



Inspection Report

Chase Animal Rescue and Sanctuary
6127 SE 122nd Blvd
Webster, FL 33597

Customer ID: **6003397**

Certificate: **58-C-1244**

Site: 001

Chase Animal Rescue and
Sanctuary

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 28-NOV-2023

2.131(c)(1)

Handling of animals.

The facility has multiple guest interactions that allow the public to come in contact with their animals, including the lemurs. During these public interactions, the lemurs are allowed to sit on the heads and shoulders of guests.

Allowing nonhuman primates to sit on the heads and shoulders of guests and come in close contact with their faces increases the likelihood of injury and the spread of zoonotic disease. During public exhibition, any animal must be handled so there is minimal risk of harm to the animal and to the public.

To be corrected by December 22, 2023.

3.27(b)

Facilities, outdoor.

Two adult guinea pigs are being housed in a primary enclosure that has both an indoor and outdoor component. The indoor area is temperature controlled; however, food and water access for the guinea pigs is kept outdoors. At the time of inspection, the ambient temperature outside was below 60 degrees.

High and low temperature extremes, or certain combinations of temperature, humidity, and time may cause distress and/or be detrimental to the guinea pigs' health and well-being. Guinea pigs shall not be housed in outdoor facilities unless such facilities are located in an appropriate climate and prior approval for such outdoor housing is obtained from the Deputy Administrator.

To be corrected by December 15, 2023.

3.75(a)

Repeat

Housing facilities, general.

In multiple nonhuman primate enclosures, there is exposed insulation that the animals can access. This includes the standalone sheltered housing for red-ruffed lemurs and ring-tailed lemurs, as well as the large barn building housing ring-tailed lemurs.

In the barn building housing eight ring-tailed lemurs, there is an area where an old bird enclosure is being demolished. There are exposed screws, nails, sharp wires, and broken boards. This building also has an AC unit with a broken vent that the lemurs have complete access to, including the interior of the unit and the power cord. Additionally, there is an area that has several large pieces of Styrofoam. During the inspection, the inspector observed one ring-tailed lemur

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Date:

08-DEC-2023

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breaking off pieces of the Styrofoam and putting it in its mouth.

There are two cotton-top tamarin enclosures that are separated by a lockout space for care staff. At the time of inspection, the doors to both enclosures were open into this lockout space so that the two tamarins could be introduced. This allowed the two cotton-top tamarins to have access to an active power strip and electric cords for their heaters.

Allowing nonhuman primates access to inappropriate materials, such as insulation and Styrofoam, can lead to ingestion and illness. Access to electrical cords can cause injury if pulled or chewed on by the animals. Sharp objects or damaged parts of the enclosure can also lead to injury of the animals. Housing facilities for nonhuman primates must be designed and constructed so that they are structurally sound for the species of nonhuman primates housed in them. They must be kept in good repair, and they must protect the animals from injury, contain the animals securely, and restrict other animals from entering.

3.77(f)

Sheltered housing facilities.

The facility does not have a complete perimeter fence that encloses the property. The front of the property and the back of the property do not have a six-foot fence, leaving a large gap in both areas. This leaves multiple nonhuman primate enclosures without an adequate perimeter fence, including the sheltered housing facilities for the red ruffed lemurs, the black-and-white ruffed lemurs, the brown lemurs, the ring-tailed lemurs, the cotton-top tamarins, the squirrel monkeys, and the marmosets.

An insufficient or incomplete perimeter fence can allow unwanted animals or people to enter the facility and potentially harm the animals within. The perimeter fence must be constructed so that it protects nonhuman primates by restricting unauthorized humans, and animals the size of dogs, skunks, and raccoons from going through it or under it and having contact with the nonhuman primates. It must be of sufficient height (at least six feet high) to keep unwanted species out. It must be of sufficient distance (at least three feet) from the outside wall or fence of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and outside the perimeter fence.

To be corrected by March 1, 2023.

3.125(a)

Facilities, general.

In the enclosure housing one tamandua and three sloths, there are multiple areas where the foam insulation in the wall has been damaged due to the tamandua climbing and digging. Most of the wall space is covered by plastic plant-like materials but this material does not seal or prevent access to the insulation behind it. There is evidence of insulation that has been dislodged by the tamandua scattered on the floor and some sections of the plastic plant covering are detached from the wall, leaving the insulation completely exposed.

