Case 1 Extra Credit

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Any discrepancy in replication results are noted.

Table 1

Count by treatment

treatment	n
Placebo	3403
Digoxin	3397

Age

treatment	mean_age	sd_age
Placebo	63.5	10.8
Digoxin	63.4	11.0

Ejection fraction

treatment	$mean_ejf$	sf_ejf
Placebo	28.4	8.9
Digoxin	28.6	8.8

The standard deviation value for the digoxin group is 8.8 instead of 8.9.

Median duration of CHF

treatment	median_chf
Placebo	16
Digoxin	17

Female Sex

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	22.5
Digoxin	22.2

Nonwhite race

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	14.8
Digoxin	14.3

The value for digoxin group is 14.3% instead of 14.4%.

Age > 70 yr

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	27.4
Digoxin	26.7

Method of assessing ejection fraction

treatment	method	percent_of_patients
Placebo	Contrast angiography	30.0
Placebo	Radionuclide ventriculography	64.2
Placebo	Two-dimensional echocardiography	5.8
Digoxin	Contrast angiography	29.5
Digoxin	Radionuclide ventriculography	65.0
Digoxin	Two-dimensional echocardiography	5.5

Cardiothoracic ratio > 0.55

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	34.4
Digoxin	34.6

NYHA class

treatment	class	percent_of_patients
Placebo	I	13.0
Placebo	II	54.5
Placebo	III	30.5
Placebo	IV	1.9
Digoxin	I	13.7
Digoxin	II	53.3
Digoxin	III	30.7
Digoxin	IV	2.2

No. of signs or symptoms of CHF

treatment	number	percent_of_patients
Placebo	0	1.1
Placebo	1	2.0
Placebo	2	7.1
Placebo	3	8.6
Placebo	>=4	81.2
Digoxin	0	1.1
Digoxin	1	2.4
Digoxin	2	7.1
Digoxin	3	9.3
Digoxin	>=4	80.2

The value for the digoxin group over 4 events is 80.2 instead of 80.1.

Medical history

Previous myocardial infarction:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	65.3
Digoxin	64.7

Current angina:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	26.4
Digoxin	27.1

Diabetes:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	28.6
Digoxin	28.3

Hypertension:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	45.8
Digoxin	45.0

Previous digoxin use

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	44.6
Digoxin	44.1

Primary cause of CHF

Ischemic:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	70.5
Digoxin	70.8

The placebo value is 70.5 instead of 70.4.

Nonischemic:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	29.3
Digoxin	29.0

${\bf Nonischemic - Idiopathic:}$

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	14.2
Digoxin	15.5

The placebo group value is 14.2 instead of 14.1.

${\bf Nonischemic\ -\ Hypertensive:}$

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	9.2
Digoxin	8.0

Nonischemic - Other:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	6.0
Digoxin	5.5

The digoxin group value is 5.5 instead of 5.4.

Concomitant medications

Diuretics:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	82.2
Digoxin	81.2

ACE inhibitors:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	94.8
Digoxin	94.1

Nitrates:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	43.1
Digoxin	42.2

The value for digoxin group is 42.2 instead of 42.1.

Other vasodilators:

treatment	percent_of_patients
Placebo	1.5
Digoxin	0.9

Daily dose of study medication prescribed

treatment	dose	percent_of_patients
Placebo	0.125	17.4
Placebo	0.250	70.1
Placebo	0.375	11.3
Placebo	0.500	0.9
Digoxin	0.125	17.5
Digoxin	0.250	70.6
Digoxin	0.375	10.3
Digoxin	0.500	1.1

The placebo $0.250 \mathrm{mg}$ value is 70.1 instead of 70.0.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4 \\ Ejection fraction \end{tabular}$

treatment	ejection_fraction	event_cnt	total_cnt	percent
Placebo	0.25 - 0.45	735	2273	32.3
Placebo	< 0.25	556	1130	49.2

treatment	ejection_fraction	event_cnt	total_cnt	percent
Digoxin	0.25-0.45	613	2270	27.0
Digoxin	< 0.25	428	1127	38.0

