

EMV[®] 3-D Secure

SDK Specification

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Revision Log

The following table lists the version history for the $EMV^{\$}$ 3-D Secure SDK Specification. EMVCo Specification Bulletins provide the detailed updates made with each specification release.

Version	Release Date	Associated Specification Bulletins
2.1.0	October 2017	SB 205: EMV [®] 3-D Secure SDK and Device Information Updates, Clarifications & Errata for v2.1.0
2.2.0	December 2018	SB 211: EMV [®] 3-D Secure SDK Updates, Clarifications & Errata
2.3.0.0	September 2021	EMV® 3-D Secure SDK Specification version 2.3.0.0
2.3.1.0	August 2022	SB 275: EMV® 3-D Secure SDK Specification version 2.3.1.0
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1 Introduction

The EMV[®] 3-D Secure protocol is aimed at securing authentication in both browser-based and mobile-based apps.

The mobile-device-side component of 3-D Secure is the 3DS Default SDK (later referred to as 3DS SDK in this document). 3-D Secure Requestors, such as Merchants, integrate this SDK with their mobile App and make the App available to end users.

1.1 Purpose

This document specifies the requirements for the EMV 3-D Secure Default SDK.

For purposes of this document, when the phrase 3-D Secure, and/or 3DS is utilised, the intent is EMV 3-D Secure.

1.2 Audience

This document is intended for use by implementers who want to develop a 3DS Default SDK.

1.3 Normative References

For the standards containing provisions that are referenced in this specification refer to Table 1.1 of the *EMV*[®] 3-D Secure Protocol and Core Functions Specification (hereinafter referred to as the Core Specification).

1.4 Definitions

For the definition of the terms used in this specification, refer to Table 1.3 in the *Core Specification*.

1.5 Abbreviations

For the abbreviations used in this specification, refer to Table 1.4 of the *Core Specification*.

1.6 Supporting Documentation

The following documents are specific to the EMV 3-D Secure protocol and should be used in conjunction with this specification. These documents as well as *the EMV*[®] 3-D Secure Frequently Asked Questions are located on the EMVCo website under the 3-D Secure heading.

- EMV® 3-D Secure—Protocol and Core Functions Specification
- EMV[®] 3-D Secure SDK Technical Guide
- EMV[®] 3-D Secure SDK—Device Information
- EMV[®] 3-D Secure Split-SDK Specification
- EMV[®] 3-D Secure JSON Message Samples

1.7 Terminology and Conventions

The following words are used often in this specification and have a specific meaning:

Shall

Defines a product or system capability which is mandatory.

May

Defines a product or system capability which is optional or a statement which is informative only and is out of scope for this specification.

Should

Defines a product or system capability which is recommended.

Ends 3-D Secure Processing

As outlined in Chapter 3 of the *Core Specification*, defines a specific exception scenario in the 3-D Secure authentication flows where further processing is outside the scope of this specification. Refer to Table 1.3 in the *Core Specification* for additional information.

Ends Processing

As outlined in Chapter 3 of the *Core Specification*, defines a specific exception scenario in the 3-D Secure authentication flows where a 3-D Secure component experiences an error and does not process the transaction normally. Therefore, subsequent components take action on the error instance. Refer to Table 1.3 in the *Core Specification* for additional information.

3DS SDK

When this specification refers to the 3DS SDK, EMVCo has defined two options for a 3DS SDK implementation. The options are as follows:

- Default-SDK—Software component designed as an SDK that is integrated into a 3DS Requestor App. In earlier versions of the Core Specification, this is referred to as the 3DS SDK.
- 2. **Split-SDK**—Client-server implementation of the 3DS SDK. Some functions of the Split-SDK entity can be performed by either the Split-SDK Client or the Split-SDK Server or, in some situations, both. This SDK option is defined in the *EMV 3-D Secure—Split-SDK Specification*.

Unless explicitly noted otherwise, the term 3DS SDK applies as identified above.

Refer to the applicable SDK specification for detailed information regarding either SDK option.

Activate the 3DS SDK

Detailed information about the 3DS SDK activation can be obtained in the applicable 3DS SDK specification. When the *Core Specification* refers to "Activate the 3DS SDK" in the context of a SDK implementation, the applicable action is the initialize method as defined in Section 4.1.1 of this specification.

Perform the Challenge

Detailed information about the 3DS SDK performing the challenge can be obtained in the applicable 3DS SDK specification. When the *Core Specification* refers to "Perform the Challenge" in the context of a SDK implementation, the applicable action is the doChallenge method as defined in Section 4.4.2 of this specification.

2 EMV 3-D Secure Architecture and Flows Overview

This chapter provides an overview of the components in the 3-D Secure architecture and an introduction to the 3-D Secure authentication flows. For detailed information about these components and authentication flows, see Chapter 2 of the *Core Specification*.

2.1 Participating Components

Figure 2-1 illustrates the interaction of the components in the EMV 3-D Secure ecosystem.

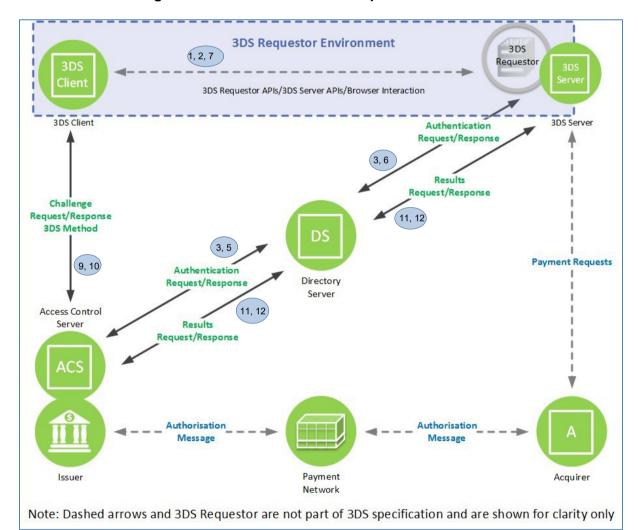


Figure 2-1: EMV 3-D Secure Component Interaction

2.2 Authentication Flow Overview

This section provides an overview of the following two 3-D Secure authentication flows:

- Frictionless Flow
- Challenge Flow

2.2.1 Frictionless Flow

The Frictionless Flow initiates a 3-D Secure authentication flow and consists of an AReq message and an ARes message. The Frictionless Flow does not require further Cardholder interaction to achieve a successful authentication and complete the 3-D Secure authentication process.

The following steps provide a high-level view of the Frictionless Flow:

Start: The Cardholder initiates a transaction using a 3DS Requestor App on a Consumer Device.

- 1. The 3DS SDK collects the device information and provides it to the 3DS Requestor App.
- 2. The 3DS Requestor App initiates communication with the 3DS Server and provides the information that is required to create an AReq message.
- 3. The 3DS Server creates and sends an AReq message to the DS. The DS then forwards the message to the appropriate ACS.
- 4. The ACS evaluates the payment, Cardholder, and device authentication data provided in the message.
- 5. If the ACS determines that the transaction does not require additional authentication, then the ARes message that it returns to the DS indicates that the Frictionless Flow must be applied.
- 6. The DS forwards the message to the 3DS Server.
- 7. The 3DS Server communicates the result of the ARes message to the 3DS Requestor App.

Note: 3-D Secure processing ends here. For Payment Authorisation, the subsequent steps apply:

- 8. The Merchant proceeds with authorisation exchange with its Acquirer. If appropriate, the Merchant, Acquirer, or Payment Processor can submit a standard authorisation request.
- 9. The Acquirer can process an authorisation with the Issuer through the DS and return the authorisation results to the Merchant.

2.2.2 Challenge Flow

In addition to the AReq and ARes messages that comprise the Frictionless Flow, the Challenge Flow consists of CReq, CRes, RReq, and RRes messages.

If the ACS determines that further Cardholder interaction is required to complete the authentication, the Frictionless Flow transitions into the Challenge Flow. For example, a challenge may be necessary because the transaction is deemed high-risk, is above certain thresholds, or requires a higher level of authentication due to country mandates (or regulations).

3DS Requestors decide whether to proceed with the challenge, or to terminate the 3-D Secure authentication process.

The following steps provide a high-level view of the Challenge Flow:

Start: The Cardholder initiates a transaction using a 3DS Requestor App on a Consumer Device.

- 1. The 3DS SDK collects the device information and provides it to the 3DS Requestor App.
- 2. The 3DS Requestor App initiates communication with the 3DS Server and provides the information that is required to create an AReq.
- 3. The 3DS Server creates and sends an AReq message to the DS. The DS then forwards the message to the ACS.
- 4. The ACS evaluates the payment, Cardholder, and device authentication data provided in the message.
- 5. If the ACS determines that the transaction requires additional authentication, then the ARes message that it returns to the DS indicates that the Challenge Flow must be Applied.
- 6. The DS forwards the message to the 3DS Server.
- 7. The 3DS Server returns the authentication status to the 3DS Requestor App.
- 8. The 3DS Requestor App invokes the 3DS SDK to perform Cardholder authentication.
- 9. The 3DS SDK sends a CReq message directly to the ACS.
- 10. The ACS receives the CReq message and returns a CRes message to the 3DS SDK.

Note: Based on the CRes obtained from the ACS, the 3DS SDK displays the challenge-specific screens for the Cardholder to enter their authentication credentials. Steps 9 and 10 are repeated until the ACS has determined the outcome of the authentication.

- 11. The ACS sends an RReq message to the DS, which then forwards the message to the 3DS Server.
- 12. The 3DS Server receives an RReq message and returns an RRes message to the DS, which then forwards the message to the ACS.
- 13. The ACS sends the final CRes message to the 3DS SDK with the outcome of the authentication.

Note: 3-D Secure processing ends here. For Payment Authorisation, the subsequent steps apply:

- 14. The Merchant proceeds with authorisation exchange with its Acquirer. If Appropriate, the Merchant, Acquirer, or Payment Processor can submit a standard authorisation request.
- 15. The Acquirer can process an authorisation with the Issuer through the Payment System and return the authorisation results to the Merchant.

2.3 UI Types for Challenge Flow

The UI for the Challenge Flow can be rendered in one of the following formats:

- Native UI
- HTML UI

2.3.1 Challenge Flow Implemented Using Native UI

The Native UI integrates into the 3DS Requestor App UI to facilitate a consistent user experience. The Native UI has a similar look and feel as the 3DS Requestor's App with the authentication content provided by the Issuer.

This format also allows for Issuer and Payment System branding. Both the 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS SDK control the rendering of the UI such that the authentication pages inherit the 3DS Requestor's UI design elements. For more information about the Native UI, refer to Section 4.2.2 of the *Core Specification*.

2.3.2 Challenge Flow Implemented Using HTML UI

The HTML UI provides Cardholders with an Issuer-consistent App-based experience across Consumer Devices that are able to render HTML. The HTML UI templates provides Issuers the ability to include Issuer-specific design elements (for example, branding, colours, and/or fonts).

The HTML UI implementation establishes a client-server relationship between the ACS-provided HTML document loaded in a 3DS Requestor's web view and the SDK process itself. This is accomplished by intercepting remote URL requests issued by the web view, and handling them within the SDK, rather than allowing them to pass through to the Consumer Device operating system and hence on to the Internet. This has two effects:

- Prevents maliciously formed HTML within the web view flow from requesting external resources or redirecting to an external malicious site (for example, a phishing page).
- Changes the web view form into an extension of the SDK's UI, one that's defined by the remote ACS using HTML, rather than by the SDK or 3DS Requestor's App.

For more information about the HTML UI, refer to Section 4.2.5 of the Core Specification.

2.3.3 Challenge Flow Implemented Using Out-of-Band (OOB) UI

The Out-of-Band (OOB) user interface allows Issuers to utilise authentication methods other than dynamic and static data such as an Issuer's mobile App. When an OOB challenge is necessary, the Issuer/ACS provides instructions to the Cardholder to explain the authentication process.

3 Getting Started with the EMV 3-D Secure Default SDK

The EMV 3-D Secure Default SDK (3DS SDK) is a client-side component of the 3-D Secure ecosystem. When a Cardholder initiates an in-App transaction, the 3DS SDK integrated in the 3DS Requestor App performs operations related to 3-D Secure authentication.

This chapter provides an overview of the 3DS SDK components, lifecycle and flows.

3.1 Component Architecture

Figure 3-1 shows the 3DS SDK component architecture.

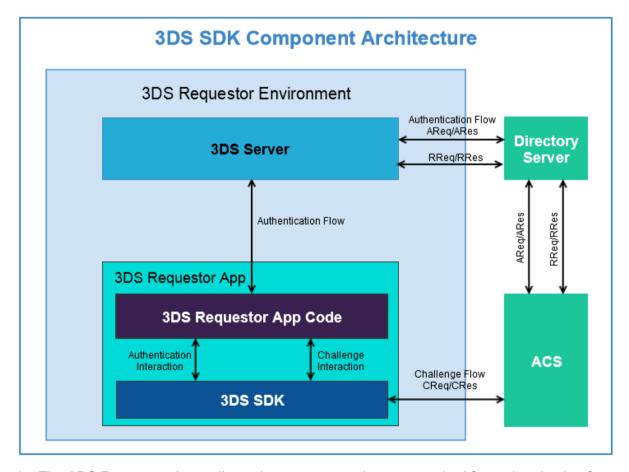


Figure 3-1: 3DS SDK Component Architecture

- 1. The 3DS Requestor App collects the parameters that are required for authentication from the 3DS SDK and initiates the authentication flow.
- 2. If the authentication flow indicates that no challenge is required, then the Frictionless Flow is applied.

If the authentication flow indicates that a challenge is required, then the 3DS Requestor App invokes the 3DS SDK to apply the Challenge Flow.

- 3. The 3DS SDK performs the following steps:
 - a. Communicate with the ACS to initiate the Challenge Flow.
 - b. Display the challenge UI to the Cardholder.
 - c. Collect the Cardholder's challenge response.
 - d. Complete the Challenge Flow.
 - e. Return the Challenge Response to the 3DS Requestor App.

3.2 Lifecycle

Figure 3-2 provides a high-level view of the lifecycle of the 3DS SDK.

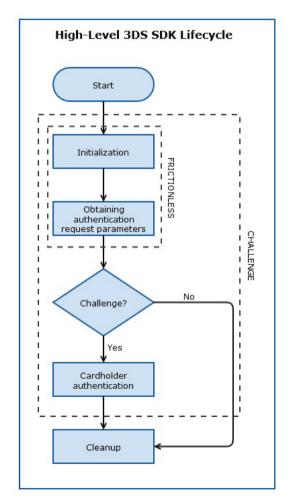


Figure 3-2: High-Level 3DS SDK Lifecycle

3.2.1 Lifecycle Phases

Initialization

The initialization phase takes place during either the 3DS Requestor App startup as a background task or when a transaction is initiated. In this phase, the SDK collects device information against the protocol versions that it supports and performs security checks.

This phase takes place only once during a single 3DS Requestor App session.

Obtaining authentication request parameters

The 3DS SDK, while adhering to the protocol version for the transaction, encrypts the device information that it collects during initialization and send this information along with the SDK information to the 3DS Requestor App.

Cardholder authentication

If a challenge is required, then the 3DS SDK performs cardholder authentication.

Cleanup

The cleanup phase is called only once during a single 3DS Requestor App session to free up resources that are used by the 3DS SDK.

3.3 Authentication Flows

The following sections show the interaction between the 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS SDK code elements during the Frictionless Flow and the Challenge Flow.

Note: In these sections, a diagram showing the flow is followed by a sequence of steps that provide a more detailed description of the flow. If the steps are not in agreement with the diagram at any point, then the steps take precedence over the diagram.

3.3.1 Frictionless Flow

Figure 3-3 shows the interaction between the 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS SDK code elements during the Frictionless Flow.

