Package 'iOmicsPASSplus'

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Type Package
Title A R-package for iOmicsPASS
Version 1.0
Description This is a R-package for carrying out multiple-omics data integration using networks, in a systems biology approach. The tool integrates up to three types of -omics data using networks as input to create co-expression scores. Then using a supervised approach, it identifies a set of subnetwork signatures that best discriminate between phenotypic outcomes. If there is no known network, the tool includes a network inference module that estimates a partial correlation network. The package also includes additional functionalities such as a prediction module for classifying samples based on identified signatures. License GPL (>=2)
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iOmicsPASSplus-package

Integrative -Omics for Prediction Analysis of Subnetwork Signatures – version 2 extended

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Description

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iOmicsPASSplus is a R-package incorporating iOmicsPASS (Koh et al., 2019), extended to other types of -omics data allowing for flexibility and increasing usability. It includes several module including a network inference module, NetDeconvolute() using graphical LASSO to estimate a sparse inverse covariance matrix, creating a confounding-free partial correlation network among features from up to three -omics datasets. The estimated network can be used to create co-expression scores in iOmicsPASS.R() to identify predictive signatures that best separates phenotypic outcomes. Those signatures can also be used to assign new samples with the same -omics data available into the phenotypic outcomes using Predict.iOmicsPASS().

Note

User needs to have a GNU compiler to compile the C++ program. Detailed steps can be found in the vignette.

Author(s)

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bioPathways

Biological pathways collated from multiple databases.

Description

A data frame with information of the biological pathways that each gene symbol is associated with, collated from multiple databases including Gene Ontology (GO) Consortium, KEGG, Reactome Pathway database and ConsensusPathDB.

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Usage

```
data(bioPathways)
```

Format

A data frame with 17,250 unique gene symbols and 14,598 unique biological pathways:

Genesym Gene symbol

Pathwayid Pathway Identifier

Function Description of the pathway

For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/

createInputParam

Create Input parameter file for iOmicsPASS

Description

Create Input parameter file for iOmicsPASS

Usage

```
createInputParam(
  data.X,
  data.Y = NULL,
  data.Z = NULL,
  within.net = NULL,
  btw.net = NULL,
  dir = "iOmicsPASS/inputFiles/",
  phenotype = NULL,
  pathway = NULL,
  standardize.data = T,
  log.transform = F,
  normalizeBy = NULL,
  min.obs = 5,
  min.prop = 0.8,
  knn.impute = F,
  knn.k = 10,
  max.block.impute = 1000,
  Cross.Validate = TRUE,
  num.Kfold = 5,
  min.thres = NULL,
  Enrichment = TRUE,
  tag = NULL,
  usePrior = FALSE,
  priorfile = NULL,
  bg.prop = 0.2,
  min.bg.size = 3,
  min.sig.size = 1
)
```

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Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{data.X} & \text{dataframe X} \\ \text{data.Y} & \text{dataframe Y} \\ \text{data.Z} & \text{dataframe Z} \end{array}$

within.net network file for creating edges within X

btw.net network file for creating edges between X and Y

dir directory pointing to the location of the files

phenotype file with group sample information
pathway pathway file for network enrichment

standardize.data

whether to standardize each data (default=TRUE)

log.transform whether to log-transform each data (default=FALSE)

normalizeBy Either "Y" or "Z". if "Y", coexpression scores in X are normalized by Y and if

"Z", coexpression scores in X are normalized by Z.

min.obs minimum number of non-missing observations requires across each feature in

each phenotypic outcome.

min.prop minimum proportion of non-missing observations requires across each feature

in each phenotypic outcome.

knn. impute whether to perform K-nearest neighbor imputation for missing entries

knn.k number of folds for K-nearest neighbor imputation

max.block.impute

number of blocks of samples to consider in KNN imputation

Cross. Validate Whether to run cross-validation (default=TRUE)

num.Kfold number of folds in CV

min. thres threshold to be used to derive the shrunken centroids in iOmicsPASS

Enrichment Whether to run network enrichment (default=TRUE)

tag a string that will be appended to the end of the output files like a tag.

