

Linear Copolymerisation in FORTRAN 2008

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The probability of reaction between monomers i , j is calculated by dividing the speed at which monomers i , j react by all possible reactions of i with other monomers

$$\begin{aligned} P_{ij} &= \frac{k_{ij}[i][j]}{\sum_{j=1}^N k_{ij}[i][j]} \\ P_{ij} &= \frac{k_{ij}[i][j]}{[i] \sum_{j=1}^N k_{ij}[j]} \\ P_{ij} &= \frac{k_{ij}[j]}{\sum_{j=1}^N k_{ij}[j]} \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

where $k \equiv$ reaction speed constant and $[\dots]$ denotes concentration.
 $[0, a), [a, b), [b, 1)$

old = 123456789

Remove 4

new = 12356789