Appendix A

Code for Matlab Program

```
clear all;
clc;
close all;
$**********************************
% Get Data & User Inputs
Fileloc = 'C:\MATLAB7\Work\';
Filename = input('Enter ECG File Name = ','s'); % Input Filename
Headerfile = strcat(Filename, '.hea');
                                      % Header In TXT
                                         Format
load (Filename);
                        % .mat file for Data
8***********
% Load Header Data
$***********************************
fprintf(1,'\nK> Loading Data from Header File %s ...\n',
Headerfile);
signalh = fullfile(Fileloc, Headerfile);
fid1 = fopen(signalh, 'r');
z = fgetl(fid1);
A = sscanf(z, '%*s %d %d', [1,2]);
                                    % Number Of Signals
nosig = A(1);
sfreq = A(2);
clear A;
z = fgetl(fid1);
A = sscanf(z, '%*s %*d %d %d %d %d', [1, 4]);
gain = A(1); % Integers Per mV
clear A;
```

```
S = sfreq*60;
counter1=0;
counter2=0;
counter3=0;
for n = 0:5
  tic
  j = S*n+1:1:S*(n+1);
  D = val(j);
  dat = length (D);
  k = 1:1:dat;
  D = D(k)/qain;
§**********************************
%Signal filter and Base line wander correction
D= transpose (D);
windowSize = 5;
filsig = filter (ones(1, windowSize) / windowSize, 1, D);
y = medfilt1(filsig,200); % 1st median filter
s1 = y;
clear y;
y = medfilt1(s1,600); % 2nd median filter
D = filsig - y;
clear s1;
clear y;
pack;
% Manipulate Data So We Only Look At What The User Wants
D = transpose (D);
```

```
D = cwt (D, 1:4, 'bior2.4'); %Performing Continuous Wavelet
                          Transform using Biorthogonal
                          Wavelet to ECG 1
D = transpose (D);
x = D (:, 4);
clear D;
% R-Peak Detection
thresh = 0.6;
% create time axis
len = length (x);
tt = 1/sfreq:1/sfreq:ceil(len/sfreq);
t = tt(1:len);
\max h = \max (x(round(len/4):round(3*len/4))); %segment search
                                       area first find the
                                       highest bumps in
                                       the ECG 1
poss reg = x>(thresh*max h); %then build an array of segments to
                          look in
                         %find indices into boudaries of
                          each segment
left = find(diff([0 poss reg'])==1); % remember to zero pad at
                                   start
right = find(diff([poss reg' 0]) == -1); % remember to zero pad at
                                   end
%loop through all possibilities
for(i=1:length(left))
   [\max (i) \max (i)] = \max (x(left(i):right(i)));
```

```
[\min(x(left(i):right(i)));
  maxloc(i) = maxloc(i)-1+left(i); % add offset of present
                            location
  minloc(i) = minloc(i)-1+left(i); % add offset of present
                            location
end
R index = maxloc;
R t = t(maxloc);
R = maxval;
% Heart Rate Calculation
for j = 2:length (R t)
HR(j) = R t(j) - R t(j-1);
end
HR = 60/(mean (HR));
fprintf (1,'\nK> Heart Rate is %d \n',H R);
§**********************************
% S-Point Detection
R len= length (R index);
for j = 1:R len
   IR1 = R index(j);
   for i = IR1:IR1+ (round(sfreq*0.03)*(H R/72))
     if i == length(x) | i == 0
        S index(j) = 1;
        S = x(1,1);
        S t(j) = t(1,1);
        break
     end
```

```
if x(i,1) < x(i+1,1) && x(i,1) < x(i-1,1)
          S index(j) = i;
          S amp(j) = x(i,1);
          S t(j) = t(1,i);
          break
      end
   end
end
§**********************************
% Q-Point Detection
for j = 1:R len
   IR1 = R index(j);
   for i = IR1:-1:IR1- (round(sfreq*0.03 * (H R/72)))
      if i == 0 | i == length(x)
          Q index(j) = 1;
          Q = x(1,1);
          Q t(j) = t(1,1);
         break
      end
      if x(i,1) < x(i+1,1) && x(i,1) < x(i-1,1)
          Q index(j) = i;
          Q amp(j) = x(i,1);
          Q_t(j) = t(1,i);
          break
      end
   end
end
```

```
% J-Point Detection
S len = length (S index);
for j = 1:S len
  IS1= S index(j);
  for i=IS1:IS1+ (round(sfreq*0.03) * (H R/72))
     if i==0
       J index(j)=1;
       J \text{ amp}(j) = x(1,1);
       J t(j) = t(1,1);
       break
     end
     if i > length(x)
       break
     end
     if x(i,1) >= 0
       J index(j)=i;
       J \text{ amp}(j) = x(i,1);
       J t(j) = t(1,i);
       break
     end
  end
end
