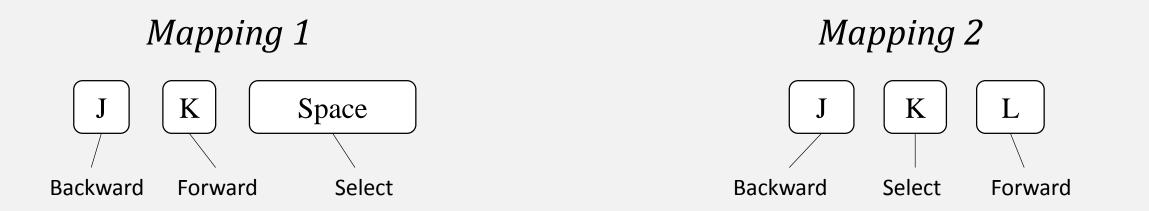
# CIS 443/543 User Observation Study

**Cole Vikupitz** 

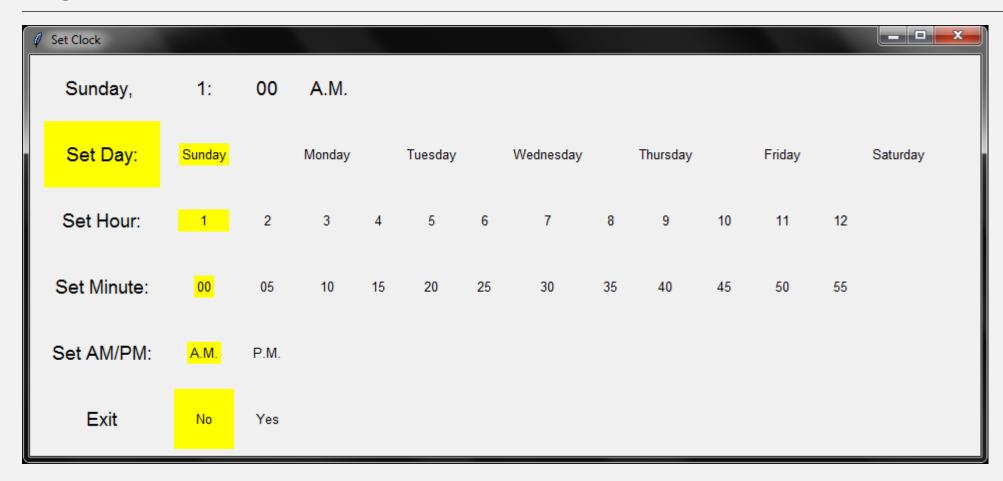
### Summary

Main Idea: Systems with a high SR compatibility are desirable. Higher SR compatibility leads to better productivity and user satisfaction.

In this observation study, I observed which of the two key mappings have a higher stimulus-response compatibility. *The first won, both in user performance and preference.* 



## **System Used**



Two systems used with different key mappings:

System 1: J (Backward), K (Forward), Space (Select)

System 2: J (Backward), K (Select), L (Forward)

## **Experimental Design**

Used a within-subjects design.

Order of the systems exposed to each user alternated.

Key mapping is the only independent variable being tested.

Level 1 Level 2 Level 1 Level 2

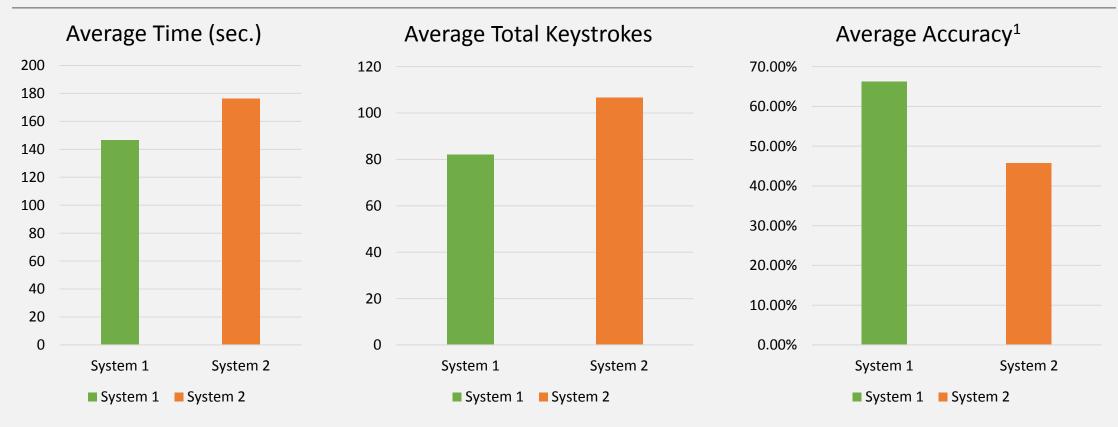
System 1 System 2 System 2 System 1

Key Mapping Level 2

Level 1 Level 2

System 2 System 1

#### Results



System 1: J (Backward), K (Forward), Space (Select)

System 2: J (Backward), K (Select), L (Forward)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calculated by dividing the minimum keystrokes required to complete the trial by user's total keystrokes.

#### Conclusion

In general, users do not like learning interfaces.

Keep the learning curve as small as possible. Your customers/users will appreciate it.

Higher SR Compatibility = Less Learning = Satisfied Users

One design that's sensible for some users may not be to others.

