



Inspection Report

City Of Monroe
P. O. Box 123
Monroe, LA 71210

Customer ID: **8041**
Certificate: **72-C-0148**
Site: 001
CITY OF MONROE, L A

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 24-FEB-2014

2.131

HANDLING OF ANIMALS.

(c)(1)

***** At time of inspection the following areas of exhibition had insufficient distance and barriers in place which would prevent contact with the animals in these enclosures. The reindeer pen had portions of the chain barrier which is between 12" and 18" in height that were missing, the plants which were present in some areas but not all areas also did not prevent contact.

The board walk for the Kangaroo allowed for an individual if they desired to reach over the rail system and touch the Kangaroo if it were present beneath them.

The board walk between the areas for the Wart hogs and the Tortoises allowed for the Wart hogs to come directly up to the edge of their enclosure and directly underneath the public. A person could make contact with the animals by reaching over the rail system which is in place.

These animal area need to have a barrier system put into place which will prevent contact with the public and the animals or an adjustment in the enclosures need to be made which will not allow the animals the ability to get this close to the existing barrier system currently in use.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 6/3/14

3.75(c)(1) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(c) Surfaces--(1) General requirements. The surfaces of housing facilities--including perches, shelves, swings, boxes, houses, dens, and other furniture-type fixtures or objects within the facility--must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized, or removed or replaced when worn or

Prepared By: DONNOVAN FOX, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:
03-MAR-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 4045

Received by Title: ZOO DIRECTOR

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soiled

****A majority of the primate shelters are constructed of wood and wire or metal mesh. In many of them the paint on the wood has worn away or the wood is rotting. All of the wire/metal has varying degrees of rust. Rotting wood and rust cannot be adequately cleaned or sanitized. The inability to adequately clean and sanitize can lead to pest problems and/or illness and disease in the animals. These shelters must be repaired or replaced with structures that can be adequately cleaned and disinfected.

To be corrected by: Jan 1, 2014

3.125(a) REPEAT

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(a) Structural strength. The facility must be constructed of such material and of such strength as appropriate for the animals involved. The indoor and outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

****Most of the mammal enclosures have varying degrees of rust on doors, cage furniture, cage walls and/or enclosure fences. Rust cannot be adequately cleaned and sanitized. Rust compromises the structural integrity of the facility. The inability to adequately clean and sanitize can lead to pest problems and/or illness and disease in the animals. Compromises in structural integrity can lead to animal escapes. The structures in mammal facilities with rust problems must be repaired or replaced so that the area can be adequately cleaned and disinfected and to ensure structural integrity adequate to maintain the animals.

To be corrected by Jan 1, 2014

3.125

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(a) Structural strength.

***** At time of inspection the 6' chainlink fence used for enclosure construction and in some areas provide the perimeter fence for the zoo had many areas that had areas of damage caused by tree limbs falling on it, ground movement and in one area an accident caused the fence to become in disrepair. Top rails of the fence are missing in some locations and have become separated in many others.

This fence needs to be repaired and or replaced in areas if repair is not possible to keep these enclosures in good repair and to provide for the security of the zoo as the perimeter fence is intended to do.

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TO BE CORRECTED BY: 9/3/14

***** At time of inspection in many of the exhibits there are broken wires, old wire used to hold limbs and logs in place and wire cut to allow for roof trusses to be set in many exhibits. These pose an injury threat to the animals in these enclosures and should be removed. Also there is one exhibit which has encompassed a tree into the exhibit and the wood used to do this has become separated due to the growth of the tree and needs to be repaired before a potential animal escape should become possible and to keep this exhibit in good repair.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 5/3/14

***** At time of inspection the concrete block wall in the food preparation building had in the area of the breaker panel areas of the block which had been removed for work to be completed. This area now that the work is completed needs to be repaired to make this area of the wall once again structurally sound and to keep it in good repair.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 6/3/14

***** At time of inspection the outer barns accessible from the public roadway had many items which are in need of repair, or replacement. All wood on the exterior of the buildings which has rotted away in areas along the bottoms of the buildings need to be repaired or the boards replaced.

On the interior of the buildings where the concrete has cracked and openings have become large enough for food, fecal material, and waste to become trapped it is not allowing for good husbandry practices and sanitation to take place. These cracks need to be repaired with a material which will allow for the required husbandry practices for these animals to be carried out.

On many of the buildings interior metal flashing has become structurally unsound and has rusted away and needs to be repaired and or replaced to prevent injury to the animals. Also wood used to line the interior walls which has become rotted should be replaced.

