

session_demonstration_script

April 5, 2023

1 Example code for using session.Session

Note: This notebook covers several relevant methods of the `Session` and `Stim` objects, detailing some of their arguments, as well. For more details, take a look at the docstring associated with a method of interest.

Import notes:

- Any python packages required by the codebase should be installed and available, if the required conda environment, installed from `osca.yml`, has been activated.
 - `util` is a [Github repo](#) of mine, and the correct branch `osca_mult` is automatically installed from `osca.yml`.
 - **Potential updates:** Errors internal to the codebase involving `util` code and occurring *after* new changes have been pulled from the `OpenScope_CA_Analysis` repo *may* be due to an update of the `osca_mult` branch of `util` that breaks backwards compatibility. Though I will try to avoid this, if running the notebook locally and an error occurs, make sure to check whether there are updates to the utility, and update your installation as needed, e.g., by running, from the command line: `pip install -U util-colleenjg`
-

1.1 1. Setup

1.1.1 Update logging and plot formatting

If you wish to use the same logging and formatting style as I do:

1.1.2 Data directory

The data directory should contain the session data in **NWB format**, at any depth.

1.1.3 Running in a docker, or specifically in Binder

If the notebook is **running in a docker**, the dataset is downloaded in NWB format from the [Dandi archive](#) first, and the data directory is set accordingly.

In addition, if the notebook is **running specifically in Binder**, some analyses are slightly altered later, in order to reduce memory use.

If the notebook is **not running in a docker**, the dataset should be downloaded manually. It can be stored in any location. Ensure that you update `datadir` below to point to that location.

Be sure to download the dataset, if needed, and update ``datadir`` to point the correct location. Currently it points to `../../data/OSCA_NWB`.

1.1.4 Mouse dataframe

The mouse dataframe, contains the metadata for each session, including its 9-digit `sessid`, the `mouse_n`, `sess_n`, etc.

Mouse dataframe columns:

- * `sessid`: Unique session ID (9-digit)
- * `full_timestamp`: Full timestamp for the session (in UTC).
- * `mouse_n`: Mouse number
- * `mouseid`: Unique mouse ID (6-digit)
- * `date`: Recording date
- * `depth`: Recording depth (um)
- * `plane`: Recording plane (“dend” or “soma”)
- * `line`: Cell line (“L2/3-Cux2” or “L5-Rbp4”)
- * `runtype`: Type of session (“pilot” or “prod”). Only production data is available in NWB dataset on Dandi.
- * `sess_n`: Session number
- * `nrois`: Number of valid ROIs (see **Note**)
- * `nrois_tracked`: Number of ROIs tracked across sessions (-1 for sessions with no tracking).
- * `nrois_all`: Same as `nrois`, but including bad (non valid) ROIs.
- * `nrois_allen`: Number of valid ROIs when using the `allen` segmentation for dendritic ROIs, instead of the `extr` segmentation (see **Note**).
- * `nrois_allen_all`: Same as `nrois_allen`, but including bad (non valid) ROIs.
- * `pass_fail`: Whether the session passed (P) or failed (F) quality control.
- * `all_files`: Whether all files are available for the session (original data format).
- * `any_files`: Whether any files are available for the session (original data format).
- * `incl`: Whether the session can be included in analyses (looser criterion than `pass_fail`).
- * `stim_seed`: Seed used to initialize stimuli for the session, during recording.
- * `notes`: Any notes on the session.

Note: The `allen` segmentations were used for all **somatic** data. The `extr` segmentations were preferred for all **dendritic** data, and are the only type included for **dendritic** data in the NWB dataset.

```
[6]:      sessid  full_timestamp  mouse_n  mouseid  sex      DOB      date  \
0    758519303  20180926T172917        1   408021   M  20180623  20180926
1    759189643  20180927T182632        1   408021   M  20180623  20180927
2    759660390  20181001T172833        1   408021   M  20180623  20181001
3    759666166  20181001T180256        2   411400   F  20180711  20181001
4    759872185  20181002T173740        2   411400   F  20180711  20181002
5    760269100  20181003T180253        2   411400   F  20180711  20181003
6    761730740  20181009T175037        2   411400   F  20180711  20181009
7    762415169  20181011T174057        2   411400   F  20180711  20181011
8    763646681  20181015T173410        2   411400   F  20180711  20181015
9    761624763  20181009T152254        3   411424   F  20180711  20181009
10   761944562  20181010T160230        3   411424   F  20180711  20181010
```

11	762250376	20181011T155936	3	411424	F	20180711	20181011
12	760260459	20181003T174857	4	411771	M	20180713	20181003
13	760659782	20181004T173816	4	411771	M	20180713	20181004
14	761269197	20181008T172946	4	411771	M	20180713	20181008
15	763949859	20181016T220226	5	412933	M	20180718	20181016
16	764897534	20181017T221505	5	412933	M	20180718	20181017
17	765427689	20181019T001829	5	412933	M	20180718	20181018
18	766755831	20181022T225131	5	412933	M	20180718	20181022
19	767254594	20181023T220932	5	412933	M	20180718	20181023
20	768807532	20181025T222758	5	412933	M	20180718	20181025
21	764704289	20181017T173352	6	413663	M	20180721	20181017
22	765193831	20181018T173052	6	413663	M	20180721	20181018
23	766502238	20181022T172824	6	413663	M	20180721	20181022
24	777496949	20181113T015148	7	418779	F	20180820	20181112
25	778374308	20181114T030141	7	418779	F	20180820	20181113
26	779152062	20181115T010609	7	418779	F	20180820	20181114
27	777914830	20181113T180512	8	420011	F	20180826	20181113
28	778864809	20181114T180624	8	420011	F	20180826	20181114
29	779650018	20181115T183654	8	420011	F	20180826	20181115
30	826187862	20190220T212644	9	433414	F	20181106	20190220
31	826773996	20190221T202814	9	433414	F	20181106	20190221
32	827833392	20190222T221848	9	433414	F	20181106	20190222
33	826338612	20190220T230630	10	433448	M	20181106	20190220
34	826819032	20190221T220634	10	433448	M	20181106	20190221
35	828816509	20190225T214952	10	433448	M	20181106	20190225
36	829283315	20190226T224301	10	433448	M	20181106	20190226
37	823453391	20190215T165328	11	433451	M	20181106	20190215
38	824434038	20190218T162355	11	433451	M	20181106	20190218
39	825180479	20190219T162113	11	433451	M	20181106	20190219
40	826659257	20190221T162838	12	433458	M	20181106	20190221
41	827300090	20190222T161948	12	433458	M	20181106	20190222
42	828475005	20190225T162214	12	433458	M	20181106	20190225
43	829520904	20190227T162140	12	433458	M	20181106	20190227
44	832883243	20190306T163903	13	440889	F	20181212	20190306
45	833704570	20190307T163524	13	440889	F	20181212	20190307
46	834403597	20190308T164555	13	440889	F	20181212	20190308
47	836968429	20190314T152429	13	440889	F	20181212	20190314
48	837360280	20190315T152224	13	440889	F	20181212	20190315
49	838633305	20190318T232807	13	440889	F	20181212	20190318

	age_weeks	depth	plane	...	nrois_tracked	nrois_all	nrois_allen	\
0	13.571429	175	soma	...	59	116	96	
1	13.714286	175	soma	...	59	86	74	
2	14.285714	175	soma	...	59	121	107	
3	11.714286	20	dend	...	-1	1009	70	
4	11.857143	20	dend	...	-1	309	53	
5	12.000000	20	dend	...	-1	539	75	

