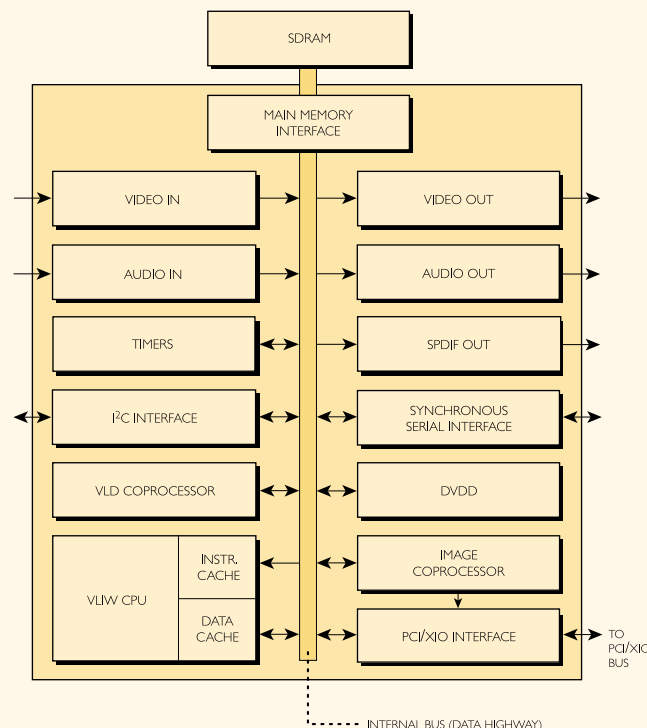




# TriMedia TM-I 300

## System-on-a-chip multimedia engine



### TRIMEDIA TM-I 300 ARCHITECTURE

*On a single chip, the TM-I 300 incorporates a powerful CPU and peripherals to accelerate processing of audio, video, graphics, control, and communications datastreams.*

**The TriMedia TM-I 300 strikes a perfect balance between cost and performance. A powerful C/C++-programmable very-long instruction word (VLIW) CPU coordinates on-chip activities. To reap the full benefit of the CPU, independent, on-chip, bus-mastering DMA peripheral units manage and format datastream I/O and accelerate processing of multimedia algorithms. A sophisticated memory hierarchy manages internal I/O and streamlines access to external memory. The result—a single, low-cost, programmable system-on-a-chip uniquely suited for both standalone and hosted multimedia products.**

### PROGRAMMABLE VLIW CPU

The TM-1300 CPU delivers top performance through an elegant implementation of a fine-grain parallel VLIW architecture. Its five issue-slot instruction length enables up to five simultaneous operations to be scheduled into a single VLIW instruction. These operations can simultaneously target any five of the CPU's 27 pipelined functional units within one clock cycle. Most common operations have their results available in one clock cycle; more complex operations may have multicycle latencies.

Unique to the TriMedia VLIW implementation, parallelism is optimized at compile time by an innovative compilation system. No specialized scheduling hardware is required to parallelize code during execution.

Hardware saved by eliminating complex scheduling logic reduces cost and allows the integration of multimedia-specific features that enhance the power of the CPU.

The TM-1300 CPU implements a 32-bit linear address space and 128 fully general-purpose 32-bit registers. Registers are not separated into banks enabling any operation to use any register for any operand.

**Powerful, DSP-like, C/C++-callable special operations**—In addition to traditional microprocessor operations and a full complement of 32-bit, IEEE-compliant, floating point operations, the TM-1300 instruction set includes special multimedia and DSP operations (ops) to accelerate the performance of SIMD (single instruction, multiple data) computations common in multimedia applications. These special ops combine multiple simple operations into a single VLIW instruction that can implement up to 12 traditional microprocessor operations in a single clock cycle. When incorporated into application source code, special ops dramatically improve performance and increase the efficiency of the TM-1300 parallel architecture.

