

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Inspection Report

Elmer Raber 3383 North 1000 East Loogootee, IN 47553 Customer ID: **335337**

Certificate: 32-A-0571

Site: 001

CAROLYN RABER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 16-FEB-2017

2.40(b)(2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There is a 4 month old German Shepard female that had a collar that was left on while she was growing and became too tight, causing the collar to break the skin and bite into the muscle tissue of the neck. There were two areas approximately 2 inches long, 1/2 inch wide of exposed muscle tissue that was caught in the buckle of the collar. There was some yellow/green infected mucus with a very strong odor was oozing from the muscle tissue that was caught in the buckle. The collar had been put on the pup and not checked as she grew, causing the collar to cut into her neck. The injury had not been observed until during the inspection, so a veterinarian had not been contacted.

Collars that are not monitored on growing dogs can grow into the neck tissue causing serious injury or strangle the animals if left unmonitored.

The licensee must contact the attending veterinarian for proper treatment and care of the injury. All collars on the regulated animals must be checked and loosened to prevent injuries.

The attending veterinarian was contacted during the inspection, and coming to the property by the end of the day. The collar was removed and treatment being provided.

To be corrected by: February 16, 2017

2.40(b)(3)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There is a 4 month old German Shepard female that had a collar that was left on while she was growing and became too tight, causing the collar to break the skin and bite into the muscle tissue of the neck. The collar had not been observed as being too tight until during the inspection.

Collars that are not monitored on growing dogs, or put on too tight on any dog can cause serious damage to the necks of the regulated animals. These collars can grow into the neck tissue or strangle the animals if left unmonitored.

Prepared By:	COMPTON ANNMARIE, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date:
			17-FEB-2017

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6022

Received by Title: OWNER Date: 17-FEB-2017

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The licensee must increase their daily observation of the collars that are on their regulated animals, and monitor the tightness on the growing pups to make sure they provide enough room for comfort and swallowing ability of the dogs.

To be corrected: February 16, 2017

2.50(a)(1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

There are 5 dogs on the inventory that have been at the facility since November 2016 that do not have proper USDA ID tags. While the dogs are listed on the inventory and have collars, they do not have the proper ID tags on the collars.

Proper USDA ID tags are required for proper management and traceability of the regulated animals.

All regulated animals must have USDA tags on their collars when they are added to the inventory and are old enough to require permanent USDA identification according to USDA AWA.

To be corrected by: February 22, 2017

Inspection and exit interview was conducted with licensee.

Prepared By: COMPTON ANNMARIE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date:

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6022

Received by Title: OWNER Date: 17-FEB-2017

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Date: 17-FEB-2017



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Customer: 335337 Inspection Date: 16-FEB-17

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
335337	32-A-0571	001	CAROLYN RABER	16-FEB-17

CountScientific NameCommon Name000041Canis lupus familiarisDOG ADULT000013Canis lupus familiarisDOG PUPPY000054Total