6	12.857143	20	dend	...	162	657	57
7	13.142857	20	dend	...	162	662	25
8	13.714286	20	dend	...	162	602	33
9	12.857143	175	soma	...	55	96	87
10	13.000000	175	soma	...	55	94	90
11	13.142857	175	soma	...	55	88	80
12	11.714286	375	soma	...	47	104	90
13	11.857143	375	soma	...	47	76	70
14	12.428571	375	soma	...	47	99	9
15	12.857143	75	dend	...	-1	1073	12
16	13.000000	75	dend	...	-1	992	11
17	13.142857	75	dend	...	-1	881	12
18	13.714286	50	dend	...	98	350	63
19	13.857143	50	dend	...	98	172	70
20	14.142857	50	dend	...	98	256	108
21	12.571429	50	dend	...	136	644	86
22	12.714286	50	dend	...	136	359	158
23	13.285714	50	dend	...	136	529	104
24	12.000000	375	soma	...	12	31	15
25	12.142857	375	soma	...	12	56	26
26	12.285714	375	soma	...	12	55	29
27	11.285714	20	dend	...	51	222	57
28	11.428571	20	dend	...	51	166	94
29	11.571429	20	dend	...	51	192	165
30	15.142857	75	dend	...	118	736	91
31	15.285714	75	dend	...	118	311	88
32	15.428571	75	dend	...	118	340	106
33	15.142857	20	dend	...	112	1728	150
34	15.285714	20	dend	...	112	462	313
35	15.857143	20	dend	...	112	523	282
36	16.000000	20	dend	...	-1	456	256
37	14.428571	20	dend	...	353	1003	53
38	14.857143	20	dend	...	353	1070	63
39	15.000000	20	dend	...	353	1022	39
40	15.285714	375	soma	...	70	126	99
41	15.428571	375	soma	...	70	107	87
42	15.857143	375	soma	...	70	118	97
43	16.142857	375	soma	...	-1	109	88
44	12.000000	175	soma	...	147	251	224
45	12.142857	175	soma	...	147	251	224
46	12.285714	175	soma	...	147	228	210
47	13.142857	175	soma	...	-1	217	205
48	13.285714	175	soma	...	-1	244	217
49	13.714286	175	soma	...	-1	256	227

	nrois_allen_all	pass_fail	all_files	any_files	incl	stim_seed	\
0	116	P	1	1	yes	30587	

1	86	P	1	1	yes	5730
2	121	P	1	1	yes	36941
3	79	F	1	1	yes	11883
4	58	F	1	1	yes	8005
5	86	F	1	1	yes	34380
6	65	P	1	1	yes	44023
7	31	P	1	1	yes	29259
8	44	P	1	1	yes	1118
9	96	P	1	1	yes	997
10	94	P	1	1	yes	33856
11	88	P	1	1	yes	23187
12	104	P	1	1	yes	33767
13	76	P	1	1	yes	32698
14	99	P	1	1	yes	17904
15	12	F	1	1	yes	44721
16	11	F	1	1	yes	32579
17	12	F	1	1	yes	26850
18	75	P	1	1	yes	39002
19	84	P	1	1	yes	6698
20	129	P	1	1	yes	8612
21	102	P	1	1	yes	12470
22	193	P	1	1	yes	7038
23	127	P	1	1	yes	23433
24	31	P	1	1	yes	32706
25	56	P	1	1	yes	8114
26	55	P	1	1	yes	11744
27	61	P	1	1	yes	20846
28	101	P	1	1	yes	35159
29	178	P	1	1	yes	34931
30	110	P	1	1	yes	303
31	99	P	1	1	yes	13515
32	113	P	1	1	yes	32899
33	163	P	1	1	yes	38171
34	339	P	1	1	yes	38273
35	320	P	1	1	yes	18246
36	288	P	1	1	yes	17769
37	63	P	1	1	yes	18665
38	71	P	1	1	yes	36
39	47	P	1	1	yes	7754
40	126	P	1	1	yes	35969
41	107	P	1	1	yes	10378
42	118	P	1	1	yes	10576
43	109	P	1	1	yes	42270
44	251	P	1	1	yes	27797
45	251	P	1	1	yes	16745
46	228	P	1	1	yes	10210
47	217	P	1	1	yes	24253

48	244	F	1	1	yes	19576
49	256	F	1	1	no	30582

					notes
0					NaN
1					NaN
2					NaN
3	dropped beh and eye tracking frames (5), stim ...				
4	pupil recording truncated (half missing), drop...				
5	dropped beh and eye tracking frames (7), stim ...				
6					NaN
7					NaN
8					NaN
9					NaN
10	dropped stim frames (17), 2nd stim2twop alignm...				
11					NaN
12					NaN
13					NaN
14					NaN
15		ROIs not in retinotopic center			
16		ROIs not in retinotopic center			
17		ROIs not in retinotopic center			
18					NaN
19					NaN
20					NaN
21					NaN
22					NaN
23					NaN
24					NaN
25					NaN
26					NaN
27					NaN
28					NaN
29					NaN
30		dropped stim frames (133)			
31					NaN
32					NaN
33		dropped stim frames (126)			
34					NaN
35					NaN
36					NaN
37					NaN
38					NaN
39					NaN
40					NaN
41					NaN
42	z-drift (10 um), passed QC after revision				

```

43                                     NaN
44                                dropped stim frames (257)
45  stim2twop alignment shifted corrected with 2nd...
46  dropped beh and eye tracking frames (6), stim ...
47  FOV shifted (poor alignment with previous sess...
48                                     z-drift (14 um)
49  laser wavelength incorrectly set to 800 nm (in...

[50 rows x 24 columns]

```

1.2 2. Basics of initializing a Session object

Sessions can be initialized with their 9-digit `sessid`:

or with their `mouse_n`, `sess_n` and `runtype`:

1.2.1 Data format is identified automatically

During initialization, the code looks first for the session data in NWB format. If it doesn't find it, it looks for the data in its original format. If neither are found, an error is thrown.

1.2.2 Loading the data after initialization.

After creating the session, you must run `self.extract_info()`. This wasn't amalgamated into the `__init__` to reduce the amount of information needed to just create a session object.

