## Keal functions

J. D - S on set ) into at S is a rule that

#### Domain: R

La convention: R

 $(a,b) : \{x \in \mathbb{R} : a < x < b\}$ L, open interval:

 $[a,b]: \{x \in \mathbb{R} : a \le x \le b\}$ Lo closed interval.

#### Co-domain Always R

Range  $\rightarrow \{f(x) | x \in D\}$  = all existing

(X1, Y1)

### Important domains

• 
$$ln(x) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$$

Linear functions

y-intercept Slope

$$\hat{S} = \hat{S} =$$

Determining the slope 
$$a = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_1 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
 \text{ we can plug into the equation

Parallel lines -> same slope Perpendicular lines - 1 2, - 2, = -1 Exercises in class  $h(x) = x^2 + 2$ f(x)= x+5 19(x) = X 12 1-13 f(g(x)) = (x2-3)+5= x2+2  $\frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \times \frac{1}{\lambda} \times \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ 3 = (-2)2+3 3 = 17 14 + 3  $\dot{y} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 2$ 

3: = :1:4:2:

y= 2x-1 ( c **)** 3 = 4 - 6 = 1 | = 1 - |

Polynowdel dunctous fix1 = anx2 + an., x Degree -> n (Wighert degree)

Root(s) -> P(r) = 0 Ly number of (complex) roots = W  $P\left(x\right) = \left(x - r\right)Q\left(x\right)$ root degree n-1

 $[e-e_1](x^2-3x)+2 = ((x-1r_1)((x+1r_2)) = (x-2)(x-1)$ 

# Rational functions -s fraction of 2 polinomals $\int (x) = \frac{\int (x)}{Q(x)}$ Domain = IR - fronts of Q} Trigonometric functions e sem cx> · cos(x) tam (x) = Groph of sun(x) Period of 2T starting from O Groph of cos(x) Period of 211 starting from 1





