Instalação Oracle Database 11g Express Edition

Versão 1.0



HISTÓRICO DE VERSÕES

Versâ	o Data	Autor da Versão	Alterações da Versão
1.0	11/11/19		Documento original instalação oracle database 11g express edition.

RESUMO DO DOCUMENTO

Descrição:	Este documento descreve os processos de instalação e configuração do oracle database 11g express editon.			
Local de Publicação:	DIOPE/SUPCD/CDOPC/CDMSS			
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Baseado no Modelo de Publicação Versão 1.0				



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Oracle Database Editions

Oracle Database is available in five editions, each suitable for different development and deployment scenarios. Oracle also offers several database options, packs, and other products that enhance the capabilities of Oracle Database for specific purposes. This section describes the Oracle Database editions.

Oracle Database Standard Edition One

Oracle Database Standard Edition One delivers unprecedented ease of use, power, and performance for workgroup, department-level, and Web applications. From single-serverenvironments for small business to highly distributed branch environments, Oracle Database Standard Edition One includes all the facilities necessary to build businesscritical applications.

Oracle Database Standard Edition

Oracle Database Standard Edition delivers the unprecedented ease of use, power, and performance of Standard Edition One, with support for larger machines and clustering of services with Oracle Real Application Clusters (Oracle RAC). Oracle RAC is not included in the Standard Edition of releases prior to Oracle Database 10g, nor is it an available option with those earlier releases.

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition provides the performance, availability, scalability, and security required for mission-critical applications such as high-volume onlinetransaction processing (OLTP) applications, query-intensive data warehouses, and demanding Internet applications. Oracle Database Enterprise Edition contains all of the components of Oracle Database, and can be further enhanced with the purchase of the options and packs

Oracle Database Express Edition

Oracle Database Express Edition (Oracle Database XE) is an entry-level edition of Oracle Database that is quick to download, simple to install and manage, and is free to develop, deploy, and distribute. Oracle Database XE makes it easy to upgrade to the other editions of Oracle without costly and complex migrations. Oracle Database XE can be installed on any size machine with any number of CPUs, stores up to 11 GB of user data, using up to 1 GB of memory, and using only one CPU on the host machine. Support is provided by an online forum.

Oracle Database Personal Edition

Oracle Database Personal Edition supports single-user development and deployment environments that require full compatibility with Oracle Database Standard Edition One, OracleDatabase Standard Edition, and Oracle Database Enterprise Edition. Personal Edition includes all of the components that are included with Enterprise Edition, as well asall of the options that are available with Enterprise Edition, with the exception of the Oracle Real Application Clusters option, which cannot be used with Personal Edition. Personal Edition is available on Windows and Linux platforms only. The Management Packs are not included in Personal Edition.



Special-Use Licensing

Oracle Database Express Edition

Oracle Database Express Edition may be used for free, for the purposes of developing, prototyping and running applications. It can also be used forfreeto provide demonstrations and training. It may also be distributed for free with any applications. However, any use of the Oracle DatabaseExpress Edition is subject to the following limitations:

- 1.Express Edition is limited to a single instance on any server.
- 2.Express Edition may be installed on a multiple CPU server, but may only be executed on one processor in any server.
- 3.Express Edition may be used only to support up to 11 GB of user data (not including Express Edition system data).
- 4.Express Edition may use up to 1 GB RAM of available memory. The Oracle technical support organization will not provide technical support, phone support, or updates for Oracle Database Express Edition.



Instalação Oracle Database 11g Express Edition

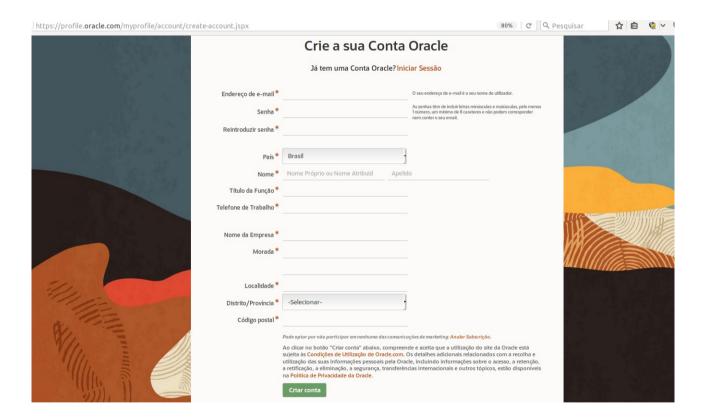
Criação de conta Oracle

Passo 1.