1.2.3 Loading ROI/running/pupil info

You can load this information when you call `self.extract_info()` or manually later by calling `self.load_roi_info()`, `self.load_run_data()` and `self.load_pup_data()`.

Loading stimulus and alignment info...

Loading ROI trace info...

Loading running info...

Loading pupil info...

1.2.4 Stimulus dataframe

The stimulus dataframe, stored under `sess.stim_df`, details the stimulus feature for each segment of the presentation.

A **segment** is the minimal subdivision of the stimulus presentation: **0.3 sec** for the Gabor stimulus, and **1s** for the visual flow, and grayscale stimuli.

If a feature **does not apply** to certain segments (e.g., `gabor_number` for visual flow stimulus segments), the values for those segments will be `None`, `NaN` or `[]`, depending on the column's datatype.

Missing columns: Note that a few columns are missing, since the session was loaded with `full_table=False`. * `"gabor_orientations"`: Specific orientation of each Gabor patch, for each

segment. * "square_locations_x": Specific x location of each visual flow square, at **each frame** of each segment. * "square_locations_y": Specific y location of each visual flow square, at **each frame** of each segment.

This is primarily to save memory, when loading a session, as this information is not typically needed. To load all columns, re-run `sess.extract_info()` with `full_table=True`. Data that is already loaded will not be re-loaded.

[10]: stimulus_type stimulus_template_name unexpected gabor_frame \

id				
0	grayscreen	grayscreen	NaN	
1	gabors	gabors	0.0	A
2	gabors	gabors	0.0	B
3	gabors	gabors	0.0	C
4	gabors	gabors	0.0	D
...
8839	visflow	visflow_right	0.0	
8840	visflow	visflow_right	0.0	
8841	visflow	visflow_right	1.0	
8842	visflow	visflow_right	1.0	
8843	grayscreen	grayscreen	NaN	

	gabor_kappa	gabor_mean_orientation	gabor_number	\
id				
0	NaN	NaN	NaN	
1	16.0	0.0	30.0	
2	16.0	0.0	30.0	
3	16.0	0.0	30.0	
4	16.0	0.0	30.0	
...
8839	NaN	NaN	NaN	
8840	NaN	NaN	NaN	
8841	NaN	NaN	NaN	
8842	NaN	NaN	NaN	
8843	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	gabor_locations_x	\
id		
0		[]
1	[-314.2481536790383, 726.6351926350328, -609.4...	
2	[278.93714376420894, -895.0169462360316, 830.4...	
3	[-694.2565883378384, 458.8415680953749, -472.6...	
4	[-631.2261180219028, -600.2310528361336, -887...	
...
8839		[]
8840		[]
8841		[]
8842		[]

8843 []

	gabor_locations_y \
id	
0	[]
1	[519.3985635606798, 429.54112277826425, 482.75...
2	[-62.92603512701612, -329.96944361291634, -332...
3	[162.5089263895926, 433.50619201931613, 567.71...
4	[-21.003509639097615, -271.4924294875755, 555...
...	...
8839	[]
8840	[]
8841	[]
8842	[]
8843	[]

	gabor_sizes ... \
id	...
0	[] ...
1	[237, 382, 341, 269, 332, 300, 256, 322, 252,
2	[355, 245, 207, 246, 209, 371, 209, 400, 214,
3	[270, 274, 369, 230, 364, 205, 360, 315, 396,
4	[228, 332, 237, 248, 346, 308, 333, 277, 232,
...
8839	[] ...
8840	[] ...
8841	[] ...
8842	[] ...
8843	[] ...

	start_frame_stim_template	start_frame_stim	stop_frame_stim \
id			
0	0	0	1800
1	0	1800	1818
2	1	1818	1836
3	2	1836	1854
4	3	1854	1872
...
8839	60960	249960	250020
8840	61020	250020	250080
8841	61080	250080	250140
8842	61140	250140	250200
8843	0	250200	251999

	num_frames_stim	start_frame_twop	stop_frame_twop	num_frames_twop \
id				
0	1800	143	1046	903

1	18	1046	1055	9
2	18	1055	1064	9
3	18	1064	1073	9
4	18	1073	1082	9
...
8839	60	125551	125581	30
8840	60	125581	125611	30
8841	60	125611	125641	30
8842	60	125641	125672	31
8843	1799	125672	126575	903

	start_time_sec	stop_time_sec	duration_sec
id			
0	14.30646	44.332150	30.025690
1	44.33215	44.639380	0.307230
2	44.63938	44.939040	0.299660
3	44.93904	45.232430	0.293390
4	45.23243	45.526750	0.294320
...
8839	4183.68954	4184.690500	1.000960
8840	4184.69050	4185.691070	1.000570
8841	4185.69107	4186.692190	1.001120
8842	4186.69219	4187.690570	0.998380
8843	4187.69057	4217.673903	29.983333

[8844 rows x 24 columns]

1.2.5 Stimulus objects

Once `sess.extract_info()` is run, each Session object also contains Stim objects.

These come in one of three subclasses: `Gabors`, `Visflow`, `Grayscr`, and can be accessed with: `sess.stims`, `sess.gabors`, `sess.visflow`, `sess.grayscr`.

The the Stim object `stim`, the Session object can be accessed with `stim.sess`.

```

number of rois      : 90
mouse number       : 4
mouse ID           : 411771
gabor object       : Gabors (stimulus from session 760260459)
2p frames per sec  : 30.08
stimulus frames per sec: 59.95

```

1.3 3. Retrieving data of interest

1.3.1 Identifying stimulus segments of interest

From a `Session`'s `Stim`, you can get a list of segments that fit a specific criterion, e.g. `U segments` (unexpected, 3rd Gabor frame).

1.3.2 Identifying frame numbers of interest, to index the data

Then, you can retrieve the exact frame numbers that match these segments.

Specifically, you can access: * `twop` frame numbers, which index the two-photon data and pupil data, and * `stim` frame numbers, which index the running data.

Note: When retrieving the frame numbers, specifying `ch_fl` (check flanks) ensures that only frame numbers whose flanks are within the recording are returned. In other words, any frame number too close to the start or end of the recording (based on `pre/post` values), will be dropped.

1.3.3 Retrieving the data of interest

You can now get the **ROI / running / pupil data** corresponding to these reference frames and the specified `pre / post` periods (in sec).

1.3.4 Retrieving data statistics of interest

You can also directly obtain statistics on the data of interest.

```
[15]: datatype          roi_traces
      bad_rois_removed    yes
      scaled              no
      baseline            no
      integrated          yes
      smoothing           no
      fluorescence       dff
      general ROIs sequences
      stats      None stat_mean    0.062516
                  error_SEM      0.017370
```

1.3.5 Using hierarchical dataframes

Data and statistics are returned in a hierarchical dataframe with **columns** and **indices**.

