protViz: Visualizing and Analyzing Mass Spectrometry Related Data in Proteomics

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Abstract

protViz is an R package to do quality checks, visualizations and analysis of mass spectrometry data, coming from proteomics experiments. The package is developed, tested and used at the Functional Genomics Center Zurich. We use this package mainly for prototyping, teaching, and having fun with proteomics data. But it can also be used to do data analysis for small scale data sets. Nevertheless, if one is patient, it also handles large data sets.

Keywords: proteomics, mass spectrometry, fragment-ion.

1. Related Work

The method of choice in proteomics is mass spectrometry. There are already packages in R which deal with mass spec related data. Some of them are listed here:

- OrgMassSpec: Organic Mass Spectrometry
- MSnbase package (basic functions for mass spec data including quant aspect with iTRAQ data)

http://bioconductor.org/packages/MSnbase/

- plgem spectral counting quantification, applicable to MudPIT experiments http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/plgem/
- synapter MSe (Hi3 = Top3 Quantification) for Waters Q-tof data aquired in MSe mode

http://bioconductor.org/packages/synapter/

• mzR

http://bioconductor.org/packages/mzR/

- isobar iTRAQ/TMT quantification package http://bioconductor.org/packages/isobar/
- readMzXmlData

https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=readMzXmlData

• rawDiag - an R package supporting rational LC-MS method optimization for bottom-up proteomics on multiple OS platforms (Trachsel, Panse, Kockmann, Wolski, Grossmann, and Schlapbach 2018)

2. Get Data In – Preprocessing

The most time consuming and challenging part of data analysis and visualization is shaping the data the way that they can easily further process. In this package, we intentionally left this part away because it is very infrastructure dependent. Moreover, we use also commercial tools to analyze data and export the data into R accessible formats. We provide a different kind of importers if these formats are available, but with little effort, one can bring other exports in a similar format which will make it easy to use our package for a variety of tools.

2.1. Identification - In-silico from Proteins to Peptides

For demonstration, we use a sequence of peptides derived from a tryptic digest using the Swiss-Prot FETUA_BOVIN Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein protein (P12763).

fcat and tryptic-digest are commandline programs which are included in the package. fcat removes the lines starting with > and all 'new line' character within the protein sequence while tryptic-digest is doing the triptic digest of a protein sequence applying the rule: cleave after arginine (R) and lysine (K) except followed by proline(P).

Both programs can be used through the Fasta Rcpp module.

```
R> library(protViz)
R> fname <- system.file("extdata", name='P12763.fasta', package = "protViz")
R> F <- Fasta$new(fname)

print the first 60 characters of P12763.
R> substr(F$getSequences(), 1, 60)

[1] "MKSFVLLFCLAQLWGCHSIPLDPVAGYKEPACDDPDTEQAALAAVDYINKHLPRGYKHTL"
R> (fetuin <- F$getTrypticPeptides())

[1] "MK"
[2] "SFVLLFCLAQLWGCHSIPLDPVAGYK"
[3] "EPACDDPDTEQAALAAVDYINK"
[4] "HLPR"
[5] "GYK"</pre>
```

[9] "QQTQHAVEGDCDIHVLK"

[8] "RPTGEVYDIEIDTLETTCHVLDPTPLANCSVR"

[10] "QDGQFSVLFTK"

[6] "HTLNQIDSVK"

[7] "VWPR"

```
[11] "CDSSPDSAEDVR"
[12] "K"
[13] "LCPDCPLLAPLNDSR"
[14] "VVHAVEVALATFNAESNGSYLQLVEISR"
[15] "AQFVPLPVSVSVEFAVAATDCIAK"
[16] "EVVDPTK"
[17] "CNLLAEK"
[18] "QYGFCK"
[19] "GSVIQK"
[20] "ALGGEDVR"
[21] "VTCTLFQTQPVIPQPQPDGAEAEAPSAVPDAAGPTPSAAGPPVASVVVGPSVVAVPLPLHR"
[22] "AHYDLR"
[23] "HTFSGVASVESSSGEAFHVGK"
[24] "TPIVGQPSIPGGPVR"
[25] "LCPGR"
[26] "IR"
[27] "YFK"
[28] "I"
```

3. Peptide Identification

The currency in proteomics are the peptides. In proteomics, proteins are digested to so-called peptides since peptides are much easier to handle biochemically than proteins. Proteins are very different in nature some are very sticky while others are soluble in aqueous solutions while again are only sitting in membranes. Therefore, proteins are chopped up into peptides because it is fair to assume, that for each protein, there will be many peptides behaving well so that they can be measured with the mass spectrometer. This step introduces another problem, the so-called protein inference problem. In this package here, we do not touch at all upon the protein inference.

3.1. Computing Mass and Hydrophobicity of a Peptide Sequence

parentIonMass computes the mass of an amino acid sequence.

```
R> mass <- parentIonMass(fetuin)</pre>
```

The ssrc function derives a measure for the hydrophobicity based on the method described in (Krokhin, Craig, Spicer, Ens, Standing, Beavis, and Wilkins 2004).

```
R> hydrophobicity <- ssrc(fetuin)</pre>
```

The content of mass and hydrophobicity can be seen in the Table 1.

A figure below shows a scatter plot graphing the parent ion mass versus the hydrophobicity value of each in-silico tryptic digested peptide of the FETUA BOVIN (P12763) protein.

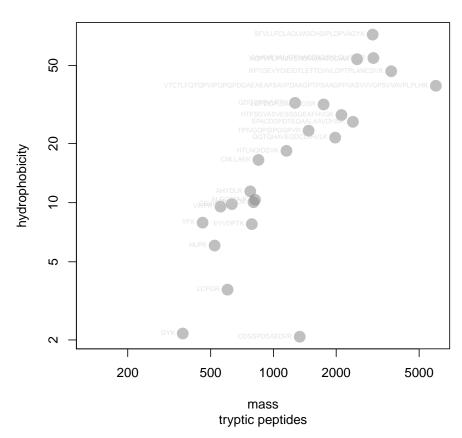
```
R> op <- par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
R> plot(hydrophobicity ~ mass,
```

