

CI6300 – INDIVIDUAL PROJECT

# Uni-Hood Report

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## Appendix B: Screenshots

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23/04/2017

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## Amazon Billing

### bil-1

#### Bills

Date: March 2017[Download CSV](#)[Print](#)

Summary	Exchange Rate	GBP	USD
AWS Service Charges	0.8062401164	10.64	13.20
▶ Usage Charges and Recurring Fees <a href="#">View Invoices</a>	0.8062401164	10.64	13.20
Other Details			
▶ Payment Summary	--	10.64	13.20
▶ Tax Invoices <a href="#">View Invoices</a>			
Total		10.64	13.20

[+ Expand All](#)

## Creating and Associating Elastic IP to Instance

### ela-1

[Addresses](#) > Allocate new address

#### Allocate new address

✓ New address request succeeded

Elastic IP 52.30.229.248


Close

### ela-2

[Addresses](#) > Associate address


#### Associate address


Select the instance OR network interface to which you want to associate this Elastic IP address (52.30.229.248)

Resource type ☒ Instance  ☐ Network interface

Instance  

Private IP   

Reassociation ☐ Allow Elastic IP to be reassociated if already attached 

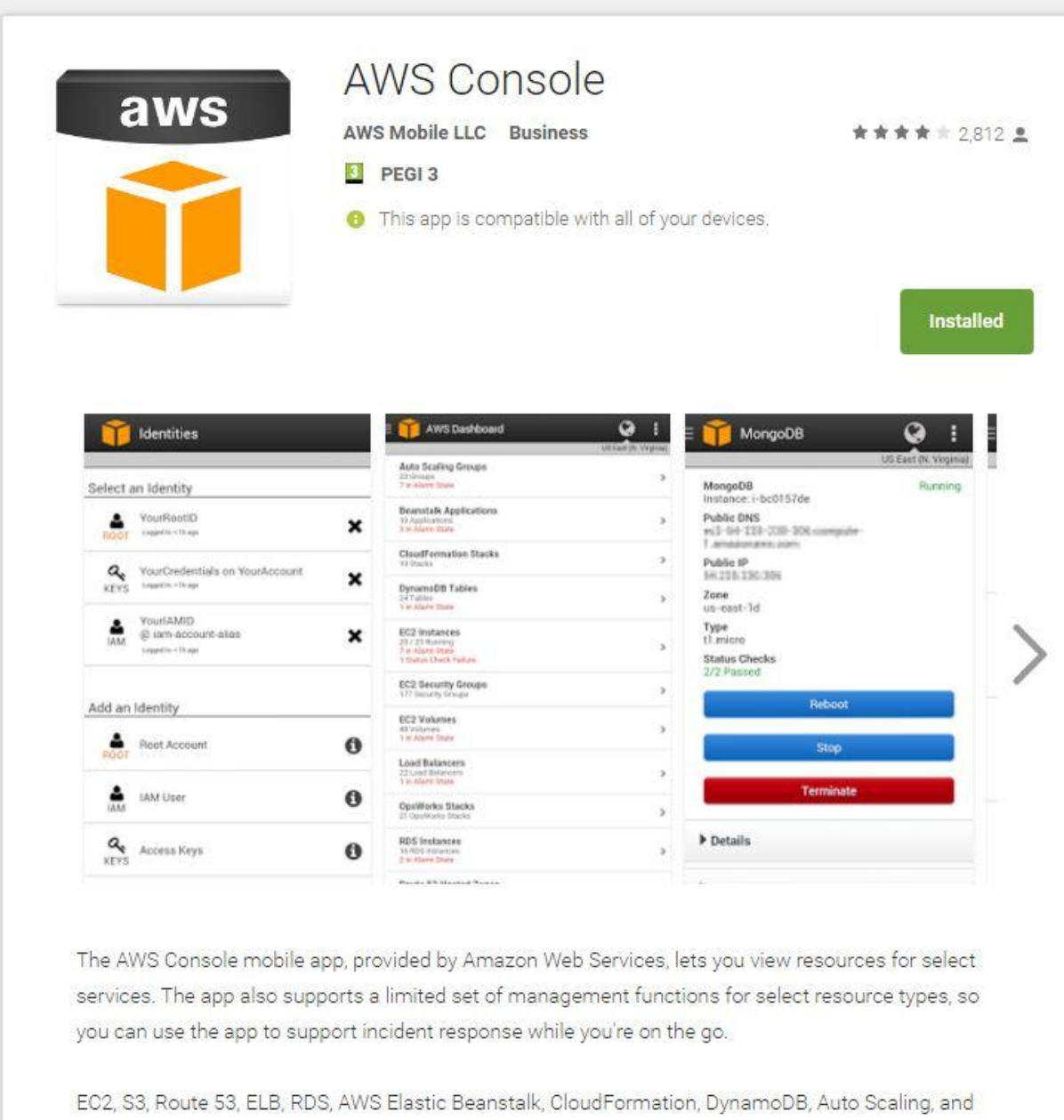
 **Warning**  
If you associate an Elastic IP address with your instance, your current public IP address is released. [Learn more](#).

\* Required

Cancel **Associate**

## AWS Console for Mobile

### aws-1



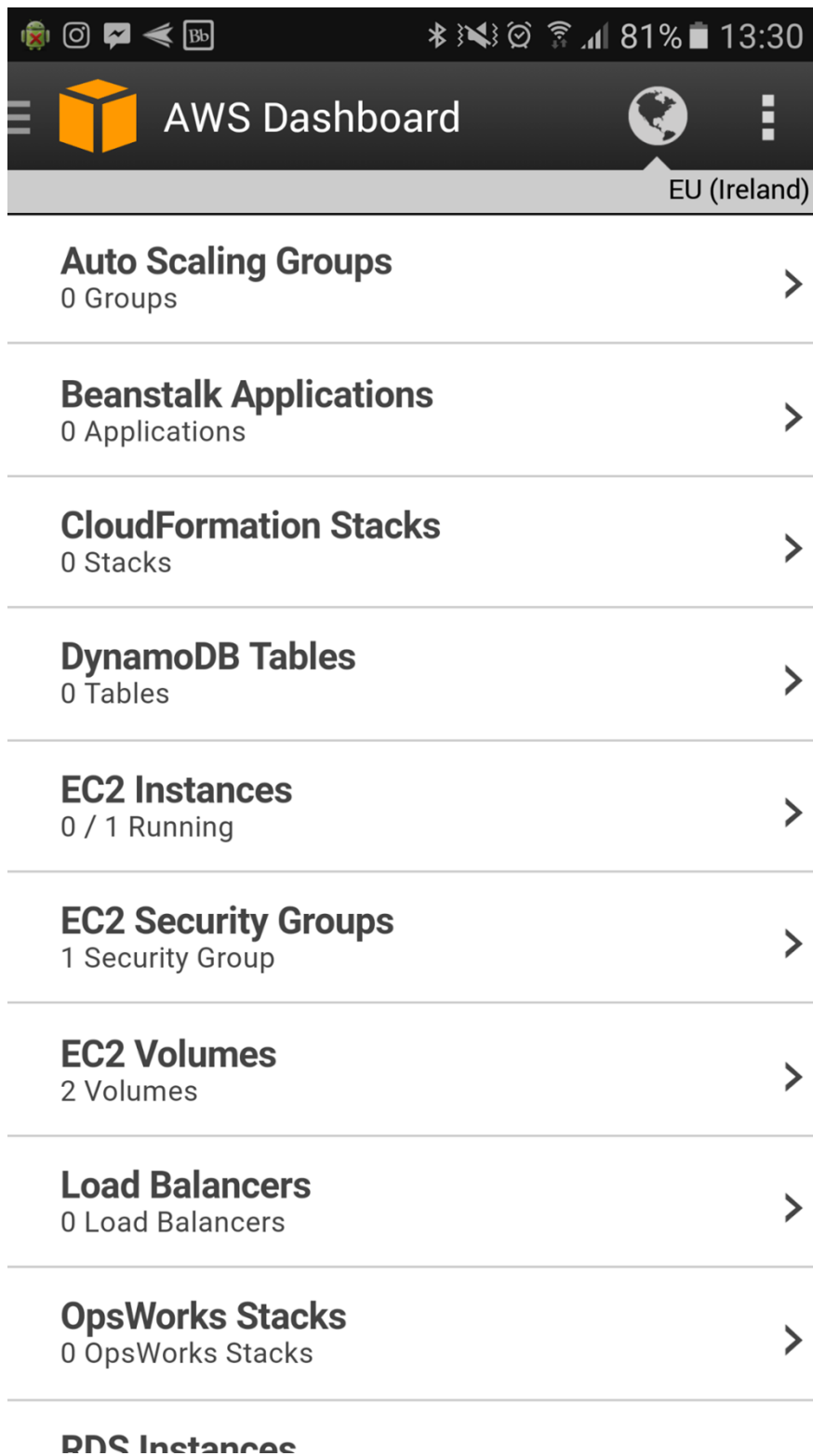
The screenshot displays the AWS Console mobile app on the Google Play Store. The app is titled "AWS Console" by "AWS Mobile LLC" and is categorized as "Business". It has a rating of 4.5 stars from 2,812 reviews and is marked as "PEGI 3". A green "Installed" button is visible. Below the app information, three preview images are shown:

- Identities:** A screen titled "Select an Identity" with options: "YourRootID" (root), "YourCredentials on YourAccount" (keys), and "YourIAMID @ iam-account-alias" (IAM). Below this is an "Add an Identity" section with "Root Account" (root), "IAM User" (IAM), and "Access Keys" (keys).
- AWS Dashboard:** A screen showing a list of AWS services and their status: "Auto Scaling Groups" (23 Groups, 7 in Alarm State), "Elastic Beanstalk Applications" (10 Applications, 3 in Alarm State), "CloudFormation Stacks" (10 Stacks), "DynamoDB Tables" (24 Tables, 1 in Alarm State), "EC2 Instances" (28 / 23 Running, 2 in Alarm State, 1 Status Check Failure), "EC2 Security Groups" (177 Security Groups), "EC2 Volumes" (49 Volumes, 1 in Alarm State), "Load Balancers" (22 Load Balancers, 1 in Alarm State), "OpsWorks Stacks" (21 OpsWorks Stacks), and "RDS Instances" (18 RDS Instances, 2 in Alarm State).
- MongoDB:** A screen showing details for a MongoDB instance (Instance: i-bc0157de, Status: Running). It lists "Public DNS" (en3-504-133-238-306.compute-1.amazonaws.com), "Public IP" (54.236.130.306), "Zone" (us-east-1d), and "Type" (t1.micro). It also shows "Status Checks" (2/2 Passed) and buttons for "Reboot", "Stop", and "Terminate".

