VIOME



**CHARLES WARDEN'S RESULTS** 

# \'IOME

### Dear Charles Warden,

The information on this report is for educational and informational use only. The information is not intended to be used by the customer for any diagnostic purpose and is not a substitute for professional medical advice. You should always seek the advice of your physician or other healthcare providers with any questions you may have regarding diagnosis, cure, treatment, mitigation, or prevention of any disease or other medical condition or impairment or the status of your health.



Test Name: Gut Intelligence Test

Authorized Order Person: Charles Warden

**Customer Name:** Charles Warden

**DOB**: 04/05/1985 **Gender**: Male

**Customer Id:** e16bdd01 **Sample Source:** Fecal

Date Collected: 05/03/2021
Date Received: 05/07/2021
Date Issued: 06/17/2021
Sample ID: 1669248A4941



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

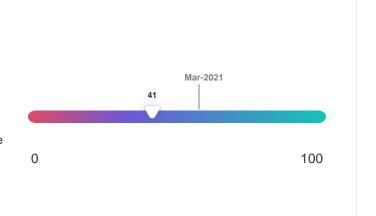
## **All My Scores**

Let's improve these.

### **Digestive Efficiency**

### **Not Optimal**

This score is a comprehensive microbial reflection of your gastrointestinal (GI) tract functions. The score consists of multiple activity patterns related to digestion, such as the movement of food, specific macronutrient breakdown ability, and your gut lining health from your first bite of food to the time it leaves your body. When this score is suboptimal, it means that some of your digestive functions need support.



### **Digestive Efficiency Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

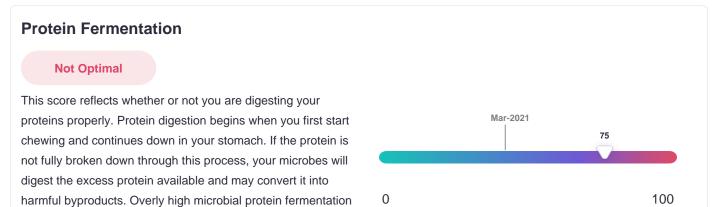
- Not Optimal 0 to 43 which represents 19% of the Viome population
- Average 44 to 64 which represents 63% of the Viome population
- Good 65 to 100 which represents 18% of the Viome population

Learn more by reading our references: <a href="https://viome.com/referenceresults">https://viome.com/referenceresults</a>



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Protein Fermentation Key**

protein digestion is suboptimal.

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal 65 to 100 which represents 26% of the Viome population
- Average 36 to 64 which represents 56% of the Viome population
- Good 0 to 35 which represents 18% of the Viome population

translates into a score within the red zone, suggesting your



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Active Microbial Diversity Not Optimal** The score is your percentile for total count of active microbial Mar-2021 species detected and sequenced from your sample. A good 4th score translates to more richness, which in turn can provide more resilience to your microbial gut ecosystem and your body. This score could use some improvement when the count of active microbes is relatively low and your gut flora could use 0th 100th additional microbes in its active composition. Your recommendations may include certain supplements or

percentile

### **Active Microbial Diversity Key**

fermented foods that address this score.

Reportable Range -13.6 to 8.53

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal -13.6 to -2.77 combined metric represents 0 to 5th percentile of the Viome population
- Average -2.76 to 2.44 combined metric represents 6th to 94th percentile of the Viome population
- Good 2.45 to 8.53 combined metric represents 95th to 100th percentile of the Viome population

Learn more by reading our references:

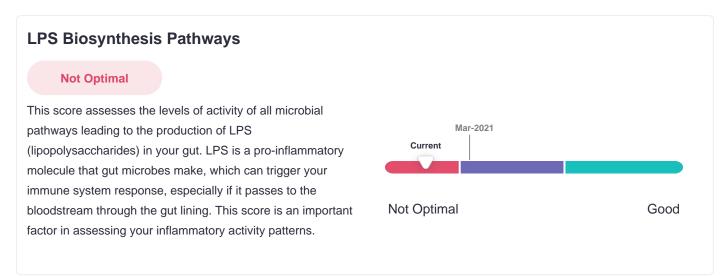
https://viome.com/referenceresults



percentile

<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### LPS Biosynthesis Pathways Key

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 25% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 55% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 20% of the Viome population

Learn more by reading our references: https://viome.com/referenceresults

Received and processed at:
Viome Inc.
81 Camino Entrada , ste 100
Los Alamos, NM 87544
CLIA License Number: 32D2156145
Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

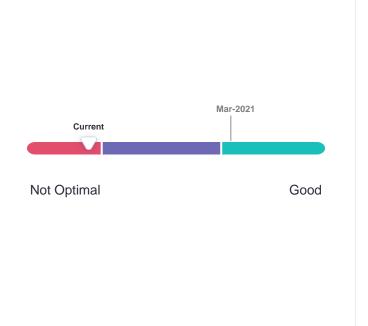
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Ammonia Production Pathways**

### **Not Optimal**

This score assesses the levels of activity of all microbial pathways that result in the production of ammonia. Ammonia gas can be made from amino acids as a byproduct of the breaking down of protein or from ingested nitrate or nitrite molecules found in things like food preservatives or additives, preserved meats, and dried fruit. This kind of activity, when high, contributes to pro-inflammatory patterns potentially harmful to the gut lining, as well as slowing of your motility (moving the food down your digestive tract), and is also one of the signs that your proteins may not be digested properly. A good score means that the activity of ammonia production pathways is low.



### **Ammonia Production Pathways Key**

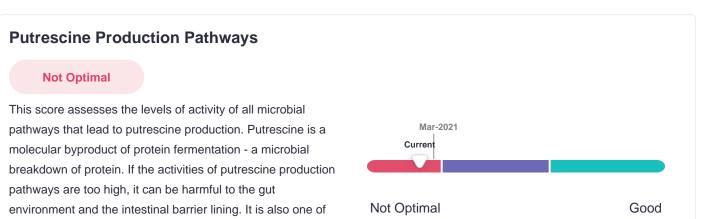
### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 24% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 47% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 29% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Putrescine Production Pathways Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

not be digested properly.

