

Drug Interaction Knowledge Base (DIKB) is an evidence-focused knowledge base designed to support pharmacoepidemiology and clinical decision support. It contains quantitative and qualitative assertions about drug mechanisms and pharmacokinetic drug-drug interactions for over 60 drugs.

type in a drug name(brand name, generic name), drug ID or drug class

Add

Examples: amoxicillin, ibuprofen, etc

how it works

Patient-Relevant

20 most common dieases

Recent Publications from the DIKB Project

Summary of the DIKB project

Modeling Arguments in Scientific Papers

The inclusion criteria for evidence entered into the DIKB and other information

Clinically-Relevant

The University of Pittsburgh Linked Structured Product Label repository.

The University of Pittsburgh Pharmacokinetic Drug-drug Interaction (PK DDI) Package Insert Corpus

The DIKB evidence taxonomy within the NCBO Annotator

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner

© Copyright (C) 2014 All Rights Reserved ريات أنست أن المستابية أنست أن المستابة المستابة المستابة المستابة ال



Drug Interaction Knowledge Base (DIKB) is an evidence-focused knowledge base designed to support pharmacoepidemiology and clinical decision support. It contains quantitative and qualitative assertions about drug mechanisms and pharmacokinetic drug-drug interactions for over 60 drugs.

ab

Add

Abilify (aripiprazole)

how it works

Abraxane (paclitaxel protein-bound)

Abreva (docosanol topical)

Abilify Maintena (aripiprazole)

Patient-Relevan

Absorica (isotretinoin)

20 most common dieases

Abstral (fentanyl)

Abelcet (amphotericin b lipid complex)

Abilify Discmelt (aripiprazole)

Clinically-Releva

Abbokinase (urokinase)

The University of Pittsburg

ABC Plus Senior (multivitamin with minerals) 'TV.

The University of Pittsburgh marmacokineuc Drug-drug interaction (PK DDI) Package Insert Corpus

The DIKB evidence taxonomy within the NCBO Annotator

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

Upgrade your account to remove this banner

Recent Publications from the DIKB Project

Summary of the DIKB project

Modeling Arguments in Scientific Papers

The inclusion criteria for evidence entered into the DIKB and other information

© Copyright (C) 2014 All Rights Reserved ربوت (C) 2014 All Rights Reserved



			Professi
type in a drug n	ame(brand name, ge	neric name) or drug ID Add	
A la ilid			
Abilify aripi	orazole	Remove All	
Overview	Interactions	Create a Report	
		^	1
All Interactions	Major Interactions	Moderate Interactions Minor Interactions	
	Generic Only	Brand Only	
Currently displa	vina 916 druas knowr	to interact with Abilify (aripiprazole)	
		O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z	
<u>V D O I</u>	D L L O II I V IX L III II	<u> </u>	
A-Cof DH (guaif	enesin / hydrocodone)	Allergy Multi-Symptom (acetaminophen / chlorpheniramine / phenylephrine)	
A-G Tussin (chle / pseudoephedr	orpheniramine / hydrocodo ine)	one Allergy Pain Relief (acetaminophen /	
	idoephedrine / triprolidine	chlorpheniramine / phenylephrine)	
A-Spas S / L (h)		Allergy Relief (chlorpheniramine)	
A-Spaz (hyoscy	-	Allergy Relief D (cetirizine /	
	-	pseudoephedrine)	
pyrilamine)	ifenesin / phenylephrine /	Allergy Sinus Maximum Strength (acetaminophen / chlorpheniramine /	
Abatuss DMX (d	dexchlorpheniramine /	pseudoephedrine)	
•	an / pseudoephedrine)	Allergy Sinus PE Pain Relief (acetaminopher	
<u>abiraterone</u>		/ chlorpheniramine / phenylephrine)	
	D	<u>Allergy Time (chlorpheniramine)</u>	

