

LEKMAN 2016090000766889 Insp id

Inspection Report

HAND ME DOWN ZOO 1056 Highway 211 N W **WINDER, GA 30680**

Customer ID: 502959

Certificate: 57-C-0376

Site: 001

HAND ME DOWN ZOO

Type: RE-LICENSE INSPECTION

Date: 02-FEB-2022

2.131(c)(1)

Handling of animals.

Upon inspection, two main issues were identified regarding handling that included insufficient control of animals during public interactions and lack of adequate public barriers.

During the public interaction with the servals and the small-clawed otter, there was insufficient direct control of the animals:

- During inspection, the female otter appeared hyperactive, incessantly moving/playing in her enclosure while constantly vocalizing. Furthermore, when the licensee entered the enclosure with a mask on, the otter attempted to take the mask and bit the licensee on the left forearm causing her to bleed from two significant puncture wounds. This otter demonstrated her potential to be dangerous. Yet, during public interaction, the otter, unrestrained, is allowed free roam and complete contact with patrons seated on a bench or on the floor in the enclosure. Per the licensee, the otter is allowed to climb up the patrons, reaching past their shoulders to their heads. There is no direct control of this otter during broad contact interactions as she is not physically restrained with a leash or harness and she is not trained for recall.
- The public is allowed to go into the servals' primary enclosure, accompanied by the licensee, while both servals are unrestrained. Neither animal has a harness or leash on, and they are not trained for recall. The patrons seated on a

Prepared By: LISA EKMAN Date: USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

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bench are allowed to freely touch/interact with the male serval roaming around. Servals have the potential to be dangerous given that they are wild predatory cats with sharp teeth and a significant bite force.

Given the potentially dangerous nature of these animals there is a high risk of injury to the public in the way the interactions are being conducted with insufficient direct control.

Two areas were found to have insufficient public barriers:

• There was no public barrier outside the servals' primary enclosure and the wire that made up the enclosure had gaps large enough to allow a paw or a small hand to go through.

• Large tree trunk logs were placed in front of three enclosures containing rabies vector species. One enclosure held three red foxes, another had four racoons, and finally, the last one contained an artic fox. The large tree trunk logs were placed approximately 3-4 feet away from the enclosures at a height of approximately 18-20 inches but with significant breaks in between the logs, where a patron could easily walk between them and gain access to the wire of the primary enclosures.

There was insufficient control of the animals during the public interactions and insufficient public barriers in place that did not provide a safe environment for the public or the animals. These interactions and lack of public barriers could result in not only a member of the public becoming injured, but potentially also the animal. Handling of the animals during public exhibition must be done in a manner so there is minimal risk to the animal and the public. Proper handling includes having sufficient distance and/or barriers between the animals and the general viewing public to assure the safety of the animals and the public. Adequate control of the animals during public interactions and appropriate public barriers must be provided.

CORRECT BY 02/16/2022

Prepared By: LISA EKMAN Date:
USDA, APHIS, Animal Care 09-FEB-2022

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

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3.50(a)

Facilities, general.

Seven rabbits were housed outdoors on the ground in an enclosure consisting of four sides of wire fencing about 3 feet high. There was no cover or top to the enclosure and free-range chickens on the property were seen flying in and out of the rabbits' primary enclosure. Moreover, a clutch of chicken eggs was found in the straw bedding for the rabbits in their shelter. Other animals having access to the enclosure may stress, injure, or transmit diseases to the rabbits. Outdoor housing facilities for rabbits must protect the animals from injury, contain them and restrict the entrance of other animals.

CORRECT BY: 02/23/2022

3.78(e)

Outdoor housing facilities.

The outdoor enclosure housing three ring tailed lemurs does not have a public barrier. The inspector could easily reach into the enclosure standing at the current public viewing area. Without a barrier, there is insufficient restriction of physical contact between the public and the nonhuman primates which could result in stress or injury to the animals and the public. Fixed public exhibits housing nonhuman primates, must have a barrier between the primary enclosure and the public at any time the public is present, in order to restrict physical contact between the public and the nonhuman primates.

