

Audit Report StackBTC

May 2024

Network BSC

Address 0x32BD7882B710D8A8Dae8ED4156494dc50bBf7Ba8

Audited by © cyberscope



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Renounced
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Renounced





Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	DDP	Decimal Division Precision	Unresolved
•	MEM	Misleading Error Messages	Unresolved
•	MEE	Missing Events Emission	Unresolved
•	PLPI	Potential Liquidity Provision Inadequacy	Unresolved
•	RO	Redundant Operation	Unresolved
•	RSML	Redundant SafeMath Library	Unresolved
•	RSW	Redundant Storage Writes	Unresolved
•	RSD	Redundant Swap Duplication	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
•	L13	Divide before Multiply Operation	Unresolved
•	L15	Local Scope Variable Shadowing	Unresolved
•	L16	Validate Variable Setters	Unresolved
•	L19	Stable Compiler Version	Unresolved
•	L20	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved



L22 Potential Locked Ether Unresolved



Table of Contents

Analysis	1
Diagnostics	2
Table of Contents	4
Review	6
Audit Updates	6
Source Files	6
Findings Breakdown	8
ST - Stops Transactions	9
Description	9
Recommendation	9
Team Update	9
BC - Blacklists Addresses	10
Description	10
Recommendation	10
Team Update	11
DDP - Decimal Division Precision	12
Description	12
Recommendation	12
MEM - Misleading Error Messages	13
Description	13
Recommendation	13
MEE - Missing Events Emission	14
Description	14
Recommendation	14
PLPI - Potential Liquidity Provision Inadequacy	15
Description	15
Recommendation	15
RO - Redundant Operation	16
Description	16
Recommendation	16
RSML - Redundant SafeMath Library	17
Description	17
Recommendation	17
RSW - Redundant Storage Writes	18
Description	18
Recommendation	18
RSD - Redundant Swap Duplication	19
Description	19
Recommendation	19



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	20
Description	20
Recommendation	21
L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation	22
Description	22
Recommendation	22
L15 - Local Scope Variable Shadowing	23
Description	23
Recommendation	23
L16 - Validate Variable Setters	24
Description	24
Recommendation	24
L19 - Stable Compiler Version	25
Description	25
Recommendation	25
L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check	26
Description	26
Recommendation	26
L22 - Potential Locked Ether	27
Description	27
Recommendation	27
Functions Analysis	28
Inheritance Graph	39
Flow Graph	40
Summary	41
Disclaimer	42
About Cyberscope	43



Review

Contract Name	Stack_BTC
Compiler Version	v0.8.19+commit.7dd6d404
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0x32BD7882B710D8A8Dae8ED41 56494dc50bBf7Ba8
Address	0x32BD7882B710D8A8Dae8ED4156494dc50bBf7Ba8
Network	BSC
Symbol	sBTC
Decimals	18
Total Supply	21,000,000,000
Badge Eligibility	Yes

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	07 May 2024
---------------	-------------

Source Files

Filename	SHA256
TokenDividendTracker.sol	a36195d5b800eb1123dd33f514cdfc580225645838150f7d2000480c7d 98b956
Token.sol	1f182facb4847f61dd116e158ea59e415caa84377afe8b98e29f5a2eb6e3 827a



Ownable2Step.sol	3e3bdb084bc14ade54e8259e710287956a7dbf2b2b4ad1e4cd8899d22 93c7241
Ownable.sol	33422e7771fefe5fbfe8934837515097119d82a50eda0e49b38e4d6a64a 1c25d
Initializable.sol	b05c26d897c4178cbdb35ad113527e463e1bdeae5764869318a54f93c8 b98a94
IUniswapV2Router02.sol	a2900701961cb0b6152fc073856b972564f7c798797a4a044e83d2ab8f0 e8d38
IUniswapV2Router01.sol	0439ffe0fd4a5e1f4e22d71ddbda76d63d61679947d158cba4ee0a1da60 cf663
IUniswapV2Pair.sol	29c75e69ce173ff8b498584700fef76bc81498c1d98120e2877a1439f0c3 1b5a
IUniswapV2Factory.sol	51d056199e3f5e41cb1a9f11ce581aa3e190cc982db5771ffeef8d8d1f96 2a0d
IERC20Metadata.sol	b10e2f8bcc3ed53a5d9a82a29b1ad3209225331bb4de4a0459862a762 cf83a1a
IERC20.sol	7ebde70853ccafcf1876900dad458f46eb9444d591d39bfc58e952e2582 f5587
ERC20Burnable.sol	480b22ce348050fdb85a693e38ed6b4767a94e4776fc6806d6808a0ec1 71177e
ERC20.sol	f70c6ae5f2dda91a37e17cfcbec390cc59515ed0d34e316f036f5431b5c0 a3f2
Context.sol	b2cfee351bcafd0f8f27c72d76c054df9b571b62cfac4781ed12c86354e2 a56c

Findings Breakdown



Sev	erity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	0	0	2	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	15	0	0	0



ST - Stops Transactions

Criticality	Critical
Status	Renounced

Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop the sales for all users excluding the authorized addresses, as described in detail in section BC. Additionally, the owner can limit users to up to 1 trade per 12 hours.

