



Inspection Report

SHIRLEY FARMS
2557 SOUTH BLUFF RD
OBION, TN 38240

Customer ID: **44856**
Certificate: **63-C-0201**
Site: 001
SHIRLEY FARMS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 11-JUL-2022

2.40(b)(2) Critical

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

The facility needs to ensure the availability of emergency, weekend and holiday care for the animals. In March of 2022 a female camel went into labor on a Saturday. She was having trouble calving and it was determined that the calf was dead. The licensee attempted to call his attending veterinarian but she was out of town and could not be reached. Another licensee helped him pull the dead calf and the licensee treated the female camel with a sulfur bolus and gave her injectable antibiotics. She died four hours later. Veterinary assistance needs to be available to ensure the use of appropriate methods to diagnose and treat diseases and injuries including the use of pain control medications. The facility shall use appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries and ensure the availability of emergency, weekend and holiday care. Correct by 7/13/22.

2.134

Contingency planning.

The facility has not yet developed and documented a contingency plan. Such a plan helps provide for the humane handling, treatment, transportation, housing and care of the animals in the event of an emergency or disaster. The facility shall develop, document and follow an appropriate contingency plan that identifies situations that trigger the plan, the

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tasks required to be carried out in response, addresses how response and recovery will be handled and identifies a chain of command/who is responsible for fulfilling the tasks. Correct by 7/31/22.

3.77(a)

Sheltered housing facilities.

The sheltered housing facilities (inside portion) for the non-human primates need to be cooled during the hot summer temperatures currently occurring (mid to high 90s). The temperatures measured indoors on Monday were 94.6 degrees at 4:30pm and 91.8 degrees at 6:00pm (Kestrel). On Tuesday morning at 9:30 am the temperature was already at 85.4 degrees. Adequate temperature control is necessary to prevent heat stress on the monkeys. The ambient temperature in the sheltered part of the facility must not rise above 85 degrees for more than 4 consecutive hours when non-human primates are present. Correct by August 1, 2022.

3.84(c)

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

The outdoor sections of the sheltered housing facilities for the spider monkeys and snow macaques have overgrown thick green grass growing in them (six inches high) and around the outside of them. These grassy areas may harbor pests/parasites such as for example ticks and also make it difficult to see food waste and excreta that may need to be cleaned/removed from the enclosure. The grass had been trimmed about a month ago but needs to be trimmed more frequently during the growing season. Grass must be controlled so as to facilitate cleaning of the premises and pest control. Correct by 7/18/22.

3.125(a)

Repeat

Facilities, general.

Several outdoor housing areas of the facility are in need of maintenance.

*The fencing of the goat enclosure around the shade/shelter structure (roofed area) has openings large enough that goats

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are able to go through the openings. If they do this at the front portion of the affected area, they will have access to the drive and eventually the road which may lead to injury or escape. During the inspection two goats were noted outside of the enclosure. One goat was seen reentering the enclosure through one of the openings.

*The shelter structure for the deer has sustained damage to the wood floor at the entrance of the structure. There is a loose section of wood and a missing piece of wood that the deer may injure their feet/legs on if they step in the affected area while entering or exiting the structure.

*The alpaca and llama currently have access to a stall in the large barn. Along the side of the barn in this enclosure the ground has eroded away leaving a steep dropoff. There is sunlight visible between the dirt ground and the lowest board of the wall of the barn. In addition, there is a piece of wood on the ground with a sharp exposed corner. One llama was lying in this area when the inspector entered the barn. The animals may injure themselves if they get a body part such as a limb caught between the wood and the ground or get wedged into this area.

*There are currently two main outdoor pastures that open off of the large barn. The larger pasture/outdoor enclosure consists of an older standard four foot livestock fence. This fence is not strong enough/secure enough to house the zebra which currently has access to this enclosure along with a zedonk and donkeys. Zebra are strong animals with a natural flight response and can test fences and jump fences if stressed which may lead to injury and/or escape.

The outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

3.131(a)

Sanitation.

The large barn housing the alpacas, llama and zebra along with the donkeys and zedonk needs to be cleaned. Alpaca/llama excreta has accumulated on the ground in the stall area they were seen lying down in. Equine excreta has accumulated on the ground of the two aisles used by the zebra and donkeys. The licensee stated that cleaning the barn was already on

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his maintenance to do list. Regular cleaning is necessary to prevent contamination of the animals contained therein and to minimize disease hazards and reduce odors. Correct by 7/31/22.

3.131(c)

Sanitation.

The pasture surrounded by the 8ft high fence and currently housing the alpaca and llama is overgrown with thick bushy weeds (up to 1 foot tall). The ground is not visible. The weeds may harbor pests/parasites such as for example ticks and rodents and also make it difficult to see excreta that may need to be cleaned/removed from the enclosure. In addition, the animals may not wish to venture outside due to the prickly nature of some of the weeds. The weeds must be controlled in order to protect the animals from injury and to facilitate the prescribed husbandry practices and pest control. Correct by 7/18/22.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee and his wife.

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
44856	63-C-0201	001	SHIRLEY FARMS	11-JUL-2022

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>	COMMON MARMOSET
000002	<i>Macaca fuscata</i>	JAPANESE MACAQUE / SNOW MACAQUE
000002	<i>Ateles geoffroyi</i>	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY
000024	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000009	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000006	<i>Dama dama</i>	FALLOW DEER
000001	<i>Equus quagga</i>	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000002	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000001	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000001	<i>Lama glama</i>	LLAMA
000050	Total	