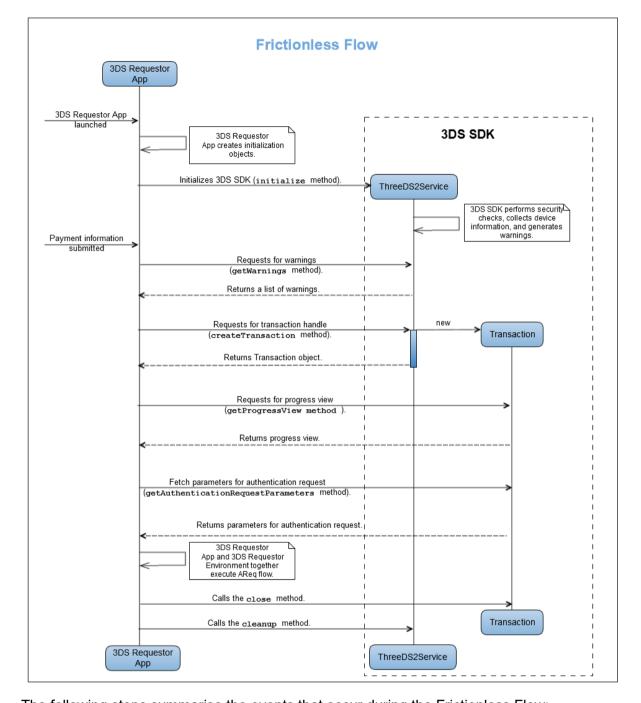


Figure 3-3: Frictionless Flow

The following steps summarise the events that occur during the Frictionless Flow:

- 1. The Cardholder launches the 3DS Requestor App.
- 2. The 3DS Requestor App creates instances of ConfigParameters, locale and UiCustomization for initialization.
- 3. The 3DS Requestor App calls the initialize method to initialize the 3DS SDK either during App startup as a background task or when a transaction is initiated.

Note: This method is called only once during a single 3DS Requestor App session.

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- 4. In the initialize method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.1 **[Req 1]** Perform security checks and generate warnings for each security check that fails.
- Seq 3.2 **[Req 2]** Collect device information.

Note: Steps 5 to 18 are performed per transaction. There can be multiple transactions in a single 3DS Requestor App session.

- 5. The Cardholder submits payment information by using the 3DS Requestor App.
- 6. (Optional) The 3DS Requestor App calls the getWarnings method.
- 7. In the getWarnings method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.3 [Reg 3] Return a list of warnings produced by the 3DS SDK during initialization.
- 8. (Optional) The 3DS Requestor App may call the getSDKVersion.
- 9. In the getSDKVersion method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.4 **[Req 4]** Return the version of the 3DS SDK that is integrated with the 3DS Requestor App.
- 10. The 3DS Requestor App calls the createTransaction method.
- 11. In the createTransaction method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.5 **[Req 5]** Create and return an instance of the Transaction interface implementation.
- 12. The 3DS Requestor App calls the getProgressView method.
- 13. In the <code>getProgressView</code> method call, the 3DS SDK returns an instance of Progress View (processing screen). Refer to <code>[Req 141]</code>—<code>[Req 144]</code> in the <code>Core Specification</code> for additional detail.
 - Returns an instance of Progress View (processing screen).
- 14. The 3DS Requestor App calls the getAuthenticationRequestParameters method.
- 15. In the getAuthenticationRequestParameters method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.6 **[Req 7]** Return the device information and 3DS SDK information, i.e., SDK transaction ID, Ephemeral public key, protocol version used, etc.
- 16. The 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS Requestor Environment together execute the AReq message flow.
- 17. The ARes message that is returned indicates that the Frictionless Flow must be applied. Therefore, no further action is required.
- 18. The 3DS Requestor App calls the close method to allow the 3DS SDK to clean up resources that are held by the Transaction object.
- 19. The 3DS Requestor App calls the cleanup method to allow the 3DS SDK to free up resources that were used.

Note: The cleanup method shall be called only once during a 3DS Requestor App session.

3.3.2 Challenge Flow

Figure 3-4 shows the interaction between the 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS SDK code elements during the Challenge Flow.

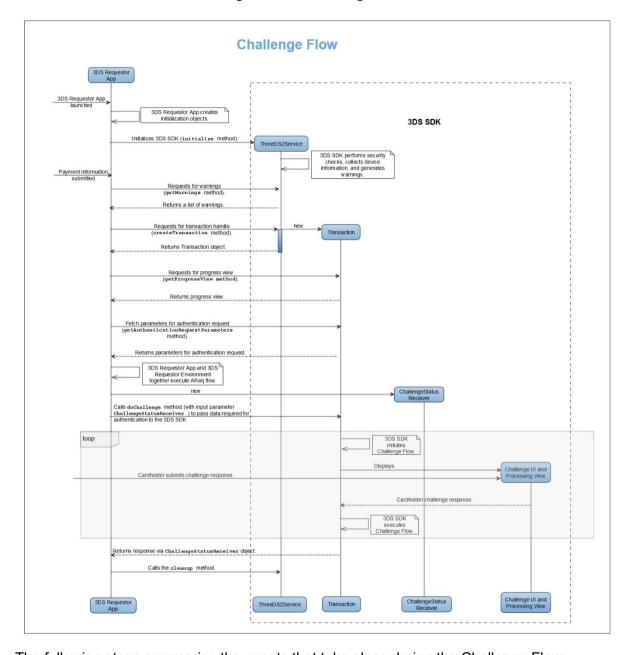


Figure 3-4: Challenge Flow

The following steps summarise the events that take place during the Challenge Flow:

Note: Steps 1 to 16 are the same as the steps in the Frictionless Flow.

- 17. The ARes message that is returned indicates whether the Challenge Flow is applied.
- 18. The 3DS Requestor App creates a callback object. This object implements the ChallengeStatusReceiver interface to receive challenge status notification from the 3DS SDK at the end of the challenge process.

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- 19. The 3DS Requestor App calls the doChallenge method. One of the parameters of the doChallenge method is ChallengeStatusReceiver. The 3DS Requestor App passes the callback object created as part of Step 18 using this parameter to the 3DS SDK. Another parameter that is passed by the 3DS Requestor App is a timeout value (in minutes) for the Challenge process.
- 20. In the doChallenge method call, the 3DS SDK shall:
- Seg 3.7 [Reg 66] Start a timer to measure the time taken by the challenge process.

Note: Within a single doChallenge method call, steps 21 to 23 shall be performed for each CReq/CRes exchange.

- 21. The 3DS SDK initiates the Challenge Flow by displaying the UI for the challenge screens as defined in *[Req 358]* of the *Core Specification*.
- 22. The Cardholder responds to the challenge.
- 23. The 3DS SDK uses a graphical element (a processing view) on the Challenge screen to show that the Cardholder's response is being processed. Refer to [Req 147], [Req 148] and [Req 151] in the Core Specification for additional detail.
- 24. The 3DS SDK shall:
- Seq 3.8 [Req 10] Call one of the methods (completed, cancelled, protocolError or runtimeError) of the ChallengeStatusReceiver callback object to return the result of the challenge process to the 3DS Requestor App.
 - After the method is run, the 3DS SDK gets back control and cleans up resources that are held by the Transaction object (implementer-specific).
- Seq 3.9 **[Req 67]** If a timeout occurs at any point, that is, if the time taken by the challenge process as measured by the timer (refer to Step 20) exceeds the timeout value (minimum of 5 minutes) passed by the 3DS Requestor App (refer Step 19), then the 3DS SDK shall:
 - Send an Error Message (as defined in Section A.9 of the *Core Specification*) to the ACS with Error Component = C and Error Code = 402.
 - Call the timedout method of the ChallengeStatusReceiver callback object.
 - Clean up resources that are held by the Transaction object.

Note: The last step in this flow is the cleanup step which is the same as Step 19 in the Frictionless Flow.

3.4 Summary of 3DS SDK Code Elements

The following tables provide a summary of the code elements to include in the 3DS SDK package.

3.4.1 Interface Summary

Table 3.1 summarises the interfaces to be included in the 3DS SDK package.

Table 3.1: Interfaces

Requirement ID	Interface	Description
[Req 11]	ThreeDS2Service	This interface shall provide methods to process 3-D Secure transactions. For detailed information, see Interface ThreeDS2Service.
[Req 12]	ChallengeStatusReceiver	This interface shall provide methods to receive challenge status notifications from the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Interface ChallengeStatusReceiver.
[Req 13]	Transaction	An object that implements the Transaction interface shall hold parameters that are required to create AReq messages and to perform the Challenge Flow. For detailed information, see Interface Transaction.

3.4.2 Class Summary

Table 3.2 summarises the classes to be included in the 3DS SDK package.

Table 3.2: Classes

Requirement ID	Class	Description
[Req 14]	ConfigParameters	This class shall represent the configuration parameters that are required by the 3DS SDK for initialization.
		For detailed information, see Class ConfigParameters.
[Req 15]	ChallengeParameters	This class shall hold the data that is required to conduct a challenge process.
		For detailed information, see Class ChallengeParameters.

Requirement ID	Class	Description
[Req 16]	AuthenticationRequestParamete rs	This class shall hold transaction data that the 3DS Server requires to create the AReq. For detailed information, see Class AuthenticationRequestParame ters.
[Req 17]	UiCustomization	This class shall provide the functionality required for 3DS SDK UI customization. For detailed information, see Class UiCustomization.
[Req 18]	Customization	This class shall serve as a superclass for the ButtonCustomization class, ToolbarCustomization class, LabelCustomization class, and TextBoxCustomization class. This class shall provide methods to pass UI customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Class Customization.
[Req 19]	ButtonCustomization	This class shall provide methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass button customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Class ButtonCustomization.
[Req 20]	ToolbarCustomization	This class shall provide methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass toolbar customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Class ToolbarCustomization.
[Req 21]	LabelCustomization	This class shall provide methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass label customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Class LabelCustomization.

Requirement ID	Class	Description
[Req 22]	TextBoxCustomization	This class shall provide methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass text box customization parameters to the 3DS SDK.
		For detailed information, see Class TextBoxCustomization.
[Req 23]	ErrorMessage	This class shall represent an error message that is returned by the ACS to the 3DS SDK or an error message that is generated by the 3DS SDK to be returned to the ACS.
		For detailed information, see Class ErrorMessage.
[Req 24]	CompletionEvent	This class shall represent an event that indicates that the challenge process has been completed.
		For detailed information, see Class CompletionEvent.
[Req 25]	RuntimeErrorEvent	This class shall represent a run-time error that is encountered during the authentication process.
		For detailed information, see Class RuntimeErrorEvent.
[Req 26]	ProtocolErrorEvent	This class shall represent an EMV 3-D Secure protocol-defined error that is returned by the ACS.
		For detailed information, see Class ProtocolErrorEvent.
[Req 27]	Warning	This class shall represent a warning produced by the 3DS SDK while performing security checks during initialization.
		For detailed information, see Class Warning.

3.4.3 Exception Summary

Table 3.3 summarises the exceptions to be included in the 3DS SDK package.

Table 3.3: Exceptions

Requirement ID	Exception	Description	
[Req 28]	InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid. For detailed information, see Class InvalidInputException.	
[Req 29]	SDKAlreadyInitializedException	This exception shall be thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has already been initialized. For detailed information, see Class SDKAlreadyInitializedException.	
[Req 30]	SDKNotInitializedException	This exception shall be thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has not been initialized. For detailed information, see Class SDKNotInitializedException.	
[Req 31]	SDKRuntimeException	This exception shall be thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.	

3.4.4 Enum Summary

Table 3.4 summarises the enum to be included in the 3DS SDK package.

Table 3.4: Enum

Requirement ID	Enum	Description
[Req 32]	Severity	This enum shall define severity levels of warnings produced by the 3DS SDK. For detailed information, see Enum Severity.
[Req 33]	ButtonType	This enum shall define the button type. For detailed information, see Enum ButtonType.

Requirement ID	Enum	Description
[Req 34]	UICustomizationType	This enum shall define the UICustomization type.
		For detailed information, see Enum UICustomization Type.

4 Code Elements of the EMV 3-D Secure Default SDK

The 3DS SDK package contains code elements that describe and define the contracts between the 3DS Requestor App and the 3DS SDK. This chapter provides detailed information about these code elements.

Note: The information in this chapter is not intended to be specific to any platform or programming language. However, for instructional purposes, Java-based and Android-based code samples have been used to illustrate how to use this information. These code samples can be adapted and used on any mobile platform or programming language.

4.1 Interface ThreeDS2Service

The ThreeDS2Service interface is the main 3DS SDK interface and it provides methods to process transactions.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ThreeDS2Service interface:

```
public interface ThreeDS2Service {
    public void initialize(...)

    public Transaction createTransaction (...)

    public void cleanup(...)

    public String getSDKVersion(...)

    public List<Warning> getWarnings(...)
}
```

Table 4.1 summarises the methods that are provided by the ThreeDS2Service interface.

Table 4.1: ThreeDS2Service Interface Methods

Method	Description	
initialize	Initializes the 3DS SDK instance.	

Method	Description	
createTransaction	Creates an instance of Transaction through which the 3DS Requestor App gets the data that is required to perform the transaction.	
cleanup	Frees up resources that are used by the 3DS Requestor App until it is closed. It shall be called only once during a single 3DS Requestor App session.	
getSDKVersion	Returns the version of the 3DS SDK that is integrated with the 3DS Requestor App.	
getWarnings	Returns warnings produced by the 3DS SDK while performing security checks during initialization.	

4.1.1 initialize

The 3DS Requestor App calls the <code>initialize</code> method at the start of the payment stage of a transaction. The App passes configuration parameters, UI configuration parameters, and (optionally) user locale to this method.

Note: The ThreeDS2Service instance is unusable until it is initialized.

The following tasks are performed during initialization:

- Security checks
- Collection of device information for all versions of the protocol that the SDK supports.
 For more information about the device identification parameters that are collected, refer to the EMV 3-D Secure SDK—Device Information.

Depending on the 3DS Requestor App implementation, a ThreeDS2Service instance is called either during 3DS Requestor App startup as a background task or when a transaction is initiated. The state is maintained until the cleanup method is called.

The following Android code snippet shows the signature of the initialize method:

public void initialize(android.content.Context ApplicationContext, ConfigParameters configParameters, String locale, Map<UICustomizationType, UiCustomization> uiCustomizationMap) throws InvalidInputException, SDKAlreadyInitializedException, SDKRuntimeException

initialize Parameters

Table 4.2: initialize Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
ApplicationContext	Yes	An instance of Android Application context.

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
configParameters	Yes	Configuration information used during initialization. For more information, see Class ConfigParameters.
locale	No	String that represents the locale for the App's user interface. For example, the value of locale can be "en-US" in Java. Note: If this parameter is not provided, then the default device locale is used.
uiCustomizationMap	No	UI configuration information that is used to specify the UI layout and theme for a UICustomizationType. For example, font style and font size for DEFAULT or DARK mode. For more information, see Class UiCustomization, Enum UICustomization Type.

initialize Return Value

None.

initialize Exceptions

Table 4.3: initialize Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown in any of the following scenarios:
	• configParameters is null.
	The value of configParameters, locale, or uiCustomization is invalid.
	For more information, see Class
	InvalidInputException.
SDKAlreadyInitializedException	This exception is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has already been initialized.
	For more information, see Class
	SDKAlreadyInitializedException.
SDKRuntimeException	This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK.
	For more information, see Class
	SDKRuntimeException.

4.1.2 createTransaction

The createTransaction method creates an instance of Transaction through which the 3DS Requestor App gets the data that is required to perform the transaction.

The 3DS Requestor App calls the createTransaction method for each transaction that is to be processed.

When the createTransaction method is called:

- The 3DS SDK uses the information adhering to the protocol version passed in the optional messageVersion parameter if it supports the protocol version. If it does not support the protocol version, it generates an InvalidInputException. If the messageVersion parameter is empty or null, the highest protocol version that the 3DS SDK supports is used. If Challenge Flow is triggered for the transaction, the 3DS SDK uses the same protocol version during the challenge process.
- The 3DS SDK uses a secure random function to generate a Transaction ID in UUID format. This ID is used to uniquely identify each transaction.
- The 3DS SDK generates a fresh ephemeral key pair. This key pair is used to establish a secure session between the 3DS SDK and the ACS subsequently during the transaction.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>createTransaction</code> method:

public Transaction createTransaction(String directoryServerID, String messageVersion) throws InvalidInputException,SDKNotInitializedException, SDKRuntimeException

createTransaction Parameters

Table 4.4: createTransaction Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
directoryServerID	Yes	Registered Application Provider Identifier (RID) that is unique to the Payment System.
		RIDs are defined by the ISO 7816-5 standard.
		RIDs are issued by the ISO/IEC 7816-5 registration authority.
		Contains a 5-byte value.
		The 3DS SDK encrypts the device information by using the DS public key. This key is identified based on the directoryServerID that is passed to the createTransaction method.
		Note: The 3DS SDK shall have the DS Public Keys of all the 3-D Secure participating Directory Servers.

