MIDI Implementation

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1. Receive data

■Channel Voice Messages

Note off

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 8nH
 kkH
 vvH

 9nH
 kkH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = note number: 00H-7FH (0-127) vv = note off velocity: 00H-7FH (0-127)

* For Drum Parts, these messages are received when Rx.NOTE OFF = ON for each Instrument.

■Note on

Status2nd byte3rd byte9nHkkHvvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = note number: 00H-7FH (0-127) vv = note on velocity: 01H-7FH (1-127)

- * Not received when Rx.NOTE MESSAGE = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * For Drum Parts, not received when Rx.NOTE ON = OFF for each Instrument.

● Polyphonic Key Pressure

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 AnH
 kkH
 vvH

 $n = \mbox{MIDI channel number:} \qquad \mbox{OH-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ kk = \mbox{note number:} \qquad \mbox{00H-7FH (0-127)} \\ vv = \mbox{key pressure:} \qquad \mbox{00H-7FH (0-127)}$

- * Not received when Rx.POLY PRESSURE (PAf) = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings, there will be no effect.

●Control Change

- * When Rx.CONTROL CHANGE = OFF, all control change messages except for Channel Mode messages will be ignored.
- * The value specified by a Control Change message will not be reset even by a Program Change, etc.

OBank Select (Controller number 0, 32)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 00H
 mmH

 BnH
 20H
 IIH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm, II = Bank number: 00H, 00H-7FH, 7FH (bank.1-bank.16384), Initial Value = 00 00H (bank.1)

- * Not received when Rx.BANK SELECT = OFF.
- "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to OFF by "GM1 System On," and Bank Select message will be ignored.
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by "GM2 System On."
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by power-on Reset or by receiving "GS RESET"
- * When Rx.BANK SELECT LSB = OFF, Bank number LSB (IIH) will be handled as 00H regardless of the received value. However, when sending Bank Select messages, you have to send both the MSB (mmH) and LSB (IIH, the value should be 00H) together.

* Bank Select processing will be suspended until a Program Change message is received.

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* The GS format "Variation number" is the value of the Bank Select MSB

Model:

Version:

Date :

(Controller number 0) expressed in decimal.

* Some other GS devices do not recognize the Bank Select LSB (Controller number 32).

OModulation (Controller number 1)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 01H
 vvH

 $n = \mbox{MIDI channel number: } \mbox{OH-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ \mbox{vv} = \mbox{Modulation depth: } \mbox{O0H-7FH (0-127)}$

- * Not received when Rx.MODULATION = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings, this is Pitch Modulation Depth.

OPortamento Time (Controller number 5)

<u>Status</u> <u>2nd byte</u> <u>3rd byte</u> BnH 05H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Portamento Time: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial value = 00H (0)

* This adjusts the rate of pitch change when Portamento is ON or when using the Portamento Control. A value of 0 results in the fastest change.

OData Entry (Controller number 6, 38)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 06H
 mmH

 BnH
 26H
 IIH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm, II = the value of the parameter specified by RPN/NRPN

mm = MSB, II = LSB

OVolume (Controller number 7)

<u>Status</u> <u>2nd byte</u> <u>3rd byte</u> BnH 07H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Volume: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 64H (100)

- * Volume messages are used to adjust the volume balance of each Part.
- * Not received when Rx.VOLUME = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OPan (Controller number 10)

Status2nd byte3rd byteBnH0AHvvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = pan: 00H-40H-7FH (Left-Center-Right), Initial Value = 40H (Center)

- * For Rhythm Parts, this is a relative adjustment of each Instrument's pan setting.
- * Some Tones are not capable of being panned all the way to the left or right.
- * Not received when Rx.PANPOT = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OExpression (Controller number 11)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte

BnH 0BH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 7FH (127) vv = Expression:

* This adjusts the volume of a Part. It can be used independently from Volume messages. Expression messages are used for musical expression within a performance; e.g., expression pedal movements, crescendo and decrescendo.

