

Vandalay Industries Monitoring Activity Instructions

Step 1: The Need for Speed

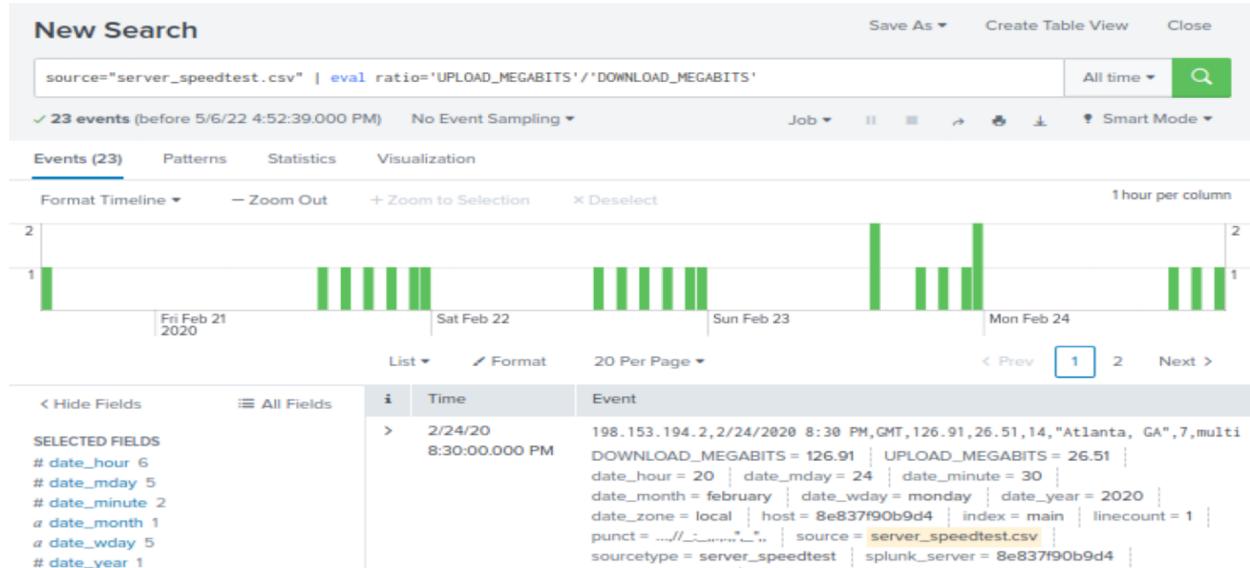
Background: As the worldwide leader of importing and exporting, Vandalay Industries has been the target of many adversaries attempting to disrupt their online business. Recently, Vandalay has been experiencing DDOS attacks against their web servers.

Not only were web servers taken offline by a DDOS attack, but upload and download speed were also significantly impacted after the outage. Your networking team provided results of a network speed run around the time of the latest DDOS attack.

Task: Create a report to determine the impact that the DDOS attack had on download and upload speed. Additionally, create an additional field to calculate the ratio of the upload speed to the download speed.

1. Upload the following file of the system speeds around the time of the attack.
 - Speed Test File
2. Using the eval command, create a field called ratio that shows the ratio between the upload and download speeds.
 - Hint: The format for creating a ratio is: | eval new_field_name = 'fieldA' / 'fieldB'

```
source="server_speedtest.csv" | eval ratio='UPLOAD_MEGABITS/'DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS'
```



linecount 1
 @ punct 2
 @ source 1
 @ sourcetype 1
 @ splunk_server 1
 # timeendpos 3
 # timestamppos 2
 # UPLOAD_MEGABITS 17

INTERESTING FIELDS
 @ CONNECTION_MODE 1
 # DISTANCE_MILES 9
 @ IP_ADDRESS 2
 # LATENCY_MS 7
 # ratio 23
 @ SERVER_NAME 1
 @ TEST_DATE 21
 @ TIME_ZONE 1