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
messageVersion	No	Protocol version according to which the transaction shall be created.

createTransaction Return Value

This method returns an instance of the Transaction interface.

createTransaction Exceptions

Table 4.5: createTransaction Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid. This also includes an invalid Directory Server ID or a protocol version that the 3DS SDK does not support.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.
SDKNotInitializedException	This exception is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has not been initialized.
	For more information, see Class SDKNotInitializedException.
SDKRuntimeException	This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK.
	For more information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.

4.1.3 cleanup

The cleanup method frees up resources that are used by the 3DS SDK. It is called only once during a single 3DS Requestor App session.

The following Android code snippet shows the signature of the cleanup method:

public void cleanup(android.content.Context ApplicationContext)
throws SDKNotInitializedException

cleanup Parameters

Table 4.6: cleanup Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
ApplicationContext	Conditional	3DS Requestor App context.
	(Mandatory for Android)	

cleanup Return Value

None.

cleanup Exceptions

Table 4.7: cleanup Exceptions

Exception	Description
SDKNotInitializedException	This exception is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has not been initialized.
	For more information, see Class SDKNotInitializedException.

4.1.4 getSDKVersion

The getSDKVersion method returns the version of the 3DS SDK that is integrated with the 3DS Requestor App. For more information about the 3DS SDK version, refer to Section 8.3.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKVersion method:

public String getSDKVersion() throws SDKNotInitializedException, SDKRuntimeException

getSDKVersion Parameters

None.

getSDKVersion Return Value

This method returns (as a string) the version of the 3DS SDK that is integrated with the 3DS Requestor App.

getSDKVersion Exceptions

Table 4.8: getSDKVersion Exceptions

Exception	Description
SDKNotInitializedException	This exception is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has not been initialized.
	For more information, see Class SDKNotInitializedException.
SDKRuntimeException	This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK.
	For more information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.

4.1.5 getWarnings

The getWarnings method returns the warnings produced by the 3DS SDK during initialization.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getWarnings method:

public List<Warning> getWarnings()

getWarnings Parameters

None

getWarnings Return Value

This method returns a List of warnings produced by the 3DS SDK during initialization.

getWarnings Exceptions

Table 4.9: getWarnings Exceptions

Exception	Description
SDKNotInitializedException	This exception is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has not been initialized.
	For more information, see Class SDKNotInitializedException.

4.2 Class ConfigParameters

The ConfigParameters class shall represent the configuration parameters that are required by the 3DS SDK for initialization.

The following are characteristics of the configuration parameters:

- All related configuration parameters can be placed in a single group.
 - Note: A group is not pre-defined. The 3DS SDK implementer can define it to logically group configuration parameters.
- Explicit parameter grouping is optional. If a group name is not provided, then parameters are grouped under a default group.
- Duplicate parameter names cannot be used within a given group or the default group.
- Group names and parameter names are case-insensitive.

The 3DS Requestor App creates a ConfigParameters object and sets the required parameter values.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ConfigParameters class:

```
public class ConfigParameters {
    public void addParam(...)
    public String getParamValue(...)
    public String removeParam(...)
}
```

Table 4.10 summarises the methods that are provided by the ConfigParameters class.

Table 4.10:	ConfigParameters	Class Methods
-------------	------------------	---------------

Method	Description
addParam	Adds a configuration parameter either to the specified group or to the default group.
getParamValue	Returns a configuration parameter's value either from the specified group or from the default group.
removeParam	Removes a configuration parameter either from the specified group or from the default group. It should return the value of the parameter that it removes.

4.2.1 addParam

The addParam method shall add a configuration parameter either to the specified group or to the default group, if the group is not specified.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the addParam method:

public void addParam(String group, String paramName, String paramValue) throws InvalidInputException

addParam Parameters

Table 4.11: addParam Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
group	No	Group to which the configuration parameter is to be added. Note: If a group is not specified, then the default group is used.
paramName	Yes	Name of the configuration parameter.
paramValue	Yes	Value of the configuration parameter. Note: The value cannot be null.

addParam Return Value

None.

addParam Exceptions

Table 4.12: addParam Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if paramName is null or if the parameter in the group is duplicate.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.2.2 getParamValue

The getParamValue method returns a configuration parameter's value either from the specified group or from the default group if the group is not specified.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getParamValue method:

public String getParamValue(String group, String paramName) throws InvalidInputException

getParamValue Parameters

Table 4.13: getParamValue Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
group	No	Group from which the configuration parameter's value is to be returned.
paramName	Yes	Name of the configuration parameter.

getParamValue Return Value

The getParamValue method returns the value of the specified configuration parameter as a string. If the parameter is not found in the specified group, then this method returns null.

Note: If the group is null, then the default group is used for lookup.

getParamValue Exceptions

Table 4.14: getParamValue Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if paramName is null.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.2.3 removeParam

The removeParam method removes a configuration parameter either from the specified group or from the default group if the group is not specified. It should return the value of the parameter that it removes.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the removeParam method:

public String removeParam (String group, String paramName) throws InvalidInputException

removeParam Parameters

Table 4.15: removeParam Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
group	No	Group from which the configuration parameter is to be removed.
paramName	Yes	Name of the configuration parameter.

removeParam Return Value

The removeParam method should return the value of the parameter that it removes. If the parameter is not found in the specified group, then this method returns null.

Note: If the group is null, then the default group is used for lookup.

removeParam Exceptions

Table 4.16: removeParam Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if paramName is null.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.3 Interface ChallengeStatusReceiver

A callback object that implements the ChallengeStatusReceiver interface receives challenge status notification from the 3DS SDK at the end of the challenge process. This receiver object may be notified by calling various methods.

Depending on the result of the challenge process, the 3DS Requestor App may display a message or redirect the Cardholder to a screen in the App.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ChallengeStatusReceiver interface:

```
public interface ChallengeStatusReceiver {
    public void completed (...)

    public void cancelled (...)

    public void timedout (...)

    public void protocolError(...)

    public void runtimeError(...)
}
```

Table 4.17 summarises the methods that are provided by the ChallengeStatusReceiver interface. Each method corresponds to an event that can take place during the authentication process.

Table 4.17: ChallengeStatusReceiver Interface Methods

Method	Description
completed	Called when the challenge process (that is, the transaction) is completed. When a transaction is completed, a transaction status should be available.
cancelled	Called when the Cardholder selects the option to cancel the transaction on the challenge screen.
timedout	Called when the challenge process reaches or exceeds the timeout interval that is specified during the doChallenge call on the 3DS SDK.
protocolError	Called when the 3DS SDK receives an EMV 3-D Secure protocol-defined error message from the ACS.
runtimeError	Called when the 3DS SDK encounters errors during the challenge process. These errors include all errors except those covered by the protocolError method.

Figure 4-1 shows the Cardholder user experience when the Cardholder taps the Back or Cancel buttons in the Challenge UI.

Cardholder User Experience: Tap Back or Cancel During Challenge Flow <<interface>> Challenge Status Receiver Checkout cancelled() Select payment method Provide card details Cardholder challenge UI Cardholder taps Back button (hardware or software) or Cancel button Merchant Screens Hand over control to Merchant 3DS SDK Screen

Figure 4-1: Cardholder User Experience: Taps Back or Cancel During Challenge Flow

The following steps summarise the events that take place when the Cardholder taps the Back or Cancel buttons in the Challenge UI:

- 1. At the checkout stage of the transaction, the Cardholder selects the Card payment method.
- 2. The Cardholder provides the card details.
- 3. The SDK presents the Challenge UI.
- 4. If the Cardholder taps the **Back** button (hardware or software) or **Cancel** button, the cancelled method is called and control returns to the 3DS Requestor App.

4.3.1 completed

The completed method is called when the challenge process is completed. When a transaction is completed, the transaction status should be available.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the completed method:

public void completed(CompletionEvent completionEvent)

completed Parameters

Table 4.18: completed Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
completionEvent	Yes	Information about completion of the challenge process.
		For more information, see Class CompletionEvent.

completed Return Value

None.

completed Exceptions

None.

4.3.2 cancelled

The cancelled method shall be called when the Cardholder selects the option to cancel the transaction on the challenge screen.

Before sending notification about the cancelled event to the 3DS Requestor App, the 3DS SDK shall end the Challenge Flow. The App displays subsequent screens after it receives notification about this event.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the cancelled method:

public void cancelled()

cancelled Parameters

None.

cancelled Return Value

None.

cancelled Exceptions

None.

4.3.3 timedout

The timedout method is called when the challenge process reaches or exceeds the timeout specified during the doChallenge call on the 3DS SDK. On timeout, the SDK should make a best effort to stop the Challenge Flow as soon as possible.

Before sending notification about the timed-out event to the 3DS Requestor App, the 3DS SDK ends the Challenge Flow. The App displays subsequent screens after it receives notification about this event.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the timedout method:

public void timedout()

timedout Parameters

None.

timedout Return Value

None.

timedout Exceptions

None

4.3.4 protocolError

In the 3DS SDK context, a protocol error is any error message that is returned by the ACS.

The protocolError method shall be called when the 3DS SDK receives such an error message. The 3DS SDK sends the error code and details from this error message as part of the notification to the 3DS Requestor App.

Note: A protocol error is not covered by the runtimeError method. For information about errors covered by the runtimeError method, refer to Section 4.15.

Before sending notification about the Protocol Error event to the 3DS Requestor App, the 3DS SDK ends the Challenge Flow. The App displays subsequent screens after it receives notification about this event.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the protocolError method:

 $\verb"public void protocolError" (\verb"ProtocolError" Event protocolError" Event)";$

protocolError Parameters

Table 4.19: protocolError Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
protocolErrorEvent	Yes	Error code and details.
		For more information, see Class
		ProtocolErrorEvent.

protocolError Return Value

None.

protocolError Exceptions

None.

4.3.5 runtimeError

The runtimeError method is called when the 3DS SDK encounters errors during the challenge process.

Note: A run-time error is not covered by the protocolError method. For information about errors covered by the protocolError method, refer to Class ProtocolErrorEvent.

Before sending notification about the run-time error event to the 3DS Requestor App, the 3DS SDK ends the Challenge Flow. The App displays subsequent screens after receiving notification about this event.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the runtimeError method:

public void runtimeError(RuntimeErrorEvent runtimeErrorEvent)

runtimeError Parameters

Table 4.20: runtimeError Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
runtimeErrorEvent	Yes	Error code and details.
		For more information, see Class RuntimeErrorEvent.

runtimeError Return Value

None.

runtimeError Exceptions

None.

4.4 Interface Transaction

An object that implements the Transaction interface shall hold parameters that the 3DS Server requires to create AReq messages and to perform the Challenge Flow.

The following Android code snippet shows the definition of the Transaction interface:

```
public interface Transaction {
```

```
public AuthenticationRequestParameters
    getAuthenticationRequestParameters(...)

public void doChallenge(...)

public ProgressDialog getProgressView(...)

public void close(...)
```

Table 4.21 summarises the methods provided by the Transaction interface.

Method	Description
getAuthenticationRequestParameters	Returns device and 3DS SDK information to the 3DS Requestor App.
doChallenge	Initiates the challenge process.
getProgressView	Returns an instance of Progress View (processing screen) that the 3DS Requestor App uses.
close	Cleans up resources that are held by the Transaction object.

Table 4.21: Transaction Interface Methods

4.4.1 getAuthenticationRequestParameters

When the 3DS Requestor App calls the <code>getAuthenticationRequestParameters</code> method, the 3DS SDK encrypts the device information that it collects during initialization and send this information along with the SDK information to the 3DS Requestor App. The App includes this information in its message to the 3DS Server.

The 3DS SDK encrypts the device information by using the DS public key. This key is identified based on the directoryServerID that is passed to the createTransaction method. The 3DS SDK can use A128CBC-HS256 or A128GCM as the encryption algorithm. For more information about 3DS SDK encryption, refer to Section 6.2.2, "Function I: 3DS SDK Encryption to DS" in the *Core Specification*.

The 3DS SDK generates an ephemeral key pair that is required for subsequent communication with the ACS if a challenge must be applied. For more information, refer to Section 8.4.

The getAuthenticationRequestParameters method is called for every transaction.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getAuthenticationRequestParameters method:

public AuthenticationRequestParameters
getAuthenticationRequestParameters()

getAuthenticationRequestParameters Parameters

None.

getAuthenticationRequestParameters Return Value

This method returns an AuthenticationRequestParameters object that contains device information and 3DS SDK information.

getAuthenticationRequestParameters Exceptions

Table 4.22: getAuthenticationRequestParameters Exceptions

Exception	Description	
SDKRuntimeException	This exception shall be thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK.	
	For more information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.	

4.4.2 doChallenge

If the ARes message that is returned indicates that the Challenge Flow must be applied, the 3DS Requestor App calls the doChallenge method with the required input parameters. The doChallenge method initiates the challenge process.

Note: The doChallenge method shall be called only when the Challenge Flow is to be Applied.

When the doChallenge method is called, control of the App is passed to the 3DS SDK. At this point the 3DS SDK:

- Starts a timer to measure the overall time taken by the challenge process.
- Checks if the CA public key (root) of the Directory Server CA (DS CA) is present, based on the directoryServerID that was passed to the createTransaction method.
- Uses the CA public key of the DS CA to validate the ACS Signed Content JWS object. Based on the information included in the JWS object, the algorithm used to perform the validation can be PS256 or ES256.
- Completes the Diffie-Hellman key exchange process according to JWA (RFC 7518) in Direct Key Agreement mode using curve P-256. The output of this process is a pair of CEKs.
- Uses the CEKs to encrypt the CReq messages and decrypt the CRes messages.

For more information about the algorithms used for validation, and the CEKs, refer to Section 6.2.3 of the *Core Specification*.

The 3DS SDK displays the challenge to the Cardholder. The following steps take place during the challenge process:

- The 3DS Requestor App's current screen shall be closed either before the challenge screen is launched or before the ChallengeStatusReceiver callback is invoked by the 3DS SDK. This is to prevent the Cardholder from revisiting the card details screen using the Back button during the challenge process. For more information about the user experience when the Cardholder taps the Back button, refer to Figure 4-1.
- The 3DS SDK exchanges two or more CReq and CRes messages with the ACS.
- The 3DS SDK sends the challenge status back to the 3DS Requestor App by using the ChallengeStatusReceiver callback functions.
- The 3DS SDK cleans up resources that are held by the Transaction object.

At any point, if the time taken by the challenge process (as measured by the timer) exceeds the timeout value passed by the 3DS Requestor App, then the 3DS SDK shall adhere to *[Req 67]*.

Note: After this method is called and the resources are cleaned up, any further operation on the Transaction object should result in an SDKRuntimeException.

The following Android code snippet shows the signature of the doChallenge method:

public void doChallenge(android.App.Activity currentActivity, ChallengeParameters challengeParameters, ChallengeStatusReceiver challengeStatusReceiver, int timeOut) throws InvalidInputException

doChallenge Parameters

Table 4.23: doChallenge Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
currentActivity	Conditional (mandatory on Android)	The Android activity instance that invoked doChallenge.

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
challengeParameters	Yes	ACS details (contained in the ARes) required by the 3DS SDK to conduct the challenge process during the transaction. The following details are mandatory:
		3DS Server Transaction ID
		ACS Transaction ID
		ACS Reference Number
		ACS Signed Content
challengeStatusReceiver	Yes	Callback object for notifying the 3DS Requestor App about the challenge status. For more information, see Interface
		ChallengeStatusReceiver.
timeOut	Yes	Timeout interval (in minutes) within which the challenge process must be completed. The minimum timeout interval shall be 5 minutes.

doChallenge Return Value

None.

doChallenge Exceptions

Table 4.24: doChallenge Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid. A timeout interval of less than 5 minutes is also treated as invalid input. For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.
SDKRuntimeException	This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK. For more information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.