% T-Peak Detection
J len = length (J index);
for j = 1: J len
  P1 = R_{index(j)} + (round(sfreq*0.4) * (H_R/72));
```

```
P2 = J \text{ index (j)} + (round(sfreq*0.08) * (H R/72));
    if P1> length (x) | P2> length (x)
        break
    end
    if P1 > P2
        [T peak(j), T peak index(j)] = max(x(P2:P1));
        T peak index(j) = T peak index(j) + P2;
    else
        [T peak(j), T peak index(j)] = max(x(P1:P2));
        T peak index(j) = T peak index(j) + P1;
    end
    T peak t (j) = t(T peak index (j));
end
```

```
% T-Point (T onset) Detection via T-peak
T len = length (T peak index);
for j = 1:T len
  IT1 = T peak index(j);
  for i = IT1:-1:IT1-(round(sfreq*0.035) * (H R/72))
     TP index(j)=i;
     TP amp(j)=x(i,1);
     TP t(j) = t(1, i);
  end
```

```
% K-Point
Q len = length (Q_index);
for j = 1:Q len
   IQ1 = Q index(j);
   for i=IQ1:-1:IQ1- (round(sfreq*0.03) * (H R/72))
       if i == 0
         K \text{ index}(j) = 1;
         K \text{ amp}(j) = x(1,1);
         K t(j) = t(1,1);
         break
       end
       if x(i,1) >= 0
         K index(j) = i;
         K \text{ amp}(j) = x(i,1);
         K_t(j) = t(1, i);
         break
       end
   end
   if i == 0
         K \text{ index}(j) = 1;
         K \text{ amp}(j) = x(1,1);
         K t(j) = t(1,1);
         break
       end
   if x(i,1) < x(i+1,1) && x(i,1) < x(i-1,1)
         K \text{ index}(j) = i;
          if K index(j) == 0
```

```
K index(j)=1;
        end
        K \text{ amp}(j) = x(i,1);
        K t(j) = t(1, i);
   end
end
% P-Point Detection via K+80ms
K len = length (K index);
for j = 1:K_len
   IK1 = K index(j);
   for i=IK1:-1:IK1- (round(sfreq*0.08) *(H R/72))
      if i ==0
         P_{index(j)} = 1;
         P amp(j) = x(1,1);
         P t(j) = t(1,1);
         break
      end
      P index(j) = i;
      P amp(j) = x(i,1);
      P_t(j) = t(1, i);
   end
```

```
% Calculation of Isoelectric Line
j = 1:1:K len;
ISO(j) = mean(x(P index(j):K index(j)));
% Calculation of ST-segment
a = length (J index);
b = length (TP index);
if a==b;
  j = 1:1:J len;
  ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
end
if a>b
 j = 1:1:b;
  ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
end
if a<b
  j = 1:1:a;
 ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
End
8**********************
% Comparison of ISO and ST
a = length (ISO);
b = length (ST);
if a==b
  for j = 1:a
     counter1=counter1+1;
    if (ISO(j)) >= (ST(j) + 0.0001) \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001 | ISO(i) == ST(i)
```

```
counter2=counter2+1;
        else
           counter3=counter3+1;
        end
    end
end
if a<b
    for j=1:a
        counter1=counter1+1;
        if ISO(j) >= ST(j) + 0.0001 \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001 | ISO(j) == ST(j)
           counter2=counter2+1;
        else
           counter3=counter3+1;
        end
    end
end
if a>b
    for j=1:b
        counter1=counter1+1;
        if ISO(j) >= ST(j) + 0.0001 \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001 | ISO(j) == ST(j)
           counter2=counter2+1;
        else
            counter3=counter3+1;
        end
```

```
end
end
clear ISO;
clear ST;
toc
fprintf(1,'\nK> %d loop completed %n \n',n);
end
fprintf (1,'\nK> total number of signals evaluated is %d
\n', counter1)
fprintf (1,'\nK> total number of signals without MI is %d
\n', counter2)
fprintf (1,'\nK> total number of signals with MI is %d
\n', counter3)
if counter3/counter1>=0.95
   fprintf(1,'\nK>WARNING: MI\n');
else
   fprintf(1,'\nK>No MI\n');
end
%Plotting Function
figure
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(t,x), grid on;
title ('Level 4 2^4 Biorthogonal Wavelet Transformed ECG Signal')
ylabel('ECG')
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(t,x,'b');hold on;
plot(S t,S amp,'+r'), grid on; hold on;
plot(R t,R amp, '+k'); hold on;
```

```
plot (Q_t, Q_amp, '+g'); hold on;
plot (T peak t, T peak, '+y'); hold on;
plot (TP t, TP amp, '+m'); hold on;
plot (J t, J amp, '+c'); hold on;
plot (K t,K amp,'*r');hold on;
plot (P t, P amp, '*m');
title ('Biorthogonal Wavelet Transformed ECG Signal with Q-Peaks
(green), R-Peaks (black), S-Peaks (red)')
ylabel('ECG+S+R+Q+P+J')
hold off;
fprintf(1,'\nK> Analysis Complete \n');
% End of Code
```