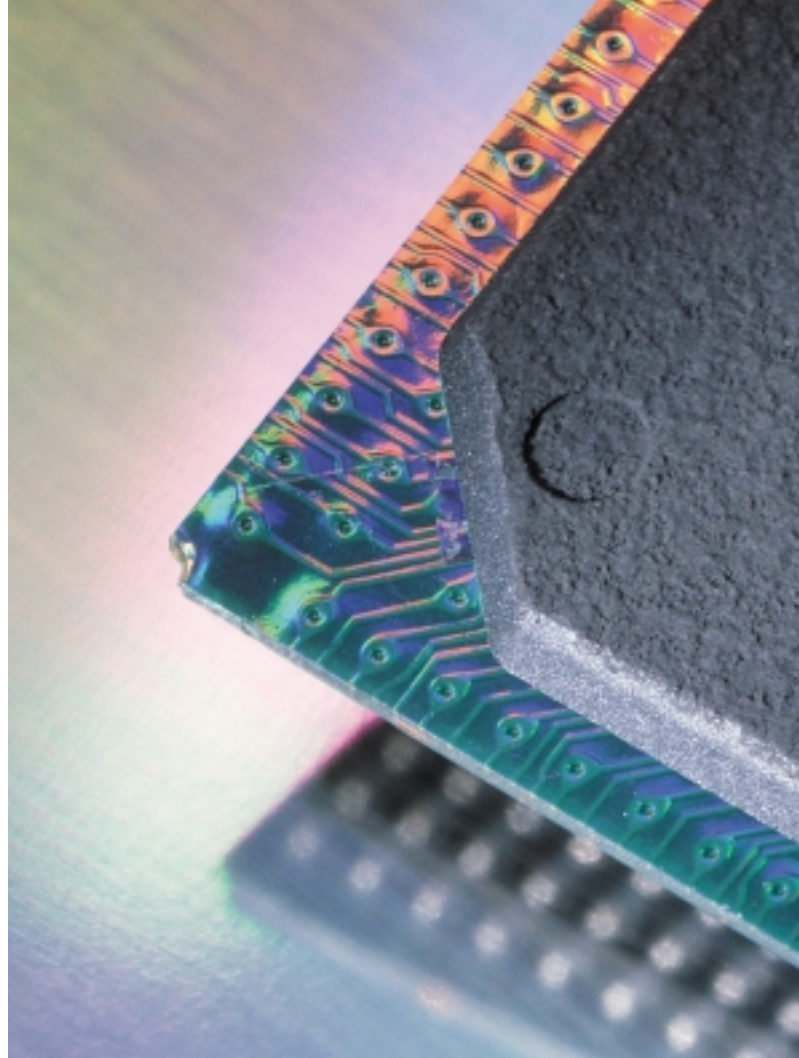
Special multimedia ops are invoked with familiar function-call syntax consistent with the C/C++ programming languages. They are automatically scheduled to take full advantage of the TM-1300's highly parallel VLIW implementation. As with all other operations generated by the TriMedia VLIW compilation system, the scheduler takes care of register allocation, operation packing, and flow analysis.

## ON-CHIP I/O AND COPROCESSING UNITS

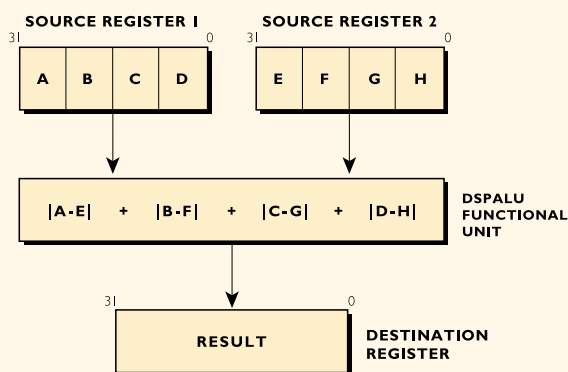
**TM-1300's on-chip I/O and coprocessing units offload the CPU enabling simultaneous processing of multiple multimedia datastreams. Independent I/O units manage datastream input, formatting, and output. Coprocessing units accelerate algorithms common in multimedia applications such as MPEG or digital audio decoding. Intended for processing audio and video data, most units can also be used in raw mode for capture or output of any properly formatted data.**

**Video input**—The video input (VI) unit operates in one of several modes to read data from an off-chip source into main memory. In video mode, it accepts eight-bit parallel 4:2:2 YUV time-multiplexed signals from any CCIR656-compliant device, such as a digital video camera, digital video decoder, or devices connected through ECL-level converters to the standard D1 parallel interface. After input, YUV data is demultiplexed into separate Y, U, and V memory planes.

As needed, the VI unit can be programmed to perform on-the-fly 2X horizontal resolution subsampling. For example, conversion of 720 pixels/line to 360 pixels/line reduces initial storage and bus bandwidth requirements when low resolution video is desirable downstream. After demux and optional subsampling, video data is written to main memory.



**UME8UU: SUM OF ABSOLUTE VALUES  
OF UNSIGNED 8-BIT DIFFERENCES**



### SPECIAL MULTIMEDIA OPERATIONS

The *ume8uu* operation, commonly used for motion estimation in video compression, implements 11 simple operations in one TriMedia special op.

