



Inspection Report

Paul Urbanec
1912 Hwy. 94
Pender, NE 68047

Customer ID: **36515**
Certificate: **47-A-0540**
Site: 001
Paul Urbanec

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 29-JUL-2014

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Sec. 2.40 Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors). (b) (2).

* Hooch , a two year old, tan, male Mastiff, identification number (0A02387713) had an open wound on both ears. The wounds were approximately 1 to 2 inches in circumference, moist and bright red. There was dried dark substance on and around the wounds. There were numerous flies on the wounds. The flies can irritate these wounds and this can painful to the dog. The owner stated that the attending veterinarian was consulted and was instructed to use Nitrofurazone sab to treat the wounds. The Nitrofurazone used to treat the wounds was expired with an expiration date of 08/04. This dog must be housed in an area free from flies until the healing is complete. This dog must be seen by a veterinarian for an appropriate treatment plan. A record must be available upon request on this treatment program for this dog.

** The licensee must have this animal examined by a licensed veterinarian by the close of business on 1-August-2014, in order to ensure that an accurate diagnosis is obtained and that an appropriate treatment plan is developed and followed. The licensee must document the outcome of this consultation and make it available to the inspector upon request.

* Lilly a seven year old, white female American Eskimo, with number (08619526) has an excessive accumulation of brown material completely coating and obscuring the cheek teeth (premolars) and molars and about half of the canine teeth. The teeth in the front have a buildup of brown grey colored substance covering half the teeth. The upper right cheek teeth and gums are covered with an excessive buildup of brown substance. This mass or buildup for the upper right cheek teeth was approximately 1 inch in circumference. The gums are red and with a red line where the gum line and teeth meet. There is a white, creamy discharge along the upper gum line. Dental disease can cause damage to the gum tissue and tooth and mouth structures, be painful, and impact the ability of the dog to eat normally, affecting the overall health of the animal.

** The licensee must have this animal examined by a licensed veterinarian by the close of business on 5-August-2014, in order to ensure that an accurate diagnosis is obtained and that an appropriate treatment plan is developed and followed. The licensee must document the outcome of this consultation and make it available to the

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United States Department of Agriculture
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inspector upon request.

* A tan, male Dashund with number (0A01642644) has an accumulation of brown material coating and obscuring the cheek teeth (premolars) and molars and about half of the canine teeth. The gums are dark red and have receded away from the surface of the cheek teeth and molars. There is a white, creamy discharge along the upper gum line. Dental disease can cause damage to the gum tissue and tooth and mouth structures, be painful, and impact the ability of the dog to eat normally, affecting the overall health of the animal.

The licensee must have this animal examined by a veterinarian to obtain an accurate diagnosis and appropriate treatment plan. The outcome of this consultation must be documented and provided to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

To be corrected by, 5-August-2014.

* Two female German Shepards , Gertie and Gretna with numbers (0A01642627) and (0A01642675) had hair loss of the tips of their ears. Bare skin was exposed on the tips of the dogs ears. There was numerous flies observe on the ears. . The owner stated that the attending veterinarian was consulted and was instructed to use Nitrofurazone sab to treat the areas on the ears with bare skin. The Nitrofurazone used to treat the tips of the ears was expired with an expiration date of 08/04. This dog must be housed in an area free from flies until the healing is complete. This dog must be seen by a veterinarian for an appropriate treatment plan. A record must be available upon request on this treatment program for this dog.

To be corrected by, 5-August-2014.

The licensee must have this animal examined by a veterinarian to obtain an accurate diagnosis and appropriate treatment plan. The outcome of this consultation must be documented and provided to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

* There is a bottle of Pyrantel Pomoate dewormer, Nitrofurazone Sab and a bottle of Albon with no directions for appropriate use from the attending veterinarian. These medications were found intermingled with other medications in the refrigerator and medicine storage area and are therefore considered ready for use. Lack of approved instructions can lead to misuse of a medication. The licensee must ensure that all medications are used in a manner consistent with the provision of adequate veterinary care to protect the health of the animals and ensure drugs are used in an appropriate manner. All medications must be labeled and administered properly as part of the facility s programs of adequate veterinary care.