usePrior whether to use an input prior to classify samples in discriminant model. If false,

equal prior will be used.(default=FALSE)

priorfile file of the prior probabilities calculated from createPrior().

bg.prop minimum proportion of features in each pathway that are also present in the

background list.

min.bg.size minimum number of features in each pathway that are also present in the back-

ground list.

min.sig.size minimum number of features in each pathway that are both part of the signature

and present in the background list.

Value

a parameter file for input into iOmicsPASS.R()

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Examples

```
data(PhenotypeFile)
data(bioPathways)

## Running with estimated network from NetDeconvolute() ##
createInputParam(data.X="Combined_data.txt", within.net="Estimated_Network_glasso.txt",
phenotype =PhenotypeFile, Enrichment=FALSE)

## with Network-based pathway Enrichment ##
createInputParam(data.X="Combined_data.txt", within.net="Estimated_Network_glasso.txt",
phenotype =PhenotypeFile, pathway =bioPathways, Enrichment=TRUE)

data(Tulip_Protein)
data(Tulip_microRNA)
data(PPI_network)
data(TargetScan_network)

## Using known biological networks ##
createInputParam(data.X=Tulip_Protein,data.Y=Tulip_microRNA,phenotype =PhenotypeFile,
log.transform=TRUE,btw.net=TargetScan_network,within.net=PPI_network, Enrichment=FALSE)
```

createPrior

Create prior probabilities for discriminant model in iOmicsPASS

Description

Create prior probabilities for discriminant model in iOmicsPASS

Usage

```
createPrior(
  FILE,
  y = NULL,
  var.cat = NULL,
  testFile = NULL,
  predict = FALSE,
  outputDir = "iOmicsPASS/inputFiles/",
  tag = NULL
)
```

Arguments

FILE	dataframe with sample ID in the row names and clinical characteristics (for adjustment) in the columns.
У	character string of the phenotypic or group variable.
var.cat	a string or a vector of string matching the column names of FILE that are categorical variables.
testFile	dataframe for test samples matching the colnames and variables in FILE
predict	Whether or not to predict probabilities on a test dataset
outputDir	directory to write the outputfile
tag	a string that will be appended to the end of the output files like a tag.

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Value

a dataframe with class probabilities assigned to each sample, used as prior in iOmicsPASS

Examples

```
data(PhenotypeFile)
PhenotypeFile2 = PhenotypeFile
row.names(PhenotypeFile2) = PhenotypeFile$TulipID
PhenotypeFile2=PhenotypeFile2[,-1]
prior_out = createPrior(PhenotypeFile2, y = "Group",outputDir = "iOmicsPASS/inputFiles/")
prior_test = createPrior(PhenotypeFile2, y = "Group",predict=TRUE, testFile = TestData)
```

INSTALL.iOmicsPASS

Compile and build the C++ program for running iOmicsPASS

Description

Compile and build the C++ program for running iOmicsPASS

Usage

```
INSTALL.iOmicsPASS(currDir = NULL)
```

Arguments

currDir

Current directory where iOmicsPASSv2plus is unzipped and where the makefile is.

Examples

```
# set your working directory to iOmicsPASSv2plus folder #
INSTALL.iOmicsPASS()
```