4.4.3 getProgressView

The getProgressView method returns an instance of Progress View (processing screen) that the 3DS Requestor App uses. The processing screen displays the Payment System logo, and a graphical element to indicate that an activity is being processed.

The ProgressView object is created by the 3DS SDK.

The following Android code snippet shows the signature of the getProgressView method:

public ProgressDialog getProgressView(android.App.Activity
currentActivity) throws InvalidInputException

getProgressView Parameters

Table 4.25: getProgressView Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
currentActivity	Conditional (mandatory on Android)	An Android activity instance.

getProgressView Return Value

This method returns a ProgressDialog object.

getProgressView Exceptions

Table 4.26: getProgressView Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid. For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	
SDKRuntimeException	This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK. For more information, see Class SDKRuntimeException.	

4.4.4 close

The close method is called to clean up resources that are held by the Transaction object when the transaction is completed.

Note: This method is required to be called only when the doChallenge method is not called in the transaction.

Note: After this method is called and the resources are cleaned up, any further operation on the Transaction object should result in an SDKRuntimeException.

The following are some examples of scenarios in which the close method is called:

- Frictionless transaction
- ACS recommends a challenge, but the Merchant overrides the recommendation and chooses to complete the transaction without a challenge

The following Android code snippet shows the signature of the close method:

public void close()

close Parameters

None.

close Return Value

None.

close Exceptions

None.

4.5 Class UiCustomization

The UiCustomization class provides the functionality required to customize the 3DS SDK UI elements. An object of this class holds various UI-related parameters.

Seq 4.1 [Req 69] The UICustomization object and the objects held by it, such as ButtonCustomization, ToolbarCustomization, LabelCustomization, and TextBoxCustomization are immutable. In other words, after the customization data is set, the 3DS SDK shall not allow the data to be modified. To enforce this, SDK implementers can choose any mechanism such as delinking references from the 3DS Requestor App by creating copies of the customization objects and so on.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the UiCustomization class:

```
public class UiCustomization {
   public enum ButtonType {SUBMIT, CONTINUE, NEXT, CANCEL,
   RESEND}, OPEN_OOB_APP, ADD_CH}
   public enum UICustomizationType {DEFAULT, DARK, MONOCHROME}
   public void setButtonCustomization(...)
   public void setToolbarCustomization(...)
   public void setLabelCustomization(...)
   public void setTextBoxCustomization(...)
   public ButtonCustomization getButtonCustomization()
   public ToolbarCustomization getToolbarCustomization()
   public LabelCustomization getLabelCustomization()
   public TextBoxCustomization getTextBoxCustomization()
}
```

Table 4.27 summarises the methods provided by the UiCustomization class.

Table 4.27: UiCustomization Class Methods

Method	Description
setButtonCustomization	Sets the attributes of a ButtonCustomization object for a particular button type.
	For more information, see Class ButtonCustomization.
setButtonCustomization	Sets the attributes of a ButtonCustomization object for an implementer-specific button type.
	For more information, see Class ButtonCustomization.
setToolbarCustomization	Sets the attributes of a ToolbarCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class ToolbarCustomization.
setLabelCustomization	Sets the attributes of a LabelCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class LabelCustomization.
setTextBoxCustomization	Sets the attributes of a TextBoxCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class TextBoxCustomization.
getButtonCustomization	Returns a ButtonCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class ButtonCustomization.
getButtonCustomization	Returns a ButtonCustomization object for an implementer-specific button type.
	For more information, see Class ButtonCustomization.
getToolbarCustomization	Returns a ToolbarCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class ToolbarCustomization.
getLabelCustomization	Returns a LabelCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class LabelCustomization.
getTextBoxCustomization	Returns a TextBoxCustomization object.
	For more information, see Class TextBoxCustomization.

4.5.1 setButtonCustomization

The setButtonCustomization method accepts a ButtonCustomization object along with a predefined button type. The 3DS SDK uses this object for customizing buttons.

Note: The 3DS SDK implementer maintains a dictionary of buttons passed via this method for use during customization.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setButtonCustomization method:

public void setButtonCustomization (ButtonCustomization buttonCustomization, ButtonType buttonType) throws InvalidInputException

setButtonCustomization Parameters

Table 4.28: setButtonCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
buttonCustomization	Yes	A ButtonCustomization object.
buttonType	Yes	The ButtonType.

setButtonCustomization Return Value

None.

setButtonCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.29: setButtonCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.2 setButtonCustomization—variation

This method is a variation of the <u>setButtonCustomization</u> method.

The setButtonCustomization method accepts a ButtonCustomization object and an implementer-specific button type. The 3DS SDK uses this object for customizing buttons.

Note: This method is used when the SDK implementer wants to use a button type that is not included in the predefined Enum ButtonType. If the button type that is specified already exists in the Enum ButtonType (case-insensitive match), then the button type available in the Enum is used.

The SDK implementer maintains a dictionary of buttons passed via this method for use during customization.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setButtonCustomization method:

public void setButtonCustomization (ButtonCustomization
buttonCustomization, String buttonType) throws
InvalidInputException

setButtonCustomization Parameters

Table 4.30: setButtonCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
buttonCustomization	Yes	A ButtonCustomization object.
buttonType	Yes	Implementer-specific button type. The value of the buttonType is case-insensitive.

setButtonCustomization Return Value

None.

setButtonCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.31: setButtonCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.3 setToolbarCustomization

The setToolbarCustomization method shall accept a ToolbarCustomization object. The 3DS SDK uses this object for customizing toolbars.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setToolbarCustomization method:

public void setToolbarCustomization(ToolbarCustomization
toolbarCustomization) throws InvalidInputException

setToolbarCustomization Parameters

Table 4.32: setToolbarCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
toolbarCustomization	Yes	A ToolbarCustomization object.

setToolbarCustomization Return Value

None.

setToolbarCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.33: setToolbarCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.4 setLabelCustomization

The setLabelCustomization method shall accept a LabelCustomization object. The 3DS SDK uses this object for customizing labels.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setLabelCustomization method:

public void setLabelCustomization (LabelCustomization labelCustomization) throws InvalidInputException

setLabelCustomization Parameters

Table 4.34: setLabelCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
labelCustomization	Yes	A LabelCustomization object.

setLabelCustomization Return Value

None.

setLabelCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.35: setLabelCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.5 setTextBoxCustomization

The setTextBoxCustomization method shall accept a TextBoxCustomization object. The 3DS SDK uses this object for customizing text boxes.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setTextBoxCustomization method:

public void setTextBoxCustomization (TextBoxCustomization textBoxCustomization) throws InvalidInputException

setTextBoxCustomization Parameters

Table 4.36: setTextBoxCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
textBoxCustomization	Yes	A TextBoxCustomization object.

setTextBoxCustomization Return Value

None.

setTextBoxCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.37: setTextBoxCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.5.6 getButtonCustomization

The getButtonCustomization method shall return a ButtonCustomization object for a specified button type.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getButtonCustomization</code> method:

public ButtonCustomization getButtonCustomization (ButtonType buttonType) throws InvalidInputException;

getButtonCustomization Parameters

Table 4.38: getButtonCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
buttonType	Yes	A pre-defined list of button types.
		For more information, see Enum ButtonType

getButtonCustomization Return Value

This method returns a ButtonCustomization object. If the ButtonCustomization object was not set, then this method returns null.

getButtonCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.39: getButtonCustomization Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.7 getButtonCustomization

The getButtonCustomization method returns a ButtonCustomization object for an implementer-specific button type.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getButtonCustomization method:

public ButtonCustomization getButtonCustomization (String buttonType) throws InvalidInputException;

getButtonCustomization Parameters

Table 4.40: getButtonCustomization Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
buttonType	Yes	Implementer-specific button type.

getButtonCustomization Return Value

This method returns a ButtonCustomization object. If the ButtonCustomization object was not set, then this method returns null.

getButtonCustomization Exceptions

Table 4.41: getButtonCustomization Parameters

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.5.8 getToolbarCustomization

The getToolbarCustomization method returns a ToolbarCustomization object for a toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getToolbarCustomization method:

public ToolbarCustomization getToolbarCustomization();

getToolbarCustomization Parameters

None.

getToolbarCustomization Return Value

This method returns a ToolbarCustomization object. If the ToolbarCustomization object was not set, then this method returns null.

getToolbarCustomization Exceptions

None.

4.5.9 getLabelCustomization

The getLabelCustomization method returns a LabelCustomization object.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getLabelCustomization method:

public LabelCustomization getLabelCustomization()

getLabelCustomization Parameters

None

getLabelCustomization Return Value

This method returns a LabelCustomization object. If the LabelCustomization object was not set, then this method returns null.

getLabelCustomization Exceptions

None.

4.5.10 getTextBoxCustomization

The getTextBoxCustomization method shall return a TextBoxCustomization object.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getTextBoxCustomization method:

public TextBoxCustomization getTextBoxCustomization()

getTextBoxCustomization Parameters

None.

getTextBoxCustomization Return Value

This method returns a TextBoxCustomization object. If the TextBoxCustomization object was not set, then this method returns null.

getTextBoxCustomization Exceptions

None.

4.6 Class Customization

The Customization class shall serve as a superclass for the ButtonCustomization class, ToolbarCustomization class, LabelCustomization class, and TextBoxCustomization class. This class provides methods to pass UI customization parameters to the 3DS SDK.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the Customization class:

```
public class Customization {
   public void setTextFontName(...)
   public void setTextColor(...)
   public void setTextFontSize(...)
   public String getTextFontName()
   public String getTextColor()
   public int getTextFontSize()
}
```

Table 4.42 summarises the methods provided by the Customization class.

Table 4.42: Customization Class Methods

Method	Description
setTextFontName	Sets the font type for a UI element.
setTextColor	Sets the text color for a UI element.
setTextFontSize	Sets the font size for a UI element.
getTextFontName	Returns the font type for a UI element.
getTextColor	Returns the text color for a UI element.

Method	Description
getTextFontSize	Returns the font size for a UI element.

4.6.1 setTextFontName

The setTextFontName method sets the font type for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setTextFontName method:

public void setTextFontName (String fontName) throws InvalidInputException

setTextFontName Parameters

Table 4.43: setTextFontName Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
fontName	Yes	Font type for the UI element.

setTextFontName Return Value

None.

setTextFontName Exceptions

Table 4.44: setTextFontName Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.6.2 setTextColor

The setTextColor method sets the text color for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setTextColor method:

public void setTextColor (String hexColorCode) throws InvalidInputException

setTextColor Parameters

Table 4.45: setTextColor Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
hexColorCode	Yes	Color code in Hex format. For example, the color code can be "#999999".

setTextColor Return Value

None.

setTextColor Exceptions

Table 4.46: setTextColor Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.6.3 setTextFontSize

The setTextFontSize method shall set the font size for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setTextFontSize method:

public void setTextFontSize (int fontSize) throws InvalidInputException

setTextFontSize Parameters

Table 4.47: setTextFontSize Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
fontSize	Yes	Font size for the UI element.

setTextFontSize Return Value

None.

setTextFontSize Exceptions

Table 4.48: setTextFontSize Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.6.4 getTextFontName

The getTextFontName method returns the font type for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getTextFontName method:

public String getTextFontName()

getTextFontName Parameters

None.

getTextFontName Return Value

The getTextFontName method returns the font type as a string.

getTextFontName Exceptions

None.

4.6.5 getTextColor

The getTextColor method returns the hex color code for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getTextColor method:

public String getTextColor()

getTextColor Parameters

None.

getTextColor Return Value

The getTextColor method returns the hex color code as a string.

getTextColor Exceptions

None.

4.6.6 getTextFontSize

The getTextFontSize method returns the font size for a UI element.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getTextFontSize method:

```
public int getTextFontSize()
```

getTextFontSize Parameters

None.

getTextFontSize Return Value

The getTextFontSize method returns the font size as an integer.

getTextFontSize Exceptions

None.

4.7 Class ButtonCustomization

The ButtonCustomization class provides methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass button customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. This class shall extend the Customization class. The methods that are inherited from the Customization class can be used to work with button labels.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ButtonCustomization class:

```
public class ButtonCustomization extends Customization {
    public void setBackgroundColor(...)
    public void setCornerRadius(...)
    public String getBackgroundColor()
    public int getCornerRadius()
}
```

Table 4.49 summarises the methods provided by the ButtonCustomization class.

Table 4.49: ButtonCustomization Class Methods

Method	Description
setBackgroundColor	Sets the background colour of the button.
setCornerRadius	Sets the radius of the button corners.
getBackgroundColor	Returns the background colour of the button.

Method	Description
getCornerRadius	Returns the radius of the button corners.

The ButtonCustomization class inherits the following methods from the Customization class:

- setTextFontName
- setTextColor
- setTextFontSize
- getTextFontName
- getTextColor
- getTextFontSize

4.7.1 setBackgroundColor

The setBackgroundColor method sets the background colour of the button.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setBackgroundColor method:

public void setBackgroundColor(String hexColorCode) throws InvalidInputException

setBackgroundColor Parameters

Table 4.50: setBackgroundColor Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
hexColorCode	Yes	Colour code in Hex format. For example, the colour code can be "#999999".

setBackgroundColor Return Value

None.

setBackgroundColor Exceptions

Table 4.51: setBackgroundColor Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.7.2 setCornerRadius

The setCornerRadius method sets the radius of the button corners.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setCornerRadius method:

public void setCornerRadius(int cornerRadius) throws InvalidInputException

setCornerRadius Parameters

Table 4.52: setCornerRadius Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
cornerRadius	Yes	Radius (integer value) for the button corners.

setCornerRadius Return Value

None.

setCornerRadius Exceptions

Table 4.53: setCornerRadius Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.7.3 getBackgroundColor

The getBackgroundColor method returns the background colour of the button.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getBackgroundColor</code> method:

public String getBackgroundColor()

getBackgroundColor Parameters

None.

getBackgroundColor Return Value

The getBackgroundColor method returns the background colour code (as a string) of the button.

getBackgroundColor Exceptions

None.

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4.7.4 getCornerRadius

The getCornerRadius method returns the radius of the button corners.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getCornerRadius method:

```
public int getCornerRadius()
```

getCornerRadius Parameters

None.

getCornerRadius Return Value

The getCornerRadius method returns the radius (as an integer) of the button corners.

getCornerRadius Exceptions

None.

4.8 Class ToolbarCustomization

The ToolbarCustomization class provides methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass toolbar customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. This class extends the Customization class. The methods that are inherited from the Customization class can be used to work with toolbar labels.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ToolbarCustomization class:

```
public class ToolbarCustomization extends Customization {
    public void setBackgroundColor(...)
    public String getBackgroundColor()
    public void setHeaderText(...)
    public String getHeaderText()
    public void setButtonText(...)
    public String getButtonText()
}
```

As seen in the definition, the ToolbarCustomization class shall provide the methods listed in Table 4.54.

Table 4.54: ToolbarCustomization Class Methods

Method	Description
setBackgroundColor	Sets the background colour for the toolbar.
getBackgroundColor	Returns the background colour for the toolbar.
setHeaderText	Sets the header text of the toolbar.
getHeaderText	Returns the header text of the toolbar.
setButtonText	Sets the button text of the toolbar.
getButtonText	Returns the button text of the toolbar.

The ToolbarCustomization class inherits the following methods from the Customization class:

- setTextFontName
- setTextColor
- setTextFontSize
- getTextFontName
- getTextColor
- qetTextFontSize

4.8.1 setBackgroundColor

The setBackgroundColor method sets the background colour for the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setBackgroundColor method:

public void setBackgroundColor(String hexColorCode) throws InvalidInputException

setBackgroundColor Parameters

Table 4.55: setBackgroundColor Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
hexColorCode	Yes	Colour code in Hex format. For example, the colour code can be "#999999".

setBackgroundColor Return Value

None.

setBackgroundColor Exceptions

Table 4.56: setBackgroundColor Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.8.2 getBackgroundColor

The getBackgroundColor method returns the background colour for the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getBackgroundColor</code> method:

public String getBackgroundColor()

getBackgroundColor Parameters

None.

getBackgroundColor Return Value

The getBackgroundColor method returns the background colour code (as a String) for the toolbar.

getBackgroundColor Exceptions

None.