Not Optimal Represents 25% of the Viome population

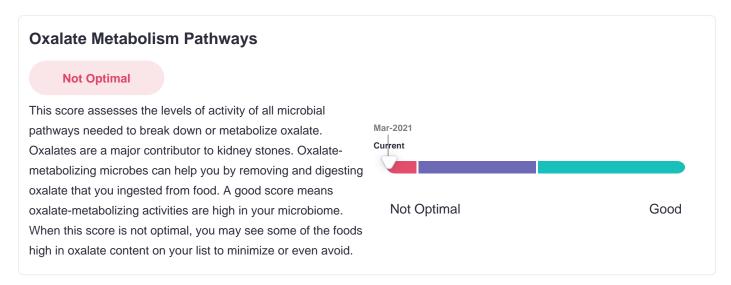
the signs that you may be eating too much protein that may

- Average Represents 62% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 13% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### Oxalate Metabolism Pathways Key

### **Reference Ranges:**

Not Optimal Represents 79% of the Viome population

Average Represents 14% of the Viome population

Good Represents 7% of the Viome population



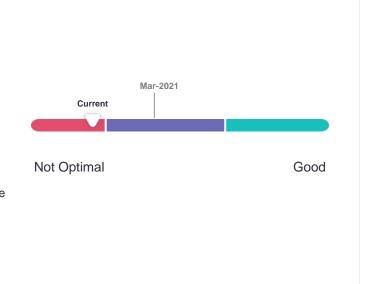
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

# Biofilm, Chemotaxis, and Virulence Pathways

### **Not Optimal**

This score assesses the levels of all activity of all metabolic pathways that suggest a pro-inflammatory or hostile environment in the gut. This includes virulence factors, biofilm formation, and chemotaxis signaling, which are all important parts of your overall inflammatory activity patterns. When this score is relatively high it means that there is some threat in the environment and your microbes are trying to either defend themselves, attack each other, or move. This type of a "microbial war zone" can negatively impact your gut environment, and some of the "bullets" secreted by the microbes may trigger an immune response. A good score means that these pathway activities are at low levels.



### Biofilm, Chemotaxis, and Virulence Pathways Key

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 25% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 46% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 29% of the Viome population



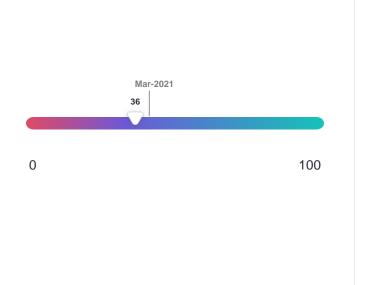
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB**: 04/05/1985

### **Gut Microbiome Health**

### **Not Optimal**

Your Gut Microbiome Health score integrates over 20 microbial functional scores. When this score is low it means that your gut microbiome may be producing chemicals that are causing inflammation (such as LPS, sulfide, or ammonia) or not producing enough nutrients that your body needs (such as butyrate, serotonin, and other vitamins). Our food and supplement recommendations are designed specifically for you to optimize your microbial functions and bring your gut microbiome into balance. Scroll down below to the section titled "How We Calculate This Score" to learn more. Did you know? In many ways, your gut bacteria are as vast and mysterious as the Milky Way. About 100 trillion bacteria, both good and bad, live inside your digestive system. Optimizing your microbial functions can help you achieve a healthy weight, boost energy, reduce stress, improve sleep, and strengthen your immunity.



### **Gut Microbiome Health Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

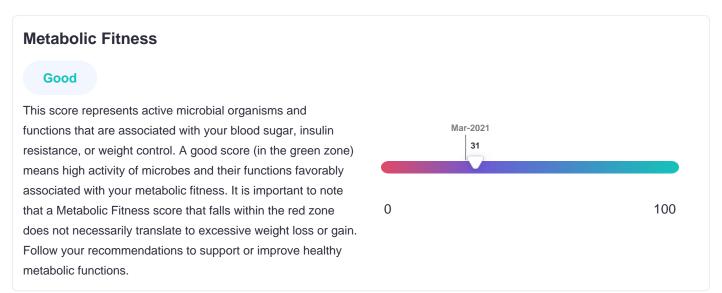
- Not Optimal 0 to 43 which represents 17% of the Viome population
- Average 44 to 54 which represents 71% of the Viome population
- Good 55 to 100 which represents 12% of the Viome population

\*Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

Learn more by reading our references: <a href="https://viome.com/referenceresults">https://viome.com/referenceresults</a>



**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Metabolic Fitness Key**

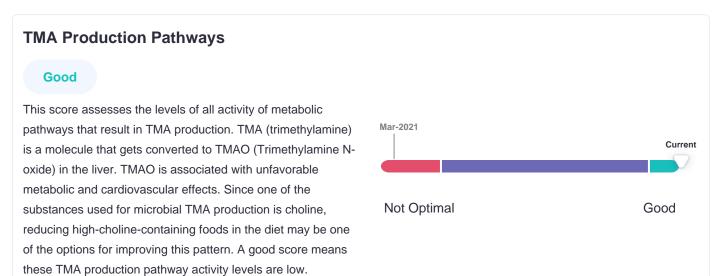
### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal 0 to 22 which represents 25% of the Viome population
- Average 23 to 30 which represents 58% of the Viome population
- Good 31 to 100 which represents 17% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **TMA Production Pathways Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 27% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 0% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 73% of the Viome population

Learn more by reading our references: <a href="https://viome.com/referenceresults">https://viome.com/referenceresults</a>



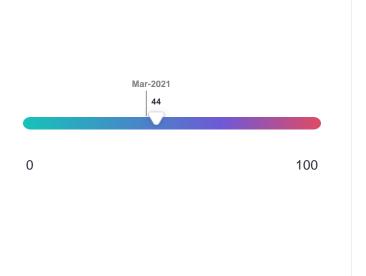
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Inflammatory Activity**

### **Average**

This score measures the activities of your microbes that can contribute to or reflect inflammation in your gut environment. Inflammation in your gut can be caused by harmful things your microbes produce when you are either inefficiently digesting your proteins, have excessive microbial gas production, or simply have a gut environment that your microbes perceive as threatening. A score in the red zone (not optimal) means that there are relatively more pro-inflammatory activities, as opposed to anti-inflammatory or protective ones. Everyone's pattern is unique, so if your score is in the red, some of your recommendations may focus on boosting more of the protective and healing anti-inflammatory functions, while others may focus more on controlling and balancing out the more harmful pro-inflammatory microbes and functions. Follow your recommendations to maintain a good range or improve this score.



