short — Root document took 70 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) **URL** Time Spent https://therhythmbox.herokuapp.com 70 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. Preload key requests Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More Preload Largest Contentful Paint image Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 860 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (9) URL Transfer Size 247.1 KiB ...lg/hero.jpg (res.cloudinary.com) 175.1 KiB ...lg/cymbals.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 76.9 KiB ...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 75.5 KiB ...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 69.6 KiB ...lg/electric.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 62.9 KiB ...lg/accessories.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 44.1 KiB ...css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) ...lg/acoustic.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 42.7 KiB /static/favicon.ico (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 15.5 KiB https://therhythmbox.herokuapp.com 12.5 KiB Avoids an excessive DOM size — 109 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. Statistic Value Element **Total DOM Elements** 109 Maximum DOM Depth 8 а body Maximum Child Elements 5

User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more. JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) Total CPU **URL** Script Evaluation Script Parse Time https://therhythmbox.herokuapp.com 108 ms 7 ms 5 ms Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more Category Time Spent 68 ms Other Style & Layout 58 ms Rendering 15 ms Script Evaluation 11 ms Parse HTML & CSS 5 ms Script Parsing & Compilation 5 ms All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) Third-Party Transfer Size Main-Thread Blocking Time Cloudinary 604 KiB 0 ms 247 KiB ...lg/hero.jpg (res.cloudinary.com) 0 ms 175 KiB ...lg/cymbals.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 0 ms ...lg/electric.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 70 KiB 0 ms ...lg/accessories.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 63 KiB 0 ms ...lg/acoustic.webp (res.cloudinary.com) 43 KiB 0 ms **Amazon Web Services** 213 KiB 0 ms ...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 77 KiB 0 ms

...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com)

0 ms

76 KiB

css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 44 KiB	
css/main.css (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 44 KiB	0 ms
/static/favicon.ico (therhythmbox.s3.amazonaws.com) 15 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts 31 KiB	0 ms
v27/KFOmCnqEuwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 11 KiB	0 ms
v15/z7NFdQDnbwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 10 KiB	0 ms
v15/z7NFdQDnbwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 9 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Lear	n more.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance.	earn more.
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load b seconds. Learn more.	y tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more	



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^ more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive	
elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^

Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more. <a html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. Not applicable (27) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

[role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to '<object>' elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

U	Ises HTTPS
in	all sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a rerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more.
L	inks to cross-origin destinations are safe
	dd `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities.
Α	voids requesting the geolocation permission on page load
	lsers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a use ction instead. <u>Learn more</u> .
Α	voids requesting the notification permission on page load
	Isers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request t ser gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .
Α	voids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities
	some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>earn more.</u>
Α	Illows users to paste into password fields
Ρ	reventing password pasting undermines good security policy. <u>Learn more</u> .
D	Displays images with correct aspect ratio
lr	mage display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u> .
S	serves images with appropriate resolution
	mage natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> nore.
Ρ	age has the HTML doctype
S	specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .

Content-Type HTTP response header. $\underline{\text{Learn more}}.$ Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache.
Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. Learn more

Avoids Application Cache

Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more.

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SFO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u>.

Passed audits (11)	^
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.	
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determ page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ine if a</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor ele to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More</td><td>ments links</td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. L</td><td>earn more.</td></tr><tr><td>robots.txt is valid</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be craw indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>vled or</td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with ar attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ı empty alt</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language o <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>r region.</td></tr><tr><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Not applicable (3)</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid rel=canonical</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Each page has a URL

media. Learn more.

2/07	/2021	
	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^
	If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon	^
	For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u> .	
A	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched	^
	A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	ditional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not omatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.	^
	Site works cross-browser	^
	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
	Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u> .	

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Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social

URL	https://therhythmbox.herokuapp.com/
Fetch Time	Jul 2, 2021, 10:55 PM GMT+1
Device	Emulated Desktop
Network throttling	40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)
CPU throttling	1x slowdown (Simulated)
Channel	devtools
User agent (host)	Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.77 Safari/537.36

User agent (network)

Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1728

Axe version 4.1.2

Generated by **Lighthouse** 7.2.0 | File an issue