| peptide | mass | hydrophobicity |
|---|---------|----------------|
| MK | 278.15 | |
| SFVLLFCLAQLWGCHSIPLDPVAGYK | 2991.53 | 71.74 |
| EPACDDPDTEQAALAAVDYINK | 2406.08 | 25.81 |
| HLPR | 522.31 | 6.05 |
| GYK | 367.20 | 2.16 |
| HTLNQIDSVK | 1154.62 | 18.37 |
| VWPR | 557.32 | 9.55 |
| RPTGEVYDIEIDTLETTCHVLDPTPLANCSVR | 3671.77 | 46.69 |
| QQTQHAVEGDCDIHVLK | 1977.94 | 21.45 |
| QDGQFSVLFTK | 1269.65 | 32.22 |
| CDSSPDSAEDVR | 1337.53 | 2.08 |
| K | 147.11 | |
| LCPDCPLLAPLNDSR | 1740.84 | 31.62 |
| VVHAVEVALATFNAESNGSYLQLVEISR | 3016.57 | 54.51 |
| AQFVPLPVSVSVEFAVAATDCIAK | 2519.32 | 53.75 |
| EVVDPTK | 787.42 | 7.78 |
| CNLLAEK | 847.43 | 16.51 |
| QYGFCK | 802.36 | 10.05 |
| GSVIQK | 631.38 | 9.83 |
| ALGGEDVR | 816.42 | 10.35 |
| ${\tt VTCTLFQTQPVIPQPQPDGAEAEAPSAVPDAAGPTPSAAGPPVASVVVGPSVVAVPLPLHR}$ | 6015.13 | 39.37 |
| AHYDLR | 774.39 | 11.42 |
| HTFSGVASVESSSGEAFHVGK | 2120.00 | 27.95 |
| TPIVGQPSIPGGPVR | 1474.84 | 23.26 |
| LCPGR | 602.31 | 3.61 |
| IR | 288.20 | |
| YFK | 457.24 | 7.91 |
| Ĭ | 132.10 | |

Table 1: parent ion mass and hydrophobicity values of the tryptic digested protein extttP12763.

```
+ log = 'xy', pch = 16, col = '#88888888', cex = 2,
+ main = "sp|P12763|FETUA_BOVIN Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein",
+ sub = 'tryptic peptides')
R> text(mass, hydrophobicity, fetuin, pos=2, cex=0.5, col = '#CCCCCC88')
```





3.2. In-silico Peptide Fragmentation

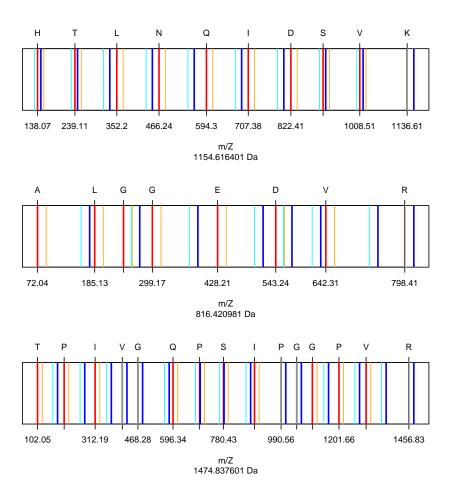
The fragment ions computation of a peptide follows the rules proposed in (Roepstorff and Fohlman 1984). Beside the b and y ions the FUN argument of fragmentIon defines which ions are computed. the default ions beeing computed are defined in the function defaultIon. The are no limits for defining other forms of fragment ions for ETD (c and z ions) CID (b and y ions).

R> defaultIon

```
function (b, y)
{
    Hydrogen <- 1.007825
    Oxygen <- 15.994915
    Nitrogen <- 14.003074
    c <- b + (Nitrogen + (3 * Hydrogen))
    z <- y - (Nitrogen + (3 * Hydrogen))
    return(cbind(b, y, c, z))
}
<br/>
<br/
```

<environment: namespace:protViz>

```
R> peptides<-c('HTLNQIDSVK', 'ALGGEDVR', 'TPIVGQPSIPGGPVR')</pre>
R> pim<-parentIonMass(peptides)</pre>
R> fi<-fragmentIon(peptides)</pre>
R> par(mfrow=c(3,1));
R> for (i in 1:length(peptides)){
       plot(0,0,
+
           xlab='m/Z',
           ylab='',
           xlim=range(c(fi[i][[1]]$b,fi[i][[1]]$y)),
           ylim=c(0,1),
           type='n',
           axes=FALSE,
           sub=paste( pim[i], "Da"));
       box()
       axis(1,fi[i][[1]]$b,round(fi[i][[1]]$b,2))
       pepSeq<-strsplit(peptides[i],"")</pre>
       axis(3,fi[i][[1]]$b,pepSeq[[1]])
       abline(v=fi[i][[1]]$b, col='red',lwd=2)
       abline(v=fi[i][[1]]$c, col='orange')
       abline(v=fi[i][[1]]$y, col='blue',lwd=2)
       abline(v=fi[i][[1]]$z, col='cyan')
+ }
```



The next lines compute the singly and doubly charged fragment ions of the HTLNQIDSVK peptide. Which are usually the ones that can be used to make an identification.

```
R> (fi.HTLNQIDSVK.1 <- fragmentIon('HTLNQIDSVK'))[[1]]</pre>
                                С
    138.0662
              147.1128
                         155.0927
                                   130.0863
1
2
    239.1139
              246.1812
                         256.1404
                                   229.1547
    352.1979
              333.2132
                        369.2245
                                   316.1867
3
4
    466.2409
              448.2402
                        483.2674
                                   431.2136
5
    594.2994
              561.3242 611.3260 544.2977
6
    707.3835
              689.3828
                        724.4100
                                   672.3563
7
    822.4104
              803.4258
                         839.4370
                                   786.3992
8
    909.4425
              916.5098
                         926.4690
                                   899.4833
   1008.5109 1017.5575 1025.5374 1000.5309
10 1136.6058 1154.6164 1153.6324 1137.5899
```

R> (fi.HTLNQIDSVK.2 <-(fi.HTLNQIDSVK.1[[1]] + Hydrogen) / 2)

b y c z 1 69.53701 74.06031 78.05028 65.54704

R> Hydrogen<-1.007825

```
2 120.06085 123.59452 128.57412 115.08124
3 176.60288 167.11053 185.11615 158.59726
4 233.62434 224.62400 242.13761 216.11073
5 297.65363 281.16603 306.16691 272.65276
6 354.19566 345.19532 362.70894 336.68205
7 411.70913 402.21679 420.22241 393.70351
8 455.22515 458.75882 463.73842 450.24554
9 504.75935 509.28266 513.27262 500.76938
10 568.80683 577.81211 577.32010 569.29884
```