Acessar link para criação de conta:

https://profile.oracle.com/myprofile/account/create-account.jspx

Passo 2. Preencher campos necessários e clicar em criar conta





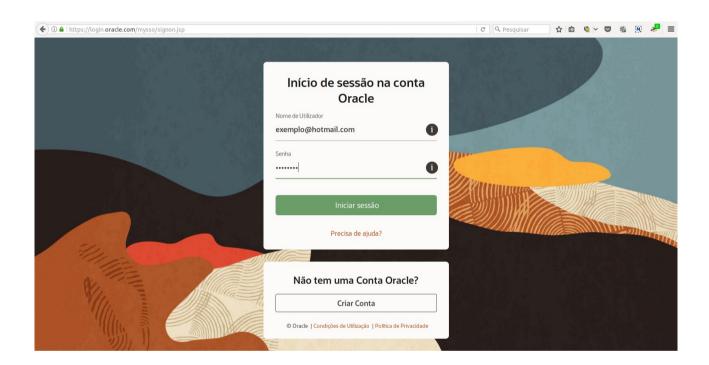
Instalação do Sistema Operacional (ORACLE LINUX)

Passo 3.

Para Download da ISO Oracle Linux acessar:

https://edelivery.oracle.com/osdc/faces/SoftwareDelivery

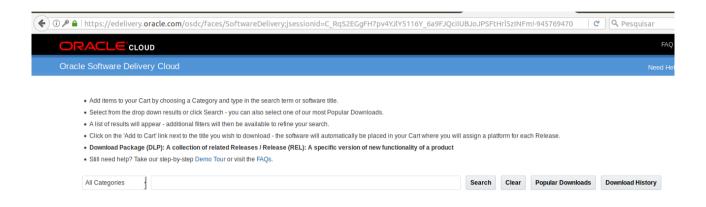
Colocar Login e Senha - > Iniciar sessão





Passo 4.

Pesquisar por: Oracle Linux 5.11.0.0.0 (Oracle Linux) e clicar em Search



Toda instalação e configuração



Adicionando e checando pacotes necessário

Passo 5. inserir instruções abaixo

rpm -Uvh binutils-2.17.50.0.6

rpm -Uvh compat-libstdc++-33-3.2.3

rpm -Uvh elfutils-libelf-0.125

rpm -Uvh elfutils-libelf-devel-0.125

rpm -Uvh elfutils-libelf-devel-static-0.125

rpm -Uvh gcc-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh gcc-c++-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh glibc-2.5-24

rpm -Uvh glibc-common-2.5

rpm -Uvh glibc-devel-2.5

rpm -Uvh glibc-headers-2.5

rpm -Uvh kernel-headers-2.6.18

rpm -Uvh ksh-20060214

rpm -Uvh libaio-0.3.106

rpm -Uvh libaio-devel-0.3.106

rpm -Uvh libgcc-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh libgomp-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh libstdc++-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh libstdc++-devel-4.1.2

rpm -Uvh make-3.81

rpm -Uvh sysstat-7.0.2



To determine whether the required packages are installed, enter commands similar to the following: # rpm -q package_name
Note:
-Oracle recommends that you install your Linux operating system with the default software packages (RPMs), unless you specifically intend to perform a minimal installation, and follow the directions for performing such an installation to ensure that you have all required packages for Oracle software.
-Oracle recommends that you do not customize RPMs during a default operating system installation. A defaultinstallation includes most required packages, and helps you to limit manual checks of package dependencies.
-If you did not perform a default Linux installation, you intend to use LDAP, and you want to use the scripts odisrvreg, oidca, or schemasync, then install the Korn shell RPM for your Linux distribution.
-You must install the packages (or later versions) listed in the following table. Also, ensure that the list of RPMs and all the prerequisites for these RPMs are installed.
ou instalação automatica dos packets necessarios
REFERENCIA:
https://oracle-base.com/articles/11g/oracle-db-11gr2-installation-on-oracle-linux-6
http://public-yum.oracle.com/
https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/servers-storage-admin/ginnydbinstallonlinux-488779.html
yum install oracle-rdbms-server-11gR2-preinstall
yum update



