

NT7108C

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INTRODUCTION

The NT7108 is a LCD driver LSI with 64 channel outputs for dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display systems. This device consists of the display RAM, 64 bits data latch, 64 bit drivers and decoder logic. It has the internal display RAM for storing the display data transferred from a 8 bit micro controller and generates the dot matrix liquid crystal driving signals corresponding to stored data. The NT7108 composed of the liquid crystal display system in combination with the NT7107.

FEATURES

- · Dot matrix LCD segment driver with 64 channel output
- · Input and output signal
 - -Input: 8bit parallel display data control signal from MPU divided bias voltage (V0R, V0L, V2R, V2L, V3R, V3L, V5R, V5L)
 - -Output: 64 channels for LCD driving.
- · Display data is stored in display data RAM from MPU.
- · Interface RAM

-Capacity: 512 bytes (4096 bits)

-RAM bit data: RAM bit data = 1: On

RAM bit data = 0: Off

· Applicable LCD duty:1/32-1/64

· LCD driving voltage: 8V-17V(VDD-VEE)

· Power supply voltage:+2.7~+5.5V

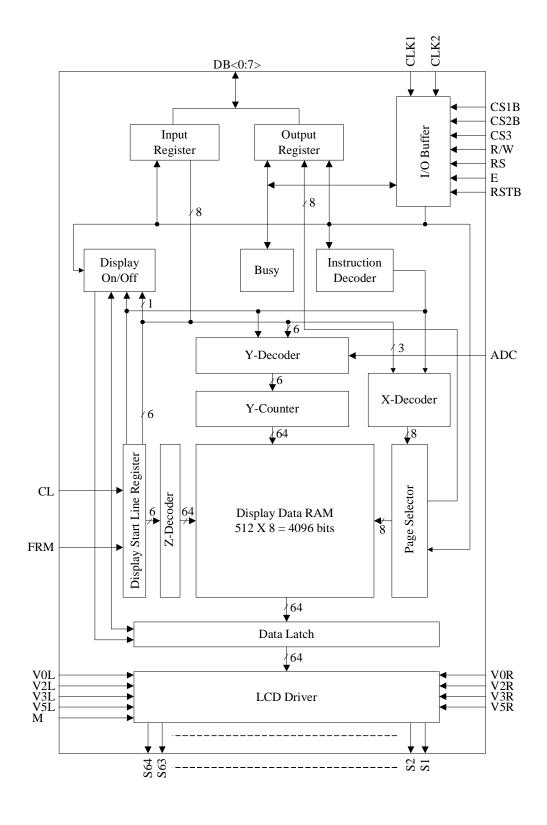
· Interface

Dri	iver	Controller
COMMON	Controller	
Other NT7107	Other NT7108	MPU

- · High voltage CMOS process.
- · 100QFP or bare chip available.