* Not received when Rx.EXPRESSION = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

2nd byte Status BnH 40H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127)

* Not received when Rx.HOLD1 = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OPortamento (Controller number 65)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 41H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON vv = Control value :

* Not received when Rx.PORTAMENTO = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OSostenuto (Controller number 66)

2nd byte BnH 42H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON

* Not received when Rx.SOSTENUTO = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OSoft (Controller number 67)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 43H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON

* Not received when Rx.SOFT = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

* Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

OFilter Resonance (Timbre/Harmonic Intensity)(Controller number 71)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 47H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv= Resonance value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change)

* Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

ORelease Time (Controller number 72)

Status 3rd byte 2nd byte BnH 48H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Release Time value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63).

Initial value = 40H (no change)

* Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

OAttack time (Controller number 73)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 49H vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Attack time value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63),

Initial value=40H (no change)

* Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

OCutoff (Controller number 74)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 4AH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), vv = Cutoff value (relative change): Initial value = 40H (no change)

ODecay Time (Controller number 75)

2nd byte 3rd byte Status BnH 4BH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), vv = Decay Time value (relative change): Initial value = 40H (no change)

* Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

OVibrato Rate (Controller number 76)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 4CH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Vibrato Rate value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change)

OVibrato Depth (Controller number 77)

2nd byte Status 3rd byte 4DH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Vibrato Depth Value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial Value = 40H (no change)

OVibrato Delay (Controller number 78)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 4EH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Vibrato Delay value (relative change): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63),

Initial value=40H (no change)

OPortamento control (Controller number 84)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 54H kkH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = source note number: 00H-7FH (0-127)

* A Note-on received immediately after a Portamento Control message will change continuously in pitch, starting from the pitch of the Source Note

^{*} Some Tones will not exhibit any change.

Number.

- * If a voice is already sounding for a note number identical to the Source Note Number, this voice will continue sounding (i.e., legato) and will, when the next Note-on is received, smoothly change to the pitch of that Note-on.
- * The rate of the pitch change caused by Portamento Control is determined by the Portamento Time value.

90 40 40

80 40 40

| On MIDI | <u>Description</u> | <u>Result</u> |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 90 3C 40 | Note on C4 | C4 on |
| B0 54 3C | Portamento | no change (C4 voice still sounding) |
| | Control from C4 | |
| 90 40 40 | Note on E4 | glide from C4 to E4 |
| 80 3C 40 | Note off C4 | no change |
| 80 40 40 | Note off E4 | E4 off |
| | | |
| Example 2. | | |
| On MIDI | Description | Result |
| B0 54 3C | Portamento | no change |
| | Control from C4 | |
| | | |

E4 off

E4 is played with glide from C4 to E4

OEffect 1 (Reverb Send Level) (Controller number 91)

| Status | 2nd bytes | 3rd byte |
|--------|-----------|----------|
| BnH | 5BH | vvH |

Note on E4

Note off E4

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value : 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 28H (40)

OEffect 3 (Chorus Send Level) (Controller number 93)

| <u>Status</u> | 2nd byte | 3rd byte |
|---------------|----------|----------|
| BnH | 5DH | wH |

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 00H (0)

ONRPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 98, 99)

| <u>Status</u> | 2nd byte | 3rd byte |
|---------------|----------|----------|
| BnH | 63H | mmH |
| BnH | 62H | IIH |

n = MIDI channel number:0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

 $\label{eq:mm} \mbox{mm} = \mbox{upper byte (MSB) of the parameter number specified by NRPN} \\ \mbox{II} = \mbox{lower byte (LSB) of the parameter number specified by NRPN}$

- * Rx.NRPN is set to OFF by power-on reset or by receiving "GM1 System On" or "GM2 System On," and NRPN message will be ignored. NRPN message will be received when Rx.NRPN = ON, or by receiving "GS RESET."
- * The value set by NRPN will not be reset even if Program Change or Reset All Controllers is received.