+ Extract New Fields

ratio

23 Values, 100% of events

Selected Yes No

Reports

Average over time Maximum value over time Minimum value over time
 Top values Top values by time Rare values
 Events with this field

Avg: 0.11140926086956524 **Min:** 0.0497 **Max:** 0.233 **Std Dev:** 0.05840628142878078

Top 10 Values	Count	%
0.0497	1	4.348%
0.0520	1	4.348%
0.0609	1	4.348%
0.0611	1	4.348%
0.0647	1	4.348%
0.0687	1	4.348%
0.0690	1	4.348%
0.0696	1	4.348%
0.0774	1	4.348%
0.0781	1	4.348%

DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS = 122.91 UPLOAD_MEGABITS = 7.51

3. Create a report using the Splunk's table command to display the following fields in a statistics report:

- _time
- IP_ADDRESS
- DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS
- UPLOAD_MEGABITS
- ratio

4. Hint: Use the following format when for the table command: | table fieldA fieldB fieldC

```
source="server_speedtest.csv" | eval ratio='UPLOAD_MEGABITS'/DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS'|table _time IP_ADDRESS DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS UPLOAD_MEGABITS ratio
```

New Search

source="server_speedtest.csv" | eval ratio='UPLOAD_MEGABITS''/DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS'| table _time IP_ADDRESS DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS UPLOAD_MEGABITS ratio

✓ 23 events (before 5/6/22 4:50:53.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▾ Job ▾ All time ▾ Smart Mode ▾

Events Patterns Statistics (23) Visualization

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_time	IP_ADDRESS	DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS	UPLOAD_MEGABITS	ratio
2020-02-22 18:30:00	198.153.194.2	107.91	13.51	0.1252
2020-02-22 16:30:00	198.153.194.2	106.91	12.51	0.1170
2020-02-22 14:30:00	198.153.194.1	105.91	11.51	0.1087
2020-02-21 23:30:00	198.153.194.1	109.16	10.51	0.09628
2020-02-21 22:30:00	198.153.194.1	109.91	9.51	0.0865
2020-02-21 20:30:00	198.153.194.1	108.91	8.51	0.0781
2020-02-21 18:30:00	198.153.194.2	107.91	7.51	0.0696
2020-02-21 16:30:00	198.153.194.2	106.91	6.51	0.0609
2020-02-21 14:30:00	198.153.194.1	105.91	5.51	0.0520
2020-02-20 14:21:00	198.153.194.1	109.16	5.43	0.0497
2020-02-23 23:30:00	198.153.194.2	123.91	8.51	0.0687
2020-02-23 23:30:00	198.153.194.1	122.91	7.51	0.0611

5. Answer the following questions:

- Based on the report created, what is the approximate date and time of the attack?
 1. The report's results show that the time of the attack was on Feb 22nd, 2020 at 11:30 PM.
- How long did it take your systems to recover?
 2. The system started recovering at 2:30 PM on Feb 23rd, 2020

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_time	IP_ADDRESS	DOWNLOAD_MEGABITS	UPLOAD_MEGABITS	ratio
2020-02-22 18:30:00	198.153.194.2	107.91	13.51	0.1252
2020-02-22 16:30:00	198.153.194.2	106.91	12.51	0.1170
2020-02-22 14:30:00	198.153.194.1	105.91	11.51	0.1087
2020-02-21 23:30:00	198.153.194.1	109.16	10.51	0.09628
2020-02-21 22:30:00	198.153.194.1	109.91	9.51	0.0865
2020-02-21 20:30:00	198.153.194.1	108.91	8.51	0.0781
2020-02-21 18:30:00	198.153.194.2	107.91	7.51	0.0696
2020-02-21 16:30:00	198.153.194.2	106.91	6.51	0.0609
2020-02-21 14:30:00	198.153.194.1	105.91	5.51	0.0520
2020-02-20 14:21:00	198.153.194.1	109.16	5.43	0.0497
2020-02-23 23:30:00	198.153.194.2	123.91	8.51	0.0687
2020-02-23 23:30:00	198.153.194.1	122.91	7.51	0.0611
2020-02-23 22:30:00	198.153.194.1	78.34	6.51	0.0831
2020-02-23 20:30:00	198.153.194.2	65.34	4.23	0.0647
2020-02-23 18:30:00	198.153.194.2	17.56	3.43	0.195
2020-02-23 14:30:00	198.153.194.1	2	7.87	1.83
2020-02-23 14:30:00	198.153.194.2	12.76	2.19	0.172
2020-02-22 23:30:00	198.153.194.2	1	109.16	9.51

