

Systems of linear equations

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 = 5 \\ 3x_1 - 2x_2 = 10 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & -2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

coef. matrix augmented matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & -2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 = 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 10 \\ 3 & -2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 = R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 20 \\ 3 & -2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\frac{1}{5}R_1 \rightarrow R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 3 & -2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 = R_2 - 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 = -\frac{1}{2}R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_1 = 4 \\ x_2 = 1 \end{matrix}$$

Types of systems

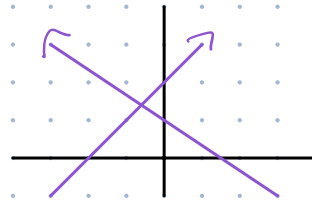
Inconsistent

↳ NO SOLUTION

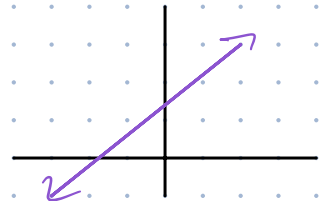


Consistent

↳ 1 SOLUTION



↳ INFINITE SOLUTIONS



Exercise

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -8 & 8 \\ -4 & 5 & 9 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 = R_3 + 4R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & -3 & 13 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 = R_2 + R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 13 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 = R_3 + 3R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 28 & -12 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 = R_1 + 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 11 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 28 & -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 = \frac{1}{4}R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 11 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Existence & Uniqueness

- Consistent \rightarrow solution exists
 \hookrightarrow is it unique?

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \text{inconsistent system}$$

Row reduction algorithm

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 5 & -5 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 & 8 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 = R_2 + 2R_1 \\ R_3 = R_3 - 3R_1}} \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -1 & 1 & 8 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 11 \end{array} \right]$$

\uparrow
inconsistent system

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 3 & 9 & 7 & 6 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & -15 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

- Eigenvectors
- Orthogonality
- Bases
- Inverses
- Not-Can
- Unit Vector
- Magnitude of matrix

$$7 - 4(3) = 7 - 12 = -5$$

$$1x_1 + 3x_2 + 0x_3 = -5$$

$$x_3 = 3$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -5 - 3x_2 \\ x_2 \text{ is free} \\ x_3 = 3 \end{cases}$$

Computation of Ax

$$(1) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \quad A(\vec{u} + \vec{v}) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} -2 + 1 \\ 4 + 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \quad A\vec{u} + A\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} -8 + 2 \\ 16 + 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 - 1 \\ -12 - 2 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -14 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Homogeneous Systems

$$Ax = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 9 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1/2 & 3/4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1/4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 x_3 \\ -2x_3 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{1}{4}x_3 \\ x_2 = -2x_3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Consistent} \\ x_3 \text{ is free} \end{matrix}$$

Non-homogeneous systems $Ax \neq 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -5 & | & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 8 & | & 9 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -9 & 18 & | & 9 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -3x_3 + 4 \\ x_2 = 2x_3 - 1 \\ x_3 \text{ is free} \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} -3x_3 + 4 \\ 2x_3 - 1 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

translation ϕ

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3x_3 \\ 2x_3 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Linear Independence

Homogeneous + NON-Trivial sols \rightarrow DEPENDENT
 Homogeneous + NO Non-Trivial sols \rightarrow INDEPENDENT
 free variables = Non-Trivial = DEPENDENT

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{homogeneous system } Ax=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -6 & -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 2x_3 \\ x_2 = -x_3 \\ x_3 \text{ is free} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

there are possible
infinite linear
relationships

Relationship: let $x_3 = 2$ linearly dependent

$$\hookrightarrow x_1 = 4, x_2 = -2, x_3 = 2 \Rightarrow 4v_1 - 2v_2 + 2v_3 = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Homogeneous,
trivial solution

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{matrix} \quad Ax = 0, \text{ where } \vec{x} = 0$$

No free variables \rightarrow linearly independent

Determining Linear Independence

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad v = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad w = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad z = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{u, v\} \quad \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -6 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 14 & 0 \\ 0 & 21 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

\hookrightarrow inconsistent system

$$x_1 = 0$$

$$Ax = 0, \text{ where } \vec{x} = 0$$

$$x_2 = 0$$

$b \vec{u} \neq c \vec{v} \rightarrow$ linearly independent

$$\{u, v, w\}$$

$\{u, v, w, z\} \rightarrow$ linearly dependent
by Theorem 8

(n. cols $>$ n. rows.)