

CS4223 Tutorial 6: Memory Consistency Models

Question 1:

In a shared memory system with 3 processors (P1, P2, and P3) that implements Sequential Consistency, what are the legal combination of final values for A, B, and C for the code below? (Assume A, B, and C are initialized to 0)

P1	P2	P3
A = 1	C = 2	if (A == 1)
if (B == 0)	if (B == 2)	B = 2
C = 1	C = 3	

Question 2:

Consider the following snippet of code to be executed on 2 processors. X is a shared variable and the system uses sequential consistency.

P1	P2
X = 1;	X = 2;
X = X + 2;	X = X + 1;

Show how this code can produce a sequence of memory reads and writes such that X can end up with a value of 2.

Question 3:

Two threads are running in parallel on dual-core architecture. Assume that the shared memory location M is initialized to 0.

Processor P1	Processor P2
(X1) WRITE M \leftarrow 1	(Y1) WRITE M \leftarrow 3
(X2) READ M	(Y2) READ M

(X3) WRITE M \leftarrow 2

(Y3) WRITE M \leftarrow 4

(X4) READ M

(Y4) READ M

(i) List all the possible values of M at Y2 under the sequential consistency model.

(ii) List all the possible values of M at Y2 under the release consistency model.

Question 4:

Consider the following three threads running in parallel on three processors. Assume that the shared memory locations X, Y, Z are all initialized to 0.

Processor P1

Processor 2

Processor P3

WRITE X \leftarrow 1

WRITE Y \leftarrow 2

WRITE Z \leftarrow 3

READ Z

READ X

READ Y

(i) Write down all the possible combination of values that can be returned by the three reads under sequential consistency model.

(ii) Write down all the possible combination of values that can be returned by the three reads under TSO model.

Question 5:

Consider the following code fragment running on 2-core shared memory cache-coherent architecture. Initially A = 0, B = 0.

Core 0

Core 1

read A

read B

A = 1

B = 2

B = 1

A = 2

(i) What are the possible combination of values returned by read A and read B under SC memory model?

(ii) What are the possible combination of values returned by read A and read B under PSO memory model?

(iii) What are the possible combination of values returned by read A and read B under RC memory model?

(iv) Show how you can produce the same results as SC execution when running on RC memory model by adding minimum number of fence instructions.