Step 2: Are We Vulnerable?

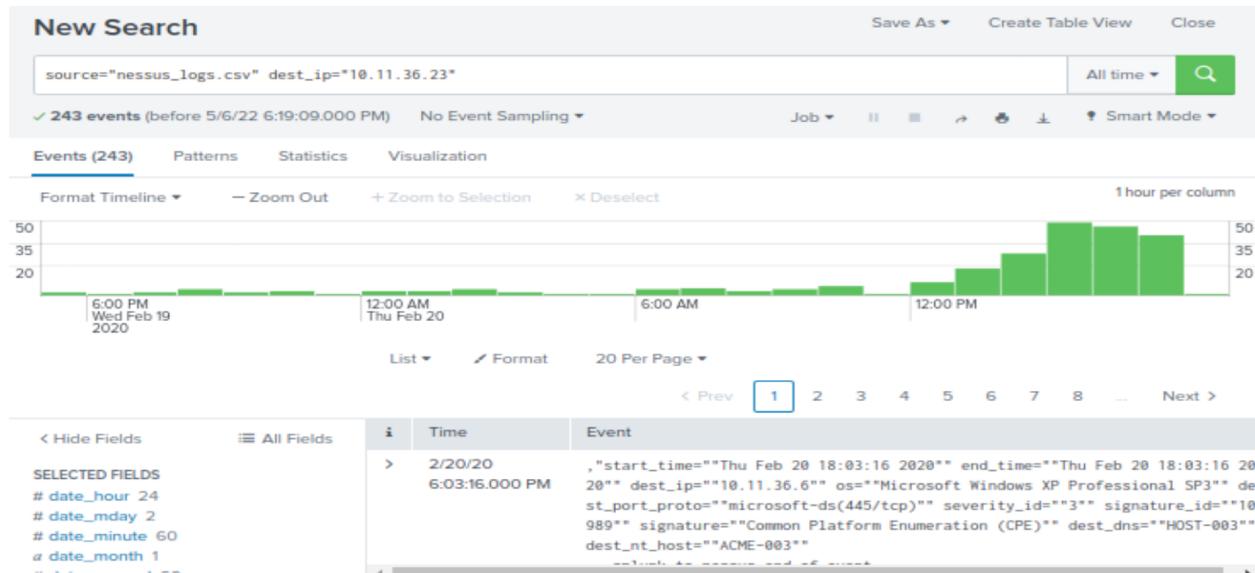
Background: Due to the frequency of attacks, your manager needs to be sure that sensitive customer data on their servers is not vulnerable. Since Vandalay uses Nessus vulnerability scanners, you have pulled the last 24 hours of scans to see if there are any critical vulnerabilities.

- For more information on Nessus, read the following link:
<https://www.tenable.com/products/nessus>

Task: Create a report determining how many critical vulnerabilities exist on the customer data server. Then, build an alert to notify your team if a critical vulnerability reappears on this server.

