United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Inspection Report

Janell Knudsen

Jessica Mason P O Box 2529

Liberal, KS 67905

Customer ID: 44596

Certificate: 48-C-0163

Site: 001

Janell Knudsen & Jessica Mason

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 08-FEB-2017

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The program of veterinary care states that the arctic foxes are to be treated monthly for external parasites using NexGard. The last dose of NexGard was administered to the arctic foxes on 30 November 2016. No doses were given in December 2016 or January 2017 according to the licensee's records. Failure to follow the program of veterinary care or other directions from the attending veterinarian can result in a variety of medical and husbandry problems with the animals. The licensee must use appropriate methods to control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries as directed by the attending veterinarian.

3.75(a)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There were chunks of concrete broken away from the flooring patch present on the floor of one black and white ruffed lemur enclosure.

One wooden support for the divider fence of one ring-tailed lemur enclosure has come loose from it's upper point. Surfaces that are not kept in good repair could result in injury to the animals. Housing facilities must be designed and constructed so that they are structurally sound and kept in good repair. Correct by 15 Feb. 2017.

3.81(c)(4) REPEAT

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

The special considerations in the Environmental Enhancement plan for the individually housed colobus states "If housed alone then they have mirrors to reflect the impression of the other primates near them and/or recorded vocalizations of additional species. In addition they are provided additional foraging items to challenge them." During the inspection, the one individually housed black and white colobus at the facility was confined to the indoor portion of this sheltered enclosure and while he had a mirror reflecting back at himself, it was not allowing him to view other primates and he was not provided with recorded vocalizations. There was food in the enclosure but no evidence or documentation of additional foraging beyond what is provided to all other non-human primates at the facility. The licensee reports that this animal is visually impaired but can see shadows. The licensee must follow the written environment enhancement plan that outlines the special attention to be given to any individually housed nonhuman primate that is not able to see or hear nonhuman primates of their own or compatible species. These

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special considerations must be based on the needs of the individual species and be in accordance to the instructions of the attending veterinarian.

3.125(a)

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There is an exposed metal edge in the feed bunk located in the indoor portion of the camel barn.

There is a jagged metal edge near the upper side of a round bale feeder, last used as a tree ring in the deer enclosure.

The zebras had access through an opened gate to a storage area that had used metal cages, metal panels, barrels, branches and other debris. In addition, there were numerous strands of baling twine and sections of hoses scattered throughout the vicinity immediately in front of and inside the zebra shelter.

Jagged metal edges and discarded material could pose an injury threat to the animals. All facilities must be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury. Correct by 15 Feb. 2017.

3.131(a)

SANITATION.

There is an excessive accumulation of feces in the chinchilla enclosures. The licensee states these are cleaned on a weekly basis. Feces and food residue were observed scattered across the floor. This waste covered the majority of the floor surfaces. Excessive feces can contaminate the animals and increase disease transmission. Feces must be removed from enclosures as often as necessary to prevent contamination of the animals and minimize disease hazards. Correct by 9 February 2017.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representatives.

Additional Inspectors

Shaver Margaret, Veterinary Medical Officer

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Customer: 44596 Inspection Date: 08-FEB-17

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
44596	48-C-0163	001	Janell Knudsen & Jessica Mason	08-FEB-17

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000004	Ateles geoffroyi	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY
000001	Camelus bactrianus	BACTRIAN CAMEL
000006	Camelus dromedarius	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000002	Cercopithecus neglectus	DE BRAZZA'S MONKEY
000004	Chinchilla lanigera	CHINCHILLA (DOMESTICATED)
000001	Colobus guereza	EASTERN BLACK-AND-WHITE COLOBUS / GUEREZA
000002	Equus asinus asinus	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000004	Equus grevyi	GREVY'S ZEBRA
000001	Erythrocebus patas	PATAS MONKEY
000011	Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris	CAPYBARA
000003	Hystrix cristata	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000013	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Macaca fuscata	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000002	Macaca fuscata	JAPANESE MACAQUE / SNOW MACAQUE
000002	Macaca silenus	LION-TAILED MACAQUE
000001	Macaca silenus	LION-TAILED MACAQUE *MALE
000001	Nasua narica	WHITE-NOSED COATI
000001	Odocoileus hemionus	MULE DEER
000001	Odocoileus virginianus	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000001	Oryctolagus cuniculus	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000010	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO
000007	Sapajus appella	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000004	Varecia variegata	BLACK-AND-WHITE RUFFED LEMUR
000002	Vulpes lagopus	ARCTIC FOX
000085	Total	