CORRECT BY: 02/16/2022

3.125(a)

Facilities, general.

Three enclosures had a live unprotected electrical cord that was accessible to the animals. The live cords were powering the Asian small-clawed otter's pool, the cat's water fountain and the ring-tailed lemurs' heater in their respective enclosures. Electrical cords pose a significant health risk to animals that may chew or pull on them. Unprotected powered electrical cords that are within an animal's enclosure allows access to an electrical hazard that can cause electrocution,

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| | injury and/or death. | Housing facilities shall be | oe maintained in g | good repair to protect | t animals from i | injury including l | imiting |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------|
| access to electrical cords. | acces to electrical | aarda | | | | | |

CORRECT BY: 02/16/2022

This is a 1st Re-License Inspection for a Class "C" license. The inspection and exit briefing were conducted with the applicant.

All items must be in compliance within 2 more inspections or by APRIL 3, 2022 or the applicant will forfeit the license fee and must wait 6 months to reapply. Please contact your inspector to schedule your next Re-License Inspection.

Regulated activity can continue under your existing USDA license until it expires.

Additional Inspectors:

STEPHANIE MAYARD, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

Prepared By: LISA EKMAN _____ Date:

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

OFFICER

Received by Title: Licensee Date:

09-FEB-2022

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USDA, APHIS, Animal Care



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Inspection Date: 02-Feb-2022

Species Inspected

| Cust No | Cert No | Site | Site Name | Inspection |
|---------|-----------|------|------------------|-------------|
| 502959 | 57-C-0376 | 001 | HAND ME DOWN ZOO | 02-FEB-2022 |

| Count | Scientific Name | Common Name |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 000009 | Petaurus breviceps | SUGAR GLIDER |
| 000001 | Didelphis marsupialis | SOUTHERN OPOSSUM |
| 000002 | Osphranter rufus | RED KANGAROO |
| 000002 | Coendou prehensilis | PREHENSILE-TAILED |
| 000002 | Coordon prononomo | PORCUPINE |
| 000001 | Aonyx cinereus | ORIENTAL SMALL-CLAWED |
| 000001 | Horryx diriorous | OTTER |
| 000004 | Ovis aries aries | SHEEP INCLUDING ALL |
| 000004 | ovio unos unos | DOMESTIC BREEDS |
| 000005 | Felis sp | DOMESTIC X EXOTIC CAT |
| | · | HYBRID |
| 000002 | Cavia porcellus | DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG |
| 000006 | Chinchilla lanigera | CHINCHILLA |
| 000010 | Oryctolagus cuniculus | DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN |
| 000010 | Oryclolagus curniculus | RABBIT |
| 000001 | Equus quagga | BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / |
| 000001 | Equus quagga | CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA |
| 000004 | Sus scrofa domestica | DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / |
| 000004 | Sus scroia domestica | MICRO PIG |
| 000001 | Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris | CAPYBARA |
| 000002 | Dolichotis patagonum | PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA |
| 000019 | Capra hircus | DOMESTIC GOAT |
| 000004 | Mustela putorius furo | DOMESTIC FERRET |
| 000002 | Leptailurus serval | SERVAL |
| 000001 | Vulpes lagopus | ARCTIC FOX |
| 000003 | Vulpes vulpes | RED FOX (INCLUDES SILVER FOX |
| 000000 | . , | & CROSS FOX) |
| 000005 | Odocoileus virginianus | WHITE-TAILED DEER |
| 000002 | Canis lupus X C. I. familiaris | WOLF/DOG HYBRID |
| 000003 | Vulpes zerda | FENNEC FOX |
| 000005 | Procyon lotor | RACCOON |
| 000002 | Didelphis virginiana | VIRGINIA OPOSSUM |
| 000003 | Lemur catta | RING-TAILED LEMUR |
| 000001 | Mephitis mephitis | STRIPED SKUNK |
| 000003 | Atelerix albiventris | FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG |
| 000002 | Cynomys Iudovicianus | BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG |
| | | |
| 000105 | Total | |



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