



## Inspection Report

Adam Grove  
David Grove  
Eric Grove  
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18733 330th Ave  
Unionville, IA 52594

Customer ID: **24191**  
Certificate: **42-A-1093**  
Site: 001  
DAVID,GLENDA,,ERIC,& ADAM GROVE  
Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: 24-OCT-2016

### 2.40(a)(1)

#### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The facility has a Program of Veterinary Care but it is not complete. Under the vaccination section there is no indication of the age of the puppies when they receive the vaccinations.

Listed in the ectoparasite section are only the words "Frontline" and "Ivermectin". There is no indication of how often these treatments are given, the route of administration, and the dosage for each product.

Listed in the blood parasite section is only the word "Ivermectin". There is no indication of how often this product is given, the route of administration, and the dosage for this product.

Listed under the intestinal parasite section are the words "Strongid" "Panacur" and "Albon". There is no indication of how often these products are given to the adult dogs and how often these products are given to the puppies. There is also no route of administration or dosage for these products.

The Program of Veterinary Care must be properly completed with the practices that are currently conducted at the facility to ensure that the dogs are receiving the veterinary care that is approved by the attending veterinarian. The applicant must consult with the attending veterinarian to amend the Program of Veterinary Care to reflect the age of puppies when they receive the vaccinations and the dosage, frequency, and route of administration for every product listed under the ectoparasite, blood parasite, and intestinal parasite sections.

Correction date: November 07, 2016

### 2.40(b)(2)

#### ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

A female Great Dane ("Daisy", 0A01375173) was injured during a fight with another dog. The licensee had consulted with the attending veterinarian on the care of the dog after the incident. The veterinarian told the licensee to give the dog 5-6cc's of penicillin every other day for an 8 day period and to treat the wounds with Vetericyn spray.

Prepared By: KELLY MAXWELL, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

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The dog received the first penicillin treatment on October 10th and the last treatment on October 18th. At the time of the inspection the left front leg has a significant amount of swelling midway down the leg in an area that received numerous lacerations. Physical examination by the inspector revealed that this area of swelling was much hotter to the touch than other areas of the dog's leg and body. The licensee has not had the condition of this dog's leg re-evaluated by the veterinarian.

A female Great Dane ("Blue Velvet", 0A02025018) has discharge coming from both eyes. The lower eyelid on both eyes is drooping and the hair surrounding both eyes is wet and is becoming thickly coated with the discharge. The discharge from the right eye has a yellowish color. The licensee stated that this dog had surgery on her upper eye lids at some point during this year. The dog is not currently receiving any treatment approved by a licensed veterinarian for her eyes.

A female Mastiff ("Sansa Stark", 0A02036007) has discharge coming from both eyes. The discharge is yellow in color and is located beneath both eyes. The left eye has a significant amount of discharge that is attached to the hair beneath the eye and the hair directly under this eye is wet. The hair beneath the right eye is also wet and has a large amount of yellow discharge attached to the hair and in the corner of the eye. A strand of the discharge is across the eye and attached to the upper eyelid. The licensee had not noticed the condition of this dog's eyes.

Poor eye health could cause pain and discomfort to the dog. Areas of swelling on the body could also cause pain and discomfort to the dog and could indicate an underlying health issue. The above mentioned dogs must be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a proper diagnosis and effective treatment plan. The diagnosis and treatment plan must be documented in writing and available to the inspector upon request. The licensee must provide all dogs with adequate veterinary care at all times.

Correction date: End of business October 26, 2016

### 3.1(a)

#### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In one indoor enclosure containing one adult female Great Dane and four puppies, there is a heat lamp hanging down into the enclosure. The glass bulb in the heat lamp has no protective guard and the heat lamp is hanging so low that it touches the adult dog's side when she is standing. Failure to have a protective guard on the heat lamp may cause the bulb to break if the adult dog came into contact with it and the broken glass could cause injury. Direct contact with the bulb could also cause burns to the adult dog.

Housing facilities for dogs must be designed and constructed in a manner that protects the dogs from injury. The licensee must remove the heat lamp, or raise it to a level that will not allow the adult dog to reach it, or add a protective guard to the heat lamp.

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Correction date: October 28, 2016

There are at least three outdoor enclosures, containing a total of six adult dogs and two puppies, which have multiple sharp points. The majority of the sharp points are created by broken wire fencing surrounding the shade trees located within the enclosures. In one of these enclosures the sharp points were found on broken fencing in a corner near the grapevines. All of the sharp points are located at the level of the dogs. Contact with sharp points could cause injury to the dogs.

Surfaces of housing facilities must be free of sharp points and jagged edges. The licensee must remove the sharp points or alter them in a manner that eliminates the injury risk towards the dogs. The licensee must ensure that the enclosures remain safe for the animals at all times.

