



# DDI Alliance Controlled Vocabulary for CommonalityType

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## CV definition

Descreve o grau de similitude entre dois itens ou esquemas.

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## Details

<b>CV short name:</b>	CommonalityType
<b>CV name:</b>	Tipo de convergência/uniformidade
<b>CV notes:</b>	
<b>Language:</b>	Portuguese (pt)
<b>Version:</b>	1.0.2-PUBLISHED
<b>Version notes:</b>	To align with a new versioning system, this version has been automatically created by copying the previous version PUBLISHED-1.0.1.
<b>Canonical URI:</b>	<a href="urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2">urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2</a>
<b>Agency:</b>	<a href="#">DDI Alliance</a>
<b>Translator Agency:</b>	<a href="#">Arquivo Português de Informação Social</a>

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## Code list

Code value	Code descriptive term	Code definition
Identical	Idêntico	Usar quando os itens comparados têm conteúdo idêntico. Para variáveis, por exemplo, todos os elementos da descrição de uma variável (nome da variável, label, texto da questão, valores e códigos de categoria, universo, conceito) serão idênticos na forma.
Some	Algum	Usar quando os itens comparados têm conteúdo semelhante, mas não idêntico. Para variáveis, por exemplo, alguns dos elementos da descrição de uma variável (nome da variável, label, texto da questão, valores e códigos de categoria, universo, conceito) serão idênticos na forma, enquanto outros serão diferentes.
None	Nenhum	Normalmente não é usado, pois não seria esperado comparar itens que não têm nada em comum. Este termo foi necessário para completar as diferentes possibilidades de grau de similitude entre os itens e pode ser usado em casos especiais, consoante as necessidades do utilizador (por exemplo, quando a comparabilidade era expectável, mas não foi encontrada).

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## Usage

### [DDI3.3](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI 3.2](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI 2.5](#)

DDI-Codebook (DDI 2.5 and all previous DDI versions) does not include an element or attribute that would support this controlled vocabulary.

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Citation: DDI Alliance. (2019). Tipo de convergência/uniformidade [Commonality Type] (Version 1.0.2; Arquivo Português de Informação Social, Transl.) [Controlled vocabulary]. CESSDA. urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2. Available from: <http://vocabularies.cessda.eu:80/urn/urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2>



# DDI Alliance Controlled Vocabulary for CommonalityType

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## CV definition

Describes the degree of similarity between two items or schemes (collections of items).

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## Details

**CV short name:** CommonalityType

**CV name:** Commonality Type

**CV notes:**

This vocabulary was first published by the DDI Alliance. Please see: <https://ddialliance.org/controlled-vocabularies/all>

**Language:** English (en)

**Version:** 1.0.2-PUBLISHED

**Version notes:**

To align with a new versioning system, this version has been automatically created by copying the previous version PUBLISHED-1.0.0.

**Canonical URI:** <urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2>

**Agency:** [DDI Alliance](#)

**Translator Agency:**

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## Code list

Code value	Code descriptive term	Code definition
Identical	Identical	Use when the compared items have identical content. For variables, for example, all the elements of a variable description (name, label, question text, category values and codes, universe, concept) will be identical in form.
Some	Some	Use when the compared items have similar but not identical content. For variables, for example, some of the elements of a variable description (name, label, question text, category values and codes, universe, concept) will be identical in form, while others will be different.
None	None	Normally not used, as it would not be expected to compare items that have nothing in common. This term was necessary to complete the commonality range, and may be used in special cases, as determined by user needs (for instance, when comparability was expected, but not found).

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## Usage

### [DDI-L 3.3](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI-L 3.2](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

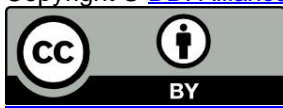
### [DDI-C 2.5](#)

DDI-Codebook (DDI 2.5 and all previous DDI versions) does not include an element or attribute that would support this controlled vocabulary.

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# DDI Alliance Controlled Vocabulary for CommonalityType

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## CV definition

Beskriver graden av likhet mellom to elementer eller skjemaer (samling av elementer)

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## Details

**CV short name:** CommonalityType

**CV name:** Type ensartethet

**CV notes:**

**Language:** Norwegian (no)

**Version:** 1.0.2-PUBLISHED

**Version notes:**

To align with a new versioning system, this version has been automatically created by copying the previous version PUBLISHED-1.0.1.

**Canonical URI:** <urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2>

**Agency:** [DDI Alliance](#)

**Translator Agency:** [NSD - Norwegian Centre for Research Data](#)

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## Code list

Code value	Code descriptive term	Code definition
Identical	Identisk	Bruk når de sammenliknede elementene har identisk innhold. For variabler, for eksempel, alle elementene av en variabelbeskrivelse (navn, label, spørsmålstekst, kategoriverdier og koder, univers og begrep) vil være identiske i form.
Some	Noen	Bruk når de sammenliknede elementene har like, men ikke identisk innhold. For variabler, for eksempel, noen av elementene i en variabelbeskrivelse (navn, label, spørsmålstekst, kategorieverdier og koder, univers, begrep) vil ha identisk form, mens andre vil være forskjellige.
None	Ingen	Vanligvis ikke brukt ettersom en ikke forventer at en sammenlikner elementer som ikke har noe til felles. Dette uttrykket var nødvendig for å fullføre typene av ensartethet og kan bli brukt i spesielle tilfeller som bestemmes av brukerbehov (for eksempel, når sammenliknbarhet var forventet, men ikke funnet).

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## Usage

### [DDI3.3](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI 3.2](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI 2.5](#)

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# DDI Alliance Controlled Vocabulary for CommonalityType

## CV definition

Opisuje stepen slinosti izmeu dve stavke, predmeta ili šeme (zbirke stavki).

## Details

**CV short name:** CommonalityType

**CV name:** Vrste slinosti

**CV notes:**

**Language:** Serbian (sr)

**Version:** 1.0.2-PUBLISHED

**Version notes:**

To align with a new versioning system, this version has been automatically created by copying the previous version PUBLISHED-1.0.1.

**Canonical URI:** <urn:ddi:int.ddi.cv:CommonalityType:1.0.2>

**Agency:** [DDI Alliance](#)

**Translator Agency:** [Data Centre Serbia for Social Sciences \(DCS\)](#)

## Code list

Code value	Code descriptive term	Code definition
Identical	Istovetno / identino	Koristite kada stavke koje poredite imaju identian sadržaj. Na primer, za promenljive, svi elementi opisa promenljive (naziv, oznaka, tekst pitanja, vrednosti kategorije i kodovi, univerzum, koncept) su istovetni (identini).
Some	Delimino	Koristite kada stavke koje poredite imaju slian, ali ne identian sadržaj. Na primer, za promenljive, neki elementi opisa promenljive (naziv, oznaka, tekst pitanja, vrednosti kategorije i kodovi, populacija, koncept) ce biti istovetni (identini) po obliku, dok ce drugi biti razliiti.
None	Neuporedivo	Obino se ne koristi, jer se ne bi moglo oekivati poreenje stavki koji nemaju ništa zajedniko. Ovaj izraz je bio neophodan za kompletiranje opšteg raspona i može se upotrebljavati u posebnim sluajevima, prema potrebama korisnika (na primer, kada se uporedivost oekivala, ali nije pronaena).

## Usage

### [DDI3.3](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

### [DDI 3.2](#)

Module name: comparative

Element name: [CommonalityTypeCoded](#)

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