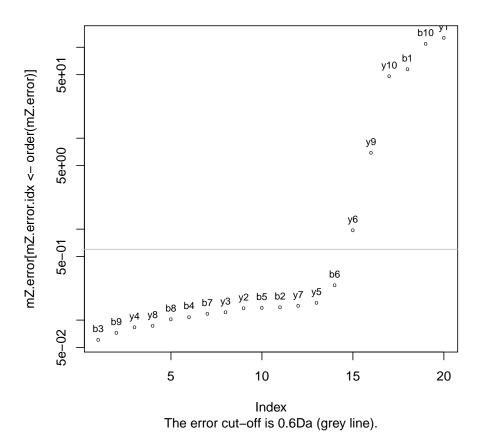
3.3. Peptide Sequence – Fragment Ion Matching

Given a peptide sequence and a tandem mass spectrum. For the assignment of a candidate peptide an in-silico fragment ion spectra fi is computed. The function findNN determines for each fragment ion the closed peak in the MS2. If the difference between the in-silico mass and the measured mass is inside the 'accuracy' mass window of the mass spec device the in-silico fragment ion is considered as a potential hit.

```
R>
       peptideSequence<-'HTLNQIDSVK'
R>
       spec<-list(scans=1138,</pre>
           title="178: (rt=22.3807) [20080816_23_fetuin_160.RAW]",
           rtinseconds=1342.8402,
           charge=2,
           mZ=c (195.139940, 221.211970, 239.251780, 290.221750,
       316.300770, 333.300050, 352.258420, 448.384360, 466.348830,
       496.207570, 509.565910, 538.458310, 547.253380, 556.173940,
       560.358050, 569.122080, 594.435500, 689.536940, 707.624790,
       803.509240, 804.528220, 822.528020, 891.631250, 909.544400,
       916.631600, 973.702160, 990.594520, 999.430580, 1008.583600,
       1017.692500, 1027.605900),
           intensity=c(931.8, 322.5, 5045, 733.9, 588.8, 9186, 604.6,
       1593, 531.8, 520.4, 976.4, 410.5, 2756, 2279, 5819, 2.679e+05,
       1267, 1542, 979.2, 9577, 3283, 9441, 1520, 1310, 1.8e+04,
       587.5, 2685, 671.7, 3734, 8266, 3309))
       fi <- fragmentIon(peptideSequence)</pre>
R>
       n <- nchar(peptideSequence)</pre>
R.>
       by.mZ<-c(fi[[1]]$b, fi[[1]]$y)
R>
       by.label<-c(paste("b",1:n,sep=''), paste("y",n:1,sep=''))</pre>
R.>
       # should be a R-core function as findInterval!
R>
R.>
       idx <- findNN(by.mZ, spec$mZ)</pre>
       mZ.error <- abs(spec$mZ[idx]-by.mZ)</pre>
R.>
R.>
       plot(mZ.error[mZ.error.idx<-order(mZ.error)],</pre>
           main="Error Plot",
           pch='o',
           cex=0.5,
           sub='The error cut-off is 0.6Da (grey line).',
```

```
+ log='y')
R> abline(h=0.6,col='grey')
R> text(1:length(by.label),
+ mZ.error[mZ.error.idx],
+ by.label[mZ.error.idx],
+ cex=0.75,pos=3)
```

Error Plot



The graphic above is showing the mass error of the assignment between the MS2 spec and the singly charged fragment ions of HTLNQIDSVK. The function psm is doing the peptide sequence matching. Of course, the more theoretical ions match (up to a small error tolerance, given by the system) the measured ion chain, the more likely it is, that the measured spectrum indeed is from the inferred peptide (and therefore the protein is identified)

3.4. Modifications

```
unimodAccID=616)
R> ptm.651 <- cbind(AA='N',</pre>
     mono=27.010899, avg=NA, desc="Substituition",
     unimodAccID=651)
R> m <- as.data.frame(rbind(ptm.0, ptm.616, ptm.651))
R> genMod(c('TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK', 'TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK'), m$AA)
[[1]]
[4] "000000000000100200"
[[2]]
[4] "000000000000100100"
R> fi <- fragmentIon(c('TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK',</pre>
     'TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK', 'TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK',
     'TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK'),
        '000000000000000000'),
+
     modification=m$mono)
R>
R> #bh<-c('TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK', 'TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK')</pre>
R> #fi<-fragmentIon(rep('HTLNQIDSVK',2),</pre>
      modified=c('0000000100','0000000000'),
R> #
      modification=m[,2])
```

