7. Pointers and Arrays

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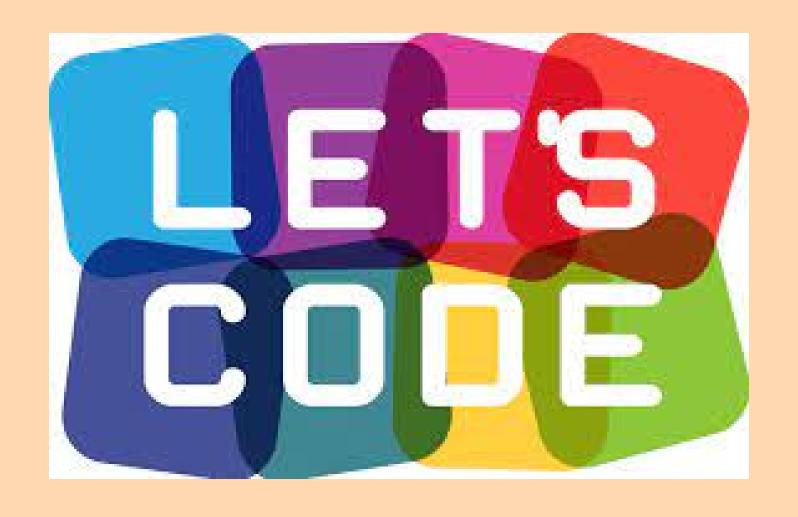
Overview



Pointers and Arrays (7 sentences = 4 + 3)

Dynamic Memory Management





pointer.c selection-sort.c pointer-array.c pointer-const.c

Pointers provide an abstraction to memory.



Memory Address

Object

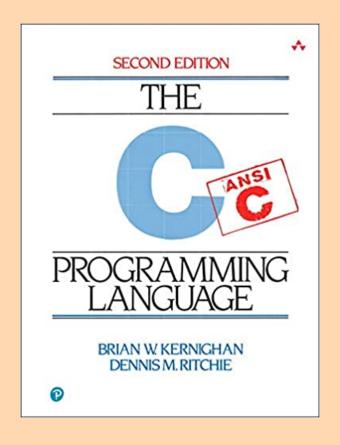
Variable (identifier)

Variables (pointer.c)

A variable has its *type*, *value*, and *address*.

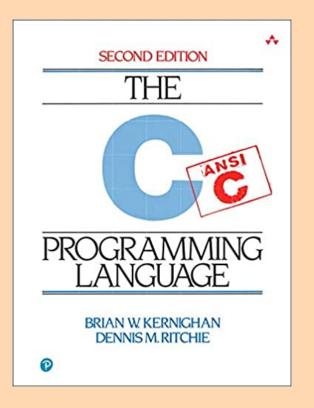
A variable can be used as a *lvalue* or a *rvalue*.

"A *pointer* is a *variable* that contains the *address* of a variable."

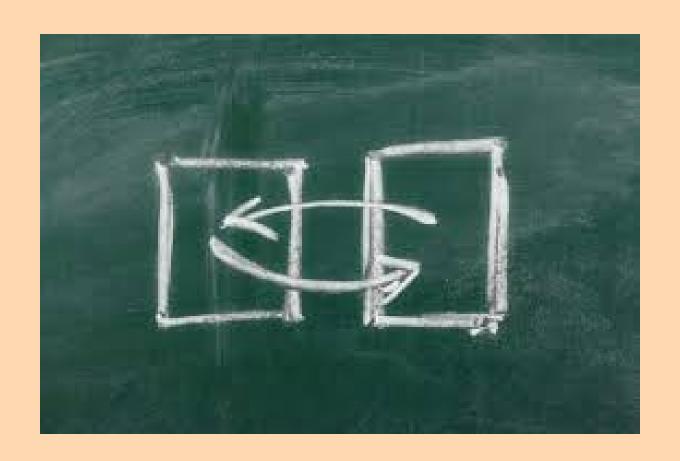


int *ptr = &var;

"*ptr can occur in any context where var could"



Swap (selection-sort.c)



Pointers and Arrays (selection-sort.c)

In *expressions*, the *name* of an array is a synonym for the *address of its first element*.

Pointers and Arrays (selection-sort.c)

arr[i] is an *Ivalue*.

Pointers and Arrays (selection-sort.c)

But an *array name* is **NOT** a *variable*.

(unmodifiable lvalue)

Dynamic Memory Management (selection-sort.c)

void *malloc(size_t size);

void free(void *ptr);