In one building there are several electrical junction boxes which do not have covers on them and this poses an injury risk to the animals by electrocution in this building. All junction boxes should have covers that protect the animals from injury.

There are fans in several of the buildings which have been positioned in the areas just above the feeders for the animals. Many of these animals are hoof stock which are horned or have antlers and can reach the fans in the current locations. These fans need to be moved to a location which will not allow for possible contact with the

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animals.

There are two barns which have drains in the floor. The drains currently have a protective cover on them which prevents an animal from stepping down into the drain pipe itself but does not protect them from a trip hazard as the current cover is located inside the drain trap and not flush with the concrete floor. This is allowing for a 2" to 3" trip hazard to possibly injure an animal if the animals currently in these enclosures were to become startled and try to flee all at one time causing an animal to step into this drain system.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 6/3/14

3.127

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

(d) Perimeter fence.

***** At time of inspection the 8' perimeter fence requirements for dangerous animals was not being met. The exterior perimeter fence of the zoo itself in several areas was of 6' in height which would require that the dangerous animal enclosures themselves have an 8' perimeter fence around them to act as a secondary containment system in the event of an escape and to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. The perimeter fence around the zoo needs to be elevated to an 8' height to meet this requirement or the individual enclosures for the dangerous animals need to have an 8' perimeter system put into place that is at least 3' from the enclosure walls so that direct contact with the animals is not allowed..

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 9/3/14

3.131 REPEAT

SANITATION.

(c) Housekeeping. Premises (buildings and grounds) shall be kept clean and in good repair in order to protect the animals from injury and to facilitate the prescribed husbandry practices set forth in this subpart.

*****The kitchen used to prepare animal diets had paint peeling off the ceilings in the cooler and the dry feed storage room. The floor had peeling paint/sealer. Metal shelves holding clean food containers were rusted. Wooden shelves holding clean food containers and utensils were falling apart or covered with old, dirty, sticky shelf paper. Food and food receptacles must be stored in facilities which adequately protect them from contamination. The peeling paint/sealer on the floor prevents the floor from being adequately cleaned and sanitized. Paint peeling off the ceilings could contaminate food stored in the dry feed room or the cooler. Rotting wood, old sticky shelf paper,

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and rust cannot be adequately cleaned or sanitized therefore the food receptacles and utensils stored on these surfaces will not remain adequately cleaned or sanitized. The inability to adequately clean and sanitize can lead to pest problems and/or illness and disease in the animals. The animal kitchen needs to be renovated so that paint is not peeling, the floors are cleanable, and work and storage surfaces can be cleaned and disinfected.

To be corrected by: Jan 1, 2014

3.131

SANITATION.

(c) Housekeeping.

***** At time of inspection the ceiling in the food preparation building was tongue and groove pine. There was spacing between many of the boards which looked to have possibly been sap, dust or other foreign material trapped between the boards. This ceiling needs to be repaired or covered with a material such as paint or material which will prevent any foreign material from falling into the food being prepared below and contaminating the food.

***** At time of inspection the lighting used in the food preparation building was fluorescent lighting. The protective diffusers which are used to diffuse the light as well as to prevent glass from broken bulbs from falling onto persons or objects below and causing potential injury or in this case contaminated food were not present. Another means of preventing this from occurring which was not used in the absence of the diffusers are protective sleeves which can be put over each fluorescent tube which if broken prevents the bulb from shattering onto anything located beneath it. The lighting diffusers or a protective measure which will prevent broken bulbs from falling onto persons or objects beneath the light fixtures such as food being prepared for the animals need to be installed.

***** At time of inspection the freezer unit for the zoo was in need of repair to the ceiling where the metal covering which covered the wood and insulation on the roof section which is close to the entry door and freezer cooling unit was missing and the wood had become rotted and was allowing for dripping of material onto the food shelf below. This ceiling needs to be repaired so that this area is consistent with the rest of the ceiling in this unit.

The floor of the freezer unit was in need of cleaning as well as the storage racks of the unit. There was dirt, debris and lots of build up in the floor tracks indicating it had been some time since a complete cleaning of this freezer unit had been done.

This unit should be cleaned as food is removed and prior to new food being put into the unit.

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This inspection and exit interview conducted by APHIS, USDA, Animal Care Personnel and the Zoo Director and his staff.

END OF REPORT.