### **Inflammatory Activity Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal 50 to 100 which represents 9% of the Viome population
- Average 36 to 49 which represents 69% of the Viome population
- Good 0 to 35 which represents 22% of the Viome population

\*Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

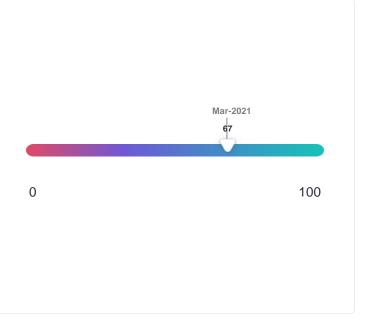


**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Gut Lining Health**

### **Average**

This score focuses on your gut lining (or intestinal barrier) and the health of the mucosal layer that protects it. When your gut lining is compromised, things from the outside environment, like toxins, medications, and harmful bacteria, can make their way into your bloodstream from your gut and negatively affect your immune system and overall wellbeing. A good score (in the green zone) means more optimal microbial functions that support your intestinal barrier and fewer disruptive or harmful functions are active in your gut. Follow your recommendations to address your specific pattern of microbial functions, and to prevent any intestinal permeability known as 'leaky gut'.



### **Gut Lining Health Key**

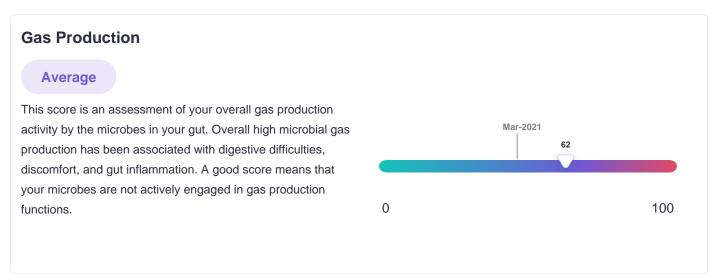
### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal 0 to 65 which represents 14% of the Viome population
- Average 66 to 77 which represents 65% of the Viome population
- Good 78 to 100 which represents 21% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Gas Production Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

Not Optimal 65 to 100 which represents 20% of the Viome population

Average 36 to 64 which represents 65% of the Viome population

Good 0 to 35 which represents 15% of the Viome population

\*Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

Learn more by reading our references:

https://viome.com/referenceresults



**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Average**

This score assesses the levels of activity of all microbial pathways that lead to the production of a beneficial nutrient -butyrate. Butyrate is a short-chain fatty acid known to beneficially affect many wellness areas from gut lining to insulin sensitivity and satiety (feeling full). A score that is not optimal means that your microbial butyrate production could really use a good boost! Individuals with low butyrate production activity would benefit from supplements or foods that either feed or add butyrate producing microbes into your gut ecosystem.



### **Butyrate Production Pathways Key**

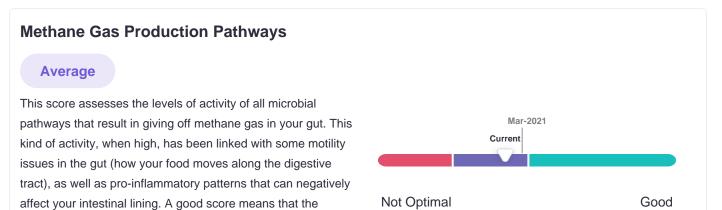
### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 20% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 65% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 15% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



### **Methane Gas Production Pathways Key**

activity of methane production pathways is low.

### **Reference Ranges:**

Not Optimal Represents 26% of the Viome population

Average Represents 30% of the Viome population

Good Represents 44% of the Viome population



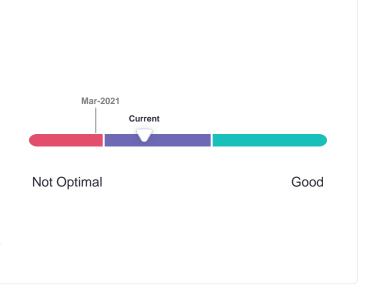
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Sulfide Gas Production Pathways**

### **Average**

This score assesses the levels of activity of all microbial pathways that result in the production of hydrogen sulfide gas. It can be made from some proteins that contain sulfur amino acids or from ingested sulfate or sulfite molecules found in foods like dried fruit, preserved meats, and some alcoholic beverages. This kind of activity, when high, contributes to proinflammatory patterns potentially harmful to the gut lining, as well as slowing of your motility (moving the food down your digestive tract). A good score means that the activity of sulfide production pathways is low.



### **Sulfide Gas Production Pathways Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 28% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 60% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 12% of the Viome population



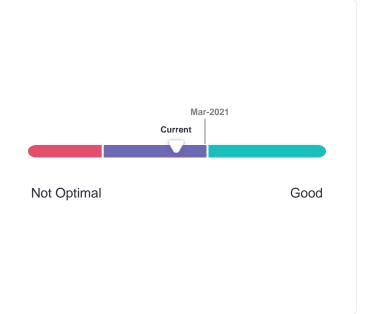
<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### Flagellar Assembly Pathways

### **Average**

This score assesses the levels of activity of all microbial pathways leading to the making of a structure called flagella. Flagellar structures serve as "fins" or "tails" for various microbes to help them move. A score that is not optimal suggests that these signaling pathway activities are high, indicating unrest in your microbiome as flagellar structures are helping beneficial organisms move away from a perceived threat. Higher than usual activity can also signal the presence of opportunistic organisms that are known to have these flagellar structures. This score is an important factor in assessing your inflammatory activity patterns.



