



Inspection Report

Twanna Simpson
3840 N State Rd 9
Shelbyville, IN 46176

Customer ID: **335322**
Certificate: **32-B-0235**
Site: 001
TY AND TWANNA SIMPSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 23-OCT-2023

2.75(b)(1)

Records: Dealers and exhibitors.

The facility was lacking complete records. The licensee did not have acquisition paperwork for one yak and one rabbit. There were no disposition records for five guinea pigs removed from the facility. Additionally, the bird inventory was incomplete, missing different species. An accurate animal inventory and records of acquisition and disposition are required so that USDA inspectors can ensure all animals are accounted for, receiving adequate veterinary care, and ensure animals can be traced in case of an animal disease outbreak. Exhibitors shall make, keep and maintain records which fully and correctly disclose animals purchased, acquired, owned, held, leased or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control or which is transported, sold, euthanized or otherwise disposed of. Records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession.

Correct by: 10-26-2023

3.78(d)

Outdoor housing facilities.

The facility's perimeter fence was inadequate. There was an approximately 4.5 inch gap in the perimeter fence where the private entrance gate was located. A wooden post, at the same private entrance area, measured only 66 inches tall. There were several sections of the perimeter fence that had not been sufficiently cleared of brush and trees. Failure to have an adequate perimeter fence and failure to maintain the vegetation around the perimeter fence could compromise the integrity of the fence and provide a means for animals or people to gain entry into the facility. An outdoor housing facility must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that serves as an effective barrier to protect nonhuman primates from unauthorized persons and animals. Fences must be at least 6 feet high unless approved in writing by the Administrator. Fences must be of sufficient distance from the outside wall or fence of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and outside the perimeter fence.

Correct by: 11-20-2023

3.81(c)(4)

Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

There is one black handed spider monkey that is individually housed in the licensee's residence located in the property that is unable to see or hear other nonhumane primates. The current written environmental enrichment plan does not address special considerations for individually housed non-human primates. Individually housed non-human primates that

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are unable to see and hear non-human primates of their own or compatible species require special attention within this enrichment plan to promote psychological well-being. The written environmental enrichment plan should be updated and reviewed by the attending veterinarian to address the specific considerations.

Correct by: 11-09-2023

3.125(a)

Facilities, general.

The water bucket for two African crested porcupines was secured within a wooden frame composed of 2 by 4's. One corner of this wooden frame was excessively chewed and had an exposed screw. The exposed screw could lead to an animal injury. Indoor and outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.127(b)

Facilities, outdoor.

The facility did not have a shelter for one kunekune pig housed outdoors. Shelter appropriate for the species and the local climate must be available for all animals kept outdoors to prevent discomfort. An appropriate species-specific shelter needs to be provided for the kunekune pig for protection from the local climatic conditions.

Correct by: 11-02-2023

3.127(d)

Facilities, outdoor.

The facility's perimeter fence was inadequate. There was an approximately 4.5 inch gap in the perimeter fence where the private entrance gate was located. A wooden post, at the same private entrance area, measured only 66 inches tall. There were several sections of the perimeter fence that had not been sufficiently cleared of brush and trees. Failure to have an adequate perimeter fence and failure to maintain the vegetation around the perimeter fence could compromise the integrity of the fence and provide a means for animals or people to gain entry into the facility. An outdoor housing facility must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that serves as an effective barrier to restrict unauthorized persons and animals. Fences must be at least 6 feet high unless dangerous animals are present or a variance is approved in writing by the Administrator. Fences must be of sufficient distance from the outside wall or fence of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and outside the perimeter fence.

Correct by: 11-20-2023

3.131(c)

Sanitation.

The refrigerator in the food preparation area was dirty. The shelves were covered with food residue and grime. The dirty condition of this refrigerator can serve as a potential source of contamination for food items stored in it. This refrigerator needs to be cleaned. The enclosure housing one yak, five goats and one sheep contained two four by four posts left over from the construction of a barrier fence within the enclosure. These posts can be a potential injury hazard to the animals housed in this enclosure and need to be removed. There was a broken pallet in the enclosure housing one pig. This pallet had broken boards which had sharp and rough edges that could injury the pig housed in the enclosure. This pallet should

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be removed from the enclosure. The facility was cluttered with a variety of building supplies, equipment and various other items. This clutter can provide good hiding places for rodents. Two live mice were noted by inspectors during the inspection. Excess clutter should be organized and minimized to facilitate husbandry of the facility. Premises shall be kept in good repair to protect animals from injury.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.131(d)

Sanitation.