4.8.3 setHeaderText

The setHeaderText method sets the header text of the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setHeaderText method:

public void setHeaderText (String headerText) throws InvalidInputException

setHeaderText Parameters

Table 4.57: setHeaderText Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
headerText	Yes	Text for the header.

setHeaderText Return Value

None.

setHeaderText Exceptions

Table 4.58: setHeaderText Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.8.4 getHeaderText

The getHeaderText method returns the header text of the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getHeaderText method:

public String getHeaderText()

getHeaderText Parameters

None.

getHeaderText Return Value

The <code>getHeaderText</code> method returns the header text (as a String) of the toolbar. If the header text is blank or null, the default value of "SECURE CHECKOUT" or its localised equivalent is used by the 3DS SDK.

getHeaderText Exceptions

None.

4.8.5 setButtonText

The setButtonText method sets the button text of the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setButtonText method:

public void setButtonText(String buttonText) throws InvalidInputException

setButtonText Parameters

Table 4.59: setButtonText Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
buttonText	Yes	Text for the button. For example, "Cancel".

setButtonText Return Value

None.

setButtonText Exceptions

Table 4.60: setButtonText Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.8.6 getButtonText

The getButtonText method returns the button text of the toolbar.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getButtonText method:

```
public String getButtonText()
```

getButtonText Parameters

None.

getButtonText Return Value

The getButtonText method returns the button text (as a String) of the toolbar.

getButtonText Exceptions

None.

4.9 Class LabelCustomization

The LabelCustomization class provides methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass label customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. This class shall extend the Customization class. The methods that are inherited from the Customization class can be used to work with non-heading labels in the UI.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the LabelCustomization class:

```
public class LabelCustomization extends Customization {
   public void setHeadingTextColor(...)
   public void setHeadingTextFontName(...)
   public void setHeadingTextFontSize(...)
   public String getHeadingTextColor()
```

```
public String getHeadingTextFontName()
  public int getHeadingTextFontSize()
}
```

Table 4.61 summarises the methods that are provided by the LabelCustomization class.

Table 4.61: LabelCustomization Class Methods

Method	Description
setHeadingTextColor	Sets the colour of the heading label text.
setHeadingTextFontName	Sets the font type of the heading label text.
setHeadingTextFontSize	Sets the font size of the heading label text.
getHeadingTextColor	Returns the colour of the heading label text.
getHeadingTextFontName	Returns the font type of the heading label text.
getHeadingTextFontSize	Returns the font size of the heading label text.

The LabelCustomization class shall inherit the following methods from the Customization class:

- setTextFontName
- setTextColor
- setTextFontSize
- getTextFontName
- getTextColor
- getTextFontSize

4.9.1 setHeadingTextColor

The setHeadingTextColor method sets the colour of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setHeadingTextColor method:

public void setHeadingTextColor(String hexColorCode) throws InvalidInputException

setHeadingTextColor Parameters

Table 4.62: setHeadingTextColor Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
hexColorCode	Yes	Colour code in Hex format. For example, the colour code can be "#999999".

setHeadingTextColor Return Value

None.

setHeadingTextColor Exceptions

Table 4.63: setHeadingTextColor Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.9.2 setHeadingTextFontName

The setHeadingTextFontName method shall set the font type of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setHeadingTextFontName method:

public void setHeadingTextFontName(String fontName) throws InvalidInputException

setHeadingTextFontName Parameters

Table 4.64: setHeadingTextFontName Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
fontName	Yes	Font type for the heading label text.

setHeadingTextFontName Return Value

setHeadingTextFontName Exceptions

Table 4.65: setHeadingTextFontName Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.9.3 setHeadingTextFontSize

The setHeadingTextFontSize method shall set the font size of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setHeadingTextFontSize method:

public void setHeadingTextFontSize(int fontSize) throws InvalidInputException

setHeadingTextFontSize Parameters

Table 4.66: setHeadingTextFontSize Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
fontSize	Yes	Font size for the heading label text.

setHeadingTextFontSize Return Value

None.

setHeadingTextFontSize Exceptions

Table 4.67: setHeadingTextFontSize Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.9.4 getHeadingTextColor

The getHeadingTextColor method shall return the hex colour code of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getHeadingTextColor</code> method:

public String getHeadingTextColor()

getHeadingTextColor Parameters

None.

getHeadingTextColor Return Value

The getHeadingTextColor method returns the hex color code of the heading label text as a string.

getHeadingTextColor Exceptions

None.

4.9.5 getHeadingTextFontName

The getHeadingTextFontName method returns the font type of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getHeadingTextFontName method:

public String getHeadingTextFontName()

getHeadingTextFontName Parameters

None.

getHeadingTextFontName Return Value

The getHeadingTextFontName method returns the font type of the heading label text as a string.

getHeadingTextFontName Exceptions

None.

4.9.6 getHeadingTextFontSize

The getHeadingTextFontSize method returns the font size of the heading label text.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getHeadingTextFontSize</code> method:

public int getHeadingTextFontSize()

getHeadingTextFontSize Parameters

None.

getHeadingTextFontSize Return Value

The getHeadingTextFontSize method returns the heading text font size as an integer.

getHeadingTextFontSize Exceptions

None.

4.10 Class TextBoxCustomization

The <code>TextBoxCustomization</code> class provides methods for the 3DS Requestor App to pass text box customization parameters to the 3DS SDK. This class extends the <code>Customization</code> class. The methods that are inherited from the <code>Customization</code> class can be used to set the properties of user-entered text in text boxes.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the TextBoxCustomization class:

```
public class TextBoxCustomization extends Customization {
   public void setBorderWidth(...)
   public int getBorderWidth()
   public void setBorderColor(...)
   public String getBorderColor()
   public void setCornerRadius(...)
   public int getCornerRadius()
```

Table 4.68 summarises the methods that are provided by the TextBoxCustomization class.

Table 4.68: TextBoxCustomization Class Methods

Method	Description	
setBorderWidth	Sets the width of the text box border.	
getBorderWidth	Returns the width of the text box border.	
setBorderColor	Sets the color of the text box border.	
getBorderColor	Returns the color of the text box border in hex colour code.	
setCornerRadius	Sets the corner radius of the text box corners.	
getCornerRadius	Gets the corner radius of the text box corners.	

The TextBoxCustomization class shall inherit the following methods from the Customization class:

- setTextFontName
- setTextColor
- setTextFontSize
- getTextFontName
- getTextColor
- getTextFontSize

4.10.1 setBorderWidth

The setBorderWidth method sets the width of the text box border.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setBorderWidth method:

public void setBorderWidth (int borderWidth) throws InvalidInputException

setBorderWidth Parameters

Table 4.69: setBorderWidth Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
borderWidth	Yes	Width (integer value) of the text box border.

setBorderWidth Return Value

None.

setBorderWidth Exceptions

Table 4.70: setBorderWidth Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.10.2 getBorderWidth

The getBorderWidth method shall return the width of the text box border. The SDK implementer shall ensure that the border exists before this method is called.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getBorderWidth method:

public int getBorderWidth ()

getBorderWidth Parameters

None.

getBorderWidth Return Value

The getBorderWidth method returns the width (as an integer) of the text box border.

getBorderWidth Exceptions

None.

4.10.3 setBorderColor

The setBorderColor method sets the color for the border of the text box.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setBorderColor method:

public void setBorderColor(String hexColorCode) throws InvalidInputException

setBorderColor Parameters

Table 4.71: setBorderColor Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
hexColorCode	Yes	Color code in Hex format. For example, the color code can be "#999999".

setBorderColor Return Value

None.

setBorderColor Exceptions

Table 4.72: setBorderColor Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception is thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.10.4 getBorderColor

The getBorderColor method returns the color of the text box border. The SDK implementer should ensure that the border exists before this method is called.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getBorderColor method:

public String getBorderColor()

getBorderColor Parameters

None.

getBorderColor Return Value

The getBorderColor method returns the hex color code (as a string) of the text box border.

getBorderColor Exceptions

None.

4.10.5 setCornerRadius

The setCornerRadius method sets the radius of the text box corners.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setCornerRadius method:

public void setCornerRadius(int cornerRadius) throws InvalidInputException

setCornerRadius Parameters

Table 4.73: setCornerRadius Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
cornerRadius	Yes	Radius (integer value) for the text box corners.

setCornerRadius Return Value

None.

setCornerRadius Exceptions

Table 4.74: setCornerRadius Exceptions

Exception	Description	
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.	
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.	

4.10.6 getCornerRadius

The getCornerRadius method returns the radius of the text box corners.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getCornerRadius method:

public int getCornerRadius()

getCornerRadius Parameters

None.

getCornerRadius Return Value

The getCornerRadius method returns the radius (as an integer) of the text box corners.

getCornerRadius Exceptions

None.

4.11 Class ChallengeParameters

The ChallengeParameters class holds the parameters that are required to conduct the challenge process.

Note: It is mandatory to set values for these parameters.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ChallengeParameters class:

```
public class ChallengeParameters {
    public void set3DSServerTransactionID(...)
    public void setAcsTransactionID(...)
    public void setAcsRefNumber(...)
    public void setAcsSignedContent(...)

public void setThreeDSRequestorAppURL(...)

public String get3DSServerTransactionID(...)

public String getAcsTransactionID(...)

public String getAcsRefNumber(...)

public String getAcsSignedContent(...)

public String getAcsSignedContent(...)

public String getThreeDSRequestorAppURL(...)
```

Table 4.75 summarises the methods that are provided by the ChallengeParameters class.

Method	Description
set3DSServerTransactionID	Sets the 3DS Server Transaction ID.
setAcsTransactionID	Sets the ACS Transaction ID.

Method	Description
setAcsRefNumber	Sets the ACS Reference Number.
setAcsSignedContent	Sets the ACS Signed Content. This data includes the ACS URL, ACS Ephemeral Public Key, and SDK Ephemeral Public Key.
setThreeDSRequestorAppURL	Sets the 3DS Requestor App URL.
get3DSServerTransactionID	Returns the 3DS Server Transaction ID.
getAcsTransactionID	Returns the ACS Transaction ID.
getAcsRefNumber	Returns the ACS Reference Number.
getAcsSignedContent	Returns the ACS Signed Content object.
getThreeDSRequestorAppURL	Returns the 3DS Requestor App URL.

4.11.1 set3DSServerTransactionID

The set3DSServerTransactionID method sets the 3DS Server Transaction ID. This ID is a transaction identifier assigned by the 3DS Server to uniquely identify a single transaction.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the set3DSServerTransactionID method:

public void set3DSServerTransactionID(String tdsServerTransactionID)

set3DSServerTransactionID Parameters

Table 4.76: set3DSServerTransactionID Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
tdsServerTransactionID	Yes	Transaction identifier assigned by the 3DS Server to uniquely identify a single transaction.

set3DSServerTransactionID Return Value

None.

set3DSServerTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.11.2 setAcsTransactionID

The setAcsTransactionID method sets the ACS Transaction ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setAcsTransactionID method:

public void setAcsTransactionID(String acsTransactionID)

setAcsTransactionID Parameters

Table 4.77: setAcsTransactionID Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
acsTransactionID	Yes	Transaction ID assigned by the ACS to uniquely identify a single transaction.

setAcsTransactionID Return Value

None.

setAcsTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.11.3 setAcsRefNumber

The setAcsRefNumber method sets the ACS Reference Number.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setAcsRefNumber method:

public void setAcsRefNumber(String acsRefNumber)

setAcsRefNumber Parameters

Table 4.78: setAcsRefNumber Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
acsRefNumber	Yes	EMVCo assigns the ACS this identifier after running the EMV® 3-D Secure Testing and Approvals process on the ACS.

setAcsRefNumber Return Value

None.

setAcsRefNumber Exceptions

None.

4.11.4 setAcsSignedContent

The setAcsSignedContent method sets the ACS Signed Content. This content includes the ACS URL, ACS Ephemeral Public Key, and SDK Ephemeral Public Key.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setAcsSignedContent method:

public void setAcsSignedContent(String acsSignedContent)

setAcsSignedContent Parameters

Table 4.79: setAcsSignedContent Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
acsSignedContent		ACS Signed Content. This data includes the ACS URL, ACS Ephemeral Public Key, and SDK Ephemeral Public Key.

setAcsSignedContent Return Value

None.

setAcsSignedContent Exceptions

None.

4.11.5 setThreeDSRequestorAppURL

The setThreeDSRequestorAppURL method may set the 3DS Requestor App URL. If the App sets the URL, then the SDK shall pass the URL in the CReq message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the setThreeDSRequestorAppURL method:

public void setThreeDSRequestorAppURL (String threeDSRequestorAppURL)

setThreeDSRequestorAppURL Parameters

Table 4.80: setThreeDSRequestorAppURL Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
threeDSRequestorAppURL	Yes	3DS Requestor App URL.

setThreeDSRequestorAppURL Return Value

None.

setThreeDSRequestorAppURL Exceptions

4.11.6 get3DSServerTransactionID

The get3DSServerTransactionID method returns the 3DS Server Transaction ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the get3DSServerTransactionID method:

public String get3DSServerTransactionID()

get3DSServerTransactionID Parameters

None.

get3DSServerTransactionID Return Value

This method returns the 3DS Server Transaction ID as a string.

get3DSServerTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.11.7 getAcsTransactionID

The getAcsTransactionID method returns the ACS Transaction ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getAcsTransactionID method:

public String getAcsTransactionID()

getAcsTransactionID Parameters

None.

getAcsTransactionID Return Value

This method returns the ACS Transaction ID as a string.

getAcsTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.11.8 getAcsRefNumber

The getAcsRefNumber method returns the ACS Reference Number.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getAcsRefNumber method:

public String getAcsRefNumber()

getAcsRefNumber Parameters

getAcsRefNumber Return Value

This method returns the ACS Reference Number as a string.

getAcsRefNumber Exceptions

None.

4.11.9 getAcsSignedContent

The getAcsSignedContent method returns the ACS Signed Content.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getAcsSignedContent method:

public String getAcsSignedContent()

getAcsSignedContent Parameters

None.

getAcsSignedContent Return Value

This method returns the ACS Signed Content as a string.

getAcsSignedContent Exceptions

None.

4.11.10 getThreeDSRequestorAppURL

The getThreeDSRequestorAppURL may return the 3DS Requestor App URL.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getThreeDSRequestorAppURL method:

public String getThreeDSRequestorAppURL()

getThreeDSRequestorAppURL Parameters

None

getThreeDSRequestorAppURL Return Value

This method returns the 3DS Requestor App URL as a string.

getThreeDSRequestorAppURL Exceptions

None.

4.12 Class AuthenticationRequestParameters

The AuthenticationRequestParameters class holds transaction data that the App passes to the 3DS Server for creating the AReq message.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the AuthenticationRequestParameters class:

```
public class AuthenticationRequestParameters {
    public AuthenticationRequestParameters(...)
    public String getDeviceData()
    public String getSDKTransactionID()
    public String getSDKAppID()
    public String getSDKReferenceNumber()
    public String getSDKEphemeralPublicKey()
    public String getMessageVersion()
}
```

Table 4.81 summarises the methods that to be provided by the AuthenticationRequestParameters class.

Table 4.81:	AuthenticationRe	questParameters	Class Methods
-------------	------------------	-----------------	---------------

Method	Description
AuthenticationRequestParameters	Constructs an AuthenticationRequestParameters object.
getDeviceData	Returns a string that represents the encrypted device data.
getSDKTransactionID	Returns the SDK Transaction ID.
getSDKAppID	Returns the SDK App ID.
getSDKReferenceNumber	Returns the SDK Reference Number.
getSDKEphemeralPublicKey	Returns the SDK Ephemeral Public Key as a String representation of a JWK object.
getMessageVersion	Returns the protocol version that is used for the transaction.