NRPN

The NRPN (Non Registered Parameter Number) message allows an extended range of control changes to be used.

To use these messages, you must first use NRPN MSB and NRPN LSB messages to specify the parameter to be controlled, and then use Data Entry messages to specify the value of the specified parameter. Once an NRPN parameter has been specified, all Data Entry messages received on that channel will modify the value of that parameter. To prevent accidents, it is recommended that you set RPN Null (RPN Number = 7FH/7FH) when you have finished setting the value of the desired parameter. Refer to Section 4. Supplementary material "Examples of actual MIDI messages" <Example 4>. On the GS devices, Data entry LSB (IIH) of NRPN is ignored, so it is no problem to send Data entry MSB (mmH) only (without Data entry LSB).

On this instrument, NRPN can be used to modify the following parameters.

| NRPN | Data entry | |
|---------|------------|---|
| MSB LSB | MSB | Description |
| 01H 08H | mmH | Vibrato Rate (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 09H | mmH | Vibrato Depth (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 0AH | mmH | Vibrato Delay (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 20H | mmH | TVF Cutoff Frequency (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 21H | mmH | TVF Resonance (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 63H | mmH | TVF&TVA Envelope Attack Time (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 64H | mmH | TVF&TVA Envelope Decay Time (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 01H 66H | mmH | TVF&TVA Envelope Release Time (relative change) |
| | | mm: 0EH-40H-72H (i-50 - 0 - +50) |
| 18H rrH | mmH | Drum Instrument Pitch Coarse (relative change) |
| | | r: key number of drum instrument |
| | | mm: 00H-40H-7FH (-63 - 0 - +63 semitone) |
| 1AH rrH | mmH | Drum Instrument TVA Level (absolute change) |
| | | rr: key number of drum instrument |
| | | mm: 00H-7FH (zero-maximum) |
| 1CH rrH | mmH | Drum Instrument Panpot (absolute change) |
| | | rr: key number of drum instrument |
| | | mm: 00H, 01H-40H-7FH |
| | | (Random, Left-Center-Right) |
| 1DH rrH | mmH | Drum Instrument Reverb Send Level |
| | | (absolute change) |
| | | rr: key number of drum instrument |
| | | mm: 01H-7FH (zero-maximum) |
| 1EH rrH | mmH | Drum Instrument Chorus Send Level |
| | | (absolute change) |
| | | rr: key number of drum instrument |
| | | mm: 01H-7FH (zero-maximum) |
| | | |

^{*} Parameters marked "relative change" will change relatively to the preset value(40H). Even among different GS devices, "relative change" parameters may sometimes differ in the way the sound changes or in the range of change.

ORPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 100, 101)

| <u>Status</u> | 2nd byte | 3rd byte |
|---------------|----------|----------|
| BnH | 65H | mmH |
| BnH | 64H | IIH |

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

 $\label{eq:mm} \mbox{mm} = \mbox{upper byte (MSB) of parameter number specified by RPN } \mbox{ll} = \mbox{lower byte (LSB) of parameter number specified by RPN }$

The RPN (Registered Parameter Number) messages are expanded control changes, and each function of an RPN is described by the MIDI Standard. To use these messages, you must first use RPN MSB and RPN LSB messages to specify the parameter to be controlled, and then use Data Entry messages to specify the value of the specified parameter. Once an RPN parameter has been specified, all Data Entry messages received on that channel will modify the value of that parameter. To prevent accidents, it is recommended that you set RPN Null (RPN Number = 7FH/7FH) when you have finished setting the value of the desired parameter.Refer to Section 4. "Examples of actual MIDI messages" <Example 4>

On this instrument, RPN can be used to modify the following parameters.

RPN Data entry

^{*} This message adjusts the Reverb Send Level of each Part.

^{*} This message adjusts the Chorus Send Level of each Part.

^{*} Parameters marked "absolute change" will be set to the absolute value of the parameter, regardless of the preset value.

^{*} Data entry LSB (IIH) is ignored.