In raw mode, the VI unit can receive raw application data with no YUV processing requirements. For example, in some digital TV applications, the VI unit receives an ATSC transport stream; demux and other datastream processing are handled in software.

In message passing mode, the VI unit can receive messages (special purpose raw data) from another TM-1300 video output port. This is useful for control functions such as task synchronization between processors in a multi-TriMedia processor configuration.

**Video output**—In video mode, the video output (VO) unit outputs a digital YUV datastream to off-chip video subsystems such as a digital video encoder chip, digital video recorder, or other CCIR656-compatible device. The output signal is generated by gathering bytes from the separate Y, U, and V planes stored in SDRAM.

While generating the multiplexed stream, the VO unit can perform programmed processing tasks, including horizontal 2X upscaling to convert from CIF/SIF to CCIR 601 resolution. For simultaneous display of graphics and live video, the VO unit can perform 129-level alpha blending to generate sophisticated graphics overlays of arbitrary size and position within the output image. Chroma keying, genlock frame synchronization, programmable YUV output clipping are also supported.

In raw mode, the VO unit can output raw data (not necessarily video) that does not require video post processing, for example, an ATSC bitstream. It can also be used in conjunction with the VI unit to pass unidirection messages between TriMedia processors.

The VO unit can either supply or receive video clock and/or synchronizing signals from the external interface. Clock and timing registers can be precisely controlled through programmable registers. Programmable interrupts and dual buffers facilitate continuous data streaming by allowing the CPU to set up a buffer while another is being emptied by the VO unit. Video clocks are available in all input or output modes.

**Audio input and output**—The audio input (AI) and audio output (AO) units provide all signals needed to read and write digital audio datastreams to/from most high-quality, low-cost serial audio oversampling A/D and D/A converters and codecs. Both units connect to off-chip stereo converters through flexible bit-serial interfaces.

The AI and AO units are highly programmable providing tremendous flexibility in handling custom datastreams, adapting to custom protocols, and upgrading to future audio standards. Driven by TM-1300, the programmable audio sampling clock system supports a variety of sample rates with fine-grain resolution enabling audio and video synchronization in even the most complex multimedia applications.

The AI unit supports up to two channels of audio input. Mono and 16-bit stereo formats are supported. The AO unit outputs up to eight channels using one external pin per channel and supports 16-bit and 32-bit stereo and mono formats. It can also be used to control highly integrated PC codecs. Software support for decode and output of Dolby ProLogic® and Dolby Digital (AC-3) multichannel audio is provided through optional TriMedia application library modules.

**SPDIF output**—An SPDIF out (SPDO) unit outputs a one-bit high-speed serial datastream primarily for transmission of digital audio data in SPDIF format to external audio equipment. The SPDO unit supports two-channel linear PCM audio, one or more Dolby Digital six-channel datastreams (embedded per Project 1937), or one or more MPEG-1 or MPEG-2 audio streams (embedded per Project 1937). It supports arbitrary, programmable sample rates independent of and asynchronous to the sample rate of the AO unit.

Like the video and audio units, the SPDO unit supports a raw (or transparent) mode. Since datastream content is entirely software controlled, the SPDO unit can also be used as a general purpose high-speed datastream output device such as a UART.

