

TSTOTT INS-0001031295

Inspection Report

Jungle Reef LLC 750 Sunland Park Dr Suite A01A El Paso, TX 79912 Customer ID: 6017728

Certificate: 74-C-1169

Site: 001

Jungle Reef LLC

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 30-MAY-2024

2.40

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

In April 2024, the facility obtained a single, adult female lemur for exhibition, but the licensee does not have a written Program of Veterinary Care that includes this animal because the attending veterinarian that provides care for the other animals at the facility expressed that he could not provide care for the lemur.

Failure to employ one or more veterinarians under formal arrangements to provide veterinary care to all covered species at the facility could result in animals not receiving timely and appropriate, routine preventive or emergency care. The licensee must have an attending veterinarian or veterinarians who shall provide adequate veterinary care to its animals in compliance with all subsections of Part 2, Subpart D, Section 2.40.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

2.40(b)(2)

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

One gray, long-haired adult rabbit has an area of approximately 2"X2" on the top of its hindquarters where the fur is beginning to mat. A husbandry worker told the inspector that staff noticed the matting but had not yet acted to correct the problem or discuss how to correct this with their veterinarian.

Matted fur can lead to medical problems, cause skin irritation and pain, and progress to infected lesions. The facility must use appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries; a system of monitoring and brushing to prevent the fur from becoming matted should be in place to maintain the health and well-being of the animal. TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

2.75(b)(1)

Records: Dealers and exhibitors.

At the time of the inspection, the facility does not have complete acquisition records for one adult female lemur, two adult chickens and four adult rabbits.

Records containing the required information for animals disposed of or acquired for use in regulated activities, including those offspring born on premises, are necessary to accurately track animals to ensure their humane care and use. The licensee shall make, keep and maintain records of acquisition and disposition for all animals that fully and correctly disclose all of the information required within all subsections of Part 2, Subpart G, Section 2.75(b)(1).

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

| | TAMILA STOTT VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER | USDA, APHIS, Animal Care | Date: 06-JUN-2024 |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Received by Title: | Licensee | | Date: 06-JUN-2024 |



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3.58(a)

Classification and separation.

In the Petting Barn area, there are six adult rabbits housed together with two goats, three giant tortoises, two chickens and one duck.

Rabbits should not be housed together with other species for health, safety and behavioral reasons. The facility must ensure that rabbits are not housed in the same primary enclosure with any other species of animals unless required for scientific reasons.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

3.75(e)

Housing facilities, general.

At the time of inspection, there is an opened package of monkey biscuits on a shelf in the commissary, used to feed one adult female lemur.

Leaving animal food unsealed/uncovered does not protect it from pests, vermin or other sources of contamination. The facility must ensure that supplies of food and bedding are stored in a manner that protects the supplies from spoilage, contamination and vermin infestation; supplies must be stored off the floor and away from the walls to allow cleaning underneath and around the supplies. When not in actual use, opened food and bedding supplies must be kept in leakproof containers with tightly fitting lids to prevent spoilage and contamination.

CORRECTED AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION ON 05/30/2024

3.81(c)(2)

Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

At the time of inspection, there is an adult, single-housed female lemur named "Zabu" exhibiting repetitive pacing behavior. Zabu paces nearly incessantly during inspection; the inspector initially observed the animal pacing for several minutes and returned twice to find the animal still pacing. Enrichment inside the enclosure is minimal, with no cognitive enrichment present at the time of inspection and no nest box or screened area where the animal can take refuge. The facility has an incomplete environmental enhancement plan that does not contain special considerations to address an animal that is exhibiting signs of distress.

Failure to establish and follow a written environmental enhancement plan that is reviewed by the attending veterinarian and includes special considerations for animals that are exhibiting signs of psychological distress can result in prolonged discomfort and distress in non-human primates. The licensee must ensure that the written environmental enhancement plan for non-human primates contains veterinarian-approved provisions for animals exhibiting signs of psychological distress.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

3.81(c)(4)

Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

At the time of inspection, there is an adult, single-housed female lemur named "Zabu" exhibiting repetitive pacing behavior. Zabu paces nearly incessantly during inspection; the inspector initially observed the animal pacing for several minutes and returned twice to find the animal still pacing. Enrichment inside the enclosure is minimal, with no cognitive

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enrichment present at the time of inspection and no nest box or screened area where the animal can take refuge. The facility has an incomplete environmental enhancement plan that does not contain special considerations to address non-human primates that are individually housed and cannot see and hear other non-human primates of their own or compatible species.

