



Inspection Report

New Mexico Wildlife Association
P. O. Box 1359
Edgewood, NM 87015

Customer ID: **3754**
Certificate: **85-C-0015**
Site: 001
NEW MEXICO WILDLIFE ASSOC.

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 05-AUG-2014

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

An adult coatimundi named "Spencer", which was on display to the public prior to the death of the mountain lion, died at this facility on July 19, 2014 with a confirmed diagnosis of Yersinia pestis. A dead rat was found in the indoor part of the coatimundi enclosure on July 21, 2014 and was taken to the department of health for testing. Evidence of rodent activity (burrows with piles of debris accumulations such as sticks and other plant material) is still present in the area around the primary enclosures housing the bear, porcupine, and raccoons. At the time of inspection there was no documentation of recent communication with the attending veterinarian on the health issue of the coatimundi. Rodents and fleas are known to be involved in the transmission of Yersinia pestis.

Appropriate veterinary preventative care and pest control methods must be developed and maintained, in consultation with the attending veterinarian, to prevent, diagnose, and treat disease, in order to protect the health and well-being of all animals at this facility.

2.131(c)(1)

HANDLING OF ANIMALS.

The wood barrier fence next to the bobcat enclosure has missing and broken boards with protruding nails. The north side of the barrier fence is not secured to the post leaving a gap where the public could potentially gain access to the bobcat enclosure.

Barriers must be maintained in good repair to protect the animals and public safety.

To be corrected by: August 12, 2014

3.131(d) DIRECT REPEAT

SANITATION.

An adult coatimundi named "Spencer", which was on display to the public prior to the death of the mountain lion, died on July 19, 2014 at this facility with a confirmed diagnosis of Yersinia pestis. Evidence of rodent activity (burrows with piles of debris accumulation such as sticks and other plant material) is still present in the area of the

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primary enclosures which contain the bear, porcupine, and raccoons. A snap trap was observed behind the bobcat enclosure, but was not baited or set. Rodents and fleas are known to be involved in the transmission of Yersinia pestis.

Appropriate pest control measures must be developed and maintained, in consultation with the attending veterinarian, in order protect the health and well being of all animals at this facility.

Inspection and an exit briefing was conducted with APHIS Officials and facility representative.

Additional Inspectors

Kjos Jeanne, Veterinary Medical Officer

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3754	85-C-0015	001	NEW MEXICO WILDLIFE ASSOC.	05-AUG-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	<i>Antilocapra americana</i>	PRONGHORN
000002	<i>Canis latrans</i>	COYOTE
000005	<i>Canis lupus</i>	GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF
000002	<i>Cervus c. canadensis</i>	ELK
000001	<i>Erethizon dorsatum</i>	NORTH AMERICAN PORCUPINE
000002	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT
000002	<i>Odocoileus hemionus</i>	MULE DEER
000002	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000003	<i>Pecari tajacu</i>	COLLARED PECCARY
000002	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000002	<i>Urocyon cinereoargenteus</i>	GRAY FOX / GREY FOX
000001	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000026	Total	