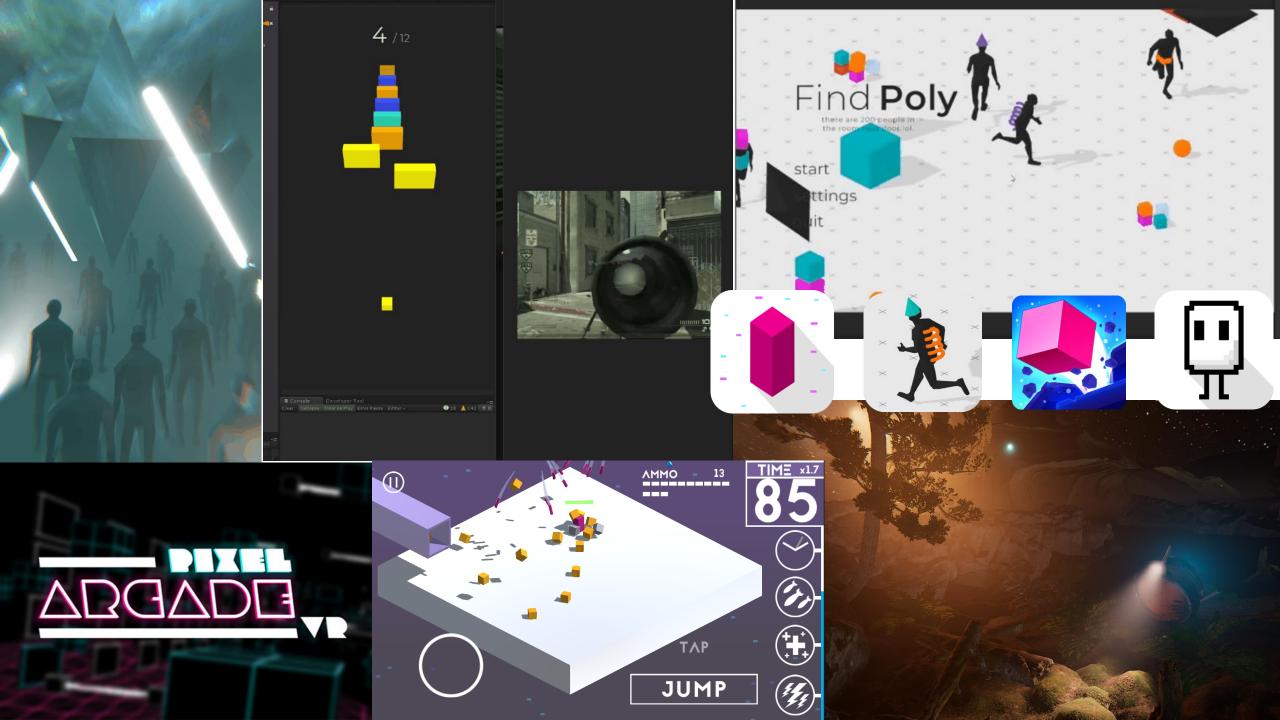
A framework for interacting with multidimensional data in XR

1) Research Objectives

2) Study Design





C#

Game Dev Technologies

Real-time preferred



Initial Studentship proposal

Design and develop a multidisciplinary framework to aid communication, public engagement and informed decision making in tourism through the novel application of Computer Graphics and HCI technologies.

.. narrowed it down to

Framework for visualising volumetric data in XR to improve user insight & Engagement

..... now its (currently)

A framework for interacting with multidimensional data in XR.

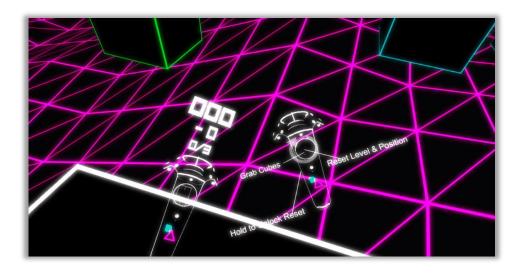
..... Probably change to something again

A framework for visualising multidimensional data in XR

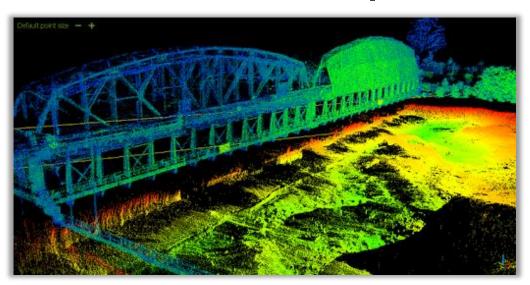
3D Graphic Processing



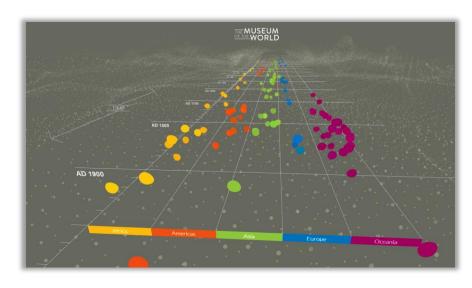
Interaction Framework VR / AR?