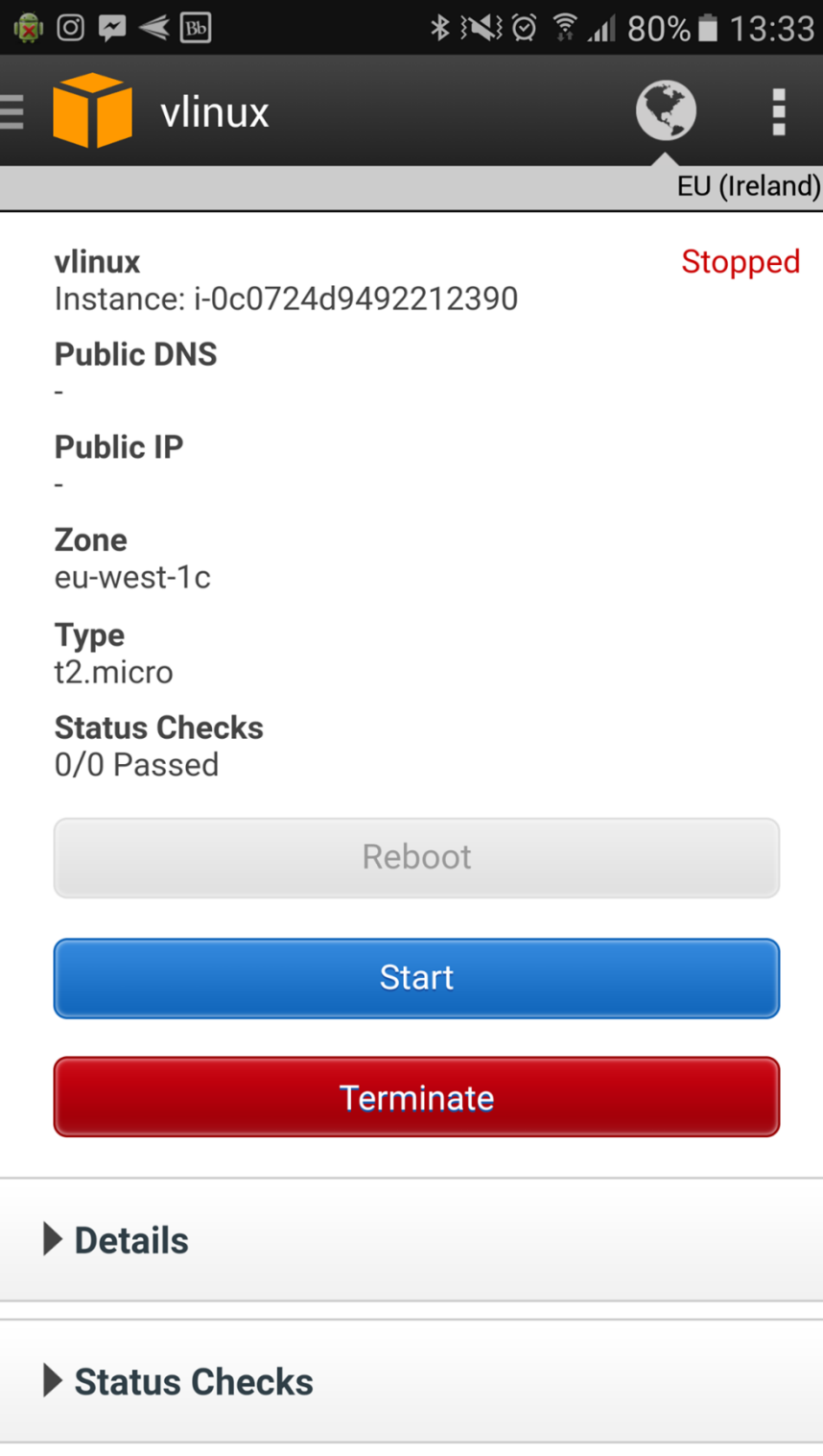
The text below the screenshots states: "The AWS Console mobile app, provided by Amazon Web Services, lets you view resources for select services. The app also supports a limited set of management functions for select resource types, so you can use the app to support incident response while you're on the go."

Below this text, a list of supported services is provided: EC2, S3, Route 53, ELB, RDS, AWS Elastic Beanstalk, CloudFormation, DynamoDB, Auto Scaling, and

## aws-2



## aws-3



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an EC2 instance. At the top, there's a header bar with the 'vlinux' logo and a globe icon. Below the header, the instance name 'vlinux' is displayed in bold, followed by its ID 'i-0c0724d9492212390'. The status is 'Stopped' in red text. Below this, several attributes are listed: 'Public DNS' (none), 'Public IP' (none), 'Zone' (eu-west-1c), 'Type' (t2.micro), and 'Status Checks' (0/0 Passed). Three buttons are visible: 'Reboot' (disabled), 'Start' (blue), and 'Terminate' (red). At the bottom, there are two expandable sections: 'Details' and 'Status Checks'.

**vlinux** Stopped  
Instance: i-0c0724d9492212390

**Public DNS**  
-

**Public IP**  
-

**Zone**  
eu-west-1c

**Type**  
t2.micro

**Status Checks**  
0/0 Passed

Reboot

Start

Terminate

► Details

► Status Checks



## TortoiseGit for Windows

### tor-1

## Download

The current stable version is: **2.4.0**

For detailed info on what's new, read the [release notes](#).

[FAQ: System prerequisites and installation](#) - This version doesn't run on Windows XP and Server 2003, use [1.8.16.0](#) instead.

**Known issue (if you do not yet run 2.4.0.2):** In order to fix issue [#2909](#) (Commit dialog unclosable), issue [#2911](#) (Add returns "invalid path") and a security fix for PuTTY there is a [Hotfix available](#) (2 MiB, incremental patch from 2.4.0.0).

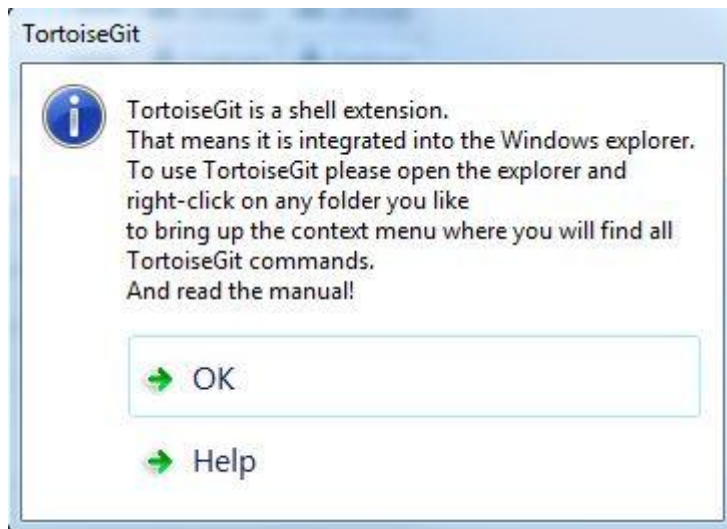
**Donate**

Please make sure that you choose the right installer for your PC, otherwise the setup will fail.

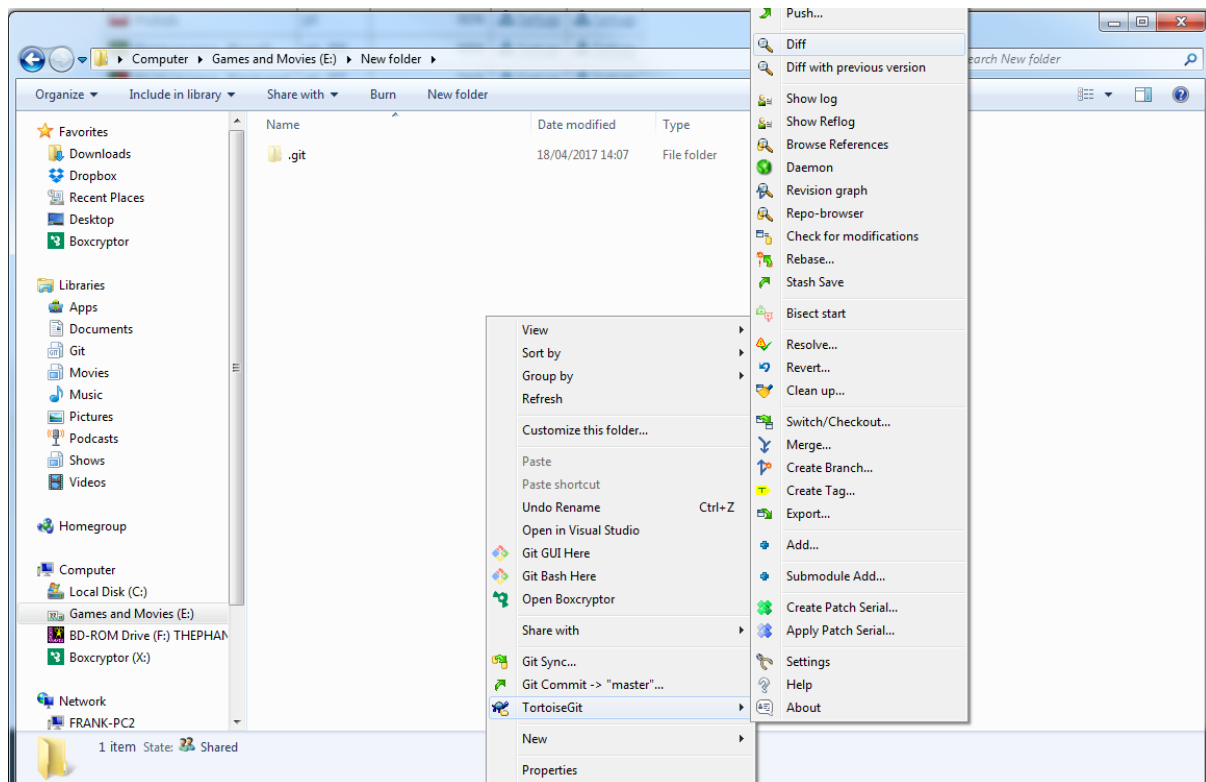
for 32-bit OS	for 64-bit OS
<a href="#">Download TortoiseGit 2.4.0.2 - 32-bit (~16.3 MiB)</a>	<a href="#">Download TortoiseGit 2.4.0.2 - 64-bit (~19.1 MiB)</a>

Before reporting an issue, please check that your problem isn't fixed in our latest [preview release](#). Also see [What to do if a crash happened?](#)