* The following medications were past the labeled expiration date: nitrofurazone August 04, pyrantel pamoate Mar 2014, Albon no expiration date and 6 vials of NeoVac DA2 24-Feb-2014. These medications were

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intermingled with other products that are currently being used at the facility and are therefore ready for use. Expired drugs may not work as anticipated, could become contaminated, and could harm the animals. The licensee must ensure that all medications used in the facility are not expired, labeled properly in accordance with standard veterinary practices, and are stored in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

To be corrected by 5-August-2014.

2.50(a)(1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

Sec. 2.50 Time and method of identification. (a) (1) Identification.

* Two adult dogs were not identified with a tag, tattoo or microchip. The owner made an immediate correction and microchip these two dogs during the inspection. In the future, all dogs must be identified properly. Identification is required in order to ensure that each animal's identity can be known with certainty and to facilitate record keeping requirements.

To be corrected by, 31-July-2014.

3.1(a)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general. (a) Structure; construction.

* The plastic flooring for the three west end enclosures, in the main kennel, was sagging. This sagging was more pronounced as the dogs walked on the flooring. The sagging flooring was causing an approximately 2 to 3 inch gap between where the flooring and two panel dividers meet. These gaps were approximately ½ to 1 foot long. These two gaps allowed access for dogs to fight with dogs in the next enclosure or get their feet and legs stuck. The six adult dogs in the enclosure could possibly be injured from the fighting or from getting their feet or legs stuck. All housing facilities, such as sagging flooring, must be structurally sound and kept in good repair. This will protect the dogs from escaping or fighting with the dogs in the next enclosure.

To be corrected by 10-August-2014.

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3.1(c)(2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general. (c) Surfaces. (2) Maintenance and replacement of surfaces.

* The concrete flooring for three outdoor enclosures, housing six adult dogs, has an accumulation of brown waste on the surface. Some of the brown stained areas are moist. The surface of the concrete is rough. There are cracks in the concrete approximately 1 foot to 3 foot long and ¼ inch to ½ inch wide. The worn concrete surfaces and cracks do not allow for proper cleaning and sanitation. The brown moist waste on the surface indicates the concrete is not properly sealed. Concrete surfaces that cannot be properly cleaned and sanitized can increase the disease potential. The concrete surface is in need of treatment and repair. All surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis. This will allow for proper cleaning and sanitization. Thus, the disease potential is reduced for the dogs.

To be corrected by, 20-August-2014.

3.1(c)(3)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general. (c) Surfaces(3) Cleaning.

* The outdoor enclosures, housing six adult dogs, have an excessive accumulation of fecal waste and brown waste on the concrete flooring. This accumulation of waste indicates daily spot-cleaning is not taking place. The accumulation of waste can increase disease hazards. The concrete flooring must be spot cleaning daily and sanitized when necessary. Daily spot cleaning and sanitization will decrease disease hazards for the dogs.

3.1(f)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general. (f) Drainage and waste disposal.

* The drainage system in front of the outdoor enclosures, housing six adult dogs, has an accumulation of fecal waste. There were numerous insects on and around the waste. This can increase the disease potential for the dogs. Housing facility operators must provide regular and frequent collection, or removal, of dog and food waste in a manner that minimizes contamination and disease risks. Drainage systems must minimize vermin and pest infestation, insects, odors, and disease hazards. This will minimize the insects and decrease the disease risks for

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the dogs.

To be corrected by, 31-July-2014.

3.11(c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Sec. 3.11 Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control. (c) Housekeeping for premises.

* Inside the main kennel, housing 23 adult dogs and four puppies, there is an accumulation of dog hair and cobwebs on the floor and hanging from the gates of the enclosures. There was dog hair hanging from the feeders. This can attract rodents, pests and other vermin. The dogs and puppies health and well-being can be affected. Premises and housing facilities must be kept clean. This will reduce or eliminate breeding and living areas for rodents and other pests and vermin. The health and well-being of the dogs and puppies will be protected from premises and housing facilities that are kept clean.

To be corrected by, 10-August-2014.

This inspection and exit interview was conducted with an facility representative.

Additional Inspectors

Thornton Karl, Animal Care Inspector

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
36515	47-A-0540	001	Paul Urbanec	29-JUL-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000032	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000004	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000036	Total	