



## Inspection Report

---

LUIS PALACIO  
11150 W HWY 40  
OCALA, FL 34482

Customer ID: **326062**  
Certificate: **58-C-1020**  
Site: 001  
LUIS PALACIO

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: 14-APR-2021

---

### 2.40(b)(3)

#### **Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).**

Approximately 5 goats and two llamas had varying degrees of overgrown hooves on all four limbs. The walls on each claw had grown long enough to prevent standing or walking normally on the surface of the pad of the claw. Overgrown hooves may increase stress on limbs with an abnormal gait, potentially leading to lameness, joint problems and alterations to normal foraging and social behavior in the herd. Correct by creating and following a plan approved by your attending veterinarian for routine hoof care for all hoof stock on the property.

Correct by April 28th, 2021.

### 3.26(a)

#### **Facilities, indoor.**

At the time of the inspection, the temperature inside the main barn housing the guinea pig enclosure was documented with a kestrel at 88.9 degrees Fahrenheit. The animals were not provided with supplementary A/C sources. Prolonged exposure to high temperatures can lead to symptoms of heat stress for these animals. The ambient temperature in indoor housing facilities for guinea pigs shall not exceed 85 degrees Fahrenheit.

Corrected by the end of the inspection.

### 3.53(c)

#### **Primary enclosures.**

---

Prepared By: E GONZALEZ

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

19-APR-2021

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL  
OFFICER

Received by Title: Authorized Person

Date:

19-APR-2021



## Inspection Report

---

Two adult New Zealand rabbits are housed in a primary enclosure that is approximately 45in by 31in. Per regulations, they are allocated a minimum of 4 sq ft per animal. The current enclosure does not provide the adequate amount of floor space. Additionally, half of the enclosure does not meet the height requirement of 14in. Rabbits require adequate space to allow normal postural reactions and to ensure their health and well-being. Each rabbit housed in an enclosure shall be provided with a minimum amount of floor space based on weight. Additionally, the enclosure shall provide a minimum height of 14in.

Corrected by the end of the inspection.

### 3.75(e)

#### Housing facilities, general.

The food storage area was cluttered with electrical cords, cleaning supplies and other nonfood items. A glass bottle of cleaning solution was stored on the same shelf as canned fruit. Additionally, an open plastic grocery bag containing trash and food waste was hanging directly adjacent to the shelf. The trash had attracted a numerous amount of flies and other insects to the area. Moreover, the fridges storing produce and other perishables had accumulated a layer of grime along the interior surface. Substances that are toxic to nonhuman primates that are required for normal husbandry practices must not be stored in food storage and preparation areas. Correct by removing any cleaning or husbandry supplies from the food storage area. Food supplies must be stored in manner which protects them from deterioration or contamination by vermin to ensure the food is wholesome and palatable.

Corrected by the end of the inspection.

### 3.80(a)(2)(i)

#### Primary enclosures.

Within two primary enclosures housing 3 ringtail lemurs and one ringtail lemur respectively, wooden boards along the enclosure flooring had decayed and exposed several screws. Jagged edges could be appreciated. Housing structures in

---

Prepared By: E GONZALEZ

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

19-APR-2021

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL  
OFFICER

Received by Title: Authorized Person

Date:

19-APR-2021



## Inspection Report

---

disrepair could cause harm to the animals if not well-maintained. Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they have no sharp points or edges that could injure the nonhuman primates.

Correct by 28 April 2021.

### 3.125(a)

#### Facilities, general.

The enclosure housing a female fox contained a hole in the cement floor large enough to entrap a limb. The hole in the cement creates a potential hazard that could result in injury by trapping a limb or foot. A trapped limb can result in a fracture or soft tissue injury that can be painful.

Sections of fencing housing zebu cattle and camels had warped, cracked wooden boards. One section of wood fencing in the zebu pasture was being held together by blue bale wire. A section of wood fencing in the camel pasture had been bent out of place and cracked.

The outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

Correct by 28 April 2021.

### 3.125(c)

#### Facilities, general.

The food storage area was in disarray. The shelving and table area holding canned food was intermixed with electrical cords, cleaning supplies, and other nonfood related items. Additionally, an open grocery store bag containing trash and food waste was hanging directly adjacent to the shelf. The trash had attracted a numerous amount of flies and other insects to the area. Moreover, the fridges storing produce and other perishables had accumulated a layer of grime along the interior surface. Food supplies must be stored in a manner which protects them from deterioration or contamination by

---

**Prepared By:** E GONZALEZ

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

**Date:**

19-APR-2021

**Title:** VETERINARY MEDICAL  
OFFICER

**Received by Title:** Authorized Person

**Date:**

19-APR-2021



## Inspection Report

---

vermin to ensure the food is wholesome and palatable.

Corrected by the end of the inspection.

### 3.131(d)

#### Sanitation.

The enclosure housing two African Crested Porcupines had an excessive swarm of flies. Two dish pans with the previous day's food waste had attracted the insects. A safe and effective pest control program shall be utilized to eliminate excessive flies to prevent contamination of food.

Correct by April 21, 2021.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the authorized person.

---

**Prepared By:** E GONZALEZ

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

**Title:** VETERINARY MEDICAL  
OFFICER

**Date:**

19-APR-2021

**Received by Title:** Authorized Person

**Date:**

19-APR-2021



### Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
326062	58-C-1020	001	LUIS PALACIO	14-APR-2021

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000003	<i>Cavia porcellus</i>	DOMESTIC GUINEA PIG
000002	<i>Saimiri sciureus</i>	COMMON SQUIRREL MONKEY
000003	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000027	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000007	<i>Sus scrofa domestica</i>	DOMESTIC PIG / POTBELLY PIG / MICRO PIG
000021	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000003	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	DOMESTIC RABBIT / EUROPEAN RABBIT
000002	<i>Dolichotis patagonum</i>	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000003	<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	DROMEDARY CAMEL
000004	<i>Lama glama</i>	LLAMA
000003	<i>Bos primigenius indicus</i>	ZEBU
000004	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000001	<i>Sapajus appella</i>	BROWN CAPUCHIN / TUFTED CAPUCHIN
000002	<i>Hystrix cristata</i>	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000004	<i>Mustela putorius furo</i>	DOMESTIC FERRET
000002	<i>Atelerix albiventris</i>	FOUR-TOED HEDGEHOG
000001	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	RACCOON
000001	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000002	<i>Nasua nasua</i>	SOUTH AMERICAN COATI
000001	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000096	<b>Total</b>	



**Species Inspected**

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
326062	58-C-1020	001	LUIS PALACIO	14-APR-2021