Optimization of Data for Representation



Information Visualisation Techniques



Objectives

Design and develop a multidisciplinary framework to aid in the communication of data and decision making.

- What data representation techniques could immersive technologies support in enhancing decision making?
 - Macro cognitive perspective
 - Will also touch on data management models that can be used for 3D datasets
- Optimization approaches for 3D data representation
 - Reduce model complexity without losing fidelity
 - Improve fidelity, removing artifacts produced by photogrammetry scanning
- Interaction with the data using immersive technologies
 - Interoperability
 - Need for new intuitive interaction with data

The Broader Picture – Literature Review

"2013 to 2020 worldwide data will increase from 4.4 to 44 zettabytes" [1]

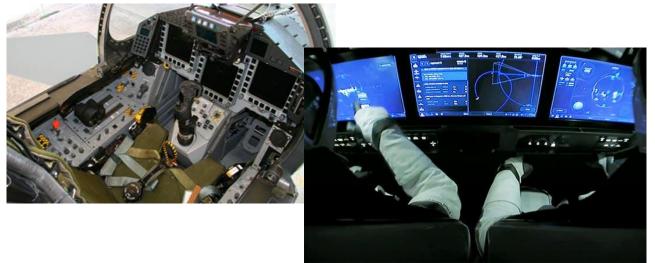
"Challenges related to human ability to extract information, and create a basis for meaningful conclusions" [1]

"Cultural Heritage Sites have "rich and often heterogeneous metadata" [2]

Key Papers

- Visualising big data with AR/VR challenges
 - Provided a list of interaction techniques a VR software should have for interacting with data *GREAT!*
- Olsens Framework for Innovative UI design
 - · A checklist of requirements, interim studies not essential