Appendix B

he Graphical user inerface for the software code developed is as follows:

```
function varargout = GUISTchange(varargin)
gui Singleton = 1;
'gui Singleton', gui Singleton, ...
                 'gui OpeningFcn', @GUISTchange OpeningFcn,
. . .
                 'gui_OutputFcn', @GUISTchange_OutputFcn, ...
                 'gui LayoutFcn', [], ...
                 'gui Callback', []);
if nargin && ischar(varargin{1})
   gui State.gui Callback = str2func(varargin{1});
end
if nargout
   [varargout{1:nargout}] = gui mainfcn(gui State,
varargin(:));
else
   gui mainfcn(gui State, varargin{:});
```

```
% Get Data & User Inputs
function edit1 Callback(hObject, eventdata, handles)
Fname = get(hObject,'string');
handles.Filename = Fname;
guidata(hObject, handles);
function edit2 Callback(hObject, eventdata, handles)
handles.Filename = '';
handles.Result = '';
handles.output = hObject;
guidata(hObject, handles);
function varargout = GUISTchange OutputFcn(hObject, eventdata,
handles)
varargout{1} = handles.output;
Fileloc = 'C:\MATLAB7\Work\';
In TXT Format
```

```
load (handles.Filename);
                           % .mat file for Data
% Load Header Data
signalh = fullfile(Fileloc, Headerfile);
fid1 = fopen(signalh,'r');
z = fgetl(fid1);
A = sscanf(z, '%*s %d %d', [1,2]);
                                 % Number Of Signals
nosig = A(1);
sfreq = A(2);
clear A;
z = fgetl(fid1);
A = sscanf(z, '%*s %*d %d %d %d', [1, 4]);
gain = A(1); % Integers Per mV
clear A;
S = sfreq*60;
counter1=0;
counter2=0;
```

```
counter3=0;
for n = 0:4
   j = S*n+1:1:S*(n+1);
   D = val(j);
   dat = length (D);
   k = 1:1:dat;
   D = D(k)/gain;
§**********************************
%Signal filter and Base line wander correction
D= transpose (D);
axes(handles.axes1)
plot (D, 'g');
title ('\it{Original Signal for ECG}');
ylabel ('Amplitude in Volts');
xlabel ('# of Samples');
%set(handles.axes1,'XMinorTick','on');
set(handles.axes1, 'Color', 'k');
```

```
drawnow;
windowSize = 5;
filsig = filter (ones(1,windowSize)/windowSize,1,D);
y = medfilt1(filsig,200); % 1st median filter
s1 = y;
clear y;
y = medfilt1(s1,600); % 2nd median filter
D = filsig - y;
axes(handles.axes2)
plot (D,'g');
title ('\it{Filtered Baseline Wander Corrected Signal for
ECG}');
ylabel ('Amplitude in Volts');
xlabel ('# of Samples');
set(handles.axes2, 'Color', 'k');
drawnow;
clear s1;
```

