



Inspection Report

Pymatuning Deer Park Inc
842 E Jamestown Rd
Jamestown, PA 16134

Customer ID: **2242**

Certificate: **23-C-0019**

Site: 001

PYMATUNING DEER PARK

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 13-MAY-2015

2.40(b)(2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

***The white tiger and leopard appear obese with no visible neck. There appears to be fat deposits over their spine and tail base and their abdomen is distended. According to the diet these animals are receiving 10-15 lbs of meat daily (tiger) and 7-10 lbs meat daily (leopard). Obesity is a health concern due to the chain reaction of problems it can create, especially as these animals age. The diet of these animals needs to be re-evaluated by the vet to assure the animals are maintained in optimal condition for their health and well-being.

Correct by: May 25, 2015

3.75(c)(1)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

***The blue hanging swing in the Ring tail lemur holding area is cracked and in disrepair and needs to be replaced for their safety.

*** The metal panels in the holding area for the baboons are rusted along the base and pitted and in disrepair in some areas. This section of the holding wall can no longer be effectively cleaned and sanitized. This section of wall needs to be replaced to facilitate cleaning and sanitizing of the area.

*** In this same area, there is a nail protruding into the enclosure that needs to be removed for the safety of the animals.

Correct by: May 30, 2015

3.77(d)

SHELTERED HOUSING FACILITIES.

The Marmoset s are currently housed in a Plexiglas cylinder type enclosure. There is ample perching material in the enclosure but no hide box or shelter available for the animals to get into to away from the sun when it is directly overhead. These animals need to be able to have access to a hide box or shelter to allow them to get out of the

Prepared By: ANDREA D AMBROSIO, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

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direct sun for their health and well being.

Correct by: May 16, 2015

3.81(c)(2)

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

*** Two of the three Marmoset s have areas of hair loss on their tails. The facility manager stated that the animals did not have hair loss as of last week when they were put out on exhibit. This abnormal behavior of over-grooming could be a result of not having a hide box to allow the animals to engage in species appropriate behaviors or have a way to hide from guests. In addition they cannot get out of the sun if it is directly overhead which can also be stressful.

*** The Sykes monkeys were engaging in abnormal behavior patterns in their enclosure for several minutes during the inspection. They were circling around the enclosure, stopping in the far left corner to stand, move their head in a circular fashion and keep walking. Abnormal behavior patterns or stereotypic behaviors are an indication that the animal is dealing with a stress or lack of stimulation in the environment and this needs to be identified and addressed in the enrichment plan.

When abnormal behavior patterns are observed with non human primates, special consideration and attention must be given to them and it should be documented in their enrichment plan. This can include additional opportunities to forage, and or additional training sessions with handlers. This needs to be addressed for the psychological health of the animals.

Correct by: June 1, 2015

3.84(c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The winter holding area for the primates needs to be cleaned. There was building materials, excess crates, dirty empty enclosures and excess clutter throughout the area. This area needs to be cleaned and kept in good repair to promote good housekeeping practices for the area.

Correct by: May 30, 2015

3.84(d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There was an excessive amount of fruit flies throughout the holding areas for the lemurs and spider monkey. Some method of pest control needs to be implemented to reduce the flies in the area for the health of the animals.

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Correct by: May 20, 2015

3.125(c)

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The freezer storing frozen meat products for the carnivores at the facility needs to be addressed. The seal along the freezer door is missing in some areas and the door is not sealing properly. Due to this issue, there is a build-up of ice inside the freezer along all the boxes of food. This needs to be addressed to adequately protect the food supplies against deterioration and for the health of the animals.

Correct by: June 15, 2015

3.128

SPACE REQUIREMENTS.

The two Capybara s have a small metal tub that only allows one animal at a time to stand in the tub. This tub was empty at the time of the inspection. Capybaras are aquatic rodents and swimming is a species appropriate behavior and a social movement the animals need to be able to engage in for their health and well-being. This needs to be addressed by providing a larger pool that the animas can access and submerge in.

Correct by: June 15, 2015

3.129(a)

FEEDING.

*** The chicken being fed to the big cats is being given out frozen. There was visible ice still on the chicken in the bobcat enclosure. The facility manager states they feed this way in the summer. It is currently spring and the temperature at the time of the inspection was 48 deg F. Feeding out frozen chicken in this manner is not palatable for the animals. APHIS considers frozen food wholesome when it is thawed in an appropriate manner (e.g. under refrigeration) to prevent contamination.

*** The current diet plan lists that the big cats as receiving calcium and OASIS supplement on the chicken. At the time of the inspection no OASIS was present at the facility and the manager states they have not had it for an extended period of time. The facility needs to add supplementation to the animal s diet when only a red meat and chicken diet is consumed. This diet is not nutritionally complete and can have negative lasting impact on the animal s health.

Feeding practices need to be discussed with the attending veterinarian to assure the animals are being fed nutritionally complete diets for their age, weight and body condition.

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3.131(a)

SANITATION.

The Capybara shelter area needs to be cleaned. There is an excessive accumulation of feces in the shelter that needs to be removed and there are cobwebs, dust and debris hanging from the ceiling almost to the tops of the animal's heads. This shelter needs to be cleaned more frequently to reduce this accumulation and for the health and comfort of the animals.

Correct by: May 17, 2015

A inspection was conducted with the facility manager. The exit briefing was conducted via phone with the licensee.

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
2242	23-C-0019	001	PYMATUNING DEER PARK	13-MAY-15
Count	Scientific Name	Common Name		
000002	<i>Ateles chamek</i>	BLACK SPIDER MONKEY		
000001	<i>Bos grunniens</i>	YAK		
000004	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU		
000007	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI		
000002	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	NILGAI		
000002	<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>	ASIATIC WATER BUFFALO		
000005	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET		
000001	<i>Camelus bactrianus</i>	BACTRIAN CAMEL		
000003	<i>Camelus dromedarius domestic</i>	DOMESTIC DROMEDARY CAMEL		
000003	<i>Canis lupus</i>	GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF		
000028	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT		
000002	<i>Cercopithecus albogularis</i>	ZANZIBAR SYKES MONKEY		
000006	<i>Cervus c. canadensis</i>	ELK		
000003	<i>Cervus nippon</i>	SIKA DEER		
000002	<i>Choloepus didactylus</i>	LINNAEUS'S TWO-TOED SLOTH		
000001	<i>Connochaetes gnou</i>	BLACK WILDEBEEST		
000003	<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>	BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG		
000083	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER		
000008	<i>Equus asinus asinus</i>	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS		
000002	<i>Equus quagga</i>	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA		
000001	<i>Eulemur macaco</i>	BLACK LEMUR		
000003	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>	CAPYBARA		
000003	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	CAPE PORCUPINE		
000005	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR		
000002	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT		
000005	<i>Muntiacus reevesi</i>	REEVE'S MUNTJAC		
000004	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI		
000008	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER		
000007	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS		
000001	<i>Panthera leo</i>	LION		
000001	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	LEOPARD		
000002	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	TIGER		
000005	<i>Papio anubis</i>	OLIVE BABOON		
000003	<i>Puma concolor</i>	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR		
000003	<i>Sapajus appella</i>	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN		
000001	<i>Tragelaphus spekii</i>	SITATUNGA		
000004	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR		
000002	<i>Ursus arctos</i>	BROWN BEAR		
000003	<i>Vulpes zerda</i>	FENNEC FOX		
000231	Total			