



Azure CosmosDB – AltGraph

Chris Joakim, Microsoft, CosmosDB Global Black Belt (GBB)

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/chris-joakim-4859b89>

<https://github.com/cjoakim/azure-cosmosdb-altgraph>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SGih_Kj_1yk



What is AltGraph?

AltGraph is a set of Alternative Graph Implementations built on:

A Design:

- The Azure **CosmosDB SQL API**
- **Fast In-memory processing** vs DB and Disk Traversal
- RDF-like “**Triples**” (**v1**), or the **JGraphT library (v2)**
- Azure Redis Cache or CosmosDB Integrated **Cache**

Two Reference Implementations – v1/NPM and v2/IMDb, using:

- The **Java** programming language
- **Spring Boot** and **Spring Data** frameworks
- <https://github.com/cjoakim/azure-cosmosdb-altgraph>

Presentation Outline

- **Influences**
 - Real-world Use Cases
 - Previous CosmosDB Live TV Sessions
 - LinkedIn / Liquid,
- **Perception:** How you See the Problem often determines your solution
 - Sample Database Diagrams
 - Types of Databases
- **Think Differently:** Why another Graph Implementation?
- **Design**
- **Demonstration** of the Reference Application

Influences

Real-World Customer Use-Cases

- Manufacturing **Bill-of-Material** (BOM)
- **Social Network Systems** - People, Messages, Posts, Tags, etc.
- Knowledge Graphs
- Java and Spring and Spring Data

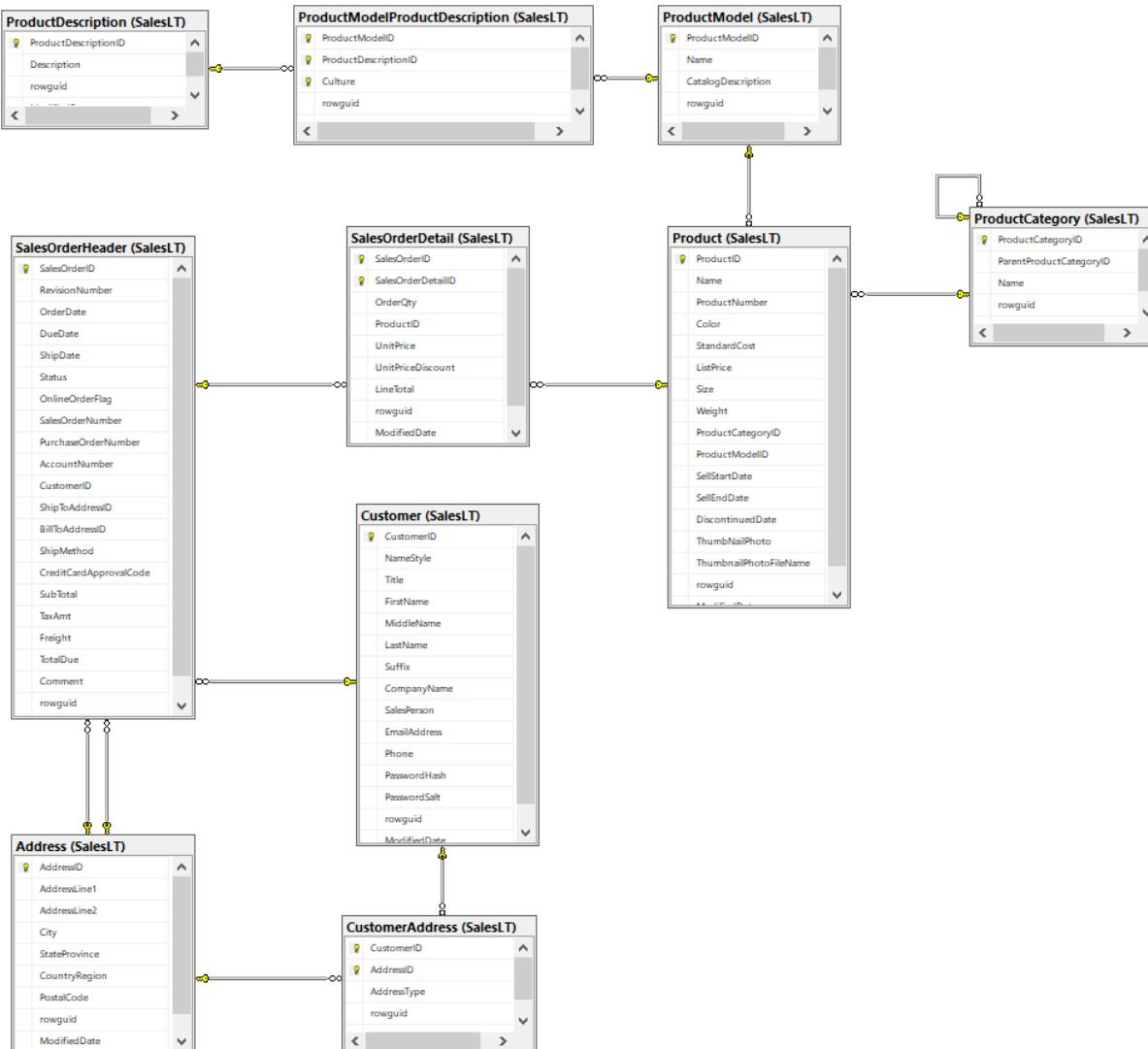
Previous CosmosDB Live TV Sessions

- Kushagra Thapar, Spring Data, 2022/02/03
- Mark Heckler, Spring Boot, 2022/06/23
 - Spring Boot: Up and Running – O'Reilly Media Book
- List of Episodes
 - <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLmamF3YkHLoKMzT3gP4oqHiJbjMaiiLEh>

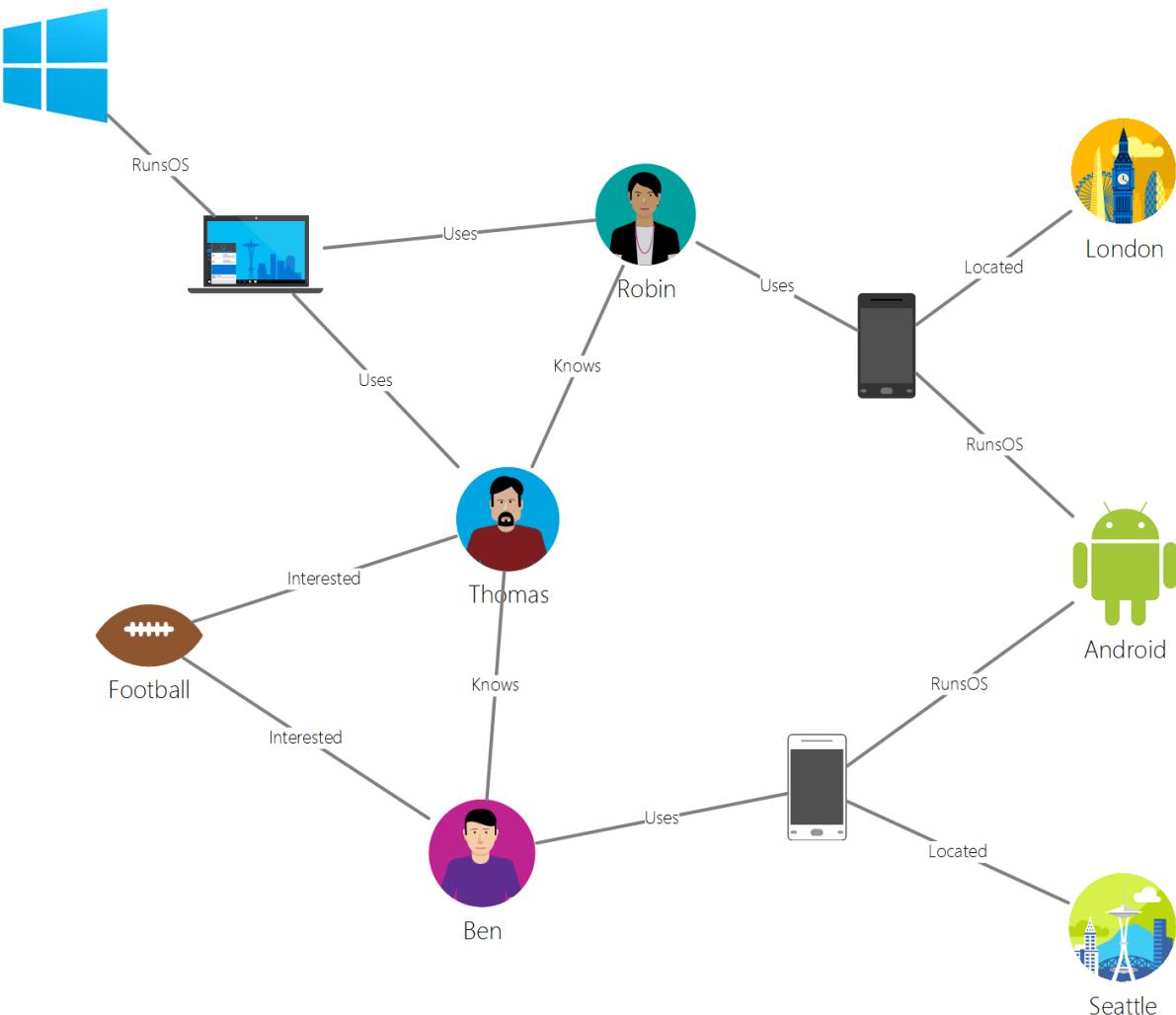
LinkedIn / Llqid

- In-memory graph
- <https://engineering.linkedin.com/blog/2020/liquid-the-soul-of-a-new-graph-database-part-1>

Perception: What solution would you use if the problem was drawn like this?



Perception: Or if the problem was drawn like this?



We see this a lot in the field.

