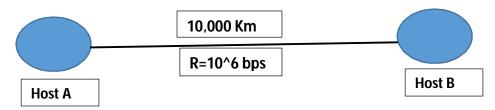
Assignment 1 CS5110 – NA-1, Fall 2016

#### Solution

Suppose two hosts, A and B are separated by 40,000 kilometers and are connected by a direct link of R =1 Mbps. Suppose the propagation speed over the link is 2\*10\(^{8}\) meters/sec. Consider sending a file of 4,000,000 bits from Host A to Host B.

a. Suppose the file is sent continuously as one big message. How long does it take to send the file, assuming it is sent continuously?

## ANS:



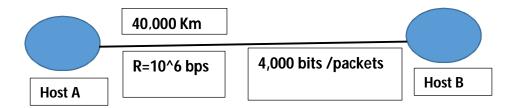
Propagation delay = Dist /2 \*  $10^8$  m/s = 40,000,000/200,000,000 = > 40/200 = 0.2 secs

Transmission delay = L/R = 4,000,000/1,000,000 = 4 secs

Total Delay to send 4,000,000 bits file size continuously is 4 + 0.2 = 4.20 sec

b. Suppose now the file is broken up into 1000 packets with each packets containing 4,000 bits. Suppose that each packet is acknowledged by the receiver and the transmission time of an acknowledgement packet is negligible. Finally, assume that the sender cannot send a packet until the preceding one is acknowledged. How long does it take to send the file?

### Solution:



Speed of propagation = 2 \* 10<sup>8</sup> m/s Link (R) = 1,000,000bps Length of packet = 4,000 bits Number of packets = 1000

Propagation Delay (sender side) = Dist  $/2 * 10^8$  m/s = 40,000,000/200,000,000 = > 40/200 = 0.2 secs Propagation Delay (receiver side) = Dist  $/2 * 10^8$  m/s = 40,000,000/200,000,000 = > 40/200 = 0.2 sec

Transmission Delay = L/R = 4,000/1,000,000 = 0.004 secs

Total Delay per packet = 0.2 + 0.2 + 0.004 = 0.404 secs Total Delay for all 1000 packets = 1000 \* 0.404 = 404 secs or 403.8 sec if you remove the last receiver propagation delay.

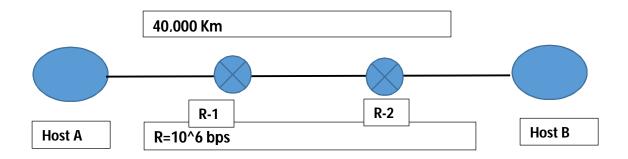
c. Calculate the bandwidth-delay product, R\*tprop. What does it mean? (Provide an interpretation of the bandwidth-delay product.)

# Solution:

Bandwidth-delay product =  $R * t_{prop} = 10^6 * 0.2 = 200,000 bits$ 

d. If there are two routers between Host A and B (rather than a direct link), and all three links have 1 Mbps links, how long does it take to send the file? (use the assumptions in 1.b)

#### Solution:



Two Routers R-1 and R-2 There are three Links {A->R-1, R1->R-2, R2->B}

Therefore, total Transmission Delay would be 3 \* L/R

Total Time by each packet is propagation delay by sender + Transmission delay + propagation delay by receiver

Propagation delay by sender =  $D/S = Dist /2 * 10^8 m/s = 40,000,000/200,000,000 = > 40/200 = 0.2 secs$ 

Propagation delay by receiver =  $D/S = Dist /2 * 10^8 m/s = 40,000,000/200,000,000 = > 40/200 = 0.2 secs$ 

Transmission Delay = 3\* L/R = 3(4,000/1,000,000) = 0.012 secs

Total delay per packets = 0.2 + 0.2 + 0.012 = 0.412 secs

Total time taken for 1000 packets from A to B is = 1000 \* 0.412 = 412 secs or 411.8 secs if you remove the last receiver propagation delay.