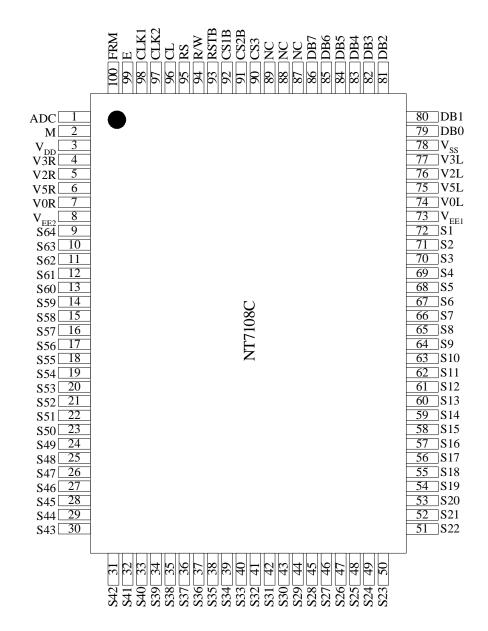


BLOCK DIAGRAM

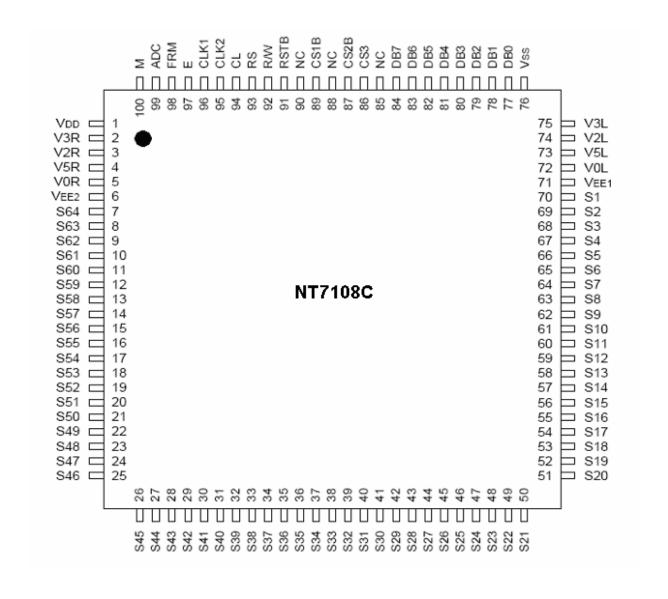




PIN CONFIGURATION 100 PQFP PACKAGE



100 PQ PACKAGE





PIN DESCRIPTION

Table 1. Pin Description

Pin Number QFP	Symbol	I/O	Description
V			For internal logic circuit (+2.7~+5.5V)
3	V_{DD}		GND (0V)
78	Vss	Power	For LCD driver circuit
73,8	$V_{\rm EE1,2}$		$VSS = 0V$, $V_{DD} = +5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{DD} - V_{EE} = 8V - 17V$
			The same voltage should be connected to Vee1 and Vee2.
747	MOL MOD		Bias supply voltage terminals to drive LCD.
74,7	V0L,V0R,		Select Level Non-Select Level
76,5	V2L,V2R,	Power	V0L (R), V5L (R) V2L (R), V3L (R)
77,4	V3L,V3R,		The same voltage should connect V0L and V0R (V2L & V2R,
75,6	V5L,V5R		V3L & V3R, V5L & V5R).
92	CS1B		Chip selection
91	CS2B	Input	In order to interface data for input or output, the terminals have
90	CS3	•	to be CS1B=L, CS2B=L, and CS3=H.
2	M	Input	Alternating signal input for LCD driving.
			Address control signal to determine the relation between Y
			address of display RAM and terminals from which the data is
1	ADC	Input	output.
		•	ADC=H Y0:S1-Y63:S64
			ADC=L Y0:S64-Y63:S1
			Synchronous control signal.
100	FRM	Input	Presets the 6-bit Z counter and synchronizes the common signal
			with the frame signal when the frame signal becomes high.
			Enable signal.
			Write mode (R/W=L)à data of DB<0:7> is latched at the
99	E	Input	falling edge of E
			Read mode (R/W=H) à DB<0:7> appears the reading data
			while E is at high level.
98	CLK1		2 phase clock signal for internal operation
97	CLK1	Input	Used to execute operations for input/output of display RAM data
<i></i>	CLIKZ		and others.
			Display synchronous signal.
96	CL	Input	Display data is latched at rising time of the CL signal and
			increments the Z-address counter at the CL falling time.
			Data or Instruction.
95	RS	Input	RS=H à DB<0:7>:Display RAM data
			RS=L à DB<0:7>:Instruction data
			Read or Write.
0.4	P***	T	R/W=H à Data appears at DB<0:7> and can be read by the CPU
94	RW	Input	while E=H, CS1B=L, CS2B=L and CS3=H.
			R/W=L à Display data DB<0:7> can be written at falling of E
	DDA	T ./	when CS1B=L, CS2B=L and CS3=H.
79-86	DB0~	Input/	Data bus.
	DB7	Output	Three state I/O common terminal.



