ROMBASIC DEVELOPERS' MANUAL

For the Game *Terrarum* · First Edition

Contents

I	APIs and Libraries	5
1	Filesystem 1.1 Functions	6 6 7
2	Hexutils 2.1 Functions	9 9
3		10 10
4	,	11 11
5		13 13
6		15 15
7	Shell	16
8	Speaker	17
9	9.1 Functions	18 18 20 21 21
	10.1 Functions	22 22 22 24
	Machine	4 3

4 CONTENTS

Ш	Compatibility Layers—ComputerCraft	26
12	Bit 12.1 Functions	27
13	Colors 13.1 Constants 13.2 Functions	
14	Term	29
15	Filesystem	30
Ш	Compatibility Layers—OpenComputers	31
IV	Peripherals	32
16	Line Printer 16.1 Functions	33
17	PSG	34
V	References	35

Part I APIs and Libraries

Filesystem

The Filesystem API provides functions for manipulating files and the filesystem.

The path for the argument of functions blocks '..' to be entered, preventing users from access outside of the computer and eliminating the potential of harming the real computer of the innocent players.

1.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
fs.list(path : string)	table	Returns list of files in path , in lua table.
fs.exists(path : string)	bool	Checks if path exists on the filesystem.
fs.isDir(path : string)	bool	Checks if path is a directory.
fs.isFile(path : string)	bool	Checks if path is a file.
fs.isReadOnly(path : string)	bool	Checks if path is read only.
fs.getSize(path : string)	int	Returns a size of the file/directory, in bytes.
fs.mkdir(path : string)	bool	Create a directory to path . Returns true upon success.
fs.mv(from : string, dest : string)	bool	Moves the directory to the destination. Subdirectories / files will also be moved. Returns true upon success.

1.2. FILE HANDLER 7

Function	Return	Description
fs.cp(from : string, dest : string)	bool	Copies the directory to the destination. Subdirectories / files will also be copied. Returns true upon success.
fs.rm(path : string)	bool	Deletes the path . If path is a directory, all its members will also be deleted. Returns true upon success.
fs.concat(p1 : string, p2 : string)	string	Concatenates two paths and return new path as string.
fs.open(path : string, mode : string)	file	Opens file and returns its handle. See section <i>File Handler</i> for details.
fs.parent(path : string)	string	Returs parent directory to the path .
fs.dofile(path : string)	nil	Loads the script on path and executes it.
fs.fetchText(path : string)	string	Opens the file on path and returns its contents as a plain text.

1.2 File Handler

When it comes to opening a file, there are six modes available—r, w, a, rb, wb, ab, each represents **r**ead, **w**rite, **a**ppend and **b**yte.

Function	Description
file.close()	Closes the file. Any data wrote will be actually wrote to disk when this function is called.
file.flush()	(in write/append mode) Flushes the data to the file, keeps the handle available afterwards

Function	Description				
	Read mode				
file.readLine()	Reads text from the file line by line. Returns string of line, or <i>nil</i> if there is no next line.				
file.readAll()	Reads and returns whole text in the file as string.				
	Read binary mode				
file.read()	Reads single byte in the file as int, or -1 if end-of-file is reached.				
file.readAll()	Reads and returns whole byte in the file as string.				
	Write/append mode				
file.write(string)	Writes string to the file.				
file.writeLine(string)	Writes string to the file and append line feed.				
Write/append binary mode					
file.write(int)	Writes int to the file.				
file.writeBytes(string)	Writes string to the file and append line feed.				

Hexutils

The Hexutils library provides utility to convert byte value to hexadecimal string.

2.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
hexutils.toHexString(bytes : string)	string	Converts byte array to the string of its hexadecimal representations.

Input

The Input API provides access to game's Input API to get input-related informations.

3.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
input.isKeyDown(keycode: int)	bool	Checks whether the key is down. By combining with 'and' or 'or' statement, you can inquire for multiple keys being down simul- taneously.
input.readLine()	string	Reads a line of string and returns it.

You can use Keys Library with this API. Examples:

• input.isKeyDown(keys.q)

Keys

The Keys library helps you with Input API to get key code by key's names, or identify a key code.