### Flagellar Assembly Pathways Key

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 24% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 55% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 21% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

# Uric Acid Production Pathways Average This score assesses the levels of activity of all microbial pathways that lead to the production of uric acid (or urate). Uric Acid is a normal byproduct that comes from the breakdown of compounds called purines, which can be found in beer, sugary sodas, seafood and shellfish, turkey, veal, bacon, and organ meats. Excessive amounts of uric acid can contribute to gout. A good score means that your uric acid

### **Uric Acid Production Pathways Key**

production pathway levels are low.

### **Reference Ranges:**

Not Optimal Represents 29% of the Viome population

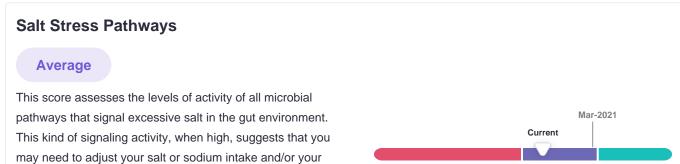
Average Represents 52% of the Viome population

Good Represents 19% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985



hydration levels. Too much salt for your gut microbiome makes your gut environment less favorable for some beneficial or probiotic organisms to thrive. A good score means that that

pathway levels that signal microbial salt stress are low.

Not Optimal Good

### Salt Stress Pathways Key

### **Reference Ranges:**

Not Optimal Represents 11% of the Viome population

Average Represents 61% of the Viome population

Good Represents 28% of the Viome population

\*Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

### **Bile Acid Metabolism Pathways**

### **Average**

This score assesses the levels of activity of all metabolic pathways that include bile acids. Normally bile acids are made by the liver to help with fat digestion. Bile acids enter the colon in the form of bile salts. Your gut microbiota can change them back into bile acids, after which they can even be recycled back to the liver. If this activity is relatively high or excessive, it may be an indicator of your inability to break down fat or absorb nutrients properly, which can contribute to a proinflammatory environment or negative liver-related effects, as microbiome's bile acid pathways have been implicated in fatty deposits in the liver. A good score means these pathway activity levels are low in your sample.



### **Bile Acid Metabolism Pathways Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

- Not Optimal Represents 31% of the Viome population
- Average Represents 49% of the Viome population
- Good Represents 20% of the Viome population



<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

# Microbiome-Induced Stress Average Your Microbiome-Induced Stress score offers insights about those microbial activities that can lead to stress or inflammatory response not only in your gut, but also in your body. Toxins and other molecules produced by the gut microbiome may enter the bloodstream and contribute to cellular stress and pro-inflammatory pathways throughout your body. If this score is not optimal, it may suggest that these microbial activities need to be mitigated by either suppressing them, balancing them out with beneficial and protective microbial activities, or by strengthening your gut lining to

### **Microbiome-Induced Stress Key**

### **Reference Ranges:**

of your body.

- Not Optimal 61 to 100 which represents 20% of the Viome population
- Average 36 to 60 which represents 65% of the Viome population
- Good 0 to 35 which represents 15% of the Viome population

prevent them from crossing the gut lining and affecting the rest

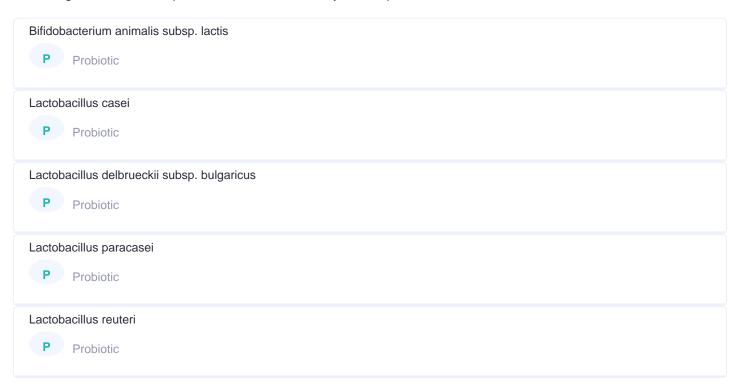


<sup>\*</sup>Scores are based on Viome's proprietary algorithm that incorporates relevant functional categories each consisting of multiple manually curated taxonomic and pathway scoring components.

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

# Meet your probiotic microbes

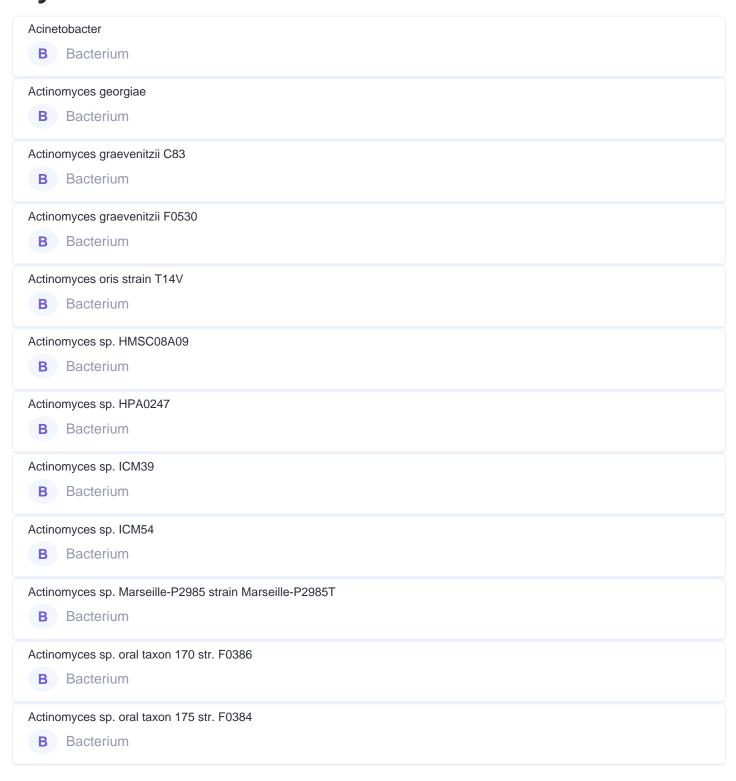
These are microbes that are found in commercially available probiotic products that are also active in your sample. If there are no organisms listed, no probiotics were identified in your sample.





