46. A reaction is thought to proceed according to the following mechanism.  $2NO+H_2 \longrightarrow N_2+H_2O_2$  (slow)

 $H_2O_2+H_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O \text{ (fast)}$ 

- (a) What is the overall reaction equation?
- (b) What is true about the [H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] at any time during the reaction?
- (c) Which of the steps in the mechanism is the rate-determining step?
- (d) What would happen to the overall rate it some extra NO was injected into reaction mixture?
- (e) If it were somehow possible to speed up the second step in the mechanism, what effect would this have on the overall rate of the reaction?
- (f) What is the formula of the activated complex in the 1st step of the reaction? In the second step?
- (g) How many elemetary process are involved in the reaction?
- 47. What is the difference between an activated complex and a reaction intermediate?

48. The reaction  $A \to C$  is known to have the mechanism:

 $A \to B \text{ (fast)}$ 

 $B \to C \text{ (slow)}$ 

What would you expect to be true about the concentration of B as the reaction proceeds?

49. You have been told that phosphorous can be prepared by means of the reaction  $2\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 6\text{SiO}_2 + 10\text{C} \longrightarrow \text{P}_4 + 6\text{CaSiO}_3 + 10\text{CO}$ .

Why can you be certain that the reaction equation shown does not represent a reaction mechanism?

- 50. A two step mechanism IS proposed for a reaction: ClO<sup>-</sup>+ClO<sup>-</sup>  $\longrightarrow$  ClO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>,+Cl<sup>-</sup>  $\subset$  ClO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>,+Cl<sup>-</sup>
  - (a) What is the overall reaction which occurs?
  - (b) Is ClO, a reaction intermediate or an activated complex?
  - (c) What is the chemical formula for the activated complex in the second step?
- 51. The decomposition of acetone,  $(CH_3)_2CO$ , proceeds according to  $2(CH_3)_2CO \longrightarrow C_2H_4 + 2CO + 2CH_4$ . If the decomposition is a two-step reaction, and the second step is  $2CH_2CO \longrightarrow C_2H_4 + 2CO$ ,
  - (a) what is the first step?
  - (b) what is the formula for the activated complex in the first step? The second step?

52. A chemist suggested that the reaction:  $2NO+O_2 \longrightarrow NO_2$  has a three-step mechanism. If the proposed first and third steps are:

 $2NO \longrightarrow N_2O_2 \text{ (first)}$ 

 $N_2O_4 \longrightarrow 2NO_2$  (third),

- (a) what is the second step in the proposed reaction?
- (b) what is the formula of the activated complex in the second step?

53. The reaction between gaseous hydrogen and chlorine proceeds as follows.

$$Cl_2 + light \longrightarrow 2 Cl \dots (1)$$

$$H + Cl_2 \longrightarrow HCl + Cl \dots$$
 (3

- (a) Suggest what step might occur after step 3? [Hint: Steps 2 and 3 show what happens when an individual pair of Cl and H<sub>2</sub> react; not all the Cl's and H<sub>2</sub>'s react at once.]
- (b) What function is served by the light?
- (c) Suggest why this reaction is called a "chain reaction".
- 54. 54. Which of the steps in the reaction  $4HBr+O_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O + 2Br_2$ has the greatest activation energy? Which has the least?

- 55. In the following PE diagram:
  - (a) How many steps does this reaction have?
  - (b) Is the second step  $(B \to C)$  exothermic or endothermic?
  - (c) Is the overall reaction exothermic or endothermic?