Notes on compatibility with ComputerCraft: although this library is ComputerCraft-compliant, but Numpads are *not* supported whatsoever. *Come on, it's not like everyone has or likes numpad on their keyboard.*

Function	Return	Description
keys. <key name:="" string=""></key>	int	Returns key code corresponds to the key name.
keys.getName(keycode: int)	string	Returns key name corresponds to the keycode.

4.1 Accepted Key Names

NOTE: following sets are considered as the same keys.

- leftAlt leftCommand
 (leftAlt is often recognised as leftCommand on macOS)
- leftControl capsLock backspace
 (colemak key layout puts secondary backspace on capsLock, Happy Hacking Keyboard puts Control on the location of Caps Lock)

(a to z)	(zero to nine)	minus	equals	backspace
tab	leftBracket	rightBracket	enter	leftCtrl
semiColon	apostrophe	grave	leftShift	backslash

12 CHAPTER 4. KEYS

comma	period	slash	rightShift	multiply
leftAlt	space	capsLock	scollLock	(f1 to f15)
cimcumflex	at	colon	underscore	rightCtrl
rightAlt	pause	home	up	pageUp
left	right	end	down	pageDown
insert	delete	leftCommand		

OS

The OS library provides functions and constants for the system. Most of the functions in the standard Lua are faithfully reconstructed, but there are some functions that behaves differently.

Function	Return	Description
os.clock()	number	Returns time passed since the computer is on.
os.date(format: string)	string	Returns world's current time in desired format, or default if no arguments are provided. NOTE: displaying different time is not possible; Lua's TIME_T is only 32 bit, world's history can be much longer.

5.1 Date Format String

	Description		Description
%a	Short day name. (e.g. "Tys")	% A	Full day name. (e.g. "Tysdag")
% b	Short month name. (e.g. "Gran")	%B	Full month name. (e.g. "Granite")
%с	Date and time. (e.g. "25-03-12 08:30:00")	% d	Current days.
%Н	Current hours.	%M	Current minutes.
%m	Current months.	%S	Current seconds.
%w	Current day of week in int.	%х	Full date. (e.g. "25-03-12")

14 CHAPTER 5. OS

	Description		Description
%X	Full clock time. (e.g. "08:30:00")	% Y	Current year. (e.g. "125")
% y	Last two digits of current year. (e.g. "25")	%%	Per cent mark.

Security

The Serurity API provides functions for security purposes, such as hashing and CSPRNG*.

6.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
security.toSHA1(string)	string	Returns SHA-256 hash of input string in array of bytes (as a string)
security.toSHA256(string)	string	Returns SHA-1 hash of input string in array of bytes
security.toMD5(string)	string	Returns MD-5 hash of input string in array of bytes
security.randomBytes(len : int)	string	Returns byte array of random values in desired len gth.
security.decodeBase64(string)	string	Decodes Base64 string and returns the result as string.
security.encodeBase64(string)	string	Encodes input string as Base64 format and returns the result as array of bytes.

^{*}Cryptographically secure psuedo-random number generator

Shell

Function	Return	Description
shell.run(path : string)	nil	Loads the script on path and executes it.

Speaker

The Speaker API provides means to control computer's built-in beeper speaker.

Function	Return	Description
speaker.enqueue(len: int, freq: num*)	nil	Enqueues speaker driving information. Queues will be started automatically.
speaker.clear()	nil	Clears speaker queue.

^{*}Frequency in hertz (double) or name of the note ("A-5", "B3", "F#2", "Db6", \ldots)

Terminal

The Terminal API provides functions for sending text to the terminals, and drawing text-mode graphics. The API expects connected terminal to use Codepage 437. See section *Codepage* for details.

9.1 Functions

Note: cursor coordinates starts from one, not zero.

Function	Return	Description
term.write(string)	nil	Writes string to the current cursor position. Line feed is not appended.
term.print(string)	nil	Writes string to the current cursor position and make a new line.
term.newLine()	nil	Make a new line.
term.moveCursor(x : int)	nil	Moves cursor horizontally, starting from 1.
term.width()	int	Returns the width of the terminal. Graphic terminals also can use this.
term.scroll(n : int)	nil	Make a new line n times.
term.bell(pattern: string)	nil	Strikes a bell. Go to section <i>Lua Globals</i> > <i>Bell Codes</i> for accepted patterns.
term.isTeletype()	bool	Returns true if the terminal is teletype.