Recommendation

The team is strongly encouraged to adhere to the recommendations outlined in the respective sections. The team is also adviced to implement a more flexible cooldown timeframe regarding the maximum allowed value. A recommendation implementation could be up to 5 blocks.

Team Update

The contract's ownership has been renounced. The information regarding the transaction can be accessed through the following link:

https://bscscan.com/tx/0xffed3c2149855fe60dc34c9f96cdb3f1cdfe9e002c1c89c5baa421fe 974b4db1.

The trading delay is locked at 30 seconds.



BC - Blacklists Addresses

Criticality	Critical
Location	Token.sol#L387
Status	Renounced

Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop addresses from transactions. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the blacklist function.

```
function blacklist(address account, bool isBlacklisted) external onlyOwner
{
    blacklisted[account] = isBlacklisted;
    emit BlacklistUpdated(account, isBlacklisted);
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions.

Temporary Solutions:

These measurements do not decrease the severity of the finding

- Introduce a time-locker mechanism with a reasonable delay.
- Introduce a multi-signature wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.

Permanent Solution:

• Renouncing the ownership, which will eliminate the threats but it is non-reversible.



Team Update

The contract's ownership has been renounced. The information regarding the transaction can be accessed through the following link:

https://bscscan.com/tx/0xffed3c2149855fe60dc34c9f96cdb3f1cdfe9e002c1c89c5baa421fe 974b4db1.



DDP - Decimal Division Precision

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L270,272
Status	Unresolved

Description

Division of decimal (fixed point) numbers can result in rounding errors due to the way that division is implemented in Solidity. Thus, it may produce issues with precise calculations with decimal numbers.

Solidity represents decimal numbers as integers, with the decimal point implied by the number of decimal places specified in the type (e.g. decimal with 18 decimal places). When a division is performed with decimal numbers, the result is also represented as an integer, with the decimal point implied by the number of decimal places in the type. This can lead to rounding errors, as the result may not be able to be accurately represented as an integer with the specified number of decimal places.

Hence, the splitted shares will not have the exact precision and some funds may not be calculated as expected.

```
_developmentPending += fees * developmentFees[txType] / totalFees[txType];
_rewardsPending += fees * rewardsFees[txType] / totalFees[txType];
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to take into consideration the rounding results that are produced from the solidity calculations. The contract could calculate the subtraction of the divided funds in the last calculation in order to avoid the division rounding issue.



MEM - Misleading Error Messages

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L189,342
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract is using misleading error messages. These error messages do not accurately reflect the problem, making it difficult to identify and fix the issue. As a result, the users will not be able to find the root cause of the error.

```
require(totalSupply() > 0)
require(rewardToken == address(0))
```

Recommendation

The team is suggested to provide a descriptive message to the errors. This message can be used to provide additional context about the error that occurred or to explain why the contract execution was halted. This can be useful for debugging and for providing more information to users that interact with the contract.



MEE - Missing Events Emission

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L131
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract performs actions and state mutations from external methods that do not result in the emission of events. Emitting events for significant actions is important as it allows external parties, such as wallets or dApps, to track and monitor the activity on the contract. Without these events, it may be difficult for external parties to accurately determine the current state of the contract.

```
feeToken = IERC20(feeTokenAddress);
```

Recommendation

It is recommended to include events in the code that are triggered each time a significant action is taking place within the contract. These events should include relevant details such as the user's address and the nature of the action taken. By doing so, the contract will be more transparent and easily auditable by external parties. It will also help prevent potential issues or disputes that may arise in the future.