Failure to establish and follow a written environmental enhancement plan that is reviewed by the attending veterinarian and includes special considerations for animals that are individually housed and cannot see and hear other non-human primates of their own or compatible species can result in prolonged discomfort and distress in non-human primates. The licensee must ensure that the written environmental enhancement plan for non-human primates contains veterinarian-approved provisions for singly housed non-human primates.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

3.154

Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

The facility does not have a written Environmental Enhancement Plan in place for two adult chickens and one juvenile duck. Environmental Enhancement Plans must be in place to help ensure species-specific needs are met for each species of bird at the facility.

Failure to include the chickens and duck in the plan could result in physical or behavioral problems that might otherwise be prevented if included in the plan and reviewed by the attending veterinarian. The facility must develop, document and follow a species-appropriate plan for environment enhancement adequate to promote the psychological well-being of all birds; the plan must be approved by the attending veterinarian and must be in accordance with currently accepted professional standards as cited in appropriate professional journals or reference guides. This plan must be made available to APHIS upon request, and must, at a minimum, address all of the subsections listed under Part 3, Subpart G, Section 3.154 of the Animal Welfare Act and Animal Welfare Act Regulations.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/13/2024

3.162(a)(6)

Primary enclosures used to transport live birds.

During the inspection, the licensee described inappropriate transport enclosure preparation used to transport two ducks inside a cargo van on April 27, 2024. According to the licensee, the tote used as a transport enclosure was not clearly marked as required.

Proper labeling of transport enclosures is important to ensure enclosures are readily identified as containing live animals as well as the intended orientation of the enclosure to assist first responders or others that may need to know animals are present and/or respond to their aid in an emergency. The facility must ensure that transport enclosures are clearly marked on top and on one or more sides with the words "Live Animals," in letters at least one inch high, and with arrows or other markings to indicate the correct upright position of the primary enclosure to ensure the safety of the animals during transport.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

3.162(b)(2)

Primary enclosures used to transport live birds.

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During the inspection, the licensee described an inappropriate transport enclosure used to transport two ducks inside a cargo van on April 27, 2024. According to the licensee, the transport enclosure lacked projecting rims. Projecting rims on transport enclosures are important to ensure ventilated areas of the enclosure walls are not blocked by other transport crates or items in the vehicle during transport; blockage of ventilation during transport can cause discomfort, illness or even death to animals. The facility must ensure that all transport enclosures have projecting rims or similar devices large enough to provide a minimum air circulation space of 0.75 inches between the primary enclosure and anything the enclosure is adjacent to, in order to help keep the animals safe during transport.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 06/07/2024

This is a continuation of the report for the routine inspection conducted 05/30/2024 and contains the remaining non-compliances found during the inspection. The exit briefing for the items included on this report was conducted on 05/31/2024.

This inspection was conducted with the licensee on 05/30/2024. The exit interview was conducted with the licensee and a facility representative on 05/31/2024.

Prepared By: TAMILA STOTT Date:

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care 06-JUN-2024

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

OFFICER

Received by Title: Licensee Date: 06-JUN-2024



Customer: 6017728

Inspection Date: 30-May-2024

Species Inspected

| Cust No | Cert No | Site | Site Name | Inspection |
|---------|-----------|------|-----------------|-------------|
| 6017728 | 74-C-1169 | 001 | Jungle Reef LLC | 30-MAY-2024 |

| Count | Scientific Name | Common Name |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| 000195 | Melopsittacus undulatus | BUDGERIGAR / BUDGIE / COMMON PARAKEET / SHELL PARAKEET |
| 000003 | Aonyx cinereus | ORIENTAL SMALL-CLAWED OTTER |
| 000006 | Oryctolagus cuniculus | DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT |
| 000001 | Anas platyrhynchos domesticus | DOMESTIC DUCK INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS |
| 000002 | Gallus gallus domesticus | DOMESTIC CHICKEN (INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS / TURKIN / COCK / HEN / ROOSTER) |
| 000001 | Hystrix cristata | AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE |
| 000002 | Capra hircus | DOMESTIC GOAT |
| 000001 | Notamacropus rufogriseus | BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY |
| 000001 | Lemur catta | RING-TAILED LEMUR |
| 000212 | Total | |