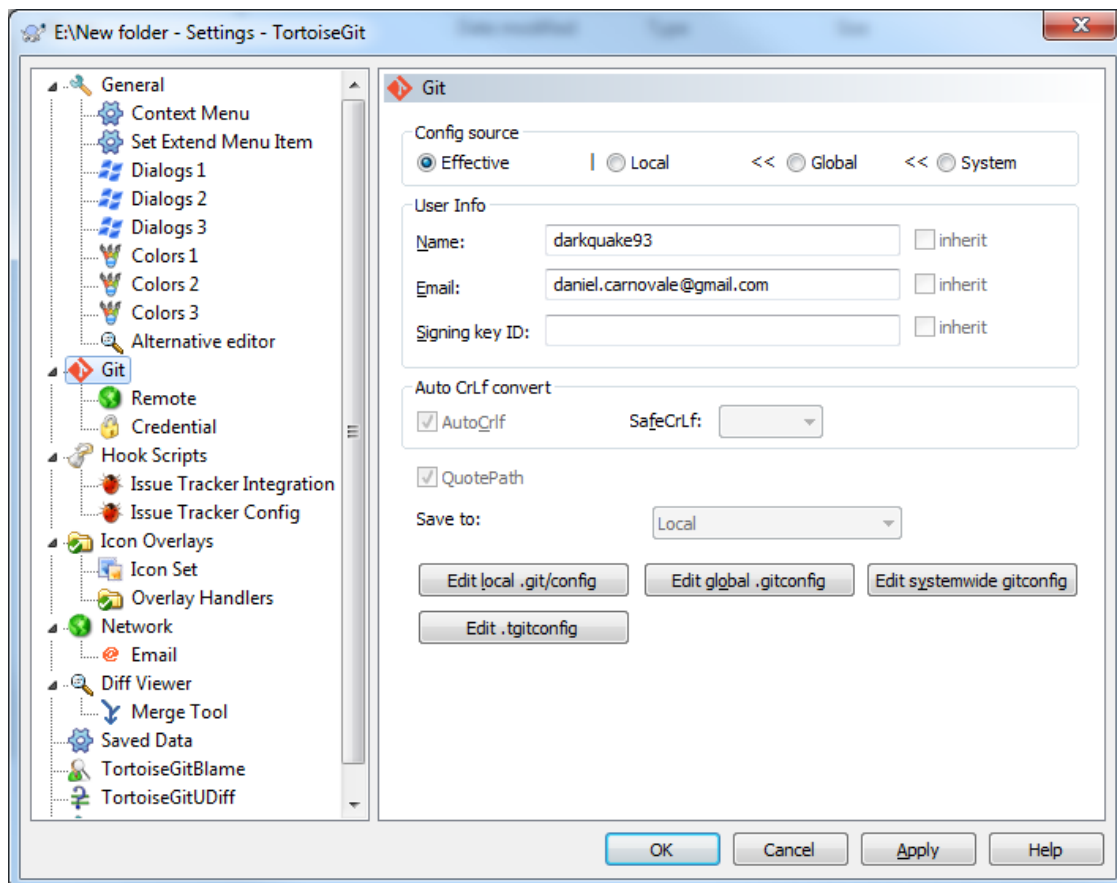
### tor-2



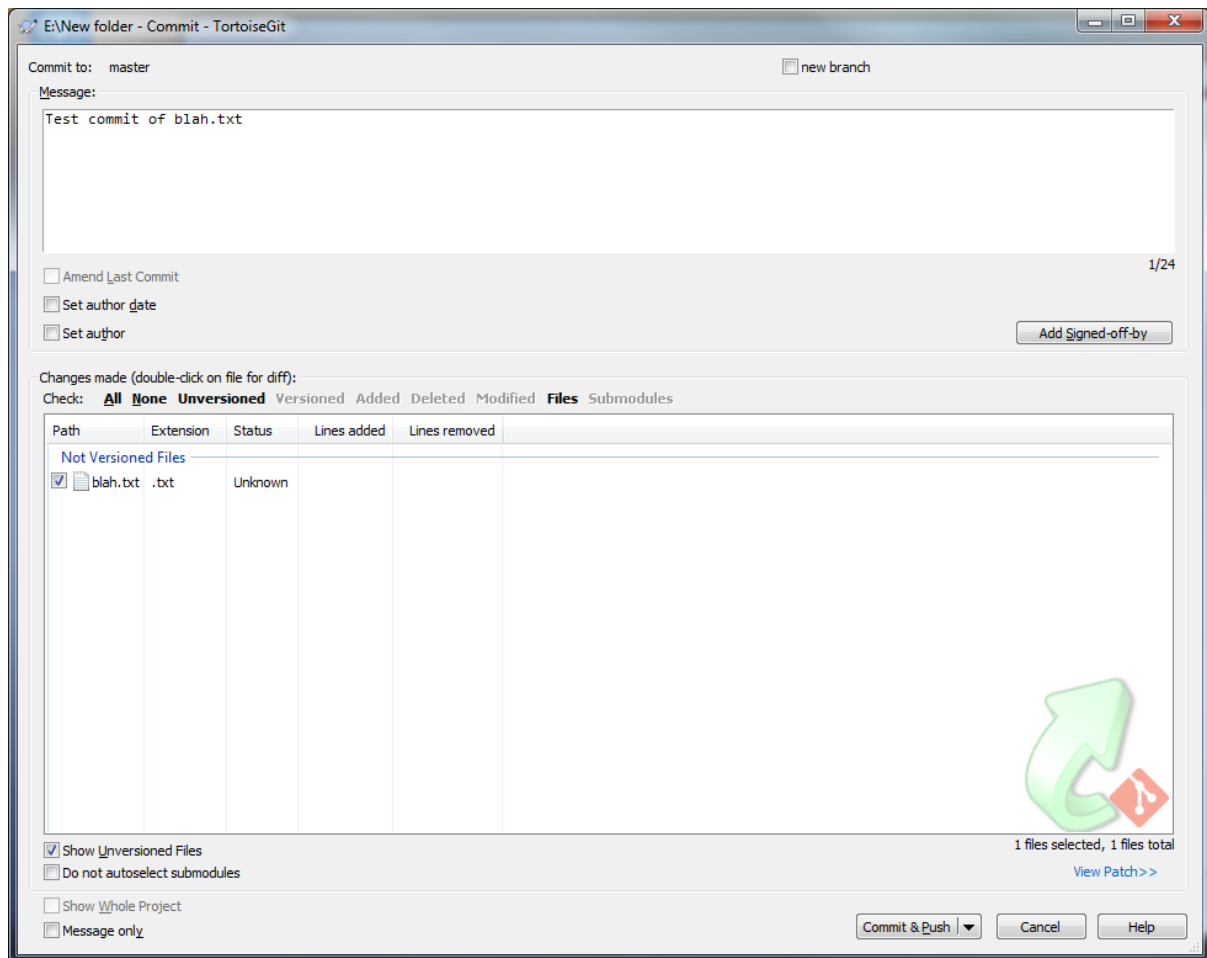
## tor-3



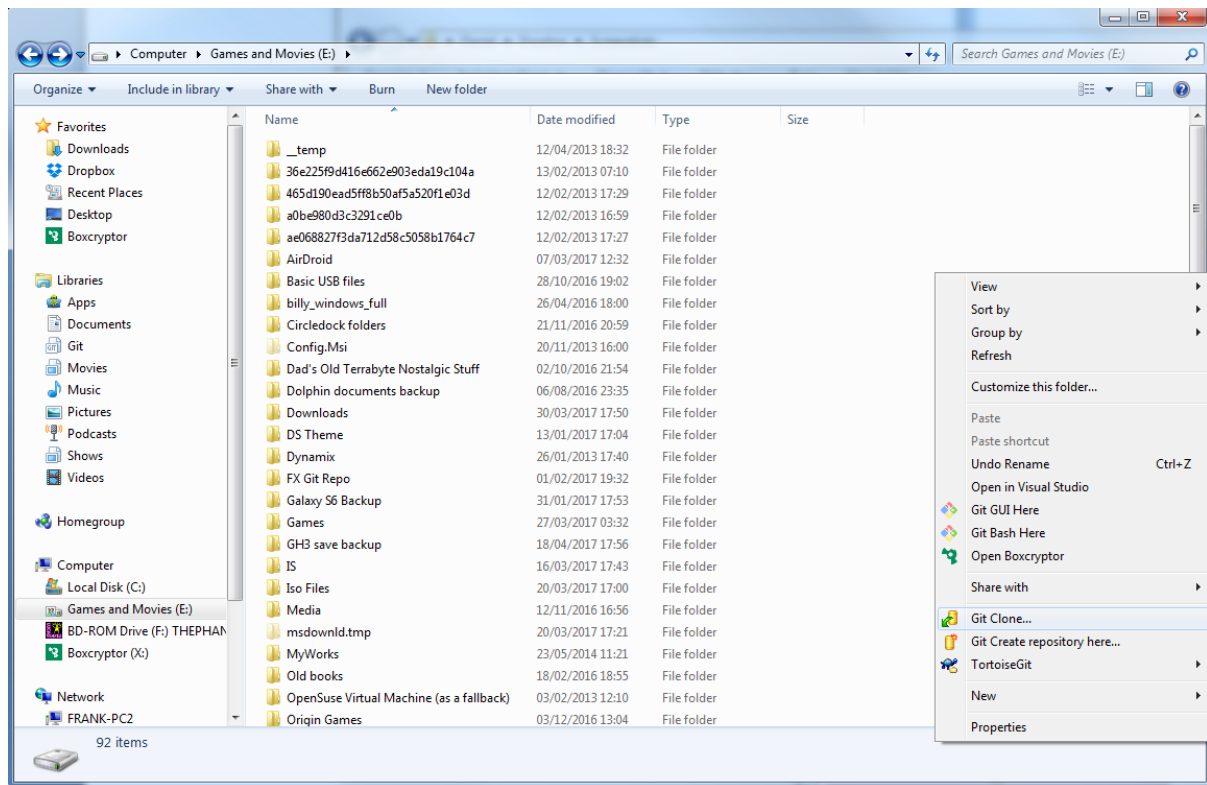
## tor-4



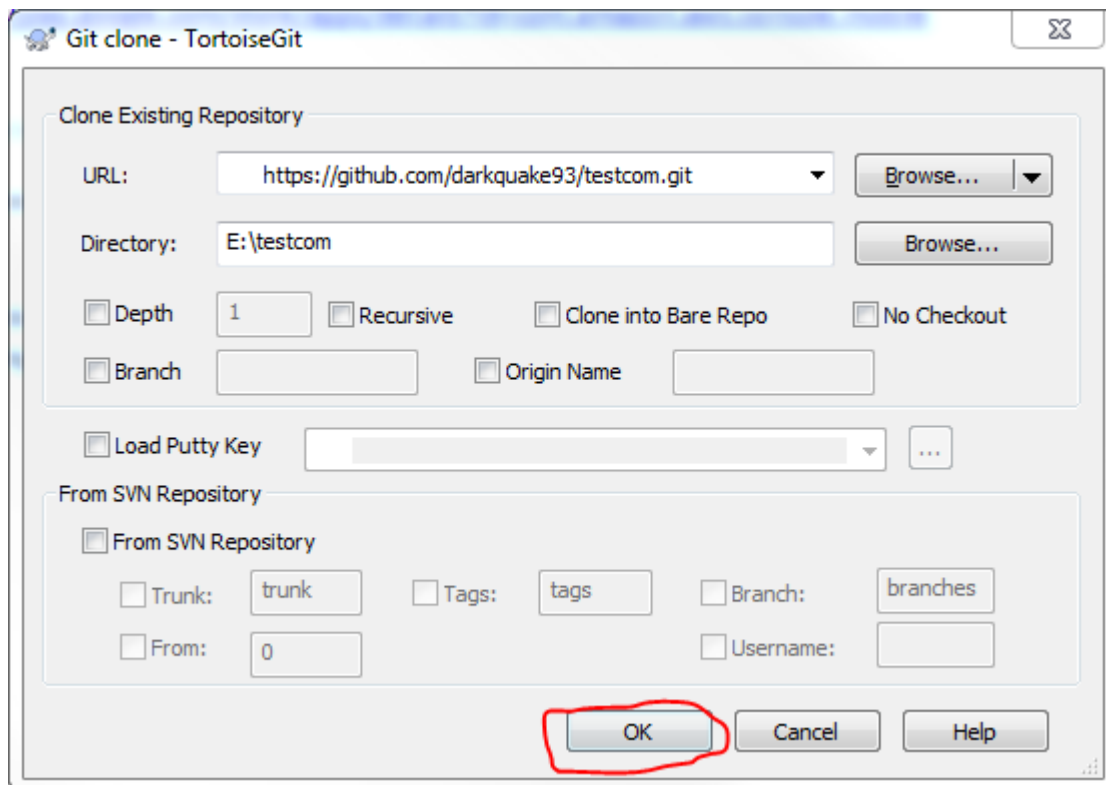
## tor-5



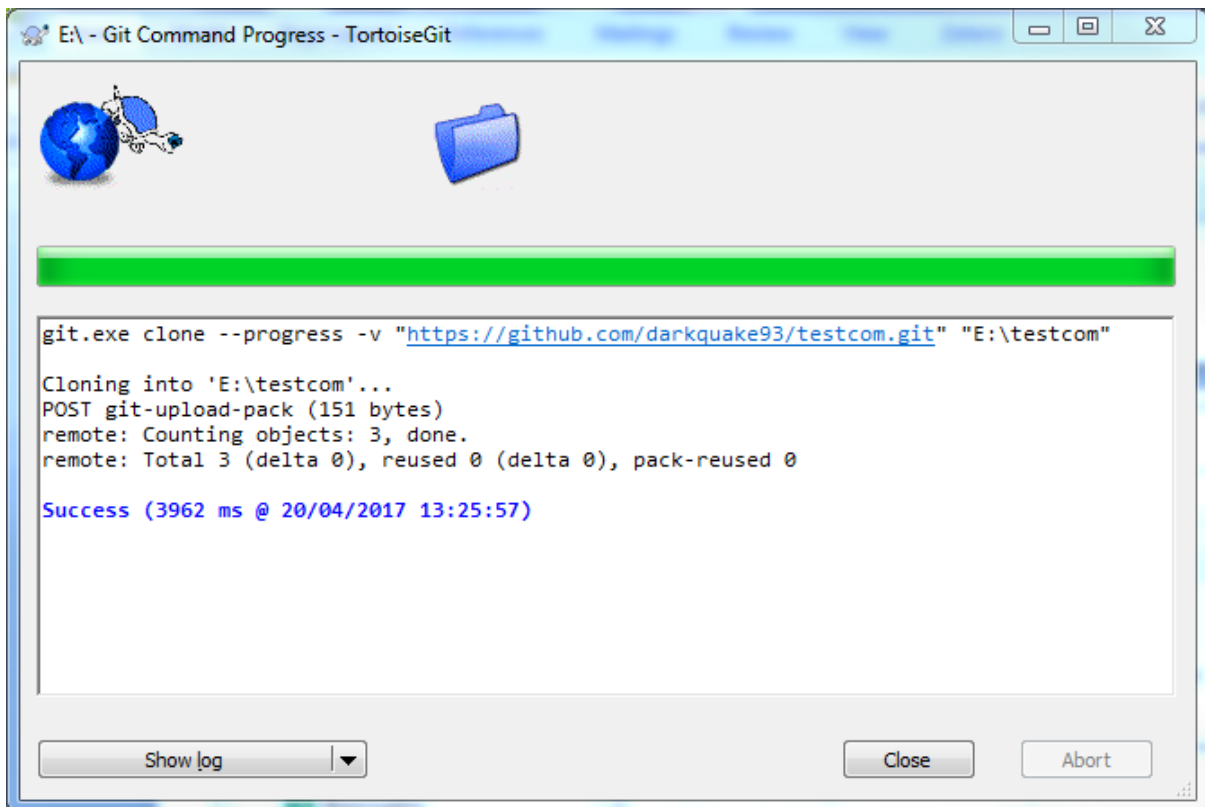
## tor-6



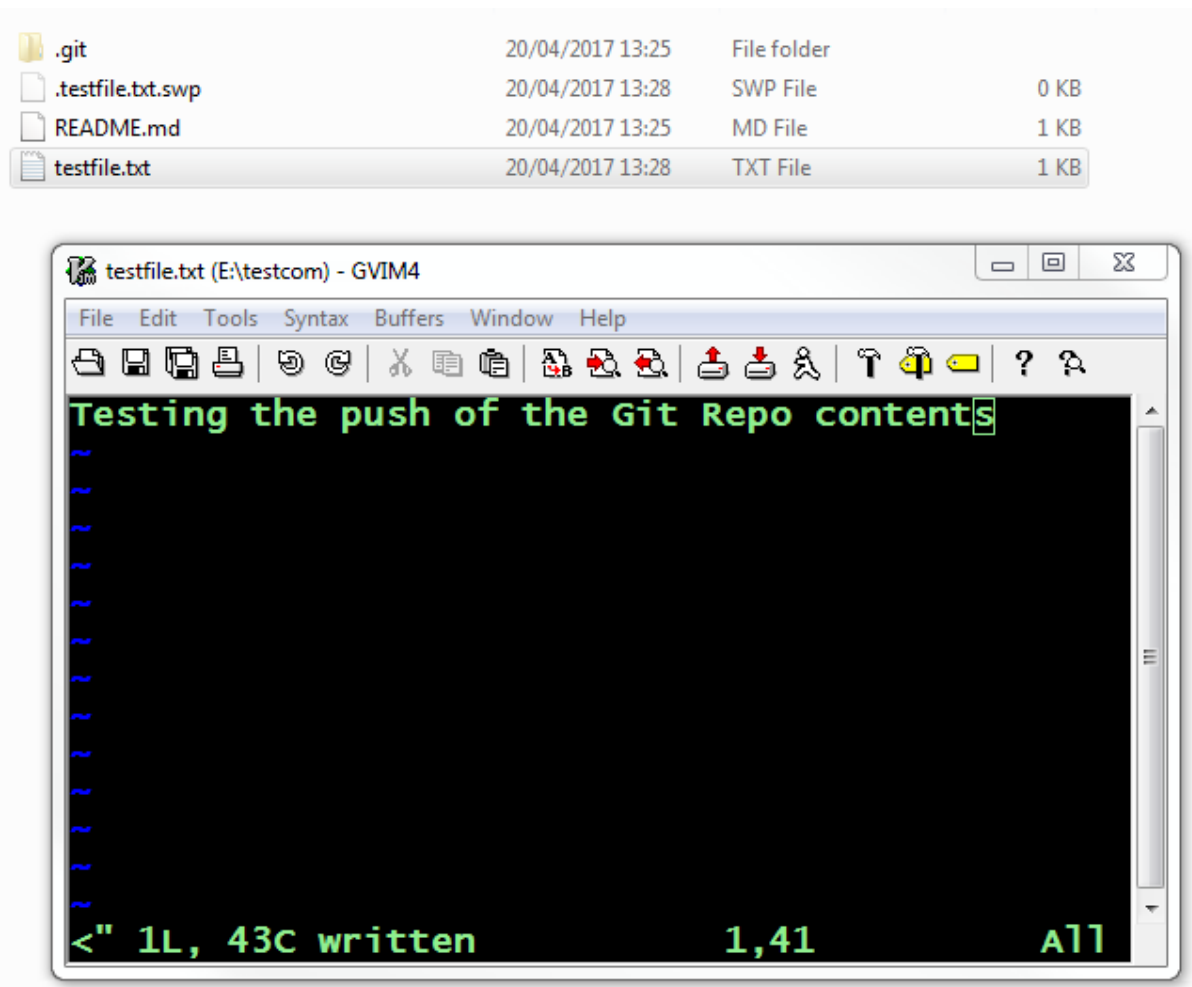
## tor-7



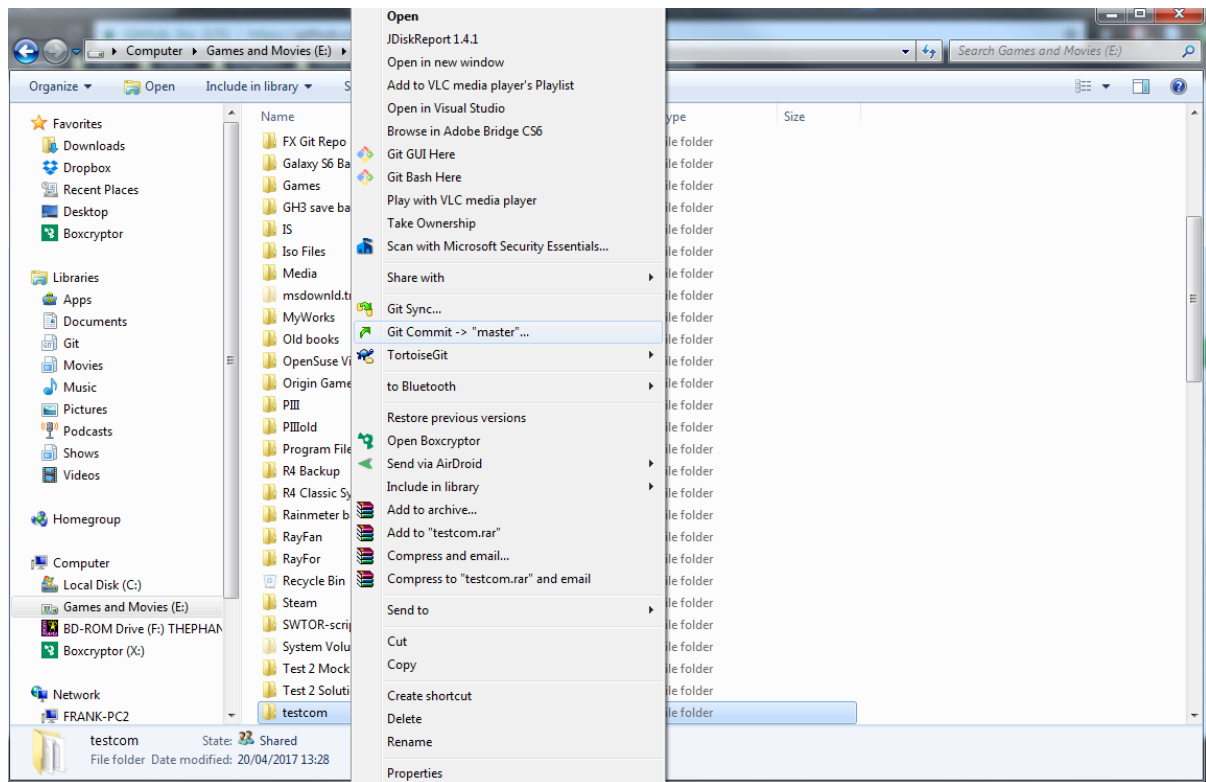
## tor-8



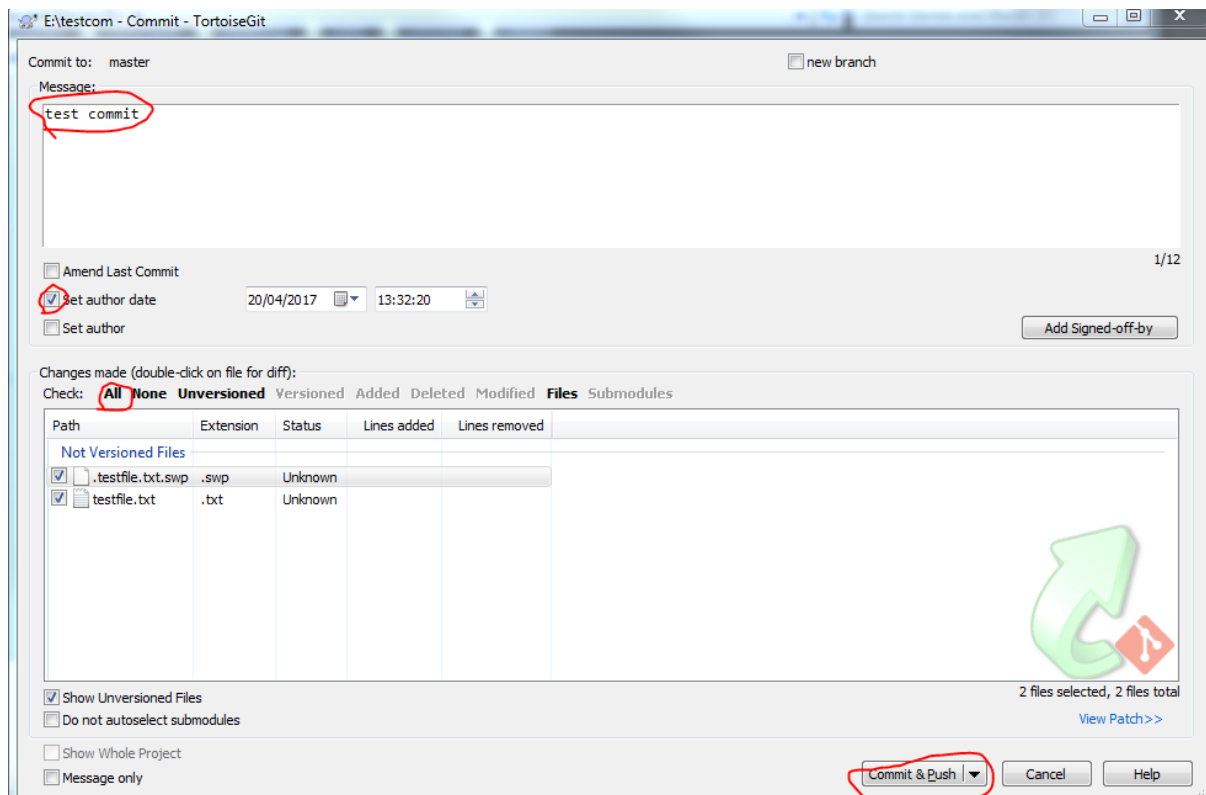
## tor-9



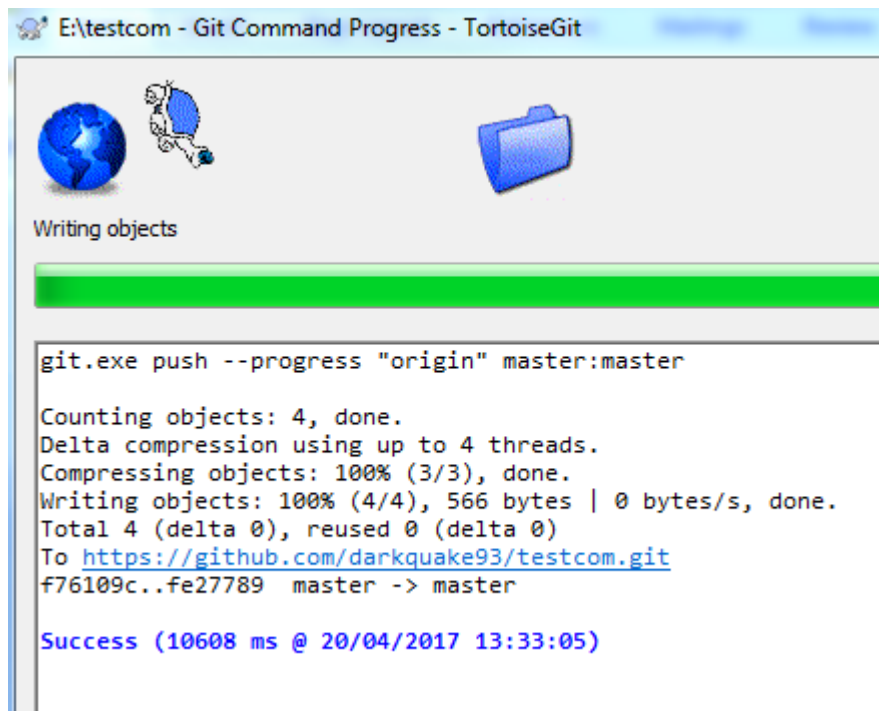
## tor-10



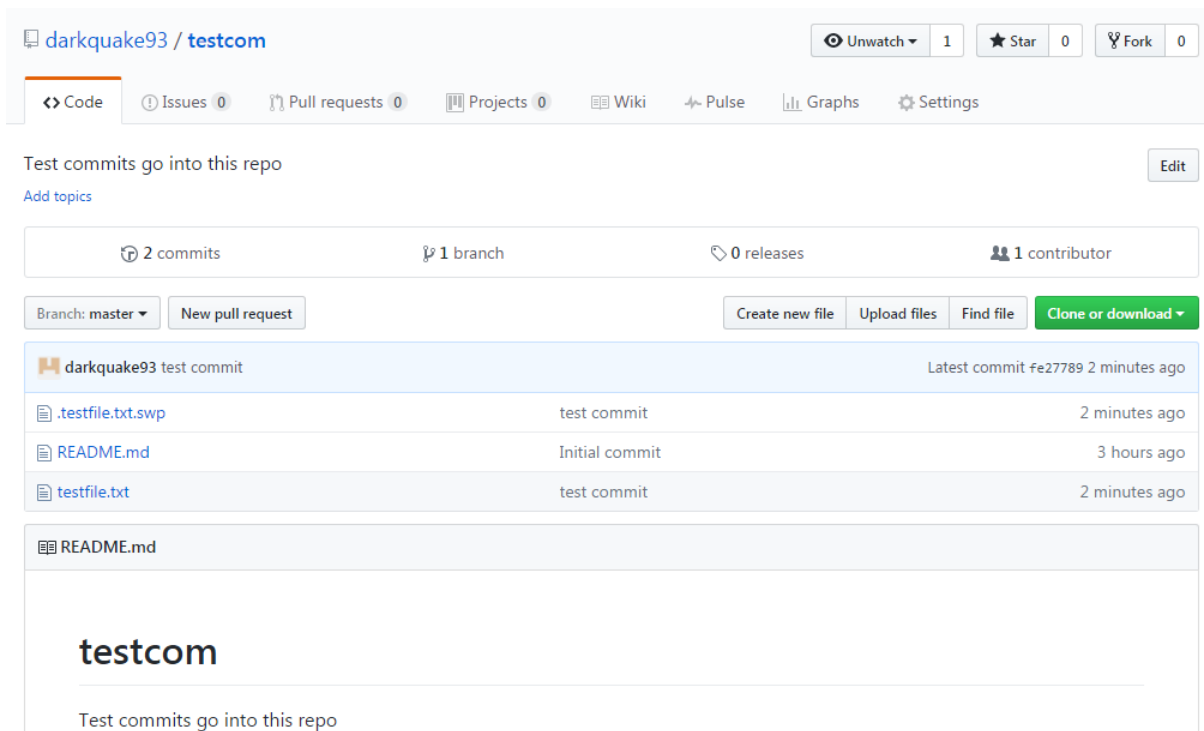
## tor-11



## tor-12



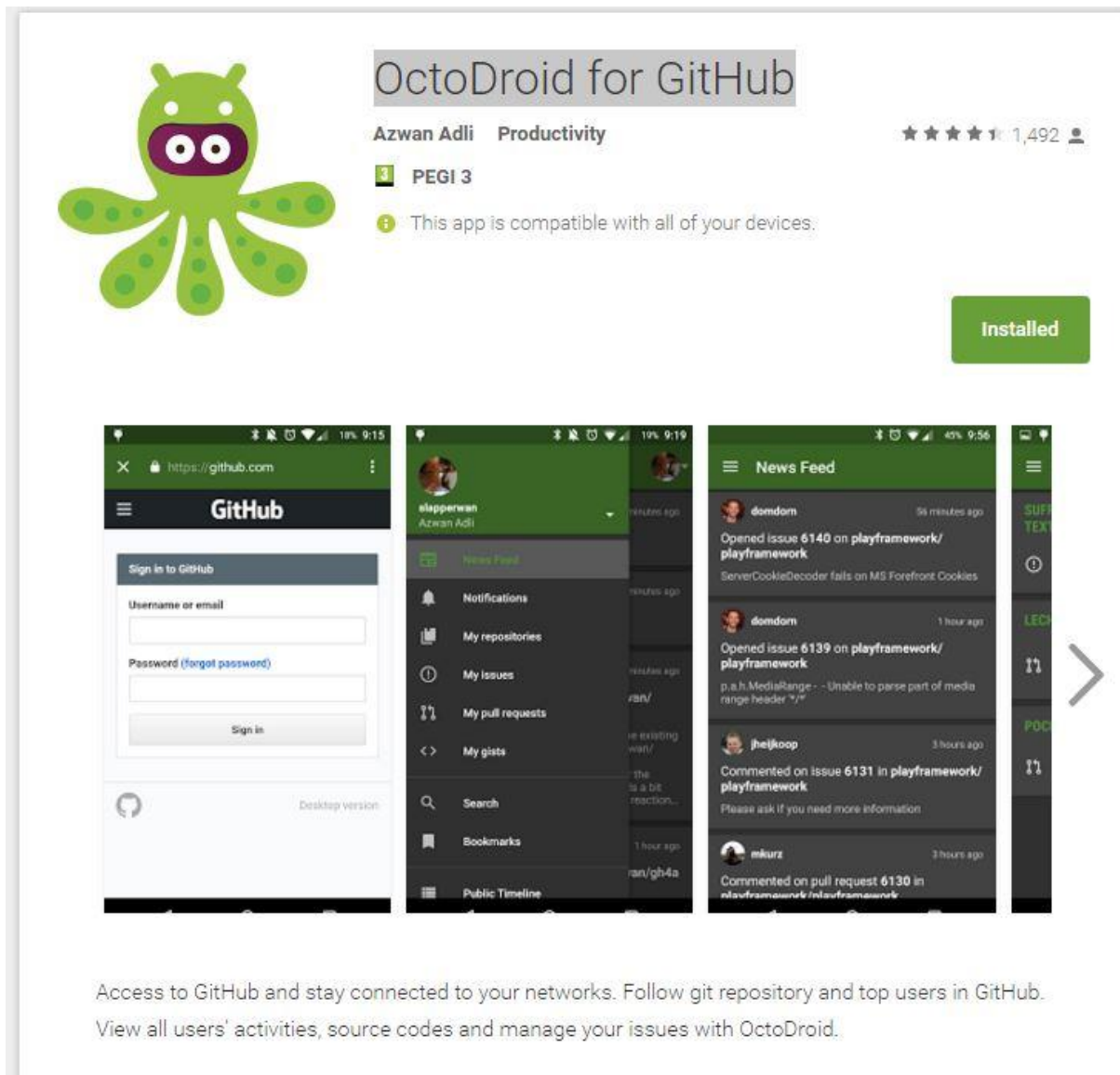
## tor-13





## OctoDroid

### oct-1



**OctoDroid for GitHub**

Azwan Adli Productivity

★★★★★ 1,492

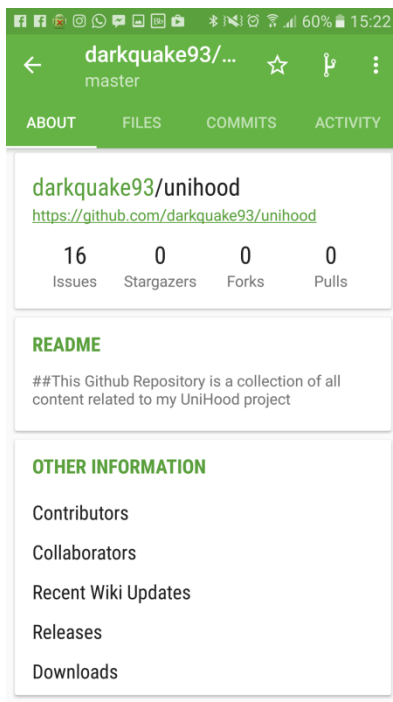
3 PEGI 3

This app is compatible with all of your devices.

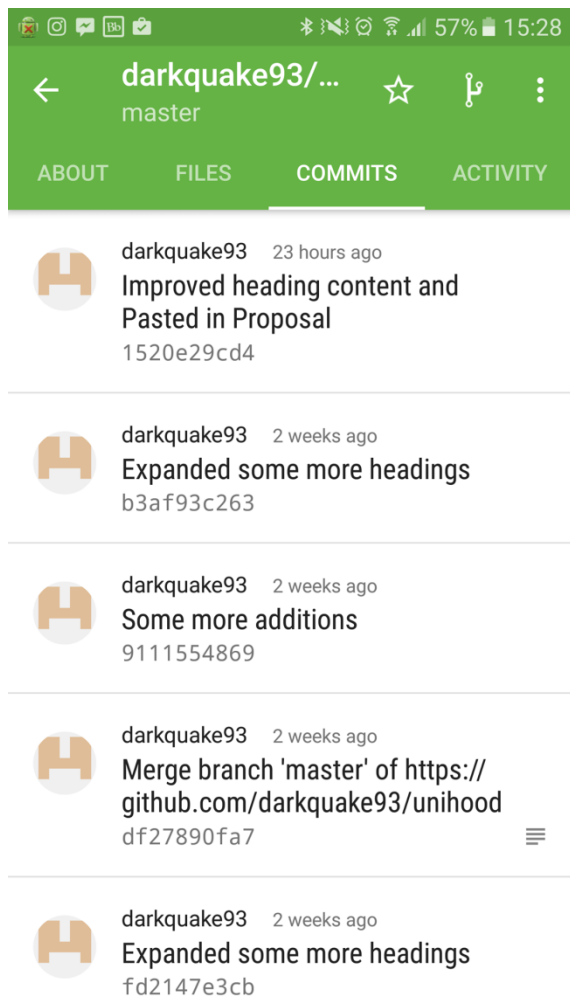
**Installed**

Access to GitHub and stay connected to your networks. Follow git repository and top users in GitHub. View all users' activities, source codes and manage your issues with OctoDroid.

oct-2

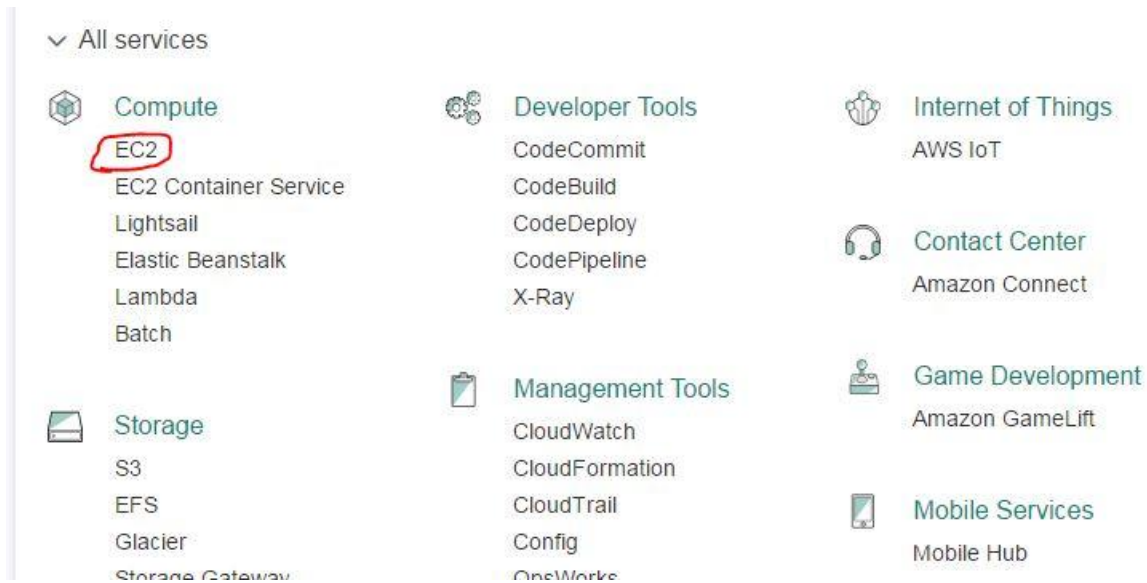


oct-3



## SSH KeyPair Generation

### key-1



### key-2



## Amazon EC2 Instance Creation

### ec2-1

**Step 1: Choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI)**

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch your instance. You can select an AMI provided by AWS, our user community, or the AWS Marketplace; or you can select one of your own AMIs.