9.1. FUNCTIONS 19

Function Return Description

Graphic terminals only

term.emit(c : int, x : int, y : int)	nil	Emits c into (x , y), control sequence will not be processed and printed as symbols instead. Cursor will not be moved.
term.emitRaw(bufferChar : int)	nil	Emits bufferChar into into (x , y). Buffer char means a single character actually stored into the screen buffer, has four bits for back- and foreground colours respectively, and eight bits for a letter.
term.emitString(s , x : int, y : int)	nil	Emits s (a string) into (x , y), printing control sequences as symbols. Cursor will not be moved.
term.resetColour() term.resetColor()	nil	Resets any colour changes to the defaults.
term.clear()	nil	Clears whole screen buffer and move cursor to (1, 1)
term.clearLine()	nil	Clears current line on the screen buffer, does not moves cursor.
term.setCursor(x : int, y : int)	nil	Moves cursor to (x , y)
term.getCursor()	int, int	Returns current coordinates of the cursor.
term.getX()	int	Returns X coordinate of the cursor.
term.getY()	int	Returns Y coordinate of the cursor.
term.setX(int)	nil	Sets X coordinate of the cursor.

Function	Return	Description
term.setY(int)	nil	Sets Y coordinate of the cursor.
term.setCursorBlink(bool)	nil	Sets cursor blinking. true makes the cursor blink.
term.size()	int, int	Returns width and height of the terminal.
term.height()	int	Returns height of the terminal.
term.isCol()	bool	Returns if the terminal supports colour.
term.setForeCol(col : int)	nil	Sets foreground colour to col
term.setBackCol(col : int)	nil	Sets background colour to col .
term.foreCol()	int	Returns current foreground colour.
term.backCol()	int	Returns current background colour.

9.2 Standard Colours

0	Black	1	White	2	Dim grey	3	Bright grey	
4		5	Orange	6	Red	7	Magenta	
8	Purple	9	Blue	10	Cyan	11	Lime	
12	Green	13	Dark green	14	Brown	15	Tan	

9.3 Codepage



Character 0x9E (currency symbol) and 0xFA (middle dot) can be accessed with following Lua constants: MONEY and MIDDOT. See Lua Globals > Constants section.

9.4 Accepted Control Sequences

No.	Description	No.	Description
7	BEL. Emits short emitTone.	8	BS. Moves cursor to left 1 character.
9	TAB. Inserts appropriate horizontal space. Tab size is variable.	10	LF. Prints a new line.
12	FF. Clears everything in screen buffer and moves cursor to (1, 1)	13	CR. Moves x coordinate of cursor to 1.
16	DLE. Sets foreground colour to the default STDERR colour.	127	DEL. Backspace and deletes one character.
17	DC1. Sets foreground colour to 0. (black)	18	DC2. Sets foreground colour to 1. (white)
19	DC3. Sets foreground colour to 2. (dim grey)	20	DC4. Sets foreground colour to 3. (bright grey)

Lua Globals

ROMBASIC adds global functions and constants for operability.

10.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
_G.runScript(fun : str, env : str)	nil	Runs Lua script fun with the environment tag env .
_G.bell (pattern : str)	nil	Strike bell (or beeper) with pattern. See section <i>Bell Codes</i> for more information. Aliased to _G.emitTone.
computer.totalMemory()	int	Returns the total size of the memory installed in the computer, in bytes.
computer.freeMemory()	int	Returns the amount of free memory on the computer.