Creating Required Operating System Groups and Users

The following local operating system groups and users are required if you are
installing Oracle Database:
-The Oracle Inventory group (typically,oinstall)
-The OSDBA group (typically,dba)
-The Oracle software owner (typically,oracle)
-The OSOPER group (optional. Typically,oper)
To determine whether these groups and users exist, and if necessary, to create them,
follow these steps:
1.To determine whether the oinstall group exists, enter the following command:
more /etc/oralnst.loc
ou
cat /etc/group grep oinstall
If the output of this command shows the oinstall group name, then the group exists.
inventory_loc=/u01/app/oralnventory
inst_group=oinstall
The inst_group parameter shows the name of the Oracle Inventory group, oinstall.
2.To determine whether the dba group exists, enter the following command
grep dba /etc/group
or
cat /etc/group grep dba
If the output from this commands shows the dba group name, then the group exists.



3.If necessary, enter the following commands to create the oinstall and dba groups:

/usr/sbin/groupadd oinstall
/usr/sbin/groupadd dba
4.To determine whether the oracle user exists and belongs to the correct groups, enter the following command:
id oracle
" la diacie
If the course wints they this common displays information shout the groups to which the way helene. The
If the oracle user exists, then this command displays information about the groups to which the user belongs. The output should besimilar to the following, indicating that oinstall is the primary group and dba is a secondary group:
uid=440(oracle) gid=200(oinstall) groups=201(dba),202(oper)
5.If necessary, complete one of the following actions:
If the oracle user exists, but its primary group is not oinstall or it is not a member of the dba group, then enter the following command:
/usr/sbin/usermod -g oinstall -G dba oracle
If the oracleuser does not exist, enter the following command to create it:
/usr/sbin/useradd -g oinstall -G dba oracle
This command creates the oracle user and specifies oinstall as the primary group and dba as the secondary group.
This command creates the oracle user and specifies offisial as the primary group and dua as the secondary group.
6.Enter the following command to set the password of the oracle user:
passwd oracle





Origem dos Eventos

Eventos de Serviço: Integração: BSM
APM
BAC
ВРМ
BSM
SITESCOPE
Eventos de infra: Integração: Zabbix, BSM
Control-M
IPMONITOR
Mainview
OML
Simba
Zabbix-BHE
Zabbix-BLM
Zabbix-BSA
Zabbix-CTA
Zabbix-Expresso
Zabbix-FLA, Zabbix-FNS, Zabbix-PAE, Zabbix-RCE, Zabbix-RJO, Zabbix-SDR, Zabbix-SPO

Eventos de Publicação: são publicação de arquivos e ou execução de scripts de Banco de dados Portal de Publicação

Eventos usuários : são incidentes abertos por usuarios com categorização do serviço afetado no GOVI – Controle.

Tipos de evento



Eventos de Alerta: Uma notificação de que certo limite foi atingido, algo mudou ou uma falha ocorreu, mas não resultam em indisponibilidade de recursos e ou serviços. Esses eventos vêm categorizados com os status abaixo:



⚠ Major = Maior

● Minor = Menor

● Warning = Aviso

OK = Normal

Eventos de Incidente: São eventos que notificam uma interrupção não planejada de um serviço de TI ou uma redução da qualidade de um serviço de TI. A falha de um recurso que ainda não afetou o serviço também é um incidente. Esses eventos vêm categorizados com os status abaixo:

Critical = Critico

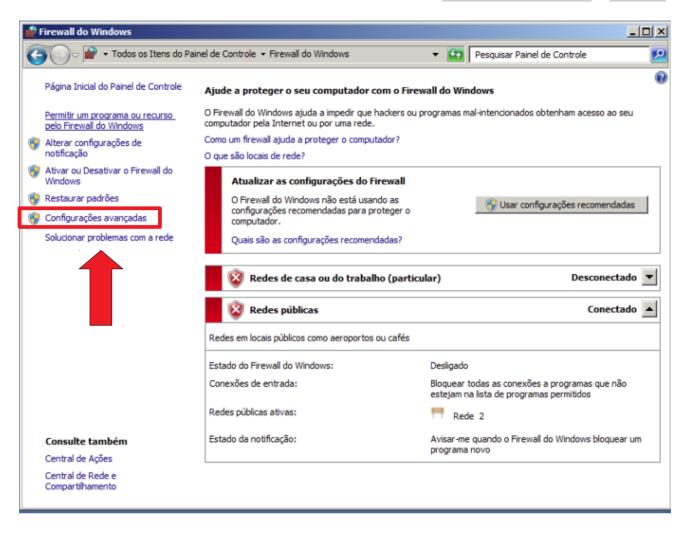
Unavailable = Indisponível - são incidentes que indisponibilizam o serviço.