4.12.1 AuthenticationRequestParameters

The AuthenticationRequestParameters constructor creates an object to be used by the 3DS Server to obtain authentication parameters for creating the AReq message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the

AuthenticationRequestParameters constructor:

public AuthenticationRequestParameters (String sdkTransactionID, String deviceData, String sdkEphemeralPublicKey, String sdkAppID, String sdkReferenceNumber, String messageVersion) throws InvalidInputException

AuthenticationRequestParameters Parameters

Table 4.82: AuthenticationRequestParameters Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
sdkTransactionID	Yes	SDK Transaction ID.
deviceData	Conditional	Device data collected by the SDK.
sdkEphemeralPublicKey	Yes	SDK Ephemeral Public Key (Qc).
sdkAppID	Yes	SDK App ID.
sdkReferenceNumber	Yes	SDK Reference Number.
messageVersion	Yes	Protocol version that is supported by the SDK and used for the transaction.

AuthenticationRequestParameters Exceptions

Table 4.83: AuthenticationRequestParameters Exceptions

Exception	Description
InvalidInputException	This exception shall be thrown if an input parameter is invalid.
	For more information, see Class InvalidInputException.

4.12.2 getDeviceData

The getDeviceData method shall return the encrypted device data as a string.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getDeviceData method:

public String getDeviceData()

getDeviceData Parameters

None.

getDeviceData Return Value

This method returns the encrypted device data as a JWE string.

getDeviceData Exceptions

None.

4.12.3 getSDKTransactionID

The getSDKTransactionID method returns the SDK Transaction ID. During each transaction, the createTransaction method generates a Transaction ID in UUID format and the getSDKTransactionID method returns the Transaction ID as a String.

For information about the Transaction ID, see SDK Transaction ID in Table A.1 of the *Core Specification*.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the <code>getSDKTransactionID</code> method:

public String getSDKTransactionID()

getSDKTransactionID Parameters

None.

getSDKTransactionID Return Value

The getSDKTransactionID method returns this Transaction ID as a string.

getSDKTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.12.4 getSDKAppID

The <code>getSDKAppID</code> method returns the SDK App ID. The 3DS SDK uses a secure random function to generate the App ID in UUID format. This ID is unique and is generated during installation and update of the 3DS Requestor App on the Cardholder's device.

For information see SDK App ID in Table A.1 of the Core Specification.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKAppID method:

public String getSDKAppID()

getSDKAppID Parameters

None.

getSDKAppID Return Value

This method returns the SDK App ID as a string.

getSDKAppID Exceptions

4.12.5 getSDKReferenceNumber

The getSDKReferenceNumber method shall return the SDK Reference Number.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKReferenceNumber
method:

public String getSDKReferenceNumber()

getSDKReferenceNumber Parameters

None.

getSDKReferenceNumber Return Value

This method returns the SDK Reference Number as a string.

getSDKReferenceNumber Exceptions

None.

4.12.6 getSDKEphemeralPublicKey

The <code>getSDKEphemeralPublicKey</code> method returns the SDK Ephemeral Public Key. An ephemeral key pair is used to establish a secure session between the 3DS SDK and the ACS. During each transaction, the <code>createTransaction</code> method generates a fresh ephemeral key pair and the <code>getSDKEphemeralPublicKey</code> method returns the public key component of the same as a String representation of a JWK object.

For more information about the SDK Ephemeral Public Key, see Table A.1 of the *Core Specification*.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKEphemeralPublicKey method:

public String getSDKEphemeralPublicKey()

getSDKEphemeralPublicKey Parameters

None.

getSDKEphemeralPublicKey Return Value

The getSDKEphemeralPublicKey method returns the public key component of the ephemeral key pair as a String representation of a JWK object.

getSDKEphemeralPublicKey Exceptions

None.

4.12.7 getMessageVersion

The getMessageVersion method returns the protocol version that is used for the transaction.

The SDK receives the protocol version as a parameter in the createTransaction method and determines whether it supports the version.

If the SDK does not receive the protocol version as a parameter in the createTransaction method, then it returns the latest version that it supports. For information about protocol version lookup support, refer to [Req 68].

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getMessageVersion method:

```
public String getMessageVersion()
```

getMessageVersion Parameters

None.

getMessageVersion Return Value

This method returns the protocol version as a string.

getMessageVersion Exceptions

None.

4.13 Class ErrorMessage

The ErrorMessage class represents an error message that is returned by the ACS to the 3DS SDK or an error message that is generated by the 3DS SDK to be returned to the ACS. For more information about error messages, refer to Section A.9 and Table B.10 in the *Core Specification*.

```
The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ErrorMessage class:
public class ErrorMessage (...)

public ErrorMessage (...)

public String getErrorCode ()

public String getErrorComponent ()

public String getErrorDescription ()

public String getErrorDetails ()

public String getErrorMessageType ()

public String getMessageVersionNumber ()
```

Table 4.84 summarises the methods that shall be provided by the ErrorMessage class.

Table 4.84: ErrorMessage Class Methods

Method	Description	
ErrorMessage	Constructs an ErrorMessage object.	
getErrorCode	Returns the error code.	
getErrorComponent	Returns the 3-D Secure component that identified the error.	
getErrorDescription	Returns the error description.	
getErrorDetails	Returns the error details.	
getErrorMessageType	Returns the Message Type that was identified as erroneous.	
getMessageVersionNumber	Returns the protocol version identifier.	

4.13.1 ErrorMessage

The ErrorMessage constructor creates an ErrorMessage object.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the ErrorMessage constructor:

public ErrorMessage(String errorCode, String errorComponent, String errorDescription, String errorDetails, String errorMessageType, String messageVersionNumber)

ErrorMessage Parameters

Table 4.85: ErrorMessage Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
errorCode	Yes	Error code.
errorComponent	Yes	Component that identified the error.
errorDescription	Yes	Text describing the error.
errorDetails	No	Additional error details.
errorMessageType	No	Message Type that was identified as erroneous.
messageVersionNumber	Yes	Protocol version identifier.

ErrorMessage Exceptions

4.13.2 getErrorCode

The getErrorCode method returns the error code.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorCode method:

public String getErrorCode()

getErrorCode Parameters

None.

getErrorCode Return Value

This method returns the error code as a string.

getErrorCode Exceptions

None.

4.13.3 getErrorComponent

The getErrorComponent method returns the 3-D Secure component that identified the error. The *Core Specification* defines the components.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorComponent method:

public String getErrorComponent()

getErrorComponent Parameters

None.

getErrorComponent Return Value

This method returns the 3-D Secure component as a string.

getErrorComponent Exceptions

None.

4.13.4 getErrorDescription

The getErrorDescription method returns text describing the error. The *Core Specification* defines error descriptions for a transaction.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorDescription method:

public String getErrorDescription()

getErrorDescription Parameters

getErrorDescription Return Value

This method returns the error description as a string.

getErrorDescription Exceptions

None.

4.13.5 getErrorDetails

The getErrorDetails method provides error details. The *Core Specification* defines error details for a transaction.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorDetails method:

public String getErrorDetails()

getErrorDetails Parameters

None.

getErrorDetails Return Value

This method returns error details as a string.

getErrorDetails Exceptions

None.

4.13.6 getErrorMessageType

The <code>getErrorMessageType</code> method returns the Message Type that was identified as erroneous. The Core Specification defines the Message Type.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorMessageType
method:

public String getErrorMessageType()

getErrorMessageType Parameters

None.

getErrorMessageType Return Value

This method returns the Message Type as a string.

getErrorMessageType Exceptions

None.

4.13.7 getMessageVersionNumber

The getMessageVersionNumber method returns the protocol version identifier.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getMessageVersionNumber method:

```
public String getMessageVersionNumber()
```

getMessageVersionNumber Parameters

None.

getMessageVersionNumber Return Value

This method returns the protocol version identifier as a string.

getMessageVersionNumber Exceptions

None.

4.14 Class CompletionEvent

The CompletionEvent class holds data about completion of the challenge process.

```
The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the CompletionEvent class:
public class CompletionEvent {

public CompletionEvent(...)
public String getSDKTransactionID()
public String getTransactionStatus()
}
```

Table 4.86 summarises the methods that shall be provided by the CompletionEvent class.

Table 4.86: CompletionEvent Class Methods

Method	Description	
CompletionEvent	Constructs an object with the specified inputs.	
getSDKTransactionID	Returns the SDK Transaction ID. The <i>Core Specification</i> defines the SDK Transaction ID.	
getTransactionStatus	Returns the transaction status that was received in the final CRes message.	

4.14.1 CompletionEvent

The CompletionEvent constructor creates an object with the specified inputs.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the CompletionEvent constructor:

public CompletionEvent(String sdkTransactionID, String transactionStatus)

CompletionEvent Parameters

Table 4.87: CompletionEvent Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
sdkTransactionID	Yes	Transaction ID of the 3DS SDK.
transactionStatus	Yes	Transaction status that was received in the CRes.

CompletionEvent Return Value

None.

CompletionEvent Exceptions

None.

4.14.2 getSDKTransactionID

The getSDKTransactionID method returns the 3DS SDK Transaction ID.

The Core Specification defines the 3DS SDK Transaction ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKTransactionID method:

public String getSDKTransactionID()

getSDKTransactionID Parameters

None.

getSDKTransactionID Return Value

This method returns the 3DS SDK Transaction ID as a string.

getSDKTransactionID Exceptions

4.14.3 getTransactionStatus

The getTransactionStatus method returns the transaction status that was received by the 3DS SDK in the final CRes message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getTransactionStatus
method:

```
public String getTransactionStatus()
```

getTransactionStatus Parameters

None.

getTransactionStatus Return Value

This method returns the transaction status as a String.

getTransactionStatus Exceptions

None.

4.15 Class RuntimeErrorEvent

The RuntimeErrorEvent class holds details of run-time errors that are encountered by the 3DS SDK during authentication.

Note: A run-time error is not the same as a protocol error. For information about protocol errors, refer to Class ProtocolErrorEvent.

The implementer incorporates code that handles run-time errors. The following are examples of run-time errors:

- ACS is unreachable
- Unparseable message
- Network issues

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the RuntimeErrorEvent class:

```
public class RuntimeErrorEvent{
    public RuntimeErrorEvent(...)

    public String getErrorCode()

    public String getErrorMessage()
}
```

Table 4.88 summarises the methods that are provided by the RuntimeErrorEvent class.

Table 4.88: RuntimeErrorEvent Class Methods

Method	Description
RuntimeErrorEvent	Constructs a RuntimeErrorEvent object.
getErrorCode	Returns the implementer-specific error code. Note: As the 3DS SDK implementer, you define this error code.
getErrorMessage	Returns details about the error.

4.15.1 RuntimeErrorEvent

The RuntimeErrorEvent constructor creates an object with the specified inputs.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the RuntimeErrorEvent constructor:

public RuntimeErrorEvent(String errorCode, String errorMessage)

RuntimeErrorEvent Parameters

Table 4.89: RuntimeErrorEvent Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
errorCode	No	Implementer-specific error code. Note: As the 3DS SDK implementer, you set this error code.
errorMessage	Yes	Error message.

RuntimeErrorEvent Exceptions

None.

4.15.2 getErrorMessage

The getErrorMessage method returns the error message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorMessage method:

public String getErrorMessage()

getErrorMessage Parameters

None.

getErrorMessage Return Value

This method returns the error message as a string.

getErrorMessage Exceptions

None.

4.15.3 getErrorCode

The getErrorCode method returns the implementer-specific error code. The 3DS SDK implementer defines this error code.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorCode method:

```
public String getErrorCode() {
    ...
}
```

getErrorCode Parameters

None.

getErrorCode Return Value

This method returns the implementer-specific error code as a string. The 3DS SDK implementer defines this error code.

getErrorCode Exceptions

None.

4.16 Class ProtocolErrorEvent

In the 3DS SDK context, a protocol error is any error message that is returned by the ACS or an error message that is generated by the 3DS SDK to be returned to the ACS. The ProtocolErrorEvent class represents an error message of this type. The 3DS SDK sends the error code and details from this error message as part of the notification to the 3DS Requestor App.

Note: This error message is not a run-time error that is encountered by the 3DS SDK. For information about run-time errors, refer to Class RuntimeErrorEvent.

For more information about error messages, refer to Section A.9 and Table B.10 in the *Core Specification*.

```
The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ProtocolErrorEvent class:
public class ProtocolErrorEvent {

public ProtocolErrorEvent(...)
```

```
public ErrorMessage getErrorMessage()

public String getSDKTransactionID()
}
```

Table 4.90 summarises the methods that are provided by the ProtocolErrorEvent class.

Table 4.90: ProtocolErrorEvent Class Methods

Method	Description		
ProtocolErrorEvent	Constructs a ProtocolErrorEvent object.		
getErrorMessage	Returns the error message.		
getSDKTransactionID	Returns the SDK Transaction ID.		

4.16.1 ProtocolErrorEvent

The ProtocolErrorEvent constructor creates an object with the specified inputs.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the ProtocolErrorEvent constructor:

```
public ProtocolErrorEvent(String sdkTransactionID,
ErrorMessage errorMessage)
```

ProtocolErrorEvent Parameters

Table 4.91: ProtocolErrorEvent Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
sdkTransactionID	Yes	SDK Transaction ID.
errorMessage	Yes	Error message.

ProtocolErrorEvent Exceptions

None.

4.16.2 getErrorMessage

The getErrorMessage method returns the error message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorMessage method:

```
public String getErrorMessage()
```

getErrorMessage Parameters

None.

getErrorMessage Return Value

This method returns the error message as a string.

getErrorMessage Exceptions

None.

4.16.3 getSDKTransactionID

The getSDKTransactionID method returns the SDK Transaction ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSDKTransactionID
method:

```
public String getSDKTransactionID()
```

getSDKTransactionID Parameters

None.

getSDKTransactionID Return Value

This method returns the SDK Transaction ID as a string.

getSDKTransactionID Exceptions

None.

4.17 Class Warning

The Warning class represents a warning that is produced by the 3DS SDK while performing security checks during initialization.

For information about the security checks, see Table 8.1.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the Warning class:

```
public class Warning {
   public enum Severity {LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)
   public Warning(...)
   public String getID()
```

```
public String getMessage()
public Severity getSeverity()
}
```

Table 4.92 summarises the methods that are provided by the Warning class.

Table 4.92: Warning Class Methods

Method	Description	
Warning	Constructs a Warning object.	
getID	Returns the warning ID.	
getMessage	Returns the warning message.	
getSeverity	Returns the severity level of the warning.	

4.17.1 Warning

The Warning constructor creates an object with the specified inputs.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the Warning constructor:

```
public Warning(String id, String message, Severity severity)
```

Warning Parameters

Table 4.93: Warning Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
id	Yes	Warning ID.
message	Yes	Warning message.
severity	Yes	Warning severity level.

Warning Exceptions

None.

4.17.2 getID

The getID method returns the warning ID.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getID method:

public String getID()

getID Parameters

None.

getID Return Value

This method returns the warning ID as a string.

getID Exceptions

None.

4.17.3 getMessage

The getMessage method returns the warning message.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getMessage method:

public String getMessage()

getMessage Parameters

None.

getMessage Return Value

This method returns the warning message as a string.

getMessage Exceptions

None.

4.17.4 getSeverity

The getSeverity method returns the severity level of the warning produced by the 3DS SDK.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getSeverity method:

public Severity getSeverity()

getSeverity Parameters

None.

getSeverity Return Value

This method returns the severity level of the warning as a Severity enum type.

getSeverity Exceptions

4.18 Class InvalidInputException

The InvalidInputException class represents a run-time exception that occurs due to one of the following reasons:

- Parameter value is mandatory but was not provided.
- Parameter value does not conform to the business requirement.
- Parameter value exceeds the maximum limit.
- Parameter value does not meet the minimum length criteria.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the InvalidInputException class:

```
public class InvalidInputException extends RuntimeException {
    public InvalidInputException(String message, Throwable cause)
}
```

Table 4.94 summarises the methods that are provided by the InvalidInputException class.

Table 4.94: InvalidInputException Class Methods

Method	Description
InvalidInputException	Creates an InvalidInputException object.

4.18.1 InvalidInputException

The InvalidInputException constructor creates an object with the specified error details.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the InvalidInputException constructor:

```
public InvalidInputException(String message, Throwable cause)
```

InvalidInputException Parameters

Table 4.95: InvalidInputException Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
message	Yes	Description of the exception.

