

CRADZAI INS-000986685

Inspection Report

Henry Hampton Customer ID: 3271

14235 Hwy 801 Certificate: **55-B-0069**Mount Ulla, NC 28125

Site: 003

THE FARM AT WALNUT CREEK

Type: RE-LICENSE INSPECTION

Date: 16-APR-2024

2.40(b)(2)

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

The program of veterinary (PVC) authorizes the use of succinylcholine as the primary drug for tranquilization (without any drugs for anesthesia or analgesia or equipment for respiratory support) for the majority of species including: Water Buffalo, Tahr Goat, Aoudad, Axis Deer, Sika Deer, Grevy and Grants Zebra, Nilgai, Fallow Deer, Eland, and Elk. The attending veterinarian and farm manager stated succinylcholine is used without the veterinarian present in some cases. The facility has endotracheal tubes on site for use when the veterinarian is present. The equipment on site for use for ventilatory support by the facility when the veterinarian is not present include a face mask, ambulatory bag, and oxygen tank.

Succinylcholine is a paralytic agent that has no analgesic (pain relieving) or tranquilizing properties. The use of this drug for routine non-painful procedures in the absence of anesthesia to alter conscious awareness is considered distressful to the animal. In addition to the distress of paralysis while maintaining consciousness, this type of drug can also paralyze respiratory muscles causing animals to stop breathing, and if animals are not properly ventilated they can die of suffocation while they remain conscious. There are numerous alternative drugs and drug combinations available which are able to chemically restrain animals (without causing paralysis) while providing anesthesia and analgesia. Because of their distressing effects, narrow safety margin, and associated risk of mortality, the use of paralytic or neuromuscular-blocking drugs without direct veterinary administration, oversight and care (including the use of general anesthesia and respiratory support) is not consistent with providing adequate veterinary care.

The licensee must maintain a program of adequate veterinary care that includes the use of appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries to comply with the provisions of adequate veterinary care as required by the Animal Welfare Act. This lack of adequate care can compromise the health of these animals and is likely to result in unnecessary pain and distress to the animals and/or death. Correct by working with your attending veterinarian to identify and implement a more appropriate chemical immobilization protocol that provides adequate care for all species being handled; this written protocol must address dose, frequency, and route of administration of each drug for each species if not specifically labelled by the manufacturer. Documentation of all changes or modifications to the current program of veterinary care including the plan for chemical restraint must maintained by the facility and provided to APHIS Officials upon request.

2.40(b)(3)

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

Prepared By:	Date:		
		USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	29-APR-2024

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL

OFFICER

Received by Title: Facility Representative Date: 29-APR-2024



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The umbrella cockatoo has feather loss on the right shoulder and chest. The area of feather loss is approximately two inches long by one inch in width.

Lack of accurate daily observations and prompt communication with the attending veterinarian can lead to delayed diagnosis and treatment of animal disease and injuries.

Each dealer or exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care that include daily observation of all animals to assess their health and well-being; Provided, however, that daily observation of animals may be accomplished by someone other than the attending veterinarian; and Provided, further, That a mechanism of direct and frequent communication is required so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior, and well-being is conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

2.75(b)(1)

Records: Dealers and exhibitors.

- -The facility has acquired and sold animals to and from individuals and they do not have USDA license numbers or addresses. These animals include, but are not limited to, six aoudad, one blackbuck, two yaks, one zebra and eight dromedary camels.
- -There are three red kangaroos on hand at the facility that are not listed on the record of animals on hand. A USDA license is required for acquisition records for, if required to be licensed, and addresses for both acquisition and dispositions records are required to ensure all animals can be traced and tracked in the case of disease outbreak and to ensure all parties that require a USDA license hold a valid license. All animals held by the facility must be documented as animals on hand to ensure all animals at the facility are inspected for compliance with the Animals Welfare Act. Every dealer other than operators of auction sales and brokers to whom animals are consigned, and exhibitor shall make. keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose the following information concerning animals other than dogs and cats, purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, leased, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, sold, euthanized, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control. These records shall include the name and address of the person from whom the animals were purchased or otherwise acquired: The USDA license or registration number of the person if he or she is licensed or registered under the Act; The vehicle license number and State, and the driver's license number (or photographic identification card for nondrivers issued by a State) and State of the person, if he or she is not licensed or registered under the Act; The name and address of the person to whom an animal was sold or given; The date of purchase, acquisition, sale, or disposal of the animal(s); The species of the animal(s); and the number of animals in the shipment.

2.131(c)(1)

Handling of animals.