- Upload the following file from the Nessus vulnerability scan.
 - Nessus Scan Results
- Create a report that shows the count of critical vulnerabilities from the customer database server.
 - The database server IP is 10.11.36.23.
 - The field that identifies the level of vulnerabilities is severity.

source="nessus_logs.csv" dest_ip="10.11.36.23"



[Hide Fields](#) [All Fields](#)

List Time Event < Prev 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ... Next

report
Show all 13 lines

```
date_hour = 18 | date_mday = 20 | date_minute = 3 |
date_month = february | date_second = 16 | date_wday = thursday |
date_year = 2020 | date_zone = local | dest = HOST-003 |
dest_is_expected = false | dest_nt_host = ACME-003 |
```

severity

5 Values, 100% of events Selected Yes No

Reports

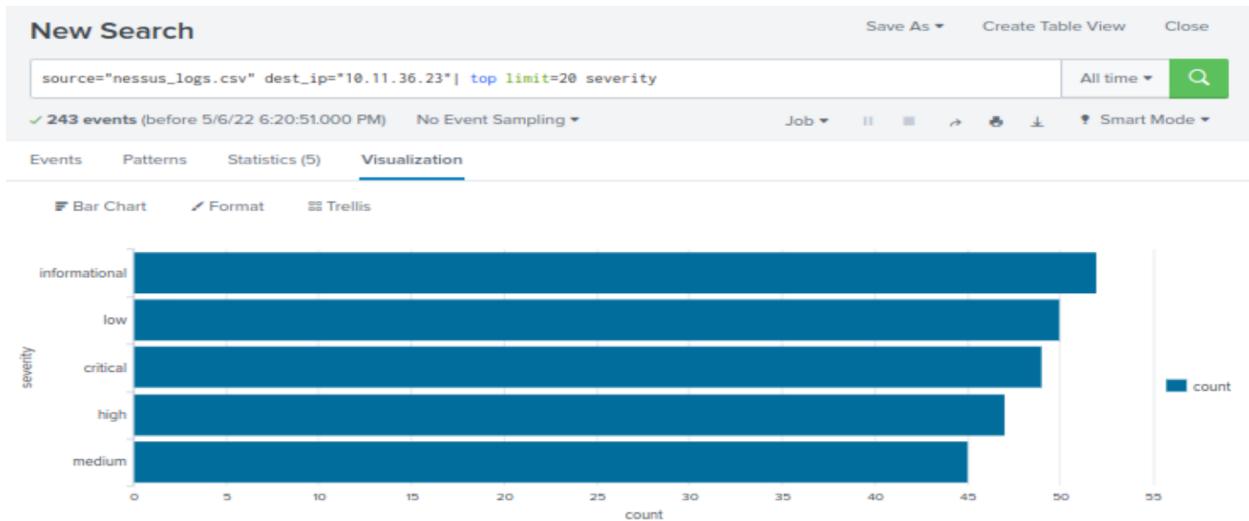
Top values Top values by time Rare values

Events with this field

Values	Count	%
informational	52	21.399%
low	50	20.576%
critical	49	20.165%
high	47	19.342%
medium	45	18.518%

timestamp = none | timestamppos = 19 | vendor = Tenable

> 2/20/20 5:58:58 PM , "start_time=""Thu Feb 20 17:58:58 2020"" end_time=""Thu Feb 20 17:58:58 2020"" dest_ip="HOST-003" dest_nt_host="ACME-003" dest="none" severity="informational"



- Build an alert that monitors every day to see if this server has any critical vulnerabilities. If a vulnerability exists, have an alert emailed to soc@vandalay.com.

```
source="nessus_logs.csv" dest_ip="10.11.36.23" severity=critical | stats count by severity
```

New Search

source="nessus_logs.csv" dest_ip="10.11.36.23" severity=critical | stats count by severity

49 events (before 5/6/22 6:43:04.000 PM) No Event Sampling Job All time Smart Mode

