

BVOETBERG INS-0001203597

## **Inspection Report**

City of Frankfort Customer ID: 2685

301 E Clinton Street Certificate: 32-C-0267
Frankfort, IN 46041

Site: 001

City of Frankfort

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

16-DEC-2024

Date: 11-DEC-2024

## 2.40(a)(1)

#### Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

At the time of the inspection, facility personnel were not able to provide a written Program of Veterinary Care; though, they had records demonstrating the use of a consulting veterinarian. Without a written Program of Veterinary Care, adequate provisions for veterinary care and other aspects of animal care and use might not be available. Veterinary oversight is critical to maintaining the health and well-being of the animals at the facility.

The facility must either employ a full attending veterinarian under formal arrangements or have a written program of veterinary care under formal arrangements with a part-time or consulting veterinarian.

To be corrected by 12/17/2024

## 2.40(b)(3) Critical

## Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

Inventory records from the last inspection date of 7/8/2024 and the most recent inventory dated 12/10/2024 showed a large reduction in inventory of small avian species. The changes in inventory between 7/8/2024 and 12/10/2024 were as follows: 1) from 32 zebra finches to 19, 2) from 27 lovebirds to 17, and 3) from 77 parakeets to 22. In total, the inventory of the mentioned small avian species was reduced from 136 to 58, a 57% reduction in inventory of small avian species. When asked about this inventory reduction, establishment employees stated that they sometime find birds dead from unknown causes. No other explanation for the loss of inventory was provided and no records were available or provided to show this reduction of inventory was due to the sale or donation of the mentioned bird species. No veterinary exams or necropsies were performed to determine cause of death of the birds found dead.

The health and well-being of 78 birds over an approximately 5-month period was adversely impacted, resulting in their death. This indicates there is not a robust program in place to determine the reason for loss of animals, which could stem from underlying herd/flock health issues, poor husbandry practices, or facility problems.

The facility must establish and maintain a program of veterinary care that includes daily observation of all animals to assess their health and well-being. Further, there must a mechanism of direct and frequent communication with the attending veterinarian, so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health and well-being is conveyed to

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Prepared By: BRYAN VOETBERG Date:

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

**OFFICER** 

Received by Title: Facility Representative Date: 16-DEC-2024



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the attending veterinarian.

To be corrected from this day (12/16/2024) forward.

#### 2.134(a)

## Contingency planning.

At the time of the inspection, facility personnel were not able to provide a documented contingency plan for the facility. Inadequate contingency planning may fail to ensure that the animals at the facility are provided with appropriate protection and care in the event of an emergency.

The licensee must develop, document, and follow an appropriate plan to provide for the humane handling, treatment, transportation, housing, and care of their animals in the event of an emergency or disaster (one which could reasonably be anticipated and expected to be detrimental to the good health and well-being of the animals in their possession).

To be corrected by 12/17/2024.

## 3.125(a)

#### Facilities, general.

The twilight exhibit enclosure housing three foxes was not maintained to protect the animals from injury and to contain them. Inside and at the north end of the twilight fox exhibit enclosure (housing three foxes), there was an approximately 2 feet by 4 feet area where there was no dig barrier. In addition, there were two tunnels dug in the area without the dig barrier, each about 8 inches in diameter, that extended below the existing dig barrier. Further, the dig barrier was exposed over about 25% of the enclosure floor. The foxes could potentially escape by excavation of tunnels under the enclosure walls. Additionally, the exposed dig barrier and existing tunnels could cause entrapment or injury to the foxes in the enclosure.

Outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

To be corrected by 12/17/2024

#### 3.125(c)

#### Facilities, general.

The cooler used to store fruits and vegetables for the animals was not maintained to protect food supplies against deterioration. At the time of inspection, there was an accumulation of tree leaves, molded vegetable material (including a molded corn cob husk), and other debris on the cooler floor, below the shelving units. The molded vegetable material and debris on the floor could contaminate the food stored in the cooler. Contaminated food could cause reduced food intake or illness in the animals.

Supplies of food must be stored in facilities that protect such supplies against deterioration and molding.

	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER		<b>Date:</b> 16-DEC-2024	
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To be correct by 12/17/2024.

## 3.127(d)

#### Facilities, outdoor.

The facility has 3 red foxes in its twilight exhibit enclosure, that are not adequately protected by a perimeter fence. A 6 foot or higher barrier is provided to the north and west sides of the enclosure by fence or building walls. However, the south and east sides of the fox enclosure are protected only by a wire public barrier fence 44 inches in height. There is no additional perimeter fence provided outside the barrier fence. The current 44 inches high barrier fence does not ensure unauthorized people or unwanted animals are prevented from entering the area where the foxes are housed. The current barrier fence also does not provide adequate secondary containment in the event an animal escape. Perimeter fences can be an important part of protecting animals from disease, injury, and escape.

Outdoor housing facilities must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that is of sufficient height (6 feet) to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. The fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, and so that it can function as a secondary containment system for the animals in the facility. It must be of sufficient distance from the outside of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and animals or persons outside the perimeter fence. Such fences less than 3 feet in distance from the primary enclosure, and less than 6 feet high, must be approved in writing by the Administrator.

To be corrected by 2/14/2025

## 3.153(a)(1)(iii)

## Primary enclosures.

During the inspection, three chickens were observed outside of their intended primary enclosure. The facility representative reported that the chickens are not supposed to be outside the enclosure but some of them can get under the gate to the enclosure. Birds that are outside of their enclosure are at increased risk of predation and injury. Furthermore, birds that exit their enclosure may be restricted in their access to food, water, and shelter.

