## Assignment 1

## **Convex Optimization SS 2018**

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**Submission:** Upload your solution as a PDF to the TeachCenter. You can also use your scanned hand-written manuscript.

**Deadline:** April 16<sup>th</sup>, 2018 at 23:55h.

## Convex Sets (13 points)

- 1. Let  $C \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a convex set,  $x_1, \ldots, x_k \in C$  and let  $\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_k \in \mathbb{R}$  be factors that satisfy  $\theta_i \geq 0$  and sum up to one  $\sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i = 1$ . Show that any combination of points  $\theta_1 x_1 + \cdots + \theta_k x_k$  is also element of the set C. Hint: Use induction on the definition of convexity.
- 2. Calculate the distance between two parallel hyperplanes  $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid a^T x = b_1\}$  and  $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid a^T x = b_2\}$ . You can derive this geometrically. Draw a picture!
- 3. Prove or disprove the convexity of the following sets:
  - a) The set  $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \ge 1/2, x \le -1/2\}$ .
  - b) The set of points closer to one set than another, i.e.,  $\{x \mid \text{dist}(x, S) \leq \text{dist}(x, T)\}$  with  $S, T \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  (not necessarily convex) and  $\text{dist}(x, S) = \inf\{\|x z\|_2 \mid z \in S\}$ .
  - c) A hyperrectangle:  $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid a_i \le x_i \le b_i, i = 1, \dots, n\}.$
  - d) A wedge, i.e., a set of form  $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid a_1^T x \leq b_1, a_2^T x \leq b_2\}$ . What happens if  $b_1 = b_2 = 0$ ?
- 4. Let  $x_0, x_1, \ldots, x_k \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . The set of points closer to a given point  $x_0$  than the other points  $x_1, \ldots, x_k$

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid ||x - x_0||_2 \le ||x - x_i||_2, \quad i = 1, \dots, k\}$$
 (1)

is called a *Voronoi region* around  $x_0$  with respect to the points  $x_1, \ldots, x_k$ .

- a) Show that (1) is a convex set.
- b) Equation (1) can be expressed in terms of a polyhedron. Rewrite (1) in the form  $\{x \mid Ax \leq b\}$ .
- c) Consider the case k = 1. Show that the set of all points closer to  $x_0$  than to  $x_1$  is a halfspace,  $x_0 \neq x_1$ . Hint: Recall the definition of a halfspace  $\{x \mid a^T x \leq b\}$ . Draw a picture!

## Convex Functions (12 points)

1. Prove or disprove the convexity/concavity of the geometric mean

$$f(x) = \left(\prod_{i=1}^{k} x_i\right)^{\frac{1}{k}}$$

on  $\mathbb{R}^k_{++}$ .

2. Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to [-\infty, +\infty]$ . Show that the perspective of f defined via

$$g(x,y) = yf(x/y), \ x \in \mathbb{R}^n, \ y \in \mathbb{R}_{++}$$

is convex if and only if f(x) is a convex function.

- 3. Prove or disprove the convexity/concavity of the following functions:
  - a)  $f(x) = \log(x)$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}_{++}$
  - b)  $f(x) = |a|x| x|^2$  for  $a, x \in \mathbb{R}$
  - c)  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = -e^{(-x_1 + x_2 2x_3)^2}$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}^3$
  - d)  $f(x) = \ln(e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + \dots + e^{x_n})$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$