iOmicsPASS.R

Carry out Predictive Analysis of Subnetwork Signatures

Description

Carry out Predictive Analysis of Subnetwork Signatures

Usage

```
iOmicsPASS.R(
   ff = "input.param",
   outputDir = "iOmicsPASS/Output/",
   Cross.Validate = TRUE,
   plotCV = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

ff	input parameter
outputDir	directory to write the output files (default output to "iOmicsPASS/Output/")
Cross.Validate	Whether or not cross-validation was performed in iOmicsPASS (default = TRUE)
plotCV	Whether or not to plot the performance of the cross-validation (default = TRUE)

Value

dataframe with iOmicsPASS parameters used for prediction, multiple text files and plots written to output directory.

- Attributes Table.txt Attributes table for every node in the network to be used in Cytoscape.
- BGlist.txt A list of edges that are present in both the network and the input data.
- CVerrors.txt A table of grid of threshold and their corresponding mean cross-validation errors and selected edges.
- CVplot_Penalty.pdf A plot of the mean cross-validation error against the grid of threshold used to shrink the centroid.
- EdgesSelected_minThres.txt dataframe with selected predictive edges and the dik scores for each phenotype that can be used to visualize directly in Cytoscape.
- Features_Neighbors.txt Attributes table with neighboring node information for each node in the network.
- PredictiveEdges_Parameters.txt A dataframe with with iOmicsPASS parameters used for prediction.
- SampleClass_Probabilities.txt A dataframe with class probabilities assigned to the samples input.
- Ztransform_XXX.txt Standardized data X/Y/Z.
- XXX_Enrichment_up.txt a dataframe with the results of the enrichment of the selected edges (over-expressed) out of all the edges in the network for each class.
- XXX_Enrichment_down.txt a dataframe with the results of the enrichment of the selected edges (under-expressed) out of all the edges in the network for each class.

Examples

```
data(PhenotypeFile)
data(bioPathways)

## Running with estimated network from NetDeconvolute() ##
createInputParam(data.X="Combined_data.txt", within.net="Estimated_Network_glasso.txt",
phenotype =PhenotypeFile,Enrichment=FALSE)
iOmicsPASS.output<-iOmicsPASS.R(ff="input_param")

## pick optimal threshold as 2.4 and turn off CV ##
## rerun with network-based pathway enrichment ##
createInputParam(data.X="Combined_data.txt", within.net="Estimated_Network_glasso.txt",
phenotype=PhenotypeFile,pathway=bioPathways,Enrichment=TRUE,min.thres=2.4,Cross.Validate=FALSE)

iOmicsPASS.output<-iOmicsPASS.R(ff="input_param",Cross.Validate=FALSE, plotCV=FALSE)

data(Tulip_Protein)
data(Tulip_microRNA)</pre>
```

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```
data(PPI_network)
data(TargetScan_network)

## Using known biological networks ##
createInputParam(data.X=Tulip_Protein,data.Y=Tulip_microRNA,phenotype=PhenotypeFile,
log.transform=TRUE,within.net=PPI_network,btw.net=TargetScan_network,Cross.Validate=TRUE,
Enrichment=FALSE, tag="KnownNetwork")
iOmicsPASS.output<-iOmicsPASS.R(ff="input_param_KnownNetwork")</pre>
```

NetDeconvolute

Network inference module

Description

This function helps to create an inferred partial correlation network via two approaches:(1) Supervised and (2) Hybrid. The supervised approach uses glasso to estimate a sparse inversed covariance matrix completely from the data alone. The hybrid approach combines a prior network with an estimated network from the supervised method to create a fused network.

