1. Variables, Types, I/O

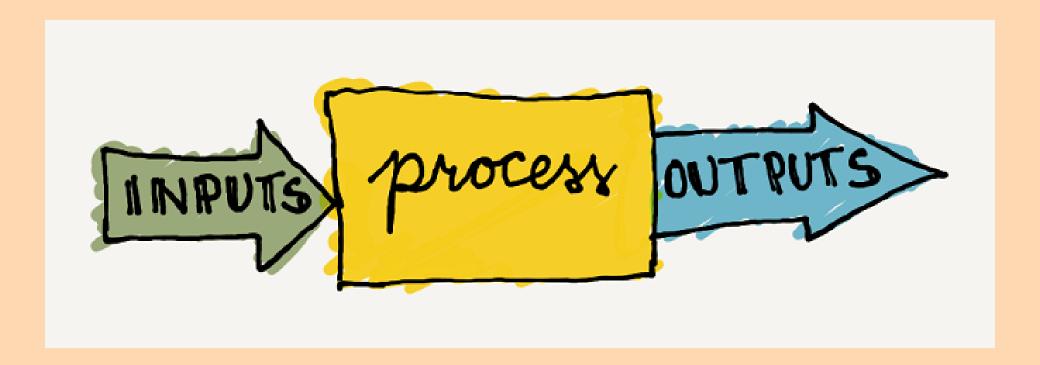
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Sep. 26, 2024

Review

Program = Input + Data + Operations + Output



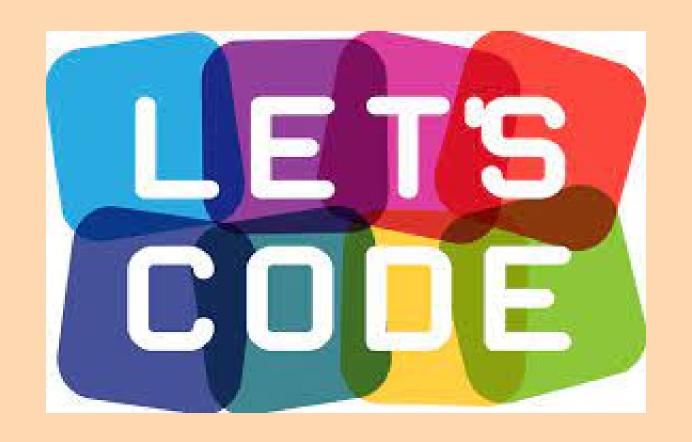
Overview

Variables (变量) Data Types (数据类型)

Operators (运算符) Expressions (表达式)

Assignment Statements (赋值语句)

I/O (Input/Output; 输入输出)



circle.c sphere.c mol.c admin.c admin-scanf.c

Circle

Given a **radius** (say 10) of a circle, to compute its **circumference** and **area**.

$$L=2\pi r$$
 $S=\pi r^2$

- 每个结果各占一行
- 小数点后保留两位

Declaration/Definition(声明/定义)

```
int radius = 10;
```

- Declare/Define a variable called radius.
- The type of radius is int (integer).
- radius is initialized to 10.
- You can assign other integers to radius.
- radius refers to a location (&radius) in memory.

Identifiers (标识符)

```
int radius = 10;
```

radius is an identifier.

Warning: Do *not* start with , which are reserved by C.

Always use meaningful identifiers in a uniform style!!!

Operators, Expressions, Assignment Statements

```
circumference = 2 * PI * radius;
```

Sphere

Given a radius (say 100) of a sphere, to compute its surface area and volume.

$$A=4\pi r^2$$
 $V=rac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

- 每个结果占1行
- 小数点后保留 4位
- 每个结果至少占 15 字符, 左对齐
 - c _____ : surface_area
 - ----- : volume

mol

6克氧气的分子数是多少?

$$Q = 6/32 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$$

两种格式输出,结果均使用科学计数法表示

- 第一行结果, 小数点后保留 3 位
- 第二行结果,保留5位有效数字

A (Naive) Administration System

- Name (EN)
- Gender (F/M)
- Birthday (mm-dd-yyyy)
- Weekday (Xyz.)

