

Audit Report Life Coin

March 2024

Network BSC

Address 0xfaDc157F0D98e3051CfaD0653E720e5889dB2B92

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Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	MEM	Misleading Error Messages	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic	Unresolved
•	L16	Validate Variable Setters	Unresolved
•	L20	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved



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Review

Contract Name	LifeCoin
Compiler Version	v0.8.19+commit.7dd6d404
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0xfadc157f0d98e3051cfad0653e7 20e5889db2b92
Address	0xfadc157f0d98e3051cfad0653e720e5889db2b92
Network	BSC
Symbol	LIFC
Decimals	18
Total Supply	100,000,000
Badge Eligibility	Yes

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	25 Mar 2024
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Source Files

Filename	SHA256
LifeCoin.sol	8b007ac80abf5fe823d380439d06a21c53a83e153adb1cfd60aff70147fe 2d3f



Findings Breakdown



Severity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other	
Critical	0	0	0	0	
Medium	0	0	0	0	
Minor / Informative	5	0	0	0	



MEM - Misleading Error Messages

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LifeCoin.sol#L349,461
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract is using misleading error messages. These error messages do not accurately reflect the problem, making it difficult to identify and fix the issue. As a result, the users will not be able to find the root cause of the error.

```
require(!tradingEnabled)
require(allowedPresaleExclusion)
```

Recommendation

The team is suggested to provide a descriptive message to the errors. This message can be used to provide additional context about the error that occurred or to explain why the contract execution was halted. This can be useful for debugging and for providing more information to users that interact with the contract.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LifeCoin.sol#L37,114,115,116,117,118,133,139,149,161,176
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- 3. Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.



```
function WETH() external pure returns (address);
uint256 constant private startingSupply = 100_000_000
string constant private _name = "Life Coin"
string constant private _symbol = "LIFC"
uint8 constant private _decimals = 18
uint256 constant private _tTotal = startingSupply *
10**_decimals

Fees public _taxRates = Fees({
            buyFee: 400,
            sellFee: 400,
            transferFee: 0
        })
...
```

Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LifeCoin.sol#L420,432,442,456
Status	Unresolved

Description

Events are a way to record and log information about changes or actions that occur within a contract. They are often used to notify external parties or clients about events that have occurred within the contract, such as the transfer of tokens or the completion of a task.

It's important to carefully design and implement the events in a contract, and to ensure that all required events are included. It's also a good idea to test the contract to ensure that all events are being properly triggered and logged.

```
_maxWalletSize = (_tTotal * percent) / divisor
swapThreshold = (_tTotal * thresholdPercent) / thresholdDivisor
piSwapPercent = priceImpactSwapPercent
buybackThreshold = threshold * 10**thresholdMultiplier
```

Recommendation

By including all required events in the contract and thoroughly testing the contract's functionality, the contract ensures that it performs as intended and does not have any missing events that could cause issues with its arithmetic.

L16 - Validate Variable Setters

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LifeCoin.sol#L259,353
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract performs operations on variables that have been configured on user-supplied input. These variables are missing of proper check for the case where a value is zero. This can lead to problems when the contract is executed, as certain actions may not be properly handled when the value is zero.

```
operator = newOperator
lpPair = constructorLP
```

Recommendation

By adding the proper check, the contract will not allow the variables to be configured with zero value. This will ensure that the contract can handle all possible input values and avoid unexpected behavior or errors. Hence, it can help to prevent the contract from being exploited or operating unexpectedly.

L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LifeCoin.sol#L644
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

```
TOKEN.transfer(_owner, TOKEN.balanceOf(address(this)))
```

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful. The team is advised to check the SafeERC20 library from the Openzeppelin library.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	1	-
IFactoryV2	Interface			
	getPair	External		-
	createPair	External	✓	-
IV2Pair	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	getReserves	External		-



	sync	External	✓	-
IRouter01	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-
	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
	addLiquidity	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokens	External	Payable	-
	getAmountsOut	External		-
	getAmountsIn	External		-
IRouter02	Interface	IRouter01		
	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	Payable	-
	swapExactTokensForTokensSupporting FeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForTokens	External	✓	-
Initializer	Interface			
	setLaunch	External	✓	-
	getConfig	External	✓	-
	getInits	External	✓	-
	setLpPair	External	✓	-



LifeCoin	Implementation	IERC20		
		Public	Payable	-
	transferOwner	External	✓	onlyOwner
	renounceOwnership	External	1	onlyOwner
	setOperator	Public	1	-
	renounceOriginalDeployer	External	1	-
		External	Payable	-
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	allowance	External		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	1	-
	approve	External	1	-
	_approve	Internal	1	
	approveContractContingency	External	✓	onlyOwner
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
	setNewRouter	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setLpPair	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setInitializer	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	isExcludedFromLimits	External		-



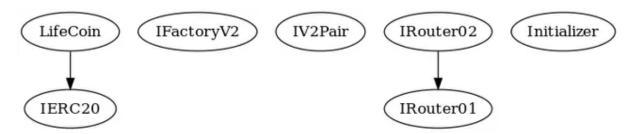
setExcludedFromLimits	External	✓	onlyOwner
isExcludedFromFees	External		-
setExcludedFromFees	Public	✓	onlyOwner
isExcludedFromProtection	External		-
setExcludedFromProtection	External	1	onlyOwner
getCirculatingSupply	Public		-
lockTaxes	External	1	onlyOwner
setTaxes	External	1	onlyOwner
setRatios	External	✓	onlyOwner
setWallets	External	✓	onlyOwner
setMaxWalletSize	External	1	onlyOwner
getMaxWallet	External		-
getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact	External		-
setSwapSettings	External	1	onlyOwner
setPriceImpactSwapAmount	External	1	onlyOwner
setContractSwapEnabled	External	1	onlyOwner
setBuybackEnabled	External	1	onlyOwner
setBuybackSettings	External	1	onlyOwner
excludePresaleAddresses	External	1	onlyOwner
_hasLimits	Internal		
_transfer	Internal	1	
contractSwap	Internal	1	inSwapFlag
buyBack	Internal	✓	



_checkLiquidityAdd	Internal	1	
enableTrading	Public	1	onlyOwner
sweepContingency	External	✓	onlyOwner
sweepExternalTokens	External	✓	onlyOwner
multiSendTokens	External	1	onlyOwner
finalizeTransfer	Internal	✓	
takeTaxes	Internal	✓	

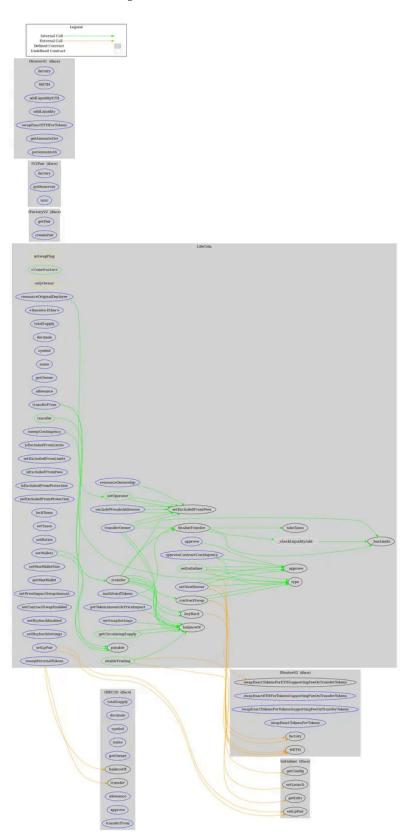


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Life Coin contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. Life Coin is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler error or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions.

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Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

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