



Inspection Report

Daniel Pradon Bobbi Pradon
1101 N Tripp Ave.
ODESSA, TX 79763

Customer ID: **3913**

Certificate: **74-B-0708**

Site: 001

Bobbi Pradon & Daniel Pradon

Type: FOCUSED INSPECTION

Date: 03-SEP-2021

2.40(b)(2)

Direct

Repeat

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

***One adult female Nubian ibex is observed to be non-weight bearing on her left front leg. The animal is reluctant to move; when standing she touches her left forefoot on the ground or raises it outward in front of her. When walking, she carries that leg out in front and the gait is affected as she heaves her left forequarter forward. Lameness can be caused by a variety of problems including infection, injury, or other medical conditions and can be painful and distressing and affect the health and well-being of the animal.

The veterinarian evaluated the animal on Aug 27, 2021. She prescribed meloxicam daily for two weeks. She advised the licensee to come to her clinic to discuss weights of the animal so that the correct dose could be prescribed. The licensee picked up the medications on September 2, 2021; however, as of September 3, 2021, the licensee has not begun administration and is therefore not following the veterinarian's recommendation. The licensee needs to begin administration of the medications as prescribed by the veterinarian.

***Three adult female and two adult male white-tailed deer were observed to be thin to emaciated, with protruding hip bones, spine, and ribs. The bones of their spines, hips, and long bones were visible, and each rib was easily seen by both

Prepared By: TAMILA STOTT

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

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08-SEP-2021

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APHIS inspectors upon inspection. They have rough, unthrifty hair coats and overgrown hooves that are affecting the angle of their feet.

The veterinarian evaluated these animals on Aug 27, 2021. She recommended increasing protein and fat in their diets, deworming with ivermectin, and contacting a farrier to address the hoof problems. As of September 3, 2021, the deworming has been started, but a farrier has not been contacted about the feet problems. The licensee has not followed the veterinarian's recommendations. Failure to begin all the veterinarian's directions delays the treatment, prolongs medical issues, and can lead to worsened condition of the animals. Failure to appropriately maintain hooves can cause gait abnormalities which can be painful or cause injuries.

*** At least five adult Nubian Ibex have overgrown hooves affecting the angles of their feet due to a lack of hoof trimming and inappropriate substrate.

The veterinarian evaluated these animals on Aug 27, 2021. She recommended contacting a farrier to address the hoof problems. A farrier has not been contacted, therefore the licensee has not followed the veterinarian's recommendation. Failure to appropriately maintain hooves can cause gait abnormalities which can be painful or cause injuries. The licensee needs to follow the veterinarian's recommendation.

***There is an oryx that has a dark, spherical growth on its brisket area measuring ~5-6" in diameter. The veterinarian recommended this animal be started on meloxicam and antibiotics. She advised the licensee to come to her clinic to discuss weights of the animal so that the correct doses could be prescribed. The licensee picked up the medications on

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September 2, 2021; however, as of September 3, 2021, the licensee has not yet started administering it, therefore the licensee has not followed the veterinarian's recommendation. The licensee needs to administer the medication as prescribed by the veterinarian.

3.80(a)(2)(iii) **Critical** **Repeat**

Primary enclosures.

In the lemur barn, there are two juvenile lemurs that are seen leaving and entering the cage of the parents by squeezing through the metal squares of the enclosure fencing which are 2X4". This gives the animals free roam of the barn, other lemur enclosures, and potentially the outside areas of the facility through windows and doors opened in the barn to facilitate ventilation.

Primary enclosures that do not contain the animals can facilitate escape and/or injury. Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they contain the non-human primates securely.

3.85 **Direct** **Repeat**

Employees.

The facility owner states that he has insufficient staff to provide adequate cleaning, feeding, general husbandry and facility maintenance for all of the non-human primates and other animals. This is evident throughout the facility, as noted in numerous places throughout this report.

Without an adequate labor force, animals and facilities cannot be properly managed, leading to circumstances that compromise the health and well-being of the animals.

Every person subject to the Animal Welfare regulations maintaining non-human primates must have enough employees to

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carry out the required level of husbandry practices and care. The licensee must acquire sufficient help to manage the animals and facilities according to the Animal Welfare regulations.

3.129 Repeat

Feeding.

In a sheltered food storage area, there is a wheeled bin containing a mixture of sweet feed and dried corn that is uncovered, with flies seen in the food. The facility owner states that this feed is used for some of the USDA-regulated species at the facility. Uncovered feed can become contaminated and/or lose nutrient value, leading to animal illness.

Food must be wholesome, palatable and free from contamination and of sufficient nutritive value to maintain all animals in good health; adequate measures must be taken to prevent molding, contamination and deterioration of food.

3.132 Direct Repeat

Employees.

At the time of inspection, the facility owner states that he does not have sufficient help to facilitate adequate animal care and husbandry, cleaning and maintenance of facilities. This is evident in numerous areas of the facility, as noted throughout this report. Without an adequate labor force, animals and facilities cannot be properly managed, leading to circumstances that compromise the health and well-being of the animals.

A sufficient number of adequately trained employees shall be utilized to maintain the professionally acceptable level of husbandry practices set forth in the regulations.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with a facility representative.

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Additional Inspectors:

CYNTHIA DIGESUALDO, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3913	74-B-0708	001	Bobbi Pradon & Daniel Pradon	03-SEP-2021

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	<i>Ateles chamek</i>	BLACK SPIDER MONKEY
000013	<i>Axis axis</i>	AXIS DEER / SPOTTED DEER / CHITAL
000003	<i>Hylobates lar</i>	LAR GIBBON
000012	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000020	<i>Addax nasomaculatus</i>	ADDAX
000025	<i>Axis porcinus</i>	HOG DEER
000001	<i>Ammotragus lervia</i>	BARBARY SHEEP
000004	<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000003	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>	RED DEER
000005	<i>Cervus nippon</i>	SIKA DEER
000001	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT
000005	<i>Muntiacus reevesi</i>	REEVE'S MUNTJAC
000002	<i>Equus grevyi</i>	GREVY'S ZEBRA
000006	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	WHITE-TAILED DEER
000010	<i>Oryx dammah</i>	SCIMITAR-HORNED ORYX
000001	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	<i>Vulpes zerda</i>	FENNEC FOX
000007	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000003	<i>Sapajus appella</i>	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000019	<i>Capra nubiana</i>	NUBIAN IBEX
000144	Total	



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