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner

<u>Allerhist-1 (clemastine)</u>



Upgrade your account to remove this banner

For Help Contact Us

				Professionals
type in a c	rug name(brand name, g	generic name) or drug ID	Add	
Abilify	aripiprazole	*	Remove All	
Clopine	clozapine	*		
Overviev	v Interactions	Create a Report		
All Interactions	Major Interactions	Moderate Interactions	Minor Interactions	
	Generic Only	Brand Only		
		eract with Abilify(aripiprazo	ole)& Clopine(clozapine)	
<u>A</u>	D C D E L G U I I V F W W	OPQRSIUVWXYZ		
<u> elonaze</u>	<u>epam</u>	metform	<u>iin</u>	
<u>clonaze</u>	<u>epam</u>	metform	<u>iin</u>	
gabape	<u>entin</u>	<u>omepraz</u>	<u>zole</u>	
gabape	<u>entin</u>	<u>omepra</u>	zole	
<u>levothy</u>	<u>roxine</u>	<u>tramado</u>	<u>) </u>	
<u>levothy</u>	<u>roxine</u>	tramado	<u>) </u>	
<u>lisinopr</u>	<u>il</u>	<u>trazodor</u>	<u>ne</u>	
<u>lisinopr</u>	<u>il</u>	trazodor	<u>ne</u>	
	pregabalin)	Vitamin	D3 (cholecalciferol)	
Created with Moqups (Free Vers		Vitamin	D3 (cholecalciferol)	

-----t © Copyright (C) 2014 All Rights Reserved



					Profes
type in a d	drug name(brand n	ame, generic name) or	drug ID	Add	
Abilify	aripiprazole		×	Remove All	
Clopine	e clozapine		×		
erview	Interactions	Create a Report	$\overline{}$		



clonazepam ↔ aripiprazole

Applies to:clonazepam and Abilify (aripiprazole)

Using clonazepam together with aripiprazole may increase side effects such as dizziness, drowsiness, and difficulty concentrating. Some people may also experience some impairment in thinking and judgment. You should avoid or limit the use of alcohol while being treated with these medications. Avoid driving or operating hazardous machinery until you know how the medications affect you. It is important to tell your doctor about all other medications you use, including vitamins and herbs. Do not stop using any medications without first talking to your doctor.

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner



		Professionals
type in a drug name(brand name, generic name), drug	ID or drug class Add	Trofocoloriale
Abilify aripiprazole	X Remove All	
Clopine clozapine	*	
Overview Interactions Create a Report		
Select the interactions to include the report	Print	
☑ Caffeine ☐ Ethanol/Alcohol		
Tobacco		
Beverage		
Food		
create a report		

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner



	Professionals		
type in a drug name(brand nam	e, generic name), drug ID or drug class Add		
Abilify aripiprazole	Remove All		
Clopine clozapine			
Overview Interactions	Create a Report		
Select the interactions to in	clude the report		
✓ Caffeine	Drug interactions report for the following medications:		
Ethanol/Alcohol	Abilify Clopine		
Tobacco	Drug to Drug Interactions		
Beverage	No clinically significant drug-drug interactions are expected.		
Food	Drug-Caffeine interactions are found		
create a report	Caffeine (Enerjets® Top Care Stay Awake Maximum Strength Stay Awake® Awake .44 Magnum™ Molie® Overtime® Stay Awake 357 HR Magnum® Cafcit® Alert® Fastlene® Waykup®)		
	While taking Caffeine products, limit the use of foods, beverages, herbs and other medicines that contain additional caffeine, like coffee, teas, colas, chocolate and some diet pills. Grapefruit juice or grapefruit may also increase		