Key Words

Digital Libraries

Real Time Processing

Optimization

Information Visualization

Immersive Technologies

Photogrammetry

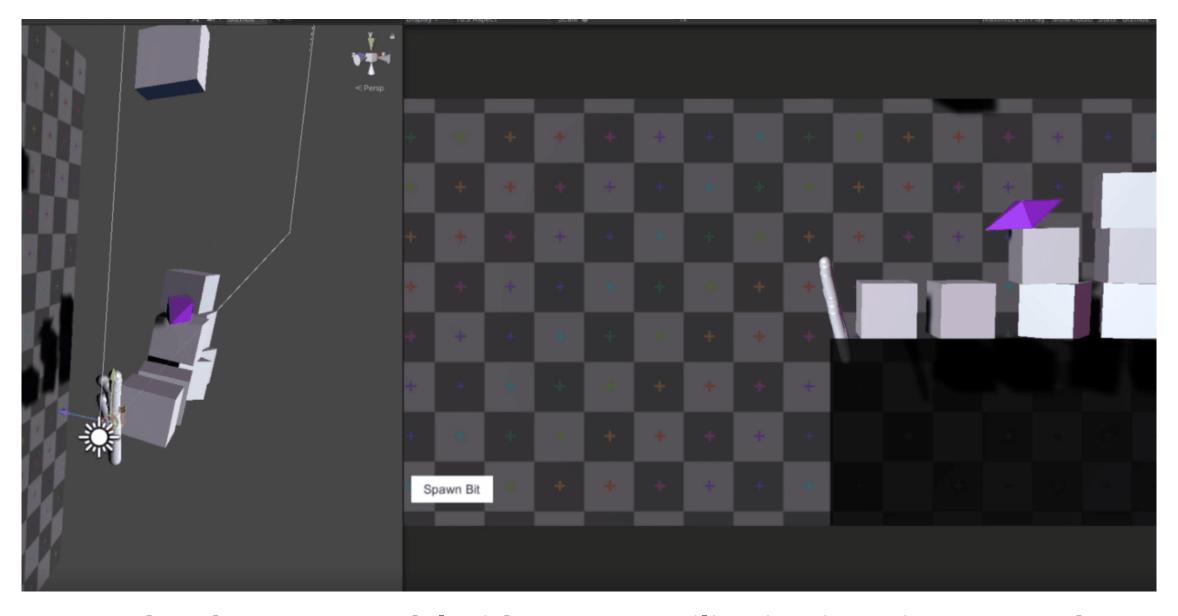
Interaction

Big Data

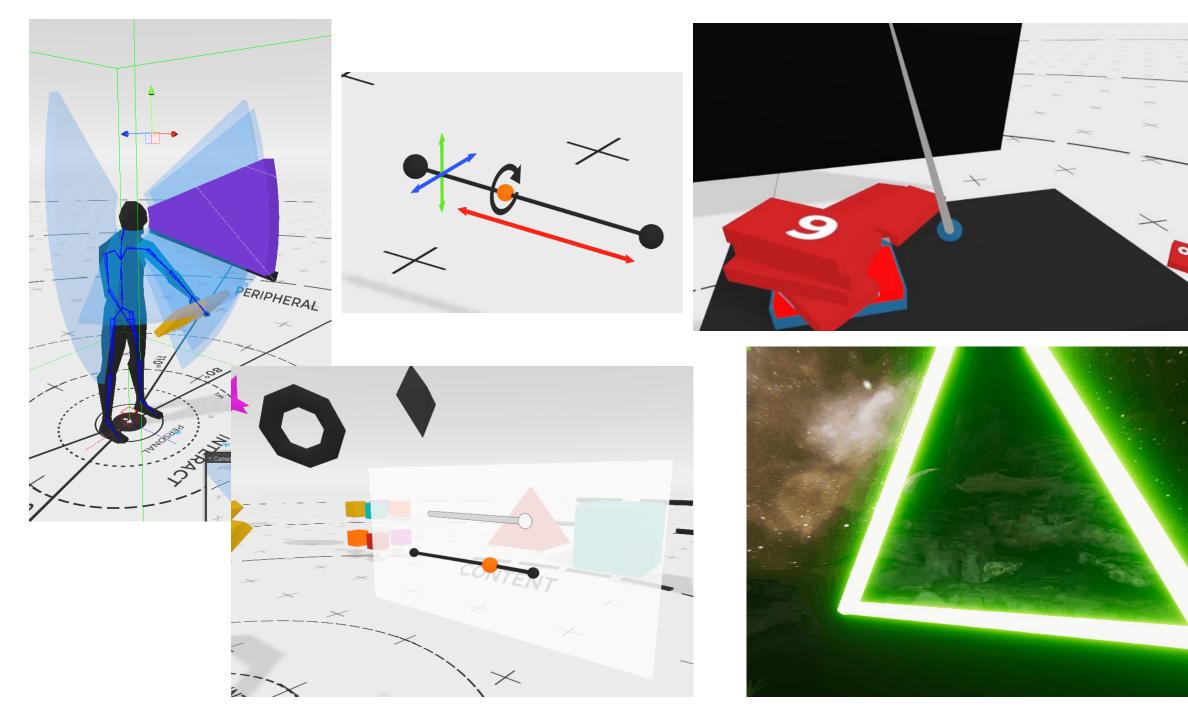
Point Cloud

No clear path to how to achieve that goal

- Literature review
- 2. Accessibility paper
- 3. IEEE Poster
- 4. Prototypes & Experimentation
- 5. Grounded concepts
- 6. Study Design ← I am here
- 7. Review Papers
- 8. Finish Implementation
- 9. Complete Study
- 10. Write Up



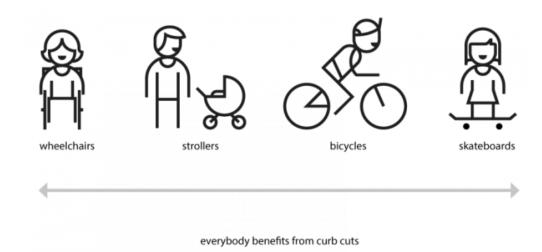
Camera hand gesture model with ONXX Sterilization in Unity Barracuda. Rigid body support



The curb cut effect

The phenomenon of disability-friendly features being used and appreciated by a larger group than the people they were designed for