Events Patterns Statistics (1) Visualization

50 Per Page Format Preview

severity \$ count #

critical 49

Save As Alert

Settings

Title: Critical vulnerabilities on 10.11.36.23

Description: Optional

Permissions: Private Shared in App

Alert type: Scheduled Real-time

Run every day

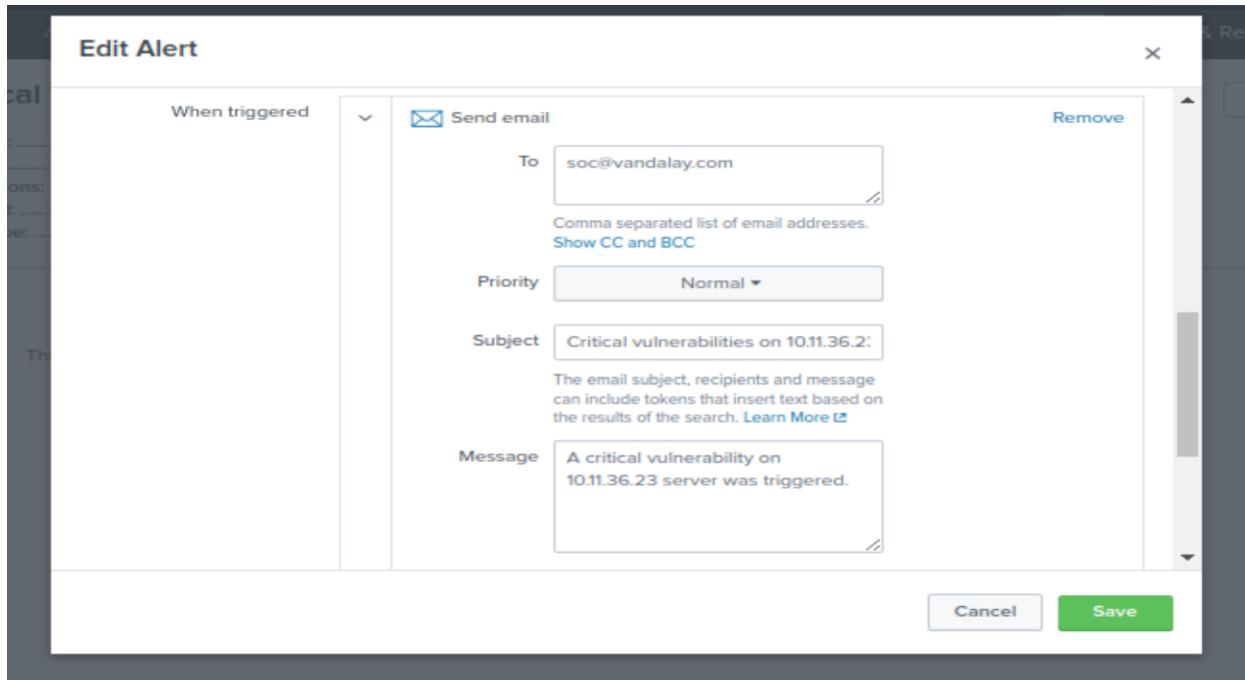
At: 0:00

Expires: 24 hour(s)

Trigger Conditions

Trigger alert when: Number of Results

Cancel Save



Critical vulnerabilities on 10.11.36.23

Enabled: Yes. Disable	Trigger Condition: ... Number of Results is > 0. Edit
App: search	Actions: 1 Action Edit
Permissions: Private. Owned by admin. Edit	Send email
Modified: May 6, 2022 6:57:34 PM	
Alert Type: Scheduled. Daily, at 0:00. Edit	