Ejection fraction 0.25-0.45

```
Absolute difference: 32.3 - 27.0 = -5.3
95\% CI:(-8.0, -2.7)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(613, 735) out of c(2270, 2273)
## X-squared = 15.472, df = 1, p-value = 8.375e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.07983807 -0.02679622
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
                prop 2
## 0.2700441 0.3233612
Risk ratio: 0.80
95% CI: (0.72, 0.89)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = efbt)
     n= 4543, number of events= 1348
##
##
##
                       coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                     z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentDigoxin -0.2257
                               0.7979
                                         0.0547 -4.126 3.68e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
                    exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## treatmentDigoxin
                       0.7979
                                    1.253
                                             0.7168
                                                       0.8882
## Concordance= 0.536 (se = 0.007)
## Likelihood ratio test= 17.11 on 1 df,
                                             p = 4e - 05
## Wald test
                        = 17.03 on 1 df,
                                            p = 4e - 05
## Score (logrank) test = 17.1 on 1 df,
                                            p=4e-05
Ejection fraction < 0.25
Absolute difference: 49.2 - 38.0 = -11.2
95\% CI:(-15.3, -7.2)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(428, 556) out of c(1127, 1130)
## X-squared = 28.921, df = 1, p-value = 7.541e-08
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.15291748 -0.07161472
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
              prop 2
## 0.3797693 0.4920354
Risk ratio: 0.68
95% CI: (0.60, 0.77)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = efless)
##
##
    n= 2257, number of events= 984
##
##
                      coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                z Pr(>|z|)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                  \exp(\texttt{coef}) \exp(\texttt{-coef}) lower .95 upper .95
##
                     0.6786
                               1.474
                                        0.5982
                                                 0.7697
## treatmentDigoxin
## Concordance= 0.558 (se = 0.008)
## Likelihood ratio test= 36.73 on 1 df,
                                       p=1e-09
## Wald test = 36.34 on 1 df,
## Score (logrank) test = 36.8 on 1 df,
                                       p=1e-09
```

Previous use of digoxin

treatment	previous_digoxin_use	event_cnt	total_cnt	percent
Placebo	No	603	1884	32.0
Placebo	Yes	688	1519	45.3
Digoxin	No	491	1899	25.9
Digoxin	Yes	550	1498	36.7

Existing previous use of digoxin

```
Absolute difference: 45.3 - 36.7 = -8.6
95\% CI:(-12.1, -5.1)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(550, 688) out of c(1498, 1519)
## X-squared = 22.933, df = 1, p-value = 1.678e-06
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.12073725 -0.05080945
## sample estimates:
##
     prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.3671562 0.4529296
```

```
Risk ratio: 0.74
95% CI: (0.66, 0.83)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = yesuse)
##
    n= 3017, number of events= 1238
##
##
                       coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                   z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentDigoxin -0.30369   0.73809   0.05721 -5.308   1.11e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                   exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
##
                     0.7381
                                 1.355
                                          0.6598
## treatmentDigoxin
                                                    0.8257
##
## Concordance= 0.546 (se = 0.007)
## Likelihood ratio test= 28.39 on 1 df,
                                         p=1e-07
                      = 28.18 on 1 df,
## Wald test
                                          p=1e-07
## Score (logrank) test = 28.39 on 1 df,
                                          p=1e-07
No previous use of digoxin
Absolute difference: 32.0 - 25.9 = -6.2
95\% CI:(-9.0, -3.3)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
## data: c(491, 603) out of c(1899, 1884)
## X-squared = 17.405, df = 1, p-value = 3.02e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.09034280 -0.03267031
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.2585571 0.3200637
Risk ratio: 0.77
95% CI: (0.68, 0.86)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = nouse)
##
    n= 3783, number of events= 1094
##
##
                       coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                   z Pr(>|z|)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
                   exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
                      0.7677
                                 1.303
                                          0.6815
                                                    0.8649
## treatmentDigoxin
##
```

