

# Building an IoT Platform using Modern Data Stack

Prefect, DuckDB, FastAPI

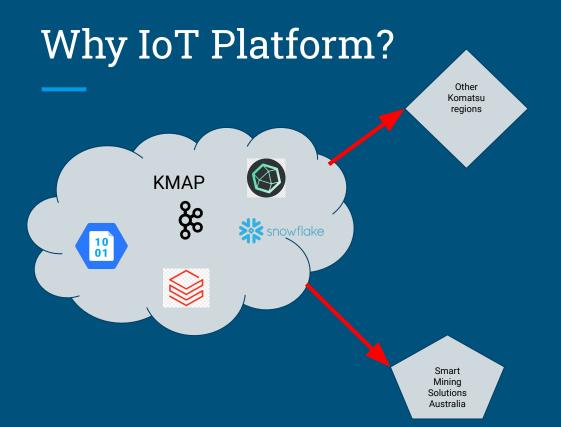
**Brisbane Data Engineering Meetup** 

6 December 2023 Francisco Liwa

### About Me



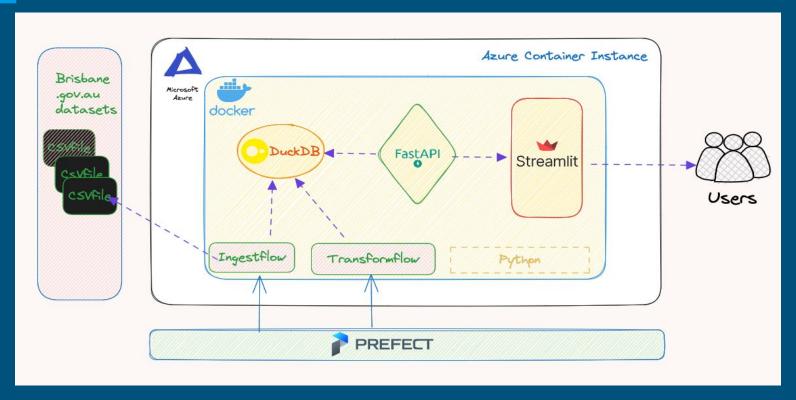
- Almost 20+ years in Software Engineering (NEC, IBM, TOSHIBA, SAMSUNG)
- 6+ years in Data Engineering space
- Love working with Startups (co-founded 3 in Philippines)
- Currently working as Senior Data Engineer at Komatsu Australia (Smart Mining Solutions) Software and Data Engineering team lead
- Trekking
- Basketball
- Chess





# The GOAL





# Modern Data Stack (for my use case only)

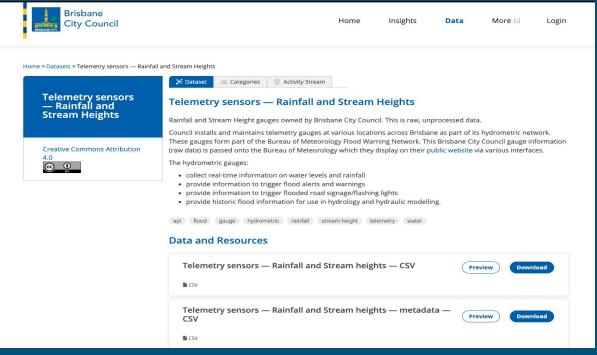
- PREFECT Workflow orchestration
- Duck DB Database / Data warehouse
- FastAPI API Layer
- Streamlit Visualization
- Deployment env

#### Bonus:

PDM (Python Dependency Manager)



### Our Data



Site - https://www.data.brisbane.qld.gov.au/data/dataset/telemetry-sensors-rainfall-and-stream-heights

#### Metadata and Raw sensor data

https://www.data.brisbane.gld.gov.au/data/dataset/01af4647-dd69-4061-9c68-64fa43bfaac7/resource/117218af-4adc-4f8e-927a-0fe43c46ccb4/download/rainfall-and-stream-heights-metadata-20231205t110000.csv

https://www.data.brisbane.gld.gov.au/data/dataset/01af4647-dd69-4061-9c68-64fa43bfaac7/resource/78c37b45-ecb5-4a99-86b2-f7a514f0f447/download/gauge-data-20231205t183704.csv

# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

```
"Sensor ID", "Location ID", "Location Name", "Sensor Type", "Unit of Measure", "Latitude", "Longitude"

"E1809", "540801", "Rachele Close, Forest Lake", "Rainfall", "mm", "-27.631476", "152.953555"

"E1531", "540118", "Bancroft Park, Kelvin Grove", "Stream Height AHD", "m", "-27.444481", "153.005314"

"E1515", "540099", "Chadston Close, Kenmore Hills", "Rainfall", "mm", "-27.504712", "152.924885"

"E1512", "540117", "ABQ-2 Mt Coot -tha", "Rainfall", "mm", "-27.463952", "152.947533"

"E2020", "540071", "Corinda High School, Corinda", "Rainfall", "mm", "-27.546892", "152.988372"

"E1886", "540800", "Rosewood Place, Murarrie", "Rainfall", "mm", "-27.465266", "153.094268"

"E2111", "40788", "Johnson Rd (Adermann Br), Forestdale", "Stream Height AHD", "m", "-27.441564", "153.047296"

"E1594", "540124", "Burralong St, Deagon", "Stream Height AHD", "m", "-27.334180", "153.058401"

"E1560", "540124", "Burralong St, Deagon", "Stream Height AHD", "m", "-27.334180", "153.058401"
```

1st file

metadata

sensor data

#### Note:

Automatically collected telemetry data for rainfall and stream height gauges owned by Brisbane City Council.