This has the advantage of allowing metadata to be stored in dummy columns, however extracting data from these dataframes can be tricky, syntactically.

```
[16]: datatype          roi_traces
      bad_rois_removed    yes
      scaled              yes
      baseline            no
      integrated          no
      smoothing           no
```

fluorescence			dff
ROIs	sequences	time_values	
0	0	-1.000000	-0.338172
		-0.966102	0.155122
		-0.932203	0.150821
		-0.898305	0.053135
		-0.864407	-0.100729
...			...
89	81	0.864407	0.297796
		0.898305	-0.031714
		0.932203	0.339743
		0.966102	0.524661
		1.000000	-0.289968

[442800 rows x 1 columns]

To **extract a numpy array** with the correct dimensions from a hierarchical dataframe, you can use the following utility function: `gen_util.reshape_df_data()`.

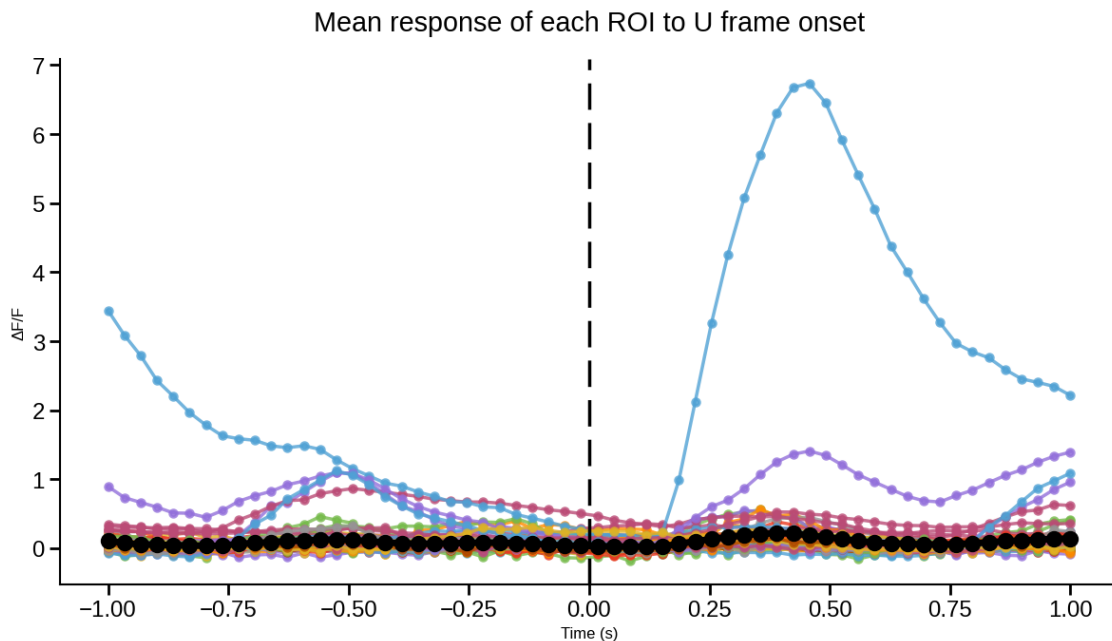
Here, each index level, then column level is turned into a new axis, **i.e. ROIs x sequences x time_values** (In this case, `squeeze_cols` is set to `True` to prevent each dummy column from becoming its own axis.)

ROI data shape: 90 ROIs x 82 sequences x 60 time values

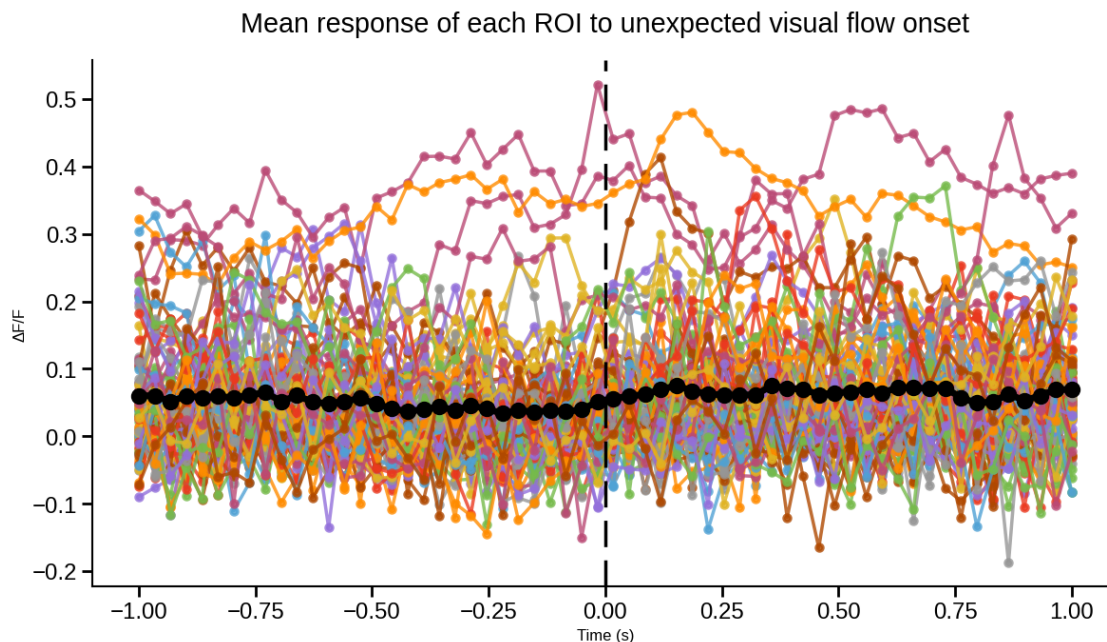
You can also retrieve the time stamps for each frame.

1.3.6 Visualizing the data

Finally, we can plot each ROIs mean activity across Gabor sequences, as well as a mean across ROIs.



1.3.7 The same steps apply to analysing the visual flow stimulus



1.4 4. Tracked ROIs

ROI tracking was performed on the production data.

At any point, it is possible to **restrict the data returned** to only the tracked ROIs, called `sess.set_only_tracked_rois(True)`.

Here, we retrieve the data, **integrated over each sequence**.

The dataframe returned contains data only for tracked ROIs.

```
[23]: datatype      roi_traces
      bad_rois_removed    yes
      scaled              yes
      baseline            no
      integrated          yes
      smoothing           no
      fluorescence       dff
      ROIs sequences
      27  0              0.101591
           1              0.188843
           2             -0.072082
```

	3	0.685275
	4	0.033439
...		...
21	27	0.026887
	28	0.523182
	29	-0.039192
	30	-0.059955
	31	0.080472

[1504 rows x 1 columns]

1.4.1 Extracting tracked ROI data *correctly* (!)

Importantly, the ROIs are now sorted in their tracking order, which ensures that they are correctly aligned across sessions.