Cause of heart failure

treatment	ischemic	event_cnt	$total_cnt$	percent
Placebo	No	413	996	41.5
Placebo	Yes	873	2398	36.4
Digoxin	No	306	983	31.1
Digoxin	Yes	731	2405	30.4

Ischemic cause of heart failure

```
Absolute difference: 36.4 - 30.4 = -6.0
95\% CI:(-8.7, -3.3)
##
   2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(731, 873) out of c(2405, 2398)
## X-squared = 19.501, df = 1, p-value = 1.006e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.08672671 -0.03347984
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
             prop 2
## 0.3039501 0.3640534
Risk ratio: 0.79
95% CI: (0.72, 0.88)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = ischemic)
##
    n= 4803, number of events= 1604
##
##
##
                      coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                 z Pr(>|z|)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
                  exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
                                 1.26
## treatmentDigoxin
                   0.7935
                                        0.7193
                                                  0.8755
## Concordance= 0.535 (se = 0.006)
## Likelihood ratio test= 21.37 on 1 df,
                                        p=4e-06
## Wald test = 21.27 on 1 df,
                                        p = 4e - 06
## Score (logrank) test = 21.37 on 1 df,
                                        p=4e-06
```

Nonischemic cause of heart failure

```
Absolute difference: 41.5 - 31.1 = -10.3
95\% CI:(-14.5, -6.1)
##
   2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
  correction
## data: c(306, 413) out of c(983, 996)
## X-squared = 22.852, df = 1, p-value = 1.75e-06
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
  -0.14548486 -0.06124848
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
##
              prop 2
## 0.3112920 0.4146586
Risk ratio: 0.67
95% CI: (0.58, 0.77)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = nonischemic)
##
    n= 1979, number of events= 719
##
##
##
                      coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                 z Pr(>|z|)
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
                  exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## treatmentDigoxin
                     0.6668
                                  1.5
                                         0.5751
                                                   0.773
##
## Concordance= 0.563 (se = 0.009)
                                         p=6e-08
## Likelihood ratio test= 29.24 on 1 df.
## Wald test
                      = 28.86 on 1 df,
                                         p=8e-08
## Score (logrank) test = 29.25 on 1 df,
                                         p=6e-08
```

Cardiothoracic ratio

treatment	cardiothoracic_ratio	event_cnt	total_cnt	percent
Placebo	No	724	2233	32.4
Placebo	Yes	567	1170	48.5
Digoxin	No	600	2221	27.0
Digoxin	Yes	441	1176	37.5

The count for cardiothoracic ratio <=0.55 in the digoxin group is 2221 instead of 2220, though the proportions are not different from the paper after rounding.

Cardiothoracic ratio <=0.55

Absolute difference: 32.4 - 27.0 = -5.4

```
95\% CI:(-8.1, -2.7)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(600, 724) out of c(2221, 2233)
## X-squared = 15.589, df = 1, p-value = 7.872e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.08087353 -0.02728430
## sample estimates:
                prop 2
     prop 1
## 0.2701486 0.3242275
Risk ratio: 0.79
95% CI: (0.71, 0.88)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = cr_less)
##
    n= 4454, number of events= 1324
##
                        coef exp(coef) se(coef)
##
                                                     z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentDigoxin -0.23526   0.79036   0.05521 -4.261   2.03e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                    exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
                                            0.7093
                       0.7904
                                   1.265
## treatmentDigoxin
                                                      0.8807
##
## Concordance= 0.536 (se = 0.007)
## Likelihood ratio test= 18.25 on 1 df,
                                           p=2e-05
## Wald test
                        = 18.16 on 1 df,
                                           p=2e-05
## Score (logrank) test = 18.24 on 1 df,
                                            p=2e-05
Cardiothoracic ratio > 0.55
Absolute difference: 48.5 - 37.5 = -11
95\% CI:(-14.9, -7.0)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
## data: c(441, 567) out of c(1176, 1170)
## X-squared = 28.757, df = 1, p-value = 8.204e-08
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.14943553 -0.06979524
## sample estimates:
               prop 2
     prop 1
## 0.3750000 0.4846154
Risk ratio: 0.69
```

```
95% CI: (0.61, 0.78)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = cr_more)
##
    n= 2346, number of events= 1008
##
##
##
                       coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                  z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentDigoxin -0.36681   0.69294   0.06351 -5.775   7.68e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                   exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
##
                      0.6929
## treatmentDigoxin
                                  1.443
                                           0.6118
                                                     0.7848
##
## Concordance= 0.556 (se = 0.008)
## Likelihood ratio test= 33.68 on 1 df,
                                           p=6e-09
## Wald test
                                           p=8e-09
                       = 33.35 on 1 df,
## Score (logrank) test = 33.73 on 1 df,
                                          p=6e-09
```