Usage

```
NetDeconvolute(
  inputDat,
  detectOutliers = TRUE,
  option,
  Calibration = TRUE,
  tag = NULL,
  log.transform = TRUE,
  cutoff_fusedmat = 0.5,
  standardization = TRUE,
  NetworkFile = NULL,
  Plot.PCA = TRUE,
  Plot.modelSelect = TRUE,
  Plot.Covariance = TRUE,
  lambda.vec = NULL,
  numLambda = 30,
  numFolds = 5,
  criterion = c("AIC", "BIC", "eBIC", "CV"),
  optLambda = NULL,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

a list object containing up to three matrices (X, Y and Z) with features as the row.names and sample IDs on the columns.

detectOutliers whether to carry out outlier filtering using PCA. Outliers will be removed if outside of 4 SDs from the median of the first two PCs.

option option=1 for supervised method and option=2 for hybrid method.

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Calibration whether to carry out the model selection step by fitting glasso on a grid of lambda

values. To be turned off after picking an optimal lambda.

tag a string that will be appended to the end of the output files like a tag.

log.transform whether to log-transform each matrix in inputDat (default=TRUE)

cutoff_fusedmat

cut-off value between 0 to 1 used to convert the fused matrix into an adjacency

matrix.

standardization

whether to carry out standardization for each data in inputDat.

NetworkFile prior network file. File should indicate which data type the feature comes from

(i.e. X or Y) using "NodeA_DT" and "NodeB_DT" in case of same gene name.

Required if option=2 (hybrid).

Plot.PCA whether to output the plots of PCA of the input data (default=TRUE)

Plot.modelSelect

whether to output the plots to help pick a regularization parameter based on AIC,

BIC, eBIC and CV (default=TRUE).

Plot.Covariance

whether to output the heatmap illustrating the cross-covariance matrix. Not rec-

ommended if the dimension of the matrix exceeds 2000.

lambda.vec a vector of regularization parameter to use in the soft-thresholding in glasso.

numLambda number of values in the regularization parameter.

numFolds number of folds in the CV model selection

criterion c("AIC", "BIC", "eBIC", "CV"). Model selection criteria to use to pick the pa-

rameter that yield the best penalized log-likelihood.

optLambda value of the regularization parameter to use to estimate the sparse inverse co-

variance.

verbose whether to output steps and update status of running the function.

Value

Multiple output files with inferred network and estimated partial correlation matrix.

- PCAplot.pdf A panel of PCA plots of individual -omics data and combined data highlighting outliers.
- Boxplots_outliers.pdf A panel of boxplots of each -omics data across the samples, highlighting outliers
- Heatmap_CrossCovarianceMatrix.pdf A heatmap of the calculated cross-covariance matrix of the combined data.
- CalibrationPlots_glasso.pdf A multi-panel plot of four model selection criteria against a grid of lambda values to help user pick the optimal value.
- Plots_glasso.png a multipanel plot illustrating the derivation of the precision matrix from the cross-covariance matrix.
- Plots_Hybridmethod.png a multipanel plot illustrating the derivation of the precision matrix from supervised approach and combining the prior information to form the fused matrix in the hybrid approach.
- glasso_estimated_icov.txt a text file containing the estimated sparse inverse of the covariance matrix (also known as precision matrix).

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• PartialCorrelation_icov.txt - a text file containing the corresponding partial correlation calculated from the estimated inverse of covariance.

- Combined_data.txt A dataframe with the various -omics data concatenated together after standardization.
- Estimated_Network_glasso.txt The corresponding network file from the estimated precision matrix from the supervised approach.
- Fusednetwork_hybridmethod.txt The corresponding network file from the estimated fused matrix from the hybrid approach.

Examples