10.2 Constants

Name	Type	Description
_G.EMDASH	string	EM dash represented by box-drawing character. Code 0xC4
_G.UNCHECKED	string	Unchecked checkbox. Code 0x9C
_G.CHECKED	string	Checked checkbox. Code 0x9D
_G.MONEY	string	Currency symbol used in the world. Code 0x9E

10.2. CONSTANTS 23

Name	Type	Description
_G.MIDDOT	string	Middle dot used in typography. Code 0xFA (note: 0xF9 is a Dot Product used in Mathematics)
_G.DC1	string	Ascii control sequence DC1. Used to change foreground colour to black.
_G.DC2	string	Ascii control sequence DC2. Used to change foreground colour to white.
_G.DC3	string	Ascii control sequence DC3. Used to change foreground colour to dim grey.
_G.DC4	string	Ascii control sequence DC4. Used to change foreground colour to bright grey.
_G.DLE	string	Ascii control sequence DLE. Used to change foreground colour to terminal's default error text colour.
computer.prompt	string	Default text for prompt input indicator.
computer.verbose	bool	Sets whether print debug information to the console.
computer.loadedCLayer	table	List of names of compatibility layers has been loaded.
computer.bootloader	string	Path to the boot file. Should point to the EFI (/boot/efi).
computer.OEM	string	Manufacturer of the computer. If you are a manufacturer, you may want to fill in this variable with your own company's name.

Name	Type	Description
computer.emitTone(len, freq)	nil	Generates square wave. len is integer, in milliseconds, freq is number, in Hertz.

10.3 Bell Codes

Bell Codes are patterns for driving bell/beeper. Each code is followed by short break of 50 milliseconds.

. (dot)	Short emitTone. 80 ms	- (dash)	Medium emitTone. 200 ms
= (equal)	Long emitTone. 500 ms	, (comma)	Short break. 50 ms
(space)	Break. 200 ms		

10.3.1 Changes from Generic Lua Environment

• io library is limited to io.read (read a line from keyboard) and io.write (print without new line). Use *Filesystem* API for file I/O jobs.

Machine

The Machine API provides means to control the host machine.

Function	Return	Description
machine.milliTime()	int	Returns how many time the machine is up, in milliseconds (one thousandth of seconds).

Part II

Compatibility Layers
ComputerCraft

Bit

The Bit API is for manipulating numbers using bitwise binary operations. The ROM-BASIC already comes with Lua's bit32 library so make sure to use that for your casual usage.

12.1 Functions

Function	Notes
bit.blshift(n, bits)	Alias of bit32.lshift(n, bits)
bit.brshift(n, bits)	Alias of bit32.arshift(n, bits)
bit.blogic_rshift(n, bits)	Alias of bit32.brshift(n, bits)
bit.bxor(m, n)	Alias of bit32.bxor(m, n)
bit.bor(m, n)	Alias of bit32.bor(m, n)
bit.band(m, n)	Alias of bit32.band(m, n)
bit.bnot(n)	Alias of bit32.bnot(n)

Colors

The Colors API allows you to manipulate sets of colors. This is useful in colors on Advanced Computers and Advanced Monitors. British spellings are also supported.

13.1 Constants

When the colours are used in ComputerCraft's Term API, nearest console colours will be used. Below is the table of colours coded with their substitutions.

colors.white	colors.orange	colors.magenta	colors.lightBlue
colors.yellow	colors.lime	colors.pink	colors.gray
colors.lightGray	colors.cyan	colors.purple	colors.blue
colors.brown	colors.green	colors.red	colors.black

Note that pink is understood as tan when it is used, lightBlue and cyan are merged to cyan.

13.2 Functions

All three functions are not supported, as there is no bundled cable thus there is no use of them.

Term

Filesystem

Part III

Compatibility Layers

OpenComputers

Part IV Peripherals

Line Printer

The line printer is a printer that operates on line basis. It only prints text in line-by-line, hence the name, on almost endlessly long roll of papers; it has no notion of page, it just prints. If you want some pages to keep, you must tear them out yourself.

Line printers do not work indefinitely; ignoring the obvious depletion of ink, belt for loading paper will be out of service on about 50 000 lines of printing, give or take a few, or paper will jam if the printer had struck with the unluckiness.

16.1 Functions

Function	Return	Description
lp.print(string)	nil	Prints a line of string.
lp.scroll(n : int)	nil	Scrolls the paper by n lines.
lp.status()	int	Returns a status of the line printer.
lp.reset()	nil	Resets the line printer.

PSG

Part V References

36 CHAPTER 17. PSG

Some of the texts are taken from following sources:

- Lua Manual version 5.2, Lua.org, POC-Rio
- ComputerCraft, dan200
- OpenComputers, MightyPirates