Additional Inspectors

Niebruegge Cathy, Animal Care Inspector

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
8041	72-C-0148	001	CITY OF MONROE, L A	24-FEB-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	<i>Addax nasomaculatus</i>	ADDAX
000001	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>	IMPALA
000003	<i>Ammotragus lervia</i>	BARBARY SHEEP
000001	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	HEDGEHOG
000002	<i>Ateles chamek</i>	BLACK SPIDER MONKEY
000004	<i>Ateles geoffroyi</i>	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY
000003	<i>Bison bison</i>	AMERICAN BISON
000008	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU
000006	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000003	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	NILGAI
000002	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET
000001	<i>Callithrix kuhlii</i>	BLACK TUFTED-EAR MARMOSET
000002	<i>Canis latrans</i>	COYOTE
000001	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	<i>Caracal caracal</i>	CARACAL
000002	<i>Castor canadensis</i>	AMERICAN BEAVER
000001	<i>Cebus olivaceus</i>	WEEPER CAPUCHIN
000001	<i>Cercopithecus neglectus</i>	DE BRAZZA'S MONKEY
000004	<i>Cervus c. canadensis</i>	ELK
000001	<i>Chinchilla lanigera</i>	CHINCHILLA
000002	<i>Coendou prehensilis</i>	PREHENSILE-TAILED PORCUPINE
000001	<i>Colobus guereza</i>	EASTERN BLACK-AND-WHITE COLOBUS / GUEREZA
000002	<i>Crocuta crocuta</i>	SPOTTED HYENA
000020	<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>	BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG
000030	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER
000003	<i>Dasyprocta punctata</i>	CENTRAL AMERICAN AGOUTI
000004	<i>Dasyurus hybridus</i>	SOUTHERN LONG-NOSED ARMADILLO
000001	<i>Didelphis virginiana</i>	VIRGINIA OPOSSUM
000003	<i>Equus asinus asinus</i>	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000004	<i>Equus quagga</i>	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000001	<i>Erythrocebus patas</i>	PATAS MONKEY
000001	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	COMMON BROWN LEMUR
000002	<i>Glaucomys volans</i>	SOUTHERN FLYING SQUIRREL
000002	<i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>	HIPPOPOTAMUS
000001	<i>Hippotragus equinus</i>	ROAN ANTELOPE
000002	<i>Hoolock hoolock</i>	HOOLOCK GIBBON
000002	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>	CAPYBARA
000001	<i>Hylobates agilis</i>	AGILE GIBBON
000005	<i>Hylobates lar</i>	LAR GIBBON
000006	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	CAPE PORCUPINE



Species Inspected

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8041	72-C-0148	001	CITY OF MONROE, L A	24-FEB-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000003	<i>Kobus leche</i>	RED LECHWE / SOUTHERN LECHWE
000002	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000013	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	<i>Leptailurus serval</i>	SERVAL
000003	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT
000001	<i>Macaca fuscata</i>	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000001	<i>Macaca silenus</i>	LION-TAILED MACAQUE *MALE
000001	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000001	<i>Muntiacus reevesi</i>	REEVE'S MUNTJAC
000002	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000001	<i>Nycticebus coucang</i>	SLOW LORIS
000004	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000002	<i>Oryx dammah</i>	SCIMITAR-HORNED ORYX
000001	<i>Oryx leucoryx</i>	ARABIAN ORYX
000001	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000010	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	<i>Panthera leo</i>	LION
000001	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	LEOPARD
000001	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	TIGER
000008	<i>Papio anubis</i>	OLIVE BABOON
000001	<i>Petrogale lateralis</i>	BLACK-FOOTED ROCK WALLABY
000004	<i>Phacochoerus aethiopicus</i>	DESERT WARTHOG
000002	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000001	<i>Rangifer tarandus</i>	REINDEER
000004	<i>Rousettus aegyptiacus</i>	EGYPTIAN FRUIT BAT
000001	<i>Saguinus midas</i>	RED-HANDED TAMARIN
000001	<i>Saimiri boliviensis</i>	BLACK-CAPPED SQUIRREL MONKEY
000002	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	<i>Symphalangus syndactylus</i>	SIAMANG
000001	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>	AFRICAN BUFFALO / CAPE BUFFALO
000004	<i>Taurotragus oryx</i>	COMMON ELAND
000001	<i>Urocyon cinereoargenteus</i>	GRAY FOX / GREY FOX
000002	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000001	<i>Varecia variegata</i>	BLACK-AND-WHITE RUFFED LEMUR
000002	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	RED FOX (INCLUDES SILVER FOX & CROSS FOX)
000230	Total	