As a result, the “**ROIs**” index may no longer be in increasing order, like in this example.

ROI numbers, ordered for tracking:

27, 60, 81, 2, 49, 6, 4, 64, 88, 15, 84, 76, 75, 16, 14, 17, 28, 25, 12, 45, 1,
65, 24, 78, 63, 79, 80, 67, 0, 69, 58, 51, 54, 46, 39, 38, 40, 13, 31, 5, 42,
43, 86, 41, 26, 33, 21

Note that these **ROI numbers** are assigned for each session separately. Thus, e.g., ROI #28 from session 1 is most likely not the same neuron/dendrite as the ROI #28 from session 2, for the same mouse. For this reason, **the tracking ordering** is important: it allows ROI traces from different sessions to be lined up correctly with one another.

To **ensure that the tracked ROI order is preserved** when extracting the data, the safest option is to use the utility function introduced above, i.e. `gen_util.reshape_data_df()`. It will ensure that the order is preserved.

Tracked ROI data shape using the correct method, i.e.,
`gen_util.reshape_df_data()`
47 ROIs x 32 sequences

Do not use the `.unstack()` method for hierarchical dataframes!

Even though the `.unstack()` method is typically a convenient way to extract a 2D array from a hierarchical dataframe, it will cause major problems here. Specifically, `.unstack()` internally triggers a resorting of the hierarchical indices. Thus, using it will completely mess up the tracked ROI order.

Tracked ROI data shape using the wrong method, i.e., `.unstack()`
47 ROIs x 32 sequences

As you can see, the dimensions are still correct. However, the **ROI sorting is actually lost!**

For example, **ROI #5**, which should appear at index 6 in the array, is now at index 3.

Data for the tracked ROI at index 6, when using the correct method: i.e.,
`gen_util.reshape_df_data()`
0.005, 0.024, -0.050, -0.553, 0.629, -0.051, -0.057, 0.071, -0.003, -0.067 ...

Data for the tracked ROI at index 6, when using the wrong method: i.e.,
`.unstack()`
 0.053, 0.191, 0.232, -0.004, -0.008, 0.060, 0.083, -0.031, 0.015, 0.024 ...

Data for the tracked ROI that should be at index 6 is instead at index 3,
 when using the wrong method: i.e., `.unstack()`
 0.005, 0.024, -0.050, -0.553, 0.629, -0.051, -0.057, 0.071, -0.003, -0.067 ...

1.4.2 Reset the session to start using all ROIs, again

1.5 5. Additional tips on indexing a hierarchical dataframe

```
[31]: scaled          yes
      baseline        no
      integrated      no
      smoothing       no
      fluorescence    dff
      ROIs sequences time_values
0      1          -1.0      -0.183646
      20          -1.0       0.013693
      21          -1.0     -0.091127
3      1          -1.0       0.221201
      20          -1.0       0.347209
      21          -1.0     -0.163844
5      1          -1.0     -0.219216
      20          -1.0       0.047849
      21          -1.0       0.031890
```

1.6 6. Retrieving several Session objects, based on criteria

1.6.1 Retrieving mouse / session numbers and IDs that fit specific criteria

`sess_gen_util.get_sess_vals()` can be used to retrieve information for sessions that meet certain criteria.

e.g., **session number 1, 2 or 3, production, dendritic plane**

```
mouse 1: 758519303 (session 1)
mouse 1: 759189643 (session 2)
mouse 1: 759660390 (session 3)
mouse 3: 761624763 (session 1)
mouse 3: 761944562 (session 2)
mouse 3: 762250376 (session 3)
mouse 4: 760260459 (session 1)
mouse 4: 760659782 (session 2)
mouse 4: 761269197 (session 3)
mouse 7: 777496949 (session 1)
```

```
mouse 7: 778374308 (session 2)
mouse 7: 779152062 (session 3)
mouse 12: 826659257 (session 1)
mouse 12: 827300090 (session 2)
mouse 12: 828475005 (session 3)
mouse 13: 832883243 (session 1)
mouse 13: 833704570 (session 2)
mouse 13: 834403597 (session 3)
```

1.6.2 Loading the sessions

`sess_gen_util.init_sessions()` can be used to **initialize the sessions** and **extract the requested data**.

```
Creating session 758519303...
```

```
/home/colleen/Documents/PhD/OpenScope_CA_Analysis/analysis/session.py:236:
```

```
UserWarning:
```

```
Several NWB files were found for this session. When loading data, the first file
listed that contains the required data will be used.
```

```
Loading stimulus and alignment info...
```

```
Loading ROI trace info...
```

```
Loading running info...
```

```
Finished creating session 758519303.
```

```
Creating session 759189643...
```

```
Loading stimulus and alignment info...
```

```
Loading ROI trace info...
```

```
Loading running info...
```

```
Finished creating session 759189643.
```

```
Creating session 759660390...
```

```
Loading stimulus and alignment info...
```

```
Loading ROI trace info...
```

```
Loading running info...
```

```
Finished creating session 759660390.
```

```
Creating session 764704289...
```

```
Loading stimulus and alignment info...
```

```
Loading ROI trace info...
```

```
Loading running info...
```

```
Finished creating session 764704289.
```

1.6.3 Using the loaded sessions

Now, one can run through the sessions, and run whatever analysis is needed.

Note here that, when calling `stim.get_segs_by_criteria()`, **features that do not apply to**

the stimulus (e.g., gabfr for the visflow stimulus) are simply ignored.

```
Session ID: 758519303 (mouse 1, session 1)
  visflow: 31 sequences
  gabors: 94 sequences
Session ID: 759189643 (mouse 1, session 2)
  visflow: 34 sequences
  gabors: 90 sequences
Session ID: 759660390 (mouse 1, session 3)
  visflow: 33 sequences
  gabors: 105 sequences
Session ID: 764704289 (mouse 6, session 1)
  visflow: 33 sequences
  gabors: 96 sequences
```