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
cause	Conditional	Cause of the exception.
	(mandatory only if the platform supports it)	

4.19 Class SDKAlreadyInitializedException

The SDKAlreadyInitializedException class represents an exception that is thrown if the 3DS SDK instance has already been initialized.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the SDKAlreadyInitializedException class:

```
public class SDKAlreadyInitializedException extends
RuntimeException {
    public SDKAlreadyInitializedException(String message,
Throwable cause) {
        ...
     }
}
```

Table 4.96 summarises the methods that are provided by the SDKAlreadyInitializedException class.

Table 4.96: SDKAlreadyInitializedException Class Methods

Method	Description
SDKAlreadyInitializedException	Creates an SDKAlreadyInitializedException object.

4.19.1 SDKAlreadyInitializedException

The SDKAlreadyInitializedException constructor creates an object with the specified error details.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the SDKAlreadyInitializedException constructor:

public SDKAlreadyInitializedException (String message, Throwable cause)

SDKAlreadyInitializedException Parameters

Table 4.97: SDKAlreadyInitializedException Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
message	Yes	Description of the exception.
cause	Conditional (mandatory only if the platform supports it)	Cause of the exception.

4.20 Class SDKNotInitializedException

The SDKNotInitializedException class represents an exception that is thrown if the 3DS SDK has not been initialized.

The 3DS SDK is initialized by calling the initialize method on the ThreeDS2Service object.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the SDKNotInitializedException class:

```
public class SDKNotInitializedException extends RuntimeException {
   public SDKNotInitializedException(String message, Throwable cause)
}
```

Table 4.98 summarises the methods that are provided by the SDKNotInitializedException class.

Table 4.98: SDKNotInitializedException Class Methods

Method	Description
SDKNotInitializedException	Creates an SDKNotInitializedException object.

4.20.1 SDKNotInitializedException

The SDKNotInitializedException constructor creates an object with the specified error details.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the SDKNotInitializedException constructor:

```
public SDKNotInitializedException (String message, Throwable
cause)
```

SDKNotInitializedException Parameters

Table 4.99: SDKNotInitializedException Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
message	Yes	Description of the exception.
cause	Conditional (mandatory only if the platform supports it)	Cause of the exception.

4.21 Class SDKRuntimeException

This exception is thrown if an internal error is encountered by the 3DS SDK.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the SDKRuntimeException class:

```
public class SDKRuntimeException extends RuntimeException {
    public SDKRuntimeException(...)
    public String getErrorCode();
}
```

Table 4.100 summarises the methods that are provided by the SDKRuntimeException class.

Table 4.100: SDKRuntimeException Class Methods

Method	Description
SDKRuntimeException	Creates an SDKRuntimeException object.
getErrorCode	Returns an implementer-specific error code.

4.21.1 SDKRuntimeException

The SDKRuntimeException constructor creates an object with the specified error details.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the SDKRuntimeException constructor:

public SDKRuntimeException(String message, String errorCode, Throwable cause)

SDKRuntimeException Parameters

Table 4.101: SDKRuntimeException Parameters

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
message	Yes	Description of the exception.
errorCode	No	Implementer-specific error code. Note: As the 3DS SDK implementer, you define this error code.
cause	Conditional (mandatory only if the platform supports it)	Cause of the exception.

4.21.2 getErrorCode

The getErrorCode method returns the implementer-specific error code.

The following Java code snippet shows the signature of the getErrorCode method:

public String getErrorCode()

getErrorCode Parameters

None.

getErrorCode Return Value

This method returns the error code as a string.

getErrorCode Exceptions

None.

4.22 Enum Severity

The Severity enum defines the severity levels of warnings produced by the 3DS SDK while conducting security checks during initialization.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the Severity enum: public enum Severity {LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)

Table 4.102 summarises the severity levels that are defined by the Severity enum.

Table 4.102: Severity Enum

Severity Level	Description
LOW	A low-severity warning.
MEDIUM	A medium-severity warning.
HIGH	A high-severity warning.

4.23 Enum ButtonType

The ButtonType enum defines the button types. The usage of these button types is shown in Section 4.2.3 of the *Core Specification*.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the ButtonType enum:
public enum ButtonType {SUBMIT, CONTINUE, NEXT, CANCEL, RESEND},
OPEN_OOB_APP, ADD_CHOICE}

Table 4.103 summarises the button types that are defined by the ButtonType enum.

Table 4.103: ButtonType Enum

Button Type	Description
SUBMIT	Submit button
CONTINUE	Continue button
NEXT	Next button
CANCEL	Cancel button
RESEND	Resend button
OPEN_OOB_APP	Open OOB App button
ADD_CHOICE	Additional Choice button

4.24 Enum UlCustomization Type

The UICustomizationType enum defines the UICustomization types. These types indicate when the UiCustomization object is applicable, depending on the SDK UI mode.

The following Java code snippet shows the definition of the UICustomizationType enum: public enum UICustomizationType {DEFAULT, DARK, MONOCHROME}

Table 4.103 summarises the UICustomization types that are defined by the UICustomizationType enum.

Table 4.104: UlCustomizationType Enum

UICustomization Type	Description	
DEFAULT	Customization for SDK UI in default mode	
DARK	Customization for SDK UI in dark mode	
MONOCHROME	Customization for SDK UI in monochrome mode	

5 Message Processing

This chapter provides information about the role of the 3DS SDK in the authentication and challenge flows.

5.1 Authentication

To request authentication for a transaction, the 3DS Requestor App collects some data elements from the 3DS SDK and sends them to the 3DS Server over a secure link. The 3DS Server uses this information to create an Authentication Request (AReq) message that is to be sent to the DS. The DS forwards this message to the ACS.

In Table 5.1, the inclusion criteria can be R (Required) or C (Conditional). The data identified is the minimum set that the 3DS SDK should provide to the 3DS Requestor App. 3DS SDK implementations have the flexibility to include additional data as required.

Table 5.1: Data Elements Generated by 3DS SDK for Authentication

Data Element	Inclusion Criterion	Details
Device Information (encrypted)	С	Cardholder's device identification data. If there is no market or regional mandate to restrict sending this information, then this field shall be collected and sent. The data is encrypted using the DS Public Key and is in JWE format. This data element is part of [Req 16] in Table 3.2.
SDK Reference Number	R	Implementer and version of the 3DS SDK that is integrated with the 3DS Requestor App, assigned by EMVCo through the EMV 3-D Secure Testing and Approvals process when the 3DS SDK is Approved. This reference number is a security asset of the 3DS SDK, and it shall be securely stored. During each transaction, this reference number shall be securely retrieved by the 3DS SDK and returned to the 3DS Requestor App. This data element is part of [Req 16] in Table 3.2.
SDK Transaction ID	R	Transaction identifier assigned by the 3DS SDK to uniquely identify each transaction. The 3DS SDK uses a secure random function to generate a Transaction ID in UUID format. This data element is part of [Req 16] in Table 3.2.
SDK App ID	R	Unique ID that is generated during installation and update of the 3DS Requestor App on the Cardholder's device. The 3DS SDK uses a secure random function to generate the App ID in UUID format. This data element is part of <i>[Req 16]</i> in Table 3.2.

Data Element	Inclusion Criterion	Details
SDK Ephemeral Public Key	R	Public key component of the temporary key pair that is generated by the 3DS SDK and used to establish session keys between the 3DS SDK and the ACS. This data element is part of [Req 16] in Table 3.2.
Message Version	R	Protocol version that is supported by the 3DS SDK and used for the transaction. This data element is part of <i>[Req 16]</i> in Table 3.2.

If a challenge is requested by the Issuer, then to perform the Challenge Flow, the 3DS SDK uses some data elements from the ARes message. The 3DS Requestor App passes these elements to the 3DS SDK.

Table 5.2 lists the minimum set of data elements that are required by the 3DS SDK to perform a Challenge Flow. For more information about each element, refer to Table A.1, in the *Core Specification*.

Table 5.2: Data Elements Required by the 3DS SDK for Authentication

Data Element	Inclusion Criterion	Details
ACS Transaction ID	С	Transaction identifier assigned by the ACS. It is generated only if a challenge is requested. This data element is part of <i>[Req 13]</i> in Table 3.1.
ACS Signed Content	С	Contains the JWS object created by the ACS for the ARes. This data element is part of <i>[Req 13]</i> in Table 3.1.
3DS Server Transaction ID	С	The 3DS Server Transaction ID uniquely identifies a transaction within all messages (AReq/ARes, CReq/CRes, and RReq/RRes) that are exchanged during the authentication process. This data element is part of <i>[Req 13]</i> in Table 3.1.

5.2 Challenge Processing

In the Challenge Flow, the 3DS SDK communicates directly with the ACS over a secure link to display the challenge UI to the Cardholder as directed by the ACS. The 3DS SDK shall support one or both of the following formats to display the challenge content sent by the ACS:

- Native UI by using platform-specific display elements, such as button, textbox, text label and so on.
- HTML UI by using WebView.

The Cardholder's response is encrypted and MACed by the 3DS SDK using session keys (pre-established with the ACS) and then forwarded to the ACS. For details about the Challenge Request (CReq), Challenge Response (CRes) and data elements, refer to the *Core Specification*.

For the processing of the OOB challenge, refer to the Core Specification.

6 Device Identification

Device identification is used to uniquely identify mobile devices in the 3-D Secure ecosystem. The <code>initialize</code> method of the <code>ThreeDS2Service</code> interface implemented in the 3DS SDK collects the information required for device identification. This information is then sent to the 3DS Requestor App in JSON format. The 3DS Requestor App passes this information to the 3DS Server. The 3DS Server then uses this information to create an AReq message.

For information about the device identification parameters that are collected by the 3DS SDK, refer to the *EMV 3DS—SDK Device Information*.

7 User Interface

Note: The information provided in this chapter is only a subset of the UI-related information that the 3DS SDK implementer would require while developing the SDK. For detailed information about all other aspects of the UI including security, refer to Chapter 4, "EMV 3-D Secure User Interface Templates, Requirements, and Guidelines" in the *Core Specification*.

The ACS component evaluates the risk of each transaction. If the ACS detects a suspicious transaction or recognises a situation that requires a challenge for authentication, it advises the 3DS Requestor App to apply the Challenge Flow.

The 3DS SDK renders the UI for the Challenge Flow. The UI format to be displayed by the 3DS SDK is determined based on the ACS UI Type value obtained as part of the CRes message. For information about the ACS UI Type, see Table A.1 in the *Core Specification*.

Note: The implementer must consider regional Accessibility rules while developing the user interface.

The 3DS SDK must support the UI element types listed in Table A.19 in the *Core Specification*.

7.1 HTML UI

The HTML UI is rendered in a web view controlled by the 3DS SDK. Refer to Section 4.2.5 and *[Req 371]* in the *Core Specification* for additional detail.

The Cardholder data (response) is captured and sent to the ACS in the CReq message. For information about the steps following the Cardholder's submission of their response, refer to Section 4.2.7.1 and [Req 171] of the Core Specification.

7.2 Native UI

The Native UI is rendered and controlled by the 3DS SDK.

The Native UI integrates into the 3DS Requestor App UI to facilitate a consistent user experience. The CRes message carries the information that is required to render the UI. For more information about Native UI, refer to Section 4.2 of the *Core Specification*.

Native UI Customisation

- Seq 7.1 **[Req 42]** The 3DS SDK shall allow customization of the following UI elements on the challenge screens. The information required for UI customization is passed to the 3DS SDK during initialisation.
 - Text font (for Label Text, Button Text, Textbox Text)
 - Text size (for Label Text, Button Text, Textbox Text)
 - Text colour (for Label Text, Button Text, Textbox Text)
 - Button Style

- Textbox Style
- Toolbar

For more information about UI elements customization, see Section 4.5.

7.2.1 Input and Output Formats for Native UI

The following sections describe the format of the Challenge Selection Information field and Challenge Data Entry field for each challenge type.

Single Text Input

The Single Text Input challenge type is used to prompt for and collect a single-text response from the Cardholder.

For example: Enter the OTP that we have sent to your registered mobile number.

In this example, the following are the field formats:

Challenge Selection Information field: No format for this challenge type

Challenge Data Entry or Challenge Data Entry 2 field:

```
"challengeDataEntry":"432525"
```

Single Select

The Single Select challenge type is used to prompt for and collect the Cardholder's selection of a single item from multiple items.

For example: Where do you want us to send the OTP? Select one of the following:

- Your mobile: **** 329
- Your email address: s*****k**@g***.com

In this example, the following are the field formats:

Challenge Selection Information field (JSON):

Challenge Data Entry field:

```
"challengeDataEntry":"phone"
```

Multi Select (Checkbox)

The Multi Select challenge type is used to prompt for and collect the Cardholder's selection of a subset of items from multiple items. For example: Select the cities that you have lived in:

Chicago, Illinois

- St Louis, Missouri
- Portland, Oregon

In this example, the following are the field formats:

Challenge Selection Information field (JSON):

Challenge Data Entry field (comma-separated):

```
"challengeDataEntry":"chicago_illinois,portland_oregon"
```

Out-of-Band

The Out-of-Band challenge type is used to direct the Cardholder to perform out-of-band authentication. The 3DS SDK shall not collect any information from the Cardholder in this challenge type. Instead, the 3DS SDK displays a user interface containing instructions explaining the authentication process to the Cardholder. These instructions will come from the ACS.

7.2.2 UI Templates for Native UI

The 3DS SDK must have predefined UI templates for the challenge screens for each challenge type. For more information about Native UI templates, refer to Section 4.2.2 of the *Core Specification*.

8 SDK Security

This chapter describes an overview of the basic security requirements that are to be implemented by a 3DS SDK. The PCI 3DS SDK security requirements are published on the PCI SSC website. Compliance to the PCI 3DS SDK Security Standard is at the discretion of the Applicable payment brand.

8.1 Security Goals of the 3DS SDK

The 3-D Secure ecosystem processes sensitive information that comes from Cardholders and payment processing systems. Therefore, security is a fundamental aspect of each 3-D Secure component, including the 3DS SDK.

There are three primary security goals for the 3DS SDK:

- Protect sensitive Cardholder information while being transferred, being processed, or at rest. A Cardholder's response to an authentication challenge is an example of sensitive Cardholder information.
- Protect sensitive 3-D Secure system information while being transferred, being processed, or at rest. In the SDK context, this information is used to connect the SDK to the ACS.
- Control access to the process and information that is used during interactions between the 3DS Requestor App and 3DS SDK.

The 3-D Secure architecture is aimed at addressing most of the threats that stand in the path of these security goals. A securely implemented 3DS SDK can strengthen this line of defence.

There is no guaranteed approach to fully secure an IT system or network. Mobile devices are no exception to this rule. The security requirements are aimed at making attacks on the SDK difficult, expensive and time-consuming for any attacker.

8.2 SDK Initialization Security Checks

Table 8.1 describes the checks that the 3DS SDK conducts during initialization. The SDK makes the result of the checks available as a list of warnings to the 3DS Requestor App and include them in the Device Information JSON data with key as "SW". For more information, refer to the *EMV 3DS SDK—Device Information*.

Security Warning ID	Description	Severity Level
SW01	The device is jailbroken.	HIGH
SW02	The integrity of the SDK has been tampered.	HIGH

Table 8.1: 3DS SDK Initialization Security Checks

Security Warning ID	Description	Severity Level
SW03	An emulator is being used to run the App.	HIGH
SW04	A debugger is attached to the App.	MEDIUM
SW05	The OS or the OS version is not supported.	HIGH

8.3 3DS SDK Versioning Requirements and Protocol Versioning Support

Seq 8.1 **[Req 58]** 3DS SDK implementers shall apply a versioning system for the SDK that they develop to differentiate versions. For better readability, it is recommended that vendors follow their own nomenclature to determine the version number adhering to the platform-specific versioning standard. For example, the version number may be a string value with the format <major>.<minor>.
specific versioning standard. For example, the version number may be a string value with the format <major>.<minor>.
specific versioning standard.

The version number shall be securely stored in the 3DS SDK code to prevent any modification. It shall be used to determine whether the SDK requires an update. The SDK implementer shall implement the mechanism and frequency of the version check.

