



# Cyberscope

A *TAC Security* Company

## Audit Report

# APFC Token

November 2025

Network    ETH

Address    0x8ed955a2b7d2c3a17a9d05daca95e01818f8c11e

Audited by    © cyberscope

# Analysis

● Critical   ● Medium   ● Minor / Informative   ● Pass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
●	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
●	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
●	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
●	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
●	BC	Blacklists Addresses	Passed

# Diagnostics

● Critical   ● Medium   ● Minor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	MEM	Missing Error Messages	Unresolved
●	DSV	Deprecated Solidity Version	Unresolved

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# Risk Classification

The criticality of findings in Cyberscope's smart contract audits is determined by evaluating multiple variables. The two primary variables are:

1. **Likelihood of Exploitation:** This considers how easily an attack can be executed, including the economic feasibility for an attacker.
2. **Impact of Exploitation:** This assesses the potential consequences of an attack, particularly in terms of the loss of funds or disruption to the contract's functionality.

Based on these variables, findings are categorized into the following severity levels:

1. **Critical:** Indicates a vulnerability that is both highly likely to be exploited and can result in significant fund loss or severe disruption. Immediate action is required to address these issues.
2. **Medium:** Refers to vulnerabilities that are either less likely to be exploited or would have a moderate impact if exploited. These issues should be addressed in due course to ensure overall contract security.
3. **Minor:** Involves vulnerabilities that are unlikely to be exploited and would have a minor impact. These findings should still be considered for resolution to maintain best practices in security.
4. **Informative:** Points out potential improvements or informational notes that do not pose an immediate risk. Addressing these can enhance the overall quality and robustness of the contract.

Severity	Likelihood / Impact of Exploitation
● Critical	Highly Likely / High Impact
● Medium	Less Likely / High Impact or Highly Likely/ Lower Impact
● Minor / Informative	Unlikely / Low to no Impact

## Review

<b>Contract Name</b>	APFC
<b>Compiler Version</b>	v0.4.24+commit.e67f0147
<b>Optimization</b>	200 runs
<b>Explorer</b>	<a href="https://etherscan.io/address/0x8ed955a2b7d2c3a17a9d05daca95e01818f8c11e">https://etherscan.io/address/0x8ed955a2b7d2c3a17a9d05daca95e01818f8c11e</a>
<b>Address</b>	0x8ed955a2b7d2c3a17a9d05daca95e01818f8c11e
<b>Network</b>	ETH
<b>Symbol</b>	APFC
<b>Decimals</b>	18
<b>Total Supply</b>	250,000,000

## Audit Updates

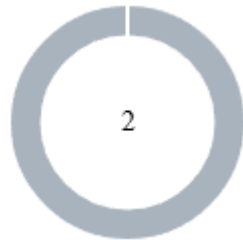
<b>Initial Audit</b>	07 Nov 2025
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## Source Files

<b>Filename</b>	SHA256
<b>StandardToken.sol</b>	17f3420015158148d711851a1f8a266ca417d25645f8ad37569ed9ba34ad351b
<b>SafeMath.sol</b>	2992be99ec79983fab97b08158bbad475f55e02ec8c5293d663fa124a9b75c66
<b>Ownable.sol</b>	35feff96ea2ff782dfa0d35815b2d394cff31bbb2270b77aab4abac1bf6e4b9b

<b>MintableToken.sol</b>	17bd054d51a9da8a42e807a30e4da006b3ce6b57212b773f1001ac0c9abb707d
<b>ERC20Basic.sol</b>	8f09e53364787fdff9a9f701c4c5c35b8786d26aed5cce84ca460cd854e8a130
<b>ERC20.sol</b>	1570b37daa43d61c3f045639f96f63ca687ac0a8444ff944cd1ed1c33c0141e9
<b>CappedToken.sol</b>	c937963bb37204634a4380d6a508728463a219f0c5334e20c765602ecbab4846
<b>CapToken.sol</b>	73473c69b45058870c7ce6b3db6876a3bef5450e69c23d27361ec811d81ae781
<b>BasicToken.sol</b>	dde32d0bba9da74c52e0710e431996308e472f2b07d468c69609e17a3c082e0a