**Quick Start**

- My AMIs
- AWS Marketplace
- Community AMIs
- ☐ Free tier only

Name	Description	Root device type	Architecture	Select
Amazon Linux 2016.09.0 (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-d41d58a7	The Amazon Linux AMI is an EBS-backed, AWS-supported image. The default image includes AWS command line tools, Python, Ruby, Perl, and Java. The repositories include Docker, PHP, MySQL, PostgreSQL, and other packages.	Root device type: ebs	Virtualization type: hvm	Select
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.2 (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-8bdc57f8	Red Hat Enterprise Linux version 7.2 (HVM). EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type	Root device type: ebs	Virtualization type: hvm	Select
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 SP1 (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-4278487	SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 Service Pack 1 (HVM). EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type. Public Cloud, Advanced Systems Management, Web and Scripting, and Legacy modules enabled.	Root device type: ebs	Virtualization type: hvm	Select
Ubuntu Server 14.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-ed82e39e	Ubuntu Server 14.04 LTS (HVM). EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type. Support available from Canonical ( <a href="http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud/services">http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud/services</a> ).	Root device type: ebs	Virtualization type: hvm	Select
Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Base - ami-9b6118e8	Microsoft Windows 2012 R2 Standard edition with 64-bit architecture. [English]	Root device type: ebs	Virtualization type: hvm	Select

### ec2-2

**Step 2: Choose an Instance Type**

Amazon EC2 provides a wide selection of instance types optimized to fit different use cases. Instances are virtual servers that can run applications. They have varying combinations of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity, and give you the flexibility to choose the appropriate mix of resources for your applications. Learn more about instance types and how they can meet your computing needs.

Filter by: All Instance types | Current generation | Show/Hide Columns

Currently selected: t2.micro (Variable ECUs, 1 vCPUs, 2.5 GHz, Intel Xeon Family, 1 GiB memory, EBS only)

Family	Type	vCPUs	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GiB)	EBS Optimized Available	Network Performance
General purpose	t2.nano	1	0.5	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.micro	1	1	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.small	1	2	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.medium	2	4	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.large	2	8	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	m4.large	2	8	EBS only	Yes	Moderate
General purpose	m4.xlarge	4	16	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.2xlarge	8	32	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.4xlarge	16	64	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.10xlarge	40	160	EBS only	Yes	10 Gigabit
General purpose	m4.16xlarge	64	256	EBS only	Yes	20 Gigabit

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Configure Instance Details

## ec2-3

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Tag Instance 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

### Step 3: Configure Instance Details

Configure the instance to suit your requirements. You can launch multiple instances from the same AMI, request Spot instances to take advantage of the lower pricing, assign an access management role to the instance, and more.

Number of instances ①  Launch into Auto Scaling Group ①

Purchasing option ① ☐ Request Spot instances

Network ①  Create new VPC

Subnet ①  Create new subnet

Auto-assign Public IP ①

IAM role ①  Create new IAM role

Shutdown behavior ①

Enable termination protection ① ☐ Protect against accidental termination

Monitoring ① ☐ Enable CloudWatch detailed monitoring  
Additional charges apply

Tenancy ①   
Additional charges will apply for dedicated tenancy.

