United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Inspection Report

City Of Dodge City

Post Office Box 880

Dodge City, KS 67801

Customer ID: 4089

Certificate: 48-C-0140

Site: 001

CITY OF DODGE CITY

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 01-JUN-2016

2.40(b)(3) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

One adult, male Japanese macaque was observed to pluck at the hair/skin on the fronts of both legs during the majority of time that he was observed during the inspection. He has a history of plucking hair and picking at the skin of his arms. The first mention of plucking of the hair and skin of the legs in the animal s observation log was noted on 11 April 2016. The observation log for this animal lists plucking hair on his legs numerous times after that initial entry along with the ongoing arm hair plucking.

This animal was re-evaluated by the attending veterinarian (AV) on 5 April 2016 who at that time increased the animal s dose of anti-anxiety medication. As noted above, the animal started plucking a new area on his body shortly after this change. While the arm plucking appears to have decreased in frequency, the leg plucking suggests a progression of the overall problem. As of the time of this inspection, the facility has not communicated with the AV information regarding the animal s response to the new dose of medication and more importantly, the information that the plucking has progressed to a new location.

Daily observation and direct, timely, and frequent communication with the attending veterinarian is essential for the heath and care of the animals. Lack of communication of ongoing problems might result in a delay of treatment if severity of the problem is not known by the veterinarian. In this case, the AV has not been notified that the animal is plucking at a new area of skin and cannot therefore alter the enrichment plan and/or medical treatment plan to accommodate the progression of the skin plucking problem. The licensee must establish as part of the program of veterinary care a plan of daily observation and a mechanism of direct, timely and frequent communication so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior and well-being are conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

3.9(b)

FEEDING.

The two dog-wolf hybrids are being fed directly on a concrete slab in their enclosure. Feed not placed in a food

Prepared By: KENDALL LUNDY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date:

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Received by Title: HEAD ZOO KEEPER Date: 02-JUN-2016

Page 1 of 3

01-JUN-2016



Inspection Report

receptacle may become contaminated and that surface may not be adequately cleaned and sanitized. Food for dogs must be placed in food receptacles that protect the food from contamination of feces and pests and are easily cleaned and sanitized. Correct by 14 June 2016.

3.11(b)(2)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There is a large plastic tub in the dog-wolf hybrid enclosure that has water in it. There is dirt on the bottom of this tub, green algae growing on the sides as well as floating clumps of green algae. Dirty water receptacles may contaminate the water and may lead to an increase in disease transmission. All water receptacles must be sanitized at least once every 2 weeks, or more often if necessary to prevent an accumulation of dirt, debris, food waste, excreta and other disease hazards. Correct by 3 June 2016.

3.127(c)

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

There were many pools of standing water and mud in the long-horn cattle enclosure. This covered up to 50% of the available space for these cattle. The majority of the west bear enclosure was covered in mud. There was also a pool of standing water along the west side of the bison's enclosure. There were also pools of standing water in the pig's enclosure. The standing water was brownish in color and there was green algae growing in some of it. Standing water and mud can cause odors, attract pests, and may lead to an increase in disease transmission. A suitable method must be provided to rapidly eliminate excess water. Correct by 6 June 2016.

3.129(b)

FEEDING.

There are two metal food receptacles under the covered portion of the long-horn cattle enclosure. One has feces in it and the bottom of the other is covered with contaminated hay. Uncleaned food receptacles may contaminate food that is placed in it. All food receptacles must be kept clean and sanitary at all times. Correct by 2 June 2016.

3.131(d)

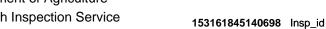
SANITATION.

There were numerous flies on the lower legs of the two long-horn cattle. These cattle were noticed stomping, twitching their skin, swishing of the tail and head swinging to chase away the flies. Flies can transmit diseases and can be a nuisance to the animals.

There were numerous flies on the porcupine food. Flies can transmit diseases and may decrease the animals access to the food.

An effective method of pest control must be established and maintained. Correct by 2 June 2016.

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Inspection Report

This routine inspection and exit interview were	conducted with facility	representatives, Dr	. Margaret Shaver	, VMO
and Kendall Lundy, ACI.				

Additional Inspectors

Shaver Margaret, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By: KENDALL LUNDY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date: 01-JUN-2016

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02-JUN-2016



United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 4089 Inspection Date: 01-JUN-16

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
4089	48-C-0140	001	CITY OF DODGE CITY	01-JUN-16

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000004	Bison bison	AMERICAN BISON
000002	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000001	Callithrix kuhlii	BLACK TUFTED-EAR MARMOSET
000002	Canis lupus familiaris	DOG ADULT
000003	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	Equus asinus asinus	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000002	Hystrix cristata	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000002	Lama glama	LLAMA
000003	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000002	Lynx rufus	BOBCAT
000001	Macaca fuscata	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000001	Panthera tigris	TIGER
000002	Procyon lotor	RACCOON
000001	Puma concolor	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR
000004	Sapajus appella	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000001	Sus scrofa domestica	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000001	Taxidea taxus	AMERICAN BADGER
000001	Ursus americanus	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000035	Total	