Supporting Accessible Multisensory Interactions in XR

Corrie, J. Green

Robert Gordon University, c.green1@rgu.ac.uk

Dr Yang, Jiang

Senior Lecturer in Digital Media, Robert Gordon University, y.jiang2@rgu.ac.uk

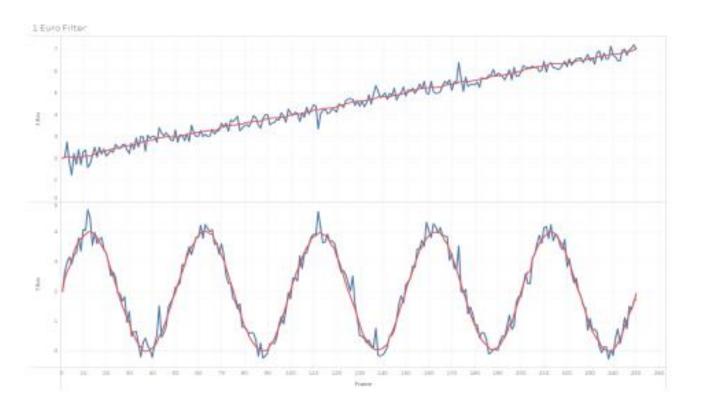
Dr Michael, Heron

Senior Lecturer, Chalmers University of Technology, heronm@chalmers.se

The advancements in virtual reality (VR) technologies has resulted in unique approaches for interface and interaction design comparative to conventional 2D methods. This poses a challenge when developing an application for extended reality (XR) devices, as current accessible interaction standards and techniques made available are limited. Many 2D interaction techniques have been directly translated to a virtual environment with no change to the interface interaction technique. By implementing assistive systems such as filtering user input noise, currently adopted interaction approaches can be made more accessible without re-design. By reducing fine motor requirements in interface selection, users have the opportunity for more accurate and consequently less frustrating environment interactions. A development study was conducted to understand the feasibility of implementing a tremor removal algorithm into a VR environment, while also discussing current XR interaction design philosophies. Analysis on evidence supporting multisensory feedback has been studied with further discussion on psychological models, accessibility guidelines and interface usability considerations.

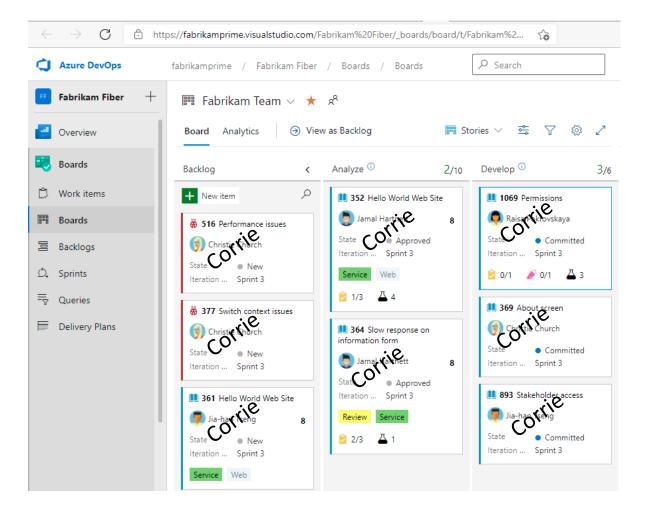
CCS CONCEPTS • Human Centered Computing • Accessibility • Accessibility systems and tools

Additional Keywords and Phrases: Virtual Reality, Ergonomics, Physical Accessibility, UI