NYHA class

treatment	class	event_cnt	$total_cnt$	percent
Placebo	I or II	739	2296	32.2
Placebo	III or IV	552	1105	50.0
Digoxin	I or II	601	2275	26.4
Digoxin	III or IV	438	1118	39.2

NYHA class I or II

```
Absolute difference: 32.2 - 26.4 = -5.8
95\% CI:(-8.4, -3.1)
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(601, 739) out of c(2275, 2296)
## X-squared = 18.353, df = 1, p-value = 1.836e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.08402112 -0.03135545
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.2641758 0.3218641
Risk ratio: 0.78
95% CI: (0.70, 0.87)
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = nyha_12)
##
##
    n= 4571, number of events= 1340
##
```

```
##
                      coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                  z Pr(>|z|)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
                   exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
##
                     0.7798
                                 1.282
## treatmentDigoxin
                                          0.7002
##
## Concordance= 0.538 (se = 0.007)
## Likelihood ratio test= 20.63 on 1 df,
                                         p=6e-06
## Wald test = 20.51 on 1 df,
                                        p=6e-06
## Score (logrank) test = 20.61 on 1 df,
                                          p=6e-06
NYHA class III or IV
Absolute difference: 50.0 - 39.2 = -10.8
95\% CI:(-14.9, -6.7), this is slightly different from the (-14.9, -6.7) as reported
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(438, 552) out of c(1118, 1105)
## X-squared = 26.133, df = 1, p-value = 3.186e-07
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.14886009 -0.06669289
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.3917710 0.4995475
Risk ratio: 0.70
95% CI: (0.61, 0.79)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = nyha_34)
##
    n= 2223, number of events= 990
##
##
##
                       coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                  z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentDigoxin -0.36391   0.69495   0.06401 -5.685   1.31e-08 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                   exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
                      0.695
                                 1.439
                                           0.613
## treatmentDigoxin
##
## Concordance= 0.556 (se = 0.008)
## Likelihood ratio test= 32.6 on 1 df,
                                         p=1e-08
## Wald test
                      = 32.32 on 1 df,
                                        p=1e-08
## Score (logrank) test = 32.68 on 1 df,
```

Overall study population

treatment	event_cnt	total_cnt	percent
Placebo	1291	3403	37.9
Digoxin	1041	3397	30.6

```
Absolute difference: 37.9 - 30.6 = -7.3
95\% CI:(-9.5, -5.0)
##
## 2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity
## correction
##
## data: c(1041, 1291) out of c(3397, 3403)
## X-squared = 40.121, df = 1, p-value = 2.387e-10
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.09542162 -0.05042694
## sample estimates:
     prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.3064469 0.3793711
Risk ratio: 0.75
95% CI: (0.69, 0.82)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(DWHFDAYS, DWHF) ~ treatment, data = dig)
##
    n= 6800, number of events= 2332
##
##
                      coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                  z Pr(>|z|)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                  exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
##
                     0.7532
                                 1.328
                                         0.6942
                                                  0.8173
## treatmentDigoxin
##
## Concordance= 0.544 (se = 0.005)
## Likelihood ratio test= 46.6 on 1 df,
                                        p=9e-12
## Wald test
                      = 46.28 on 1 df,
                                        p=1e-11
## Score (logrank) test = 46.59 on 1 df,
                                         p=9e-12
```