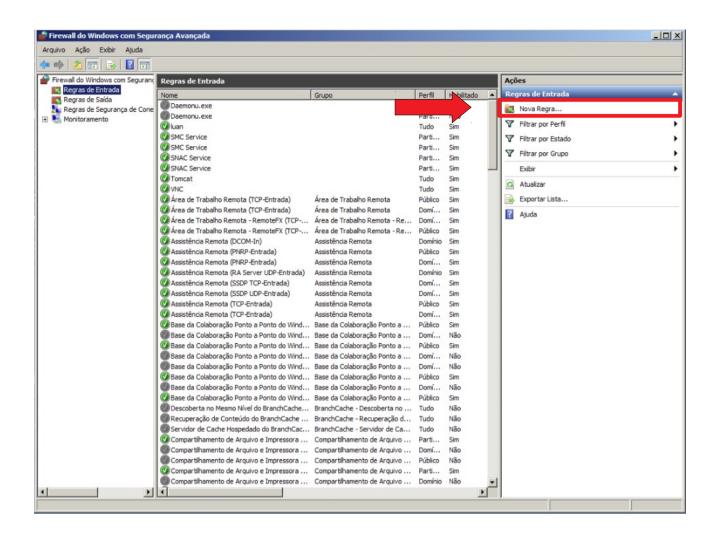
Passo 2. Clique na opção "Configurações avançadas".





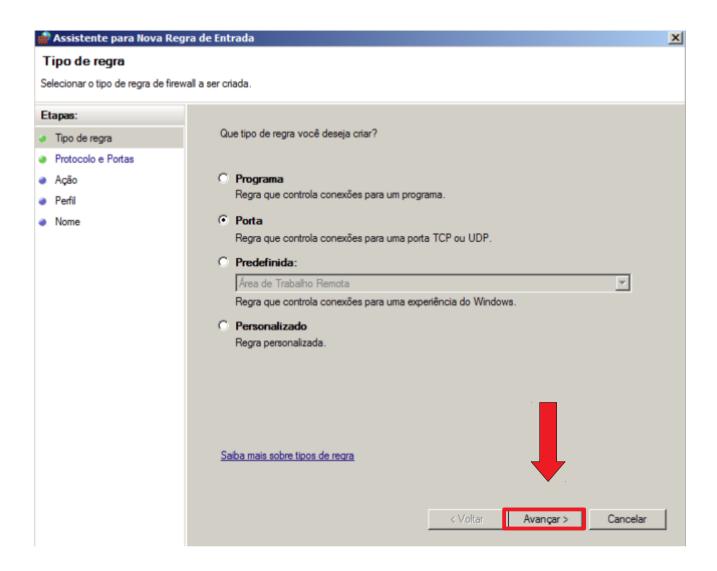
Passo 3. Na barra de menus da direita, clique na opção "Nova Regra".





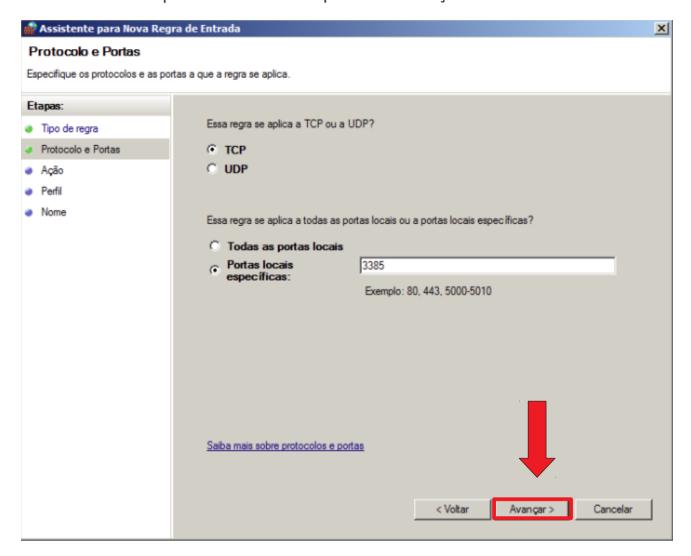
Passo 4. Selecione a opção "Porta" e clique em "Avançar".





