



Inspection Report

John Mark Johnson 305 Euclatubba Rd

Guntown, MS 38849

Customer ID: **501773**

Certificate: 65-C-0566

Site: 001

JOHN MARK JOHNSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 11-DEC-2019

3.55

WATERING.

Approximately 6 individually housed rabbits had water dishes and water bottles that were empty. When water was provided, at least 3 rabbits were observed to immediately begin drinking and drink continuously for an extended period of time. A grey lop-eared rabbit was observed to drink continuously from a metal dish for 3.5 minutes before stopping. A grey and tan lop-eared rabbit was observed drinking continuously from a glass bowl for 3 minutes before stopping. A black lion head rabbit was observed continuously drinking from a water bottle for approximately 1 minute before stopping.

Rabbits without access to potable water may become dehydrated and may develop health problems such as intestinal obstructions. Rabbits require water for normal digestion and physiologic functioning.

Correct by providing potable water at least daily or more frequently as needed given the age, health status, and weather conditions facing the rabbits. Correct from this day forth.

3.81

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

There is no enrichment plan for non human primates. The facility has 4 ring-tailed lemurs (one singly housed) and a marmoset (also singly housed).

Nonhuman primates have complex social, behavioral, and environmental needs which must be met in order to support their psychological well being and overall health. Nonhuman primates who are singly housed require special attention to meet their social needs and prevent isolation, stress, and the development of stereotypical behaviors.

A blank copy of an optional environmental enrichment template was previously provided to the licensee. Correct by creating an environmental enrichment plan in concert with the attending veterinarian. Correct by January 11, 2019.

3.125(a) CRITICAL

Prepared By:CARE DIANA, D V MUSDA, APHIS, Animal CareDate:12-DEC-2019

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER 6136

Received by Title: FACILITY OWNER Date:

12-DEC-2019



Inspection Report

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

On the night of October 12th, 2019 six kangaroos were housed in a stall in the main barn overnight due to inclement weather. One adult female kangaroo escaped from the stall in the barn, exited the barn and left the premises. The kangaroo has not been recovered at this time.

The stall in the barn was a standard horse stall with wooden sides, located in the corner of the barn, and the licensee had placed an additional panel over the stall door to increase the height of the door. The side wall of the stall was approximately 5 feet tall. The main barn does not have a door, and there is no fence between the barn and the road, thus the animal was able to escape from the premises after getting out of the stall.

Animals that escape may suffer from lack of food and water, exposure to harsh weather, and injury from cars or wild animals. Animals that escape may also be a danger to the public.

Correct by housing animals in enclosures that are strong and secure enough to contain the animals within and prevent animal escape. At the time of this inspection, the remaining kangaroos were being housed in a species-appropriate enclosure.

3.127(d)

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Five kangaroos and a wallaby are housed in an outdoor enclosure which is constructed of 7 foot tall chain link fence. The kangaroo/wallaby enclosure is within a pasture which is enclosed in a farm fence of variable height and materials (some sections less than 6 feet tall).

A perimeter fence is required to prevent unauthorized persons and animals from entering the exotic animal enclosure, as unauthorized persons and animals may harm or steal exotic animals. A perimeter fence is also required to act as a secondary containment system in the event of an animal escape, as animals that escape may suffer from lack of food and water, exposure to harsh weather, and injury from cars or wild animals. Animals that escape may also be a danger to the public.

Correct by constructing a perimeter fence of sufficient strength and appropriate materials to contain the animals and prevent entry of unauthorized people and animals, and that is at least 6 feet tall and set back at least 3 feet from the primary enclosure housing the kangaroos and wallaby. Correct by June 1, 2019.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the facility owner.

Prepared By:	CARE DIANA, D V M	USDA, AF	HIS, Animal Ca	re	Date:
					12-DEC-2019
Title:	VETERINARY MEDICAL	OFFICER	6136		

Received by Title: FACILITY OWNER Date: 12-DEC-2019



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Inspection Report

Jernigan Courtney, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By: CARE DIANA, D V M USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER 6136

Received by Title: FACILITY OWNER Date:

12-DEC-2019

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United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 501773 Inspection Date: 11-DEC-19

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
501773	65-C-0566	001	JOHN MARK JOHNSON	11-DEC-19

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	Bos primigenuis indicus	ZEBU
000002	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000003	Bubalus bubalis	ASIATIC WATER BUFFALO
000001	Callithrix jacchus	COMMON MARMOSET
000001	Camelus bactrianus	BACTRIAN CAMEL
000002	Camelus dromedarius	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000028	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000001	Equus quagga	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000001	Lama glama	LLAMA
000006	Lama pacos	ALPACA
000004	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Notamacropus rufogriseus	BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY
000012	Oryctolagus cuniculus	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000005	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO
000006	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000075	Total	