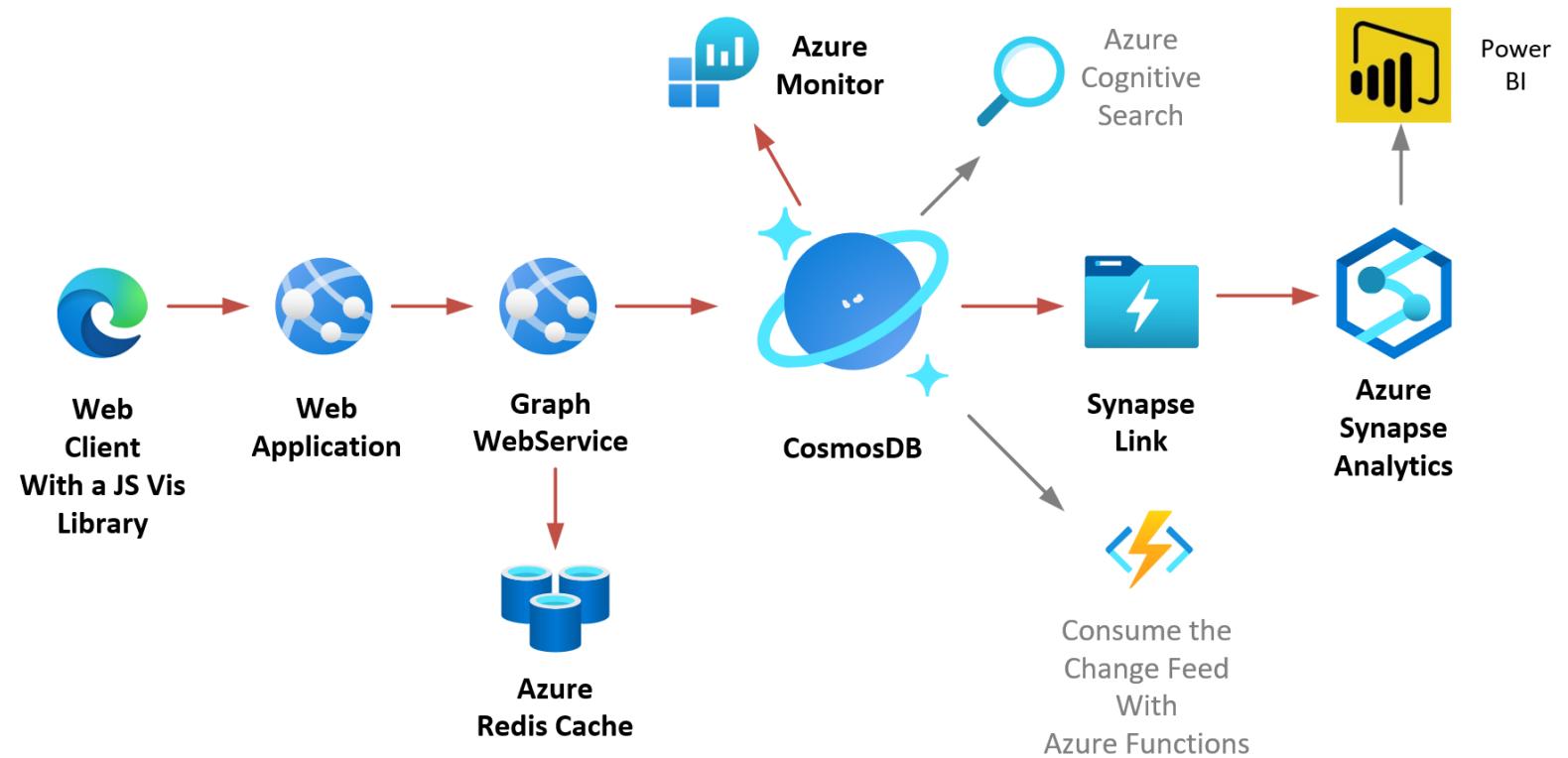
A Total Solution involves
more than just the
Database.

Database Integrations
are important.

The **CosmosDB SQL API**
offers excellent
integration with other
Azure Paas Services.

AltGraph Architecture

Recommended solution in **Bold** and with **Red Lines**



Database Solutions

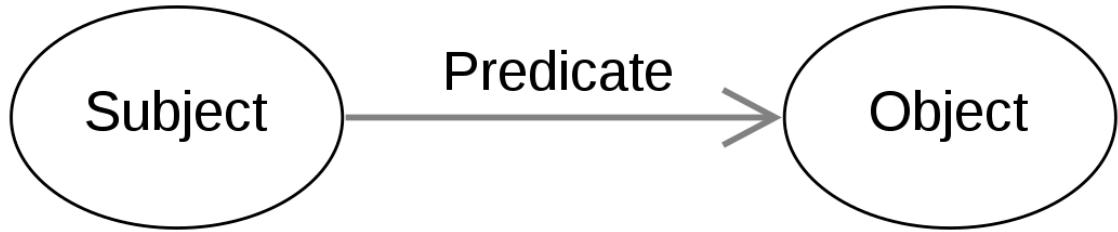
- **Types of Databases**

- **Relational:** Transactional use-cases
- **Graph:** Graph-specific use-cases. **RDF (triplestores)** and **LPG (vertices, edges)**
- **NoSQL:** including the CosmosDB SQL API: **General Purpose**

- **Think Differently; Why another Graph Solution?**

- **Fast execution speed**, and **lower CosmosDB RU costs**
- Lower barrier to entry for new apps: **conceptual simplicity, based on SQL**
- **Reusable design**
- **Faster time-to-market.** Zero to POC in days. A Reference Implementation
- Enables **better integration** with the rest of Azure

Design Foundations: The concept of RDF Triples and Triplestores



Examples:

Microsoft	is_a	Technology Company
Java	is_a	Programming Language
C	is_a	Programming Language
CosmosDB	is_a	Database System
CosmosDB	is_a	NoSQL Database System
CosmosDB	has_a_sdk_for	Java
CosmosDB	has_a_sdk_for	C#
Chris	works_at	Microsoft
Chris	has_role	GBB

The triples are quite granular, typical solution has many many of these

Design Foundations: The concept of an Index (as in Book)

Indexes enable you to quickly find what you're looking for.

It's quite small relative to the size of the Book it indexes.

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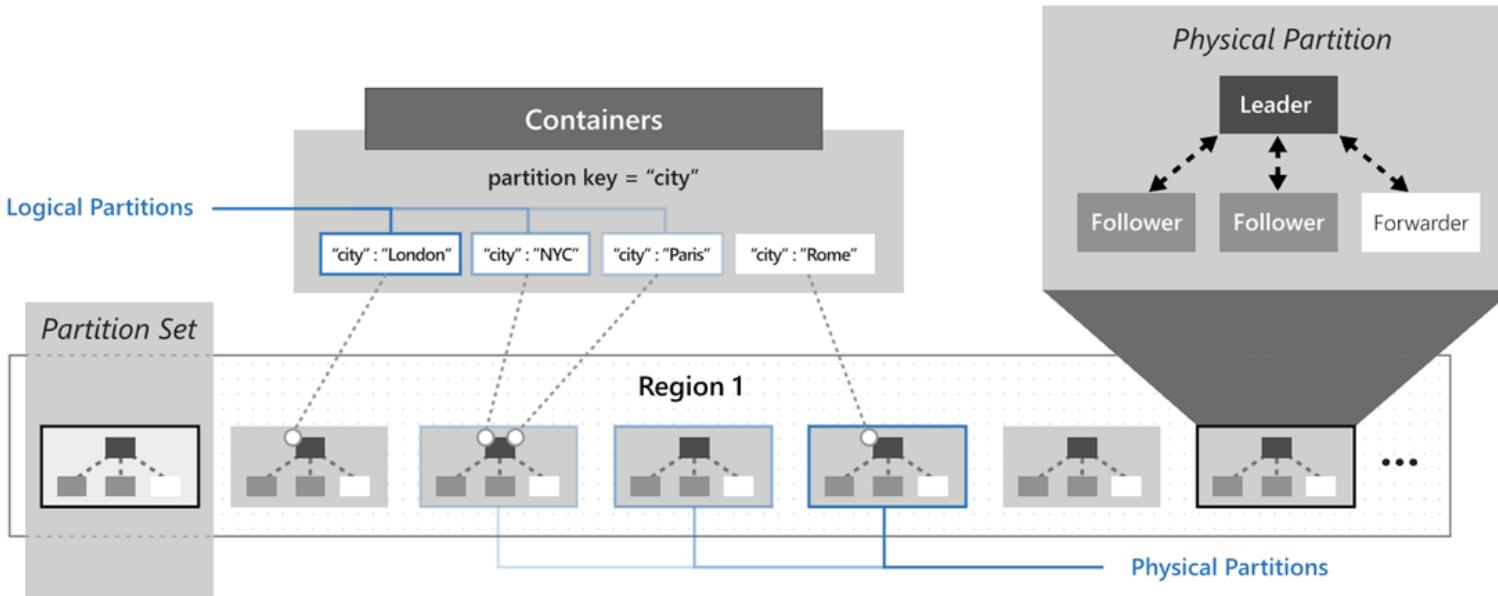
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Design Foundations: CosmosDB Partitioning



Reads within the same logical and physical partition are faster.
The **Triples** and **Seed Data** (see following pages) can reside in the same logical partition.

