

Developing for Deterministic Delivery

you are lost without a process





who's this clown

- mykel.alvis (at) gmail.com
- devops coach at Cotiviti Labs
- lawful evil with neutral tendencies
- fixated on deterministic outcomes
- probably not a shapeshifting, mind-controlling <u>lizardman</u>
- @mykelalvis
- works in a regulated industry



when i look at the matrix i see..

- developers or ops or analysts or testers
- you're all pretty much the same in intent or result
- write code or deploy code or other stuff
- maybe you document that stuff, but probably not
- maybe you realize how hard your stuff is to deal with, but probably not











- provide very limited assurances
- make an inoffensive architecture
- apply process
- apply even more testing
- produce immutable results
- deal with dependency management
- execute continuous improvement
- use your immutable results



[tl];dr ftw! 2 electric boogaloo

- a formal <u>release</u> process
- using <u>controlled</u> source code
- with <u>managed</u> dependencies
- and <u>versioned</u> builds
- that are <u>tested</u> AF
- and <u>continuously</u> integrated
- producing <u>immutable</u> artifacts
- that you keep <u>forever*</u>



the way™

- write your code
- unit and integration test your code
- identify your code (version it)
- note that identification (make a tag!)
- checkout that tag and make an artifact
- save that artifact
- only use that artifact
- repeat



mr webster is rolling over

- artifact
 - some thingy or another, produced somehow
 - a metaphorical bucket of bytes
- platform
 - somewhere that you want some <u>artifact</u> to be <u>available</u> to its consumer
- environment
 - some precisely configured platform
- availability
 - the state of being accessible to a consumer



mr webster is still rolling over

- version
 - o identifying signature of an artifact
- build
 - produce a potential artifact
- release
 - <u>build</u> of an *immutable* <u>version</u> of an <u>artifact</u>
- deployment
 - induce availability of an artifact in an environment (see what I did there?)



the pedantic view from 30,000 feet

- everything in your life is or has a process
- all process has a flow
- all flows change over time
- jobs are executions of these flows that we get paid to execute
- we use process to *increase* more of the -ilities



- just because there's a fixed process doesn't mean that it always executes the same way every time
- because chaos is omnipresent
- and chaos is not your friend
- but neither is it necessarily your enemy
- it shows your the edges of your system



keep rollin', rollin', rollin'

- determinism (not *precisely* the philosophical definition)
- 1. the belief that all events are caused by things that happened before them and that people have no real ability to make choices or control what happens
- a theory or doctrine that acts of the will, occurrences in nature, or social or psychological phenomena are causally determined by preceding events or natural laws





so?

- your stuff is prolly complicated
- your stuff is prolly error-prone
- it prolly has more steps that it should
- it is prolly difficult to replicate
- it is nigh-certainly human-centric
- delivering your stuff to the customer is literally the only valid job in any enterprise and frequently is not done well





the goal

- i want to play video games all day
- i only want to be disturbed if something is actually wrong
- automated deployment
- automatic maintenance of the deploy
- documentation back to source
- reliability
- repeatability
- auditability





whazzat really mean?

- "<u>deterministic</u>" implies "predictable"
 - well, that's how i'm using it here
- "predictable" actually means "somewhat reasonably predictable"
 - within constraints of "reasonable"
- "<u>reasonably predictable</u>" is pretty h*ckin' good

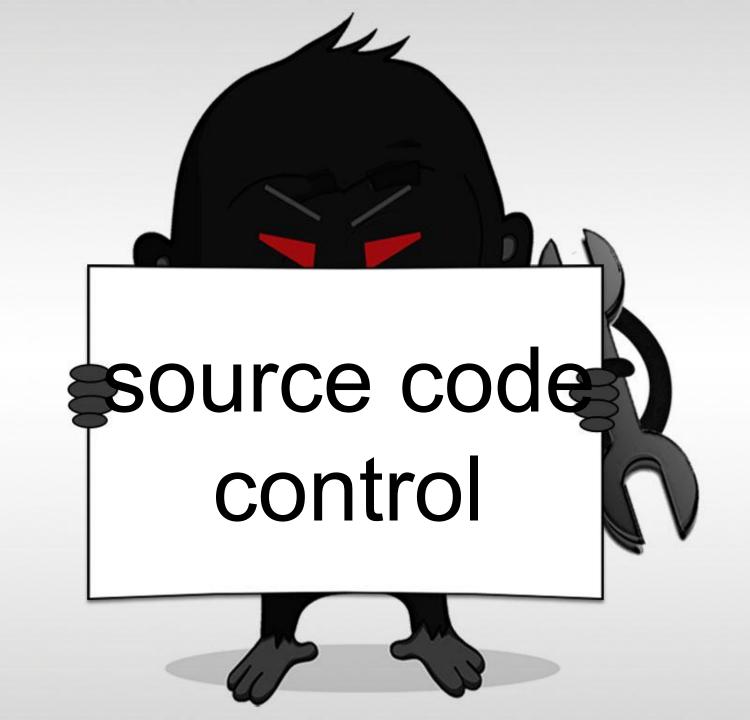






so how do we do it?