3.5. Labeling Peaklists

The peakplot Panse, Gerrits, and Schlapbach (2009) function performs the labeling of the spectra.

```
R> data(msms)
R > op <- par(mfrow=c(2,1))
R> peakplot("TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK", msms[[1]])
$mZ.Da.error
 [1] 232.331344 161.294234 14.225824
                                     -0.032616
                                                -0.143306
 [6]
      0.032244 0.054604 -0.004076 -0.071746 -0.084536
                                                -0.122336
[11] -0.097076 -0.038856 -0.061816
                                      0.004554
[16] -0.139626 -1.071256 -18.783686 -146.878646 187.273499
[21] 24.210169 0.048669 0.177779 0.027939 0.049579
                          0.036749
     0.052379 0.044579
[26]
                                      0.043189
                                                -0.035101
[31] -0.061011 0.000729 -0.092081
                                      2.011029 -8.412111
     7.195579 -63.841531 -164.889211 215.304795 144.267685
[36]
```

```
Γ417
      -2.800725 -17.059165
                               2.034875
                                          2.264105
                                                      4.008125
Γ46]
       1.292875
                  -0.003965 -13.612585
                                         -0.060925 -17.065405
Γ51]
                   3.000405 -17.148885 -17.166175 -18.097805
       3.897535
[56]
     -35.810235 -163.905195
                             204.300048
                                        41.236718
                                                     17.075218
[61]
                               0.129908 17.078928
      -0.843372 -1.091812
                                                    -0.372162
                -1.044962 -1.000952 -1.409062 -2.995122
[66]
     -16.539502
[71]
      16.934468
                  19.037578
                               8.614438
                                         24.222128 -46.814982
[76] -147.862662
$mZ.ppm.error
 [1] 2.276532e+06 9.318407e+05 4.443342e+04 -7.494702e+01
 [5] -2.539851e+02 5.075660e+01 7.296574e+01 -4.974443e+00
 [9] -7.564705e+01 -7.963713e+01 -8.250960e+01 -3.041352e+01
[13] -4.445040e+01 3.026484e+00 -7.488007e+01 -7.920687e+01
[17] -5.791093e+02 -9.331667e+03 -6.860308e+04 1.272993e+06
[21] 7.805297e+04 1.225277e+02 3.378218e+02 4.263587e+01
[25]
    6.444386e+01 5.935833e+01 4.532837e+01 3.345395e+01
[29] 3.564687e+01 -2.618263e+01 -4.321937e+01 4.781134e-01
[33] -5.770282e+01 1.165934e+03 -4.572174e+03 3.621478e+03
[37] -3.102183e+04 -7.637286e+04 1.808046e+06 7.588299e+05
[41] -8.306147e+03 -3.772366e+04 3.500821e+03 3.470990e+03
[45] 5.236793e+03 1.545734e+03 -4.106862e+00 -1.262129e+04
[49] -5.104441e+01 -1.318183e+04 2.768725e+03 1.971690e+03
[53] -1.038832e+04 -9.644849e+03 -9.694247e+03 -1.764117e+04
[57] -7.595171e+04 1.570497e+06 1.406678e+05 4.491332e+04
[61] -1.656190e+03 -1.710589e+03 1.726789e+02 1.973544e+04
[65] -3.850849e+02 -1.529356e+04 -8.747728e+02 -7.562373e+02
[69] -1.010347e+03 -1.986529e+03 1.072648e+04 1.114745e+04
[73] 4.725878e+03 1.229618e+04 -2.293808e+04 -6.903096e+04
$idx
 [1]
                  3 14 21
                                                97 102 106 110 113
      1
          1
              1
                             38
                                49
                                    64
                                        87
                                            91
                          2
[17] 115 116 116
                      1
                             12
                                25
                                    41
                                        53
                                            70
                                                89
                                                    94
                                                        99 104 107
[33] 108 111 114 116 116 116
                                                24
                                                        52
                                                            67
                                                                88
                              1
                                  1
                                      1
                                         3
                                            16
                                                    41
۲49٦
     93 97 104 107 110 113 115 116 116
                                          1
                                             1
                                                 2
                                                    11
                                                        22 40
                                                                53
[65]
     68 88 93 98 103 106 108 111 114 116 116 116
$label
 [1] "b1"
          "b2" "b3" "b4" "b5" "b6"
                                        "b7" "b8" "b9" "b10" "b11"
[12] "b12" "b13" "b14" "b15" "b16" "b17" "b18" "b19" "y1"
                                                         "v2" "v3"
          "y5" "y6" "y7" "y8" "y9"
                                        "y10" "y11" "y12" "y13" "y14"
[23] "y4"
[34] "y15" "y16" "y17" "y18" "y19" "c1"
                                        "c2"
                                             "c3" "c4" "c5" "c6"
[45] "c7" "c8" "c9" "c10" "c11" "c12" "c13" "c14" "c15" "c16" "c17"
[56] "c18" "c19" "z1" "z2" "z3" "z4"
                                       "z5" "z6" "z7" "z8" "z9"
[67] "z10" "z11" "z12" "z13" "z14" "z15" "z16" "z17" "z18" "z19"
```

\$score

[1] -1

\$sequence

[1] "TAFDEAIAELDTLNEESYK"

\$fragmentIon

```
У
   102.0550
             147.1128 119.0815
                                 130.0863
1
2
   173.0921
              310.1761
                       190.1186
                                  293.1496
3
   320.1605
              397.2082
                       337.1870
                                  380.1816
              526.2508
                       452.2140
4
   435.1874
                                  509.2242
5
   564.2300
              655.2933 581.2566
                                  638.2668
6
              769.3363 652.2937
   635.2671
                                  752.3097
7
   748.3512 882.4203
                       765.3777
                                  865.3938
              983.4680
8
   819.3883
                       836.4148
                                  966.4415
9
   948.4309 1098.4950 965.4574 1081.4684
10 1061.5149 1211.5790 1078.5415 1194.5525
11 1176.5419 1340.6216 1193.5684 1323.5951
12 1277.5896 1411.6587 1294.6161 1394.6322
13 1390.6736 1524.7428 1407.7002 1507.7162
14 1504.7165 1595.7799 1521.7431 1578.7533
15 1633.7591 1724.8225 1650.7857 1707.7959
16 1762.8017 1839.8494 1779.8283 1822.8229
17 1849.8338 1986.9178 1866.8603 1969.8913
18 2012.8971 2057.9549 2029.9236 2040.9284
19 2140.9920 2159.0026 2158.0186 2141.9761
```

R> peakplot("TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK", msms[[2]])