Design Foundations: Performance Optimizations

- **CosmosDB Indexing and Composite Indexes**
Index individual attributes, and as well as sets of attributes (i.e. – composite indexes) to match your queries
- **CosmosDB "Point Reads"**
Read by Document ID and Partition Key for fastest speed and lowest cost
- **In-Memory Processing is much faster than DB Processing**
Traversing an in-memory data structure is 1000s of times faster than reading a DB or disk
- **Caching**
 - Eliminate costly and redundant reads to the database
 - **Azure Redis Cache**
 - <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/cache/>
 - **CosmosDB Integrated Cache** (currently in preview mode)
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/integrated-cache>

Design Foundations: Spring Boot, Spring Data, Project Lombok

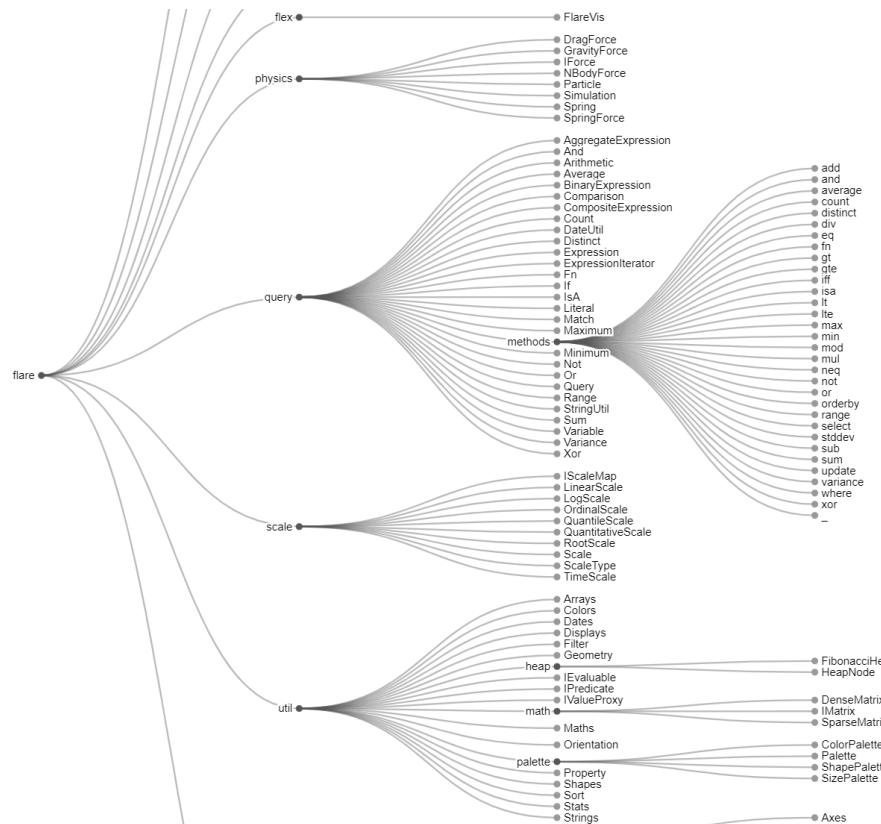
- **Spring Boot**
 - Dependency Injection, “Convention over Configuration”
 - Similar to Ruby on Rails – lots of magick happens if you follow the conventions
 - Thus, high Developer productivity
 - <https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot>
- **Spring Data**
 - Nice abstraction and simplification for database access. Repositories, Templates
 - <https://spring.io/projects/spring-data>
 - **Spring Data for CosmosDB SDK**
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/developer/java/spring-framework/how-to-guides-spring-data-cosmosdb>
- **Project Lombok**
 - Eliminates verbose and low-value boilerplate code. Getters, setters, constructors, etc.
 - Generates bytecode at compile time. Nice IDE support, too
 - <https://projectlombok.org>

Design Foundations – v2: Java Graph Libraries, intern() Strings

- **JGraphT**
 - A mature widely-used in-memory graph Java library
 - Implements many graph algorithms so you don't have to
 - Page Rank
 - Katz Centrality
 - Dijkstra Shortest Path
 - Others
 - <https://jgrapht.org/>
- **Java String intern()**
 - Use a single value in the JVM for a frequently occurring value
 - For example, use just one instance of "nm0000102" (Kevin Bacon) instead of dozens/hundreds. This conserves JVM memory, thus enabling large in-memory graphs.
 - Similar to a Ruby programming language Symbol. 'kevin_bacon' vs :kevin_bacon

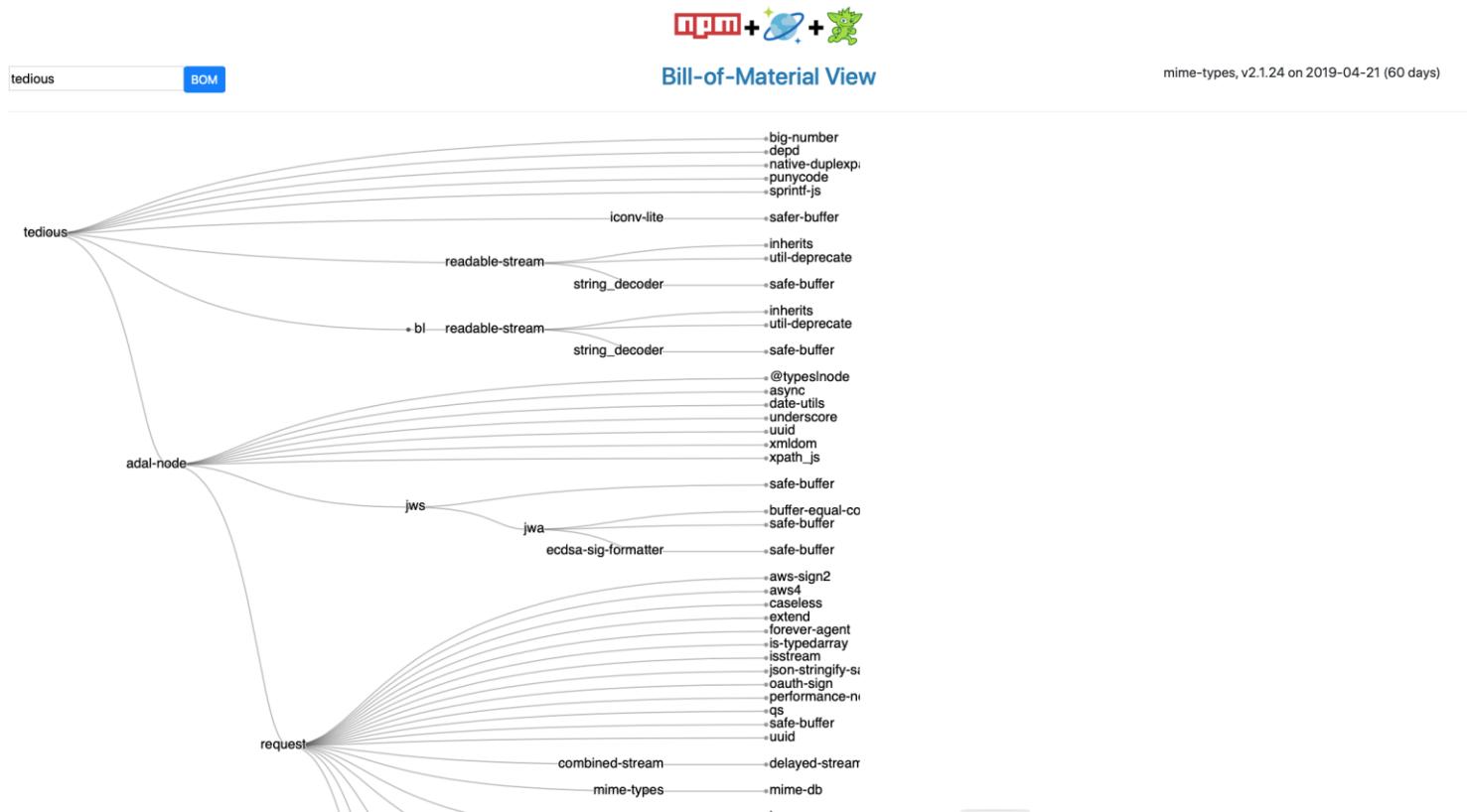
Design Foundations: D3.js

- **D3.js JavaScript library for in-browser data visualizations**
 - Implements many out-of-the-box visualizations. Open-source. <https://d3js.org>
 - Alternatively, Bring-Your-Own-Visualization-Library (BYOViz)
 - <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/graph/graph-visualization-partners>



Design Foundations: Previous Implementation

- **CosmosDB Gremlin API Implementation of a Node.js NPM “Bill-of-Material” Graph**
 - AltGraph v1 uses the **same NPM data** as this previous implementation
 - <https://github.com/Azure-Samples/azure-cosmos-db-graph-npm-bom-sample>



Implementation – v1/NPM: CosmosDB SQL API

- **Use a Single Container: npm_graph**
 - Partition key is **/pk**
 - Each document has a **doctype** attribute to distinguish the various entities
 - Reference implementation has a **tenant Id** attribute for multi-tenant use-cases
 - Reference implementation has a **lob** attribute for multiple lines-of-business in a tenant
 - Document types for this NPM graph are: **triple, library, author, maintainer**
- Enabling **Synapse Link** is optional, depending on your requirements
 - This is one of the excellent integrations that CosmosDB offers
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/synapse-link>
 - <https://github.com/cjoakim/azure-cosmosdb-synapse-link>
- **Heirarchical Partition Keys** (currently in preview mode) may also be used
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/hierarchical-partition-keys>
- Provision the Request Units (RU) as necessary – Serverless, Manual, or Autoscale
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/set-throughput>
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/serverless>

Implementation – v2/IMDb: CosmosDB SQL API

- **Use Two Containers:** `imdb_graph` and `imdb_seed`
 - Partition key is `/pk` for each container
 - Each document has a **doctype** attribute to distinguish the various entities
 - `imdb_graph` container contains the **people** and **movie** documents
 - `imdb_seed` container **contains the “seed data” to reload the graph into memory**
 - The seed data is used instead of the “RDF Triples” in the v1 implementation
 - The movie data, for example, all resides in the same logical partition
 - Reference data contains over 1-million vertices and 3.9 million edges
 - Load time is approximately 50-seconds from home network
 - Larger in-memory graphs are possible
 - The in-memory graph is mutable for realtime use-cases
 - Navigation of the graph is mostly done with the built-in functionality in **JGraphT**
 - Load the data into memory once, then apply surgical changes to the mutable graph
 - **Graph Traversal is fast and consumes zero CosmosDB RUs**

Implementation – v1/NPM: Sample Library Document

This is a JSON document which describes a Node.js NPM Library. Libraries are the “raw material” for the graph.