Correction date: November 07, 2016

### 3.1(c)(2)

#### HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In at least two outdoor enclosures, containing a total of four adult dogs, the wood frames around the access doors of the shelters have been excessively chewed and shredded. In one outdoor enclosure, containing eight puppies, the plywood around the door frame has also been excessively chewed and shredded. In this same enclosure the puppies have chewed a hole through the plywood and insulation in the wall. Chewed and damaged surfaces cannot be properly cleaned and sanitized which could increase the risk of disease towards the dogs.

All surfaces of housing facilities must be maintained on a regular basis and any surface that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized must be replaced when worn or soiled. The licensee must repair, replace, or alter the damaged areas in a manner that allows the surfaces to be properly cleaned and sanitized. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces remain in good repair at all times.

Correction date: December 24, 2016

### 3.4(a)(1)(iii)

#### OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The licensee is housing twenty-one puppies in outdoor enclosures. The licensee has a statement from the previous attending veterinarian approving puppies to be housed outside. There is no statement from the current attending

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veterinarian approving the housing of puppies in outdoor enclosures. Extreme outdoor temperatures and weather could have a detrimental effect on puppies. It is necessary that the attending veterinarian has knowledge of and approves that puppies are housed in outdoor enclosures in order to ensure that this is appropriate for their breed and age and to protect their health and well-being.

The following categories of dogs must not be kept in outdoor facilities, unless the practice is specifically approved by the attending veterinarian: sick, infirm, aged or young dogs. The licensee must consult with the attending veterinarian concerning approval to house puppies in outdoor enclosures. The approval must be documented in writing and available to the inspector upon request.

Correction date: End of business October 26, 2016

### 3.6(c)(2)

#### PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

There are at least four puppies under four months of age that are currently housed in outdoor enclosures with adult dogs that are not their dam or foster dam. One enclosure contains one eight week old puppy and one twelve week old puppy along with two adult dogs. Another enclosure contains one twelve week old puppy and one thirteen week old puppy along with two adult dogs. Housing puppies with adults that are not the dam or foster dam can result in excessive aggression from the adults towards the puppies and this aggression could result in serious injuries to the puppies.

Puppies under four months of age may not be housed in the same primary enclosure with adult dogs, other than the dam or foster dam. The licensee must house these puppies in enclosures that do not contain adult dogs, other than the dam or foster dam, in order to ensure their health and well-being.

Correction date: October 31, 2016

### 3.9(b)

#### FEEDING.

In at least one outdoor enclosure, containing two dogs, the food receptacle is a metal self-feeder. In the section of the feeder that the dogs eat from there is a significant amount of dried, caked feed. The caked feed has hair sticking to it and when it broke apart a white mold was found growing on the bottom of it.

In one outdoor enclosure, containing three puppies, the food receptacle is a metal self-feeder. In the section of the feeder the puppies eat from there is a significant amount of dried, caked feed beneath the fresh feed. While moving

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the fresh feed from the top of the caked feed, the inspector observed a white mold growing on top of the caked feed. Food contaminated by mold may have a negative impact on the health of the dogs.

Measures must be taken to ensure that there is no molding, deterioration, and caking of feed. The licensee must remove the caked and moldy feed from the self-feeders. The licensee must ensure that all feed remains free of caking and contamination at all times.

Correction date: October 28, 2016

### 3.11(b)(2)

#### **CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.**

Within at least one shelter in one outdoor enclosure, containing three adult dogs, there is a heavy buildup of dirt and cobwebs. There is a heavy buildup of dirt along the interior walls of this shelter and a large amount of cobwebs coated with dirt and dust hanging from the entire ceiling of the shelter.

Within the shelter of one enclosure, containing two puppies, there is also a heavy buildup of cobwebs coated with dirt and dust hanging from the ceiling and located in the upper corners. The buildup of dirt, dust and cobwebs could increase the disease risk towards the dogs.

All primary enclosures must be sanitized at least once every two weeks or more often if necessary to prevent the buildup of dirt, grime, food waste, debris, and other disease hazards. The licensee must clean and sanitize the interior surfaces of these shelters. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of primary enclosures remain free of the accumulation of cobwebs, dirt, grime and any other disease hazards.

Correction date: November 07, 2016

Inspection and exit interview conducted with Kelly Maxwell, ACI, Jessica Smith, veterinary student extern, and the facility representative.

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## Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
24191	42-A-1093	001	DAVID,GLENDA,,ERIC,& ADAM GROVE	24-OCT-16

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000059	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOMESTIC DOG
<b>000059</b>	<b>Total</b>	