The enclosure housing two sloths had numerous flies. The flies could be seen in the air and on the pillowed resting surface provided for the sloths. One sloth was observed scratching its head in response to the irritation from the flies. The presence of these flies can be an annoyance to the sloths housed in this enclosure and can be a source of disease. Two live mice were seen in the outdoor barn area. These rodents can be a source of disease for the animals and efforts must be maintained to minimize their presence. A safe and effective program for the control of insects and rodent pests shall be established and maintained by the facility.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.150(e)

Facilities, general.

An opened bag of wild bird food was sitting on the floor in the food preparation area. Supplies of food, supplements and bedding must be stored off the ground and away from walls in a manner that prevents these supplies from deterioration and spoilage. Also, this opened bag of food could serve to attract mammalian pests. Two live mice were seen in the outdoor barn area. Contaminated food and rodents are a source of potential illness to the animals at the facility. Store food, supplements and bedding in a manner that prevents potential contamination and spoilage. Store these supplies off the floor, away from the walls and apart from cleaning supplies and chemicals.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.154

Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

The facility does not have a documented bird environmental enhancement plan. This document is essential for APHIS inspectors to evaluate the quality of the environmental enhancement program provided to all birds at the facility. The facility must develop, document and follow a species-appropriate environmental enhancement plan to promote the psychological well-being of birds. This program must be approved by the attending veterinarian and available for review by APHIS inspectors.

Correct by: 11-09-2023

3.158(a)(1)

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

The enclosure housing one Amazon Parrot and the enclosure housing one cockatoo had a very large amount of fecal material in them. These feces piled approximately 2 to 4 inches high in areas directly under perches in the enclosure. The licensee stated that it had been a couple weeks since the enclosures were cleaned. Excess fecal material can be a source of disease to the birds housed in these enclosures. Excreta and food waste must be removed from primary

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enclosures as well as under and around the enclosures to prevent to prevent soiling of the birds in the enclosures and minimize disease hazards, insects, pests and odors. These enclosures must be cleaned.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.158(b)(1)

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

The water receptacle for the military macaw was lined with a brownish residue around the upper rim of the receptacle. Primary enclosures and food and water receptacles must be sanitized as often as necessary to prevent an accumulation dirt, debris, food waste and excreta which can be a disease hazard. This receptacle must be cleaned and sanitized.

Correct by: 10-30-2023

3.160(b)

Compatibility and separation

One turkey was observed to be missing feathers from its neck and chest area. The facility representatives informed the inspectors that the turkey had recently been moved to a new enclosure as it had been in an enclosure with a young yak that had been picking on it. Birds must not be housed with other animals including birds unless they are compatible. Housing this turkey with the yak caused the turkey undue stress and the potential for serious injury. Do not house the turkey or other birds with animals which will harass them. The turkey had been moved to a new enclosure at the time of inspection.

Correct by: 10-26-2023

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with a facility representative.

Additional Inspectors:

JUSTINE O MALLEY, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

Sheydanis DiazMartinez, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
335322	32-B-0235	001	TY AND TWANNA SIMPSON	23-OCT-2023

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000001	<i>Ateles geoffroyi</i>	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY
000003	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000002	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	<i>Guinea Pigs</i>	GUINEA PIGS
000001	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000002	<i>Vulpes lagopus</i>	ARCTIC FOX
000002	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000001	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000003	<i>Hystrix cristata</i>	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000005	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000001	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	<i>Nasuella olivacea</i>	MOUNTAIN COATI
000005	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000002	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000002	<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i>	HOFFMANN'S TWO-TOED SLOTH
000001	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000001	<i>Bos grunniens</i>	YAK
000004	<i>Dromaius novaehollandiae</i>	EMU
000003	<i>Anas platyrhynchos domesticus</i>	DOMESTIC DUCK INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000002	<i>Ara ararauna</i>	BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW / BLUE-AND-GOLD MACAW
000001	<i>Ara militaris</i>	MILITARY MACAW
000003	<i>Meleagris gallopavo domesticus</i>	DOMESTIC TURKEY
000003	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	INDIAN PEAFOWL / COMMON PEAFOWL / PEAHEN / PEACOCK
000001	<i>Columba livia domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIGEON INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	<i>Cacatua alba</i>	WHITE COCKATOO / UMBRELLA COCKATOO
000001	<i>Psittacus erithacus</i>	CONGO AFRICAN GREY PARROT / GRAY PARROT
000001	<i>Amazona oratrix</i>	YELLOW-HEADED PARROT / YELLOW-HEADED AMAZON /
000001	<i>Rhea americana</i>	DOUBLE YELLOW-HEADED AMAZON / GREATER RHEA / AMERICAN RHEA
000057	Total	



United States Department of Agriculture
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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