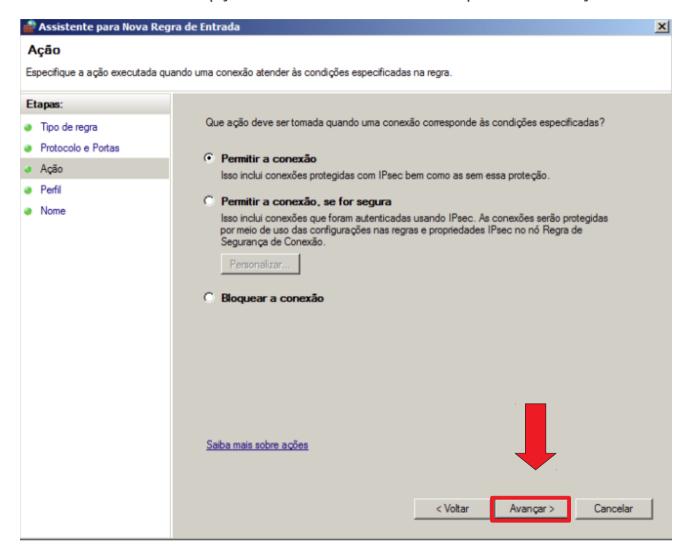


Passo 5. Selecione as opções "TCP e Portas locais específicas:" e digite na caixa de texto a porta "3385" e clique em "Avançar".



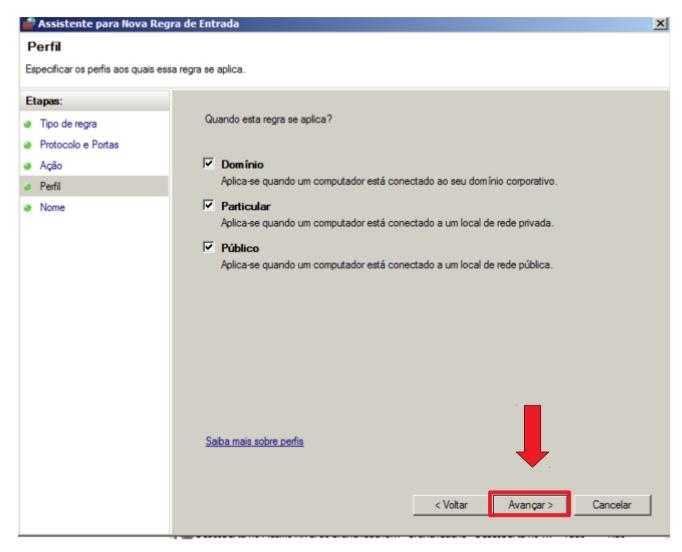


Passo 6. Selecione a opção "Permitir a conexão" clique em "Avançar".



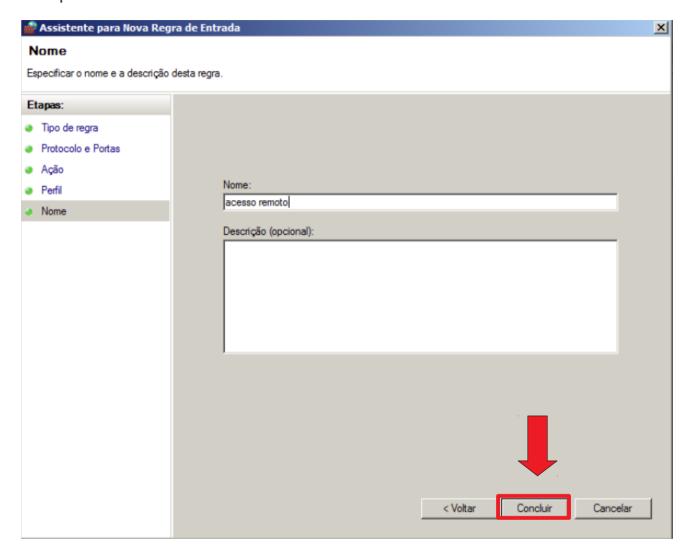


Passo 7. Selecione a opção "Domínio, Particular e Público" clique em "Avançar".