The **dependencies** object (at line 14) is the data that we'll use to build a graph. This sample document is intentionally small. This library has only one dependency: **xml2js**

Note the **author** and **maintainers** attributes, as well. The graph will include these.

```
1  {
2    "doctype" : "library",
3    "label" : "tcx-js",
4    "id" : "f0b734d9-3240-44c5-9868-cb25597f1e3b",
5    "pk" : "tcx-js",
6    "_etag" : "\"9c00f125-0000-0100-0000-62d9c5440000\"",
7    "tenant" : "123",
8    "lob" : "npm",
9    "cacheKey" : "library|tcx-js",
10   "graphKey" : "library^tcx-js^f0b734d9-3240-44c5-9868-cb25597f1e3b^tcx-js",
11   "name" : "tcx-js",
12   "desc" : "A Node.js library for parsing TCX/XML files, such as from a Garmin GPS device.",
13   "keywords" : [ "tcx", "garmin", "forerunner", "gps" ],
14   "dependencies" : {
15     "xml2js" : "^0.4.19"
16   },
17   "devDependencies" : {
18     "mocha-multi-reporters" : "^1.1.7",
19     "chai" : "^4.2.0",
20     ... others omitted ...
21     "typescript" : "^3.5.2"
22   },
23   "author" : "Chris Joakim",
24   "maintainers" : [ "cjoakim <christopher.joakim@gmail.com>" ],
25   "version" : "1.0.1",
26   "versions" : [ "0.0.1", "0.1.0", "0.1.1", "0.1.2", "1.0.0", "1.0.1" ],
27   "homepage" : "https://github.com/cjoakim/tcx-js",
28   "library_age_days" : 1755,
29   "version_age_days" : 32
30 }
```

Implementation – v1/NPM: Sample Array of Triples

Triple documents have a Subject, Predicate, and Object just like RDF triples. Up to **20 million** of these 1K docs can reside in the same **logical partition** (20GB limit).

This graph contains 6382 triples. They are small in size (1kb) and many can be read into the JVM for **in-memory processing** and traversal. Pagination-based processing is also possible.

They point to the adjacent "Vertices" via the Id/Pk attributes for **point-reads**.

The **tags** enable optimized searching of important Vertex attributes.

```
22949 }, {  
22950   "id" : "0e2cc67f-b566-4b22-aba3-b9a9a7cb6b81",  
22951   "pk" : "triple|123",  
22952   "_etag" : "\"0f0082b6-0000-0100-0000-62d9c5840000\"",  
22953   "tenant" : "123",  
22954   "lob" : "npm",  
22955   "doctype" : "triple",  
22956   "subjectType" : "library",  
22957   "subjectLabel" : "tedious",  
22958   "subjectId" : "4cc0e552-e501-47d4-ada1-2e0cfdafc388",  
22959   "subjectPk" : "tedious",  
22960   "subjectKey" : "library^tedious^4cc0e552-e501-47d4-ada1-2e0cfdafc388^tedious",  
22961   "subjectTags" : [ "author|Mike D Pilsbury <mike.pilsbury@gmail.com>", "maintaine  
22962   "predicate" : "used_in_lib",  
22963   "objectType" : "library",  
22964   "objectLabel" : "mssql",  
22965   "objectId" : "2aa4fc9e-7cd5-41a7-a521-b303ff184303",  
22966   "objectPk" : "mssql",  
22967   "objectKey" : "library^mssql^2aa4fc9e-7cd5-41a7-a521-b303ff184303^mssql",  
22968   "objectTags" : [ "author|Patrik Simek (https://patriksimek.cz)", "maintainer|artl  
22969 }, {
```

Implementation – v1/NPM: Primary Java Classes

Cache.java - implements caching logic, to local disk or Azure Redis Cache

D3CsvBuilder.java - Creates node and edge CSV files for D3.js

Graph.java - An in-memory graph created from a TripleQueryStruct

GraphBuilder.java - Builds a graph by iterating an in-memory TripleQueryStruct

TripleQueryStruct.java - Represents **an Array of the Triples** for your graph. It is the “Index”.

Library.java - An NPM library document

Triple.java - One Triple document

LibraryRepository.java - **Spring Data Repository** for Libraries

TripleRepository.java - Spring Data Repository for Libraries

TripleRepositoryExtensions.java - Extensions of the Repository for more complex SQL

TripleRepositoryExtensionsImpl.java

GraphController.java - The primary Controller, handles interaction with the UI

Implementation – v1/NPM: The Spring Data TripleRepository

```
17  @Component
18  @Repository
19  public interface TripleRepository extends CosmosRepository<Triple, String>, TripleRepositoryExtensions {
20      Iterable<Triple> findBySubjectType(String subjectType);
21      Iterable<Triple> findBySubjectLabel(String subjectLabel);
22      1 usage
23      Iterable<Triple> findByTenantAndSubjectLabel(String tenant, String subjectLabel);
24      1 usage
25      @Query("select value count(1) from c")
26      long countAllTriples();
27      1 usage
28      @Query("select value count(1) from c where c.subjectLabel = @subjectLabel")
29      long getNumberOfDocsWithSubjectLabel(@Param("subjectLabel") String subjectLabel);
30      1 usage
31      @Query("select * from c where c.pk = @pk and c.blob = @blob and c.subjectType = @subjectType and c.objectType = @objectType")
32      List<Triple> getByPkBlobAndSubjects(
33          @Param("pk") String pk,          // "pk": "triple|123"
34          @Param("blob") String blob,
35          @Param("subjectType") String subjectType,
36          @Param("objectType") String objectType);
```

Method **getByPkBlobAndSubjects** is used to query the Triples and load them into memory as a **TripleQueryStruct** that can then be **cached**. It is the “Index” to your graph.

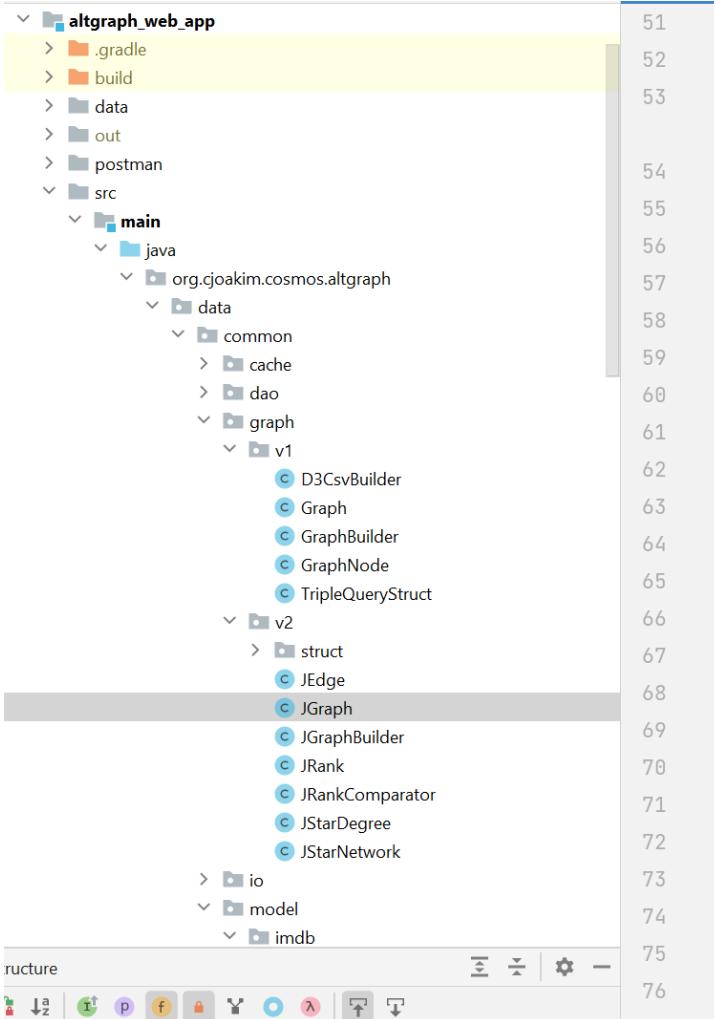
Implementation – v1/NPM: Building the Graph and Creating D3.js CSV

- Ok, great, we have a **TripleQueryStruct** in memory, now what?
- Optionally Cache it for the next Web Request
 - Class **Cache**
- Build The Graph in Memory
 - Class **GraphBuilder**
 - Iterates, in memory, the many **Triples** in the TripleQueryStruct to build the Graph object
 - Alternatively, for huge graphs, paginate the Triples and build the graph with each page
- Build the two CSV files for D3.js UI visualizations
 - Class **D3CsvBuilder**
- Can we please see the demo now?

Implementation – v2/IMDb: Primary Java Classes

See the classes in package org.cjoakim.cosmos.altgraph.data.common.graph.v2.