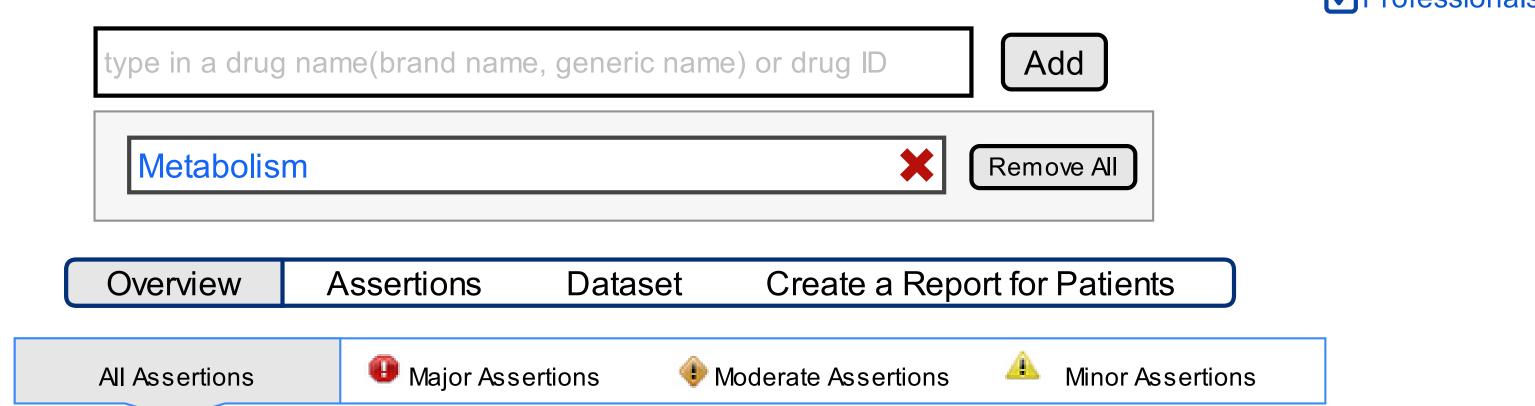
Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner

the effects of Caffeine.







- 1-methylxanthine has metabolite 1-methyluric-acid
- <u>14-hydroxyclarithromycin maximum concentration continuous value</u>

✓ Professionals

type in a drug name(brand name, generic name) or drug ID

Metabolism

Methylxanthine

Remove All

Overview Assertions Dataset Create a Report for Patients

Evidence 1:

Evidence Type: Non_traceable_Drug_Label_Statement

Quote: Metabolism Following oral dosing, theophylline does not undergo any measurable first-pass elimination. In adults and children beyond one year of age, approximately 90% of the dose is metabolized in the liver. Biotransformation takes place through demethylation to

- 1-1 Methylxanthine d 3-Methylxanthine and hydroxylation to 1,3-dimethyluric acid.
- 1-1 Methylxanthine further hydroxylated, by xanthine oxidase, to 1-methyluric acid. About 6%of a theophylline dose is N-methylated to caffeine. Theophylline demethylation to 3-methylxanthine is catalyzed by cytochrome P-450 1A2, while cytochromes P-450 2E1 and P-450 3A3 catalyze the hydroxylation to 1,3-dimethyluric acid. Demethylation to 1-methylxanthine appears to be catalyzed either by cytochrome P-450 1A2 or a closely related cytochrome. In neonates, the N-demethylation pathway is absent while the function of the hydroxylation pathway is markedly deficient. The activity of these pathways slowly increases to maximal levels by one year of age.

Pointer: heophylline-3M-082006

Reviewer: Boycer

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner

▼ Assertion 1

- ► Evidence 1.1
- ► Evidence 1.2
- ▼ Assertion 2
 - Evidence 2.1

Assertions

For Help Contact Us

✓ Professionals

ty	ype in a drug name(brand name, generic name) or drug ID	Add
	Metabolism	Remove All
	Methylxanthine	¢

Dataset

PK DDI NUM Credible NDF-RT ONC ONC OSCAR DDI DDI KEGG TWO-DIKB Sem Drug-Corpus Corpus DDI SIDES Meds High Non-Bank MedDB Metabolism 2013 **Priority** interrupti -2011 Corpus Methylxanthine confidence value χ description χ χ χ χ χ X clinical effect X χ χ χ citation of evidence X χ χ Χ management options χ mechanism χŤ X χ χII precipitant/object distinction" χ‡

Create a Report for Patients

Created with Moqups (Free Version)

<u>Upgrade your account</u> to remove this banner

Overview

t © Copyright (C) 2014 All Rights Reserved

χ