```
data(Tulip_Protein)
data(Tulip_microRNA)
row.names(Tulip_Protein) = Tulip_Protein$Protein
row.names(Tulip_microRNA) = Tulip_microRNA$miRNA
Tulip_Protein = Tulip_Protein[,-1]
Tulip_microRNA = Tulip_microRNA[,-1]
inputDat=list(Tulip_Protein, Tulip_microRNA)
names(inputDat) = c("Protein", "microRNA")
##########################
# supervised approach #
###########################
NetDeconvolute(inputDat, option=1,log.transform=TRUE, tag="supervised",criterion="eBIC",
Calibration=TRUE, verbose=T)
## you can also refine your lambda vector ##
lambda_new=exp(seq(log(0.5),log(0.01), length=30))
NetDeconvolute(inputDat, option=1,log.transform=TRUE, tag= "supervised2",criterion="eBIC",
Calibration=TRUE, lambda.vec=lambda_new, verbose=T)
# pick a threshold using the calibration plot with highest CVscore or lowest AIC/BIC/eBIC.
# Then turn off calibration to FALSE to re-running the cross-validation for glasso.
NetDeconvolute(inputDat, option=1,log.transform=TRUE,tag= "supervised",criterion="eBIC",
Calibration=FALSE, optLambda=0.38,verbose=TRUE)
####################
# hybrid approach #
#####################
data(TargetScan_network)
data(PPI_network)
TargetScan_network$NodeA_DT = "X"
TargetScan_network$NodeB_DT = "Y"
PPI_network$NodeA_DT = "X"
PPI\_network\$NodeB\_DT = "X"
colnames(TargetScan_network) = c("NodeA","NodeB","Dir","NodeA_DT","NodeB_DT")
colnames(PPI_network) = c("NodeA","NodeB","Dir","NodeA_DT","NodeB_DT")
PriorNet = rbind(TargetScan_network,PPI_network)
NetDeconvolute(inputDat, option=2, NetworkFile=PriorNet, tag="hybrid",criterion="eBIC",
log.transform=TRUE,Calibration=FALSE, optLambda=0.382, verbose=TRUE)
```

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PhenotypeFile

Phenotype file for the Tulip study

Description

A data frame with two columns containing the phenotype assigned to the 18 subjects where 8 were obese insulin resistant (OIR, HOMA-IR >2.5) and 9 were lean insulin-sensitive (LIS, HOMA-IR <1.0) normoglycemic males.

Usage

data(PhenotypeFile)

Format

A two-column data frame with 17 subjects (row) and their phenotype:

TulipID Subject identifier in the Tuplip study

Group Phenotypic group of each subject. OIR for obese insulin resistant and LIS for lean insulin sensitive.

Age Age of the subject

BMI Body mass index of each subject

For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/

Description

Plot Cross-validation performance

Usage

Plot_CrossValidation(outputdir)

Arguments

outputdir

directory pointing to CVerrors.txt.

Value

a PDF file with the performance plot

Examples

Plot_CrossValidation("iOmicsPASS/output/")

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PPI_network

Protein-Protein interaction network file

Description

A data frame with three columns where the first two columns contain the pairs of protein identifiers that chemically/physically interact with each other. The third column indicates the sign of the direction of that interaction, which are assumed to be all positive interactions here.

Usage

```
data(PPI_network)
```

Format

A data frame with 1,201 unique proteins containing 1,499 interactions:

```
geneA_genesym Gene symbol of Protein A
geneB_genesym Gene symbol of Protein B that is interacting with Protein A
sign Direction of protein-protein interaction, assumed to be all positive (indicated by 1)
For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/
```

Predict.iOmicsPASS

Classification on external dataset

Description

Classification on external dataset

Usage

```
Predict.iOmicsPASS(
   file,
   newData,
   standardize = TRUE,
   usePrior = FALSE,
   prior = NULL,
   prop = 0.8
)
```

Arguments

file output from running iOmicsPASS.R().

newData Test data where the various -omics data are concatenated over the same sam-

ples. First column should be the list of features to be matched to the predictive

signatures.

standardize whether to perform standardization on the data.

usePrior boolean.

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prior filename of prior.

prop proportion of features in test data that are part of the predictive signature. (de-

fault=0.8)

Value

a dataframe with the class probabilities for each sample

Examples