Advanced Details

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Add Storage

## ec2-4

AWS Services Edit Dark Amazon Ireland Support

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Tag Instance 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

### Step 4: Add Storage

Your instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. You can attach additional EBS volumes and instance store volumes to your instance, or edit the settings of the root volume. You can also attach additional EBS volumes after launching an instance, but not instance store volumes. Learn more about storage options in Amazon EC2.

Volume Type ①	Device ①	Snapshot ①	Size (GiB) ①	Volume Type ①	IOPS ①	Throughput (MB/s) ①	Delete on Termination ①	Encrypted ①
Root	/dev/xvda	snap-abc5f641	<input type="text" value="30"/>	General Purpose SSD (GP2)	100 / 3000	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Encrypted

Add New Volume

Free tier eligible customers can get up to 30 GB of EBS General Purpose (SSD) or Magnetic storage. Learn more about free usage tier eligibility and usage restrictions.

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Tag Instance

## ec2-5

AWS Services Edit

Dark Amazon Ireland Support

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Tag Instance 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

### Step 5: Tag Instance

A tag consists of a case-sensitive key-value pair. For example, you could define a tag with key = Name and value = Webserver. Learn more about tagging your Amazon EC2 resources.

Key (127 characters maximum)	Value (255 characters maximum)
Name	linux

Create Tag (Up to 50 tags maximum)

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Configure Security Group

## ec2-6

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Tag Instance 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

### Step 6: Configure Security Group

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. On this page, you can add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. For example, if you want to set up a web server and allow Internet traffic to reach your instance, add rules that allow unrestricted access to the HTTP and HTTPS ports. You can create a new security group or select from an existing one below. Learn more about Amazon EC2 security groups.

Assign a security group: ☐ Create a new security group ☒ Select an existing security group

Security Group ID	Name	Description	Actions
sg-b40557d3	default	default VPC security group	Copy to new

Inbound rules for sg-b40557d3 (Selected security groups: sg-b40557d3)

Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source
All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0

Cancel Previous Review and Launch

## ec2-7

**Step 7: Review Instance Launch**  
Please review your instance launch details. You can go back to edit changes for each section. Click **Launch** to assign a key pair to your instance and complete the launch process.

**AMI Details**  
Amazon Linux AMI 2016.09.0 (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-d41d58a7  
The Amazon Linux AMI is an EBS-backed, AWS-supported image. The default image includes AWS command line tools, Python, Ruby, Perl, and Java. The repositories include Docker, PHP, MySQL, PostgreSQL, and other packages.

**Instance Type**

Instance Type	ECUs	vCPUs	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB)	EBS-Optimized Available	Network Performance
t2.micro	Variable	1	1	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate

**Security Groups**

Security Group ID	Name	Description
sg-b40557d3	default	default VPC security group

All selected security groups inbound rules

Security Group ID	Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source
sg-b40557d3	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0

Cancel Previous **Launch**

## ec2-8

## Select an existing key pair or create a new key pair



A key pair consists of a **public key** that AWS stores, and a **private key file** that you store. Together, they allow you to connect to your instance securely. For Windows AMIs, the private key file is required to obtain the password used to log into your instance. For Linux AMIs, the private key file allows you to securely SSH into your instance.

Note: The selected key pair will be added to the set of keys authorized for this instance. Learn more about [removing existing key pairs from a public AMI](#).

Create a new key pair

**Key pair name**

awsec2-danielc

**Download Key Pair**



You have to download the **private key file** (\*.pem file) before you can continue.

**Store it in a secure and accessible location.** You will not be able to download the file again after it's created.

Cancel

**Launch Instances**



## Setting up Putty and Encrypted PPK File

### put-1

**Package files**

You probably want one of these. They include all the PuTTY utilities.

(Not sure whether you want the 32-bit or the 64-bit version? Read the [FAQ entry](#).)

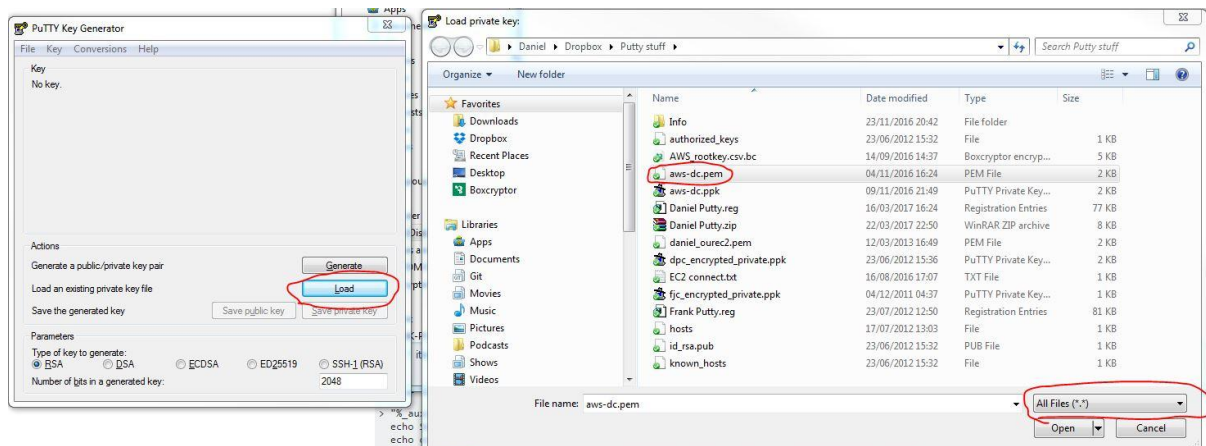
**MSI ('Windows Installer')**

32-bit:	<a href="#">putty-0.68-installer.msi</a>	<a href="#">(or by FTP)</a>	<a href="#">(signature)</a>
64-bit:	<a href="#">putty-64bit-0.68-installer.msi</a>	<a href="#">(or by FTP)</a>	<a href="#">(signature)</a>

**Unix source archive**

.tar.gz:	<a href="#">putty-0.68.tar.gz</a>	<a href="#">(or by FTP)</a>	<a href="#">(signature)</a>
----------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------

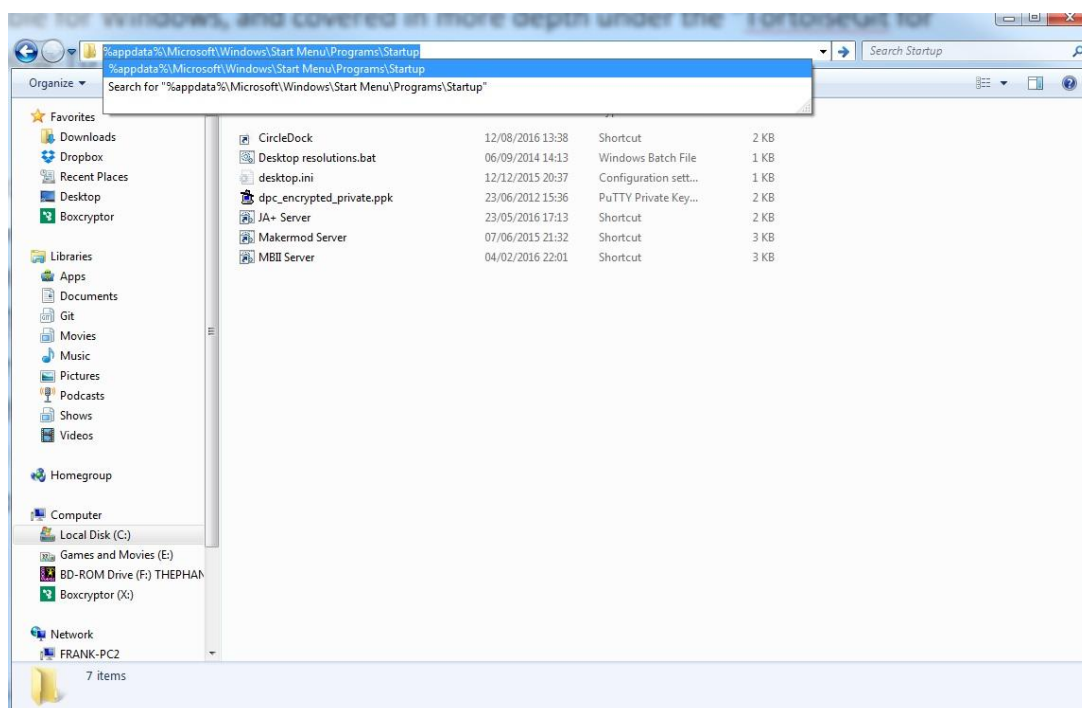
### put-2



## put-3



## put-4



## Connecting to the Instance

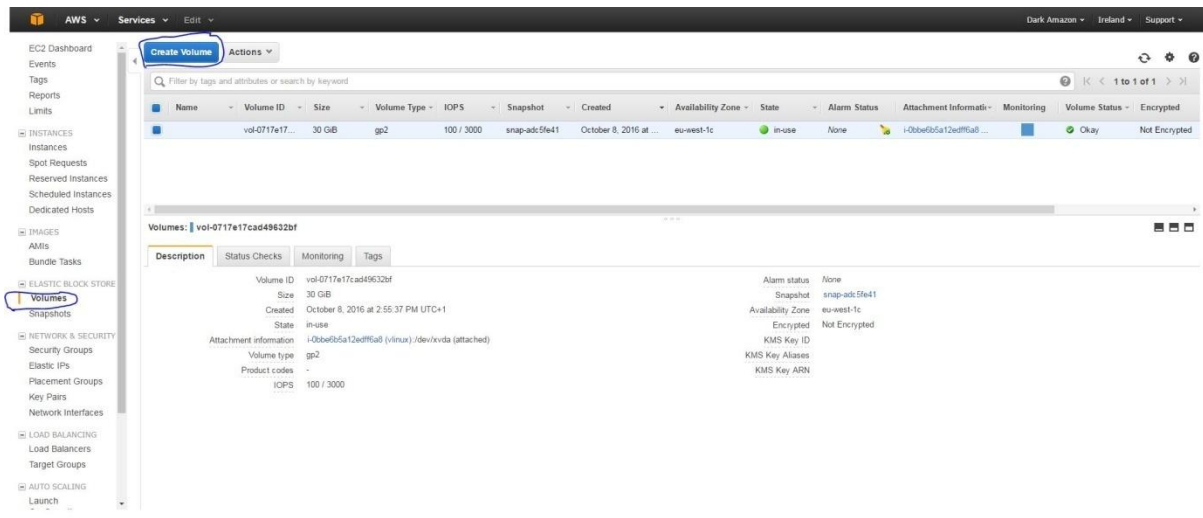
### con-1

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for an EC2 instance. At the top, a summary bar shows the instance name 'con-1', OS 'vlinux', ID 'i-0eec24bf0294aec26', type 't2.micro', region 'eu-west-1b', status 'running', and public IP 'ec2-34-253-58-191.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com'. Below this, the 'Description' tab is selected, showing a list of instance attributes. The 'IPv4 Public IP' is highlighted with a red circle.