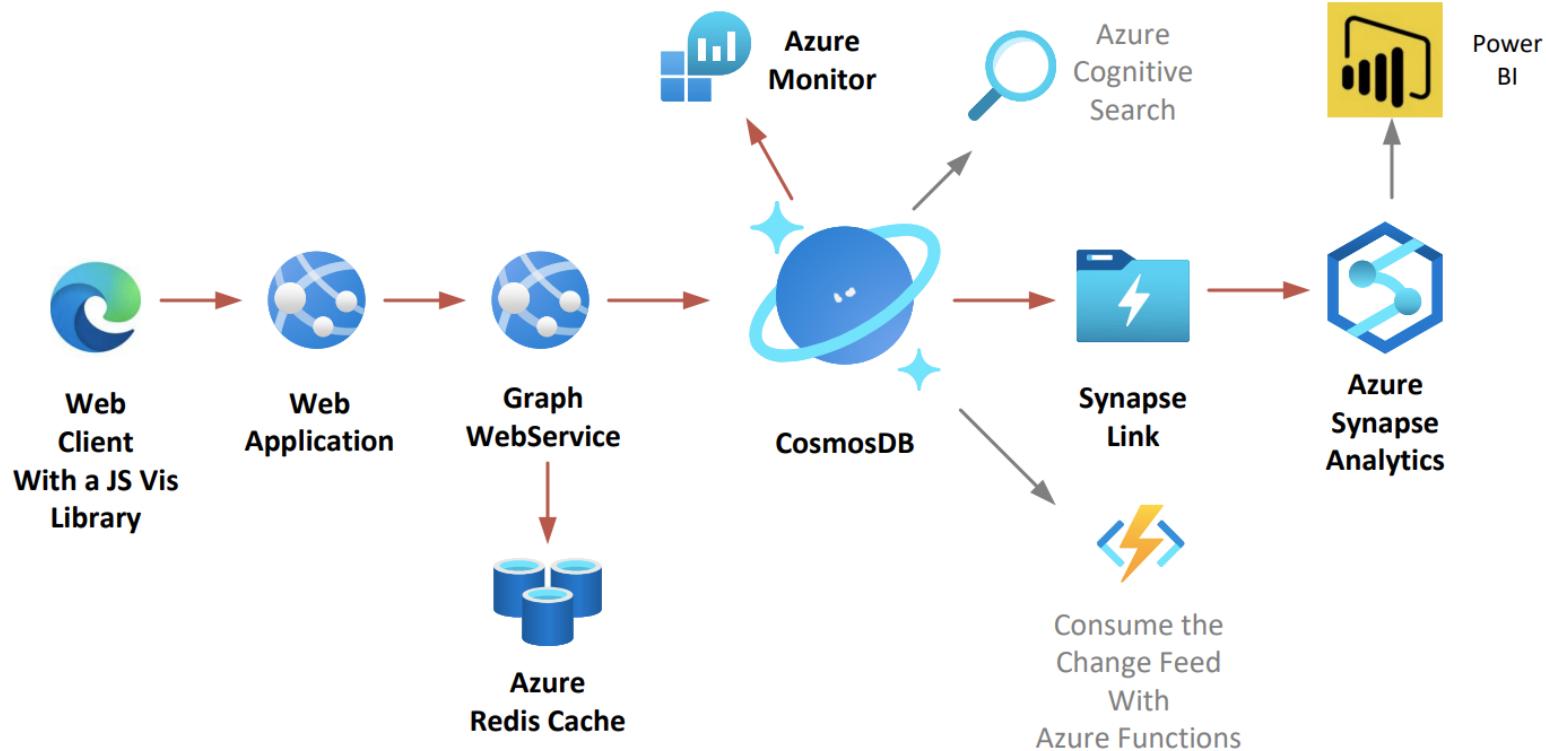
Example shows the use of the JGraphT **DijkstraShortestPath.findPathBetween** method on line 64



```
51  /**
52  * Find the shortest path with the DijkstraShortestPath class in JGraphT.
53  */
54 1 usage
55  public GraphPath<String, DefaultEdge> getShortestPath(String v1, String v2) {
56      log.warn("getShortestPath, v1: " + v1 + " to v2: " + v2);
57      long start = System.currentTimeMillis();
58      if (!isVertexPresent(v1)) {
59          return null;
60      }
61      if (!isVertexPresent(v2)) {
62          return null;
63      }
64      GraphPath<String, DefaultEdge> path =
65          DijkstraShortestPath.findPathBetween(graph, v1, v2);
66      long elapsed = System.currentTimeMillis() - start;
67
68      if (path == null) {
69          log.warn("path is null");
70      } else {
71          log.warn("elapsed milliseconds: " + elapsed);
72          log.warn("path getLength: " + path.getLength());
73          log.warn("path getStartVertex: " + path.getStartVertex());
74          log.warn("path getEndVertex: " + path.getEndVertex());
75      }
76      return path;
77 }
```

AltGraph Architecture

Recommended solution in **Bold** and with **Red Lines**



For demonstration purposes, the Web Application and Graph Web Service logic can run in just one **Azure Container Instance**.
Optionally use the CosmosDB Integrated Cache.

Demonstration – v1/NPM: The Search Form

AltGraph

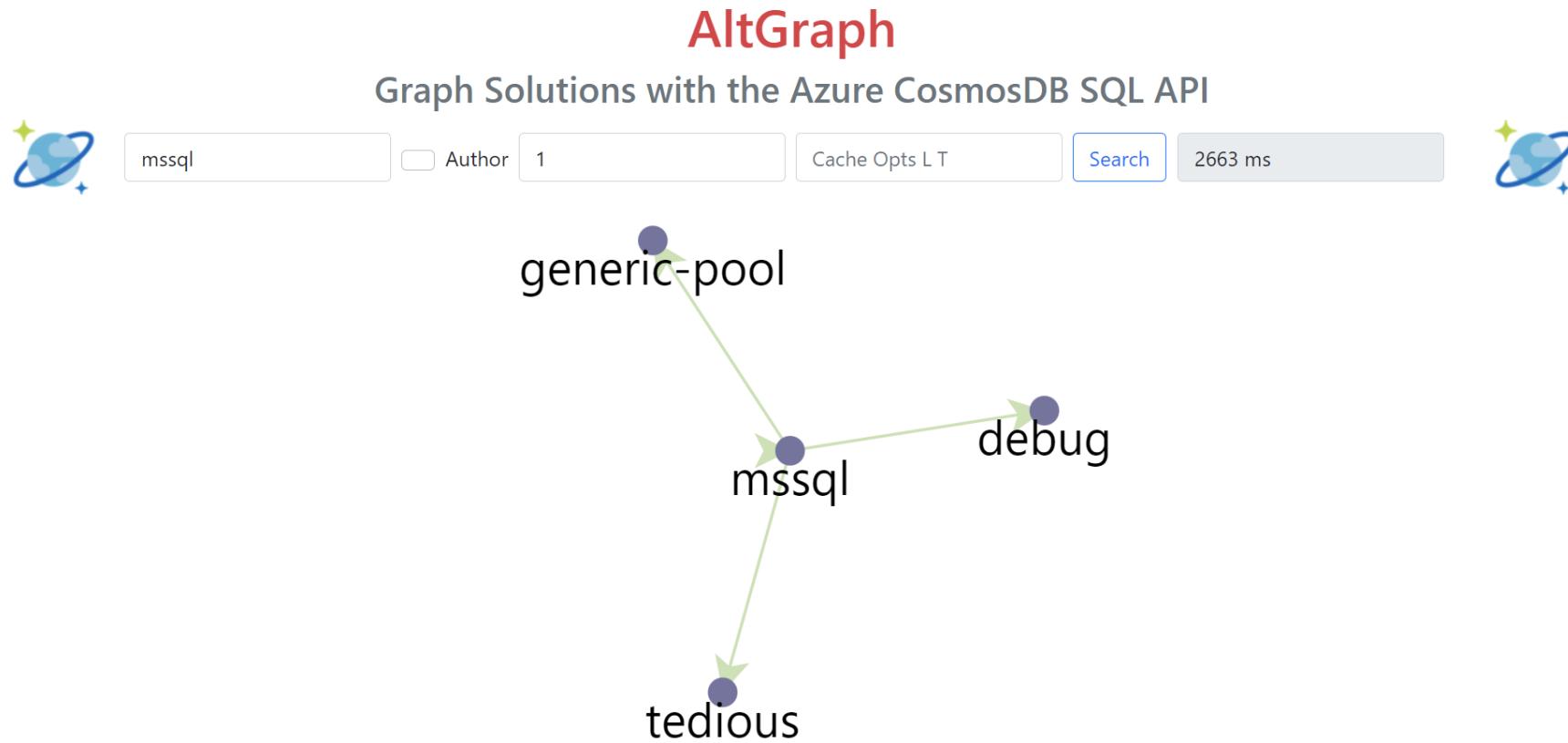
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API



The screenshot shows a search form titled "AltGraph" with the subtitle "Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API". The form includes input fields for "Library Name" (with placeholder "Enter Library Name"), "Author" (with a checked checkbox), "Graph Depth" (with placeholder "Enter depth"), "Cache Opts L T" (with placeholder "Enter Cache Options"), and "Elapsed ms" (with placeholder "Enter Elapsed ms"). A "Search" button is highlighted in blue. Two decorative icons of planets with rings are positioned on the left and right sides of the form.

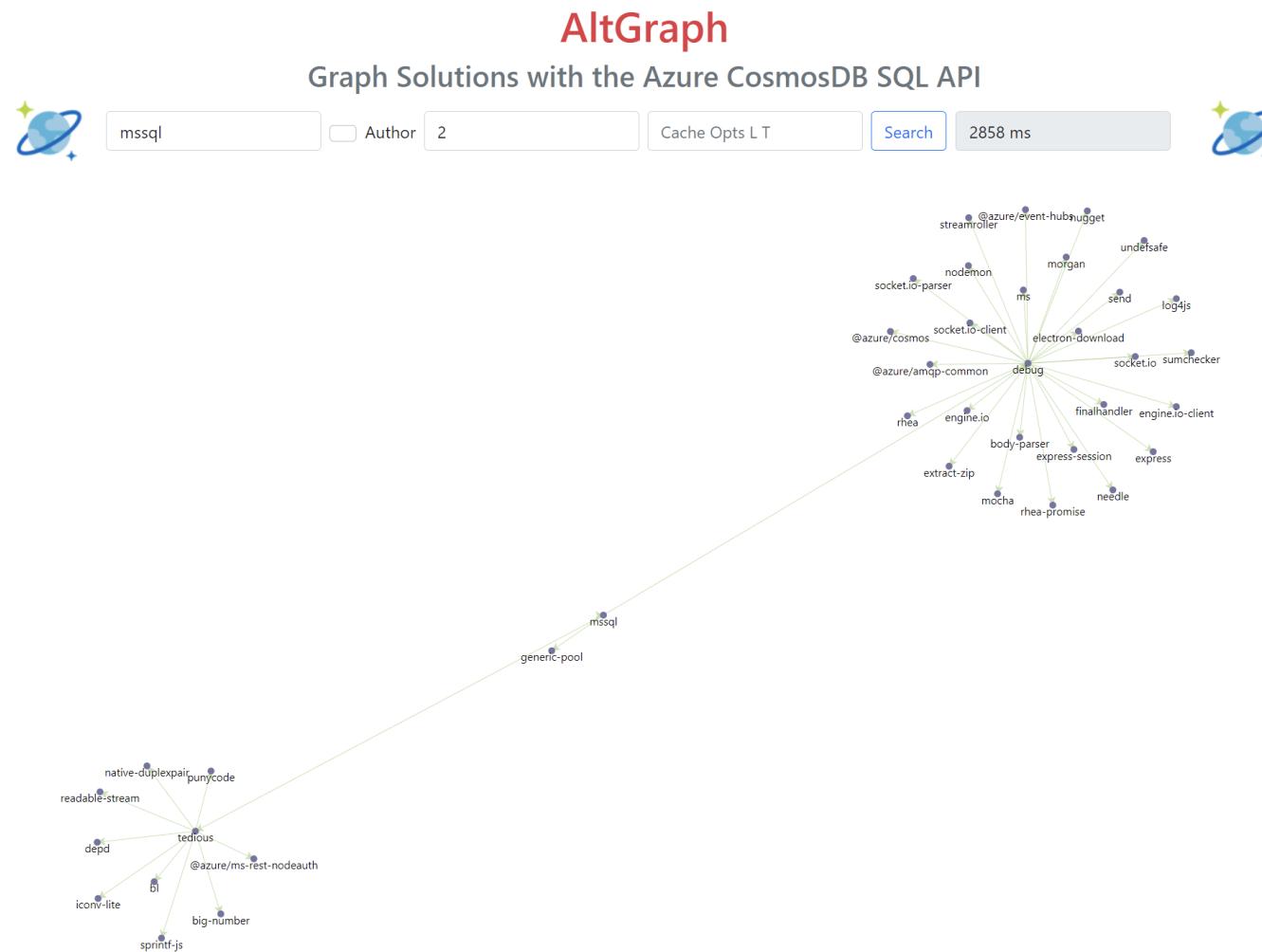
Enter a Library name, and integer graph “depth”.
Optional **Cache Opts** - “L” for Library caching, “T” for Triple caching.
The Elapsed ms field will be populated when the graph is displayed.
The Author checkbox will toggle between a Library and Author graph.

