



## Inspection Report

Richard M Evola  
11660 Grass Lake Rd  
Hillsdale, MI 49242

Customer ID: 11268  
Certificate: 34-C-0169  
Site: 002  
RICHARD EVOLA

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: 04-APR-2017

### 2.8 REPEAT

#### NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE OF NAME, ADDRESS, CONTROL, OR OWNERSHIP OF BUSINESS.

The owner of the facility has a red kangaroo and two wallaroos at a different site 1 1/2 hours away.

A licensee shall notify the AC Regional Director by certified mail of any additional sites within 10 days of the change.

Notify the office of any site where animals are held.

### 2.40(a)(1) REPEAT

#### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The owner of the facility does not have a contract with an attending veterinarian. There is no written program of veterinary care with regularly scheduled visits. The licensee stated that he has an appointment with a veterinarian next week.

Each exhibitor shall employ an attending veterinarian. In the case of a part-time veterinarian, the formal arrangements shall include a written program of veterinary care and regularly scheduled visits to the premises of the exhibitor.

A contract with a veterinarian must be acquired. A written program of veterinary care must be developed to ensure that routine veterinary care is being followed by the owner. The program of veterinary care must be updated annually and at any time there are additional species added to the facility. This is to ensure that all animals kept at the facility are maintained in good health.

### 2.40(b)(3) REPEAT

#### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There is a young, female, potbellied pig that the licensee stated had a prolapsed uterus. The licensee stated that he called a veterinarian and discussed it, but there is no record of the call.

Daily observations must be made of all animals to assess their health and well-being. These daily observations can

Prepared By: BONGARD CARRIE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:  
05-APR-2017

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 1053

Received by Title: LICENSEE

Date:  
05-APR-2017



## Inspection Report

---

be made by the licensee as long as there is a method of direct communication with a veterinarian on problems of animal health and well-being.

Records must be kept of all communications with a veterinarian to ensure the veterinarian is aware of all problems of health and well-being of the animals.

### 3.81 REPEAT

#### ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

There is no program for environmental enhancement approved by an attending veterinarian. The licensee stated that he has an appointment with a veterinarian next week.

All exhibitors must develop, document, and follow an appropriate plan for environmental enhancement adequate to promote the psychological well-being of nonhuman primates. The plan must be in accordance with the currently accepted professional standards as cited in appropriate professional journals or reference guides, and as directed by the attending veterinarian.

Develop a program for enrichment for the non-human primates held at the facility. All enrichment must be documented by the facility and the plan must be approved by the attending veterinarian.

### 3.84(b)(2) REPEAT

#### CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The outside primary enclosures for the vervets are made of wood and rusted wire. Rusted metal and wood are not impervious to moisture and therefore cannot be sanitized.

Indoor primary enclosures must be sanitized at least once every 2 weeks and as often as necessary to prevent an excessive accumulation of dirt, debris, waste, food waste, excreta, or disease hazard.

Replace or seal the wire and replace or seal the wood so that it can be sanitized a minimum of once every two weeks for the health of the non-human primates.

### 3.125(a) REPEAT

#### FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The porcupines have buried wire. The porcupines dig below the wire. There is a sharp point from the fencing where the porcupines have been digging. The outside enclosure for the vervets has a cutout for the food

---

Prepared By: BONGARD CARRIE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:  
05-APR-2017

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 1053

Received by Title: LICENSEE

Date:  
05-APR-2017



## Inspection Report

---

receptacle. This cut out has sharp points and the wire is rusty.

Outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury.

Replace or repair the wire to protect the animals from injury.

### **3.127(b) DIRECT REPEAT**

#### **FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.**

The one zebu, 4 sheep, 2 alpaca and 11 goats have bedding in their shelters that is wet and has a large accumulation of urine and feces mixed in.. There are two adult and one juvenile Cape/African Crested porcupines housed outdoors with one small shelter with no bedding in it. The bedding in the camel shelters is wet and muddy.

Shelter appropriate to the local climatic conditions for the species concerned shall be provided for all animals kept outdoors to afford them protection and to prevent discomfort to such animals. A sufficient amount of clean, dry, bedding shall be in each enclosure to create a barrier between the animal and the cold ground.

The temperature today is in the low to mid 40's with the wind at 15-20 mph. It is also spitting a cold rain. Lows for this week are supposed to be in the 20's with highs in the 30's and low 40's. Appropriate shelter for the climactic condition in Michigan must be provided for all animals to give them protection from the elements and prevent discomfort. Bedding shall be sufficient, clean and dry to provide insulation from the cold, wet ground.

### **3.127(c) DIRECT**

#### **FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.**

The camel enclosure has an excess amount of mud in it. The camels legs and under-body are coated in mud. The camels do not have shelter with clean, dry bedding. The camels have to walk through mud to access their food, water and shelter.

A suitable method shall be provided to rapidly eliminate excess water. The method of drainage shall comply with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations relating to pollution control or the protection of the environment.

All captive animals must have access to food, water and shelter without having to walk through large accumulations of mud. With temperatures falling this week and the possibility of snow not having clean dry areas can be detrimental to the health and well-being of the camels.

---

**Prepared By:** BONGARD CARRIE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

**Date:**  
05-APR-2017

**Title:** ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 1053

**Received by Title:** LICENSEE

**Date:**  
05-APR-2017



## Inspection Report

---

To be corrected by April 7 2017.

### 3.127(d) REPEAT

#### FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

There is no perimeter fence for the camels.

All outdoor housing facilities (i.e., facilities not entirely indoors) must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that is of sufficient height, not less than 6' for non-dangerous species, to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. The fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, and so that it can function as a secondary containment system for the animals in the facility.

A perimeter fence must be constructed or a perimeter fence variance must be requested.

This inspection was conducted on 4APR17 with the licensee. The exit interview was conducted with the licensee on 5APR17.

NO REGULATED ACTIVITIES MAY BE CONDUCTED UNTIL A VALID USDA LICENSE IS OBTAINED.

No exhibition of animals or sales of wild or exotic animals can be done until your license is valid.

---

Prepared By: BONGARD CARRIE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:  
05-APR-2017

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 1053

Received by Title: LICENSEE

Date:  
05-APR-2017



## Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
11268	34-C-0169	002	RICHARD EVOLA	04-APR-17

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000001	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG (MOST COMMON PET HEDGEHOG)
000001	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU
000002	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET
000006	<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000015	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000001	<i>Chaetophractus nelsoni</i>	BOLIVIAN HAIRY ARMADILLO
000002	<i>Chinchilla lanigera</i>	CHINCHILLA
000004	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>	VERVET
000001	<i>Cynomys gunnisoni</i>	GUNNISON'S PRAIRIE DOG
000003	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	CAPE PORCUPINE
000002	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000005	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	<i>Mustela putorius furo</i>	DOMESTIC FERRET
000001	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000001	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000004	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000003	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000002	<i>Vulpes zerda</i>	FENNEC FOX
<b>000055</b>	<b>Total</b>	