# United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

2016082569499743 Insp id

# **Inspection Report**

**Exotic Animal Exhibits** 3238 Hwy 111 S Pinetops, NC 27864

Customer ID: 328949

> Certificate: 55-C-0294

> > Site: 001

**EXOTIC ANIMAL EXHIBITS** 

**ROUTINE INSPECTION** Type:

Date: 30-MAY-2019

#### 2.75(b)(1) **REPEAT**

### **RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.**

Acquisition records for a serval, 2 fennec foxes, a wallaby, a hedgehog, 5 goats, and a ring-tailed lemur were missing (missing required information included name and address, USDA license number or vehicle license number and driver's license number, the date of acquisition, species and number of animals). Lack of accurate information on the acquisition and disposition of animals can compromise a trace-back investigation during a disease outbreak. Every dealer shall make, keep and maintain records which fully and correctly disclose the following information: name and address of person from whom the animals were acquired, USDA license number, vehicle license number and state, and driver's license number.

#### 3.56(b)(1)

#### SANITATION.

The Flemish Giant rabbit's enclosure has evidence of debris and fly strike build-up on the walls of the enclosure. Lack of appropriate cage cleaning and sanitization can lead to disease risks for the rabbit. Primary enclosures for rabbits shall be sanitized at least once every 30 days in the manner provided in paragraph (b)(3) of this section. Correct by 6/13/2019.

#### 3.125(a)

### **FACILITIES, GENERAL.**

The wolf enclosure contains an electrical socket on a post and has an exposed electrical cord leading to a working submerged pool pump plugged into it. Access to electricity, especially with water contact, poses a significant hazard to the wolf housed in this enclosure. Outdoor housing facilities shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury. Correct from this day forward.

# 3.127(a)

# **FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.**

The following enclosures have insufficient shade to allow the animals contained within to protect themselves from direct sunlight: Kangaroos, coati, wolf, serval, goats, sheep and 3 pot bellied pig enclosures. The inability to protect

Prepared By: MCBRIDE MARY ANN, D V M USDA, APHIS, Animal Care Date:

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER 6093

Received by Title: FACILITY OWNER Date: 03-JUN-2019

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themselves from sunlight on this day with temperatures reading between 94 and 96 degrees F at 1330 can quickly cause significant distress, overheating, and heat exhaustion. When sunlight is likely to cause overheating or discomfort of the animals, sufficient shade by natural or artificial means shall be provided. Correct by 6/5/2019.

### 3.127(d)

# FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

\*The perimeter fence surrounding the property does not reach the ground in many areas (1/3 of fence line). The gap ranges between 4 and 5.5 inches. The non-secure perimeter fence does not prevent animals from going under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, which could cause them harm. Per the regulations, the perimeter fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals.

\*The wolf enclosure does not have an 8 foot perimeter fence on one of four sides of the enclosure. There is a 6 foot fence present on that side. Per the regulations, an 8 foot high fence for potentially dangerous animals (wolf) is required.

Correct by 6/27/2019.

### 3.131(d)

#### SANITATION.

Evidence of rodents (holes and droppings) were noted in the wolf, cavy and fox enclosures and the feed room. Excessive numbers of flies were present in the following enclosures: fox, sloth, zebra/watusi/cattle/zebu, kangaroo, camel, three pot-bellied pig enclosures and the feed room. The presence of rodents and flies can lead to disease transmission, which can lead to illness for the animals. A safe and effective program for the control of insects, ectoparasites, and avian and mammalian pests shall be established and maintained. Correct by 6/13/2019.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the facility owner.

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Page 2 of 2

03-JUN-2019



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Customer: 328949 Inspection Date: 30-MAY-19

# **Species Inspected**

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
328949	55-C-0294	001	EXOTIC ANIMAL EXHIBITS	30-MAY-19

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000003	Atelerix albiventris	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG (MOST COMMON PET HEDGEHOG)
000001	Bos primigenuis indicus	ZEBU
000001	Bos primigenuis indicus	ZEBU
000003	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000001	Camelus dromedarius	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000001	Canis lupus	GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF
000012	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000001	Cavia porcellus	DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG
000001	Choloepus hoffmanni	HOFFMANN'S TWO-TOED SLOTH
000001	Dolichotis patagonum	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000001	Equus quagga	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000003	Hystrix cristata	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000001	Lama glama	LLAMA
000005	Lama pacos	ALPACA
000002	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Leptailurus serval	SERVAL
000001	Macropus giganteus	EASTERN GREY KANGAROO
000001	Nasua narica	WHITE-NOSED COATI
000003	Oryctolagus cuniculus	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000002	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO
000002	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000005	Sus scrofa domestica	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000052	Total	