Demonstration – v1/NPM: Graph with a Depth of 1



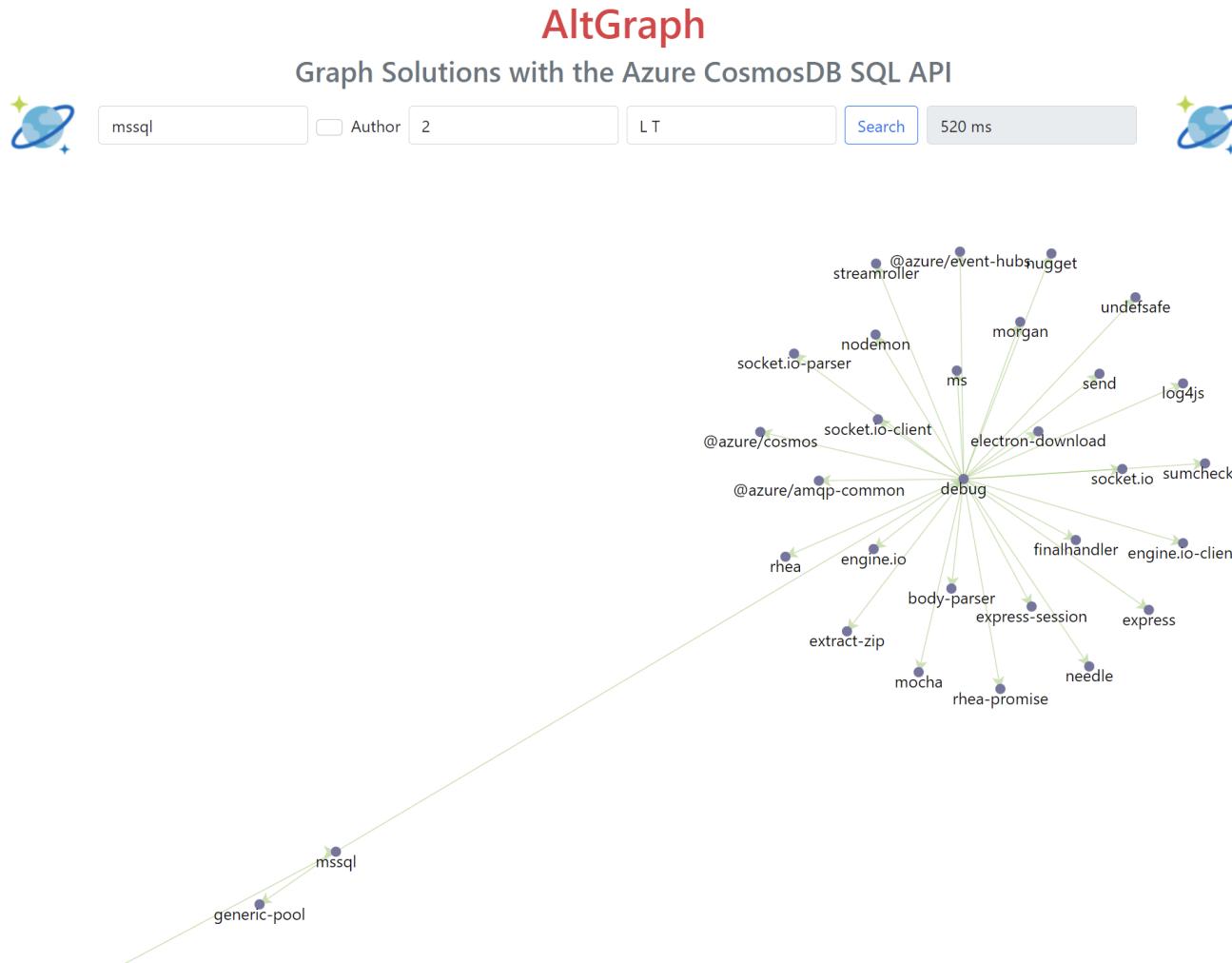
Graph with a depth of 1 and no caching.
Single click a node for Library info. Double-click to show the graph for that node.

Demonstration – v1/NPM: Graph with a Depth of 2



Graph with a depth of 2 and no caching. D3.js positions the nodes.

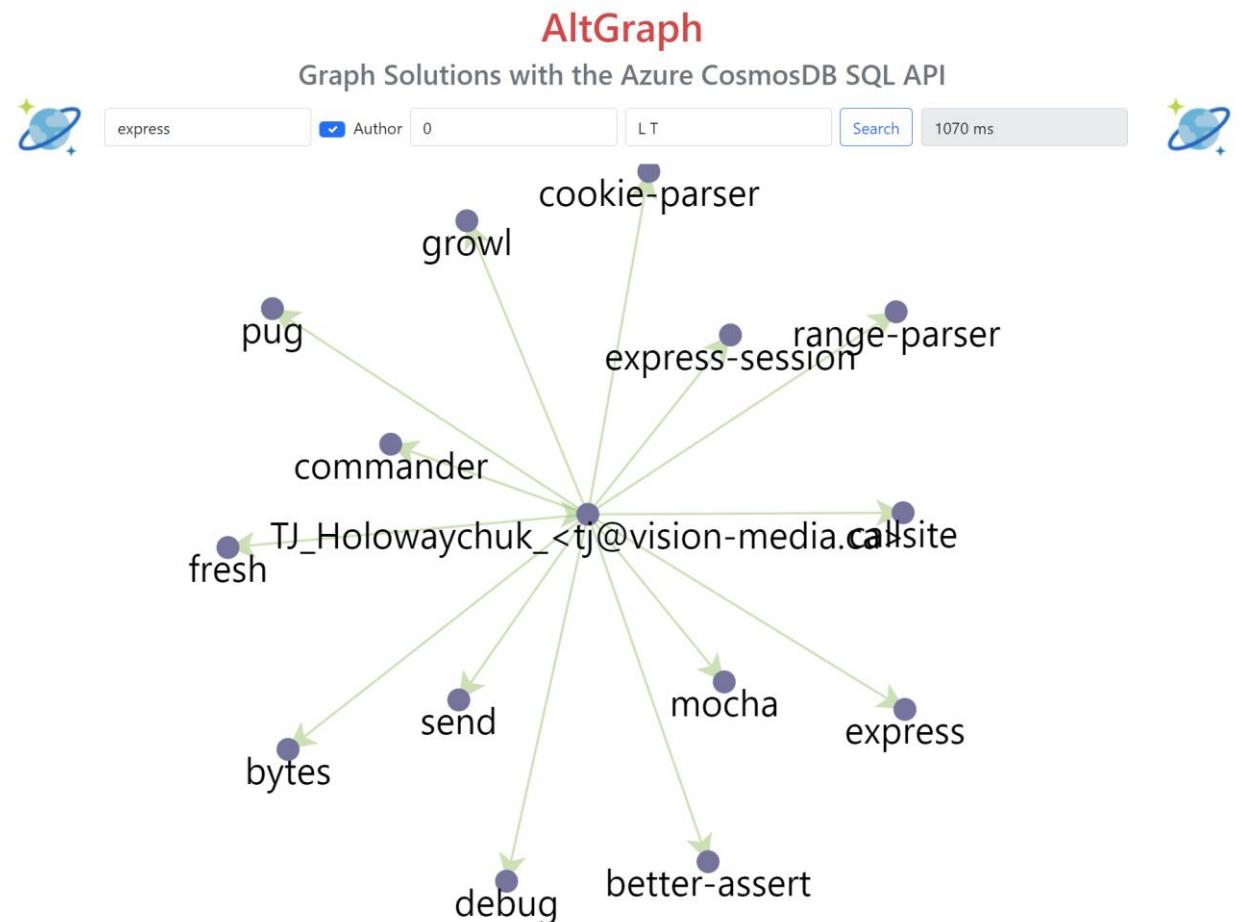
Demonstration – v1/NPM: Graph with a Depth of 2, with Caching



Graph with a depth of 2 and **caching**. Notice the **speed improvement**.
This example used Azure Redis Cache from my (slow) home WiFi network.