**DOB:** 04/05/1985

# **My Active Microbes**





Received and processed at: Viome Inc. 81 Camino Entrada , ste 100 Los Alamos, NM 87544 CLIA License Number: 32D2156145 Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Actinomyces sp. oral taxon 181 str. F0379

B Bacterium

Actinomyces sp. oral taxon 448 str. F0400

**B** Bacterium

Actinomyces sp. ph3

**B** Bacterium

Adlercreutzia equolifaciens DSM 19450

**B** Bacterium

Akkermansia muciniphila strain YL44

**B** Bacterium

Akkermansia sp. KLE1798

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes finegoldii DSM 17242

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes indistinctus YIT 12060

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes obesi

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes onderdonkii WAL 8169 = DSM 19147

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes putredinis DSM 17216

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes senegalensis JC50

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes shahii WAL 8301



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Alistipes sp. AL-1

**B** Bacterium

Alistipes sp. HGB5

**B** Bacterium

Anaerostipes caccae

**B** Bacterium

Anaerostipes hadrus strain BPB5

**B** Bacterium

Anaerostipes rhamnosivorans

**B** Bacterium

Anaerostipes sp. 3\_2\_56FAA

**B** Bacterium

Anaerotruncus colihominis

**B** Bacterium

Anaerotruncus rubiinfantis

**B** Bacterium

Angelakisella massiliensis strain Marseille-P3217

**B** Bacterium

Atopobium rimae ATCC 49626

**B** Bacterium

Atopobium sp. BS2

**B** Bacterium

Atopobium sp. ICM42b

**B** Bacterium

Atopobium sp. oral taxon 199 str. F0494



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bacillus coagulans 2-6

Bacterium

Bacillus coagulans strain BC-HY1

**B** Bacterium

Bacillus siamensis strain SRCM100169

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides acidifaciens

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides acidifaciens JCM 10556

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides barnesiae DSM 18169 = JCM 13652

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides caccae

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides caecimuris strain 148

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides cellulosilyticus strain WH2

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides clarus

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides coprocola

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides coprophilus

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides dorei CL03T12C01



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bacteroides eggerthii 1\_2\_48FAA **B** Bacterium Bacteroides faecichinchillae strain DSM **B** Bacterium Bacteroides faecis **B** Bacterium Bacteroides finegoldii **B** Bacterium Bacteroides fluxus **B** Bacterium Bacteroides fragilis **B** Bacterium Bacteroides fragilis str. 3-F-2 #6 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides gallinarum DSM 18171 = JCM 13658 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides heparinolyticus **B** Bacterium Bacteroides massiliensis dnLKV3 **B** Bacterium

Bacteroides nordii

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides ovatus V975

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides ovatus strain ATCC

**B** Bacterium



Received and processed at: Viome Inc. 81 Camino Entrada , ste 100 Los Alamos, NM 87544 CLIA License Number: 32D2156145 Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bacteroides plebeius **B** Bacterium Bacteroides salyersiae **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 1\_1\_30 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 1\_1\_6 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 2\_1\_22 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 2\_1\_33B **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 2\_2\_4 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 3\_1\_13 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 3\_1\_19 **B** Bacterium Bacteroides sp. 3\_1\_23

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. 3\_1\_33FAA

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. 3\_1\_40A

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. 4\_1\_36



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bacteroides sp. 4\_3\_47FAA

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. 9\_1\_42FAA

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. D2

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. D20

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. D22

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. HMSC067B03

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. HMSC068A09

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. HMSC073E02

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. HPS0048

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. Marseille-P2653

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. Marseille-P3108 sp. Marseille-P3108

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. Marseille-P3132 sp. Marseille-P3132

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides sp. Marseille-P3166 sp. Marseille-P3166

**B** Bacterium



Received and processed at: Viome Inc. 81 Camino Entrada , ste 100 Los Alamos, NM 87544 CLIA License Number: 32D2156145 Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bacteroides sp. Marseille-P3208T strain Marseille-P3208

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides stercoris ATCC 43183

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides stercoris CC31F

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides stercoris strain CL09T03C01

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides stercoris strain DSM

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides thetaiotaomicron VPI-5482

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides thetaiotaomicron strain 7330

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides uniformis

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides vulgatus ATCC 8482

**B** Bacterium

Bacteroides xylanisolvens

**B** Bacterium

Bariatricus massiliensis strain AT12

**B** Bacterium

Barnesiella intestinihominis YIT 11860

**B** Bacterium

Bifidobacterium animalis strain RH



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Bifidobacterium animalis subsp. lactis  B Bacterium P Probiotic
Bifidobacterium animalis subsp. lactis BB-12  B Bacterium
Bifidobacterium animalis subsp. lactis KLDS2.0603  B Bacterium
Bifidobacterium animalis subsp. lactis strain BF052  B Bacterium
Bilophila sp. 4_1_30  B Bacterium
Bilophila wadsworthia 3_1_6  B Bacterium
Bilophila wadsworthia ATCC 49260  B Bacterium
Blautia hansenii DSM 20583  B Bacterium
Blautia massiliensis sp. GD8  B Bacterium
Blautia obeum strain 2789STDY5608837  B Bacterium
Blautia obeum strain 2789STDY5608838  B Bacterium
Blautia obeum strain 2789STDY5834861  B Bacterium
Blautia obeum strain 2789STDY5834921  B Bacterium