PLPI - Potential Liquidity Provision Inadequacy

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L146,193
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract operates under the assumption that liquidity is consistently provided to the pair between the contract's token and the native currency. However, there is a possibility that liquidity is provided to a different pair. This inadequacy in liquidity provision in the main pair could expose the contract to risks. Specifically, during eligible transactions, where the contract attempts to swap tokens with the main pair, a failure may occur if liquidity has been added to a pair other than the primary one. Consequently, transactions triggering the swap functionality will result in a revert.

```
router V2.swap Exact Tokens For Tokens Supporting Fee On Transfer Tokens (token Amount, 0, path, address (this), block.timestamp); \\
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to implement a runtime mechanism to check if the pair has adequate liquidity provisions. This feature allows the contract to omit token swaps if the pair does not have adequate liquidity provisions, significantly minimizing the risk of potential failures.

Furthermore, the team could ensure the contract has the capability to switch its active pair in case liquidity is added to another pair.

Additionally, the contract could be designed to tolerate potential reverts from the swap functionality, especially when it is a part of the main transfer flow. This can be achieved by executing the contract's token swaps in a non-reversible manner, thereby ensuring a more resilient and predictable operation.



RO - Redundant Operation

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L161,287,288
Status	Unresolved

Description

There are code segments that could be optimized. A segment may be optimized so that it becomes a smaller size, consumes less memory, executes more rapidly, or performs fewer operations.

For instance, adding zero to any number will yield the same number, hence the operation is redundant.

```
function getAllPending() public view returns (uint256) {
    return 0 + _developmentPending + _rewardsPending;
}
if (false || _developmentPending > 0)
uint256 token2Swap = 0 + _developmentPending;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to take these segments into consideration and rewrite them so the runtime will be more performant. That way it will improve the efficiency and performance of the source code and reduce the cost of executing it.



RSML - Redundant SafeMath Library

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol
Status	Unresolved

Description

SafeMath is a popular Solidity library that provides a set of functions for performing common arithmetic operations in a way that is resistant to integer overflows and underflows.

Starting with Solidity versions that are greater than or equal to 0.8.0, the arithmetic operations revert to underflow and overflow. As a result, the native functionality of the Solidity operations replaces the SafeMath library. Hence, the usage of the SafeMath library adds complexity, overhead and increases gas consumption unnecessarily in cases where the explanatory error message is not used.

```
library SafeMath {...}
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to remove the SafeMath library in cases where the revert error message is not used. Since the version of the contract is greater than 0.8.0 then the pure Solidity arithmetic operations produce the same result.

If the previous functionality is required, then the contract could exploit the unchecked { ... } statement.

Read more about the breaking change on https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.16/080-breaking-changes.html#solidity-v0-8-0-breaking-changes.



RSW - Redundant Storage Writes

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L243,359
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract modifies the state of the following variables without checking if their current value is the same as the one given as an argument. As a result, the contract performs redundant storage writes, when the provided parameter matches the current state of the variables, leading to unnecessary gas consumption and inefficiencies in contract execution.

```
isExcludedFromFees[account] = isExcluded;
isExcludedFromLimits[account] = isExcluded;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to implement additional checks within to prevent redundant storage writes when the provided argument matches the current state of the variables. By incorporating statements to compare the new values with the existing values before proceeding with any state modification, the contract can avoid unnecessary storage operations, thereby optimizing gas usage.



RSD - Redundant Swap Duplication

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L291,306
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract contains multiple swap methods that individually perform token swaps and transfer promotional amounts to specific addresses and features. This redundant duplication of code introduces unnecessary complexity and increases dramatically the gas consumption. By consolidating these operations into a single swap method, the contract can achieve better code readability, reduce gas costs, and improve overall efficiency.

```
_swapTokensForOtherTokens(token2Swap);
_sendDividends(_rewardsPending);
```

Recommendation

A more optimized approach could be adopted to perform the token swap operation once for the total amount of tokens and distribute the proportional amounts to the corresponding addresses, eliminating the need for separate swaps.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L175,341,376,517 Token.sol#L20,43,56,57,58,60,61,111,149,164,174,219,364,375
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.

```
uint256 constant internal magnitude = 2**128
address _rewardToken
address _account
uint256 _gasForProcessing
```



Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L267,270,272
Status	Unresolved

Description

It is important to be aware of the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations. This is especially important when working with large numbers, as the order of operations can affect the final result of the calculation. Performing divisions before multiplications may cause loss of prediction.

```
fees = amount * totalFees[txType] / 10000
_developmentPending += fees * developmentFees[txType] / totalFees[txType]
```

Recommendation

To avoid this issue, it is recommended to carefully consider the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations in Solidity. It's generally a good idea to use parentheses to specify the order of operations. The basic rule is that the multiplications should be prior to the divisions.



L15 - Local Scope Variable Shadowing

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L186
Status	Unresolved

Description

Local scope variable shadowing occurs when a local variable with the same name as a variable in an outer scope is declared within a function or code block. When this happens, the local variable "shadows" the outer variable, meaning that it takes precedence over the outer variable within the scope in which it is declared.

```
string memory _name
string memory _symbol
```

Recommendation

It's important to be aware of shadowing when working with local variables, as it can lead to confusion and unintended consequences if not used correctly. It's generally a good idea to choose unique names for local variables to avoid shadowing outer variables and causing confusion.