\$mZ.Da.error

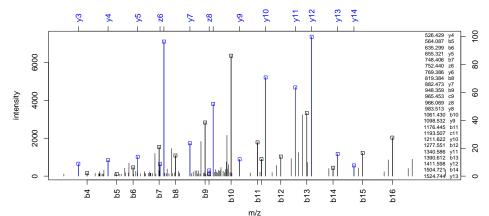
```
[1]
     245.264254 174.227144
                                27.158734
                                                          0.021404
                                            14.444434
 [6]
      -0.111266
                   -0.039926
                                -0.021626
                                            -0.121916
                                                         -8.079236
[11]
       -0.158376
                   -0.153156
                                -0.094316
                                            -0.022946
                                                         -0.186736
[16]
      -0.092226
                   -0.120456
                                -0.151686 -128.246646
                                                        200.206409
[21]
       37.143079
                    0.078909
                                 0.062269
                                             0.129769
                                                          0.103729
[26]
       0.060869
                   -0.051451
                               -18.048351
                                            -0.027511
                                                         -0.025601
[31]
      -0.006211
                    0.020529
                                            -0.024771
                                -0.048781
                                                         -9.166311
[36]
        6.953579
                  -45.209531 -146.257211
                                          228.237705
                                                        157.200595
[41]
       10.132185
                   -2.582115
                                 1.626855
                                             2.722405
                                                          9.009025
[46]
                                13.347315
       -1.130895
                    1.216385
                                            -3.671525
                                                          0.960295
[51]
      -17.120865
                    3.020205
                              -17.213285
                                           -17.118775
                                                       -17.147005
[56]
      -17.178235 -145.273195
                               217.232958
                                            54.169628
                                                         17.105458
[61]
      -0.833452
                   -1.260332
                                -0.899352
                                            -3.098942
                                                         -1.173512
[66]
       -1.021802
                   -0.939162
                                -1.007752
                                            -1.377062
                                                         -3.022622
[71]
       16.977768
                   17.001778
                                 7.860238
                                            23.980128 -28.182982
[76] -129.230662
```

```
$mZ.ppm.error
 [1] 2.403257e+06 1.006558e+06 8.482850e+04 3.319130e+04
 [5] 3.793488e+01 -1.751484e+02 -5.335196e+01 -2.639286e+01
 [9] -1.285450e+02 -7.611043e+03 -1.346114e+02 -1.198789e+02
[13] -6.782037e+01 -1.552813e+01 -1.162198e+02 -5.313198e+01
[17] -6.608212e+01 -7.638202e+01 -6.066594e+04 1.360904e+06
     1.197483e+05 1.986591e+02 1.183257e+02 1.980319e+02
[21]
[25]
    1.397352e+02 7.115774e+01 -5.379332e+01 -1.684426e+04
[29] -2.322450e+01 -1.948903e+01 -4.485617e+00 1.370673e+01
[33] -3.109508e+01 -1.458996e+01 -5.056331e+03 3.547913e+03
[37] -2.226035e+04 -6.860121e+04 1.916651e+06 8.268554e+05
    3.004915e+04 -5.709941e+03 2.798859e+03 4.173588e+03
Γ417
[45] 1.177069e+04 -1.352074e+03 1.259905e+03 1.237534e+04
[49] -3.076091e+03 7.417604e+02 -1.216230e+04 2.020566e+03
[53] -1.060078e+04 -9.766434e+03 -9.319787e+03 -8.576627e+03
[57] -6.817113e+04 1.669915e+06 1.847849e+05 4.499286e+04
[61] -1.636709e+03 -1.974616e+03 -1.239974e+03 -3.696333e+03
[65] -1.249174e+03 -9.690310e+02 -8.043928e+02 -7.772361e+02
[69] -1.006903e+03 -2.041339e+03 1.094110e+04 1.011538e+04
    4.376983e+03 1.234257e+04 -1.399411e+04 -6.110297e+04
[73]
$idx
 [1]
                                             96 106 116 121 126 129
          1
                  3 11
                         20
                             39 45
                                         90
      1
              1
                                    64
[17] 131 133 133
                          2
                              7
                                 24
                                     38
                                         49
                                             65
                                                 90
                                                     97 110 115 122
                  1
                      1
[33] 123 127 130 132 133 133
                              1
                                  1
                                      1
                                          3
                                             13
                                                 23
                                                     40
                                                        47
                                                             67
                                                                 91
     98 108 116 122 126 129 131 133 133
                                                  2
                                                      6
                                                         21
                                                             36
                                                                 47
[49]
                                          1
                                              1
[65]
     62 90 95 108 113 121 123 127 130 132 133 133
$label
 [1] "b1" "b2" "b3" "b4" "b5" "b6"
                                        "b7" "b8" "b9"
                                                          "b10" "b11"
[12] "b12" "b13" "b14" "b15" "b16" "b17" "b18" "b19" "y1" "y2" "y3"
[23] "y4"
          "y5"
                "y6" "y7" "y8"
                                  "y9"
                                        "y10" "y11" "y12" "y13" "y14"
[34] "y15" "y16" "y17" "y18" "y19" "c1"
                                        "c2"
                                              "c3" "c4" "c5" "c6"
[45] "c7" "c8" "c9" "c10" "c11" "c12" "c13" "c14" "c15" "c16" "c17"
[56] "c18" "c19" "z1" "z2" "z3" "z4"
                                        "z5"
                                              "z6" "z7" "z8"
[67] "z10" "z11" "z12" "z13" "z14" "z15" "z16" "z17" "z18" "z19"
$score
[1] -1
$sequence
[1] "TAFDEAIAELDTLSEESYK"
$fragmentIon
                              C
                    У
   102.0550
             147.1128 119.0815
1
                                130.0863
```

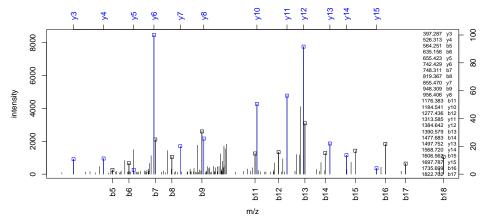
173.0921 310.1761 190.1186 293.1496

```
3
   320.1605
              397.2082
                        337.1870
                                   380.1816
4
   435.1874
              526.2508
                        452.2140
                                   509.2242
   564.2300
              655.2933
5
                        581.2566
                                   638.2668
6
   635.2671
              742.3254
                        652.2937
                                   725.2988
7
   748.3512
              855.4094
                        765.3777
                                   838.3829
8
              956.4571
                        836.4148
   819.3883
                                   939.4306
9
   948.4309 1071.4841
                        965.4574 1054.4575
10 1061.5149 1184.5681 1078.5415 1167.5416
11 1176.5419 1313.6107 1193.5684 1296.5842
  1277.5896 1384.6478 1294.6161 1367.6213
13 1390.6736 1497.7319 1407.7002 1480.7053
14 1477.7056 1568.7690 1494.7322 1551.7424
  1606.7482 1697.8116 1623.7748 1680.7850
16 1735.7908 1812.8385 1752.8174 1795.8120
17 1822.8229 1959.9069 1839.8494 1942.8804
18 1985.8862 2030.9440 2002.9127 2013.9175
19 2113.9811 2131.9917 2131.0077 2114.9652
```

R> par(op)



m/z AIAELDTLNEESYK / 1799: Scan 3246 (rt=67.4676) [/p474/Proteomics/ORBI_1/jonas_20080530_bhdaten_doro/20071028_bh_0710291



 $\label{localized-lambda} A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \ | A \$

The following code snippet combine all the function to a simple peptide search engine. As default arguments the mass spec measurement, a list of mZ and intensity arrays, and a character vector of peptide sequences is given.

```
R> peptideSearch <- function (x,
                               peptideSequence,
                               pimIdx = parentIonMass(peptideSequence),
+
       peptideMassTolerancePPM = 5,
       framentIonMassToleranceDa = 0.01,
       FUN = .byIon)
   {
       query.mass <- ((x$pepmass * x$charge)) - (1.007825 * (x$charge -
+
+
       eps <- query.mass * peptideMassTolerancePPM * 1e-06</pre>
       lower <- findNN(query.mass - eps, pimIdx)</pre>
       upper <- findNN(query.mass + eps, pimIdx)</pre>
       rv <- lapply(peptideSequence[lower:upper], function(p) {</pre>
           psm(p, x, plot = FALSE, FUN = FUN)
       })
       rv.error <- sapply(rv, function(p) {</pre>
           sum(abs(p$mZ.Da.error) < framentIonMassToleranceDa)</pre>
       7)
       idx.tophit <- which(rv.error == max(rv.error))[1]</pre>
       data.frame(mass_error = eps,
                   idxDiff = upper - lower,
                   charge = x$charge,
                  pepmass = query.mass,
                  peptideSequence = rv[[idx.tophit]]$sequence,
                  groundTrue.peptideSequence = x$peptideSequence,
                  ms2hit = (rv[[idx.tophit]]$sequence ==
                  x$peptideSequence), hit = (x$peptideSequence %in%
                  peptideSequence[lower:upper]))
  }
```

4. Quantification

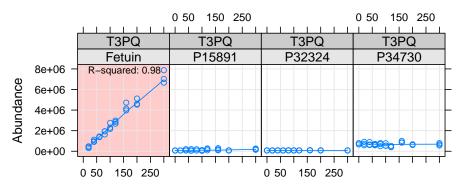
For an overview on Quantitative Proteomics read Bantscheff, Lemeer, Savitski, and Kuster (2012); Cappadona, Baker, Cutillas, Heck, and van Breukelen (2012). The authors are aware that meaningful statistics usually require a much higher number of biological replicates. In almost all cases there are not more than three to six repetitions. For the moment there are limited options due to the availability of machine time and the limits of the technologies.