Received and processed at: Viome Inc. 81 Camino Entrada , ste 100 Los Alamos, NM 87544 CLIA License Number: 32D2156145 Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Blautia obeum strain 2789STDY5834957 **B** Bacterium Blautia producta **B** Bacterium Blautia schinkii DSM 10518 **B** Bacterium Blautia sp. KLE 1732 **B** Bacterium Blautia sp. Marseille-P2398 **B** Bacterium Blautia sp. Marseille-P3087 sp. Marseille-P3087 **B** Bacterium Blautia sp. YL58 sp. YL58 **B** Bacterium Blautia wexlerae **B** Bacterium Blueberry shock virus V Virus Brome mosaic virus V Virus Burkholderiales bacterium 1\_1\_47 **B** Bacterium Butyricicoccus pullicaecorum **B** Bacterium Butyricimonas virosa **B** Bacterium



Received and processed at: Viome Inc. 81 Camino Entrada , ste 100 Los Alamos, NM 87544 CLIA License Number: 32D2156145 Lab Contact: https://support.viome.com

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Butyrivibrio fibrisolvens AB2020

**B** Bacterium

Candidatus Stoquefichus sp. KLE1796

**B** Bacterium

Candidatus Stoquefichus sp. SB1

**B** Bacterium

Catabacter hongkongensis strain ABBA15k

**B** Bacterium

Catenibacterium mitsuokai

**B** Bacterium

Cellulomonas carbonis T26

**B** Bacterium

Christensenella sp. AF73-05CM02

**B** Bacterium

Christensenella timonensis

**B** Bacterium

Clavispora Iusitaniae ATCC 42720

**E** Eukaryote

Clostridia bacterium UC5.1-1D1

**B** Bacterium

Clostridia bacterium UC5.1-1D10

**B** Bacterium

Clostridia bacterium UC5.1-1E11

**B** Bacterium

Clostridia bacterium UC5.1-2H11



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Clostridiaceae bacterium MS3 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium 1\_7\_47FAA **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium KLE1615 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium VE202-03 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium VE202-06 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium VE202-07 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium VE202-09 **B** Bacterium Clostridiales bacterium VE202-13

**B** Bacterium

Clostridiales bacterium VE202-15

**B** Bacterium

Clostridiales bacterium VE202-16

**B** Bacterium

Clostridiales bacterium VE202-26

**B** Bacterium

Clostridiales bacterium VE202-27

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Clostridiales bacterium VE202-28

**B** Bacterium

Clostridioides difficile

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium butyricum strain CDC\_51208

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium neonatale

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium phoceensis strain GD3

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. 7\_3\_54FAA

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. AT4

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. ATCC BAA-442

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. DSM 4029

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. FS41

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. KLE 1755

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. M62/1

**B** Bacterium

Clostridium sp. Marseille-P3244 sp. Marseille-P3244



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Coprobacillus sp. 3\_3\_56FAA

**B** Bacterium

Coprobacillus sp. 8\_1\_38FAA

**B** Bacterium

Coprobacillus sp. 8\_2\_54BFAA

**B** Bacterium

Coprobacter secundus strain 177

**B** Bacterium

Coprococcus eutactus strain 2789STDY5608843

**B** Bacterium

Culturomica massiliensis strain Marseille-P2698

**B** Bacterium

Cutibacterium acnes strain KCOM

**B** Bacterium

Desulfovibrio carbinolicus

**B** Bacterium

Desulfovibrio desulfuricans

**B** Bacterium

Dialister invisus DSM 15470

**B** Bacterium

Dielma fastidiosa

**B** Bacterium

Dorea formicigenerans 4\_6\_53AFAA

**B** Bacterium

Dorea longicatena strain 2789STDY5608851



**DOB:** 04/05/1985 Dorea longicatena strain 2789STDY5834914 **B** Bacterium Dorea longicatena strain 2789STDY5834961 **B** Bacterium Dorea sp. 5-2 **B** Bacterium Dorea sp. AGR2135 **B** Bacterium Eggerthella lenta 1\_1\_60AFAA **B** Bacterium Eggerthella sp. 1\_3\_56FAA **B** Bacterium Eggerthella sp. HGA1 **B** Bacterium Eisenbergiella tayi **B** Bacterium Entamoeba **E** Eukaryote Enterococcus cecorum **B** Bacterium Enterococcus faecium EnGen0004 **B** Bacterium Enterococcus faecium EnGen0191 **B** Bacterium Enterococcus faecium strain E3 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Enterococcus sp. HMSC072F02

**B** Bacterium

Enterorhabdus caecimuris B7

**B** Bacterium

Erysipelatoclostridium ramosum

**B** Bacterium

Erysipelotrichaceae bacterium 3\_1\_53

**B** Bacterium

Erysipelotrichaceae bacterium 5\_2\_54FAA

**B** Bacterium

Erysipelotrichaceae bacterium 6\_1\_45

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium infirmum F0142

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium plexicaudatum ASF492

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium ramulus ATCC 29099

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium ramulus strain 2789STDY5608891

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium sp. 3\_1\_31

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium sp. SB2

**B** Bacterium

Eubacterium ventriosum ATCC 27560

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Faecalibacterium prausnitzii **B** Bacterium Faecalitalea cylindroides ATCC 27803 **B** Bacterium Faecalitalea cylindroides T2-87 **B** Bacterium Flavonifractor plautii strain YL31 **B** Bacterium Flintibacter **B** Bacterium Fournierella massiliensis **B** Bacterium Fusicatenibacter saccharivorans **B** Bacterium Gemella morbillorum **B** Bacterium Gemella sanguinis ATCC 700632 **B** Bacterium Gemella sanguinis strain 1094\_BTHU **B** Bacterium Gordonibacter pamelaeae 7-10-1-b **B** Bacterium Gordonibacter urolithinfaciens **B** Bacterium Haemophilus sp. HMSC068C11 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985 Holdemanella biformis **B** Bacterium Holdemania filiformis DSM 12042 **B** Bacterium Holdemania massiliensis AP2 **B** Bacterium Holdemania sp. Marseille-P2844 sp. Marseille-P2844 **B** Bacterium Hungatella hathewayi WAL-18680 **B** Bacterium Intestinimonas butyriciproducens strain AF211 **B** Bacterium Intestinimonas massiliensis sp. GD2 **B** Bacterium Kluyveromyces marxianus DMKU3-1042 **E** Eukaryote Kocuria kristinae **B** Bacterium Lachnoanaerobaculum sp. OBRC5-5 **B** Bacterium Lachnoclostridium sp. YL32 sp. YL32 **B** Bacterium Lachnospira pectinoschiza strain 2789STDY5834886 **B** Bacterium