- C
- Music
- Medicine

- Mean (.d)
- Standard Deviation (.dd)
- Ranking (%)



For 罗大佑 only:

- 每组信息占一行
- 各项信息使用 \t 间隔
- 各项信息遵循特定格式要求

char and <ctype.h>

	_0	_1	_2	_3	_4	_5	_6	_7	_8	_9	_A	_B	_c	_D	_E	_F
0_	NUL	SOH	STX	ETX	EOT	ENQ	ACK	BEL	BS	HT	LF	VT	FF	CR	S0	SI
0	0000	0001	0002	0003	0004	0005	0006	0007	0008	0009	000A	000B	000C	000D	000E	000F
1_	DLE	DC1	DC2	DC3	DC4	NAK	SYN	ETB	CAN	EM	SUB	ESC	FS	GS	RS	US
16	0010	0011	0012	0013	0014	0015	0016	0017	0018	0019	001A	001B	001C	001D	001E	001F
2_ 32	SP 0020	! 0021	0022	# 0023	\$ 0024	% 0025	& 0026	0027	0028	0029	* 002A	+ 002B	, 002C	- 002D	002E	/ 002F
3_ 48	0 0030	1 0031	2 0032	3 0033	4 0034	5 0035	6 0036	7 0037	8 0038	9 0039	: 003A	; 003B	< 003C	= 003D	> 003E	? 003F
4_	@	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
64	0040	0041	0042	0043	0044	0045	0046	0047	0048	0049	004A	004B	004C	004D	004E	004F
5_	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	[\]	^	_
80	0050	0051	0052	0053	0054	0055	0056	0057	0058	0059	005A	005B	005C	005D	005E	005F
6_	0060	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	O
96		0061	0062	0063	0064	0065	0066	0067	0068	0069	006A	006B	006C	006D	006E	006F
7_	p	q	r	S	t	u	V	W	X	y	Z	{		}	~	DEL
112	0070	0071	0072	0073	0074	0075	0076	0077	0078	0079	007A	007B	007C	007D	007E	007F

A char is actually an int.

C string

A C string is a null-terminated (\0) sequence of characters.

```
String literal: 'T', 'a', 'y', 'u', '\0'
```

- char first_name[5] = "Tayu";
- char first_name[10] = "Tayu";
- char first_name[2] = "Tayu";

Conversion Specification

- %d: decimal int
- %f : double
- %e %E: double $(-d.\,ddd\,\,\mathrm{e}\pm dd)$
- %C : char
- %S: C string
- **%%** : %



It is up to you to ensure that the type of the actual argument matches the type expected by conversion specifiers.

<u>Undefined Behavior (UB)</u>

- -: left-justified (otherwise, right-justified)
- +: always begin with a plus or minus sign

- minimum field width
- padded with spaces if it has fewer characters

- %d: minimum number of digits
 - expanded with leading zeros when needed
- %f, %e, %E: number of digits after.
 - o default is 6
- %s: maximum number of characters

https://en.cppreference.com/w/c/io/fprintf

N2176 C17 ballot ISO/IEC 9899:2017

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ISO/IEC9899:2017

Programming languages — C

(cover sheet to be replaced by ISO)

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

This is a working document of SC22/WG14

This version of the document is intended to be the version that is to go into ballot for C17.

- It is based on the transformed LTEX version of the document that has been proofread by the members of WG14 and that has been approved by teleconference in June 2017.
- It applies all TCs of closed DRs up to April 2017.
- It applies the changes that have been voted in Markham.
- It updates some normative references.
- It provides the minimal changes required for a new version of the standard.
- It integrates some editorial changes that had been found during the revision process.

A brief explanation of the changes could still be added to the foreword.

Document conventions

This document classifies identifiers into different categories. This categorization is important to produce a correct index.