4.1. Label-free methods on protein level

The data set fetuinLFQ contains a subset of our results descriped in Grossmann, Roschitzki, Panse, Fortes, Barkow-Oesterreicher, Rutishauser, and Schlapbach (2010). The example be-

low shows a visualization using trellis plots. It graphs the abundance of four protein independency from the fetuin concentration spiked into the sample.

```
R> library(lattice)
R> data(fetuinLFQ)
R> cv<-1-1:7/10
R> t<-trellis.par.get("strip.background")</pre>
R> t$col<-(rgb(cv,cv,cv))</pre>
R> trellis.par.set("strip.background",t)
R> print(xyplot(abundance~conc|prot*method,
       groups=prot,
       xlab="Fetuin concentration spiked into experiment [fmol]",
       ylab="Abundance",
       aspect=1,
       data=fetuinLFQ$t3pq[fetuinLFQ$t3pq$prot
           %in% c('Fetuin', 'P15891', 'P32324', 'P34730'),],
       panel = function(x, y, subscripts, groups) {
           if (groups[subscripts][1] == "Fetuin") {
               panel.fill(col="#ffcccc")
           }
           panel.grid(h=-1, v=-1)
           panel.xyplot(x, y)
           panel.loess(x,y, span=1)
           if (groups[subscripts][1] == "Fetuin") {
               panel.text(min(fetuinLFQ$t3pq$conc),
                   max(fetuinLFQ$t3pq$abundance),
                   paste("R-squared:",
                   round(summary(lm(x~y))$r.squared,2)),
                   cex=0.75,
                   pos=4)
           }
       }
  ))
```



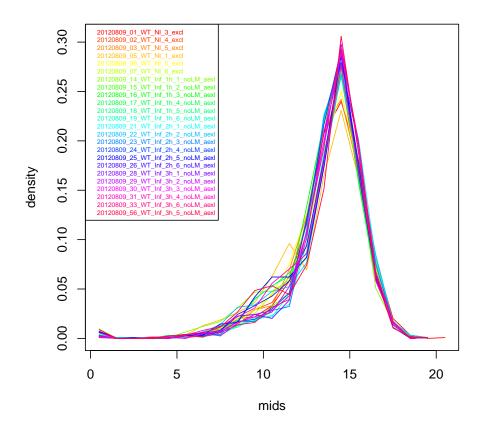
Fetuin concentration spiked into experiment [fmol]

The plot shows the estimated concentration of the four proteins using the top three most intense peptides. The Fetuin peptides are spiked in with increasing concentration while the three other yeast proteins are kept stable in the background.

4.2. pgLFQ – LCMS based label-free quantification

LCMS based label-free quantification is a very popular method to extract relative quantitative information from mass spectrometry experiments. At the FGCZ we use the software ProgenesisLCMS for this workflow http://www.nonlinear.com/products/progenesis/lc-ms/overview/. Progenesis is a graphical software which does the aligning between several LCMS experiments, extracts signal intensities from LCMS maps and annotates the master map with peptide and protein labels.

```
+ mids<-c(mids, h$mids)
+ density<-c(density, h$density)
+ }
+ plot(mids,density, type='n')
+ for (i in 1:n) {
+ h<-hist(data[,i],nbins, plot=FALSE)
+ lines(h$mids,h$density, col=my.col[i])
+ }
+ legend("topleft", names(data), cex=0.5,
+ text.col=my.col
+ )
+ }
R> par(mfrow=c(1,1));
R> featureDensityPlot(asinh(pgLFQfeature$"Normalized abundance"),
+ nbins=25)
```



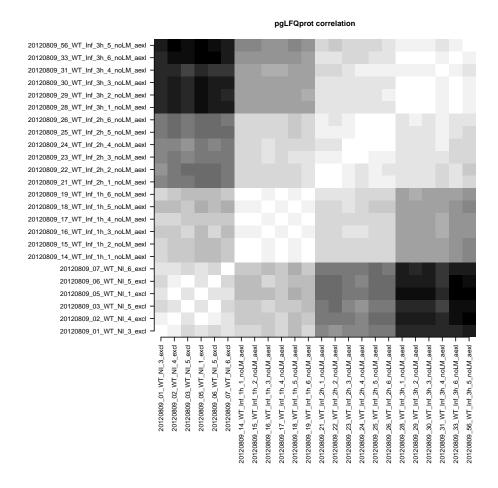
The featureDensityPlot shows the normalized signal intensity distribution (asinh transformed) over 24 LCMS runs which are aligned in this experiment.

```
R> op<-par(mfrow=c(1,1),mar=c(18,18,4,1),cex=0.5)
R> samples<-names(pgLFQfeature$"Normalized abundance")</pre>
```