```
data(Tulip_Protein)
data(Tulip_microRNA)
data(PhenotypeFile)
data(PPI_network)
data(TargetScan_network)
row.names(Tulip_Protein) = Tulip_Protein$Protein
row.names(Tulip_microRNA) = Tulip_microRNA$miRNA
## create a testData by randomly sampling from original data ##
set.seed(22)
sample_pick = sample(PhenotypeFile$TulipID, 6) ## 4 LIS and 2 OIR
Tulip_Protein_test = Tulip_Protein[,c(1,match(sample_pick, colnames(Tulip_Protein)))]
Tulip_microRNA_test = Tulip_microRNA[,c(1,match(sample_pick, colnames(Tulip_microRNA)))]
PhenotypeFile_test = PhenotypeFile[which(PhenotypeFile$TulipID %in% sample_pick),]
row.names(PhenotypeFile_test) = PhenotypeFile_test$TulipID
row.names(PhenotypeFile) = PhenotypeFile$TulipID
prior_train = createPrior(PhenotypeFile[,-1], y = "Group",predict=FALSE)
createInputParam(data.X=Tulip_Protein, data.Y=Tulip_microRNA, within.net=PPI_network,
btw.net=TargetScan_network,log.transform=TRUE,phenotype =PhenotypeFile,
Enrichment=FALSE,usePrior = TRUE, priorfile = prior_train, tag="train")
iOmicsPASS.train <- iOmicsPASS.R(ff = "input_param_train")</pre>
createInputParam(data.X=Tulip\_Protein,\ data.Y=Tulip\_microRNA,\ within.net=PPI\_network,
btw.net=TargetScan_network,log.transform=TRUE,phenotype =PhenotypeFile,Cross.Validate=FALSE,
 min.thres=1.8,Enrichment=FALSE,usePrior = TRUE, priorfile = prior_train, tag="train")
 iOmicsPASS.train <- iOmicsPASS.R(ff = "input_param_train", plotCV=FALSE)</pre>
 ## predict test data using signatures from training data ##
testData=rbind(Tulip_Protein_test[,-1],Tulip_microRNA_test[,-1])
testData=log2(testData)
testData = data.frame(row.names(testData), testData, check.names=FALSE)
colnames(testData)[1] = "Feature"
 ## remove group information ##
PhenotypeFile_test=PhenotypeFile_test[,-2]
prior_test = createPrior(PhenotypeFile[,-1], y = "Group",predict=TRUE,
testFile = PhenotypeFile_test[,-1])
pred.out <- Predict.iOmicsPASS(iOmicsPASS.train , testData, standardize = TRUE,prop = 0.9,</pre>
 usePrior=T,prior=prior_test )
```

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TargetScan_network

microRNA to target gene network file

Description

A dataframe with three columns where the first two columns represent the miRNA probes and their genes targets. The third column indicates the direction of interaction, where microRNAs that are translation inhibitor of its target genes as negative and those that regulates gene translation as positive.

Usage

```
data(TargetScan_network)
```

Format

A data frame with 882 unique genes and 125 unique microRNAs with 8,533 microRNA-gene targets:

GeneSym Gene symbol

miRNA microRNA probe ID

sign Direction of miRNA-gene regulation where positive regulation of gene translation are indicated by 1 and inhibition of translation by -1.

For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/

Tulip_microRNA

microRNA data in Tulip study.

Description

A dataset containing 263 normalized microRNA copy number using multiplex RT-qPCR platform, MiRXES. Original data contains 368 microRNA probes and only those that were different (p<0.1) between insulin resistant and insulin sensitive individuals using 2-sample t-test were included in this example data.

Usage

```
data(Tulip_microRNA)
```

Format

A data frame with 263 microRNA probes (rows) across 17 subjects (columns):

miRNA microRNA probes

TulipXX Sample ID in Tulip study

For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/

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Tulip_Protein	Protein expression data in Tulip study. Original data contains 1,499 proteins quantified and only those that were different (p<0.1) between insulin resistant and insulin sensitive individuals using 2-sample t-test were included in this example data.
	•

Description

A dataset containing the 266 plasma protein abundance quantified by LC-MS across 17 males.

Usage

```
data(Tulip_Protein)
```

Format

A data frame with 1,499 proteins (rows) across 17 subjects (columns):

Protein Protein symbol

TulipXX Sample ID in Tulip study

For further details, see https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31024340/

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