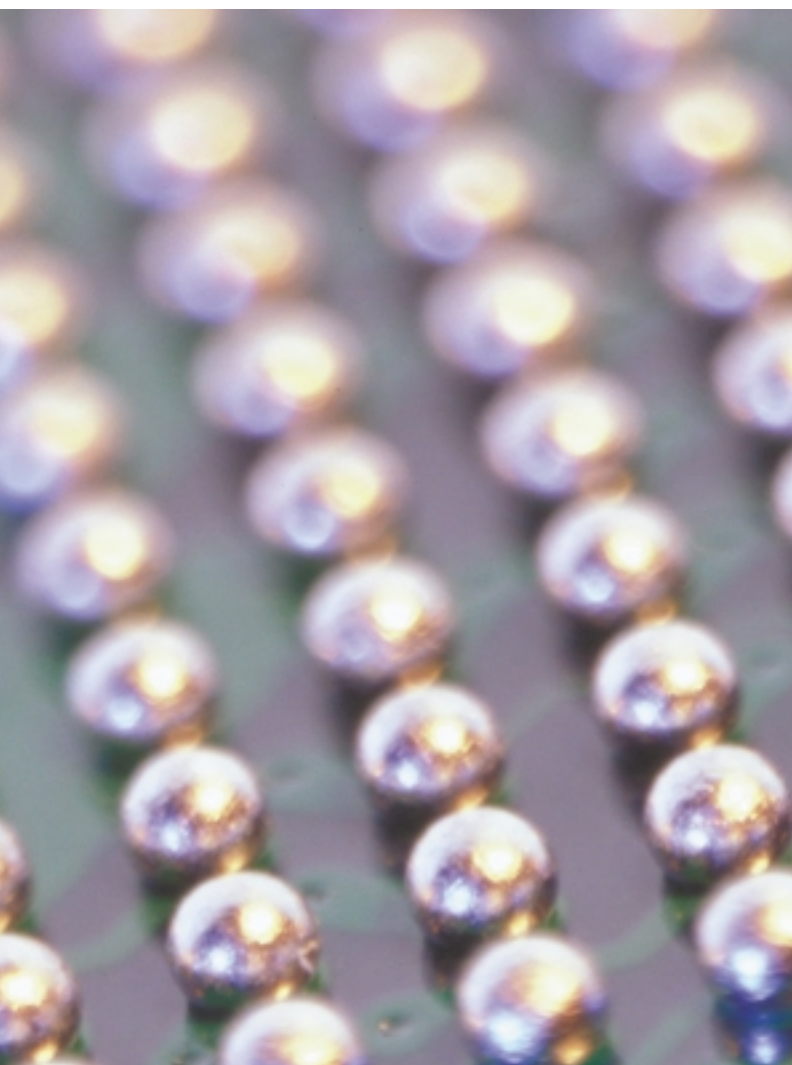
**Image coprocessor**—The image coprocessor (ICP) unit off-loads the CPU of cycle-consuming image processing tasks such as copying an image from SDRAM to a host video frame buffer. The ICP unit can operate as either a memory-to-memory or memory-to-PCI coprocessor device. In both modes, it can perform horizontal or vertical image filtering and scaling and can optionally perform YUV to RGB color-space conversion for screen display (in memory-to-PCI mode).

The ICP also provides display support for live video in occluded windows. The number and sizes of windows processed are limited only by available bandwidth. The final resampled and converted images are transmitted over the PCI bus to an optional off-chip graphics card/frame buffer.

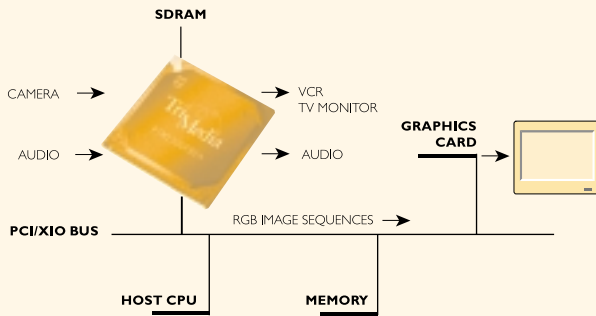
**Variable length decoder**—A variable length decoder (VLD) unit operates as a memory-to-memory coprocessor to decode Huffman-encoded MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 video datastreams. After processing, the VLD unit outputs a decoded stream optimized for MPEG-2 decompression software. This minimizes communications with the CPU where other steps of MPEG processing are performed.

**DVD descrambler**—The on-chip digital versatile disc (DVD) descrambler unit provides DVD authentication and descrambling. This enables developers to add low-cost, flexible DVD video playback functions into multimedia products with minimal effort.

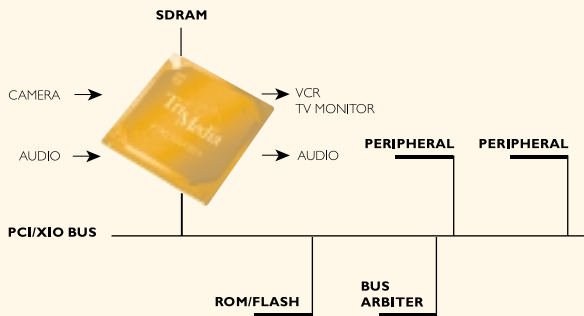
**I<sup>2</sup>C interface**—An I<sup>2</sup>C interface provides an external I<sup>2</sup>C (or compatible interface) for use in hardware or software operation modes. In hardware mode, it can connect to and control a variety of different I<sup>2</sup>C multimedia devices allowing configuration and status inspection of off-chip peripheral video devices such as digital encoders and decoders, digital cameras, parallel I/O expanders, and more. I<sup>2</sup>C software mode enables full software control of the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. The interface can also be used to read the boot program from an off-chip EEPROM.