Demonstration – v1/NPM: Author-to-Library Graph using the Triple tag values

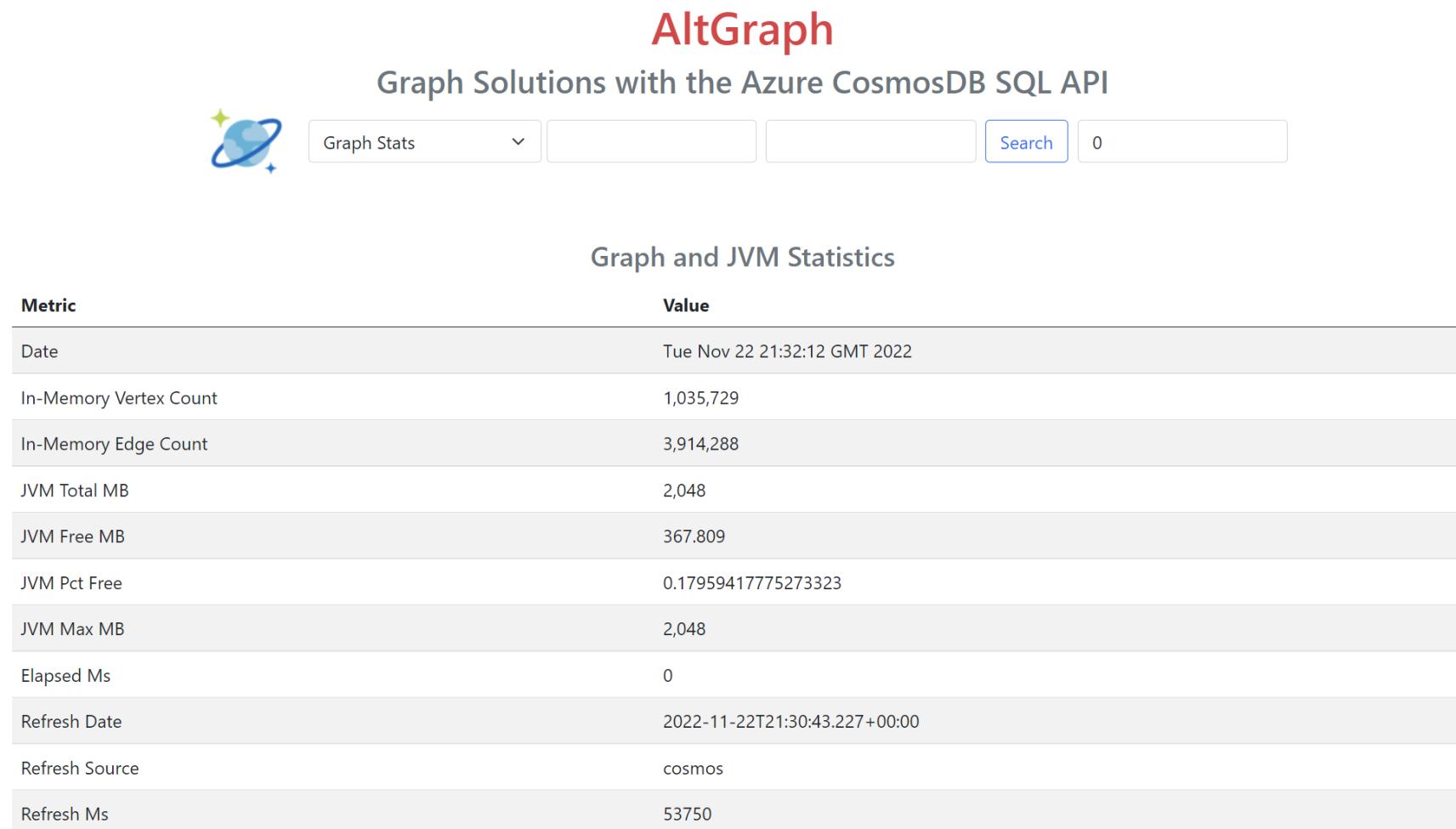
```
}, {  
  "id" : "7da48a99-23d3-44bf-a878-c3d41c833f32",  
  "pk" : "triple|123",  
  "_etag" : "\"0f001bb8-0000-0100-0000-62d9c5920000\"",  
  "tenant" : "123",  
  "lob" : "npm",  
  "doctype" : "triple",  
  "subjectType" : "library",  
  "subjectLabel" : "pug",  
  "subjectId" : "0b92a30f-8341-4739-8225-a3287afdb54d",  
  "subjectPk" : "pug",  
  "subjectKey" : "library^pug^0b92a30f-8341-4739-8225-a3287afdb54d^pug",  
  "subjectTags" : [ "author|TJ Holowaychuk <tj@vision-media.ca>", "maintainer|forbeslindesay" ],  
  "predicate" : "uses_lib",  
  "objectType" : "library",  
  "objectLabel" : "pug-linker",  
  "objectId" : "3649661e-f7ba-4a57-9b40-4ba3034cdf3b",  
  "objectPk" : "pug-linker",  
  "objectKey" : "library^pug-linker^3649661e-f7ba-4a57-9b40-4ba3034cdf3b",  
  "objectTags" : [ "author|Forbes Lindesay", "maintainer|forbeslindesay" ]  
}, {
```



Graph, from tags, showing the Libraries authored by TJ Holowaychuk

Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Graph and JVM Statistics

AltGraph
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API



The screenshot shows a web application interface for monitoring graph and JVM statistics. At the top, there's a navigation bar with a globe icon, a dropdown menu labeled "Graph Stats", and search fields. Below the header, the title "Graph and JVM Statistics" is centered. A table lists various metrics with their corresponding values.

Metric	Value
Date	Tue Nov 22 21:32:12 GMT 2022
In-Memory Vertex Count	1,035,729
In-Memory Edge Count	3,914,288
JVM Total MB	2,048
JVM Free MB	367.809
JVM Pct Free	0.1795941777527323
JVM Max MB	2,048
Elapsed Ms	0
Refresh Date	2022-11-22T21:30:43.227+00:00
Refresh Source	cosmos
Refresh Ms	53750

Query the size and JVM memory-consumption of the graph. This query typically takes 0 to 1 ms.

Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Graph and JVM Statistics

AltGraph
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API



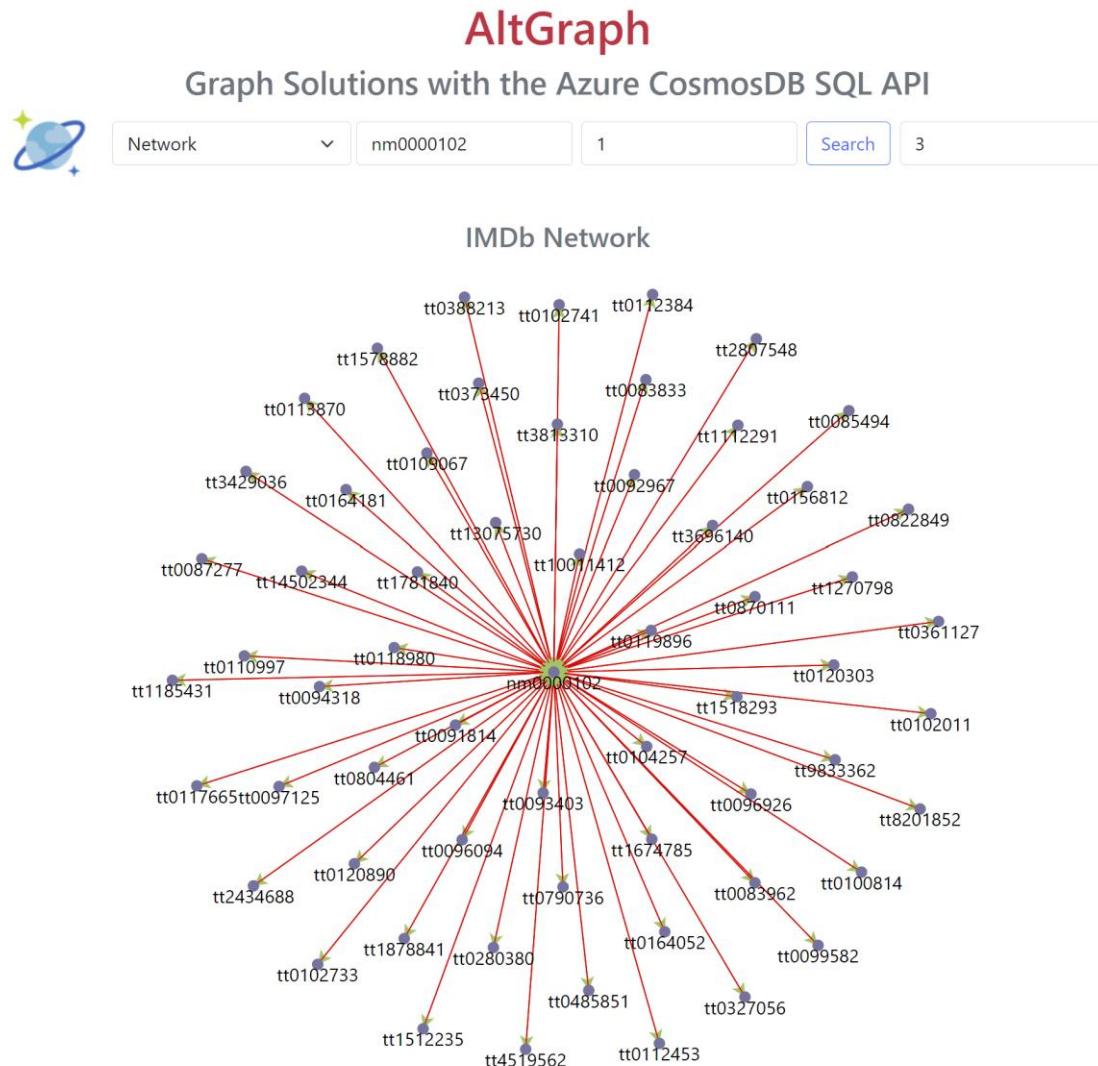
Graph Stats ▾ reload Search 53751

Graph and JVM Statistics

Metric	Value
Date	Tue Nov 22 21:29:49 GMT 2022
In-Memory Vertex Count	1,035,729
In-Memory Edge Count	3,914,288
JVM Total MB	2,048
JVM Free MB	399.818
JVM Pct Free	0.19522367045283318
JVM Max MB	2,048
Elapsed Ms	53,751
Refresh Date	2022-11-22T21:30:43.227+00:00
Refresh Source	cosmos
Refresh Ms	53750