The public is permitted to walk directly up the primary enclosures containing several species of animals. This includes camels, sheep, goats, kangaroo, muntjac deer, mini-zebu cattle, and several bird species. These animals are housed in multiple areas including the walk-through area of the zoo, the production barn, the dairy barn, and the camel pasture, all of which are open to the public. There are no barriers or signs present to discourage public contact and the guests are encouraged to feed food sold at the entry gate. There are attendants but because of the large area there were many instances when guests were able to walk directly up to enclosures and pet the animals. Primary enclosure fences are made of material with spaces large enough for the guests to reach through and touch the animals. Unattended public contact does not ensure safe public interaction with these animals. Licensees must ensure that during

	CHRISTINA RADZAI VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date: 29-APR-2024	
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periods of public exhibition animals are handled with sufficient distance and/or barriers between the animal and the general viewing public so as to assure the safety of animals and the public. Correct by placing barriers to prevent public contact with these animals or by ensuring that an adequate number of attendants are present at each of these locations to ensure the safety of both the public and the animals.

2.131(d)(2)

Handling of animals.

The facility has attendants but, because of the large area, there were several instances when there were no attendants present in the vicinity during public contact and guests were able to walk directly up to enclosures to pet the animals. This includes camels, sheep, goats, kangaroo, muntjac deer, mini-zebu cattle, and several bird species housed in multiple areas including the walk-through area of the zoo, the production barn, the dairy barn, and the camel pasture, all of which are open to the public.

Unattended public contact does not ensure safe public interaction with these animals.

The licensee must ensure attendants are present at all time during periods of public contact.

2.132(d)

Procurement of dogs, cats, and other animals; dealers.

The facility has acquired at least one zebra, one red kangaroo and four dromedary camels from facilities that do not have a USDA license listed on the acquisition information.

Licenses for the acquisition and disposition of wild and exotic animals must be obtained to ensure that all facilities are licensed and being inspected for compliance with the animal welfare act.

No dealer or exhibitor shall knowingly obtain any dog, cat, or other animal from any person who is required to be licensed but who does not hold a current, valid, and unsuspended license.

3.75(c)(1)

Housing facilities, general.

The floor of the shelter in the primary enclosure for the six ring-tailed lemurs is made of cement. The cement floor is absorbing the water used for cleaning.

Structural surfaces that the ring-tailed lemurs have contact with must be maintained so that they can be readily sanitized to prevent odor and disease hazards.

The surfaces of housing facilities including perches, shelves, swings, boxes, houses, dens, and other furniture- type fixtures or objects within the facility – must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized or removed or replaced when worn or soiled. Furniture-type fixtures or objects must be sturdily constructed and must be strong enough to provide for the safe activity and welfare of nonhuman primates. Floors may be made of dirt, absorbent bedding, sand, gravel, grass, or other similar material that can be readily cleaned, or can be removed or replaced whenever cleaning does not eliminate odors, diseases, pests, insects, or vermin.

3.127(a)

Facilities, outdoor.

There was no shade for the 3 giraffes in the outdoor giraffe pen. The pen consisted of a dirt floor with no trees or vegetation. The pen is connected to the barn but the barn door was closed so was not accessible.

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Failure to provide shade from sunlight can result in stress due to overheating.

The facility must provide sufficient shade by natural or artificial means to allow animals kept outdoors to protect themselves from direct sunlight.

3.127(b)

Facilities, outdoor.

There was no shelter provided to 3 giraffes and approximately 30 Angora goats. The giraffes were in the outdoor pen which is connected to a barn but the barn door was closed preventing access. The goats were housed in an outdoor pen with no shelter structures available.

Failure to provide shelter from inclement weather can result in discomfort to the animals during wind, rain, snow, or other hazardous conditions.

The facility must provide natural or artificial shelter appropriate to the local climatic conditions for all animals kept outdoors to afford them protection and to prevent discomfort to such animals.

3.152(b)

Facilities, outdoor

There was no shelter provided to 3 ducks in the moat of the lemur enclosure. There was no shelter provided to 8 ducks, 1 chicken, and 3 pheasants in the walk-through aviary. There was no shelter provided to 2 mute swans. There was no shelter provided to 2 running ducks and 2 cranes.

Failure to provide shelter from inclement weather can result in discomfort to the animals during wind, rain, snow, or other hazardous conditions.

The facility must provide natural or artificial shelter appropriate to the local climatic conditions for all animals kept outdoors to protect the birds from any adverse weather conditions. Shelters must be adequately ventilated in hot weather and have one or more separate areas of shade to prevent their discomfort from direct sunlight, precipitation, or wind.

