



Inspection Report

William Meadows
963 County St 2930
Tuttle, OK 73089

Customer ID: **5978**
Certificate: **73-C-0122**
Site: 001
WILLIAM MEADOWS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 22-OCT-2015

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

-There is insufficient evidence to determine that the tiger named "Sarabi" received adequate veterinary care prior to her death. On 7-4-2015 the AV observed Sarabi exhibiting a left head tilt and breathing heavier than usual. The AV diagnosed otitis and an upper respiratory infection. There was no indication a physical examination was performed and it appears that only a visual examination occurred. No treatment was administered for this neurological condition until 7-6-15. Public concern with Sarabi exhibiting neurological symptoms was noted. On 7-6-2015 the AV prescribed Cephalexin 1500 mg. po, q8h. An entry on 7-24-2015 by the AV states meds were given without incident and on AV visual examination, the tiger did not have a head tilt and breathing was assessed to be back to normal. There is no park treatment log or record that the prescribed medication was administered to Sarabi. An entry record from the AV on 8-24-2015 states drooling was observed from the right side of the mouth and no treatment, diagnosis, or plan was noted. Eight days later on the morning of 9-1-2015 the AV made an entry that the tiger was down the previous evening; panting heavy and not eating. She described the tiger as depressed, still drooling, clear nasal discharge and walking to water but not drinking. The AV diagnosis was abscessed tooth. The AV plan included return later in evening to sedate the tiger and performed a physical examination, collect blood, and perform a dental extraction. After sedation, her physical examination findings included sloppy heart sounds, clear nasal discharge, possible cloudy left eye, no wheezing or crackle, but lung sounds were not crisp, teeth looked great, a tiny tear was noted in the upper gum line at left canine; a piece of bone was noted to be wedged in the area and was removed. No obvious abdominal masses were palpated, no external parasites were observed, and possible mild dehydration was noted. The tiger was awake and walking after anesthetic reversal administered. On 9-2-2015 an entry was made that in the AV medical notes that Sarabi was ambulatory and eating. On the morning of 9-6-2015 Sarabi was found dead in her enclosure. From the records compiled by the inspectors from the AV and the facility it appears Sarabi has been unhealthy starting in July 2015 until her death September 6, 2015. During this period of time she received one round of antibiotics and one physical examination. No other treatment was administered or prescribed. The only diagnostic tested preformed on Sarabi were a CBC and chemistry profile two days prior to her death. The chronological order of events and documentation were difficult to determine because the AV facility walk through notes are the only records maintained by the facility. Multiple areas regarding this animal's condition were missing, poorly recorded, or not provided to the inspectors in a reasonable time period after the actual inspection. Sarabi had drooling and other medical issues including mild dehydration, clear nasal discharge, "sloppy cardiac sounds", and abnormal lung sounds. These issues were not immediately addressed

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and no other treatment was administered. Documentation of the examination, diagnostic testing performed, treatment prescribed, and plan for continued evaluation and follow-up needs to be maintained by the facility and be available for review by APHIS inspectors. All relevant medical records must be provided at the time of inspection, or within a reasonable time period. Documentation must be maintained for any health related problems and it must include the following information:

- Identity of the animal.
- Descriptions of the illness or injury.
- Dates, details, and results of examinations, tests, and other such procedures.
- Dates and other details of all treatments, including the name, dose, route, frequency, and duration of treatment with drugs or other medications.
- Follow-up exams to determine resolution of problem.

To be corrected 30 October 2015

2.131(c)(1) REPEAT

HANDLING OF ANIMALS.

- The facility is currently not conducting guided tours. During the inspection a black and white ruffed lemur named "Andro" walked through a set of bars placed against the wire panels in the enclosure walls. The animal was able to reach an area that extended beyond the existing public barrier making it possible for public contact to occur with this nonhuman primate.

In two enclosures at the back of the park the enclosure walls contain plexi-glass partitions to allow clear viewing of the animals. There were 1/2 inch diameter holes in these partitions in front of the river otter as well as the other black and white lemur named "Yin". These holes are large enough to allow a finger to pass through, which could permit contact with the enclosed animals. This is a potential hazard to park guests, and could negatively impact the animals as well.

In any area where the public is allowed to feed or is able to physically contact enclosed animals there must be either an easily identifiable park employee, or a public barrier sufficient to keep the public at least 3 feet away from the enclosure wall. The facility must provide public barriers in all areas of the park. In areas where the facility will allow contact and/or feeding of the animals, there must be an easily identifiable park employee present to supervise the interaction with the animals.

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3.81(b) REPEAT

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

- There were eight enclosures with singly housed nonhuman primates present in each: one black-handed spider monkey, one white throated capuchin, two black and white ruffed lemurs, one vervet and three ring tail lemurs. There was no documentation that addressed the enrichment needs of these individually housed nonhuman primates. If there is a specific reason these animals are singly housed, that reason must be stated and justified by the attending veterinarian.

The individually housed ring tailed lemurs can see other nonhuman primates and are separated by wire dividers. The individually housed vervet and the two ruffed lemurs cannot see other nonhuman primates. The spider monkey and capuchin monkey can see each other without any contact. Individually housed primates may experience increased mental and emotional distress at being separated from other primates, and therefore require additional enrichment to help ensure their needs are being met. The environmental enhancement plan must include specific provisions to address the social needs of nonhuman primates of species known to exist in social groups in nature. Such specific provisions must be in accordance with currently accepted professional standards, as cited in appropriate professional journals or reference guides, and as directed by the attending veterinarian.

Inspection and exit interview conducted with facility representative and 2 APHIS AC VMOs.

Additional Inspectors

Tygart Michael, Supervisory Animal Care Specialist

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
5978	73-C-0122	001	WILLIAM MEADOWS	22-OCT-15

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000001	<i>Amblonyx cinereus</i>	ORIENTAL SMALL-CLAWED OTTER
000001	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG
000001	<i>C. pygerythrus</i>	VERVET
000001	<i>Camelus bactrianus</i>	BACTRIAN CAMEL
000001	<i>Caracal</i>	CARAVAL
000001	<i>Cebus capucinus</i>	WHITE-HEADED / WHITE-THROATED CAPUCHIN
000001	<i>Chinchilla lanigera</i>	CHINCHILLA
000001	<i>Crocuta crocuta</i>	SPOTTED HYENA
000008	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER
000001	<i>Equus asinus asinus</i>	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000001	<i>Felis silvestris catus</i>	CAT ADULT
000002	<i>Hylobates agilis</i>	AGILE GIBBON
000002	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	CAPE PORCUPINE
000001	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000016	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000002	<i>Leptailurus serval</i>	SERVAL
000001	<i>Lynx canadensis</i>	CANADIAN LYNX
000001	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT
000003	<i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i>	HAZEL DORMOUSE
000001	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	BROWN-NOSED COATI
000001	<i>Nasuella olivacea</i>	MOUNTAIN COATI
000002	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	EUROPEAN RABBIT
000004	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000002	<i>Panthera leo</i>	LION
000002	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	LEOPARD
000008	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	TIGER
000001	<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus</i>	COMMON PALM CIVET
000001	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000001	<i>Puma concolor</i>	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR
000001	<i>Saimiri boliviensis</i>	BLACK-CAPPED SQUIRREL MONKEY
000001	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000001	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000001	<i>Ursus arctos</i>	BROWN BEAR
000002	<i>Varecia variegata</i>	BLACK-AND-WHITE RUFFED LEMUR
000003	<i>Vulpes zerda</i>	FENNEC FOX
000078	Total	