Tremor Removal in VR

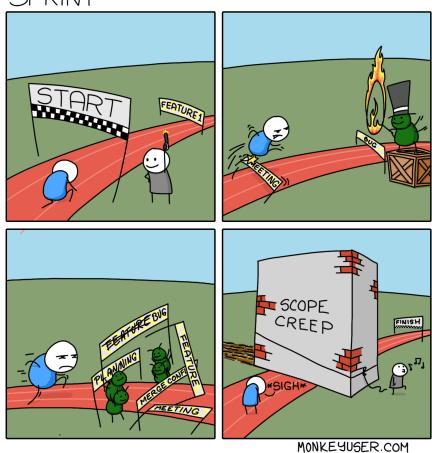
Project Management



Completed Features SPRINT

Product Spring Backlog Spected Steve and Product Product



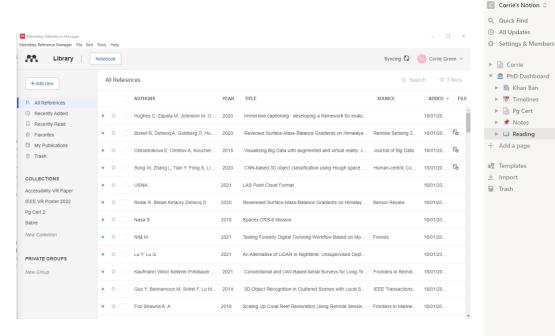


Agile Development exists - prepare to change course

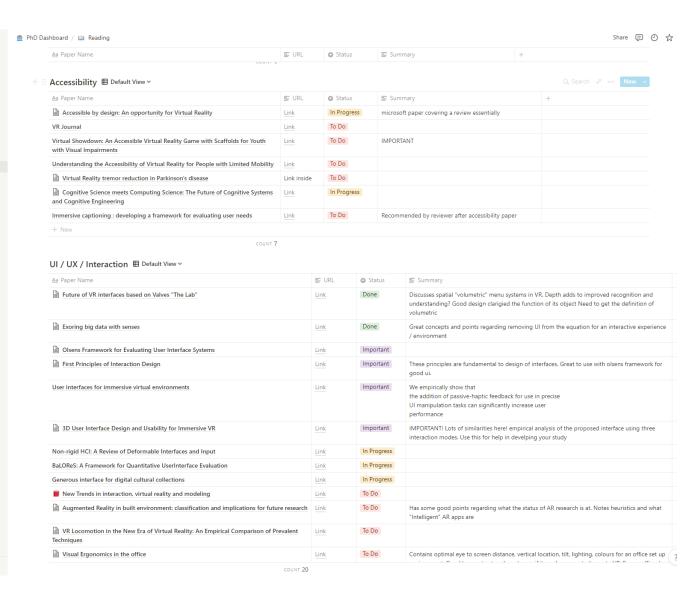
Khan Ban Board for task allocation – Jira, Dev Ops, Trello, Notion.so

Organisation of literature

+ New page



Private digital library containing your research interests



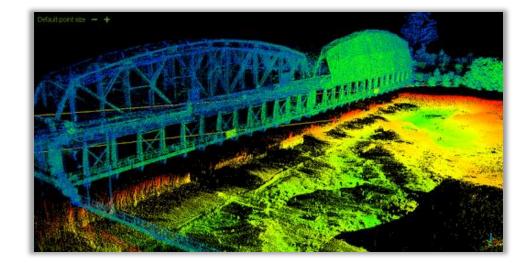
Timelines

Properties Group Filter Sort Q Search ··· New + Add a view Jul October 2021 Dec May Aa Name Interface Mockup v2 Interface Mockup v2 UI Elements **(-**Scalar / Vector Fields Scalar / Vector Fields Point Cloud Rendering Point Cloud Rendering Optimization Optimization Study Design Study Design Tutorial Tutorial Epic Haptics / Sounds Haptics / Sounds Study Design Study Design Quantitive Study Quantitive Study Study Study Processing Processing Literature Review Literature Review **User Stories** Sabre Paper Sabre Paper Web RTC Paper Web RTC Paper Review Accessibility Paper Review Accessibility Paper □ IEEE Poster IEEE Poster PG Cert Module 2 PG Cert Module 2 Volumetric Playback storage Volumetric Playback storage Tesla regression Al model Tesla regression Al model Crowd simulation using real Crowd simulation using real motion data COUNT 22

- Geographical Location
- Its in the physical world, now we have a digital twin

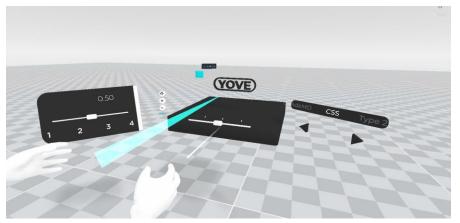
3D DATA

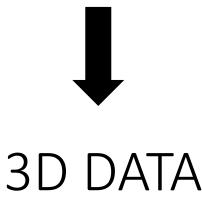






2D DATA & REPRESENTATION







Study Methodology

 Read papers see what their methodology is, how can you learn from their study design?

Analyse UX

NASA TLX which is a workload assessment tool subjective workload

Hart and Staveland's NASA Task Load Index (TLX) method assesses work load on five 7-point scales. Increments of high, medium and low estimates for each point result in 21 gradations on the scales.

Name	Task		Date	
Mental Demand	How	mentally den	nanding was	the task?
Very Low			ш	Very High
Physical Demand	How physical	y demanding	was the tas	k?
Very Low	ш		ш	Very High
Temporal Demand	How hurried o	r rushed was	the pace of	the task?
Very Low			ш	Very High
	How successi you were aske		n accomplisi	hing what
Perfect				Failure
	How hard did your level of p			omplish
Very Low			ШШ	Very High
	How insecure and annoyed		d, irritated, st	ressed,
	\perp		шш	ш
Very Low				Very High

Now scraping real-time EV charge data in Scotland to visualise on a 3D topographical map in VR