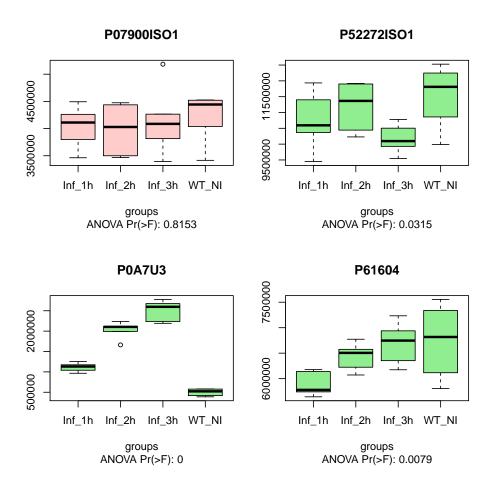
```
R> image(cor(asinh(pgLFQfeature$"Normalized abundance")),
+ col=gray(seq(0,1,length=20)),
+ main='pgLFQfeature correlation',
+ axes=FALSE)
R> axis(1,at=seq(from=0, to=1,
+ length.out=length(samples)),
+ labels=samples, las=2)
R> axis(2,at=seq(from=0, to=1,
+ length.out=length(samples)), labels=samples, las=2)
R> par(op)
```

pgLFQfeature correlation 20120809_56_WT_Inf_3h_5_noLM_aexI 20120809_33_WT_Inf_3h_6_noLM_aexI 20120809_31_WT_Inf_3h_4_noLM_aexI 20120809 30 WT Inf 3h 3 noLM aexl 20120809_29_WT_Inf_3h_2_noLM_aexl 20120809_28_WT_Inf_3h_1_noLM_aexI 20120809_26_WT_Inf_2h_6_noLM_aexI 20120809_25_WT_Inf_2h_5_noLM_aexl 20120809_24_WT_Inf_2h_4_noLM_aexI 20120809_23_WT_Inf_2h_3_noLM_aexI 20120809_22_WT_Inf_2h_2_noLM_aexI 20120809_21_WT_Inf_2h_1_noLM_aexI 20120809_19_WT_Inf_1h_6_noLM_aexI 20120809 18 WT Inf 1h 5 noLM aexl 20120809_17_WT_Inf_1h_4_noLM_aexl 20120809_16_WT_Inf_1h_3_noLM_aexI 20120809 15 WT Inf 1h 2 noLM aexl 20120809_14_WT_Inf_1h_1_noLM_aexl 20120809_07_WT_NI_6_excl 20120809_06_WT_NI_5_excl 20120809_05_WT_NI_1_excl 20120809_03_WT_NI_5_excl 20120809 02 WT NI 4 excl 20120809 01 WT NI 3 excl N_1_excl NI_6_excl aex 16_WT_Inf_1h_3_noLM_aexl aex 20120809_18_WT_Inf_1h_5_noLM_aexl aex aex _02_WT_NI_4_excl 20120809_03_WT_NI_5_exd _14_WT_Inf_1h_1_noLM_aexl 20120809_21_WT_Inf_2h_1_noLM_aexl .WT_Inf_2h_3_noLM_aexl 5_noLM_aexl 20120809_26_WT_Inf_2h_6_noLM_aexl _Inf_3h_1_noLM_aexl 20120809_31_WT_Inf_3h_4_noLM_aexl 15_WT_Inf_1h_2_noLM_ 19_WT_Inf_1h_6_noLM_a .22_WT_Inf_2h_2_noLM_ 24_WT_Inf_2h_4_noLM_ Inf_3h_3_noLM_ 17_WT_Inf_1h_4_noLM_ WT_Inf_2h_ 8 -0 ķ 25_ 28 20120809_23_ 20120809_

This image plot shows the correlation between runs on feature level (values are asinh transformed). White is perfect correlation while black indicates a poor correlation.



This figure shows the correlation between runs on protein level (values are asinh transformed). White is perfect correlation while black indicates a poor correlation. Striking is the fact that the six biological replicates for each condition cluster very well.

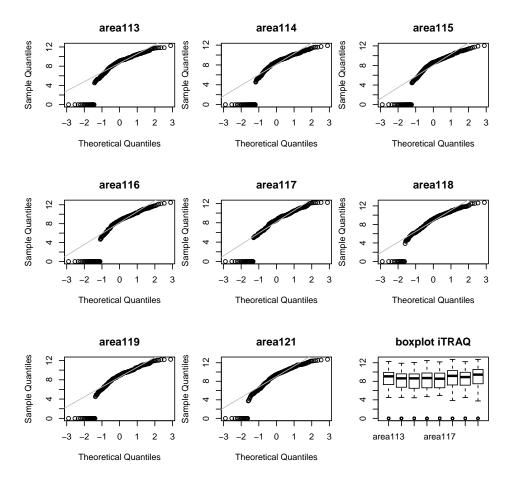


This figure shows the result for four proteins which either differ significantly in expression across conditions (green boxplots) using an analysis of variance test, or non-differing protein expression (red boxplot).

4.3. iTRAQ – Two Group Analysis

The data for the next section is an iTRAQ-8-plex experiment where two conditions are compared (each condition has four biological replicates)

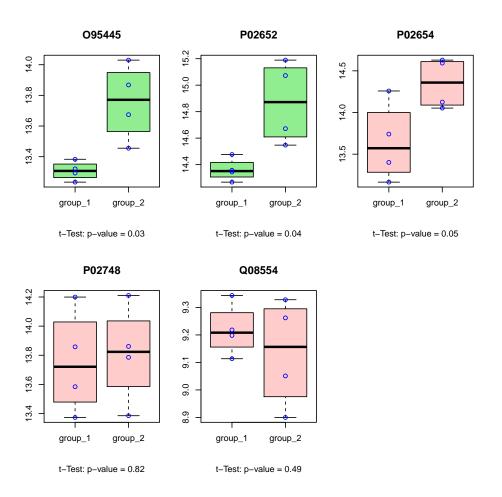
Sanity Check



A first quality check to see if all reporter ion channels are having the same distributions. Shown in the figure are Q-Q plots of the individual reporter channels against a normal distribution. The last is a boxplot for all individual channels.

On Protein Level

```
+
    if (tt.p_value < 0.05)
        boxplot.color='lightgreen'
+
    b<-boxplot(as.numeric(group1Protein[i,]),
        as.numeric(group2Protein[i,]),
        main=row.names(group1Protein)[i],
        sub=paste("t-Test: p-value =", round(tt.p_value,2)),
        col=boxplot.color,
        axes=FALSE)
+ axis(1, 1:2, c('group_1','group_2')); axis(2); box()
+
points(rep(1,b$n[1]), as.numeric(group1Protein[i,]), col='blue')
+ points(rep(2,b$n[2]), as.numeric(group2Protein[i,]), col='blue')
+ }</pre>
```



This figure shows five proteins which are tested if they differ across conditions using the four biological replicates with a t-test.