Primary enclosures must be designed, constructed and maintained so that they contain the birds securely. If birds are free roaming they must be provided with food, water and shelter via a species appropriate egress.

To be corrected by 1/13/2025.

#### 3.154

## Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

At the time of the inspection facility personnel did not have an adequately documented avian environment enhancement plan available. The document provided at the time of inspection provided enrichment suggestions related to the feeding/foraging of psittacine birds and indicated that an interesting environment is important to the well-being of psittacine birds. However, the provided "Foraging and Enrichment Program" did not address the needs of all the non-

	BRYAN VOETBERG  VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	<b>Date:</b> 16-DEC-2024	
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psittacine birds housed at the facility and did not fully addressed the following: 1) provisions for the social needs of birds known to exit in social groups in nature, 2) means of enriching the physical environment of the primary enclosure, 3) special considerations for environment enhancement for certain groups or individuals requiring additional instruction from the attending veterinarian, and 4) considerations regarding the use of restraint devices, if used. Without a documented enrichment plan, implemented under the direction of the attending veterinarian, birds are at risk of stress, discomfort, and the development of harmful behaviors.

Facility personnel must develop, document, and follow an appropriate plan for environment enhancement, adequate to promote the psychological well-being of the birds at the facility. The plan must be in accordance with currently accepted professional standards, must be in accordance with the avian regulations, and must be approved by the attending veterinarian.

To be corrected by 2/14/2025

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with a facility representative.

Prepared By: BRYAN VOETBERG \_\_\_\_\_ Date:

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

**OFFICER** 

Received by Title: Facility Representative Date:

16-DEC-2024

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# **Species Inspected**

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
2685	32-C-0267	001	City of Frankfort	11-DEC-2024

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Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	Aix galericulata	MANDARIN DUCK
000001	Alectoris chukar	CHUKAR
000004	Chrysolophus pictus	GOLDEN PHEASANT
000010	Aratinga solstitialis	SUN PARAKEET
000004	Tauraco leucotis	WHITE-CHEEKED TURACO
000002	Lamprotornis superbus	SUPERB STARLING
000012	Geopelia cuneata	DIAMOND DOVE
000012	Psittacula krameri	ROSE-RINGED PARAKEET
000001	Muntiacus muntjak	INDIAN MUNTJAC
000003	Agapornis roseicollis	ROSY-FACED LOVEBIRD
000001	Turnix sylvaticus	SMALL BUTTONQUAIL
000022	Melopsittacus undulatus	BUDGERIGAR / BUDGIE / COMMON PARAKEET / SHELL
	·	PARAKEET
000001	Cacatua alba	WHITE COCKATOO / UMBRELLA COCKATOO
000034	Nymphicus hollandicus	COCKATIEL
000005	Vulpes vulpes	RED FOX (INCLUDES SILVER FOX & CROSS FOX)
000001	Vanellus spinosus	SPUR-WINGED LAPWING
000063	Streptopelia capicola	BARBARY DOVE / RINGED TURTLE-DOVE / RINGNECK DOVE
000009	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000030	Anas platyrhynchos domesticus	DOMESTIC DUCK INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000003	Sus scrofa domestica	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	Dama dama	FALLOW DEER
000003	Petaurus breviceps	SUGAR GLIDER
	·	INDIAN PEAFOWL / COMMON PEAFOWL / PEAHEN /
000013	Pavo cristatus	PEACOCK
		DOMESTIC CHICKEN (INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS /
000037	Gallus gallus domesticus	TURKIN / COCK / HEN / ROOSTER)
000000	Cairina moschata	MUSCOVY DUCK
000002		
000002	Meleagris gallopavo domesticus	DOMESTIC TURKEY
000001	Potos flavus	KINKAJOU
000002	Vulpes zerda	FENNEC FOX
000003	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Columba livia domestica	DOMESTIC PIGEON INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	Lama glama	LLAMA
000001	Lama pacos	ALPACA
000001	Coturnix coturnix	COMMON QUAIL / EUROPEAN QUAIL
000001	Coturnix japonica	JAPANESE QUAIL / COTURNIX QUAIL
000001	Serinus canaria domestica	DOMESTIC CANARY / COMMON CANARY
000004	Amazona spp hybrid	AMAZON PARROT HYBRID
000001	Ara macao	SCARLET MACAW
000000	Atelerix albiventris	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG
000019	Taeniopygia guttata	ZEBRA FINCH / TIMOR ZEBRA FINCH
000010	Ocyphaps lophotes	CRESTED PIGEON
000003	Pyrrhura molinae	GREEN-CHEEKED PARAKEET / GREEN-CHEEKED CONURE
000003	Poicephalus senegalus	SENEGAL PARROT
	i didoprialus soriogalus	GALAH / ROSE-BREASTED COCKATOO / ROSEATE
000001	Eolophus roseicapilla	COCKATOO
000001	Ara ararauna	BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW / BLUE-AND-GOLD MACAW
000001	Ara chloropterus	RED-AND-GREEN MACAW / GREEN-WINGED MACAW
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000331

**Total** 

## United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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2685	32-C-0267	001	City of Frankfort	11-DEC-2024
000001 000001	Anodorhynchus hyacin Ara, Anodorhynchus, F spp hybrid	thinus Primoliu	HYACINTH MACAW s, <i>Diopsittaca</i> MACAW HYBRID	