1.7 7. Retrieving ROI masks from a session

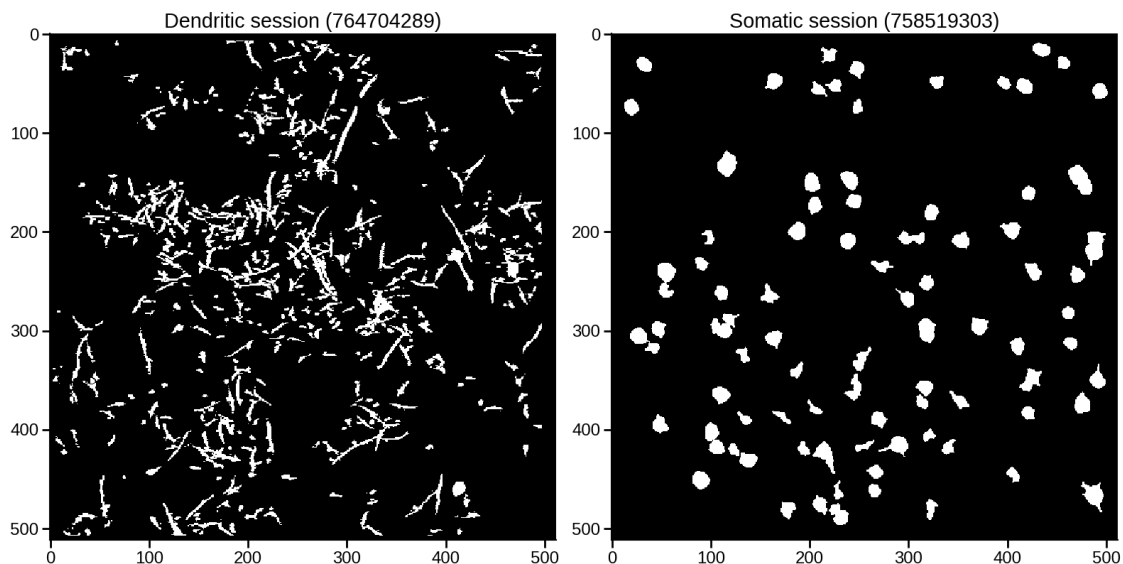
1.7.1 Loading masks

Boolean ROI masks can be obtained for each Session. Masks can be loaded as follows, with dimensions: **ROI x height x width**, retrieving only masks for ROIs that are valid (when evaluated by their dF/F traces).

Notes: - If sessions are set to use only tracked ROIs, as described above, only masks for the tracked ROIs (sorted in the tracking order) will be returned. - If running this notebook in **Binder**, the dendritic masks will not loaded, as the memory requirements are too high (~2-3GB).

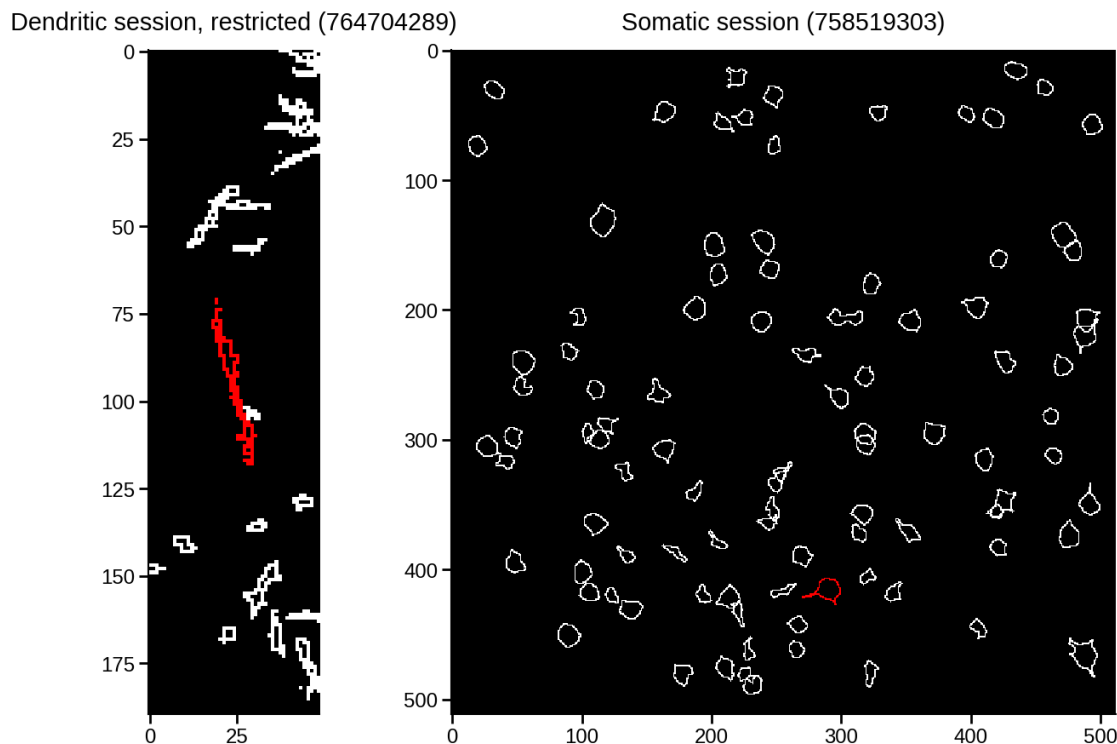
1.7.2 Visualizing ROI masks

`sess_plot_util.plot_ROIs()` can be used to visualize ROIs.



1.7.3 Visualizing ROI mask contours

`sess_plot_util.plot_ROI_contours()` can be used to visualize ROI contours, optionally restricted to around an ROI of interest.



1.8 8. Visualizing stimulus templates

One should note that different NWB versions are available for each session, on the [Dandi archive](#).

The basic versions are the smallest ones (~130 MB to 1.7 GB each), and contain all the data needed for most analyses. In contrast, the versions with `+image` in the name also contain the stimulus templates, i.e. all unique stimulus frame images. They are typically ~1.5 GB larger than the corresponding basic versions.

We can load an example session: mouse 1, session 1, downloaded from the Dandi archive: [sub-408021_ses-758519303_behavior+ophys.nwb](#).

Be sure to download the file, and place it in the ``datadir`` directory:
`../data/OSCA_NWB`.

`/home/colleen/Documents/PhD/OpenScope_CA_Analysis/analysis/session.py:236:`
UserWarning:

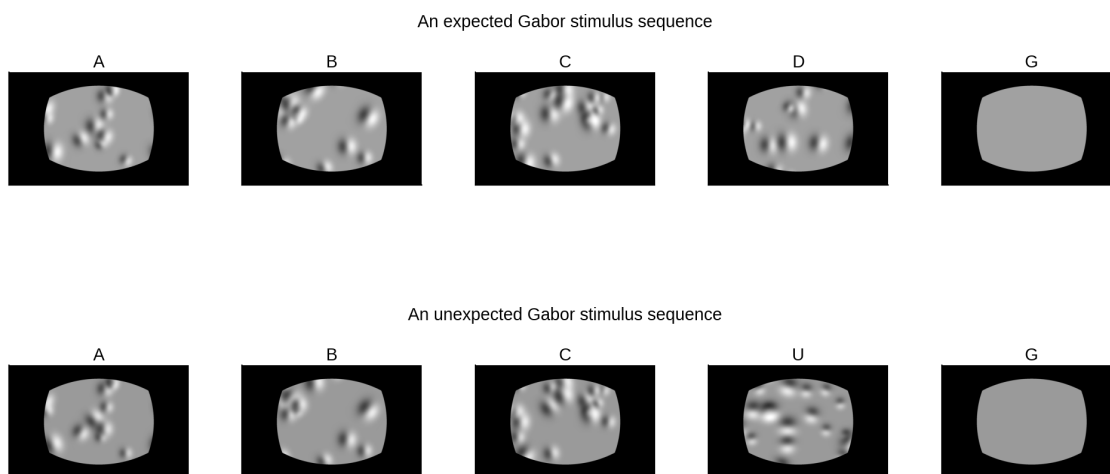
Several NWB files were found for this session. When loading data, the first file listed that contains the required data will be used.

