

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Inspection Report

City Of Dodge City
Post Office Box 880

Dodge City, KS 67801

Customer ID: 4089

Certificate: 48-C-0140

Site: 001

CITY OF DODGE CITY

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 07-DEC-2015

2.40(b)(2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

One adult, male Japanese macaque had areas of hair loss on both forearms. The skin of these areas does not appear to be red. The macaque was observed to pluck at the hair/skin in this area of his arms during the majority of time he was observed during the inspection. The keeper in charge reports that they noticed the problem a couple of days ago but a veterinarian has not been contacted regarding this problem. Self-trauma of the skin by any animal can indicate parasites, skin infection, and a variety of other medical problems. In many animals, including nonhuman primates, self-trauma of the skin can also result from psychological stress. The animal listed above must be examined by a licensed veterinarian in order to ensure that an accurate diagnosis is obtained and an appropriate treatment plan is developed and followed. This information, including the diagnosis, treatment and resolution of the condition, must be documented and made available to the inspector upon request. Correct by close of business 11 December 2015.

3.75(c)(1)(1)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The metal cover over the heater on the outside wall of the macaque enclosure was rusted. Rusted surfaces cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized and may no longer be structurally sound. All surfaces must be free of excessive rust. Correct by 7 Jan. 2016.

3.81(c)(2)

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

The adult, male Japanese macaque that was observed showing signs consistent with psychological stress (plucking his hair/skin and had areas of hair loss on both forearms) has not had his environmental enhancement plan altered or given special attention beyond his usual daily enrichment in response to this problem. Nonhuman primates have complex social and intellectual needs that must be addressed when in captivity. Failure to do so can result in a variety of behavior problems including, but not limited to, hair/skin plucking. The licensee must provide certain nonhuman primates special attention regarding enhancement of their environment based on the needs of the individual species and in accordance with the instructions of the attending veterinarian. Nonhuman primates that show signs of being in psychological distress through behavior or appearance must have these special

Prepared By: KENDALL LUNDY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date: 07-DEC-2015

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4015

TIME. ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4013

Received by Title: HEAD ZOO KEEPER Date: 07-DEC-2015





Inspection Report

considerations addressed. Correct by close of business 11 December 2015.

3.125(a)

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There are three places on the outside east wall of the bear enclosure where the concrete blocks were starting to deteriorate. In these areas the blocks were starting to slough off layers of the concrete. Surfaces that are not maintained may cause injury to the animals. Housing facilities must be structurally sound and kept in good repair. Correct by 7 Jan. 2016.

3.127(c)

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

There was standing water and mud in one corner of the pig enclosure as well as in a corner under the shelter for the long-horn cattle. This water was brownish in color, and in the case of the water in the pig enclosure, there was green algae growing along one side. Standing water and mud can cause odors and may lead to an increase in disease transmission. A suitable method must be provided to rapidly eliminate excess water. Correct by 14 December 2015.

3.130

WATERING.

There are leaves and dirt in the water receptacle for the goats. There was also green algae on the sides of this water receptacle. Dirty water receptacles may contaminate the water and may lead to an increase in disease transmission. All water receptacles must be kept clean and sanitary. Correct by 8 December 2015.

This routine inspection and exit interview were conducted with facilities representatives, Dr. Margaret Shaver, VMO and Kendall Lundy, ACI.

Additional Inspectors

Shaver Margaret, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By: KENDALL LUNDY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date: 07-DEC-2015

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4015

Received by Title: HEAD ZOO KEEPER Date:

07-DEC-2015



United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 4089
Inspection Date: 07-DEC-15

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
4089	48-C-0140	001	CITY OF DODGE CITY	07-DEC-15

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000004	Bison bison	AMERICAN BISON
000002	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000001	Callithrix kuhlii	BLACK TUFTED-EAR MARMOSET
000002	Canis lupus familiaris	DOG ADULT
000003	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	Equus asinus asinus	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000002	Hystrix cristata	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000002	Lama glama	LLAMA
000003	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000002	Lynx rufus	BOBCAT
000001	Macaca fuscata	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000002	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000002	Panthera tigris	TIGER
000002	Procyon lotor	RACCOON
000001	Puma concolor	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR
000004	Sapajus appella	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000001	Sus scrofa domestica	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000001	Taxidea taxus	AMERICAN BADGER
000001	Ursus americanus	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000038	Total	