



Inspection Report

Sherrie Ivie
5605 W. Higley Lane
Grantsville, UT 84029

Customer ID: **332743**
Certificate: **87-C-0061**
Site: 001
SHERRIE IVIE

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 12-APR-2024

2.40(b)(2)

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

One brown alpaca had severely overgrown toenails on all four feet causing the nails to curve inward. This alpaca also had overgrown front incisors. Long nails can cause pain and discomfort to the animal. Overgrown incisors can impact the ability of an animal to properly eat and chew. Appropriate methods to treat and prevent overgrown toenails and incisors must be in place to ensure the health and comfort of the animal.
To be corrected by 6/1/24.

2.75(b)

Records: Dealers and exhibitors.

The animal inventory was not up-to date. The ferrets (2) and this year's lambs (3) & kids (14) had not been added, and the dispositions of one racoon and the female muntjac that died were not updated. Records do not contain all of the information as required.

Exhibitors shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose the following information concerning animals purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, leased, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, sold, euthanized, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control. Records shall be made available for review by USDA Officials upon request.

- (b)(1)(i) The name and address of the person from whom the animals were purchased or otherwise acquired;
- (b)(1)(ii) The USDA license or registration number of the person if he or she is licensed or registered under the Act;
- (b)(1)(iii) The vehicle license number and State, and the driver's license number (or photographic identification card for non-drivers issued by a State) and State of the person, if he or she is not licensed or registered under the Act;
- (b)(1)(iv) The name and address of the person to whom an animal was sold or given;
- (b)(1)(v) The date of purchase, acquisition, sale, or disposal of the animal(s);
- (b)(1)(vi) The species of the animal(s); and
- (b)(1)(vii) The number of animals in the shipment.

To be corrected by 5/1/24,

Prepared By: ANN GOPLEN

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:
16-APR-2024

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL
OFFICER

Received by Title: Licensee

Date:
16-APR-2024



Inspection Report

2.131(a) Critical

Handling of animals.

A white wallaby joey (male, DOB~11/11/22) died on July 15, 2023 after being purchased at auction on July 12, 2023 in Macon, MO and transported back to the facility. The licensee did not collect the care package (milk replacer, bottle, and hay) and feeding instruction sheet provided by the seller. The joey had been inspected by a veterinarian on 7/10/23 prior to travel to the sale. The licensee fed the joey non-specific milk replacer on the trip from Missouri to Utah and switched to kangaroo milk replacer once home. The joey was found dead the morning of 7/15/2023. The animal was not seen by a veterinarian after the sale prior to death nor necropsied thus the cause of death is unknown. The licensee did not demonstrate that she understood the proper nutritional, feeding, and handling requirements of a joey of this age. Improper milk replacer and feeding schedules can result in GI disturbances, dehydration, over/underfeeding, malnutrition, and developmental problems. Lack of attention to sterilization of feeding utensils can lead to diarrhea. Dehydration can also be caused by excessive or stressful handling. These deficiencies can lead to illness and death.

All licensees who maintain wild or exotic must demonstrate adequate experience and knowledge of the species they maintain. Lack of knowledge of this species was a contributing factor in the death of the wallaby joey.

To be corrected by: 5/1/2024

3.125(a) Repeat

Facilities, general.

The bottom rail of the fence along the west edge of the enclosure containing 3 adult dromedary camels was broken and not attached to the fence poles. This could lead to entrapment of a camel causing injury or death.

The corrugated metal wall (west side) of the shed in the male goat and sheep (6) pen was not attached to the wood columns and the animals were able to move the wall. The animals could become entrapped under the loose metal wall or cut/injure themselves on the unsecured edge.

The short shelter in the northeast corner of the goat and sheep (20) pen was in disrepair and falling down. Loose boards and roofing material could entrap or injure the animals.

All buildings must be strong enough and appropriate for the animals housed within and be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and harm.

3.131(a)

Sanitation.

Two ferrets were housed in an upright cage with fecal material caked around the edges of the platforms. No litter box was present for their use.

The lower level of the hedgehog (2) cage was filled with piles of loose spilled feed material. The hedgehogs did not have access to this level.

A buildup of fecal or waste feed material can result in animal or feed contamination, odors, pest infestation, and increase the risk of disease.

Fecal material must be removed and enclosures cleaned as often as necessary to prevent contamination of the animals, reduce odors, and disease hazards.

To be corrected by 4/22/24.

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3.131(c) Critical

Sanitation.

In the outdoor pens (llama & alpacas, pig, cattle, zebu, sheep, goats; 47) there were lengths of poly twine on the ground. One female muntjac died on 3/23/24 and necropsy listed the cause of death as starvation most likely due to the large foreign body in her stomach consisting of twisted rope intertwined with smaller pieces of twine. Twine and other debris can be ingested or cause physical injury or entrapment which could lead to serious injury, severe malnutrition, and death.

In one pen containing sheep/lambs and goat/kids (5) there was a broken-up ladder-like wooden structure and a piece of the metal hay feeder on the ground. Animals could injure themselves or become entrapped in these items.

Trash and debris, especially poly twine and other items that can be ingested, must be cleared from pens to protect animal health. Premises must be kept clean and in good repair to protect the animals from injury.

To be corrected by 4/22/24.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representatives.

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
332743	87-C-0061	001	SHERRIE IVIE	12-APR-2024

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000029	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000006	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000018	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000013	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000004	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	RED FOX (INCLUDES SILVER FOX & CROSS FOX)
000002	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>	CAPYBARA
000004	<i>Dolichotis patagonum</i>	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000003	<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000001	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>	INDIAN MUNTJAC
000001	<i>Lama glama</i>	LLAMA
000005	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000001	<i>Notamacropus rufogriseus</i>	BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY
000002	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000001	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000001	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU
000001	<i>Erethizon dorsatum</i>	NORTH AMERICAN PORCUPINE
000010	<i>Gallus gallus domesticus</i>	DOMESTIC CHICKEN (INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS / TURKIN / COCK / HEN / ROOSTER)
000001	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000002	<i>Dromaius novaehollandiae</i>	EMU
000003	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG
000003	<i>Cavia porcellus</i>	DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG
000001	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000002	<i>Mustela putorius furo</i>	DOMESTIC FERRET
000116	Total	