Pin Number QFP	Symbol	I/O			Description				
72-9	S1-S64	Output	Display RA	ent driver out AM data 1:Or AM data 0:Of Data L H L H	i .	ay RAM data & M)			
93	RSTB	Input	Reset signal. When RSTB=L, -ON/OFF register 0 set (display off) -Display start line register 0 set (display line from 0) After releasing reset, this condition can be changed only by instruction.						
87 88 89	NC		No connect	tion. (Open)					

OPERATING PRINCIPLES AND METHODS

I/O BUFFER

Input buffer controls the status between the enable and disable of chip. Unless the CS1B to CS3 is in active mode, Input or output of data and instruction does not execute. Therefore internal state is not change. But RSTB and ADC can operate regardless CS1B-CS3.

INPUT REGISTER

Input register is provided to interface with MPU, which is different operating frequency. Input register stores the data temporarily before writing it into display RAM. When CS1B to CS3 are in the active mode, R/W and RS select the input register. The data from MPU is written into input register, then into display RAM. Data latched for falling of the E signal and write automatically into the display data RAM by internal operation.

OUTPUT REGISTER

Output register stores the data temporarily from display data RAM when CS1B, CS2B and CS3 are in active mode and R/W and RS=H, stored data in display data RAM is latched in output register. When CS1B to CS3 is in active mode and R/W=H, RS=L, status data (busy check) can read out. To read the contents of display data RAM, twice access of read instruction is needed. In first access, data in display data RAM is latched into output register. In second access, MPU can read data which is latched. That is, to read the data in display data RAM, it needs dummy read. But status read is not needed dummy read.

RS	R/W	Function
ī	L	Instruction
L	Н	Status read (busy check)
Н	L	Data write (from input register to display data RAM)
П	Н	Data read (from display data RAM to output register)



RESET

The system can be initialized by setting RSTB terminal at low level when turning power on, receiving instruction from MPU.

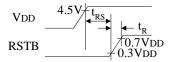
When RSTB becomes low, following procedure is occurred.

- Display off
- Display start line register become set by 0. (Z-address 0)

While RSTB is low, No instruction except status read can be accepted. Therefore, execute other instructions after making sure that DB4=0 (clear RSTB) and DB7=0 (ready) by status read instruction. The Conditions of power supply at initial power up are shown in table 2.

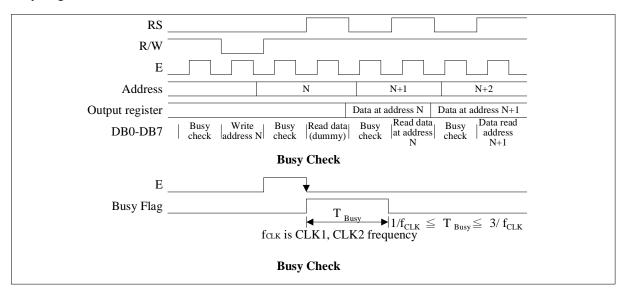
Table 2. Power Supply Initial Conditions

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Reset time	trs	1.0	-	-	μ s
Rise time	tr	-	1	200	ns



Busy Flag

Busy Flag indicates the NT7108 is operating or no operating. When busy flag is high, NT7108 is in internal operating. When busy flag is low, NT7108 can accept the data or instruction. DB7 indicates busy flag of the NT7108.



Display ON / OFF Flip-Flop

The display on/off flip-flop makes on/off the liquid crystal display. When flip-flop is reset (logical low), selective voltage or non-selective voltage appears on segment output terminals. When flip-flop is set (logic high), non-selective voltage appears on segment output terminals regardless of display RAM data. The display on/off flip-flop can changes status by instruction. The display data at all segments disappear while RSTB is low. The status of the flip-flop is output to DB5 by status read instruction. The display on/off flip-flop synchronized by CL signal.