clear y;

```
pack;
% Manipulate Data So We Only Look At What The User Wants
D = transpose (D);
D = cwt (D, 1:4, 'bior2.4'); %Performing Continuous Wavelet
Transform using Biorthogonal Wavelet to ECG 1
D = transpose (D);
D 1 = D (:,1);
D 2 = D (:,2);
D 3 = D (:,3);
x = D (:, 4);
clear D;
% R-Peak Detection
thresh = 0.6;
% create time axis
len = length (x);
```

```
tt = 1/sfreq:1/sfreq:ceil(len/sfreq);
t = tt(1:len);
\max h = \max (x(round(len/4):round(3*len/4))); % segment search
area first find the highest bumps in the ECG 1
poss reg = x>(thresh*max h); %then build an array of segments to
look in
left = find(diff([0 poss reg'])==1); % remember to zero pad at
start
right = find(diff([poss reg' 0])==-1); % remember to zero pad at
end
for(i=1:length(left))
   [\max (i) \max (i)] = \max (x(left(i):right(i)));
   [\min(x(left(i):right(i)));
  maxloc(i) = maxloc(i)-1+left(i); % add offset of present
location
  minloc(i) = minloc(i)-1+left(i); % add offset of present
location
end
R index = maxloc;
```

```
R t = t(maxloc);
R = maxval;
% Heart Rate Calculation
for j = 2:length (R t)
HR(j) = R t(j) - R t(j-1);
end
HR = 60/(mean (HR));
% S-Point Detection
R len= length (R index);
for j = 1:R_len
  IR1 = R index(j);
  for i = IR1:IR1+ (round(sfreq*0.03*(H R/72)))
    if i == length(x) | i == 0
      S index(j) = 1;
      S = x(1,1);
```

```
S_t(j) = t(1,1);
        break
     end
     if x(i,1) < x(i+1,1) && x(i,1) < x(i-1,1)
        S index(j) = i;
        S = x(i,1);
        S t(j) = t(1,i);
        break
     end
  end
end
% Q-Point Detection
for j = 1:R_len
  IR1 = R index(j);
  for i = IR1:-1:IR1- (round(sfreq*0.03*(H R/72)))
     if i == 0 | i == length(x) | i-1==0
```

```
Q index(j) = 1;
        Q amp(j) = x(1,1);
        Q t(j) = t(1,1);
       break
     end
     if x(i,1) < x(i+1,1) && x(i,1) < x(i-1,1)
        Q index(j) = i;
        Q_{amp}(j) = x(i,1);
        Q_t(j) = t(1,i);
        break
     end
  end
end
% J-Point Detection
S len = length (S index);
for j = 1:S_len
```

```
IS1= S_index(j);
foundj = 0;
for i=IS1:IS1+ (round(sfreq*0.03*(H R/72)))
    if i==0
        J_{index(j)=1};
        J amp(j) = x(1,1);
        J_t(j) = t(1,1);
        foundj = 1;
        break
    end
    if i > length(x)
        break
    end
    if x(i, 1) >= 0
        J_{index(j)=i};
        J_amp(j) = x(i,1);
        J_t(j) = t(1,i);
        foundj = 1;
```

```
break
     end
  end
  if foundj == 0
     J index(j)=1;
     J amp(j) = x(1,1);
     J t(j) = t(1,1);
  end
end
% T-Peak Detection
J len = length (J index);
for j = 1: J len
  P1 = R index(j) + (round(sfreq*0.4*(H R/72)));
  P2 = J index (j) + (round(sfreq*0.08*(H R/72)));
  if P1> length (x) | P2> length (x)
     break
```

```
end
   if P1 > P2
      [T peak(j), T_peak_index(j)] = max(x(P2:P1));
      T peak index(j) = T peak index(j) + P2;
   else
      [T peak(j), T peak index(j)] = max(x(P1:P2));
      T peak index(j) = T peak index(j) + P1;
   end
   T peak t (j) = t(T peak index (j));
end
% T-Point (T onset) Detection via T-peak
T len = length (T peak index);
for j = 1:T len
   IT1 = T peak index(j);
   for i = IT1:-1:IT1-(round(sfreq*0.035*(H R/72)))
```

```
TP index(j)=i;
     TP amp(j)=x(i,1);
     TP t(j) = t(1, i);
   end
end
% K-Point
Q len = length (Q index);
for j = 1:Q len
  IQ1 = Q index(j);
   foundk = 0;
  for i=IQ1:-1:IQ1- (round(sfreq*0.03*(H_R/72)))
     if i == 0
        K \text{ index}(j) = 1;
        K \text{ amp}(j) = x(1,1);
        K t(j) = t(1,1);
        foundk = 1;
```

```
break
```