L16 - Validate Variable Setters

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L344
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract performs operations on variables that have been configured on user-supplied input. These variables are missing of proper check for the case where a value is zero. This can lead to problems when the contract is executed, as certain actions may not be properly handled when the value is zero.

```
rewardToken = _rewardToken
```

Recommendation

By adding the proper check, the contract will not allow the variables to be configured with zero value. This will ensure that the contract can handle all possible input values and avoid unexpected behavior or errors. Hence, it can help to prevent the contract from being exploited or operating unexpectedly.



L19 - Stable Compiler Version

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L6
Status	Unresolved

Description

The symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.



L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	TokenDividendTracker.sol#L192
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

```
IERC20(rewardToken).transferFrom(msg.sender, address(this), amount)
```

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful. The team is advised to check the SafeERC20 library from the Openzeppelin library.



L22 - Potential Locked Ether

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Token.sol#L118
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract contains Ether that has been placed into a Solidity contract and is unable to be transferred. Thus, it is impossible to access the locked Ether. This may produce a financial loss for the users that have called the payable method.

```
receive() external payable {}
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to either remove the payable method or add a withdraw functionality. it is important to carefully consider the risks and potential issues associated with locked Ether.

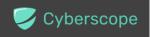


Functions Analysis

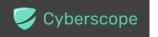
Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
SafeMathUint	Library			
	toInt256Safe	Internal		
SafeMathInt	Library			
	toUint256Safe	Internal		
TruncatedERC2	Implementation			
		Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
DividendPaying TokenInterface	Interface			
	dividendOf	External		-



DividendPaying TokenOptionalI nterface	Interface			
	withdrawableDividendOf	External		-
	withdrawnDividendOf	External		-
	accumulativeDividendOf	External		-
DividendPaying Token	Implementation	TruncatedER C20, DividendPayi ngTokenInter face, DividendPayi ngTokenOpti onalInterface		
		Public	✓	TruncatedERC2
	distributeDividends	Public	✓	-
	_withdrawDividend	Internal	✓	
	dividendOf	Public		-
	withdrawableDividendOf	Public		-
	withdrawnDividendOf	Public		-
	accumulativeDividendOf	Public		-
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_setBalance	Internal	✓	
IterableMappin g	Library			
	get	Public		-



	getIndexOfKey	Public		-
	getKeyAtIndex	Public		-
	size	Public		-
	set	Public	✓	-
	remove	Public	1	-
DividendTracke r	Implementation	Ownable, DividendPayi ngToken		
		Public	✓	DividendPaying Token
	setRewardToken	External	✓	onlyOwner
	excludeFromDividends	External	✓	onlyOwner
	claimWaitSetup	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	getNumberOfTokenHolders	External		-
	getAccountData	Public		-
	getAccountDataAtIndex	Public		-
	claim	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_canAutoClaim	Private		
	setBalance	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	process	External	✓	onlyOwner
DividendTracke rFunctions	Implementation	Ownable2St ep		
	_deployDividendTracker	Internal	✓	
	_setRewardToken	Internal	✓	



	gasForProcessingSetup	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	claimWaitSetup	External	✓	onlyOwner
	_excludeFromDividends	Internal	✓	
	isExcludedFromDividends	Public		-
	claim	External	✓	-
	getClaimWait	External		-
	getTotalDividendsDistributed	External		-
	withdrawableDividendOf	Public		-
	dividendTokenBalanceOf	Public		-
	dividendTokenTotalSupply	Public		-
	getAccountDividendsInfo	External		-
	getAccountDividendsInfoAtIndex	External		-
	getLastProcessedIndex	External		-
	getNumberOfDividendTokenHolders	Public		-
	process	External	✓	-
Stack_BTC	Implementation	ERC20, ERC20Burna ble, Ownable2St ep, DividendTrac kerFunctions , Initializable		
		Public	✓	ERC20
	initialize	External	✓	initializer
		External	Payable	-
	decimals	Public		-



blacklist	External	✓	onlyOwner
_updateFeeToken	Private	✓	
_sendInOtherTokens	Private	✓	
_swapTokensForOtherTokens	Private	✓	
updateSwapThreshold	Public	1	onlyOwner
getSwapThresholdAmount	Public		-
getAllPending	Public		-
developmentAddressSetup	Public	1	onlyOwner
developmentFeesSetup	Public	✓	onlyOwner
_swapTokensForOtherRewardTokens	Private	1	
_sendDividends	Private	✓	
excludeFromDividends	External	✓	onlyOwner
_excludeFromDividends	Internal	✓	
rewardsFeesSetup	Public	✓	onlyOwner
_burn	Internal	✓	
_mint	Internal	✓	
excludeFromFees	Public	✓	onlyOwner
_transfer	Internal	✓	
_updateRouterV2	Private	✓	
setAMMPair	External	✓	onlyOwner
_setAMMPair	Private	√	
excludeFromLimits	External	✓	onlyOwner
_excludeFromLimits	Internal	√	



	updateMaxWalletAmount	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_maxWalletSafeLimit	Private		
	updateTradeCooldownTime	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