X Page Register

X page register designates pages of the internal display data RAM. Count function is not available. An address is set by instruction.

YAddress Counter

An Address is set by instruction and is increased by 1 automatically by R/W operations of display data. The Y address counter loops the values of 0 to 63 to count.

Display Data RAM

Display data RAM stores a display data for liquid crystal display. To indicate on state dot matrix of liquid crystal display, write data 1. The other way, off state, writes 0.

Display data RAM address and segment output can be controlled by ADC signal.

- ADC=H à Y-address 0:S1-Y address 63:S64
- ADC=L à Y-address 0:S64-Y address 63:S1

ADC terminal connects the VDD or Vss.

Display Start Line Register

The display start line register indicates of display data RAM to display top line of liquid crystal display. Bit data (DB<0.5>) of the display start line set instruction is latched in display start line register. Latched data is transferred to the Z address counter while FRM is high, presetting the Z address counter. It is used for scrolling of the liquid crystal display screen.





DISPLAY CONTROL INSTRUCTION

The display control instructions control the internal state of the NT7108. Instruction is received from MPU to NT7108 for the display control. The following table shows various instructions.

Instruction	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
Display on/off	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L/H	Controls the display on or off. Internal status and display RAM data is not affected. L:OFF, H:ON
Set address (Y address)	L	L	L	Н		Y address (0-63) Sets the Y address in the Y address counter.					
Set page (X address)	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Page (0-7) Sets the X address at the X address register.			Sets the X address at the X address register.
Display Start line (Z address)	L	L	Н	Н		Displa	ay star	t line ((0-63)		Indicates the display data RAM displayed at the top of the screen.
Status read	L	Н	Busy	L	On/ Off	Reset	L	L	L		Read status. BUSY L: Ready H: In operation ON/OFF L: Display ON H: Display OFF RESET L: Normal H: Reset
Write display data	Н	L				Write data				Writes data (DB0: 7) into display data RAM. After writing instruction, Y address is increased by 1 automatically.	
Read display data	Н	Н				Read	data	Reads data (DR0: 7) from disp			Reads data (DB0: 7) from display





DISPLAY ON/OFF

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	D

The display data appears when D is 1 and disappears when D is 0. Though the data is not on the screen with D=0, it remains in the display data RAM. Therefore, you can make it appear by changing D=0 into D=1.

SET ADDRESS (Y ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Y address (AC0-AC5) of the display data RAM is set in the Y address counter. An address is set by instruction and increased by 1 automatically by read or write operations of display data.

SET PAGE (X ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	AC2	AC1	AC0

X address (AC0-AC2) of the display data RAM is set in the X address register. Writing or reading to or from MPU is executed in this specified page until the next page is set.

DISPLAY START LINE (Z ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	1	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Z address (AC0-AC5) of the display data RAM is set in the display start line register and displayed at the top of the screen. When the display duty cycle is 1/64 or others (1/32-1/64), the data of total line number of LCD screen, from the line specified by display start line instruction, is displayed.





STATUS READ

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	1	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	RESET	0	0	0	0

• BUSY

When BUSY is 1, the Chip is executing internal operation and no instructions are accepted. When BUSY is 0, the Chip is ready to accept any instructions.

· ON/OFF

When ON/OFF is 1, the display is OFF.

When ON/OFF is 0, the display is ON.

RESET

When RESET is 1, the system is being initialized.

In this condition, no instructions except status read can be accepted.

When RESET is 0, initializing has finished and the system is in usual operation condition.

WRITE DISPLAY DATA

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Writes data (D0-D7) into the display data RAM. After writing instruction, Y address is increased by 1automatically.

READ DISPLAY DATA

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Reads data (D0-D7) from the display data RAM. After reading instruction, Y address is increased by 1 automatically.