## Findings Breakdown



● Critical	0
● Medium	0
● Minor / Informative	2

Severity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
● Critical	0	0	0	0
● Medium	0	0	0	0
● Minor / Informative	2	0	0	0



## MEM - Missing Error Messages

<b>Criticality</b>	Minor / Informative
<b>Location</b>	StandardToken.sol#L33,34,35 Ownable.sol#L32,60 MintableToken.sol#L20,25 CappedToken.sol#L15,32 BasicToken.sol#L32,33
<b>Status</b>	Unresolved

### Description

The contract is missing error messages. Specifically, there are no error messages to accurately reflect the problem, making it difficult to identify and fix the issue. As a result, the users will not be able to find the root cause of the error.

```
Shell
require(_value <= balances[_from])
require(_value <= allowed[_from][msg.sender])
require(_to != address(0))
require(msg.sender == owner)
require(_newOwner != address(0))
require(!mintingFinished)
require(_cap > 0)
require(totalSupply_.add(_amount) <= cap)
require(_value <= balances[msg.sender])
```

### Recommendation

The team is suggested to provide a descriptive message to the errors. This message can be used to provide additional context about the error that occurred or to explain why the contract execution was halted. This can be useful for debugging and for providing more information to users that interact with the contract.

## DSV - Deprecated Solidity Version

<b>Criticality</b>	Minor / Informative
<b>Location</b>	CapToken.sol#L1
<b>Status</b>	Unresolved

### Description

The contracts are written using Solidity version ^0.4.24, which is deprecated and no longer maintained by the Solidity development team. Relying on outdated compiler versions can expose the codebase to known vulnerabilities, unresolved bugs, and missed performance improvements. This may compromise the security, efficiency, and long-term maintainability of the contracts.

```
Shell  
pragma solidity ^0.4.24;
```

### Recommendation

The team is advised to migrate the contracts to a recent, stable, and supported Solidity version. This ensures access to the latest compiler optimizations and built-in security features, such as native protection against integer overflows and underflows, enhancing both performance and safety.