3.153(a)(1)(i)

Primary enclosures.

The primary enclosure housing six fantail pigeons on the left and six fantail pigeons of the right is in disrepair with sharp points. The enclosure housing six pigeons on the left has a V piece of wood that is missing on the lower left wall and the nails are sticking out of the wall into the enclosure. The primary enclosure on the right housing six pigeons has a similar V piece of wood that is missing in the lower left wall and has nails sticking out of the wall into the enclosure.

Lack of proper maintenance of facilities and not recognizing facility maintenance issues can lead to injury of the birds contained in the primary enclosure.

Primary enclosures must be designed and constructed of suitable materials so that they are structurally sound. The primary enclosures must be kept in good repair. Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they no sharp points or edges that could injure the birds.

This is a 1st Re-License Inspection for a Class "B" license.

The inspection and exit briefing were conducted with the applicant.

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All items must be in compliance within 2 more inspections or by June 16, 20	2024 or the applicant will forfeit the license fee
and must wait 6 months to reapply.	

Please contact your inspector to schedule your next Re-License Inspection.

Regulated activity can continue under your existing USDA license until it expires.

Additional Inspectors:

CARRIE BONGARD, ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Prepared By: CHRISTINA RADZAI Date:

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care **Title:** VETERINARY MEDICAL

OFFICER

Received by Title: Facility Representative Date:

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United States Department of Agriculture Customer: 3271

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Inspection Date: 16-Apr-2024

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3271	55-B-0069	003	THE FARM AT WALNUT CREEK	16-APR-2024

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
800000	Bos taurus	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000054	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000032	Sus scrofa domestica	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000083	Ovis aries aries	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000027	Axis axis	AXIS DEER / SPOTTED DEER / CHITAL
000136	Dama dama	FALLOW DEER
000005	Muntiacus reevesi	REEVE'S MUNTJAC
000007	Bison bison	AMERICAN BISON
000021	Lama glama	LLAMA
000003	Giraffa camelopardalis	GIRAFFE
000009	Cervus canadensis	ELK / WAPITI
000006	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Camelus bactrianus	BACTRIAN CAMEL
000007	Equus quagga	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000007	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO
000002	Boselaphus tragocamelus	NILGAI
000002	Bos primigenuis indicus	ZEBU
000010	Anas platyrhynchos domesticus	DOMESTIC DUCK INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000013	Cairina moschata	MUSCOVY DUCK
000002	Antilope cervicapra	BLACKBUCK
000002	Antilope cervicapia	DOMESTIC CHICKEN (INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS /
000056	Gallus gallus domesticus	TURKIN / COCK / HEN / ROOSTER)
000009	Dromaius novaehollandiae	EMU
000003	Rhea americana	GREATER RHEA / AMERICAN RHEA
000006	Chrysolophus pictus	GOLDEN PHEASANT
000000	Cacatua moluccensis	SALMON-CRESTED COCKATOO / MOLUCCAN COCKATOO
000001	Cacatua illoidecensis Cacatua alba	WHITE COCKATOO / UMBRELLA COCKATOO
000001	Branta hutchinsii	CACKLING GOOSE
000004	Syrmaticus ellioti	ELLIOT'S PHEASANT
000001	Ara ararauna	BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW / BLUE-AND-GOLD MACAW
000002	Cygnus olor	MUTE SWAN
000002	Cygnus oloi	INDIAN PEAFOWL / COMMON PEAFOWL / PEAHEN /
000009	Pavo cristatus	PEACOCK
000004	Anser caerulescens	SNOW GOOSE
000004	Callipepla gambelii	GAMBEL'S QUAIL
000010	Сатреріа датірет	DOMESTIC GUINEAFOWL / HELMETED GUINEAFOWL /
000002	Numida meleagris	PEARL HEN
000004	Branta canadensis	CANADA GOOSE
000004	Columba livia domestica	DOMESTIC PIGEON INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000020	Meleagris gallopavo domesticus	DOMESTIC FIGLON INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000001	Lophura swinhoii	SWINHOE'S PHEASANT
	Phasianus colchicus	
000006 000004		RING-NECKED PHEASANT / COMMON PHEASANT SILVER PHEASANT
	Lophura nycthemera	
000003	Chrysolophus amherstiae Anser anser domesticus	LADY AMHERST'S PHEASANT
000002	Anser anser domesticus	DOMESTIC GOOSE
000002	Balearica regulorum	GRAY CROWNED-CRANE / AFRICAN CROWNED-CRANE / GOLDEN CROWNED-CRANE
		OOLDEN GROWNED-GRANE

000598 **Total**



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