



Inspection Report

Terrill Al-Saihati
15672 South Avenue 1 E
Yuma, AZ 85365

Customer ID: **3826**
Certificate: **86-C-0102**
Site: 001
TERRILL AL-SAIHATI

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 08-MAR-2016

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

***The following animals were cited on the Jan-13-2016 inspection report and were not examined by a veterinarian:

***A female, adult brown and white gobex (lbex x domestic goat cross) walked with an abnormal gait. On today's inspection the gobex still walked with a slightly abnormal gait and still has long hooves. The hooves on both front legs were excessively long, to the point that they were curling causing the toes to rotate up and out and the heel to drop. The licensee stated the animal had been pregnant, so they had waited to trim the hooves. Failure to appropriately maintain hooves/nails can cause gait abnormalities which could be painful or cause injuries. As part of the facility's programs of preventative veterinary care, the licensee must ensure that all animals receive appropriate hoof and nail care in a timely manner.

*** The right eye of adult male coati mundi appeared abnormal. On today's inspection, approximately half of the iris, in the right eye, had a milky-white, thickened opaque area. Eye disease can be caused by a variety of problems including infection, allergies, injury, irritation or other medical conditions and can be painful and distressing. Furthermore, not having clear vision can cause discomfort affecting the health and well-being of the animal and has the potential for injury.

***The camel calf has an abnormal swelling on its left hind hock. The swelling and condition of this animal has not changed since the Jan-13-2016 inspection. Failure to contact the attending veterinarian regarding the diagnosis, treatment and re-evaluation can result in delays of appropriate care and prolong suffering of the animal.

***The male ferret has generalized alopecia. Although some hair has regrown, the area from the shoulders to the hips on the animal's back is still hairless. Alopecia is often an indicator of disease. It can result from numerous causes including both infectious and non-infectious. Failure to contact the attending veterinarian regarding the diagnosis and treatment can result in delays of appropriate care and prolong suffering of the animal.

***A newborn (24 hrs. old) male lamb appeared weak and was wheezing during the Jan 13-2016 inspection. The lamb appeared normal during today's inspection. The licensee stated she suspected the animal had aspirated during feeding and that had caused its wheezing and weakness. Failure to contact the attending veterinarian

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regarding the diagnosis and treatment of weak and sick animals can result in delays of appropriate care and prolong suffering of the animal.

The licensee stated she has called the veterinarian several times regarding the above animals, but they were never examined, as described in the Jan-13-2016 inspection report.

***On today's inspection, one black goat was noted to have an abnormal swelling of its left knee. The animal caretaker stated he first noticed the hard swelling a couple of days ago. The caretaker stated he told the facility owner about the knee and to contact the veterinarian. The facility owner stated she did not know about the goat's condition and has not contacted the veterinarian regarding this animal. Swelling is an indicator of disease and can often be painful. It can result from numerous causes including both infectious and non-infectious. Failure to contact the attending veterinarian regarding the diagnosis and treatment can result in delays of appropriate care and prolong suffering of the animal.

The licensee must have all of the above mentioned animals (coati, camel calf, ferret, lamb, goats) examined by a veterinarian, to obtain accurate diagnoses and appropriate treatment plans for the issues cited above. The outcome of this consultation must be provided to the inspector upon request. This documentation should include the veterinary diagnosis, all diagnostic tests and the outcome of those tests that were performed by the veterinarian, any medications prescribed along with the dosing instructions, and entries on a log and/or calendar and/or animal health record that list when the medication is administered to the animals.

2.131(d)(2) REPEAT

HANDLING OF ANIMALS.

***Although there were no public members present during the inspection, the facility has been open to the public since the Jan-13-2016 inspection. The facility has made no changes in the number of attendants present during periods the facility is open to the public. The licensee stated to the VMO that there is no plan or provision in place for an adequate number of attendants to oversee public contact with the animals. The licensee stated they would use the two employees as attendants when the public is present. These employees would also be responsible for the husbandry and daily care of all the animals at the facility. The VMO stated to the licensee that this would still be inadequate as the employees would need to oversee the public contact, thus the husbandry and daily care would go unfinished.

3.130 REPEAT

WATERING.

***Three enclosures (4 camels, 10 sheep, 8 goats) still had dirty water receptacles or water receptacles that were excessively rusted to the point they leak excessively and cannot be adequately cleaned and sanitized. Water receptacles must be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition in order to ensure that the animals are provided

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with clean, potable water, to minimize disease hazards and to ensure that they maintain adequate hydration. Water receptacles should be cleaned at a frequency that is adequate to maintain standard husbandry practices.

3.131(d)

SANITATION.

***There were several bees noted to be surrounding the waterer in the camel enclosure housing two animals. Pests can cause harm to the animals and can contaminate feed and water. The licensee must establish and maintain an effective program for the control of pests to promote the health and well-being of the animals and reduce contamination by pests in all animal areas.

To be corrected by 3/10/16.

3.132 REPEAT

EMPLOYEES.

***The facility has made no changes in the number of employees that care for the animals since the Jan-13-2016 inspection. During today's inspection, the two employees were present and involved in the daily husbandry and facility maintenance. The licensee stated to the VMO that there is no plan or provision in place for an adequate number of employees to maintain the professional husbandry standards described in the regulations and standards. Additionally, the facility has no plan for when employees call in sick, do not show up or have days off. The licensee has also stated on previous inspections to the VMO that the facility will never be in compliance, as they do not have the funds or resources to increase their staffing levels. During today's inspection, several animals were identified as still needing veterinary examination and care. Additionally the facility has been cited (repeats) for waterers needing repair or replacement and pest control.

Facilities are required to utilize a sufficient number of adequately trained employees to maintain the professional husbandry standards described in the regulations and standards to ensure that the animals are kept in appropriately maintained, sanitary facilities and receive appropriate monitoring, veterinary care, feeding, watering, and care.

The licensee must evaluate the current work load and staffing level and ensure that a sufficient number of adequately trained employees are utilized to maintain the professionally acceptable level of husbandry practices described in the regulations and standards.

The inspection was conducted with the animal caretaker.

The exit briefing was conducted with the facility owner.

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3826	86-C-0102	001	TERRILL AL-SAIHATI	08-MAR-16

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000059	<i>Ammotragus lervia</i>	BARBARY SHEEP
000001	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	HEDGEHOG
000002	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000009	<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000063	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000003	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER
000001	<i>Equus quagga</i>	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000002	<i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i>	HAZEL DORMOUSE
000004	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000001	<i>Notamacropus agilis</i>	AGILE WALLABY
000001	<i>Philander opossum</i>	GREY FOUR-EYED OPOSSUM
000002	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000007	<i>Sus domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG
000001	<i>Taurotragus oryx</i>	COMMON ELAND
000001	<i>Vulpes zerda</i>	FENNEC FOX
000157	Total	