- we're trying to solve
 - o an impossible problem
 - and produce an impossible result
 - with deficient tools
 - held to an oft-unreasonable standard by the enterprise
- how can we approach this problem?
- how did mykel do it?





- source code control
- use it or seriously be considered a fool
- learn to do merges properly
- establish a reasonable scm workflow
- which tool you use is <u>way</u> less important than the workflow you use





to serve man

- there are many mechanisms to handle this problem
- some of them are better than others, for various variances on the term "better"
- ymmv





and relative dimensions in space

- tags are a pretty easy way
 - o git tag -a homeslice-1.0.0 -m "Taggin the homeslice"
 - volatile in git/hg, but not subversion
- tags let you talk about <u>specific points in</u> <u>time</u> via source control
- people who don't tag their code piss me off



buckets o' code

- containers [+ [micro-]services]
- easily deployed
- ok to configure and connect
- h*cking pain to maintain
- continue to improve as a technology





- managing a container deployment can be pretty difficult
- getting way better
- kubernetes is The Way™





old_kit_bag.pack(troubles)

- external management systems
- SaaS/PaaS/laaS
- Cloud Formations
- Atlas et al
- marriage (i.e typically a long-term thing)





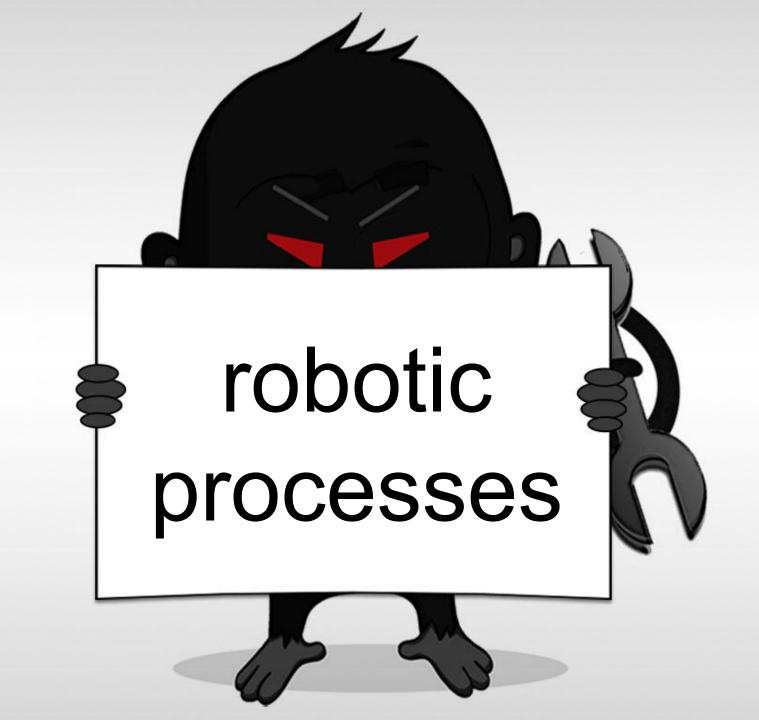
perversions of science

- some twisted, proprietary mechanism
 - (it's sort of what I'm doing)
- definitely works for you
- definitely challenging to maintain
- again, marriage
- this time your spouse is a monster



- no one wants the responsibility
- no one really wants the authority
- the business always wants accountability
- so take all of it away from humans
- give your delivery over to a fixed process







- hand the responsibility over to a robot
- hubot and the like are fine candidates
- robots are developed just like other code
- bootstrapping is a good approach





- immutable != stagnant
 - allows ignoring change requests for existing things
 - intrinsically repeatable (by my definition!)
- any given system must be stable
 - make it stable
 - if it needs to change, replace it
 - o but what to replace it with?







and relative dimensions in space pt2

- replace old versions with a new version
 - o duh
- semantic versions
 - a view of namespaces into functionality
 - specify api compatibility
- provide a good fall back





- versioned <u>environments</u> tied to deploys
- deployment of a versioned artifact is itself versioned
- versioned deployments are trackable
 - (remember that versions imply releases)
- but even versioned deployments can be arbitrarily complex
- somewhat unsolved: how do we address the complexity of the deployment itself?





think of the kittens

- dependency management is 50-85% of your job
- and you probably aren't doing it very well
- so h*cks sake, use a dependency caching-proxy
 - nexus
 - artifactory
 - gem/geminabox
 - O ANYTHING!