On Peptide Level

10

67213.62

The same can be done on peptide level using the protViz function iTRAQ2GroupAnalysis.

```
R> data(iTRAQ)
R> q <- iTRAQ2GroupAnalysis(data=iTRAQ,</pre>
       group1=c(3,4,5,6),
       group2=7:10,
       INDEX=paste(iTRAQ$prot,iTRAQ$peptide),
       plot=FALSE)
R > q[1:10,]
                              name p_value Group1.area113
1
                   095445 AFLLTPR
                                      0.056
                                                    1705.43
2
                   095445 DGLCVPR
                                      0.161
                                                    2730.41
3
                 095445 MKDGLCVPR
                                                   28726.38
                                     0.039
4
                                                    4221.31
                095445 NQEACELSNN
                                     0.277
5
                 095445 SLTSCLDSK
                                     0.036
                                                   20209.66
6
     PO2652 AGTELVNFLSYFVELGTQPA
                                                    4504.97
                                      0.640
7
    PO2652 AGTELVNFLSYFVELGTQPAT
                                      0.941
                                                   67308.30
                                                    4661.54
   PO2652 AGTELVNFLSYFVELGTQPATQ
                                      0.338
8
9
     PO2652 EPCVESLVSQYFQTVTDYGK
                                                    4544.56
                                      0.115
10
                  P02652 EQLTPLIK
                                      0.053
                                                   24596.42
   Group1.area114 Group1.area115 Group1.area116 Group2.area117
1
          1459.10
                            770.65
                                           3636.40
                                                           3063.48
2
          1852.90
                           1467.65
                                           2266.88
                                                           2269.57
3
         15409.81
                          19050.13
                                          58185.02
                                                          51416.05
4
          4444.28
                           2559.23
                                           6859.71
                                                           5545.12
5
         14979.02
                                          37572.56
                                                          30687.57
                          12164.94
6
          4871.88
                           2760.53
                                           9213.41
                                                           6728.62
7
         46518.21
                          33027.14
                                         111629.30
                                                          94531.76
8
          3971.82
                           2564.39
                                           8269.73
                                                           6045.30
9
          4356.51
                           2950.48
                                           6357.90
                                                           6819.99
10
         22015.94
                                                          33197.47
                          18424.56
                                          49811.91
   Group2.area118 Group2.area119 Group2.area121
1
          4046.73
                           2924.49
                                           5767.87
2
          3572.32
                           2064.82
                                           2208.92
3
         70721.05
                                          60359.72
                          38976.42
4
         11925.66
                           6371.50
                                          15656.92
5
         39176.99
                          34417.66
                                          54439.22
6
         14761.96
                           7796.29
                                          18681.60
7
        168775.00
                          83526.72
                                         168032.50
8
         13724.92
                           7426.84
                                          17214.87
9
         10265.84
                           7012.92
                                          14279.22
```

40030.86

87343.38

5. Pressure Profiles QC

A common problem with mass spec setup is the pure reliability of the high-pressure pump. The following graphics provide visualizations for quality control.

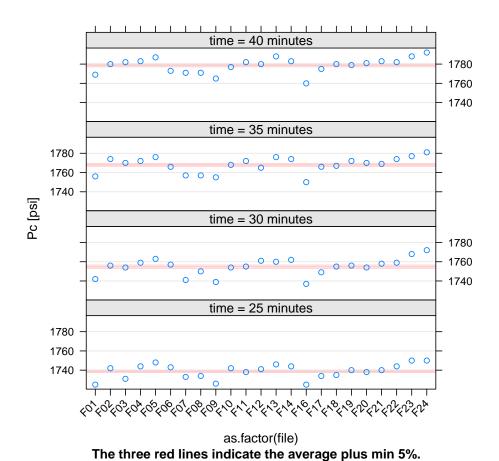
An overview of the pressure profile data can be seen by using the ppp function.

```
R> data(pressureProfile)
R> ppp(pressureProfile)
```

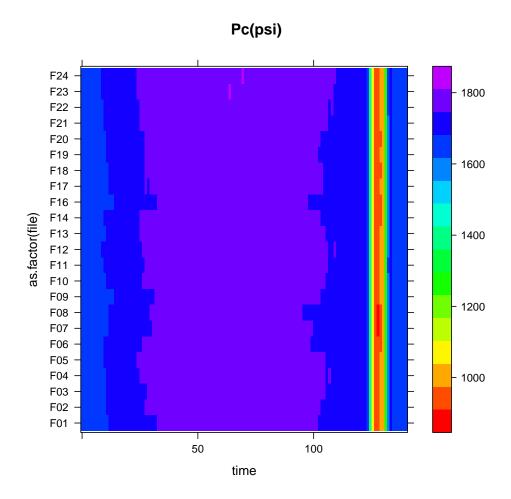
The lines plots the pressure profiles data on a scatter plot "Pc" versus "time" grouped by time range (no figure because of too many data items).

The Trellis xyplot shows the Pc development over each instrument run to a specified relative runtime $(25, 30, \ldots)$.

```
R> pp.data<-pps(pressureProfile, time=seq(25,40,by=5))</pre>
R> print(xyplot(Pc ~ as.factor(file) | paste("time =",
       as.character(time), "minutes"),
       panel = function(x, y){
           m<-sum(y)/length(y)</pre>
           m5 < -(max(y) - min(y)) * 0.05
           panel.abline(h=c(m-m5,m,m+m5),
                col=rep("#ffcccc",3),lwd=c(1,2,1))
           panel.grid(h=-1, v=0)
           panel.xyplot(x, y)
       },
       ylab='Pc [psi]',
       layout=c(1,4),
       sub='The three red lines indicate the average plus min 5%.',
       scales = list(x = list(rot = 45)),
       data=pp.data))
```



While each panel in the xyplot above shows the data to a given point in time, we try to use the levelplot to get an overview of the whole pressure profile data.



The **protViz** package has also been used in (Grossmann *et al.* 2010; Nanni, Panse, Gehrig, Mueller, Grossmann, and Schlapbach 2013; Panse, Trachsel, Grossmann, and Schlapbach 2015; Kockmann, Trachsel, Panse, Wahlander, Selevsek, Grossmann, Wolski, and Schlapbach 2016; Bilan, Leutert, Nanni, Panse, and Hottiger 2017; Egloff, Zimmermann, Arnold, Hutter, Morger, Opitz, Poveda, Keserue, Panse, Roschitzki, and Seeger 2018).

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A. Session information

An overview of the package versions used to produce this document are shown below.

• R version 3.6.1 (2019-07-05), x86_64-pc-linux-gnu

- Locale: LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8, LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8, LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NAME=C, LC_ADDRESS=C, LC_TELEPHONE=C, LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8, LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
- Running under: Debian GNU/Linux 10 (buster)
- Matrix products: default
- BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/atlas/libblas.so.3.10.3
- LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/atlas/liblapack.so.3.10.3
- Base packages: base, datasets, graphics, grDevices, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: lattice 0.20-38, protViz 0.5.1, xtable 1.8-4
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): codetools 0.2-16, compiler 3.6.1, grid 3.6.1, Rcpp 1.0.3, tools 3.6.1

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