## HOST-ASSISTED COPROCESSOR



## STANDALONE



*TM-1300 is designed for use as the sole CPU in standalone systems and as a coprocessor in a hosted or multiprocessor environment.*

**Synchronous serial interface**—A synchronous serial interface (SSI) unit provides serial access for a variety of multimedia and data communications applications. It contains the buffers and logic necessary to interface with simple analog modem front ends. When used with a TriMedia V.34 application module, the SSI unit can provide fully V.34-compliant modem capability. Alternatively, it can be connected to an ISDN interface chip to provide advanced digital modem capabilities.

**Timers**—TM-1300 provides four general purpose timers useful in counting/timing events such as CPU clock cycles, data/instruction breakpoints, cache tracing, audio/video clocks, and more. Three timers are available to programmers, a fourth is reserved for system software.

**PCI/XIO bus interface**—A PCI/XIO interface connects the CPU and on-chip peripheral units to a PCI/XIO bus. In embedded applications where TM-1300 is the main processor, this interface enables TM-1300 to access off-chip devices implementing functions not provided on-chip. In host-based applications, the interface connects TM-1300 to a standard PCI bus, allowing placement directly on the host mainboard or a plug-in card. For low-cost standalone systems, XIO support allows glueless connection of eight-bit x86 or 68K devices such as ROM, Flash, EEPROM, UARTs, and more.

## MEMORY SYSTEM OVERVIEW

**To meet the performance requirements of its target applications while maintaining low cost, the TM-1300 memory subsystem couples substantial on-chip caches with a glueless memory interface through a unique internal bus or data highway.**

**Dedicated instruction and data cache**—The TM-1300 CPU is supported by separate, dedicated on-chip data and instruction caches that employ a variety of techniques to improve cache hit ratios and thus CPU performance.

The dual-ported data cache allows two simultaneous accesses. It is non-blocking thus cache misses and CPU cache accesses can be handled simultaneously. Early restart techniques reduce read-miss latency. Background copyback reduces CPU stalls.

To reduce internal bus bandwidth requirements, instructions in main memory and cache use a compressed format. Instructions are decompressed in the instruction cache decompression unit before being processed by the CPU.

To improve cache behavior and thus performance, both caches have a locking mechanism. Cache coherency is maintained by software.

**Glueless memory system interface**—The TM-1300 couples main memory to substantial on-chip caches through a glueless main memory interface (MMI). The MMI acts as the main memory controller and programmable central arbiter that allocates memory bandwidth for on-chip peripheral unit activities.

Flexible memory configurations enable a wide variety of TM-1300-based systems to be built. The MMI supports 16-, 64- and 128-Mbit SDRAMs and provides sufficient drive capacity for an up to 143-MHz memory system comprising 8-MB (one 2Mx32), 16-MB (two 4Mx16 or two 2Mx32), or 32-MB (four 4Mx16 or two 8Mx16) memories. Larger memories (up to 64 MB) can be implemented using lower memory system clock frequencies or external buffers. Higher bandwidth SDRAM permits TM-1300 to use a narrower and simpler interface than is required to achieve similar performance with standard DRAM. Programmable speed ratios allow SDRAM to have a different clock speed than the TM-1300 CPU.

## HIGH-SPEED INTERNAL BUS (DATA HIGHWAY)

The TM-1300 CPU and processing units access external SDRAM through the on-chip internal bus or data highway comprising separate 32-bit address and data buses. Handled by the MMI, programmable bus arbitration enables the data highway to maintain real-time responsiveness in a variety of applications.



## ROBUST SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

The TriMedia SDE includes a full suite of system software tools to compile and debug code, analyze and optimize performance, and simulate execution for the TM-1300 processor. The SDE dramatically lowers development costs, reduces time-to-market, and ensures code portability to next generation architecture by enabling development of multimedia applications entirely in the C and C++ programming languages.

The TriMedia SDE Version 2.0 also supports Metrowerks® CodeWarrior® plug-ins. These plug-ins enable programmers to develop C code for TriMedia processors using the popular CodeWarrior Integrated Professional Development Environment (IDE).

## TRIMEDIA APPLICATION LIBRARIES

Many TriMedia application libraries are available to accelerate product development of common standard-compliant software algorithms used in processing multimedia datastreams. These C-callable routines are optimized for top performance on the TriMedia architecture.