Passo 8. Na primeira caixa de texto digite o nome desejado da nova regra e clique em "Concluir".





Manual de Instalação e configuração Remmina para acesso remoto Linux-Windows

Remmina é um cliente de desktop remoto escrito em GTK +, com o objetivo de ser útil para administradores de sistemas, que precisam trabalhar com muitos computadores remotos em frente a monitores grandes ou pequenos netbooks. O Remmina suporta vários protocolos de rede em uma interface de usuário integrada e consistente. Atualmente, o RDP, o VNC, o SPICE, o NX, o XDMCP, o SSH e o EXEC são suportados.

Instalação Remmina no ambiente Linux:

Passo 1. Abra a central de Pacotes no link: http://centralpacotes.serpro e digite Remmina.





Passo 2. Clique no botão "Instalar" e aguarde a instalação ser concluída.



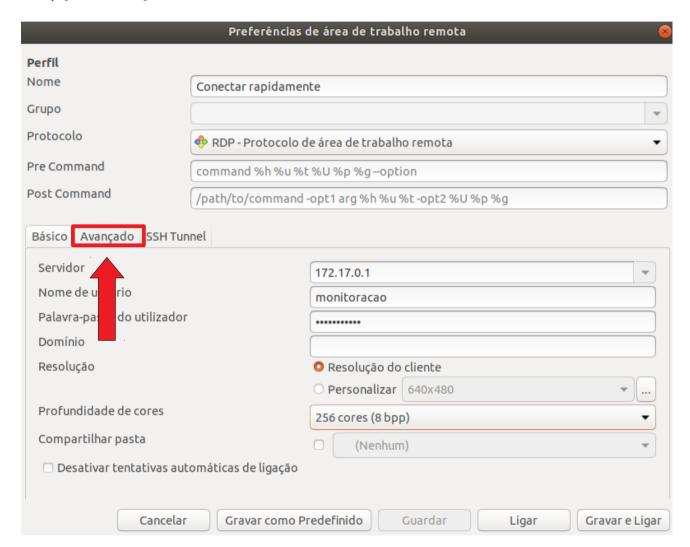


Passo 3. Após a instalação, abra o programa Remmina e clique na opção "criar regra de perfil" (cruz verde).



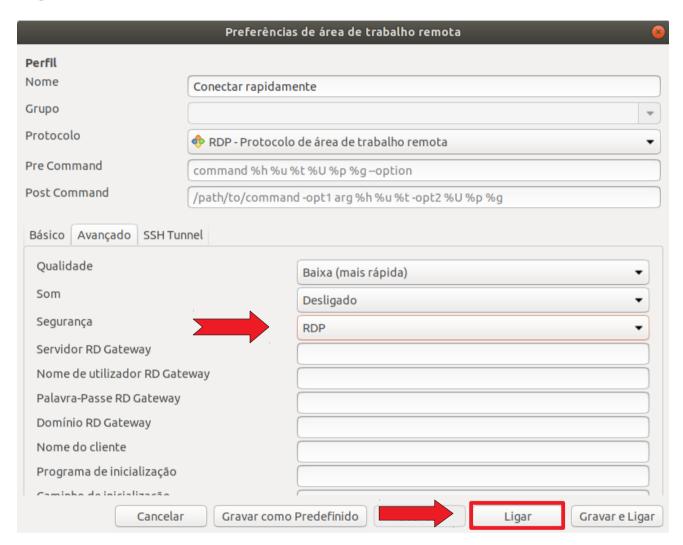


Passo 4. Preencha os campos (Servidor, Nome de usuário, Palavra-passe do utilizador), conforme configurado em seu ambiente Windows e depois no campo profundidade de cores selecione a opção "256 cores" e clique na opção Avançado.





Passo 5. Selecione a opção "RDP" no campo "Segurança" e clique em "Ligar".





Referências Bibliográficas

[1] Oracle Database Licensing Information 11g Release 2 (11.2), 2018. site https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11882_01/license.112/e47877.pdf

[2] Quick Installation Guide 11g Release 2 (11.2) for Linux x86, 2015 site https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11882_01/install.112/e24324.pdf



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