

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

124151704470285 Insp id

Inspection Report

Gene Wheeler

N1426 Midway Road

Hortonville, WI 54944

Customer ID: 7830

> Certificate: 35-B-0198

> > Site: 001

GENE WHEELER

Type: **ROUTINE INSPECTION**

Date: 04-MAY-2015

3.75(e)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The feed storage area for non-human primates had rodent droppings on and around the feed sacks. There was an excessive amount of spilled grain on the floors and shelves. During the inspection we saw two mice run out of the area where the feed is stored. No evidence of pest control could be found under the shelves or around the feed storage. Rodents and pests (vermin) must not have access to stored feed as vermin can contaminate feed. Contaminated feed can make many animals sick. The feed storage area must be maintained clean. Effective measures to control pests must be put in place.

Correct by 5/8/15.

3.83 DIRECT

WATERING.

The nonhuman primates housed indoors were observed to have empty water bottles during inspection (except for the squirrel monkeys by the door and a ruffed lemur). After the water bottles were filled, we observed that each affected animal immediately went to the water bottles and were drinking non-stop for more than a minute each. Some animals (patas monkeys and 2 spider monkeys) were observed to empty the filled water bottle and then continue to drink after it was filled a second time. The animal keeper said that bottles were last filled yesterday morning (at least 24h prior to our inspection). The amount of time the animals drank suggested that they were very thirsty. Lack of adequate water for non-human primates can cause them discomfort and lead to serious health problems. The non-human primates must either have a continuous supply of water available to drink or water must be offered twice daily for at least 1 hour each time.

Correct immediately.

3.84(a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The enclosure housing two snow macaques had about six inches of soiled material underneath it. The material contained soiled bedding, feed, old fruit, feathers and other material. There was a strong ammonia odor in the back

Prepared By: <u>JESSICA RIVERA, A C I</u> USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date:

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6070

Received by Title: ZOOKEEPER Date: 04-MAY-2015

Page 1 of 3

04-MAY-2015

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

124151704470285 Insp_id

Inspection Report

room around this enclosure. Strong odors from soiled material can cause animals to get sick. Soiled material must be removed daily from inside of non-human primates' enclosures and the area underneath and around the enclosure must be cleaned often enough to prevent odors, disease hazards, insects, and pests.

Correct by 5/7/2015

3.125(c)

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The feed storage area for the hoof stock had rodent droppings on and around the feed sacks. There was an excessive amount of spilled grain on the floors and shelves. During the inspection we saw two mice run out of the area where the feed is stored. No evidence of pest control could be found under the shelves or around the feed storage. Rodents and pests (vermin) must not have access to stored feed as vermin can contaminate feed. Contaminated feed can make many animals sick. The feed storage area must be maintained clean. Effective measures to control pests must be put in place.

Correct by 5/8/15.

3.131(a) REPEAT

SANITATION.

*In the barn there is a white deer being housed in a stall. The bedding was observed to be completely soiled with no dry spot available for the deer to lie down. The zookeeper reported that the stall is cleaned once a week and the reason for the filthy stall was due to the deer spilling her water bucket.

*In another area of the barn there is a capybara being housed in a stall. The stall was observed to have two large piles of excreta with what appeared to be mold growing on it. The zookeeper reported that the stall was last cleaned about two weeks ago.

Excessive animal excreta/waste and soiled bedding in enclosures increases the risk of disease in the animals. Enclosures must be cleaned regularly and frequently to decrease the risk of disease and provide for the overall health and wellbeing of the animals.

Inspection and exit briefing conducted with the zookeeper.

Prepared By: JESSICA RIVERA, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date: 04-MAY-2015

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6070

Received by Title: ZOOKEEPER Date:

04-MAY-2015



JRIVERA

Insp_id



Inspection Report

Welch Scott, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By: JESSICA RIVERA, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date: 04-MAY-2015

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6070

Received by Title: ZOOKEEPER Date:

04-MAY-2015



United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 7830 Inspection Date: 04-MAY-15

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
7830	35-B-0198	001	GENE WHEELER	04-MAY-15

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	Ammotragus Iervia	BARBARY SHEEP
000001	Antilope cervicapra	BLACKBUCK
000004	Ateles chamek	BLACK SPIDER MONKEY
000003	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000004	C. pygerythrus	VERVET
000002	Canis lupus	GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF
000009	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	Cebus capucinus	WHITE-HEADED / WHITE-THROATED CAPUCHIN
000002	Coendou prehensilis	PREHENSILE-TAILED PORCUPINE
000001	Dama mesopotamica	FALLOW DEER
000001	Dorcopsis luctuosa	GREY FOREST WALLABY
000001	Erethizon dorsatum	NORTH AMERICAN PORCUPINE
000003	Erythrocebus patas	PATAS MONKEY
000001	Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris	CAPYBARA
000001	Lama pacos	ALPACA
000005	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000002	Lynx canadensis	CANADIAN LYNX
000002	Lynx lynx	NORTHERN/EURASIAN LYNX
000001	Lynx rufus	BOBCAT
000002	Macaca fascicularis	CRAB-EATING MACAQUE / CYNOMOLGUS MONKEY
000004	Macaca fuscata	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000001	Macaca mulatta	RHESUS MACAQUE *MALE
000002	Macaca nigra	SULAWESI CRESTED MACAQUE
000007	Macropus giganteus	EASTERN GREY KANGAROO
000003	Marmota monax	GROUNDHOG / WOODCHUCK
000004	Martes pennanti	FISHER
000002	Nasua nasua	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000001	Odocoileus virginianus	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000001	Oryctolagus cuniculus	EUROPEAN RABBIT
000014	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	Papio anubis	OLIVE BABOON
000001	Procyon lotor	RACCOON
000002	Saimiri ustus	GOLDEN-BACKED SQUIRREL MONKEY
000003	Sapajus appella	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000001	Sus domestica	DOMESTIC PIG
000007	Taxidea taxus	AMERICAN BADGER
000001	Varecia rubra	RED RUFFED LEMUR
000001	Vulpes zerda	FENNEC FOX
000105	Total	