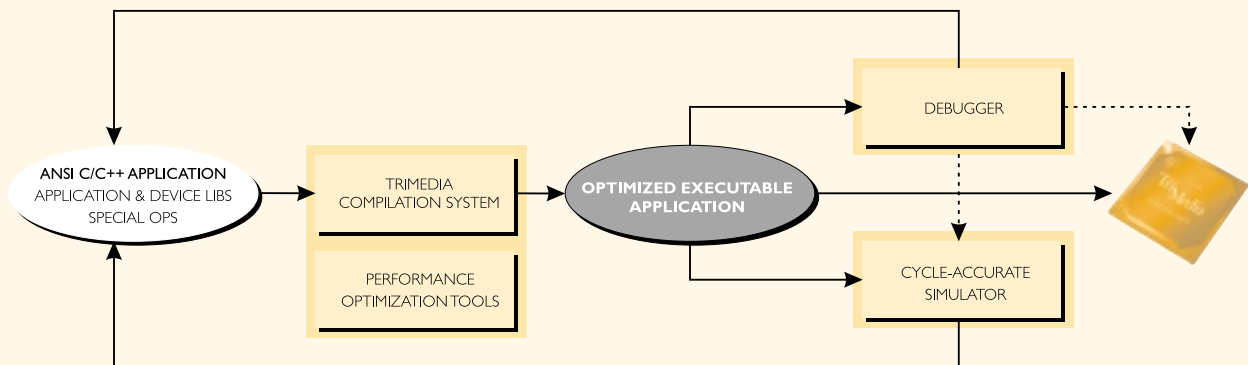
Application libraries are available from Philips and third-party suppliers and include functions such as MPEG-1 encode or decode, MPEG-4 encode/decode, MPEG-2 MP@ML decode, MPEG-2 1/2D1 MP@ML encode, H.320, H.324, Dolby ProLogic or Dolby Digital (AC-3) decode, communications protocols, and many more. The TM-1300 can also support Java applications with third-party Java virtual machine environments.

## REAL-TIME OPERATION SYSTEM SUPPORT

For multimedia applications requiring system resource and task management, the TM-1300 media processor supports the pSOS+™ embedded real-time operating system kernels. Developed by WindRiver, Inc., the kernels are based on open system standards and are optimized for deterministic response essential for multimedia applications.

## UPWARD COMPATIBILITY

TriMedia processors preserve investments in software development through software compatibility between family members at the source code level. Powerful, optimizing compilers ensure that programmers never need to resort to non-portable assembler programming.



*The TriMedia Software Development Environment includes a full suite of system software tools to compile and debug code, analyze and optimize performance, and simulate execution on TriMedia processors.*

# TM-I300 Specifications

## PHYSICAL

Process	0.25-micron CMOS
Packaging	292 T <sup>2</sup> BGA (169 functional)
Power	supply core: 2.5 V; I/O: 3.3 V (5 V tol.) consumption 2.5W typical at 180 MHz
Case Temperature	0 to 85 °C

## CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT

<b>Clock Speed</b>	143, 166, or 180 MHz			
<b>Instruction Length</b>	variable (2 to 23 bytes); compressed			
<b>Instruction Set</b>	arithmetic and logical ops, load/store ops., special multimedia and DSP ops., IEEE-compliant floating point ops.			
<b>Issue Slots</b>	5			
<b>Functional Units</b>	27, pipelined			
	integer and floating-point arithmetic units, data-parallel DSP-like units			
	name	qty	latency	recovery
	constant	5	1	1
	integer ALU	5	1	1
	memory load/store	2	3	1
	shift	2	1	1
	DSPALU	2	2	1
	DSP multiply	2	3	1
	branch	3	3	1
	float ALU	2	3	1
	integer/float mul	2	3	1
	float compare	1	1	1
	float sqrt./divide	1	17	16
<b>Registers</b>	128 (32-bit width)			
<b>Special/SIMD Ops</b>	32			

## MEMORY SYSTEM

Speed	143 MHz
CPU/Memory Speed Ratios	programmable; 1:1, 5:4, 4:3, 3:2, and 2:1
Memory Size	512 KB to 64 MB (up to four ranks)
Supported Types	64-Mbit SDRAM (x8, x16, x32) 128-Mbit SDRAM (x16)
Recommended Configurations	8 MB: 1 2Mx32 16 MB: 2 4Mx16 or 2 2Mx32 32 MB: 2 8Mx16
Width	32-bit bus
Max. Bandwidth	572 MB/sec (at 143 MHz)
Interface	glueless; up to 4 chips (at 143 MHz); more chips will require slower clock
Signal Levels	3.3 V LVTTTL

