



## Inspection Report

Ashley Duncan  
910 Cottonwood Creek  
Kingsbury, TX 78638

Customer ID: **44968**  
Certificate: **74-B-0664**  
Site: 001  
ASHLEY DUNCAN

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: 17-OCT-2017

### 2.40(b)(2) DIRECT

#### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The female kinkajou housed under the barn is noted to have a red open wound under the right ear. A scab was noted behind the left ear. A facility employee stated that the wound had been present for at least 2 weeks. There is no record that the animal has received veterinary care. A second female kinkajou in pen 2 area has a fresh scrape area under her chin. The 4 coatimundi housed together are all scratching. Licensee stated that she sprays them as needed for fleas. A wound behind the ears may be the sign of an ear infection which can be expected to cause the animal pain and distress. Small wounds such as the skin scrape on the other female kinkajou may become infected if left untreated. Left untreated fleas may cause severe health issues for the coatimundi. The 2 female kinkajous must be examined by a veterinarian to determine proper treatment and an effective method of flea control must be discussed with the veterinarian to prevent pain and discomfort to the animals. CORRECT BY : 10/19/17

### 2.75(b)(1) REPEAT

#### RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

Each dealer shall maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose information concerning animals other than dogs and cats, purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, leased, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, sold, euthanized, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

There is still no current inventory of animals at this facility. This was also an issue on inspection dated 1/4/17.

### 3.56(a)(3)

#### SANITATION.

There is an accumulation of feces in the pans under three rabbit enclosure. Accumulation of feces may result in odors, and pests creating a disease hazard. The troughs or pans under such enclosures shall be cleaned at least once each week to provide a healthy environment for these animals. CORRECT BY: 10/20/2017

### 3.75(a)

Prepared By: PANNILL ELIZABETH, D V M USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:  
18-OCT-2017

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER 4018

Received by Title: OWNER

Date:  
18-OCT-2017



## Inspection Report

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### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Two of the lemur enclosures have torn edges of the metal roof on shelter boxes. These sharp metal edges could result in injury to the animals. The metal roofs must be repaired or replaced. The enclosures must be kept in good repair, and they must protect the animals from injury. CORRECT BY: 10/25/2017

### 3.75(c)(1)

### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Several marmoset wooden perches and the top of one marmoset wooden shelter box is worn and pitted. These areas cannot be properly sanitized due to condition of the wood. The wooden toys in the primate enclosures were moldy and decaying. Rope was frayed on some of the toys. The animals could become entangled or strangled in the frayed rope. The surfaces of housing facilities--including perches, shelves, swings, boxes, houses, dens, and other furniture-type fixtures or objects within the facility--must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized, or removed or replaced when worn or soiled. CORRECT BY: 11/18/2017

### 3.75(c)(3)

### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The swing in the enclosure housing two brown lemurs was caked with feces. Fecal matter is accumulating on the floor. Employee stated that cleaning this enclosure was difficult, because there is no way to isolate the animals during cleaning. Allowing fecal matter to accumulate creates a disease hazard for the animals. A method must be developed to allow safe entry of the enclosure to enable more frequent cleaning to prevent fecal build up. CORRECT BY: 10/25/2017

### 3.78(b) REPEAT

### OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The female brown lemur is housed under the barn but has no shelter box in her enclosure. The barn does provide adequate shade however there is insufficient protection from wind, rain and cold weather. Adequate shelter must be provided to protect non human primates from the elements at all times. CORRECT BY : 10/19/17

### 3.81(a)(3)

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### ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

The brown female lemur housed under the barn is housed singly and cannot see or hear other non human primates. Housing this animal without contact with other lemurs may result in behavioral distress. To meet its social needs, this animal needs to be housed where it can see or hear other individuals of its own species. CORRECT BY: 10/25/2017

### 3.131(a) REPEAT

#### SANITATION.

The enclosure housing 4 coatimundi has an accumulation feathers, food, and feces on the floor. Mulch substrate is matted, caked, and soiled. This unclean substrate creates a disease hazard for the animals. Excreta shall be removed from primary enclosures as often as necessary to prevent contamination of the animals contained therein and to minimize disease hazards and to reduce odors. CORRECT BY: 10/25/2017

### 3.131(c)

#### SANITATION.

Tall weeds are growing around all animal enclosures in pen 1 and pen 2. Tall weeds create a breeding ground for rodents and other pests, and may attract snakes. Weeds must be kept trimmed around all animal areas to protect animals from injury and predation. CORRECT BY 11/18/2017

The inspection was conducted with a facility employee and the exit briefing was conducted with the owners.

Additional inspector: William Snow VMO

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## Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
44968	74-B-0664	001	ASHLEY DUNCAN	17-OCT-17
<b>Count</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>		
000200	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG (MOST COMMON PET HEDGEHOG)		
000008	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET		
000005	<i>Coendou prehensilis</i>	PREHENSILE-TAILED PORCUPINE		
000003	<i>Cynomys leucurus</i>	WHITE-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG		
000002	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER		
000006	<i>Echinops telfairi</i>	LESSER MADAGASCAR HEDGEHOG TENREC		
000008	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	BROWN LEMUR		
000001	<i>Genetta genetta</i>	SMALL SPOTTED GENET		
000100	<i>Glaucomys volans</i>	SOUTHERN FLYING SQUIRREL		
000003	<i>Macropus fuliginosus</i>	WESTERN GREY KANGAROO		
000006	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI		
000003	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT		
000010	<i>Otolemur crassicaudatus</i>	GREATER BUSHBABY		
000050	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>	SUGAR GLIDER		
000016	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU		
000006	<i>Varecia variegata</i>	BLACK-AND-WHITE RUFFED LEMUR		
<b>000427</b>	<b>Total</b>			