

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

261140903170910 Insp_id

Inspection Report

Lee Richardson Zoo

Po Box 998

Garden City, KS 67846

Customer ID: 4095

Certificate: 48-C-0006

Site: 001

LEE RICHARDSON ZOO

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 17-SEP-2014

3.75(c)(2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The ceiling in the Goeldi's monkey enclosure is in need of repair. There are areas of the ceiling between the sky lights and the front screen where the paint is missing exposing the material below. These areas are not capable of being readily cleaned and sanitized which may lead to an increase in disease transmission. All surfaces of indoor housing facilities must be maintained to ensure surfaces are capable of being readily cleaned and sanitized. Correct by 18 October 2014.

3.125(a)

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There are places where facilities are not maintained in good repair. The wire mesh used around the wooden posts in the camel holding area has been pulled away in some places and there are wire points present in other places. Also there is portion of a cattle-type panel in the sloth bear enclosure with wire points present at approximately 6 inches from the ground. One wooden step missing from the African lion elevated platform in the east lion yard. Due to it missing has resulted in one bolt to become exposed. These areas could result in injury to the animals present in these enclosures. All facilities must be maintained in good repair to protect animals from injury. Correct by 2 October 2014.

There are metal surfaces in the indoor portion of the river otter's enclosure that are rusted which is resulting in the bubbling and flaking of the paint. Metal that is rusted may no longer be structurally sound nor may it be capable of being cleaned and sanitized. All surfaces must be maintained in good repair to be structurally sound and be capable of being cleaned and sanitized. Correct by 18 October 2014.

3.127(c)

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Some water from the cleaning of the floor of the gaur's shelter enclosure is being pushed outside to the edge of the concrete landing. This is resulting in standing water and mud accumulating where the animals must walk through it to access the shelter enclosure. Standing water and mud may cause pest problems, an increase in odors and disease. A suitable method must be provided to rapidly eliminate excess water to prevent it from accumulating in

Prepared By: KENDALL LUNDY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

18-SEP-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4015

Received by Title: CURATOR Date: 18-SEP-2014

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

261140903170910 Insp id

Inspection Report

the walk-ways of the animals. Correct by 25 Sept. 2014.

3.130

WATERING.

The river otter exhibit uses a dive pool for potable water for the 2 otters when they are on exhibit. At the time of the inspection, the sand filter for the pool was not functioning and the water was very turbid and full of debris and would not considered to be safe for drinking.

The otters are accustomed to swimming in and drinking this water and, until this filtration failure can be fixed, they need to have another source of potable water provided to them on exhibit or have access to the back area where potable water is available.

Correct by 18 Sept. 2014.

3.131(c)

SANITATION.

Accumulations of cobwebs in several of the off-exhibit areas were noted during the inspection:

- **Back holding area for 1 male snow leopard and 2 Amur leopards has an unfinished ceiling with exposed insulation and numerous cobwebs along the tops of the enclosures, around the shift gates, and along the rafters and lights. The unfinished ceiling reduces the ability to hose and clean the areas above the enclosures.
- **Sloth bears back holding area had cobwebs formed around the keeper doors and shift mechanism. A spider web in the outdoor exhibit was also noted.
- **The back holding areas for elephants and for the giraffes had cobwebs hanging above the hay storage.
- **The back holding area for a male red panda had cobwebs around the top of the enclosure.
- **The back holding area for a Baird tapir and a giant anteater had accumulations around the enclosures.

Cobwebs are evidence of pest activities and act to collect dust, debris, and aerosolized material. These should be removed when noted to minimize the risk to the animals for exposure to pests and aerosolized materials that may carry infectious organisms and may contaminate food and water.

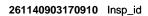
Cobwebs should be removed from all animal and food storage areas by 25 Sept. 2014.

The ceiling in the snow leopard and Amur leopard back holding area should have the exposed insulation covered to minimize contamination and facilitate better housekeeping. Correct by 31 Dec. 2014.

This routine inspection was conducted with the zoo Curator on 17 Sept. 2014. The exit interview was conducted on 18 Sept. 2014.

Prepared By:	KENDALL LUNDY, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date:
Title:	ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR	4015	18-SEP-2014

Received by Title: CURATOR Date: 18-SEP-2014





Inspection Report

Additional	Inspectors
------------	------------

Thompson Tracy, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By:KENDALL LUNDY, A C IUSDA, APHIS, Animal CareDate:
18-SEP-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4015

Received by Title: CURATOR Date:

18-SEP-2014

Page 3 of 3



United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 4095 Inspection Date: 17-SEP-14

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
4095	48-C-0006	001	LEE RICHARDSON ZOO	17-SEP-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name	
000005	Addax nasomaculatus	ADDAX	
000005	Ailurus fulgens	RED PANDA	
000005	Antilocapra americana	PRONGHORN	
000002	Atelerix albiventris	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG	
000002	Ateles geoffroyi	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY	
000003	Bison bison	AMERICAN BISON	
000002	Bos frontalis	GAYAL/GAUR	
000002	Budorcas taxicolor	TAKIN	
000003	Callimico goeldii	GOELDI'S MONKEY	
000003	Camelus bactrianus	BACTRIAN CAMEL	
000004	Cervus elaphus	RED DEER	
000003	Chinchilla lanigera	CHINCHILLA	
000002	Chrysocyon brachyurus	MANED WOLF	
000002	Giraffa camelopardalis	GIRAFFE	
000007	Lama pacos	ALPACA	
000002	Lontra canadensis	NORTH AMERICAN RIVER OTTER	
000002	Loxodonta africana	AFRICAN ELEPHANT	
000002	Lynx rufus	BOBCAT	
000002	Melursus ursinus	SLOTH BEAR	
000003	Muntiacus reevesi	REEVE'S MUNTJAC	
000001	Mustela nigripes	BLACK-FOOTED FERRET	
000001	Myrmecophaga tridactyla	GIANT ANTEATER	
000006	Naemorhedus goral	HIMALAYAN GORAL / HIMALAYAN BROWN GORAL	
000001	Nycticebus pygmaeus	PYGMY SLOW LORIS	
000007	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO	
000002	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS	
000002	Panthera leo	LION	
000003	Panthera onca	JAGUAR	
000002	Panthera pardus	LEOPARD	
000003	Puma concolor	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR	
000002	Symphalangus syndactylus	SIAMANG	
000001	Tapirus bairdii	BAIRD'S TAPIR	
000001	Tolypeutes matacus	SOUTHERN THREE-BANDED ARMADILLO	
000001	Uncia uncia	SNOW LEOPARD	
000004	Varecia rubra	RED RUFFED LEMUR	
000004	Vulpes velox	SWIFT FOX	
000102	Total		