MAXIMUM ABSOLUTE LIMIT

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note
Operating voltage	V _{DD} -0.3 to +7.0			(1)
Supply voltage	VEE	V_{DD} -19.0 to V_{DD} +0.3	V	(4)
Driver supply voltage	V_{B}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V	(1),(3)
Driver suppry voltage	VLCD	V_{EE} -0.3 to V_{DD} +0.3		(2)
Operating temperature	Topr	-30 to +85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125		

NOTES:

- 1. Based on Vss=0V
- 2. Applies the same supply voltage to Vee1 and Vee2. VLCD=VDD-VEE.
- 3. Applies to M, FRM, CL, RSTB, ADC, CLK1, CLK2, CS1B, CS2B, CS3, E, R/W, RS and DB0-DB7.
- 4. Applies to V0L(R), V2L(R), V3L(R) and V5L(R).

 $\label{eq:Vollage} \text{Vollage level: Vdd} \geq V0L = V0R \geq V2L = V2R \geq V3L = V3R \geq V5L = V5R \geq V_{\text{EE}}.$





ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=5.0V, VSS=0V, VDD-VEE=8 to 17V, Ta=-30 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Voltage	Vdd	-	2.7	-	5.5		
Input high Voltage	V _{IH1}	-	$0.7V_{DD}$	1	V_{DD}		(1)
	V _{IH2}	-	2.0	-	V_{DD}		(2)
Input low Voltage	VIL1	-	0	-	$0.3V_{\rm DD}$	V	(1)
	VIL2	-	0	-	0.8		(2)
Output high voltage	Vон	Іон=-200 μ А	2.4	-	-		(3)
Output low voltage	Vol	IoL=1.6mA	-	-	0.4		(3)
Input leakage current	ILKG	VIN=VSS-VDD	-1.0	-	1.0		(4)
Three-state(off) input	Itsl	$V_{IN}=V_{SS}-V_{DD}$	-5.0		5.0		(5)
current			-3.0	-	5.0		(3)
Driver input leakage	Idil	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{EE}} - V_{\text{DD}}$	-2.0		2.0	μA	(6)
current			-2.0	-	2.0	μ	(0)
Operating current	I _{DD1}	During display	-	1	100		(7)
	I _{DD2}	During access			500		(7)
		Access cycle = 1 MHz		_	300		(/)
On resistance	Ron	V_{DD} - V_{EE} =15 V			7.5	kΩ	(8)
		Iload= ± 0.1 mA	-	-	1.5	K 2 Z	(8)

NOTES:

- 1. CL, FRM, M RSTB, CLK1, CLK2
- 2. CS1B, CS2B, CS3, E, R/W, RS, DB0 DB7
- 3. DB0 DB7
- 4. Except DB0 -DB7
- 5. DB0 DB7 at high impedance
- 6. V0L(R), V2L(R), V3L(R), V5L(R)
- 7. 1/64 duty, fclk=250kHz, frame frequency=70HZ, output: no load
- 8. VDD VEE =15.5V

V0L(R) > V2L(R) = VDD-2/7(VDD-VEE) > V3L(R) = VEE+2/7(VDD-VEE) > V5L(R)



AC CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{DD}=+5V\pm10\%$, $V_{SS}=0V$, $T_a=-30\%$ to +85%)

Clock Timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
CLK1, CLK2 cycle time	tcy	2.5	-	20	μ s
CLK1 "low" level width	twli	625	-	-	
CLK2 "low" level width	twl2	625	-	-	
CLK1 "high" level width	twn1	1875	-	-	
CLK2 "high" level width	twH2	1875	-	-	ns
CLK1-CLK2 phase difference	t _{D12}	625	-	-	113
CLK2-CLK1 phase difference	tD21	625	-	-	
CLK1, CLK2 rise time	tr	-	-	150	
CLK1, CLK2 fall time	tF	-	-	150	

