

**TSTOTT** INS-0000892047

## **Inspection Report**

City Of Clovis Customer ID: 3489

Certificate: 85-C-0006 500 Sycamore Street Clovis. NM 88101

Site: 001

CITY OF CLOVIS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 06-SEP-2023

### 2.134(c)

#### Contingency planning.

Although the facility conducted initial training covering the Contingency Plan when first implemented, two newer employees that started work more than 30 days ago had not yet received this training as of the date of inspection. All employees that have a role or responsibilities in the plan must be trained on the plan to help avoid animal discomfort, illness, injury or death in the event of an emergency or disaster. The licensee must ensure that new employees receive contingency plan training within 30 days of their start date and must document this training for all new employees. Contingency plans, as well as all annual review documentation and training records, must be made available to APHIS and any funding Federal agency representatives upon request.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 09/22/2023

3.125(a) Repeat

#### Facilities, general.

The primary enclosure housing one, adult male spotted hyena has sharp points; the metal panels on the side of the primary enclosure fence closest to the zoo entrance are held together by sheet metal screws with uncovered points that protrude inward where animal contact is possible.

Sharp points inside primary enclosures pose an injury risk for animals. The licensee must ensure that primary enclosures are constructed in a manner and of such material and of such strength as appropriate for the animals involved and that they are maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

## 3.127(c)

#### Facilities, outdoor.

The enclosure housing one adult, male bactrian camel has two damaged automatic waterers that caused water and mud to accumulate to a depth of ~3-5" to form an area of ~4-6' around each waterer. There is no dry area through which the animal can approach to drink.

Inadequately drained areas may contribute to proliferation of insects, harbor harmful microbes, and cause animals to develop foot or skin conditions from excessive moisture on the legs. The licensee must ensure that excess water does not accumulate and is rapidly eliminated from enclosures. Any methods of drainage employed shall comply with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations relating to pollution control or protection of the environment.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 09/22/2023

Prepared By:	TAMILA STOTT	Date		
		USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	14-SEP-2023	
Title:	VETERINARY MEDICAL			

**OFFICER** 

Received by Title: Facility Representative Date: 14-SEP-2023



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## **Inspection Report**

3.127(d) Repeat

## Facilities, outdoor.

A double-sided gate that is part of the perimeter fence near the haybarn has developed gaps between the gates; additionally, the barbed wire strands along the top of the right gate are damaged and hanging downward on the outside, resulting in the gate being ~76" in height, short of the 96" (eight feet) required for the species at the facility. Several sections of the west perimeter fence connected to these gates behind the mobile home office are also too short, measuring 78" at the lowest point.

Perimeter fences that are in poor repair or which are unstable, cannot serve as effective secondary containment for the animals at the zoo and can be an entry point for unauthorized persons or predators that could cause harm to the animals. The licensee must ensure that all perimeter fences at the facility are of adequate height and in good repair to maintain their strength and integrity. The perimeter fence must be a minimum of three feet away from any primary enclosures and constructed so that it protects the animals by restricting entry of outside animals and preventing unauthorized persons from going through it, or under it, or having contact with the animals in the facility.

#### 3.130

## Watering.

The water receptacle inside an enclosure housing one adult southern tamandua was nearly empty except for a small amount of cloudy water with a green film. When called to the attention of a keeper, the dish was cleaned and refilled with clean water. The tamandua did not appear to exhibit thirst when offered the water.

Unsanitary water receptacles can cause water to become contaminated and/or unpalatable to animals, leading to illness or discomfort. Potable water in clean receptacles must be accessible to all animals at all times, or offered as often as necessary for their health and comfort.

CORRECTED AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION ON 9/6/2023

#### 3.154

#### Environment enhancement to promote psychological well-being.

Although the facility is providing some enrichment items to all birds, the facility did not have a complete environmental enhancement plan for avian species at the time of inspection. This plan is required to promote psychological well-being of the avian species at the facility. The facility must develop, document and follow a species appropriate plan for environmental enhancement adequate to promote the psychological well-being of birds. The plan must be approved by the attending veterinarian and, at a minimum, must address social grouping, environmental enrichment, special considerations, restraint, and exemptions to the plan.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 09/22/2023

#### 3.158(a)(1)

## Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

The indoor portion of an enclosure containing three individually-caged adult birds of undetermined sex (a blue and gold macaw, a scarlet macaw and a military macaw) has an excessive accumulation of excreta and food waste on the floors and walls of the primary enclosures as well as on the floors under the primary enclosures and one wall of the room. Failure to clean accumulations of excreta and food waste can increase disease hazards, insects, pests, and odors. The

Prepared By:	TAMILA STOTT	Date:	
Title:	VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	14-SEP-2023
Received by Title:	Facility Representative		<b>Date:</b> 14-SEP-2023



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licensee must ensure that excreta and food waste are removed from primary enclosures and from under and around primary enclosures as often as necessary to prevent excessive accumulation of feces and food waste, to prevent soiling of the birds contained in the primary enclosures, and to reduce disease hazards, insects, pests, and odors.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 09/07/2023

## 3.158(d)

### Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

The indoor portion of an enclosure containing three individually-caged adult birds of undetermined sex (a blue and gold macaw, a scarlet macaw and a military macaw) has an accumulation of mouse feces on the floor around the door and under the primary enclosures. A live mouse was seen exiting as the inspector entered the room.

