



Inspection Report

Bobbi Pradon
Daniel Pradon
1101 N Tripp Ave.
Odessa, TX 79763

Customer ID: **3913**
Certificate: **74-B-0708**
Site: 001
Bobbi Pradon & Daniel Pradon

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 05-JAN-2016

2.40(a)(1) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The current Program of Veterinary Care (PVC) does not address all species at the facility. Licensees' with part time attending veterinarians must have a formal written arrangement with a veterinarian (PVC) that addresses the preventive care for all regulated species. This is required so that USDA personnel can confirm that the licensee is working with a veterinarian and is following the recommendations from that veterinarian.

A program of veterinary care needs to be developed for this facility by the attending veterinarian that includes recommendations for all regulated species at the facility. Examples of topics to be covered in the PVC are:

- *The veterinarian's schedule for visits to the facility.
- *Parasite control program if appropriate for the species.
- *Vaccination recommendations if appropriate for the species.
- *Routine medical testing if appropriate for the species.
- *Instructions on necropsies for unexpected deaths.
- *Hoof trims for animals with chronic hoof problems.
- *Any other medical/husbandry recommendations the veterinarian feels necessary for this facility.
- *Emergency contact information.

The PVC must be signed and dated by the attending veterinarian. This document must indicate to USDA representatives that the licensee and the veterinarian have an active working relationship.

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Several hoofed stock appear thin with prominent hip bones and ribs. The thin hoof stock include multiple white tailed deer, several hog deer, and one oryx. The licensee is responsible for ensuring all animals receive adequate veterinary care in order to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries. These animals must be evaluated by a veterinarian to assess their body conditions and develop an appropriate treatment plan.

Prepared By: JEANNE KJOS, D V M USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

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One zebu has long hooves on the front feet which can adversely affect the gait when the animal walks. The licensee is responsible for ensuring that all animals receive adequate veterinary care in order to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries. This animal must be seen by a veterinarian and appropriate hoof care performed.

3.78(b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Two ringtail lemurs were housed in an outdoor enclosure with only one heat lamp available. The temperature at the time of this inspection was 44 degrees at 10:30 am with an overnight low the previous evening (at midnight) of 37 degrees. The single heat lamp did not provide enough heat to both lemurs in this enclosure to prevent the ambient temperature from falling below 45 degrees. Outdoor housing facilities must provide adequate shelter from the elements at all times. It must provide protection from the rain, snow, wind, and cold, and prevent the ambient temperature from falling below 45 degrees. The two ringtail lemurs were moved to an indoor housing facility during this inspection.

3.81 REPEAT

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

At the time of this inspection the licensee did not have a plan for environmental enrichment for the primates. An enrichment plan approved by the attending veterinarian needs to be developed that includes specific provisions such as appropriate social grouping and providing means of expressing species typical behaviors (such as swings and perches).

3.127(b) REPEAT

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Shelter from inclement weather. One female camel and her baby, together with 21 goats, are housed together in one outdoor enclosure. The single shelter in this enclosure is not tall enough or wide enough to comfortably house both of the camels and all of the goats during inclement weather. An additional taller shelter must be added to this outdoor enclosure to provide adequate shelter for both camels and additional shelter is needed for all 21 goats in this enclosure.

3.129(b)

FEEDING.

The twenty one goats in one enclosure were being feed corn on a 4 foot by 4 foot piece of plywood from outside of the animal enclosure. Goats were climbing on top of each other and were reaching their heads and necks under the fence in order to reach the food on the plywood. Food receptacles must be in sufficient quantity and located so

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as to be accessible to all the animals in the enclosure. To be corrected by: January 7, 2016.

3.131(a) REPEAT

SANITATION.

At the time of this inspection, the outdoor serval yard had a large accumulation of dried, white fecal material. Feces must be removed from animal enclosures as often as necessary to minimize disease hazards and to reduce odors. Routine cleaning and sanitation of primary enclosures must be done frequently to protect the health and well-being of the one serval housed in this enclosure.

Facility inspection was conducted by Jeanne Kjos, VMO and Cindy Digesualdo, VMO with facility representatives on January 5, 2016.

Exit briefing was conducted with by Jeanne Kjos, VMO and Cindy Digesualdo, VMO with facility representatives on January 6, 2016.

Additional Inspectors

Digesualdo Cynthia, Veterinary Medical Officer

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3913	74-B-0708	001	Bobbi Pradon & Daniel Pradon	05-JAN-16
Count	Scientific Name	Common Name		
000030	<i>Addax nasomaculatus</i>	ADDAX		
000002	<i>Ateles chamek</i>	BLACK SPIDER MONKEY		
000034	<i>Axis porcinus</i>	HOG DEER		
000009	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU		
000004	<i>Camelus dromedarius domestic</i>	DOMESTIC DROMEDARY CAMEL		
000023	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT		
000029	<i>Capra pyrenaica</i>	SPANISH IBEX		
000003	<i>Cebus capucinus</i>	WHITE-HEADED / WHITE-THROATED CAPUCHIN		
000005	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>	RED DEER		
000013	<i>Chinchilla brevicaudata</i>	CHINCHILLA		
000002	<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i>	HOFFMANN'S TWO-TOED SLOTH		
000004	<i>Equus grevyi</i>	GREVY'S ZEBRA		
000004	<i>Hylobates agilis</i>	AGILE GIBBON		
000001	<i>Kobus lechwe</i>	RED LECHWE / SOUTHERN LECHWE		
000008	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA		
000029	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR		
000001	<i>Leptailurus serval</i>	SERVAL		
000001	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT		
000004	<i>Muntiacus reevesi</i>	REEVE'S MUNTJAC		
000001	<i>Mustela eversmannii</i>	STEPPE POLECAT		
000004	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI		
000008	<i>Notamacropus agilis</i>	AGILE WALLABY		
000029	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER		
000022	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	EUROPEAN RABBIT		
000009	<i>Oryx gazella</i>	GEMSBOK		
000004	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>	SUGAR GLIDER		
000006	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU		
000009	<i>Rusa alfredi</i>	TOME'S SPINY-RAT		
000002	<i>Saguinus geoffroyi</i>	GEOFFROY'S TAMARIN		
000002	<i>Saguinus oedipus</i>	COTTON-TOP TAMARIN		
000001	<i>Urocyon cinereoargenteus</i>	GRAY FOX / GREY FOX		
000303	Total			