## CACHES

Access	data 8-, 16-, 32-bit word instruction 64 bytes
Associativity	8-way set-associative with hierarchical LRU replacement
Block Size	64 bytes
Size	data 16 KB instruction 32 KB

## INTERNAL DATA HIGHWAY

Protocol	64-byte block-transfer  separate 32-bit data and 32-bit address buses
----------	---

## VIDEO IN

Supported Signals	CCIR 601/656: 8-bit video (up to 40.5 Mpix/sec); raw 8-10-bit data (up to 81 MB/sec)
-------------------	--

Image Sizes	all sizes, subject to sample rate
-------------	-----------------------------------

Functions	programmable on-the-fly 2X horizontal resolution subsampling
-----------	---

## VIDEO OUT

Image Sizes	programmable up to 4K x 4K pixels (subject to 81 MB/sec data rate)
-------------	---

Input Formats	YUV 4:2:2, YUV 4:2:0
---------------	----------------------

Output Format	CCIR601/656 8-bit video, PAL or NTSC
---------------	--------------------------------------

Clock Rates	programmable (4-81 MHz), typ. 27 MHz (13.5 Mpixels/sec for NTSC, PAL)
-------------	--

Transfer Speeds	up to 81 MB/sec in data-streaming and message passing modes; 40.5 Mpix/sec in YUV 4:2:2 mode
-----------------	--

Functions	full 129-level alpha blending, genlock mode, frame synchronization, chroma key, program- mable YUV color clipping, on-the-fly 2X horizontal upscaling
-----------	--

## AUDIO IN

No. of Channels	2
-----------------	---

Sample Size	8- or 16-bit samples per channel
-------------	----------------------------------

Sample Rates	programmable with 0.001 Hz resolution; maximum is application dependent
--------------	--

Data Formats	8-bit or 16-bit mono and stereo; PC standard memory data format
--------------	--

External Interface	4 pins; 1 programmable clock; 3 flexible serial input
--------------------	--

Clock Source	internal or external
--------------	----------------------

Native Protocol	I <sup>2</sup> S and other serial 3-wire protocols
-----------------	--

## AUDIO OUT

No. of Channels	8
-----------------	---

Sample Size	16- or 32-bit samples per channel
-------------	-----------------------------------

Sample Rates	programmable with 0.001 Hz resolution; maximum is application dependent
--------------	--

Data Formats	16-bit (mono and stereo); 32-bit (mono and stereo); PC standard memory data format
--------------	---

External Interface	4 pins each; 1 programmable clock; 3 flexible serial output
--------------------	--

Clock Source	internal or external
--------------	----------------------

Native Protocol	I <sup>2</sup> S and other serial 3-wire protocols
-----------------	--

## SPDIF OUT

No. of Channels	up to 6
-----------------	---------

Sample Size	16 or 24 bits per channel
-------------	---------------------------

Bit Rate	up to 40 Mb/s/sec
----------	-------------------

External Interface	1 pin, self clocking interface per IEC-958
--------------------	--

Clock Source	internal
--------------	----------

Native Protocol	IEC-958, 1 wire
-----------------	-----------------

## IMAGE COPROCESSOR

Functions	horizontal or vertical scaling and filtering of individual Y, U, or V horizontal scaling and filtering with color conversion and overlay: YUV to RGB, RGB overlay and alpha blending, bit mask blanking
Scaling	programmable scale factor (0.2X to 10X)
Filtering	32-polyphase, each instance 5-tap, fully programmable filter coefficients
Performance	horizontal scaling and filtering: 110 MB/sec vertical scaling and filtering: 40 MB/sec

## VLD

Function	parses MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 elementary bitstreams generating run-level pairs and filling macroblock headers
External Interface	none

## DVD DESCRAMBLER

Functions	authentication; descrambling
External Interface	none

## I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE

Supported Modes	single master only
Addressing	7-bit
Rates	up to 400 kHz
External Interface	2 pins: 1 serial data, 1 clock

## SYNCHRONOUS SERIAL INTERFACE

Data Formats	variable slots/frame
Frame Sync	external or internal
Clock Source	separate transmit, receive, frame sync; transmit/receive clocks external source; automatic frame sync error detection; settable edge polarity for transmit, receive, and frame sync
External Interface	6 pins (2 usable for tip and ring for phone connections); compatible with most telecom devices; can be configured with multiple chips

## PCI/XIO INTERFACE

Speed	33 MHz
Bus Width	32 bits
Address Space	32 bits (4 GB)
Voltage	3.3 V or 5 V
Standard Compliance	PCI Local Bus Specification 2.1