^{*} Not received when Rx.RPN = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

^{*}The value specified by RPN will not be reset even by messages such as Program Change or Reset All Controller.

^{**}RPN**

MSB LSB MSB LSB Explanation

00H 00H mmH --- Pitch Bend Sensitivity

mm: 00H-18H (0-24 semitones), Initial Value = 02H (2 semitones) II: ignored (processed as 00h)

specify up to 2 octaves in semitone steps

00H 01H mmH IIH Master Fine Tuning

mm, II: 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH

(-100 - 0 - +99.99 cents), Initial Value = 40 00H (0 cent) II: ignored (processed as 00h)

specify up to 2 octaves in semitone steps Refer to 4. Supplementary material,

About tuning"

"About tuning"

00H 02H mmH --- Master Coarse Tuning mm: 28H - 40H - 58H

(-24 - 0 - +24 semitones), Initial Value = 40H (0 cent) II: ignored (processed as 00h) Modulation Depth Range

mm: 00H - 04H (0 - 4 semitones)

II: 00H - 7FH (0 - 100 cents)100/128 Cent/Value

7FH 7FH --- RPN null

mmH IIH

Set condition where RPN and NRPN are unspecified. The data entry messages after set RPN null will be ignored. (No Data entry messages are required after RPN null). Settings already made will not change.

mm, II: ignored

Program Change

00H 05H

Status 2nd byte CnH ppH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) pp = Program number: 00H-7FH (prog.1-prog.128)

- * Not received when Rx.PROGRAM CHANGE = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * After a Program Change message is received, the sound will change beginning with the next Note-on. Voices already sounding when the Program Change message was received will not be affected.
- * For Drum Parts, Program Change messages will not be received on bank numbers 129-16384 (the value of Control Number 0 is other than 0 (00H)).

Channel Pressure

Status 2nd byte
DnH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Channel Pressure : 00H-7FH (0-127)

- * Not received when Rx.CH PRESSURE (CAf) = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings there will be no effect.

Pitch Bend Change

<u>Status</u> <u>2nd byte</u> <u>3rd byte</u> EnH IIH mmH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm, II = Pitch Bend value: $00\ 00H - 40\ 00H - 7F\ 7FH\ (-8192 - 0 - +8191)$

- * Not received when Rx.PITCH BEND = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings the effect is Pitch Bend.

■Channel Mode Messages

●All Sounds Off (Controller number 120)

<u>Status</u> <u>2nd byte</u> <u>3rd byte</u> BnH 78H 00H n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When this message is received, all currently-sounding notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off immediately.

● Reset All Controllers (Controller number 121)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 79H
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When this message is received, the following controllers will be set to their reset values.

Controller Reset value Pitch Bend Change ±0 (Center) Polyphonic Key Pressure 0 (off) Channel Pressure 0 (off) Modulation 0 (off) Expression 127 (max) Hold 1 0 (off) Portamento 0 (off) Sostenuto 0 (off) Soft 0 (off)

RPN unset; previously set data will not change NRPN unset; previously set data will not change

● Local Control (Controller number 122)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7AH
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value: 00H, 7FH (0,127)

00H: Local Off 7FH: Local On

● All Notes Off (Controller number 123)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7BH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When All Notes Off is received, all notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off

However if Hold 1 or Sostenuto is ON, the sound will be continued until these are turned off.

●OMNI OFF (Controller number 124)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7CH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received.

OMNI ON (Controller number 125)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7DH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

 * OMNI ON is only recognized as "All notes off"; the Mode doesn't change (OMNI OFF remains).

MONO (Controller number 126)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7EH
 mmH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) mm = mono number : 00H-10H (0-16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off and All Notes Off is received, and the corresponding channel will be set to Mode 4 (M = 1) regardless of the value of "mono number."

●POLY (Controller number 127)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off and All Notes Off is received, and the corresponding channel will be set to Mode 3.