if
$$x(i, 1) >= 0$$

$$K_{index(j)} = i;$$

$$K_{amp}(j) = x(i,1);$$

$$K_t(j) = t(1, i);$$

foundk =
$$1;$$

break

end

end

if foundk == 0

$$K_{index(j)}=1;$$

$$K_amp(j) = x(i,1);$$

$$K t(j) = t(1, i);$$

end

```
% P-Point Detection via K+80ms
K len = length (K index);
for j = 1:K len
  IK1 = K index(j);
  for i=IK1:-1:IK1- (round(sfreq*0.08*(H R/72)))
     if i ==0
        P index(j) = 1;
        P amp(j) = x(1,1);
        P t(j) = t(1,1);
        break
     end
     P index(j) = i;
     P amp(j) = x(i, 1);
     P_t(j) = t(1, i);
  end
```

```
% Calculation of Isoelectric Line
j = 1:1:K len;
ISO(j) = mean(x(P index(j):K index(j)));
% Calculation of ST-segment
a = length (J index);
b = length (TP index);
if a==b;
  j = 1:1:J len;
  ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
end
if a>b
 j = 1:1:b;
  ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
end
if a<b
```

```
j = 1:1:a;
  ST(j) = mean(x(J index(j):TP index(j)));
end
% Comparison of ISO and ST
a = length (ISO);
b = length (ST);
if a==b
  for j = 1:a
      counter1=counter1+1;
     if (ISO(j) >= ST(j) + 0.0001 \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001) | ISO(j) == ST(j)
        %fprintf(1,'\nK>No MI\n');
        counter2=counter2+1;
     else
        counter3=counter3+1;
      end
```

```
end
end
if a<b
    for j=1:a
        counter1=counter1+1;
        if (ISO(j) >= ST(j) + 0.0001 \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001) | ISO(j) == ST(j)
            counter2=counter2+1;
        else
            counter3=counter3+1;
        end
    end
end
if a>b
    for j=1:b
        counter1=counter1+1;
```

```
if (ISO(j) >= ST(j) + 0.0001 \&\& ISO(j) >= ST(j) -
0.0001) | ISO(j) == ST(j)
           counter2=counter2+1;
        else
            counter3=counter3+1;
        end
    end
end
clear ISO;
clear ST;
if counter3/counter1>=0.90
    fprintf(1,'\nK>WARNING: Possible MI\n');
else
    fprintf(1,'\nK>No MI\n');
end
axes(handles.axes3)
plot(t,x,'g');hold on;
plot(S_t,S_amp,'+r'), hold on;
```

```
plot(R t,R amp,'+w'); hold on;
plot (Q t, Q amp, '+b'); hold on;
plot (T peak t, T peak, '+y'); hold on;
plot (TP t, TP amp, '+m'); hold on;
plot (J t, J amp, '+c'); hold on;
plot (K t, K amp, 'Marker', '+', 'color', [1, 0.4, 0.6]); hold on;
plot (P t,P amp,'Marker','+','color',[0.4,0,0.6]);
title ('Biorthogonal Wavelet Transformed ECG Signal with Q-Peaks
(green), R-Peaks (black), S-Peaks (red)')
ylabel('ECG+S')
hold off;
ylabel ('Amplitude in Volts');
xlabel ('Time in seconds');
set(handles.axes3,'Color','k');
drawnow;
end
if counter3/counter1>=0.90
    fprintf(1,'\nK>WARNING: Call 9-1-1 & Get Help\n');
```

```
handles.Result = 'WARNING: Call 9-1-1 & Get Help';
else
    fprintf(1,'\nK>No ST-Changes Detected\n');
    handles.Result = 'No ST-Changes Detected';
end
guidata(hObject, handles);
set(handles.edit2,'String', handles.Result);
function edit1 CreateFcn(hObject, eventdata, handles)
if ispc
    set(hObject, 'BackgroundColor', 'white');
else
set(hObject, 'BackgroundColor', get(0, 'defaultUicontrolBackgroundC
olor'));
end
function edit2 CreateFcn(hObject, eventdata, handles)
if ispc
    set(hObject, 'BackgroundColor', 'White');
```