## TIMERS

Number	4
Width	32-bits
Sources	external clock, (prescaled) CPU clock, data or instruction breakpoints, cache events, video in/out clocks, audio in/out word strobe, SSI receive/transmit frame sync

## FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT:

### PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS TRIMEDIA PRODUCT SEGMENT

811 EAST ARQUES AVENUE, M/S 71, SUNNYVALE CA 94088-3409  
PH 800-914-9239 (NORTH AMERICA), 408-991-3838 (WORLDWIDE)  
FX 408-991-3300, E-MAIL [info@trimedia.sv.sc.philips.com](mailto:info@trimedia.sv.sc.philips.com)  
WEBSITE [www.trimedia.philips.com](http://www.trimedia.philips.com)

## Philips Semiconductors - a worldwide company

Argentina: see South America  
Australia: Tel. +61 2 9704 8141, Fax. +61 2 9704 8139  
Austria: Tel. +43 1 60 101 1248, Fax. +43 1 60 101 1210  
Belarus: Tel. +375 172 20 0733, Fax. +375 172 20 0773  
Belgium: see The Netherlands  
Brazil: see South America  
Bulgaria: Tel. +359 2 68 9211, Fax. +359 2 68 9102  
Canada: Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087  
China/Hong Kong: Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700  
Colombia: see South America  
Czech Republic: see Austria  
Denmark: Tel. +45 33 29 3333, Fax. +45 33 29 3905  
Finland: Tel. +358 9 615 800, Fax. +358 9 6158 0920  
France: Tel. +33 1 4728 6600, Fax. +33 1 4728 6638  
Germany: Tel. +49 40 2353 60, Fax. +49 40 2353 6300  
Hungary: Tel. +36 1 382 1700, Fax. +36 1 382 1800  
India: Tel. +91 22 493 8541, Fax. +91 22 493 0966  
Indonesia: Tel. +62 21 794 0040 ext. 2501, Fax. +62 21 794 0080  
Ireland: Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200  
Israel: Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007  
Italy: Tel. +39 039 203 6838, Fax. +39 039 203 6800  
Japan: Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5057  
Korea: Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415  
Malaysia: Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880  
Mexico: Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381, Fax. +9-5 800 943 0087  
Middle East: see Italy  
Netherlands: Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399  
New Zealand: Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811  
Norway: Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341  
Pakistan: see Singapore  
Philippines: Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474  
Poland: Tel. +48 22 5710 000, Fax. +48 22 5710 001  
Portugal: see Spain  
Romania: see Italy  
Russia: Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919  
Singapore: Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500  
Slovakia: see Austria  
Slovenia: see Italy  
South Africa: Tel. +27 11 471 5401, Fax. +27 11 471 5398  
South America: Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 821 2382  
Spain: Tel. +34 93 301 6312, Fax. +34 93 301 4107  
Sweden: Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745  
Switzerland: Tel. +41 1 488 2741, Fax. +41 1 488 3263  
Taiwan: Tel. +886 2 2134 2451, Fax. +886 2 2134 2874  
Thailand: Tel. +66 2 361 7910, Fax. +66 2 398 3447  
Turkey: Tel. +90 216 522 1500, Fax. +90 216 522 1813  
Ukraine: Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461  
United Kingdom: Tel. +44 208 730 5000, Fax. +44 208 754 8421  
United States: Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087  
Uruguay: see South America  
Vietnam: see Singapore  
Yugoslavia: Tel. +381 11 3341 299, Fax. +381 11 3342 533

Internet: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

For all other countries apply to: Philips Semiconductors, Marketing Communications  
Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218  
5600 MD EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

© 2001 Philips Electronics North America Corporation. All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The Philips wordmark and shield emblem are trademarks of Philips Electronics, NV. TriMedia and the TriMedia design are trademarks of TriMedia Technologies, Inc. pSOS+ is a trademark of WindRiver, Inc. Dolby, Dolby Digital, Dolby AC-3, and Dolby Pro Logic are registered trademarks of Dolby Laboratories. Other brands and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Use of this product in any manner that complies with the MPEG-2 Standard is expressly prohibited without a license under applicable patents in the MPEG-2 patent portfolio, which license is available from MPEG LA, L.L.C., 250 Steele Street, Suite 300, Denver, Colorado 80206.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation of contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequences of its use. Publication thereof does not convey or imply any license under patent or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in the U.S.A. Date of release: April 2001

9397-750-08172

Let's make things better.



PHILIPS



MAJA BRUGOS DESIGN

**Approval Form:** This is your final copy.  
Please review all copy and content and  
sign below.

---

signature

date

*please fax to 510 217 4052*