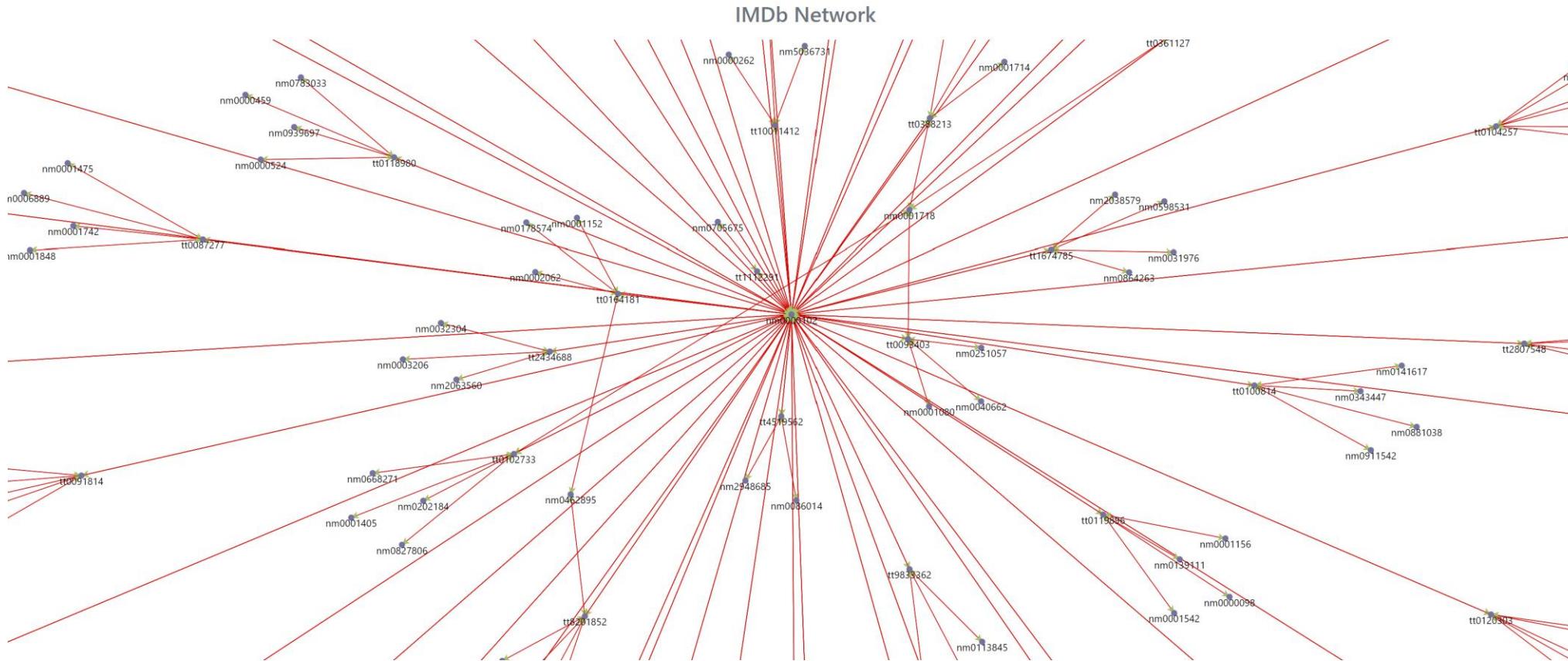
Trigger a reload of the in-memory graph from the CosmosDB imdb_seed container.
The JVM can be running for days/weeks or longer. Note **the 1m Vertices and 3.9m edges**.

Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Network Graph, “One Degree of Kevin Bacon”

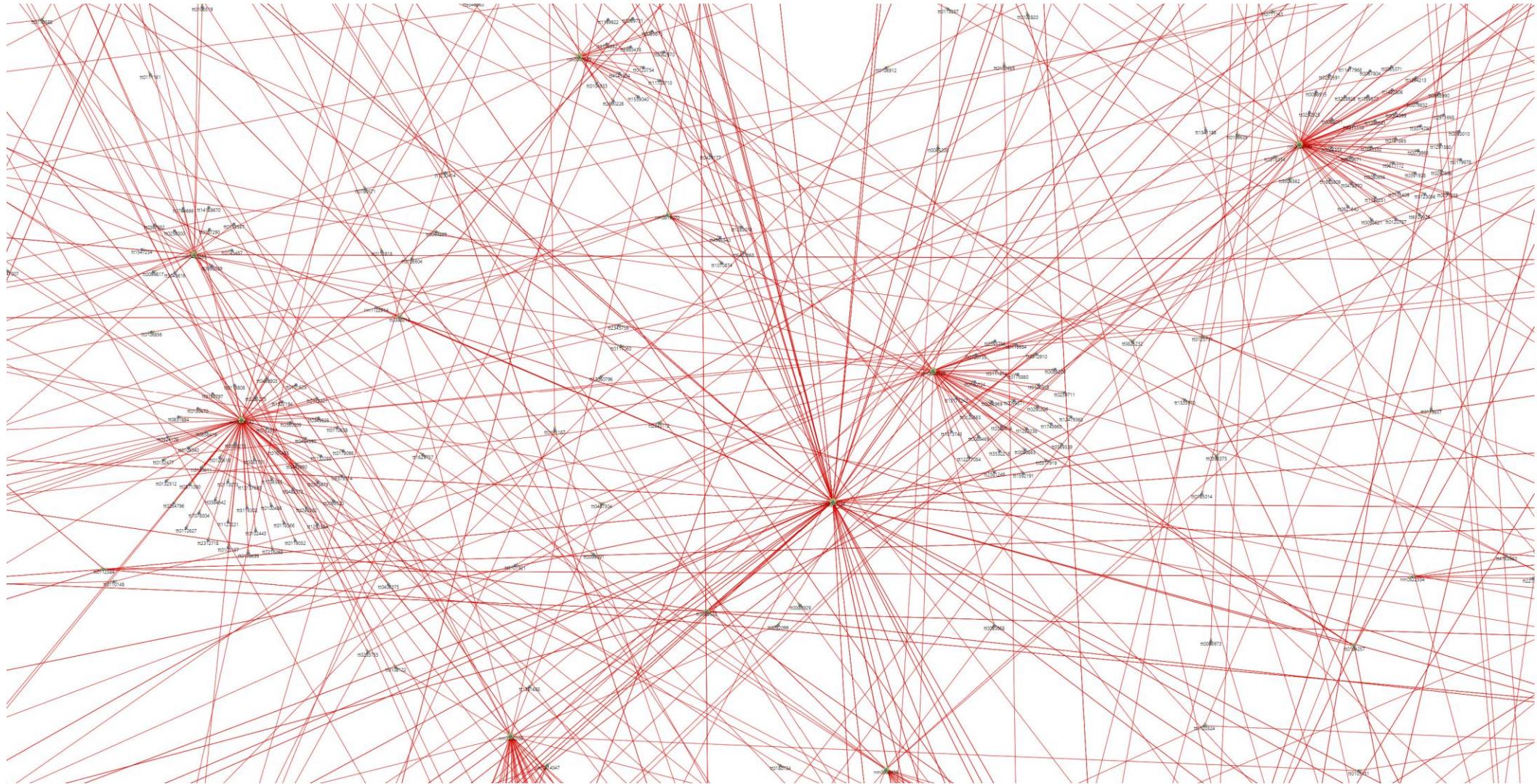


Traverses the adjacent vertices in 3 milliseconds, consumes zero CosmosDB RUs.

Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Network Graph, “Two Degrees of Kevin Bacon”



Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Network Graph, “Three Degrees of Kevin Bacon”



Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Shortest Path – Kevin Bacon to Charlotte Rampling

AltGraph
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API

Shortest Path nm0000102 nm0001648 Search 87

Shortest Path between Two Vertices

Vertex 1		Vertex 2
nm0000102	-->	tt0097125
nm0949744	-->	tt0097125
nm0949744	-->	tt0381690
nm0001648	-->	tt0381690

```
graph TD; nm0000102 --> tt0097125; tt0097125 --> nm0949744; nm0949744 --> tt0381690; tt0381690 --> nm0001648
```

This query takes only 87 milliseconds to execute, and consumes zero CosmosDB RUs

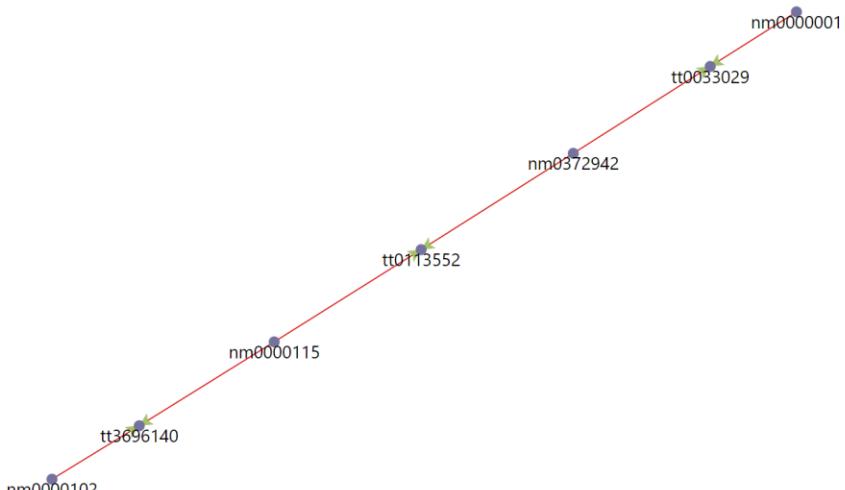
Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Shortest Path – Kevin Bacon to Fred Aistaire

AltGraph
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API

 Shortest Path nm0000102 1048

Shortest Path between Two Vertices

Vertex 1	-->	Vertex 2
nm0000102	-->	tt3696140
nm0000115	-->	tt3696140
nm0000115	-->	tt0113552
nm0372942	-->	tt0113552
nm0372942	-->	tt0033029
nm0000001	-->	tt0033029



Demonstration – v2/IMDB: Page Rank Algorithm

AltGraph
Graph Solutions with the Azure CosmosDB SQL API



PageRank 100 3743

Vertex PageRanks

Rank	Vertex	Value	Comment
1	nm0183659	0.00014375625797007131	
2	nm0756966	0.00010948154781558972	
3	nm0644554	0.00006151494573422499	
4	nm0462051	0.00005744026497552381	
5	nm0457554	0.000056200687467845174	
6	nm0619107	0.00005216369278385738	
7	nm0997109	0.00004890868058151003	
8	nm0297876	0.000042653495383222324	
9	nm0103977	0.000042239964918056494	
10	nm3266654	0.00003957139305846257	
11	nm0793813	0.000039275210592778356	



Thank you!

Questions?