Step 3: Drawing the (base)line

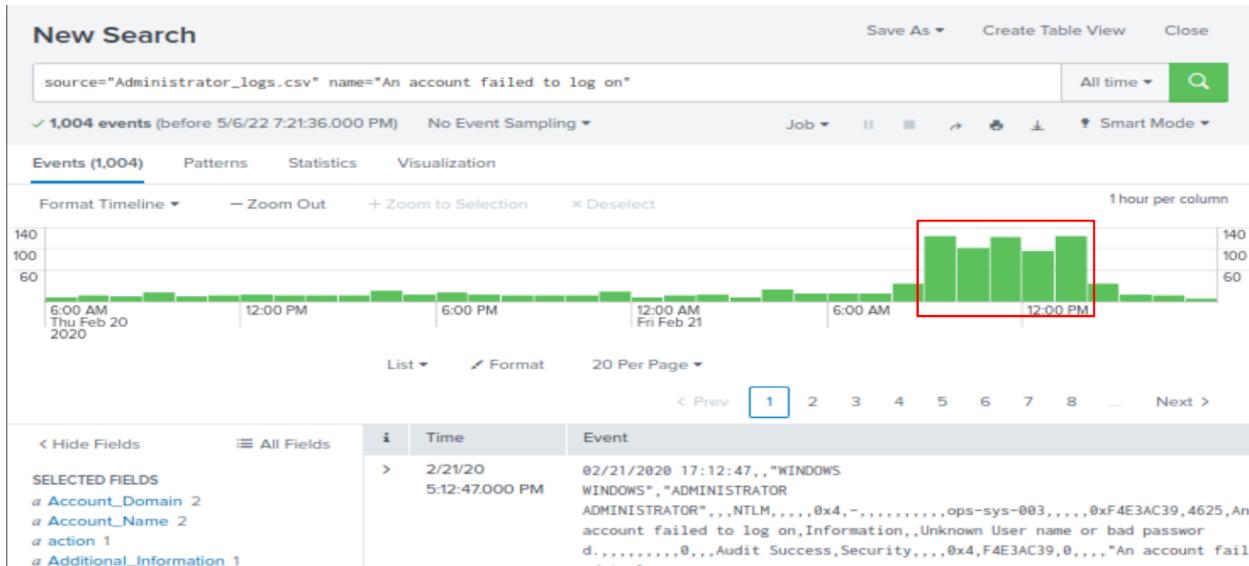
Background: A Vandalay server is also experiencing brute force attacks into their administrator account. Management would like you to set up monitoring to notify the SOC team if a brute force attack occurs again.

Task: Analyze administrator logs that document a brute force attack. Then, create a baseline of the ordinary amount of administrator bad logins and determine a threshold to indicate if a brute force attack is occurring.

1. Upload the administrator login logs.
 - o Admin Logins
2. When did the brute force attack occur?
 - o Hints:
 - Look for the name field to find failed logins.
 - Note the attack lasted several hours.

source="Administrator_logs.csv" name="An account failed to log on"

The attack occurred on Feb 21st, 2020 from 9 AM to 1 PM, when the failed login attempts ranged from 95 to 124 logins per hour.



3. Determine a baseline of normal activity and a threshold that would alert if a brute force attack is occurring.

Based on past login data the baseline for normal activity ranged from 6 to 20 logins per hour with a threshold for more than 30 failed login attempts.

4. Design an alert to check the threshold every hour and email the SOC team at SOC@vandalay.com if triggered.

Save As Alert

Title	Brute Force Attack	
Description	Optional	
Permissions	Private	Shared in App
Alert type	Scheduled	Real-time
	Run every hour ▾	
At	0 ▾	minutes past the hour
Expires	24	hour(s) ▾
Trigger Conditions		
Trigger alert when	Number of Results ▾	
	is greater than ▾	30

Save As Alert

When triggered

Send email

To: SOC@vandalay.com

Priority: Normal

Subject: Brute Force Attack

The email subject, recipients and message can include tokens that insert text based on the results of the search. [Learn More](#)

Message: The number of failed logins went over 30 in an hour, please investigate.

Cancel Save

Brute Force Attack

Edit ▾

Enabled: Yes. [Disable](#)

App: search

Permissions: Private. Owned by admin. [Edit](#)

Modified: May 6, 2022 7:51:58 PM

Alert Type: Scheduled. Hourly, at 0 minutes past the hour. [Edit](#)

Trigger Condition: ... Number of Results is > 30. [Edit](#)

Actions: 1 Action [Edit](#)

 Send email