



Inspection Report

Terry Beal
3259 Water Plant Rd
Maiden, NC 28650

Customer ID: 11079
Certificate: 55-C-0138
Site: 001
TERRY BEAL

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 07-JUL-2014

2.40(a)(1) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The written Program of Veterinary Care does not provide a complete description of the veterinary care to be provided the animals. There is no mention of any routine care to be provided the non-human primates. More description is needed of what kinds of ectoparasite control will be done and how often especially because several of the bovine species have too many flies on them. Dewormers should be listed and dosages given. The section on euthanasia states the veterinarian or the licensee will do euthanasia, but does not say what AVMA approved methods will be used. The written veterinary care program states fecal exams will be done yearly, but this is not done. The licensee and the veterinarian need to describe in writing and full detail what veterinary care will be provided and by whom. Although the licensee and the attending veterinarian have discussed changes to the written Program of Veterinary Care, they have not completed it yet.

2.131(b)(1)

HANDLING OF ANIMALS.

Three capybaras have lived in a dirt floor enclosure for several years. They are provided drinking water in a black rubber tub and they have two turtle shaped kiddie pools for the purposes of soaking. These pools are only 12 inches deep and during this inspection, a capybara was observed in one. It had defecated in the pool and was lying down in the pool. The water level was maybe 4-6 inches deep, inadequate to even get the sides of the capybara wet. Capybaras use water to cool down, for mating, and for foraging for food. The lack of an adequate body of water (large enough and deep enough) for a capybara to submerge its body can lead to overheating, behavioral stress, or unnecessary discomfort. A suitable water source needs to be provided for the capybaras. To be corrected by July 22, 2014.

3.75(c)(3) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The wooden den shelter for the brown capuchin has a layer of old dried feces on the floor of the shelter. Den boxes need to be adequately cleaned in order to prevent disease hazards. The hard surfaces with which nonhuman primates come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized to prevent accumulation of excreta. Clean surfaces daily in order to prevent accumulation of excreta.

Prepared By: KATHERINE WILEY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:
07-JUL-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6038

Received by Title: OWNER

Date:
07-JUL-2014



Inspection Report

3.78(e) REPEAT

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The 4 foot chain link barrier fence in front of one row of primates, including rhesus and snow macaques, and a spider monkey is 39 inches from the fronts of the enclosures. If an adult visitor reaches toward the fence, it is possible to be close enough for the primates to reach out and easily come in contact with visitors. The fence needs to be further away from the non-human primate enclosures so that visitors cannot reach the non-human primates and so the macaques cannot spread potentially dangerous body fluids to the public. The owner has set the steel posts for the new barrier fence however it is not completed at the this time. The barrier fence should be completed for the safety of the macaques and the public.

3.130

WATERING.

The automatic water receptacle that is shared between the aoudads, the 2 llamas, and alpaca has green algae slime in the water on the llama side of the water receptacle. On the aoudad side of the water receptacle there are numerous mosquito larvae. In order to ensure the health and the well-being of the animal s clean water needs to be provided in clean receptacles. Correct by July 8, 2014.

An exit briefing was conducted with the owner.

Additional Inspectors

Macelderry Lisa, Veterinary Medical Officer

Prepared By: KATHERINE WILEY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:
07-JUL-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6038

Received by Title: OWNER

Date:
07-JUL-2014



Species Inspected

| Cust No | Cert No | Site | Site Name | Inspection |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| 11079 | 55-C-0138 | 001 | TERRY BEAL | 07-JUL-14 |
| Count | Scientific Name | Common Name | | |
| 000014 | <i>Ammotragus lervia</i> | BARBARY SHEEP | | |
| 000016 | <i>Antelope cervicapra</i> | BLACKBUCK | | |
| 000001 | <i>Ateles geoffroyi</i> | BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY | | |
| 000003 | <i>Bison bison</i> | AMERICAN BISON | | |
| 000006 | <i>Bos primigenius indicus</i> | ZEBU | | |
| 000005 | <i>Bos taurus</i> | CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI | | |
| 000001 | <i>Bubalus bubalis</i> | ASIATIC WATER BUFFALO | | |
| 000001 | <i>Camelus bactrianus domestic</i> | DOMESTIC BACTRIAN CAMEL | | |
| 000002 | <i>Camelus dromedarius domestic</i> | DOMESTIC DROMEDARY CAMEL | | |
| 000001 | <i>Canis lupus</i> | GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF | | |
| 000038 | <i>Capra hircus</i> | DOMESTIC GOAT | | |
| 000047 | <i>Cavia porcellus</i> | DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG | | |
| 000003 | <i>Cervus c. canadensis</i> | ELK | | |
| 000005 | <i>Cynomys leucurus</i> | WHITE-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG | | |
| 000009 | <i>Dama dama</i> | FALLOW DEER | | |
| 000005 | <i>Dolichotis patagonum</i> | PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA | | |
| 000001 | <i>Equus quagga</i> | BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA | | |
| 000001 | <i>Erythrocebus patas</i> | PATAS MONKEY | | |
| 000003 | <i>Eulemur fulvus</i> | COMMON BROWN LEMUR | | |
| 000001 | <i>Giraffa camelopardalis</i> | GIRAFFE | | |
| 000003 | <i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i> | CAPYBARA | | |
| 000004 | <i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i> | CAPE PORCUPINE | | |
| 000003 | <i>Lama glama</i> | LLAMA | | |
| 000001 | <i>Lama pacos</i> | ALPACA | | |
| 000002 | <i>Lemur catta</i> | RING-TAILED LEMUR | | |
| 000001 | <i>Macaca fuscata</i> | JAPANESE MACAQUE *MALE | | |
| 000002 | <i>Macaca fuscata</i> | JAPANESE MACAQUE / SNOW MACAQUE | | |
| 000002 | <i>Macaca mulatta</i> | RHESUS MACAQUE | | |
| 000002 | <i>Macaca mulatta</i> | RHESUS MACAQUE *MALE | | |
| 000001 | <i>Macaca nemestrina</i> | PIG-TAILED MACAQUE *MALE | | |
| 000002 | <i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i> | HAZEL DORMOUSE | | |
| 000003 | <i>Nasua nasua</i> | SOUTH AMERICAN COATI | | |
| 000015 | <i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i> | EUROPEAN RABBIT | | |
| 000002 | <i>Osphranter rufus</i> | RED KANGAROO | | |
| 000025 | <i>Ovis aries aries</i> | SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS | | |
| 000001 | <i>Papio anubis</i> | OLIVE BABOON | | |
| 000001 | <i>Papio hamadryas</i> | HAMADRYAS BABOON | | |
| 000001 | <i>Sapajus appella</i> | BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN | | |
| 000017 | <i>Sus scrofa domestica</i> | DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG | | |
| 000251 | Total | | | |