United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Inspection Report

Larry Peters Pat Peters

44372 West End Loop

Taylor, NE 68879

Customer ID: 18778

> Certificate: 47-A-0444

> > Site: 001

LARRY & PAT PETERS

ROUTINE INSPECTION Type:

Date: 11-JUN-2014

2.40(b)(2) **DIRECT REPEAT**

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

A female, black and gold Yorkshire terrier "Sissy," #93 was observed shaking her head vigorously, rubbing both sides of her head on the enclosure wire, and scratching her ears. We observed this behavior for about five minutes. Upon examination, her ears were moderately dirty with hair growth in the ear canal. The behavior seemed more severe than the condition of the outer ear showed. The dog s behavior indicated there could be an underlying disease or infection, and she was very uncomfortable. Ear problems can be painful and/or itchy, cause extreme distress and affect the well-being of the animal. This dog is also heavily matted on its legs, belly, and rear end. Around the rear end, under the tail, and on the upper portion of both rear legs, there are clumps of fecal material, dirt and debris entwined with the matted hair. The largest clump was approximately the size of a golf ball. There are several long clumps on the rear legs that are approximately 1.5 inches long. The matting and clumps of fecal material and other debris can be uncomfortable, create the potential for disease hazards and other health risks. The licensee stated that the dog was scheduled to be groomed in the morning.

A female golden retriever "Roxie," #130 has black debris around the vaginal area. The debris was on the fur of the insides of both legs and underneath the tail. Upon examination, the dog was extremely reluctant for me to lift her tail to examine the area. She hunched her back, kept her tail between her legs, and circled away from me. She seemed very uncomfortable. She was thin, and upon palpation every vertebrae and rib was easily felt, the hip bones were prominent. The licensee stated that she had just lost puppies within the last few days. The debris, along with her behavior, could indicate a serious heath condition, infection or disease.

A female blonde golden retriever," Blondie," #52, has a cut underneath her left eye. The cut was approximately one inch long and had dried blood on it. The dog also had a quarter-sized raw-looking wound on the right rear leg. It was pink, wet-looking, hairless, and had a yellowish crusty discharge around the perimeter. Wounds of this nature can be painful and if not treated appropriately can become infected affecting the well-being of the animal.

The licensee must have these animals examined by a veterinarian to obtain a proper diagnosis and an appropriate treatment plan by Friday. The licensee must document the veterinarian's findings, the treatment plan that is followed, and have the records available to the inspector upon request.

Prepared By:	LYNN CLARKE, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date:
-			40 11 18

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6074

Received by Title: LICENSEE Date: 12-JUN-2014

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Inspection Report

3.1(c)(1)(1) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Surfaces - Rust

The following enclosures contain self-feeders that are rusted. Some of the feeders have holes rusted through them.

- * The enclosure housing a golden retriever and a golden doodle on the south side.
- * The enclosure housing three golden retrievers on the North side.
- * The enclosure housing two American eskimos on the South side.
- * The enclosure housing three golden retrievers on the Northwest end.

These feeders can no longer be properly cleaned and sanitized in accordance with the regulations. The feeders need to be repaired or replaced to allow for proper cleaning and sanitization. The licensee must ensure that all housing surfaces that are in contact with the animals are free of excessive rust that prevents the required cleaning and sanitization or that affects the structural strength of the surface.

3.1(c)(1)(2) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Surfaces - Sharp Points

The following enclosures have ground wire paneling used to prevent the dogs from digging:

- * The pen housing a golden retriever and a golden doodle on the South side.
- * The pen housing three golden retrievers on the North side.
- * The pen housing a West Highland terrier on the South side.

The ground wire is exposed with sharp points exposed to the dogs causing the potential for injury. The ground wire needs to either be removed, covered, or replaced to prevent injury to the dogs.

3.1(c)(2) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Maintenance and Replacement of Surfaces

The following enclosures have rubber flaps on the shelters for the wind/rain breaks that have been chewed and scratched such that some of them are no longer covering the entrance of the shelters and the flaps can not be properly cleaned and sanitized. Some of the shelters have flaps that are missing.

- * The enclosure housing the standard poodle and golden doodle on the North side is missing a flap.
- * The enclosure housing the golden retriever and golden doodle on the South side
- * The enclosure housing two American eskimos on the South side.

These surfaces need to be maintained or replaced on a regular basis to allow for proper cleaning and sanitizing.

Prepared By:	LYNN CLARKE, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date: 12-JUN-2014
Title:	ANIMAL CARE INSPECT	OR 6074	
Received by Title:	LICENSEE		Date: 12-JUN-2014





Inspection Report

3.1(f) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Drainage

The second enclosure from the east on the north side housing a standard poodle and a golden doodle has mud covering over 50% of the enclosure flooring. The licensee stated that the rain from the storm from two days earlier blew into the enclosure and that she has been trying to get the water/mud to drain from the enclosure. The dogs are soiled with the mud such that over 50% of the dogs are black in color.

Poor drainage and muddy enclosures can play a role in disease transmission and attract vermin and insects. The licensee must ensure the enclosures provided for the dogs are constructed in a manner that allows for proper drainage and waste disposal.

3.7(b) DIRECT

COMPATIBLE GROUPING.

The golden retriever "Blondie" that was injured and a male golden retriever "KJ 's Teddy Boy" were housed with another golden retriever which was domineering over the two. The domineering dog was extremely hyper-active, barked and panted excessively, ran around the pen in circles, and would growl and mount the other two dogs biting and tearing at their undercoat hair. Upon observing this behavior, the inspectors requested the licensee to separate the dogs immediately, which she did. The licensee stated the blonde retriever was injured by this dog soon after putting them in the pen together, but they soon calmed down and she didn' t think it was a problem. Housing dogs together that are incompatible can cause extreme distress, and can eventually cause injuries and other health issues. The licensee must ensure that all animals that are housed together are compatible.

This was corrected at the time of inspection, but the licensee must ensure all animals housed together are compatible from this day forward.

The inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee.

Additional Inspectors

Jirsa-Smith Amy, Animal Care Inspector

Prepared By: LYNN CLARKE, A C I	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date:
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPEC	TOR 6074	12-JUN-2014

Received by Title: LICENSEE Date: 12-JUN-2014



United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
18778	47-A-0444	001	LARRY & PAT PETERS	11-JUN-14

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000030	Canis lupus familiaris	DOG ADULT
000020	Felis silvestris catus	CAT ADULT
000006	Felis silvestris catus	CAT KITTEN
000056	Total	