■System Realtime Message

Active Sensing

Status

FEH

* When Active Sensing is received, the unit will begin monitoring the intervals of all further messages. While monitoring, if the interval between messages exceeds 420 ms, the same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off, All Notes Off and Reset All Controllers are received, and message interval monitoring will be halted.

■System Exclusive Message

| Status | Data byte | <u>Status</u> |
|--------|----------------|---------------|
| F0H | iiH, ddH,, eeH | F7H |

F0H: System Exclusive Message status

ii = ID number: an ID number (manufacturer ID) to indicate the

manufacturer whose Exclusive message this is.

Roland's manufacturer ID is 41H.

ID numbers 7EH and 7FH are extensions of the MIDI standard; Universal Non-realtime Messages (7EH) and Universal Realtime Messages (7FH).

dd,...,ee = data: 00H-7FH (0-127) EOX (End Of Exclusive) F7H:

The System Exclusive Messages received by this instrument are; messages related to mode settings, Universal Realtime System Exclusive messages and Data Set (DT1).

System exclusive messages related to mode settings

These messages are used to initialize a device to GS or General MIDI mode, or change the operating mode. When creating performance data, a "GM1 System On" message should be inserted at the beginning of a General MIDI 1 score, a "GM2 System On" message at the beginning of a General MIDI 2 score, and a "GS Reset" message at the beginning of a GS music data. Each song should contain only one mode message as appropriate for the type of data. (Do not insert two or more mode setting messages in a single song.)

"GM System On" uses Universal Non-realtime Message format. "GS Reset" uses Roland system Exclusive format "Data Set 1 (DT1)."

OGM1 System On

This is a command message that resets the internal settings of the unit to the General MIDI initial state (General MIDI System-Level 1). After receiving this message, this instrument will automatically be set to the proper condition for correctly playing a GM score.

| <u>Status</u> | Data byte | <u>Status</u> |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| F0H | 7EH, 7FH, 09H, 01H | F7H |
| | | |
| Puto | Evolunation | |

F0H Exclusive status

| 7EH | ID number (Universal Non-realtime Message) |
|-----|--|
| 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) |
| | |

09H Sub ID#1 (General MIDI Message) Sub ID#2 (General MIDI 1 On) 01H F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

OGM2 System On

Status

This is a command message that resets the internal settings of the unit to the General MIDI initial state (General MIDI System-Level 2). After receiving this message, this instrument will automatically be set to the proper condition for correctly playing a GM2 score.

Status

| F0H | 7EH 7FH 09H 03H | F7H |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> | |
| F0H | Exclusive status | |
| 7EH | ID number (Universal Non-realting | ne Message) |
| 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) | |
| 09H | Sub ID#1 (General MIDI Message | e) |
| 03H | Sub ID#2 (General MIDI 2 On) | |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | |

Data byte

OGM System Off

04-4---

"GM System Off" is a command message that resets the internal state of this instrument from the GM state to its native condition. This instrument will reset to the GS default state.

D-4- b.4-

| Status | <u>Data byte</u> | Status |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| F0H | 7EH. 7FH. 09H. 02H | F7H |
| . • | , , | |
| <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> | |
| F0H | Exclusive status | |
| 7EH | ID number (Universal Non-realtime N | /lessage) |
| 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) | |
| 09H | Sub-ID#1 (General MIDI message) | |
| 02H | Sub-ID#2 (General MIDI Off) | |
| 40H | EOX (End of exclusive) | |

^{*} There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the next.

OGS reset

GS Reset is a command message that resets the internal settings of a device to

This message will appear at the beginning of GS music data, and a GS device that receives this message will automatically be set to the proper state to correctly playback GS music data.

| <u>Status</u> F0H | <u>Data byte</u> 41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 00H, 41H | Status F7H |
|----------------------|--|---------------|
| <u>Byte</u> | Explanation | |
| F0H | Exclusive status | |
| 41H | ID number (Roland) | |
| 10H | Device ID | |
| | (dev: 00H-1FH (1-32), Initial value is 10 | H (17)) |
| 42H | Model ID (GS) | |
| 12H | Command ID (DT1) | |
| 40H | Address MSB | |
| 00H | Address | |
| | | |

^{*} When this message is received, Rx.BANK SELECT will be OFF and Rx.NRPN will be OFF.