Loading stimulus and alignment info...

As the warning indicates, the `Session` object has found both the basic version of the data for this session, and the version that also contains the stimulus template (`+image`) in the specified data directory. At any step where data must be loaded, the `Session` object will load it from the first listed version (alphabetically) that contains the required data.

1.8.1 Gabor sequence images

We can now identify the frame numbers for the **first Gabor sequence**, and **visualize** the corresponding stimulus images.



As we can see, whereas the Gabor patch orientations are consistent across frames in the expected sequence, they are rotated by 90° in the U frame of the unexpected sequence.

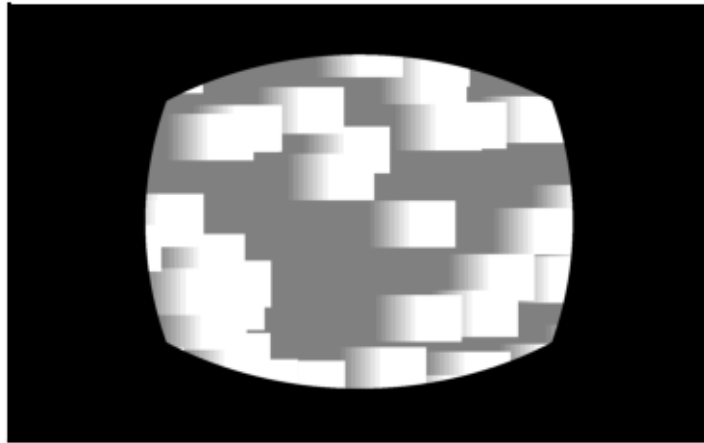
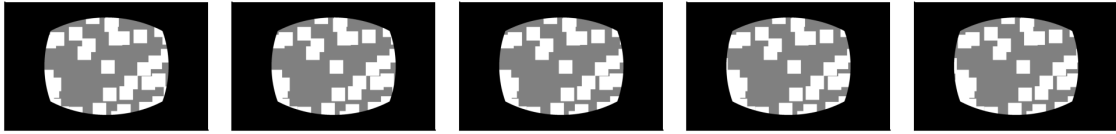
1.8.2 Warping

Note that the periphery of the images is masked in black. This is because, during the actual stimulus presentation, the images were presented on a **flat screen, and spherically warped**. This ensured that the apparent properties of the stimuli (size, speed, spatial frequency, etc.) were constant across the monitor, as seen from the mice's perspectives. The black masks overlayed on the unwarped stimuli stored in the NWB file, therefore, **mask the parts of the stimuli that were outside the edges of the screen**, due to warping, and thus **not visible** to the mice during the experiments.

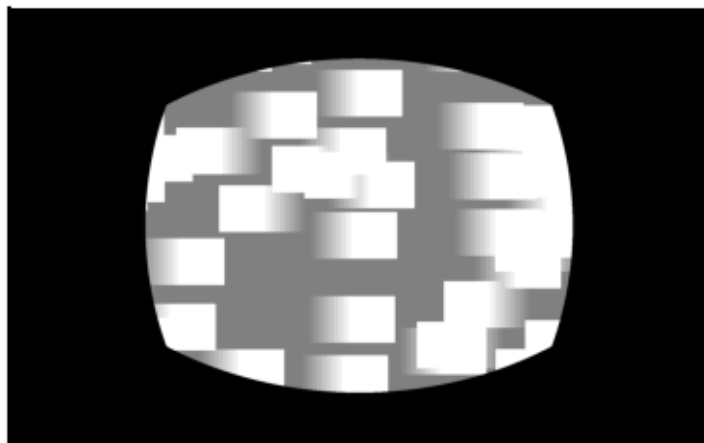
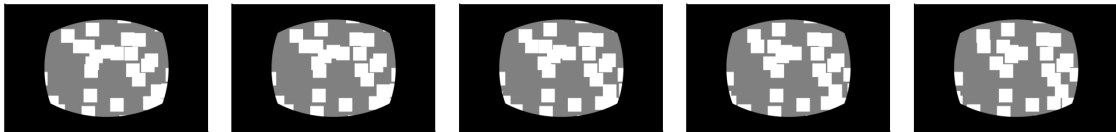
1.8.3 Visual flow sequence images

We can also visualize the **visual flow stimulus**. It is important to note that, whereas the Gabor images are static for each segment, the visual flow stimulus is in motion, and therefore changes at each frame. For this reason, we will simply identify the first visual flow segment in a sequence, and visualize the first few frames in that follow it.

An expected visual flow sequence



An unexpected visual flow sequence



We plot the first few frames in each sequence separately. We then also plot all the frames retained for each sequence, **overlayed in a graded way**, in order to visualize the squares **in motion**.

As we can see, in the **expected** sequence, all of the squares are moving rightward, uniformly. In contrast, in the **unexpected** sequence, although most squares are still moving rightward, ~25% of them are moving in the opposite direction, i.e., leftward.

1.8.4 Stimulus generating code and examples

This [repository](#) contains the code to generate these stimuli, as well as some example videos.

1.9 9. Last notes

There is much more to the codebase, and even to the `Session` and `Stim` objects, and almost all functions and methods are thoroughly documented.

When looking to implement a new analysis, consider checking to see whether relevant functions have already been implemented in:

- * `analysis/session.py`
- * `analysis/basic_analys.py`
- * `sess_util/sess_gen_util.py`

1.9.1 Methods/properties attached to `Session` and `Stim` objects.

Loading stimulus and alignment info...

Loading ROI trace info...

Loading running info...

Loading pupil info...