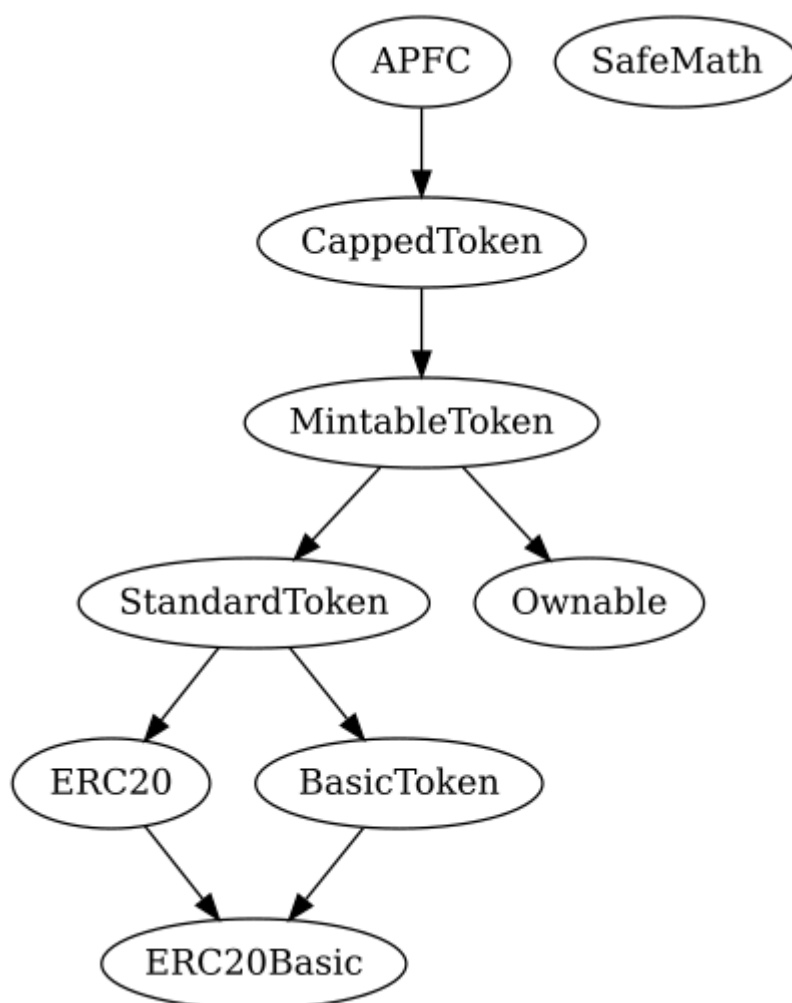
# Functions Analysis

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
<b>StandardToken</b>	Implementation	ERC20, BasicToken		
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	increaseApproval	Public	✓	-
	decreaseApproval	Public	✓	-
<b>SafeMath</b>	Library			
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	add	Internal		
<b>Ownable</b>	Implementation			
		Public	✓	-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	

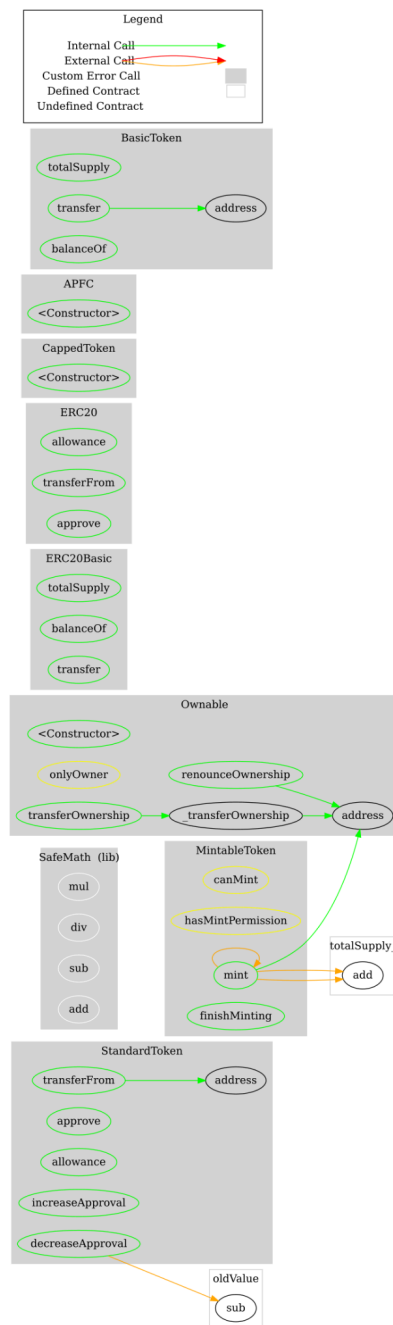
<b>MintableToken</b>	Implementation	StandardToken, Ownable		
	mint	Public	✓	hasMintPermission canMint
	finishMinting	Public	✓	onlyOwner canMint
<b>ERC20Basic</b>	Implementation			
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
<b>ERC20</b>	Implementation	ERC20Basic		
	allowance	Public		-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	approve	Public	✓	-
<b>CappedToken</b>	Implementation	MintableToken		
		Public	✓	-
	mint	Public	✓	-
<b>APFC</b>	Implementation	CappedToken		
		Public	✓	CappedToken
<b>BasicToken</b>	Implementation	ERC20Basic		
	totalSupply	Public		-

	transfer	Public	✓	-
	balanceOf	Public		-

## Inheritance Graph



# Flow Graph



## Summary

APF Coin contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. APF Coin is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler error or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions.



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# About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a TAC blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



A **TAC Security** Company

The Cyberscope team

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