Lachnospiraceae bacterium

**B** Bacterium

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 1\_1\_57FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 1\_4\_56FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 2\_1\_58FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 3-1

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 3\_1\_46FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 3\_1\_57FAA\_CT1

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 5\_1\_57FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 5\_1\_63FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 6\_1\_63FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium 7\_1\_58FAA

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium A2

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium M18-1

**B** Bacterium

Lachnospiraceae bacterium TF01-11



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

70B. 04/00/1000
Lactobacillus acidophilus strain MN-BM-F01  B Bacterium
Lactobacillus casei  B Bacterium P Probiotic
Lactobacillus crispatus strain JCM  B Bacterium
Lactobacillus curvatus  B Bacterium
Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus  B Bacterium P Probiotic
Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus ATCC 11842 = JCM 1002  B Bacterium
Lactobacillus paracasei  B Bacterium P Probiotic
Lactobacillus reuteri  B Bacterium P Probiotic
Lactococcus  B Bacterium
Lactonifactor longoviformis DSM 17459  B Bacterium
Leuconostoc citreum  B Bacterium
Longibaculum  B Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985 Marvinbryantia formatexigens DSM 14469 **B** Bacterium Marvinbryantia formatexigens strain I-52 **B** Bacterium Massilioclostridium coli strain Marseille-P2976 **B** Bacterium Mediterranea massiliensis strain Marseille-P2645 **B** Bacterium Megasphaera sp. MJR8396C **B** Bacterium Merdibacter massiliensis strain Marseille-P3254 **B** Bacterium Mitovirus V Virus Mogibacterium diversum **B** Bacterium Neglecta timonensis **B** Bacterium Neisseria **B** Bacterium Odoribacter laneus YIT 12061 **B** Bacterium Odoribacter splanchnicus DSM 20712 **B** Bacterium Olsenella sp. DNF00959 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Olsenella sp. oral taxon 807 strain F0089

**B** Bacterium

Oscillibacter sp. ER4

**B** Bacterium

Oscillibacter sp. KLE 1745

**B** Bacterium

Oscillospiraceae bacterium VE202-24

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides distasonis ATCC 8503

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides goldsteinii CL02T12C30

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides goldsteinii DSM 19448 = WAL 12034

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides goldsteinii strain 910340

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides gordonii DSM 23371

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides gordonii MS-1

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides johnsonii CL02T12C29

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides johnsonii DSM 18315

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides merdae CL03T12C32

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Parabacteroides sp. 2\_1\_7

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides sp. D26

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides sp. HGS0025

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides sp. Marseille-P3236 strain Marseille-P3236, sp. Marseille-P3136

**B** Bacterium

Parabacteroides sp. SN4 strain SN4, sp. SB4

**B** Bacterium

Paraprevotella clara YIT 11840

**B** Bacterium

Paraprevotella xylaniphila YIT 11841

**B** Bacterium

Parasutterella excrementihominis YIT 11859

**B** Bacterium

Parvimonas

**B** Bacterium

Penicillium digitatum Pd1

**E** Eukaryote

Pepper mild mottle virus

V Virus

Peptoniphilus sp. ChDC B134

**B** Bacterium

Persea americana chrysovirus

V Virus



**DOB:** 04/05/1985 Pestalotiopsis fici W106-1 **E** Eukaryote Phocea massiliensis strain Marseille-P2769 **B** Bacterium Prevotella buccalis DNF00985 **B** Bacterium Prevotella copri DSM 18205 **B** Bacterium Prevotella sp. KHD1 sp. KHD1 **B** Bacterium Prevotella sp. P5-119 **B** Bacterium Prevotella stercorea DSM 18206 **B** Bacterium Prevotellamassilia timonensis strain Marseille-P2831 **B** Bacterium Pseudoflavonifractor capillosus ATCC 29799 **B** Bacterium Pseudomonas aeruginosa NCGM2.S1 **B** Bacterium Pseudomonas psychrophila strain RGCB **B** Bacterium Ralstonia insidiosa strain ATCC **B** Bacterium



Ralstonia pickettii 12D **B** Bacterium

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Ralstonia pickettii 12J **B** Bacterium Ralstonia sp. AU12-08 **B** Bacterium Romboutsia **B** Bacterium Roseburia faecis **B** Bacterium Roseburia hominis A2-183 **B** Bacterium Roseburia intestinalis L1-82 **B** Bacterium Roseburia inulinivorans **B** Bacterium Roseburia sp. 499 **B** Bacterium Roseburia sp. 831b **B** Bacterium Rothia mucilaginosa DY-18 **B** Bacterium Rothia sp. HMSC071F11 **B** Bacterium Ruminococcaceae bacterium D16 **B** Bacterium Ruminococcaceae bacterium Marseille-P2963 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Ruminococcaceae bacterium cv2

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus albus 7 = DSM 20455

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus bicirculans

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus callidus

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus champanellensis

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus faecis JCM 15917

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus flavefaciens strain XPD3002