duplo blocks: architecture 098

- separation of concerns is a concern
- looser coupling is harder to write and easier to iterate on
- refactoring is always less work than re-writing
 - but might not be as fun
 - ask your boss if you get paid for the fun



legos: architecture 101

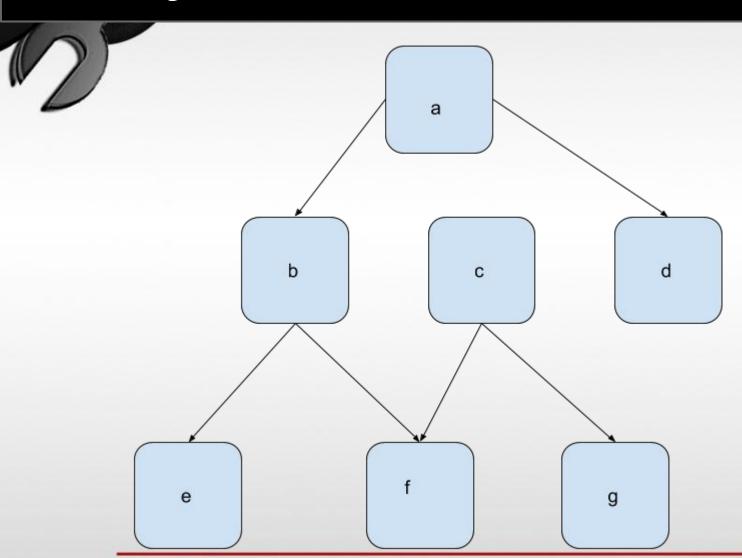
- arbitrary complexity must be encapsulated
- encapsulated complexity must be versioned
- versioned complexity must be orchestrated
- and tracked
- and audited
- and blah blah
- in short, and to use a dirty word in the devops space, <u>enforced</u>



there's stormtroopers comin', pa!

- enforcement doesn't mean being a h*kin a-hole
 - unless it does, then be one
- you must decide which set of things you want to be deterministic
- the costs of determinism can be quite high
- you need to get the process internalized into the executors





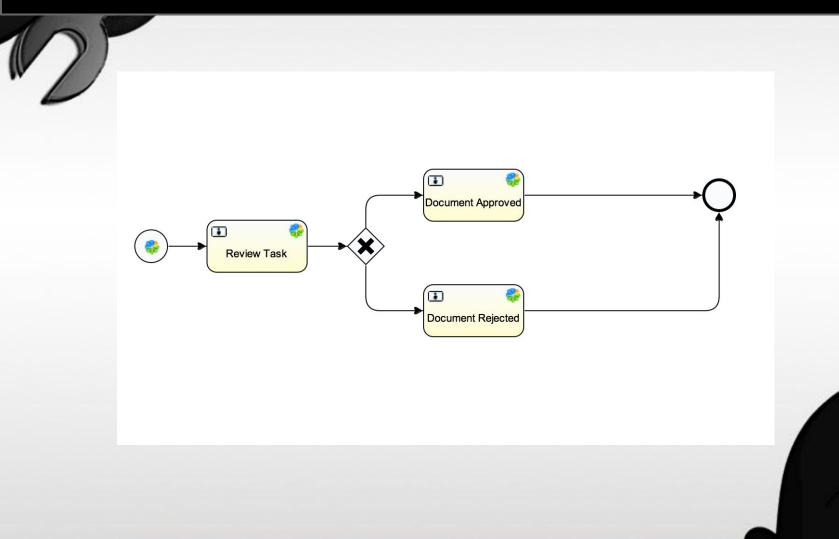
- A. wake
- B. bathe
- C. clothes
- D. coffee
- E. food
- F. car
- G. work



- workflows allow orchestration
- engines running it are typically solid
 - o they can be kinda clunky to deal with
 - o and they're like democracy
- design to be as linear as possible
- jenkins works just fine for beginner workflows



what does it look like





what does it really look like

```
if (typeof bpm_workflowDueDate != 'undefined') task.setVariableLocal('bpm_dueDate', bpm_workflowDueDate);
                           if (typeof bpm_workflowPriority != 'undefined') task.priority = bpm_workflowPriority;
                   <activiti:taskListener event="complete" class="org.alfresco.repo.workflow.activiti.tasklistener.ScriptTaskListener">
                      <activiti:field name="script">
49⊕
50⊖
                         <activiti:string>
                            if(task.getVariableLocal('wf_reviewOutcome') == 'Approve') {
51
                                 var newApprovedCount = wf_approveCount + 1;
53
                                 var newApprovedPercentage = (newApprovedCount / wf_reviewerCount) * 100;
54
55
                                 execution.setVariable('wf_approveCount', newApprovedCount);
56
                                 execution.setVariable('wf_actualPercent', newApprovedPercentage);
57
58
                        </activiti:strina>
59
                     </activiti:field>
60
                  </activiti:taskListener>
61
              </extensionElements>
62
              <humanPerformer>
63⊖
640
                    <resourceAssignmentExpression>
65
                        <formalExpression>${reviewAssignee.properties.userName}</formalExpression>
66
                    </resourceAssignmentExpression>
67
              </humanPerformer>
68
69
              <!-- For each assignee, task is created -->
```



nothing is ever enough

- but that was more than just a bit clunky
- versioning wasn't impossible, just [too] hard
- automated deployment was [quite] hard
- the results weren't deterministic enough [for me]



- build a versioned model of a system
- "realize" the model (this is the exceptionally tricky part)
- profit!

