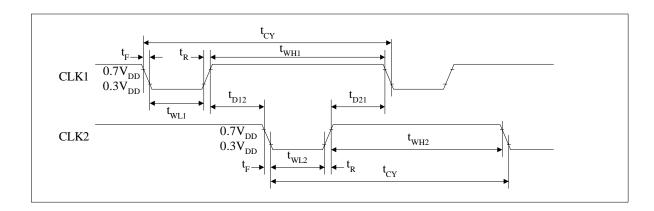


Figure 1. External Clock Waveform



Display Control Timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
FRM delay time	tdf	-2	-	2	
M delay time	t DM	-2	-	2	μ s
CL "low" level width	twL	35	-	-	μ s
CL "high" level width	twн	35	-	-]

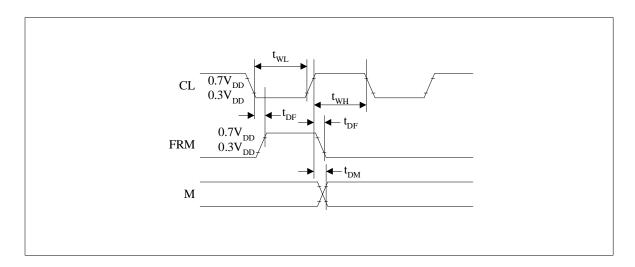
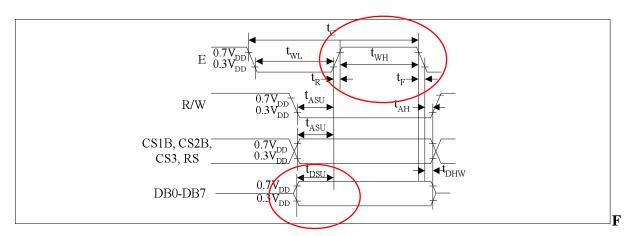


Figure 2. Display Control Waveform

MPU Interface

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
E cycle	tc	1000	-	-	
E high level width	twн	450	-	-	
E low level width	twL	450	-	-	
E rise time	tr	-	-	25	
E fall time	tF	-	-	25	
Address set-up time	tasu	140	-	-	ns
Address hold time	tан	10	-	-	
Data set-up time	tdsu	140	-	-	
Data delay time	tD	-	-	320	
Data hold time (write)	tdhw	10	-	-	
Data hold time (read)	tdhr	20	-	-	



igure 3. MPU Write Timing

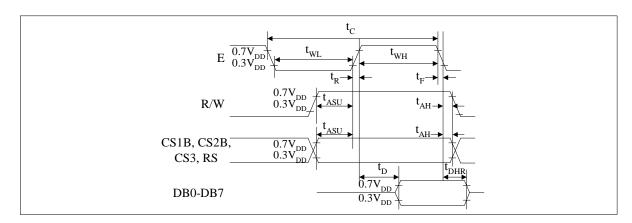
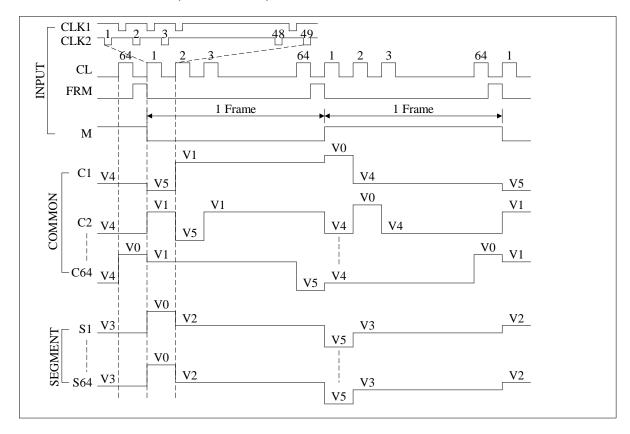


