

Audit Report **Motorcoin**

January 2024

Network BSC

Address 0xD4e5280998788319e6eA18BBD6824C0324CD18C2

Audited by © cyberscope



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

| Severity | Code | Description | Status |
|----------|------|-------------------------|------------|
| • | ST | Stops Transactions | Passed |
| • | OTUT | Transfers User's Tokens | Passed |
| • | ELFM | Exceeds Fees Limit | Passed |
| • | MT | Mints Tokens | Unresolved |
| • | ВТ | Burns Tokens | Passed |
| • | ВС | Blacklists Addresses | Passed |

Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

| Severity | Code | Description | Status |
|----------|------|-----------------------|------------|
| • | L09 | Dead Code Elimination | Unresolved |



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Review

| Contract Name | BEP20Token |
|-------------------|--|
| Compiler Version | v0.5.16+commit.9c3226ce |
| Optimization | 200 runs |
| Explorer | https://bscscan.com/address/0xd4e5280998788319e6ea18bbd 6824c0324cd18c2 |
| Address | 0xd4e5280998788319e6ea18bbd6824c0324cd18c2 |
| Network | BSC |
| Symbol | MTRC |
| Decimals | 7 |
| Total Supply | 10,000,000,000 |
| Badge Eligibility | Must Fix Criticals |

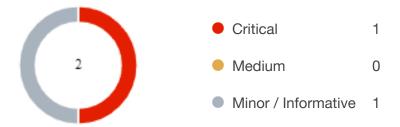
Audit Updates

| Initial Audit | 30 Jan 2024 |
|---------------|-------------|
|---------------|-------------|

Source Files

| Filename | SHA256 |
|----------------|--|
| BEP20Token.sol | 127b435e42a44445c8ab04339daad16f6e26383745fc8da3efe7e496172 fd441 |

Findings Breakdown



| Severity | Unresolved | Acknowledged | Resolved | Other |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|-------|
| Critical | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Minor / Informative | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



MT - Mints Tokens

| Criticality | Critical |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Location | BEP20Token.sol#L501 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the mint function. As a result, the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
function mint(uint256 amount) public onlyOwner returns (bool) {
    _mint(_msgSender(), amount);
    return true;
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions.

Temporary Solutions:

These measurements do not decrease the severity of the finding

- Introduce a time-locker mechanism with a reasonable delay.
- Introduce a multi-signature wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.

Permanent Solution:

• Renouncing the ownership, which will eliminate the threats but it is non-reversible.



L09 - Dead Code Elimination

| Criticality | Minor / Informative |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Location | BEP20Token.sol#L553,588 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

In Solidity, dead code is code that is written in the contract, but is never executed or reached during normal contract execution. Dead code can occur for a variety of reasons, such as:

- Conditional statements that are always false.
- Functions that are never called.
- Unreachable code (e.g., code that follows a return statement).

Dead code can make a contract more difficult to understand and maintain, and can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal {
    require(account != address(0), "BEP20: burn from the zero
address");

    _balances[account] = _balances[account].sub(amount, "BEP20:
burn amount exceeds balance");
    _totalSupply = _totalSupply.sub(amount);
    emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);
}

function _burnFrom(address account, uint256 amount) internal {
    _burn(account, amount);
    _approve(account, _msgSender(),
    _allowances[account][_msgSender()].sub(amount, "BEP20: burn
amount exceeds allowance"));
}
```



Recommendation

To avoid creating dead code, it's important to carefully consider the logic and flow of the contract and to remove any code that is not needed or that is never executed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



Functions Analysis

| Contract | Туре | Bases | | |
|----------|----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Function Name | Visibility | Mutability | Modifiers |
| | | | | |
| IBEP20 | Interface | | | |
| | totalSupply | External | | - |
| | decimals | External | | - |
| | symbol | External | | - |
| | name | External | | - |
| | getOwner | External | | - |
| | balanceOf | External | | - |
| | transfer | External | ✓ | - |
| | allowance | External | | - |
| | approve | External | 1 | - |
| | transferFrom | External | 1 | - |
| | | | | |
| Context | Implementation | | | |
| | | Internal | 1 | |
| | _msgSender | Internal | | |
| | _msgData | Internal | | |
| | | | | |
| SafeMath | Library | | | |
| | add | Internal | | |



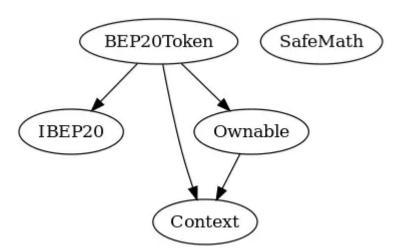
| | sub | Internal | | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | sub | Internal | | |
| | mul | Internal | | |
| | div | Internal | | |
| | div | Internal | | |
| | mod | Internal | | |
| | mod | Internal | | |
| | | | | |
| Ownable | Implementation | Context | | |
| | | Internal | ✓ | |
| | owner | Public | | - |
| | renounceOwnership | Public | 1 | onlyOwner |
| | transferOwnership | Public | 1 | onlyOwner |
| | _transferOwnership | Internal | 1 | |
| | | | | |
| BEP20Token | Implementation | Context, IBEP20, Ownable | | |
| | | Public | ✓ | - |
| | getOwner | External | | - |
| | decimals | External | | - |
| | symbol | External | | - |
| | name | External | | - |
| | totalSupply | External | | - |
| | balanceOf | External | | - |



| transfer | External | 1 | - |
|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| allowance | External | | - |
| approve | External | 1 | - |
| transferFrom | External | 1 | - |
| increaseAllowance | Public | 1 | - |
| decreaseAllowance | Public | 1 | - |
| mint | Public | 1 | onlyOwner |
| _transfer | Internal | 1 | |
| _mint | Internal | 1 | |
| _burn | Internal | ✓ | |
| _approve | Internal | ✓ | |
| _burnFrom | Internal | ✓ | |

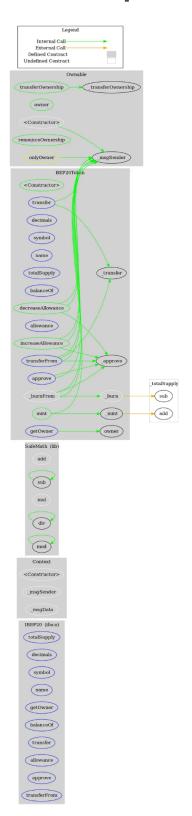


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Motorcoin contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like mint tokens. if the contract owner abuses the mint functionality, then the contract will be highly inflated. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats.



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Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

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