

## United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

175151715570165 Insp\_id

## **Inspection Report**

Jeffrey R Gray Judy K Gray 107 South Street Rothville, MO 64676 Customer ID: 24809

Certificate: 43-A-4052

Site: 001

JEFFREY & JUDY GRAY

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 24-JUN-2015

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT REPEAT

### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

\*\*\*A female Maltese (#0A02025544) was consistently holding the right front foot up and only occasionally bearing weight on the foot while it was on the outdoor portion of the wire floor enclosure. On closer observation, there was a slightly reddened area between the toes on the right front foot. There appeared to be a small circular greyish white nodule-like lesion located centrally within the reddened area. Also, one of the nails on the middle toes was excessively long. This abnormal lesion between the toes could be the result of injury, infection or a variety of veterinary medical conditions which may be painful.

\*\*\*A male Maltese (#0A02041336) was shaking its head and scratching at its right ear. On closer observation there was a buildup of dark brown to black material noted in and around the entrance to the ear canal. There were also some pinpoint reddened areas noted on the inner earflap near the ear canal. The abnormal buildup of material in this ear could indicate an infection or other veterinary medical condition which could be uncomfortable for the dog.

\*\*\* A male Maltese (#093010823) had a dental condition and overgrown toenails. Most of dog's teeth were missing. There was a thick layer of dark brown buildup on two lower cheek teeth on each side of the mouth with a line of grey buildup present on these teeth along the gum line. The right lower canine tooth was loose. Both lower canines had noticeable pockets at the gum line and the roots were easily visible. The gums had receded and appeared reddened along all teeth. Also, the dog's toenails were grown out to a length that did not allow for normal positioning of the digits on the rear right foot. The dental issues can increase the risk of infection and can decrease the animal's ability to eat and/or properly chew food. Improper care of toenails can increase the risk of lameness, gait abnormalities, and discomfort to the dog.

These dogs' conditions had not been noticed by the licensee until the inspector pointed them out and none of the dogs had been seen by a veterinarian nor were they under treatment at the time of inspection. The licensee must have these animals examined by a licensed veterinarian no later than June 26, 2015 in order to ensure that accurate diagnoses are obtained and appropriate treatment plans are developed and followed. The licensee must develop and establish an effective nail care and dental care program as part of the overall program of veterinary care for the animals in the facility. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

Prepared By:	CHAD PROCTOR, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	<b>Date:</b> 25-JUN-2015
Title:	ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR	R 6044	
Received by Title:	LICENSEE		<b>Date:</b> 25-JUN-2015





## **Inspection Report**

#### 3.6

#### PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

Primary enclosures, sharp points.

\*\*\*There were at least two enclosures affecting at least 2 dogs that had broken wires, tie wires and sharp edges in the enclosures. These wires are sharp points protruding into the enclosure at dogs' level. Sharp points or edges could injure the dogs. The applicant must ensure that all enclosures are free of sharp points and edges. To be corrected by: June 27, 2015.

#### 3.9(b)

#### FEEDING.

Food receptacles.

\*\*\*There were approximately 6 self-feeders affecting at least 12 dogs with a build up on the ledge inside the feeder, some covered with a whitish, mold-like material. Licensee stated they add an additive to the food that makes it more sticky. Contaminated food can decrease the dog's acceptance of the food and can increase the risk of disease and health hazards. The licensee needs to clean and sanitize the self-feeders to protect the health and well-being of the dogs. The licensee needs to establish and maintain a program to ensure that food is protected from contamination. To be corrected by: June 28, 2015.

The inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee, Chad Proctor ACI, Erika Leisner VMO, and Liz Bartels ACI on 6/24/2015. During the exit interview, the licensee was verbally given the correction dates of the NCI's. The licensee received a copy of the report on 6/25/2015.

#### **Additional Inspectors**

Leisner Erika, Veterinary Medical Officer Bartels Mary, Animal Care Inspector

> Prepared By: CHAD PROCTOR, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date: 25-JUN-2015

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6044

Received by Title: LICENSEE Date:

25-JUN-2015



000017

000104

Canis lupus familiaris

Total

## United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 24809 Inspection Date: 24-JUN-15

# **Species Inspected**

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
24809	43-A-4052	001	JEFFREY & JUDY GRAY	24-JUN-15
Count	Scientific Name		Common Name	
000087	Canis lupus familia	aris	DOG ADULT	

DOG PUPPY