^{*} There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the

^{*} When this message is received, this instrument will be able to receive the messages specified by General MIDI 2, and use the General MIDI 2 soundmap.

^{*} There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the

| 7FH | Address LSB | | F0H | Exclusive status | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------|
| 00H | Data (GS reset) | | 7FH | ID number (Univ | ersal Realtime Messa | ge) |
| 41H | Checksum | | 7FH | Device ID (Broa | | . |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | | 04H | Sub ID#1 (Device | , | |
| | EGX (End of Excidents) | | 05H | , | al Parameter Control) | |
| * When this message | is received, Rx.NRPN will be ON. | | 01H | Slot path length | arr arameter control) | |
| • | | aga and the | 01H | • | طفام | |
| | terval of at least 50 ms between this mess | age and the | | Parameter ID wi | ain | |
| next. | | | 01H | Value width | | |
| | | | 01H | Slot path MSB | | |
| Allniversal Realti | me System Exclusive Messages | | 01H | Slot path LSB (E | Effect 0101: Reverb) | |
| Olliversal Realti | me Oystem Exclusive messages | | ррН | Parameter to be | controlled. | |
| OMaster volume | | | vvH | Value for the par | rameter. | |
| Olviaster volume | | | F7H | EOX (End Of Ex | clusive) | |
| Status | Data byte | Status | | | | |
| F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 01H, IIH, mmH | F7H | pp=0 | Reverb Type | | |
| | | | • • | vv = 00H | Small Room (Room | 1) |
| Byte | Explanation | | | vv = 01H | Medium Room (Roo | • |
| F0H | Exclusive status | | | vv = 02H | Large Room (Room | |
| | | > | | | | - |
| 7FH | ID number (universal realtime messa | ige) | | vv = 03H | Medium Hall (Hall1) | |
| 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) | | | vv = 04H | Large Hall (Hall2) | |
| 04H | Sub ID#1 (Device Control messages) |) | | vv = 08H | Plate (Plate) | |
| 01H | Sub ID#2 (Master Volume) | | | | | |
| IIH | Master volume lower byte | | pp=1 | Reverb Time | | |
| mmH | Master volume upper byte | | | vv = 00H - 7FH | 0 - 127 | |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | | | | | |
| | , | | | | | |
| * The lower byte (IIH) | of Master Volume will be handled as 00H. | | OChorus Parameter | rs | | |
| The lower byte (iii i) | or master volume will be narrated as oor i. | | Status | Data buto | | Status |
| | | | Status Follo | Data byte | 0511 0411 0411 | |
| OMaster Fine Tun | ing | | F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 04H, | | F7H |
| | - | | | 01H, 01H, 02H, | ppH, vvH | |
| <u>Status</u> | Data byte | <u>Status</u> | | | | |
| F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 03H, IIH, mmH | F7H | Byte | Explanation | | |
| | | | F0H | Exclusive status | | |
| Byte | Explanation | | 7FH | ID number (Univ | ersal Realtime Messa | ge) |
| F0H | Exclusive status | | 7FH | Device ID (Broad | dcast) | |
| 7FH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess | age) | 04H | Sub ID#1 (Device | e Control) | |
| 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) | - 3 - 7 | 05H | · | al Parameter Control) | |
| 04H | Sub ID#1 (Device Control) | | 01H | Slot path length | arr dramotor control) | |
| | , | | | | طفام | |
| 03H | Sub ID#2 (Master Fine Tuning) | | 01H | Parameter ID wi | atn | |
| IIH | Master Fine Tuning LSB | | 01H | Value width | | |
| mmH | Master Fine Tuning MSB | | 01H | Slot path MSB | | |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | | 02H | Slot path LSB (E | Effect 0102: Chorus) | |
| | | | ррН | Parameter to be | controlled. | |
| mm, II: 00 00H - 40 00 | H - 7F 7FH (-100 - 0 - +99.9 [cents]) | | vvH | Value for the par | rameter. | |
| | | | F7H | EOX (End Of Ex | clusive) | |
| | _ | | | • | , | |
| OMaster Coarse T | Tuning | | pp=0 | Chorus Type | | |
| Status | Data byte | <u>Status</u> | ρρ=0 | vv=0 | Chorus1 | |
| | | | | | | |
| F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 04H, IIH, mmH | F7H | | vv=1 | Chorus2 | |
| | | | | vv=2 | Chorus3 | |
| Byte | Explanation | | | vv=3 | Chorus4 | |
| F0H | | | | | ED Ob | |
| | Exclusive status | | | vv=4 | FB Chorus | |
| 7FH | Exclusive status ID number (Universal Realtime Mess | age) | | vv=4 vv=5 | Flanger | |
| | | age) | | | | |