Figure 4. MPU Read Timing

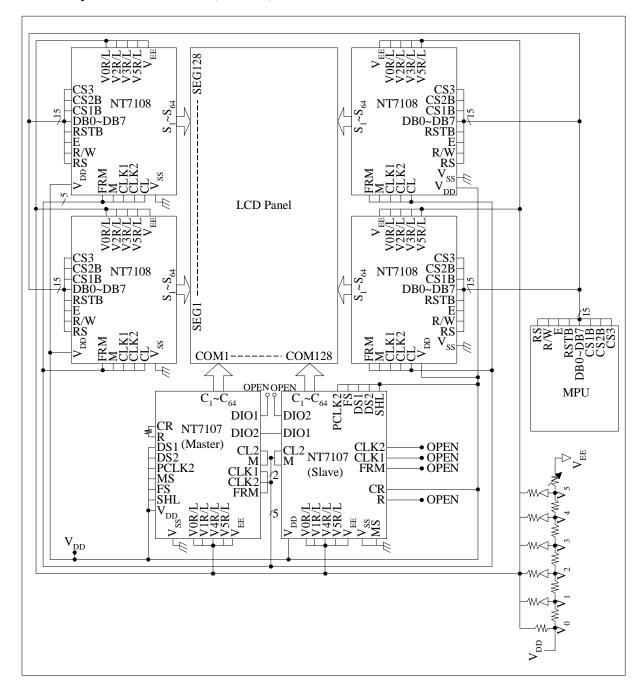
TIMING DIAGRAM (1/64 DUTY)





APPLICATION CIRCUIT

1/128 duty COMMON driver (NT7107) interface circuit



PAD DIAGRAM

Note: Please connects the substrate to V_{DD} or floating

	51	50	49	48 [47 [900 800 800	46	15 44 20 00 20 00 20 00	43 02 02 03 03 03 03 04 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	42	41	40	39 E	38 37 Ω 9	36 23 23 26 36 36 36 36 36	35 82 82 83	34	33 04S	S41	31	30	
	S22	823	S24[S25	$\frac{S}{S}$	S27	N N N C	S3 ∑	S31	S_3	S33	S S	S36	S3	S3	S39	S4	$^{\mathrm{S}}$	S42[S43	
																					~
52 S21 53 S20																					$S44^{29}$ $S45^{28}$
54 S19																					$S46^{27}$
55 S18																					$S47^{26}$
56 S17																					$\mathrm{S}48$ 25
57S16																					S4924
58 S15																					S50 ²³
59 S14										Y											S51 ²² S52 ²¹
61 S12										1											S53 ²⁰
62 S11																					S54 ¹⁹
63S1Ø										L			$\rightarrow X$								S55
64 S9										(0,6											S56[17]
65 S8								1	ΓV	7	1	36	3 C								S57 ¹⁶ S58 ¹⁵
66 S7																					$S50^{13}$ $S59^{14}$
68 S5						.	٥.				+004										860
69 S4) um m*8(m								S61 12
70 S3							d Pit				J 0	•									S62[11]
71 S2																					S63[10]
72 S1																					S64 9
73 Vee																					Vee B VØR 7
75 V5L																					V5R 6
76 V2L																					V2R 5
77 V3L											~	~	~			•					V3R4
	ND	BØ	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	S_3	g CS2B	ECS1B	16 86 KS I H	S	I	LK2]CLK1		$\mathbb{R}\mathbb{M}$	DC	
	QND 78	PDB0	a DB1	BDB2	в DB3	BB DB4	2HQ 84	BDB6	PBDB7	87 S	88	2) (88 89	90 91 X X	85 RS) 93	# CLK2	95	96	% FRW	- ADC	M ₂