Session (758519303)

Public properties:

- `self.DOB`
- `self.age_weeks`
- `self.all_files`
- `self.any_files`
- `self.date`
- `self.dend`
- `self.depth`
- `self.drop_tol`
- `self.gabors`
- `self.grayscr`
- `self.home`
- `self.line`
- `self.max_proj`
- `self.mouse_df`
- `self.mouse_n`
- `self.mouseid`
- `self.n_stims`

```
self.notes
self.only_tracked_rois
self.pass_fail
self.plane
self.pup_data
self.roi_facts_df
self.roi_masks
self.roi_names
self.run_data
self.runttype
self.sess_files
self.sess_n
self.sessid
self.sex
self.stim2twopfr
self.stim_df
self.stim_fps
self.stim_seed
self.stims
self.stimtypes
self.tot_stim_fr
self.tot_twop_fr
self.tracked_rois
self.twop2stimfr
self.twop_fps
self.visflow
```

Public methods:

```
self.check_flanks()
self.convert_frames()
self.data_loaded()
self.extract_info()
self.get_active_rois()
self.get_bad_rois()
self.get_fr_ran()
self.get_frames_timestamps()
self.get_local_nway_match_path()
self.get_nrois()
self.get_plateau_roi_traces()
self.get_pup_data()
self.get_registered_max_proj()
self.get_registered_roi_masks()
self.get_roi_masks()
self.get_roi_seqs()
self.get_roi_traces()
self.get_roi_traces_by_ns()
self.get_run_velocity()
self.get_run_velocity_by_fr()
```

```
self.get_single_roi_trace()
self.get_stim()
self.load_pup_data()
self.load_roi_info()
self.load_run_data()
self.set_only_tracked_rois()
```

Gabors (stimulus from session 758519303)

Public properties:

```
self.all_gabfr
self.all_gabfr_mean_oris
self.block_params
self.deg_per_pix
self.exp_gabfr
self.exp_gabfr_mean_oris
self.exp_max_s
self.exp_min_s
self.kappas
self.n_patches
self.n_segs_per_seq
self.ori_ran
self.phase
self.seg_len_s
self.sess
self.sf
self.size_ran
self.stim_fps
self.stim_params
self.stimtype
self.unexp_gabfr
self.unexp_gabfr_mean_oris
self.unexp_max_s
self.unexp_min_s
self.win_size
```

Public methods:

```
self.get_A_frame_1s()
self.get_A_segs()
self.get_all_unexp_segs()
self.get_all_unexp_stim_fr()
self.get_fr_by_seg()
self.get_frames_by_criteria()
self.get_n_fr_by_seg()
self.get_pup_diam_data()
self.get_pup_diam_stats_df()
self.get_roi_data()
self.get_roi_stats_df()
```

```
self.get_run()
self.get_run_data()
self.get_run_stats_df()
self.get_segs_by_criteria()
self.get_segs_by_frame()
self.get_start_unexp_segs()
self.get_start_unexp_stim_fr_trans()
self.get_stats_df()
self.get_stim_beh_sub_df()
self.get_stim_df_by_criteria()
self.get_stim_images_by_frame()
self.get_stim_par_by_frame()
self.get_stim_par_by_seg()
```

Visflow (stimulus from session 758519303)

Public properties:

```
self.block_params
self.deg_per_pix
self.exp_max_s
self.exp_min_s
self.main_flow_dirs
self.n_squares
self.prop_flipped
self.seg_len_s
self.sess
self.speed
self.square_sizes
self.stim_fps
self.stim_params
self.stimtype
self.unexp_max_s
self.unexp_min_s
self.win_size
```

Public methods:

```
self.get_all_unexp_segs()
self.get_all_unexp_stim_fr()
self.get_dir_segs_exp()
self.get_fr_by_seg()
self.get_frames_by_criteria()
self.get_n_fr_by_seg()
self.get_pup_diam_data()
self.get_pup_diam_stats_df()
self.get_roi_data()
self.get_roi_stats_df()
self.get_run()
self.get_run_data()
```



```

self.get_run_stats_df()
self.get_segs_by_criteria()
self.get_segs_by_frame()
self.get_start_unexp_segs()
self.get_start_unexp_stim_fr_trans()
self.get_stats_df()
self.get_stim_beh_sub_df()
self.get_stim_df_by_criteria()
self.get_stim_images_by_frame()

```

Grayscr (session 758519303)

Public properties:

```

self.sess
self.stimtype

```

Public methods:

```

self.get_all_fr()
self.get_start_fr()
self.get_stim_images_by_frame()
self.get_stop_fr()

```

1.9.2 Example Session and Stim object property values.

Properties with long values (e.g., long dataframes, arrays, lists, strings) are omitted, for brevity.

Session (758519303)

Public property values:

```

self.DOB: 20180623
self.age_weeks: 13.5714285714286
self.all_files: True
self.any_files: True
self.date: 20180926
self.dend: extr
self.depth: 175
self.drop_tol: 0.0003
self.gabors: Gabors (stimulus from session 758519303)
self.grayscr: Grayscr (session 758519303)
self.line: L23-Cux2
self.mouse_n: 1
self.mouseid: 408021
self.n_stims: 2
self.notes: nan
self.only_tracked_rois: False
self.pass_fail: P
self.plane: soma
self.runtype: prod
self.sess_n: 1

```

```
self.sessid: 758519303
self.sex: M
self.stim_fps: 59.951703429774675
self.stim_seed: 30587
self.stimtypes: ['gabors', 'visflow']
self.tot_stim_fr: 251999
self.tot_twop_fr: 126741
self.twop2stimfr: [nan nan nan ... nan nan nan]
self.twop_fps: 30.078983328254086
```

Gabors (stimulus from session 758519303)

Public property values:

```
self.all_gabfr: ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'U']
self.all_gabfr_mean_oris: [0.0, 45.0, 90.0, 135.0, 180.0, 225.0]
self.deg_per_pix: 0.06251912565744862
self.exp_gabfr: ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'G']
self.exp_gabfr_mean_oris: [0.0, 45.0, 90.0, 135.0]
self.exp_max_s: 90
self.exp_min_s: 30
self.kappas: [16]
self.n_patches: 30
self.n_segs_per_seq: 5
self.ori_ran: [0, 360]
self.phase: 0.25
self.seg_len_s: 0.3
self.sess: Session (758519303)
self.sf: 0.04
self.size_ran: [204, 408]
self.stim_fps: 59.951703429774675
self.stim_params: ['gabor_kappa']
self.stimtype: gabors
self.unexp_gabfr: ['U']
self.unexp_gabfr_mean_oris: [90.0, 135.0, 180.0, 225.0]
self.unexp_max_s: 6
self.unexp_min_s: 3
self.win_size: [1920, 1200]
```

Visflow (stimulus from session 758519303)

Public property values:

```
self.deg_per_pix: 0.06251912565744862
self.exp_max_s: 90
self.exp_min_s: 30
self.main_flow_dirs: ['left (nasal)', 'right (temp)']
self.n_squares: [105]
self.prop_flipped: 0.25
self.seg_len_s: 1
self.sess: Session (758519303)
```

```
self.speed: 799.7552664756905
self.square_sizes: [128]
self.stim_fps: 59.951703429774675
self.stimtype: visflow
self.unexp_max_s: 4
self.unexp_min_s: 2
self.win_size: [1920, 1200]
```

Grayscr (session 758519303)

Public property values:

```
self.sess: Session (758519303)
self.stimtype: grayscreen
```