Attribute	Value
Instance ID	i-0eec24bf0294aec26
Instance state	running
Instance type	t2.micro
Elastic IPs	-
Availability zone	eu-west-1b
Security groups	default. <a href="#">view inbound rules</a>
Scheduled events	No scheduled events
AMI ID	amzn-ami-hvm-2017.03.0.20170401-x86_64-gp2 (ami-e5083683)
Platform	-
Public DNS (IPv4)	ec2-34-253-58-191.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com
IPv4 Public IP	34.253.58.191
IPv6 IPs	-
Private DNS	ip-172-31-16-127.eu-west-1.compute.internal
Private IPs	172.31.16.127
Secondary private IPs	-
VPC ID	vpc-1a11a67e
Subnet ID	subnet-76e76500
Network interface	eth0

## Creating / Removing EBS Volumes

### ec2-9



### ec2-10

The screenshot shows the 'Create Volume' dialog box. The 'Volume Type' is set to 'General Purpose SSD (GP2)'. The 'Size (GiB)' is set to '100'. The 'IOPS' is set to '300 / 3000'. The 'Throughput (MB/s)' is set to 'Not Applicable'. The 'Availability Zone' is set to 'eu-west-1c'. The 'Snapshot ID' is set to 'Search (case-insensitive)'. The 'Encryption' checkbox is checked, with the label 'Encrypt this volume'. The 'Create' button is highlighted with a blue circle.

**Create Volume**

Volume Type: General Purpose SSD (GP2)

Size (GiB): 100 (Min: 1 GiB, Max: 16384 GiB)

IOPS: 300 / 3000 (Baseline of 100 IOPS per GiB)

Throughput (MB/s): Not Applicable

Availability Zone: eu-west-1c

Snapshot ID: Search (case-insensitive)

Encryption: ☒ Encrypt this volume

Cancel Create

## ec2-11

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. On the left, the navigation menu includes sections like EC2 Dashboard, INSTANCES, IMAGES, ELASTIC BLOCK STORE, NETWORK & SECURITY, LOAD BALANCING, and AUTO SCALING. The 'Volumes' section under 'ELASTIC BLOCK STORE' is selected. The main area displays a table of volumes. A context menu is open for the volume 'vol-0d74677f3e59eb857', with the 'Attach Volume' option highlighted. Below the table, the 'Details' tab for this volume is shown, indicating it is a 100 GiB gp2 volume in the eu-west-1c availability zone, available state, and not encrypted.

## ec2-12

The screenshot shows the 'Attach Volume' dialog box in the AWS Management Console. The volume 'vol-0d74677f3e59eb857' is selected, and the instance 'i-0bbe6b5a12edff6a8' is chosen. The device path is set to '/dev/sdf'. A note at the bottom states: "Note: Newer Linux kernels may rename your devices to /dev/xvdf through /dev/xvdp internally, even when the device name entered here (and shown in the details) is /dev/sdf through /dev/sdp." The 'Attach' button is highlighted.



## Managing EBS Volumes

### ec2-16

```

root@ip-172-31-39-2/mnt
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# mkfs /dev/sdf
mke2fs 1.42.12 (29-Aug-2014)
Creating filesystem with 26214400 4k blocks and 6553600 inodes
Filesystem UUID: 4ecef914-e8f2-478b-bdfb-4e7593608db4
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
    32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208,
    4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872

Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done

[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# mkdir /mnt/bigdata
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# mount /dev/sdf /mnt/bigdata
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# df
Filesystem            1K-blocks      Used Available Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs                498820         60   498760    1% /dev
tmpfs                   509664          0   509664    0% /dev/shm
/dev/xvda1             30830568 1000984  29729336    4% /
/dev/xvdf              103212320   61044  97908396    1% /mnt/bigdata
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# df -H
Filesystem            Size      Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs              511M       62k   511M    1% /dev
tmpfs                 522M        0   522M    0% /dev/shm
/dev/xvda1            32G       1.1G   31G    4% /
/dev/xvdf             106G       63M  101G    1% /mnt/bigdata
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# █

```

### ec2-17

```

[root@ip-172-31-39-2 mnt]# cd /mnt/bigdata/
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 bigdata]# ls
lost+found
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 bigdata]# date >x
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 bigdata]# cat x
Sat Oct  8 15:54:46 UTC 2016
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 bigdata]# ls -l
total 20
drwx----- 2 root root 16384 Oct  8 15:52 lost+found
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root    29 Oct  8 15:54 x
[root@ip-172-31-39-2 bigdata]# █

```

## Installing Apache and PHP, and Managing the WebServer

### pak-1

Package	Arch	Version	Repository	Size
Installing:				
postgresql92	x86_64	9.2.18-1.59.amzn1	amzn-main	4.1 M
Installing for dependencies:				
postgresql92-libs	x86_64	9.2.18-1.59.amzn1	amzn-main	257 k
Transaction Summary				
Install 1 Package (+1 Dependent package)				
Total download size: 4.3 M				
Installed size: 16 M				
Is this ok [y/d/N]:				

### pak-2

```
[root@ip-172-31-16-127 ec2-user]# service postgresql94 start
/var/lib/pgsql94/data is missing. Use "service postgresql94 initdb" to initialize the cluster first.
[FAILED]
[root@ip-172-31-16-127 ec2-user]# service postgresql94 initdb
```

## Backup/Restore Test Data

### bak-1



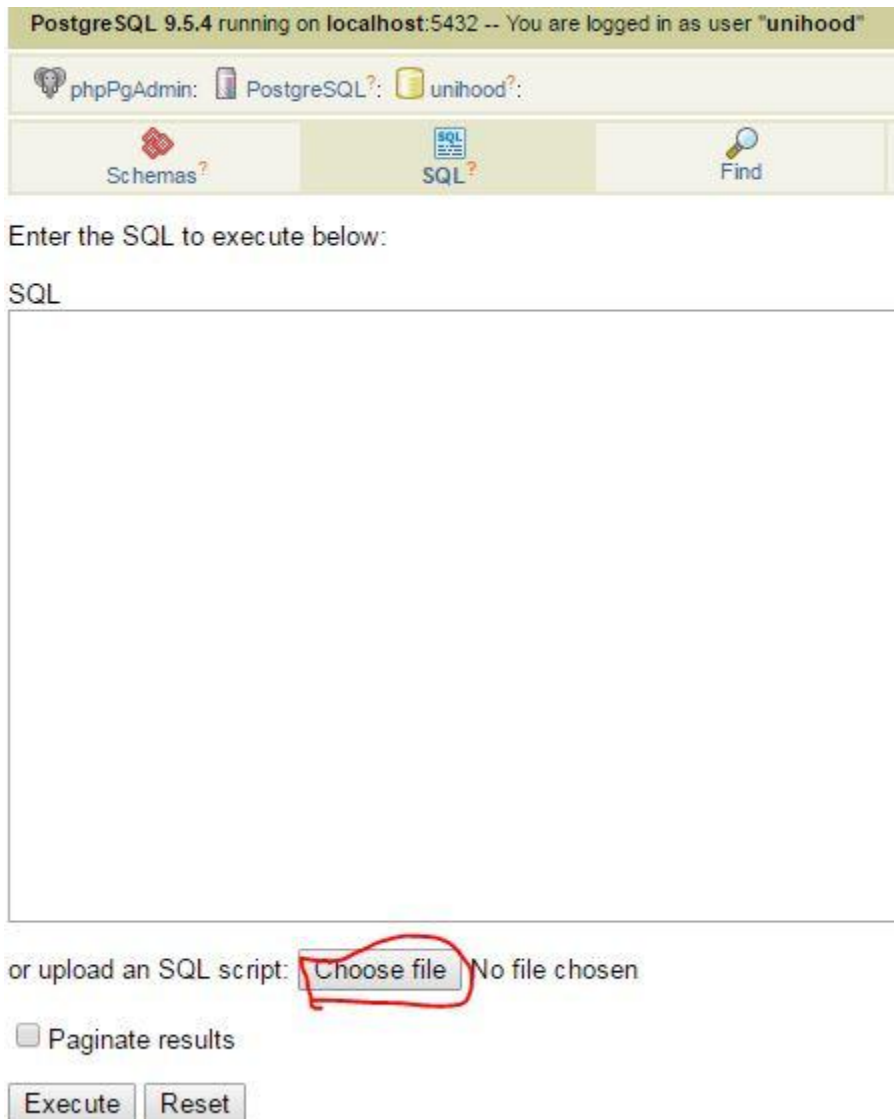
The screenshot shows the 'Databases' tab in phpPgAdmin. It displays a table with columns: Database, Owner, Encoding, Collation, Character Type, Tablespace, Size, Actions, and Comment. Two databases are listed: 'postgres' and 'unihood'. The 'Drop' button for the 'unihood' database is circled in red.

Database	Owner	Encoding	Collation	Character Type	Tablespace	Size	Actions	Comment
<input type="checkbox"/> postgres	postgres	UTF8	en_US.UTF-8	en_US.UTF-8	pg_default	7256 kB	<a href="#">Drop</a> <a href="#">Privileges</a> <a href="#">Alter</a>	default administrative connection database
<input type="checkbox"/> unihood	postgres	UTF8	en_US.UTF-8	en_US.UTF-8	pg_default	7976 kB	<a href="#">Drop</a> <a href="#">Privileges</a> <a href="#">Alter</a>	

Actions on multiple lines  
Select all / Unselect all ---> -- ▾ Execute

Create database

### bak-2



The screenshot shows the SQL execution interface in phpPgAdmin. It includes a status bar at the top indicating 'PostgreSQL 9.5.4 running on localhost:5432 -- You are logged in as user "unihood"'. Below this are tabs for 'phpPgAdmin', 'PostgreSQL', and 'unihood'. The main area has buttons for 'Schemas', 'SQL', and 'Find'. A text input field is labeled 'Enter the SQL to execute below:'. Below the input field is a large empty box for SQL code. At the bottom, there is a section for uploading an SQL script, with the 'Choose file' button circled in red. There are also checkboxes for 'Paginate results' and buttons for 'Execute' and 'Reset'.

PostgreSQL 9.5.4 running on localhost:5432 -- You are logged in as user "unihood"

phpPgAdmin: PostgreSQL: unihood:

Schemas SQL Find

Enter the SQL to execute below:

SQL

or upload an SQL script: [Choose file](#) No file chosen

☐ Paginate results

Execute Reset