PAD DIAGRAM

	PAD	COORD	INATES
NØ.	NAME	X	Y
1	ADC	1158.00	-1794.80
	M	1268.00	-1794.80
3	VDD	1378.00	-1794.80
4	V3R	1401.50	-1494.40
5	V2R	1401.50	-1384.40
6	V5R	1401.50	-1274.40
7	VØR	1401.50	-1164.40
8	Vee	1401.50	-1054.40
9	S64	1401.50	-944.40
10	S63	1401.50	-834.40
11	S62	1401.50	-724.40
12	S61	1401.50	-614.40
13	S60	1401.50	-504.40
14	S59	1401.50	-394.40
14 15	S58	1401.50	-284.40
16	S57	1401.50	-174.40
17	S56	1401.50	-64.40
18	S55	1401.50	45.60
19	S54	1401.50	155.60
20	S53	1401.50	265.60
21	S52	1401.50	375.60
22	S51	1401.50	485.60
23	S50	1401.50	595.60
24	S49	1401.50	705.60
24 25	S48	1401.50	815.60
26	S47	1401.50	925.60
26 27	S46	1401.50	1035.60
28	S45	1401.50	1145.60
29	S44	1401.50	1255.60
30	S43	1155.50	1798.70
31	S42	1045.50	1798.70
32	S41	935.50	1798.70
33	S40	825.50	1798.70
34	S39	715.50	1798.70
35	S38	605.50	1798.70
36	S37	495.50	1798.70
37	S36	385.50	1798.70
38	S35	275.50	1798.70
39	S34	165.50	1798.70
40	S33	55.50	1798.70
41	S32	-54.50	1798.70
42	S31	-164.50	1798.70
43	S3Ø	-274.50	1798.70
44	S29	-384.50	1798.70
45	S28	-494.50	1798.70
46	S27	-604.50	1798.70
47	S26	-714.50	1798.70
48	S25	-824.50	1798.70
49	S24	-934.50	1798.70
50	S23	-1044.50	1798.70

	PAD	COORDI	INATES
NØ.	NAME	X	Y
51	S22	-1154.50	1798.70
52	S21	-1401.50	1255.60
53	S2Ø	-1401.50	1145.60
54	S19	-1401.50	1035.60
55	S18	-1401.50	925.60
56	S17	-1401.50	815.60
57	S16	-1401.50	705.60
58	S15	-1401.50	595.60
59	S14	-1401.50	485.60
60	S13	-1401.50	375.60
61	S12	-1401.50	265.60
62	S11	-1401.50	155.60
63	S10	-1401.50	45.60
64	S9	-1401.50	-64.40
65	S8 S7	-1401.50	-174.40
66	S7	-1401.50	-284.40
67	S6	-1401.50	-394.40
68	S5	-1401.50	-504.40
69	S4	-1401.50	-614.40
70	S4 S3 S2	-1401.50	-724.40
71	S2	-1401.50	-834.40
72	S1	-1401.50	-944.40
73	Vee	-1401.50	-1054.40
74	VØL	-1401.50	-1164.40
75	V5L	-1401.50	-1274.40
76	V2L V3L	-1401.50	-1384.40
77	V3L	-1401.50	-1494.40
78	GND	-1162.00	-1794.80
79	DBØ	-1044.50	-1794.80
80	DB1	-919.50	-1794.80
81	DB2	-794.50	-1794.80
82	DB3	-669.50	-1794.80
83	DB4	-544.50	-1794.80
84	DB5	-419.50	-1794.80
85	DB6	-294.50	-1794.80
86	DB7	-169.5Ø	-1794.80
87	CS3	-52.00	-1794.80
88	CS2B	58.00	-1794.80
89	CS1B	168.00	-1794.80
90	RSTB	278.00	-1794.80
91	RW	388.00	-1794.80
92	RS	498.00	-1794.80
93	CL	608.00	-1794.8Ø
94	CLK2	718.00	-1794.80
95	CLK1	828.00	-1794.80
96	EDM	938.00	-1794.80
97	FRM	1048.00	-1794.80



Revision History

Ver. No	Date	Page	Description
0.11	2007/12/17	21	Modify Pad size description.
0.12	2008/09/30	18	Revise Data set-up time (t _{DSU}) and sequence of MPU interface timing