A safe and effective program for the control of insects, ectoparasites, and avian and mammalian pests must be established and maintained so as to promote the health and well-being of the birds and reduce contamination by pests in

animal areas. Insecticides, chemical agents, or other pest control products that may be harmful to the birds must not be applied to primary enclosures and other bird contact surfaces unless the application is consistent with manufacturer recommendations or otherwise approved for use and does not harm birds.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 09/22/2023

#### 3.159

## **Employees**

The director and supervisor of the animal husbandry staff stated they are understaffed and struggling to provide coverage for animal husbandry when staff are unable to come to work or are scheduled to be away. This is evident throughout the facility as noted in some of the non-compliances cited in this report. Without an adequate labor force, animals and facilities cannot be properly managed and cared for, leading to circumstances that compromise the health and well-being of the animals. Every person subject to the Animal Welfare regulations must have enough employees to carry out the required level of husbandry practices and care.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 10/06/2023

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representatives.

	TAMILA STOTT  VETERINARY MEDICAL  OFFICER	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	<b>Date:</b> 14-SEP-2023	
Received by Title:	Facility Representative		<b>Date:</b> 14-SEP-2023	



000088

Total

United States Department of Agriculture Customer: 3489 Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Inspection Date: 06-Sep-2023

# **Species Inspected**

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
3489	85-C-0006	001	CITY OF CLOVIS	06-SEP-2023

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000002	Callithrix jacchus	COMMON MARMOSET
000004	Ateles geoffroyi	BLACK-HANDED SPIDER MONKEY
000002	Capra hircus	DOMESTIC GOAT
000002	Equus asinus asinus	DONKEY / BURRO / ASS
000002	Otocyon megalotis	BAT-EARED FOX
000001	Caracal caracal	CARACAL
000001	Panthera tigris	TIGER
000001	Erethizon dorsatum	NORTH AMERICAN PORCUPINE
000004	Taurotragus oryx	COMMON ELAND
000003	Equus quagga	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000005	Bison bison	AMERICAN BISON
000002	Lama glama	LLAMA
000002	Ursus americanus	NORTH AMERICAN BLACK BEAR
000002	Genetta genetta	SMALL SPOTTED GENET
000002	Giraffa camelopardalis	GIRAFFE
000001	Crocuta crocuta	SPOTTED HYENA
000002	Pecari tajacu	COLLARED PECCARY
000001	Cervus canadensis	ELK / WAPITI
000006	Lemur catta	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	Lontra canadensis	NORTH AMERICAN RIVER OTTER
000001	Canis lupus	GRAY WOLF / GREY WOLF / TIMBER WOLF
000003	Capra falconeri	MARKHOR
000002	Capra nubiana	NUBIAN IBEX
000002	Tamandua tetradactyla	SOUTHERN TAMANDUA
000001	Petaurus breviceps	SUGAR GLIDER
000001	Camelus bactrianus	BACTRIAN CAMEL
000003	Ovis aries gmelini	ARMENIAN MOUFLON
000002	Osphranter rufus	RED KANGAROO
000001	Procyon lotor	RACCOON
000001	Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris	CAPYBARA
000002	Notamacropus rufogriseus	BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY
000002	Pelecanus occidentalis	BROWN PELICAN
000001	Ara ararauna	BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW / BLUE-AND-GOLD MACAW
000001	Aratinga jandaya	JANDAYA PARAKEET
000001	Bubo virginianus	GREAT HORNED OWL
000001	Ara macao	SCARLET MACAW
000001	Ara militaris	MILITARY MACAW
000003	Cygnus atratus	BLACK SWAN
000001	Cathartes aura	TURKEY VULTURE
000001	Ara chloropterus	RED-AND-GREEN MACAW / GREEN-WINGED MACAW
000000	•	INDIAN PEAFOWL / COMMON PEAFOWL / PEAHEN /
800000	Pavo cristatus	PEACOCK
000001	Corvus cryptoleucus	CHIHUAHUAN RAVEN
		GRAY CROWNED-CRANE / AFRICAN CROWNED-CRANE /
000001	Balearica regulorum	GOLDEN CROWNED-CRANE
000004	Tito alba	BARN OWL / WESTERN BARN OWL / AMERICAN BARN OWL /
000001	Tyto alba	EASTERN BARN OWL

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