The dataset includes raw gauge readings in 5-minute increments covering a 24-hour rolling period. The data is updated every 10 minutes. Dataset includes gauge readings, descriptions and location details.



Prefect orchestrates workflows — it simplifies the creation, scheduling, and monitoring of complex data pipelines. With Prefect, you define workflows as Python code and let it handle the rest.

#### **Basic concepts in PREFECT:**

- Task a python function that handle workload
- Flows series of tasks (inorder). Think of Airflow DAGs. calls tasks, and other flows ( subflows)
- **Server** orchestration engine could be locally of or hosted in the cloud
- Agents daemon process running on local/cloud/container which executes flows
- Deployments A server-side concept that encapsulates flow metadata, allowing it to be scheduled and triggered via API.
- Pools prioritize and manage deployment runs and control the infrastructure they run on.

https://www.prefect.io/

### How to PREFECT?

Note: Prefect requires Python 3.8 or newer.

- Install
  - pip install prefect
- 2. Write your 'flows' in python
- 3. Start Server
  - prefect server start -> Self- hosted prefect cloud login -> Prefect Cloud
- 4. Deploy flow and run deployment
  - -`python flow.py`
  - prefect deployment run 'hello\_universe/first-deploy'
- Start agent pool prefect agent start --pool "default-agent-pool"

```
from prefect import flow, task
@task(log_prints=True)
def say_hello(name: str):
 print(f"Hello {name}!")
@flow
def hello_universe(names: list[str]):
 for name in names:
   say_hello(name)
if __name__ == "__main__":
 hello_universe.serve(name="your-first-deployment")
```

## Our Database -



- An in-memory/in-process OLAP SQL database
- SQL on top of your csv and parquet files
- No dependency cli duckdb cli
- Python API
- Lightweight
- https://shell.duckdb.org/
- https://duckdb.org/docs/archive/0.9.2/api/cli

#### Why DuckDB?



#### Simple and portable

- In-process, serverless
   C++11, no dependencies, single-file build
- APIs for Python, R, Java, Julia, Swift, ...
- Pure on Windows Linux mas OC Once DOI
- · Runs on Windows, Linux, macOS, OpenBSD, ...

more →



#### Feature-rich

- · Transactions, persistence
- · Extensive SQL support
- · Direct Parquet, CSV, and JSON querying
- · Joins, aggregates, window functions

more →

#### Fast



- · Optimized for analytics
- · Vectorized and parallel engine
- · Larger than memory processing
- · Parallel Parquet, CSV, and NDJSON loaders

more →



#### Free and extensible

- · Free & open-source
- Permissive MIT License
- · Flexible extension mechanism

more →

https://duckdb.org/

# How to make your DB quack!

#### Install or Download

- brew install duckdb
- https://github.com/duckdb/duckdb
  - /releases/download/v0.9.2/duckdb\_cli-osx-univ ersal.zip
- pip install duckdb==0.9.2

#### Create a .duckdb file

touch demo.duckdb

#### 3. Connect to duckdb

import duckdb

duckdb.connect(database=db, read\_only=is\_shared)

#### 4. Query Data

./duckdb

D .open db.datahack.duckdb

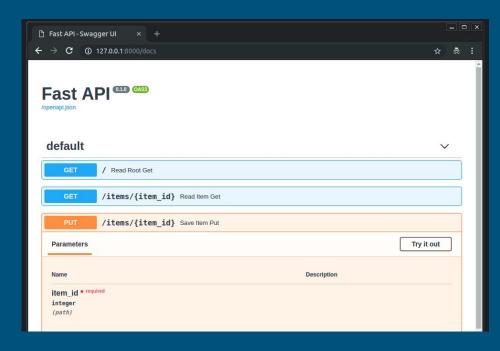
D .databases

D. tables

# Our API - FastaPI

- Modern Python-based API Framework
- Very High performance
- Built-in Swagger documentation
- Robust and fast framework
- Fast to code
- Based on Open API

https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/



### How fast is FastAPI?

1. Install fastapi package

```
pip install fastapi
```

2. Install uvicorn package

```
pip install "uvicorn[standard]"
```

3. Import fastapi module

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
```

4. Run server

```
uvicorn fast-demo:app --reload
```

```
from typing import Union
from fastapi import FastAPI
app = FastAPI()
@app.get("/")
def read root():
   return {"Hello": "World"}
@app.get("/items/{item id}")
def read item(item id: int, q: Union[str, None] = None):
   return {"item id": item id, "q": q}
```

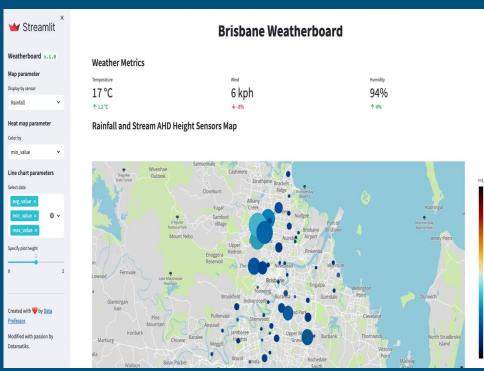
### Our Visualization

- A Python web framework for creating Data Apps
- Turns data scripts into shareable web apps in minutes.
- Opensource
- Deploy locally or cloud
- Bought by Snowflake

https://streamlit.io/

template- https://youtube.com/dataprofessor/





### How to Streamlit?

Install streamlit

pip install streamlit

- 2. Create streamlit app in python
- 3. Execute python code

streamlit run myapp.py

import streamlit as st import pandas as pd st.write(""" # My first app Hello \*world!\* df = pd.read\_csv("src/data/metadata/rainfall-and-stream-heightsmetadata-20231205t110000.csv") st.line\_chart(df)

# Thank You!