



## Inspection Report

Peaceable Kingdom  
P.O. Box 147  
Pipersville, PA 18947

Customer ID: **322955**  
Certificate: **23-C-0297**  
Site: 003  
PEACEABLE KINGDOM

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: 16-SEP-2014

### 3.75(b)

#### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Section 3.75(b) Condition and site: The room housing a marmoset, a bushbaby and a ring-tailed lemur has torn floor linoleum by the door and the right corner. There are also tools and cardboard boxes in this corner by the lemur enclosure. These were removed during the inspection. Underneath the row of animal enclosures is an accumulation of dirt and hay that must be removed. The torn floor linoleum allows debris to accumulate and the floor cannot be adequately cleaned. The linoleum on the floor must be repaired and the floor cleaned as part of the proper husbandry practices to keep the animals in a healthy environment.

Correct by September 23, 2014.

### 3.80(b)(2)(1)

#### PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

Section 3.80(b)(2)(i) Minimum space requirements: The marmoset is housed in an enclosure with a height of 15.5 inches. The marmoset requires an enclosure that is at least 20 inches in height. Height is important for climbing non-human primates. The marmoset must be in an enclosure that is at least 20 inches in height to promote species behavior and for its well-being.

Correct by September 23, 2014.

### 3.125(a) REPEAT

#### FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Section 3.125(a) Structural strength: The following areas must be addressed.

1) During this inspection a deer, goat and 3 pigs were inside the perimeter fence around the enclosures housing the wild and exotic animals. These animals were not inside an enclosure but were walking around the animal enclosures. In this area were two large fence panels leaning up against trees with a ladder and pieces of metal underneath. There were also three old rabbit hutches with broken wood and wire that were not used to house animals. The animals had access to these stored and discarded items.

Prepared By: MARY GEIB, D V M USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

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The goat and deer could be injured by the splintered wood and broken wire on the old hutches. The animals could be injured by the leaning fence panels and old metal. These items must be removed to prevent injury to the animals.

2) There is chain link fencing coming up out of the ground where it was buried in the enclosure housing the binturong. There is also a gap between the ground and the chain link around the base of the tree. The binturong may injure itself trying to go under the gap in chain link by the tree and/or injure its legs on the chain link coming up out of the ground. The chain link must be reburied to protect the binturong from injury.

### 3.127(c)

#### FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Section 3.127(c) Drainage: The following areas have an accumulation of water and mud.

1) There is a large muddy area with puddles of water by the gate and water receptacles in the enclosure housing a llama, 4 goats, 4 sheep and equine. The animals have to walk through the mud to get to the water receptacles or move to another enclosure. Walking through mud and water can cause hoof problems such as foot rot. The mud and water can attract insects. The drainage must be improved to rapidly eliminate excess water to prevent muddy conditions and to protect the health of the animals.

2) There is a large muddy area with puddles outside the capybara enclosure. During the inspection a deer, goat and 3 pigs were not in an enclosure but walking within the perimeter fence. These animals had access to the muddy area. The mud and water can attract insects. The drainage must be improved to rapidly eliminate excess water to prevent muddy conditions and to protect the health of the animals.

Correct both by October 1, 2014.

### 3.127(d)

#### FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Section 3.127(d) Perimeter fence: The camel is housed in an enclosure with farm animals that is not within the six foot facility perimeter fence. The camel requires a perimeter fence to restrict animals and unauthorized persons from having contact with him and to act as a secondary containment system. The camel must be housed in an enclosure within the perimeter fence of the facility.

Correct by September 23, 2014.

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**3.131(c) REPEAT**

**SANITATION.**

Section 3.131(c) Housekeeping: The following items must be addressed.

- 1) Fencing, wood, old enclosures, tires, animal crates, and miscellaneous items continue to be stored around the outdoor animal enclosures and perimeter fence. All this clutter provides good hiding places for mammalian pests and prevents vegetation from being cut/trimmed around the enclosure fencing. Animal may be injured when walking through these areas to move to other enclosures or into the transport trailer. Animal areas must be free of clutter and debris to deter pests and for the safety of the animals.
  
- 2) In the capybara enclosure there is a large tub of filthy water. This is its water for bathing and where it defecates. The filthy water may attract insects, smell and be a source of bacteria to cause the capybara to become ill. The water in the tub must be changed more frequently to provide a healthier environment for the capybara and to promote its health.

An exit briefing was conducted with the licensee.

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## Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
322955	23-C-0297	003	PEACEABLE KINGDOM	16-SEP-14

  

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000001	<i>Arctictis binturong</i>	BINTURONG
000002	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	HEDGEHOG
000001	<i>Bos grunniens grunniens domestic</i>	DOMESTIC YAK
000004	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000001	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET
000001	<i>Camelus dromedarius domestic</i>	DOMESTIC DROMEDARY CAMEL
000020	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>	BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG
000001	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER
000003	<i>Dasypus novemcinctus</i>	NINE-BANDED ARMADILLO
000002	<i>Didelphis virginiana</i>	VIRGINIA OPOSSUM
000004	<i>Dolichotis patagonum</i>	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000001	<i>Erethizon dorsatum</i>	NORTH AMERICAN PORCUPINE
000001	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	COMMON BROWN LEMUR
000001	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>	CAPYBARA
000002	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	CAPE PORCUPINE
000001	<i>Lama glama</i>	LLAMA
000002	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	BOBCAT
000001	<i>Macaca fuscata</i>	JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE
000004	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000001	<i>Nasua narica</i>	WHITE-NOSED COATI
000005	<i>Nasuella olivacea</i>	MOUNTAIN COATI
000003	<i>Notamacropus rufogriseus</i>	BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY
000005	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	EUROPEAN RABBIT
000001	<i>Otolemur crassicaudatus</i>	GREATER BUSHBABY
000017	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000006	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>	SUGAR GLIDER
000002	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000007	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000009	<i>Sus domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG
000002	<i>Tamias sibiricus</i>	SIBERIAN CHIPMUNK
<b>000114</b>	<b>Total</b>	