The classes are

- Normal identifiers, toto.
- keywords, while
- symbols with external linkage of the C library, malloc
- types, size_t
- predefined macros that alias language features, complex
- other predefined macros, E0F
- pragmas and their particles, STDC
- tag names and members of struct, union or enum, tv_sec
- name fragments, usually reserved prefixes, atomic_

Section 7.21: <stdio.h> , P225--230

THE STANDARD

```
<time.h> * imits.h> * <float.h>
<stddef.h> * <
<stdio.h≥
          type.h > * Tring.h >
<math.h
         <stdlib.h> * <\(\tau\) sert.h>
        *<setjmp.h>*<signal.h>
<stdarg
<time.
         * imits.h> * <float.h>
         *<errno.h> * < locale.h>
<stdde
<stdio.
          <ctype.h> * <string.h>
          stdlib.h> * <i sert.h>
<math.h
<stdarg.h> etjmp.h> gnal.h>
<time.h> * < float.h>
<stddef.h> * <errno.h> * <locale.h>
```

LIBRARY

P.J. PLAUCER

Chapter 12: <stdio.h>, **P257--262**



%[*][width]specifier

- %d : skip white-spaces; match a decimal int
- %1f: skip white-spaces; match a double
- %C: match a char (do NOT skip white-spaces)
- %s: match a sequence of non-white-spaces
- %%: mathch a %

%[*][width]specifier

• *: assignment-suppressing

%[*][width]specifier

maximum field width to scan

https://en.cppreference.com/w/c/io/fscanf

N2176 C17 ballot ISO/IEC 9899:2017

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ©ISO/IEC ISO/IEC9899:2017

Programming languages — C

(cover sheet to be replaced by ISO)

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Section 7.21: <stdio.h> , P231--P237

THE STANDARD

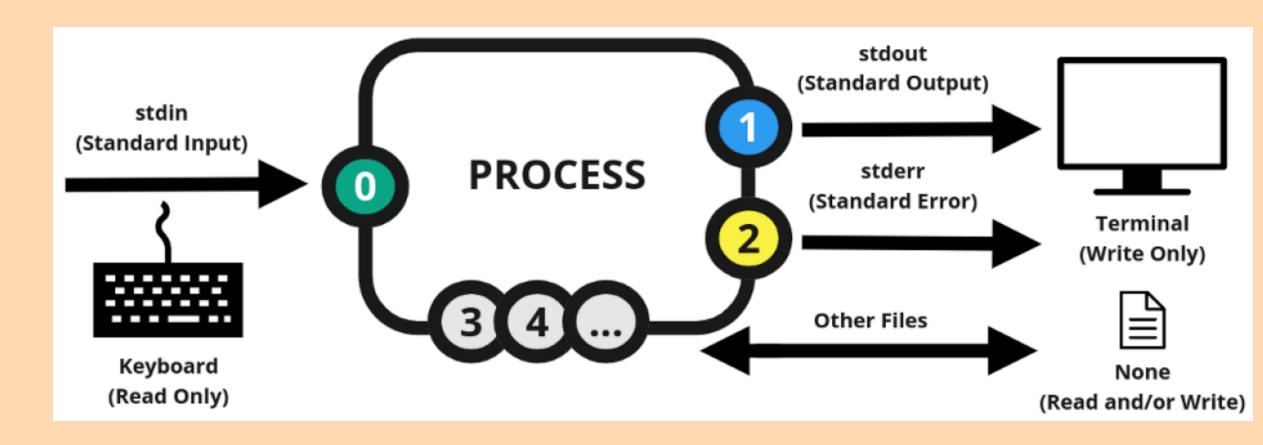
```
<time.h> * imits.h> * <float.h>
<stddef.h> * <
          type.h> * ring.h>
<stdio.h≥
<math.h
         *<setjmp.h>*<signal.h>
<stdarg
<time.
         * imits.h> * <float.h>
         *<errno.h> * < locale.h>
<stdde
<stdio.
          <ctype.h> * <string.h>
          stdlib.h> ∗ <ii sert.h>
<math.h
<stdarg.h> etimp.h> 4
<time.h> * < float.h>
<stddef.h> * <errno.h> * <locale.h>
```

LIBRARY

P.J. PLAUCER

Chapter 12: <stdio.h> , P263--P268

stdin, stdout, stderr





printf-error.c scanf-error.c

A beginners' guide away from scanf

Do NOT use scanf.

Why does everyone say not to use scanf? What should I use instead?



scanf-c17-ex2.c scanf-c17-ex3.c