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus flavefaciens strain Y1

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus gauvreauii

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus gnavus ATCC 29149

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus lactaris CC59\_002D

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus sp. 5\_1\_39BFAA

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus sp. DSM 100440



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Ruminococcus sp. JC304

B Bacterium

Ruminococcus sp. Marseille-P3213 sp. Marseille-P3213

**B** Bacterium

Ruminococcus torques ATCC 27756

**B** Bacterium

Ruthenibacterium lactatiformans strain 585-1

**B** Bacterium

Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C

**E** Eukaryote

Saccharomyces sp. 'boulardii' strain unique28

**E** Eukaryote

Sanguibacteroides justesenii strain OUH

**B** Bacterium

Sellimonas intestinalis

**B** Bacterium

Shewanella colwelliana strain CSB03KR

**B** Bacterium

Sinorhizobium sp. GL28

**B** Bacterium

Solobacterium moorei

**B** Bacterium

Staphylococcus epidermidis

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus anginosus strain J4211

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus anginosus strain SA1 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus anginosus subsp. whileyi MAS624 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus australis **B** Bacterium Streptococcus equinus **B** Bacterium Streptococcus infantarius subsp. infantarius CJ18 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus infantis ATCC 700779 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus infantis X **B** Bacterium Streptococcus infantis strain UC921A **B** Bacterium Streptococcus intermedius B196 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus intermedius C270 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus intermedius JTH08 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus milleri **B** Bacterium Streptococcus mitis SPAR10 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus mitis strain SVGS\_061

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus oralis ATCC 35037

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus parasanguinis ATCC 15912

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus parasanguinis FW213

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus salivarius CCHSS3

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus salivarius JIM8777

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus salivarius strain HSISS4

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus salivarius strain JF

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sanguinis SK36

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. 1171\_SSPC

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. 343\_SSPC

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. 400\_SSPC

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. 449\_SSPC

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus sp. A12 sp. A12

B Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. AS14

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. C300

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. CCH5-D3

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. CCH8-H5

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. F0442

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. FDAARGOS\_192

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. GUT-187

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. HMSC056C01

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. HMSC057G03

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. HMSC061D10

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. HMSC061E03

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. HMSC062D07



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus sp. HMSC062H02 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC064D12 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC064H09 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC065C01 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC065E03 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC065H07 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC068F04 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC072C09 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC072D03 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC072D05 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC072G04 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC073A12 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC073D05 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus sp. HMSC074B11 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC074F05 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC076C09 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC077F03 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC078D09 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC078H03 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC078H12 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HMSC10E12 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HPH0090 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. HSISS3 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. I-G2 sp. I-G2 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. I-P16 sp. I-P16 **B** Bacterium Streptococcus sp. SK140



**B** Bacterium

**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Streptococcus sp. SR4

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. oral taxon 064 strain W10853

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus sp. oral taxon 431

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus LMD-9

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus MN-ZLW-002

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus ND03

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus strain KLDS

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus strain ND07

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus thermophilus strain S9

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus vestibularis

**B** Bacterium

Streptococcus viridans

**B** Bacterium

Subdoligranulum sp. 4\_3\_54A2FAA

**B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

Subdoligranulum variabile **B** Bacterium Tobacco mild green mosaic virus V Virus Tomato brown rugose fruit virus V Virus Tomato mosaic virus V Virus Tyzzerella nexilis **B** Bacterium Tyzzerella sp. Marseille-P3062 sp. Marseille-P3062 **B** Bacterium Veillonella **B** Bacterium [Bacteroides] pectinophilus **B** Bacterium [Clostridium] asparagiforme **B** Bacterium [Clostridium] bolteae **B** Bacterium [Clostridium] citroniae **B** Bacterium [Clostridium] clostridioforme 2\_1\_49FAA **B** Bacterium [Clostridium] clostridioforme 90A3 **B** Bacterium



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

[Clostridium] clostridioforme 90A4

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme 90A7

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme 90A8

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme AGR2157

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme CM201

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme WAL-7855

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme strain 2789STDY5834865

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] clostridioforme strain NLAE-zl-G208

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] glycyrrhizinilyticum JCM 13369

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] hylemonae DSM 15053

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] innocuum 2959

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] lactatifermentans

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] leptum DSM 753



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

[Clostridium] scindens ATCC 35704

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] spiroforme

**B** Bacterium

[Clostridium] symbiosum WAL-14163

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium rectale] ATCC 33656

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] contortum strain 2789STDY5834876

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] eligens ATCC 27750

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] hallii DSM 3353

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] rectale strain T1-815

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] siraeum DSM 15702

**B** Bacterium

[Eubacterium] siraeum strain 2789STDY5834928

**B** Bacterium

[Ruminococcus] torques strain 2789STDY5608833

**B** Bacterium

[Ruminococcus] torques strain 2789STDY5608867

**B** Bacterium

[Ruminococcus] torques strain 2789STDY5834841



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

[Ruminococcus] torques strain 2789STDY5834889	
B Bacterium	
bacterium LF-3	
B Bacterium	

https://www.viome.com/reportablerange



**DOB:** 04/05/1985

## **Viome Methodology**

Microbial total RNA is extracted, ribosomal RNA molecules are removed from total RNA, and the remaining RNA molecules are sequenced on Illumina NextSeq or NovaSeq. Proprietary bioinformatics algorithms are used to perform taxonomic classification and functional analysis of the sequencing data.

## **Method Limitation**

Viome's results and recommendations are based on our ability to identify and quantify thousands of microbial taxa. Such vast diversity has not been captured in the genomic databases, so it is impossible to assess it comprehensively. There are microorganisms that thrive in the gut whose genomes have not been sequenced. Viome is unable to identify those specific organisms, but can identify their near neighbors, which have similar homology. There are also taxa that we cannot discriminate because of their sequence similarity, for example at the strain level. There are some RNA transcripts that may not always align and match to specific known organisms, which may be due to the fact that these sequences are poorly characterized, reliable consensus sequence may not be available for reference. Viome monitors the growth of public genomic databases and will update its own databases when there is sufficient new information to be worthy of incorporation.

Detection of a microorganism by this test does not imply having a disease. Similarly, not detecting a microorganism by this test does not exclude the presence of a disease-causing microorganism. Further, other organisms may be present that are not detected by this test. This test is not a substitute for established methods for identifying microorganisms or their antimicrobial susceptibility profile. Results are qualitative and identify the presence or absence of identified annotated organisms.

The Gut Intelligence Test was developed by, and its performance characteristics determined by Viome Inc. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. This laboratory is registered under CLIA (32D2156145) to perform high complexity testing. Sequencing was performed at CLIA (). Contact Viome for any further questions.



## Y I O M E

CHARLES WARDEN'S RESULTS

VERSION: 1.14.2