Seq 8.2 **[Req 59]** On successful Approval by the EMVCo testing and Approval process, a unique SDK Reference Number is assigned to the SDK. The SDK Reference Number uniquely identifies the SDK implementer and the protocol version that was tested.

The SDK Reference Number shall be securely stored in the 3DS SDK code to prevent any modification. During authentication, the 3DS SDK shall forward the SDK Reference Number to the 3DS Requestor App. The App then sends the SDK Reference Number to the 3DS Server, which forwards the SDK Reference Number to the DS (in the AReg message) for validation.

Seq 8.3 **[Req 68]** The SDK shall maintain a lookup of the protocol versions that it supports and use this lookup to identify the latest protocol version.

It is recommended that the 3DS Requestor App always use the latest available version of the SDK.

8.4 3DS SDK – ACS Secure Channel

Seq 8.4 [Req 60] The 3DS SDK and the ACS shall apply the Diffie—Hellman key exchange protocol to establish keys for a secure channel for protecting CReq/CRes messages that are exchanged during the Challenge Flow. During a particular transaction, the 3DS SDK shall select the encryption and decryption algorithm (A128CBC-HS256 or A128GCM) for the Challenge Flow. The ACS uses the same algorithm for that transaction.

For more information, refer to Section 6.2.3 and Section 6.2.4 of the *Core Specification*.

Annex A EMV 3DS SDK Predefined Data and Updates

A.1 3DS SDK Predefined Data

Seq 8.5 **[Req 61]** Predefined data refers to data that shall be bundled with the 3DS SDK. Table A.1 describes this predefined data.

Table A.1: Predefined Data

Predefined Data	Description
DS Public Certificate	A public certificate provided by the DS for encryption of device data.
CA Public Certificate of the DS CA	CA public certificate (root) of the DS CA. This certificate is used to validate the ACS Signed Content JWS object.
Card brand logos	Logos of participating card brands.
Region-specific configuration data	This data includes, for example, a flag specifying the device information that should not be collected due to regional privacy laws.

A.2 Types of Changes That Require 3DS SDK Updates

- Seq 8.6 **[Req 62]** The following types of changes shall require an update to the 3DS SDK:
 - Changes to the 3DS SDK binary
 - The 3DS SDK binary may change if any functional changes, bug fixes, security fixes, performance fixes, and so on are implemented.
 - Changes to the predefined data in the 3DS SDK binary.
 Refer to Table A.1 for the list of predefined data items.

All updates to the 3DS SDK shall be published through a software patch as part of an update to the 3DS Requestor App through secured and trusted channels, such as Google Play, Apple App Store, and Windows Phone Store.

Annex B EMV 3DS SDK Performance

It is recommended that the implementer ensures that the 3DS SDK is responsive and adheres to the best practices related to mobile device performance parameters. The following are examples of performance parameters:

- SDK binary size
- CPU usage
- · Memory usage
- Battery consumption
- Response time of the interface functions

Annex C Code Samples

This annex provides examples that show the code elements of the 3DS SDK.

C.1 Code Sample for iOS

The following sample shows the code elements of the 3DS SDK on iOS:

```
//Create new instance of the VendorThreeDS2ServiceImpl, class that
//implements ThreeDS2Service protocol.
   let threeds2service: ThreeDS2Service =
           VendorThreeDS2ServiceImpl()
   //Prepare input parameters for initialize
   let configParam: ConfigParam = ConfigParam()
   let uiCustomization: UiCustomization = UiCustomization()
   let btnCustomization: ButtonCustomization =
           ButtonCustomization()
   btnCustomization.setTextCollor("#FF00FF")
   let toolbarCustomization: ToolbarCustomization =
            ToolbarCustomization()
   toolbarCustomization. setBackgroundColor ("#FF00FF")
   let lblCustomization: LabelCustomization =
            LabelCustomization()
   lblCustomization.setTextColor("#FF00FF")
   let textboxCustomization: TextBoxCustomization =
            TextBoxCustomization()
   txtboxCustomization.setTextColor("#FF00FF")
   uiCustomization.setButtonCustomization(btnCustomization,
            ButtonType.NEXT)
   uiCustomization. setToolbarCustomization
            (toolbarCustomization)
   uiCustomization.setLabelCustomization(lblCustomization)
   uiCustomization.setTextBoxCustomization(btnCustomization)
```

```
let uiCustomizationMap = [UICustomizationType.DARK.rawValue :
uiCustomization]
    let userLocale: String = "en-US"
    do {
        //Initialize the 3DSSDK
          try threedsservice.initialize(configParam, locale:
                  userLocale,uiCustomization: uiCustomizationMap)
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.InvalidInput(let errorMessage) {
    // handle the InvalidInput ErrorType
        return
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.SDKAlreadyInitialized(let errorMessage) {
    // handle the SDKAlreadyInitialized ErrorType
       return
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.SDKRuntime(let errorMessage, let
            errorCode) {
    // handle the SDKRuntime ErrorType
       return
    }catch {
        . . .
        return
//Create an instance of Transaction
    do {
       let directoryServerID = ...
        let messageVersion = ...
        let transaction: Transaction =
threeds2service.createTransaction(directoryServerID,
messageVersion)
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.InvalidInput(let errorMessage) {
    // handle the InvalidInput ErrorType
```

```
}catch ThreeDS2Error.SDKNotInitialized(let errorMessage) {
    // handle the SDKNotInitialized ErrorType
       return
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.SDKRuntime(let errorMessage, let
             errorCode) {
    // handle the SDKRuntime ErrorType
       return
    }catch {
        . . .
        return
    }
   //get handle to the progress showing view
    let sdkProgressView: ProgressDialog
    sdkProgressView = try transaction.getProgressView()
    sdkProgressView.start()
//get the Authentication Request Parameters like Device Info,
//SDKAppID and so on from the SDK
   do {
        let authRequestParams: AuthenticationRequestParameters
        authRequestParams = try
             transaction.getAuthenticationRequestParameters()
        let encryptedDeviceInfo: String =
             authRequestParams.deviceData
        let sdkTransactionID: String =
             authRequestParams.sdkTransactionID
    } catch ThreeDS2Error.SDKRuntime(let errorMessage, let
             errorCode) {
    // handle the SDKRuntime ErrorType
        transaction.close()
        return
```

```
}catch {
        return
    }
//Challenge Processing
   //Create challenge parameters object
    let challengeParameters = ChallengeParameters()
   //set the parameters to be sent to SDK
   let acsSignedContent = ...
   let acsRefNumber = ...
    let tdsServerTransactionID = ...
    challengeParameters.acsSignedContent = acsSignedContent
    challengeParameters.acsRefNumber = acsRefNumber
    challengeParameters.tdsServerTransactionID =
tdsServerTransactionID
   // Create an instance of ChallengeStatusReceiver using
   // MerchantChallengeStatusReceiverImpl, class which implements
   // the ChallengeStatusReceiver protocol
   let challengeStatusReceiver =
            MerchantChallengeStatusReceiverImpl()
   do {
        try transaction.doChallenge(challengeParameters,
               challengeStatusReceiver : challengeStatusReceiver,
               timeOut: 5)
    }catch ThreeDS2Error.InvalidInput(let errorMessage) {
   // handle the InvalidInput ErrorType
        transaction.close()
       return
    }catch {
```

```
return
    }
// Custom Progress View Protocol
  public protocol ProgressDialog {
    func start()
   func stop()
 }
//Class implementing the ProgressDialog protocol
    public class SDKProgressDialog: UIView, ProgressDialog {
        var textLabel: UILabel!
        var activityIndicator: UIActivityIndicatorView!
   //override required methods
        public func start(){
       //add "self" as subview to the viewcontroller wanting to
       //show the progress dialog, start the activityIndicator
       //animation here
           activityIndicator.startAnimation()
       }
        public func stop(){
        //stop the activityIndicator animation here
        //activityIndicator.stopAnimating()remove "self" from
        //super view
        }
    }
//Class implementing the ChallengeStatusReceiver protocol
```

```
public class MerchantChallengeStatusReceiverImpl:
    ChallengeStatusReceiver {

    public func completed( e: CompletionEvent) {
        ...
    }

    public func cancelled() {
        ...
    }

    public func timedout() {
        ...
    }

    public func protocolError(e: ProtocolErrorEvent) {
        ...
    }

    public func runtimeError(e: RuntimeErrorEvent) {
        ...
    }
}
```

C.2 Code Sample for Android

The following sample shows the code elements of the 3DS SDK on Android:

```
//Create the UI configuration object
   UiCustomization uiCustomization = new UiCustomization(...);
   ButtonCustomization btnCustomization = new
            ButtonCustomization();
   btnCustomization.setTextColor("#FF00FF");
   ToolbarCustomization toolbarCustomization = new
            ToolbarCustomization();
   toolbarCustomization. setBackgroundColor ("#FF00FF");
   LabelCustomization lblCustomization = LabelCustomization();
    lblCustomization.setTextColor("#FF00FF");
    TextBoxCustomization txtboxCustomization =
            TextBoxCustomization()
   txtboxCustomization.setTextColor ("#FF00FF");
   uiCustomization.setButtonCustomization(btnCustomization,
            ButtonType.NEXT);
   uiCustomization.setToolbarCustomization(toolbarCustomization);
   uiCustomization.setLabelCustomization(lblCustomization);
   uiCustomization.setTextBoxCustomization(txtboxCustomization);
   Map<UICustomizationType, UICustomization> uiCustomizationMap =
new HashMap<,>();
   uiCustomizationMap.put(UICustomizationType.DEFAULT,
uiCustomization);
    //Get the device's locale
    String userLocale = "en-US";
   //Get the android Application context
   Context ApplicationContext = ...;
   //Get the current activity instance
   Activity currentActivity = ...;
```

```
try {
       //Initialize the SDK
         threeDS2Service.initialize(ApplicationContext,
               configParam, userLocale, uiCustomizationMap);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
       // handle the InvalidInputException
          return:
    } catch (SDKAlreadyInitializedException e) {
       // handle the SDKAlreadyInitializedException
          return:
    } catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
      // handle the SDKRuntimeException
         return;
//Create new instance of Transaction
    try {
          String directoryServerID = ...
          String messageVersion = ...
Transaction transaction =
threeDS2Service.createTransaction(directoryServerID,
messageVersion);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
        // handle the InvalidInputException
           return;
    } catch (SDKNotInitializedException e) {
         // handle the SDKNotInitializedException
            return;
    } catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
         // handle the SDKRuntimeException
            return;
    }
```

```
//get handle to the progress showing view
    ProgressDialog progressDialog;
    try {
          progressDialog =
                transaction.getProgressView(android.App.Activity);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
         // handle the InvalidInputException
           transaction.close();
           return;
    }
//get the Authentication Request Parameters like Device Info,
//SDKAppID and so on from the SDK.
   try {
          AuthenticationRequestParameters authRequestParams =
              transaction.getAuthenticationRequestParameters();
          String encryptedDeviceInfo =
              authRequestParams.getDeviceData();
          String sdkTransactionID =
              authRequestParams.getSDKTransactionID();
          . . .
    }catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
        // handle the SDKRuntimeException
           transaction.close();
           return;
    }
// Challenge Processing
   //Obtain the current activity instance
   //Create challenge parameters object
   ChallengeParameters challengeParameters = new
             ChallengeParameters();
    //Set challenge parameters
```

```
String acsSignedContent = ...
    String acsRefNumber = ...
    String tdsServerTransactionID = ...
    challengeParameters.setAcsSignedContent(acsSignedContent)
    challengeParameters.setAcsRefNumber(acsRefNumber);
challengeParameters.set3DSServerTransactionID(tdsServerTransaction
ID);
   //SDK to timeout in 5 minutes
    int timeOut = 5;
   //Begin the challenge flow
   try {
          transaction.doChallenge(currentActivity,
             challengeParameters,
              new ChallengeStatusReceiver () {
          @Override
          public void completed(CompletionEvent e) {
          }
          @Override
          public void cancelled() {
          }
          @Override
          public void timedout() {
          @Override
          public void protocolError(ProtocolErrorEvent e) {
```

```
@Override
    public void runtimeError(RuntimeErrorEvent e) {
    }
}, timeOut);

catch (InvalidInputException e) {
    // handle the InvalidInputException
    transaction.close();
    return;
}
...
```

C.3 Code Sample for Windows Phone

The following sample shows the code elements of the 3DS SDK on Windows Phone:

```
ToolbarCustomization toolbarCustomization = new
            ToolbarCustomization();
   toolbarCustomization. BackgroundColor = "#FF00FF";
    LabelCustomization lblCustomization = LabelCustomization();
    lblCustomization.TextColor ="#FF00FF";
   TextBoxCustomization txtboxCustomization =
            TextBoxCustomization()
   textboxCustomization.TextColor = "#FF00FF";
   uiCustomization.SetButtonCustomization(btnCustomization,
            ButtonType.NEXT);
   uiCustomization.ToolbarCustomization = toolbarCustomization;
    uiCustomization.LabelCustomization = lblCustomization;
   uiCustomization.TextBoxCustomization = txtboxCustomization;
    Dictionary<UICustomizationType, UICustomization>
uiCustomizationMap = new Dictionary<UICustomizationType,</pre>
UICustomization>();
    uiCustomizationMap[UICustomizationType.DEFAULT] =
uiCustomization;
    //Get the device's locale
    String userLocale = "en-US";
   try {
          //Initialize the SDK
          threeDS2Service.Initialize(configParam, userLocale,
                  uiCustomizationMap);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
          // handle the InvalidInputException
          return;
    } catch (SDKAlreadyInitializedException e) {
          // handle the SDKAlreadyInitializedException
          return:
```

```
} catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
          // handle the SDKRuntimeException
          return;
    }
    //Create new instance of Transaction
   try {
         String directoryServerID = ...
          String messageVersion = ...
          Transaction transaction =
threeDS2Service.CreateTransaction(directoryServerID,
messageVersion);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
          // handle the InvalidInputException
          return;
    } catch (SDKNotInitializedException e) {
          // handle the SDKNotInitializedException
          return;
    } catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
         // handle the SDKRuntimeException
         return;
    }
   //get handle to the progress showing view
   ContentDialog progressDialog;
   progressDialog = transaction.GetProgressView();
//get the Authentication Request Parameters like Device Info,
//SDKAppID and so on from the SDK.
   try {
         AuthenticationRequestParameters authRequestParams =
                 transaction.GetAuthenticationRequestParameters();
```

```
String encryptedDeviceInfo =
                 authRequestParams.GetDeviceData();
         String sdkTransactionID =
                 authRequestParams.GetSDKTransactionID();
         . . .
    }catch (SDKRuntimeException e) {
         // handle the InvalidInputException
         transaction.Close();
         return;
// Challenge Processing
   //Create challenge parameters object
   ChallengeParameters challengeParameters = new
            ChallengeParameters();
    //Set challenge parameters
   String acsSignedContent = ...
    String acsRefNumber = ...
    String tdsServerTransactionID = ...
    challengeParameters.ACSSignedContent = acsSignedContent;
    challengeParameters.AcsRefNumber = acsRefNumber;
    challengeParameters.tdsServerTransactionID =
tdsServerTransactionID;
    . . .
   //Create ChallengeStatusReceiver
   ChallengeStatusReceiver challengeStatusReceiver = new
            MerchantChallengeStatusReceiver();
   //SDK to timeout in 5 minutes
    int timeOut = 5;
    //Begin the challenge flow
```

```
try {
          transaction.DoChallenge(challengeParameters,
                  challengeStatusReceiver, timeOut);
    } catch (InvalidInputException e) {
          // handle the InvalidInputException
          transaction.Close();
          return;
    }
//Class implementing the ChallengeStatusReceiver interface
   class MerchantChallengeStatusReceiver :
            ChallengeStatusReceiver {
        public override void Completed(CompletionEvent e) {
        }
        public override void Cancelled() {
        }
        public override void Timedout() {
        }
        public override void ProtocolError(ProtocolErrorEvent e) {
        public override void RuntimeError(RuntimeErrorEvent e) {
        }
    }
```

Requirements

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