Ownable2Step	Implementation	Ownable		
	pendingOwner	Public		-
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
	acceptOwnership	Public	✓	-
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Public	1	-
	owner	Public		-
	_checkOwner	Internal		
	renounceOwnership	Public	1	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
Initializable	Implementation			
IUniswapV2Rou ter02	Interface	IUniswapV2 Router01		



	removeLiquidityETHSupportingFeeOnTr ansferTokens	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityETHWithPermitSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForTokensSupporting FeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	Payable	-
	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
IUniswapV2Rou ter01	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-
	addLiquidity	External	✓	-
	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
	removeLiquidity	External	1	-
	removeLiquidityETH	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityWithPermit	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityETHWithPermit	External	1	-
	swapExactTokensForTokens	External	1	-
	swapTokensForExactTokens	External	1	-
	swapExactETHForTokens	External	Payable	-
	swapTokensForExactETH	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForETH	External	✓	-
	swapETHForExactTokens	External	Payable	-
	quote	External		-



	getAmountOut	External		-
	getAmountIn	External		-
	getAmountsOut	External		-
	getAmountsIn	External		-
IUniswapV2Pair	Interface			
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
	DOMAIN_SEPARATOR	External		-
	PERMIT_TYPEHASH	External		-
	nonces	External		-
	permit	External	✓	-
	MINIMUM_LIQUIDITY	External		-
	factory	External		-
	token0	External		-
	token1	External		-



	getReserves	External		-
	price0CumulativeLast	External		-
	price1CumulativeLast	External		-
	kLast	External		-
	mint	External	✓	-
	burn	External	✓	-
	swap	External	✓	-
	skim	External	✓	-
	sync	External	✓	-
	initialize	External	✓	-
IUniswapV2Fac tory	Interface			
	feeTo	External		-
	feeToSetter	External		-
	getPair	External		-
	allPairs	External		-
	allPairsLength	External		-
	createPair	External	✓	-
	setFeeTo	External	✓	-
	setFeeToSetter	External	✓	-
IERC20Metadat	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-



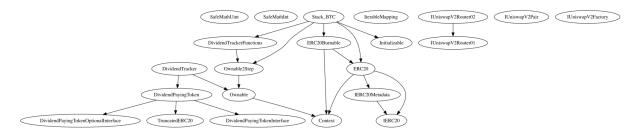
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	1	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
ERC20Burnable	Implementation	Context, ERC20		
	burn	Public	✓	-
	burnFrom	Public	✓	-
ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
		Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-



	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_spendAllowance	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
	_contextSuffixLength	Internal		



Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

StackBTC contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns, and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like stopping transactions and massively blacklisting addresses. The contract's ownership has been renounced. The information regarding the transaction can be accessed through the following link:

https://bscscan.com/tx/0xffed3c2149855fe60dc34c9f96cdb3f1cdfe9e002c1c89c5baa421fe 974b4db1. The fees are locked at 5% on buy and sell transactions and 2% on transfers. Additionally, the trading delay is locked at 30 seconds.



Disclaimer

The information provided in this report does not constitute investment, financial or trading advice and you should not treat any of the document's content as such. This report may not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to or relied upon by any person for any purposes nor may copies be delivered to any other person other than the Company without Cyberscope's prior written consent. This report is not nor should be considered an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. This report is not nor should be regarded as an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team or project that contracts Cyberscope to perform a security assessment. This document does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the technology analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the technologies proprietors' business, business model or legal compliance. This report should not be used in any way to make decisions around investment or involvement with any particular project. This report represents an extensive assessment process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology.

Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk Cyberscope's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security Cyberscope's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze. The assessment services provided by Cyberscope are subject to dependencies and are under continuing development. You agree that your access and/or use including but not limited to any services reports and materials will be at your sole risk on an as-is where-is and as-available basis Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies and carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. The assessment reports could include false positives false negatives and other unpredictable results. The services may access and depend upon multiple layers of third parties.

About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io