In the enclosure housing two Patagonian caviés at the back of the facility, there is a section under the gate where there is a sizable hole. According to the facility, the caviés have been digging under the gate and moving between their primary enclosure and the connecting enclosure.

Insulation can cause illness if ingested by the animals. Enclosures that do not properly contain the animals can lead to escape and injury. Housing facilities must be appropriate for the species and shall be structurally sound and maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

To be corrected by January 5, 2023.

3.127(d)

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Facilities, outdoor.

The facility does not have a complete perimeter fence that encloses the property. The front of the property and the back of the property do not have a six-foot fence, leaving a large gap in both areas. This leaves multiple enclosures without an adequate perimeter fence, including the outdoor enclosures for the caviars, the tamandua, the sloths, the armadillos, the porcupines, and the sugar gliders.

An insufficient or incomplete perimeter fence can allow unwanted animals or people to enter the facility and potentially harm the animals within. An incomplete perimeter fence is also not able to act as secondary containment for the animals and can lead to escape. The perimeter fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, and so that it can function as a secondary containment system for the animals in the facility. It must be of sufficient height (at least six feet high) to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. It must be of sufficient distance (at least three feet) from the outside of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and animals or persons outside the perimeter fence.

To be corrected by March 1, 2023.

3.33(b)

Classification and separation.

Two adult guinea pigs are being housed in the same primary enclosure as several birds.

Housing guinea pigs in the same enclosure as other species can increase the risk of stress and disease hazards. The facility must ensure that guinea pigs are not housed in the same primary enclosure with any other species of animals.

To be corrected by December 15, 2023.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representatives.

Additional Inspectors:

GWENDALYN MAGINNIS, Nonhuman Primate Field Specialist

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
6003397	58-C-1244	001	Chase Animal Rescue and Sanctuary	28-NOV-2023

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000004	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	<i>Antilope cervicapra</i>	BLACKBUCK
000002	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>	VERVET
000004	<i>Dolichotis patagonum</i>	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000001	<i>Callonetta leucophrys</i>	RINGED TEAL
000002	<i>Ara ararauna</i>	BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW / BLUE-AND-GOLD MACAW
000002	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000013	<i>Varecia variegata</i>	BLACK-AND-WHITE RUFFED LEMUR
000001	<i>Ara militaris</i>	MILITARY MACAW
000002	<i>Amazona auropalliata</i>	YELLOW-NAPED PARROT / YELLOW-NAPED AMAZON
000001	<i>Balearica regulorum</i>	GRAY CROWNED-CRANE / AFRICAN CROWNED-CRANE / GOLDEN CROWNED-CRANE
000001	<i>Ramphastos tucanus</i>	WHITE-THROATED TOUCAN / RED-BILLED TOUCAN
000001	<i>Columba livia</i>	ROCK PIGEON
000003	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>	COLLARED ARACARI
000002	<i>Cavia porcellus</i>	DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG
000002	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>	WHITE-NECKED RAVEN
000001	<i>Psittacus erithacus</i>	CONGO AFRICAN GREY PARROT / GRAY PARROT
000003	<i>Tamandua tetradactyla</i>	SOUTHERN TAMANDUA
000004	<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i>	HOFFMANN'S TWO-TOED SLOTH
000008	<i>Varecia rubra</i>	RED RUFFED LEMUR
000002	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>	TOCO TOUCAN
000002	<i>Callithrix kuhlii</i>	BLACK TUFTED-EAR MARMOSET
000004	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET
000020	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000002	<i>Cacatua alba</i>	WHITE COCKATOO / UMBRELLA COCKATOO
000011	<i>Saguinus oedipus</i>	COTTON-TOP TAMARIN
000002	<i>Saimiri sciureus</i>	COMMON SQUIRREL MONKEY
000002	<i>Cyanocorax chrysops</i>	PLUSH-CRESTED JAY
000002	<i>Euphractus sexcinctus</i>	YELLOW ARMADILLO
000002	<i>Saguinus midas</i>	RED-HANDED TAMARIN
000002	<i>Coendou prehensilis</i>	PREHENSILE-TAILED PORCUPINE
000004	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>	SUGAR GLIDER
000006	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	BROWN LEMUR
000002	<i>Pteroglossus beauharnaisii</i>	CURL-CRESTED ARACARI
000122	Total	



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