| 7FH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess | age) | pp=1 | | | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) | age) | pp=1 | vv=5 Mod Rate | Flanger | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) | rage) | | vv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB | age) | pp=1 pp=2 | vv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth | Flanger) - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB | age) | pp=2 | vv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger) - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB | age) | | vv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) | age) | pp=2 pp=3 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) | age) | pp=2 | vv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) | age) | pp=2 pp=3 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) | age) | pp=2 pp=3 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | age) | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | age) | pp=2 pp=3 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | Status |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | <u>Status</u> F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) | | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided | | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH | |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glot MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided | for the General | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH | F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete Status | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided ers Data byte | for the General Status | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H 7FH | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status ID number (Univ | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH | F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glot MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided ters Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 05H, 01H, 01H, | for the General | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H 7FH 7FH | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status ID number (Univ.) Device ID (Broad | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH versal Realtime Messadcast) | F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete Status | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided ers Data byte | for the General Status | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H 7FH 7FH 09H | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status ID number (Univ.) Device ID (Broad | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH | F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete Status | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided ters Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 05H, 01H, 01H, | for the General Status | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H 7FH 7FH | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status ID number (Univ.) Device ID (Broad | Flanger 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH rersal Realtime Messa dcast) oller Destination Settin | F7H |
| 7FH 7FH 04H 04H IIH mmH F7H IIH: ignored (processe mmH: 28H - 40H - 58H Global Paramete Parameters of the Glo MIDI 2. OReverb Paramete Status | ID number (Universal Realtime Mess Device ID (Broadcast) Sub ID#1 (Device Control) Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning) Master Coarse Tuning LSB Master Coarse Tuning MSB EOX (End Of Exclusive) d as 00H) H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones]) er Control bal Parameter Control are newly provided ters Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 05H, 01H, 01H, | for the General Status | pp=2 pp=3 pp=4 OChannel Pressure Status F0H Byte F0H 7FH 7FH 09H | wv=5 Mod Rate vv= 00H - 7FH 0 Mod Depth vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Feedback vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Send To Reverb vv = 00H - 7FH 0 Data byte 7FH, 7FH, 09H, Explanation Exclusive status ID number (Univ Device ID (Broad Sub ID#1 (Contr | Flanger 1 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 0 - 127 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH rersal Realtime Messa dcast) roller Destination Settin nel Pressure) | F7H |

| ррН | Controlled parameter | | F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 0AH, 01H, 0nH, F7H |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---|
| rrH | Controlled range | | | kkH, nnH, vvH |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | | | |
| pp=0 | Pitch Control | | <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> |
| | rr = 28H - 58H -24 - +24 [semitones | :] | F0H | Exclusive status |
| pp=1 | Filter Cutoff Control | | 7FH | ID number (Universal Realtime Message) |
| | rr = 00H - 7FH -9600 - +9450 [cents | i] | 7FH | Device ID (Broadcast) |
| pp=2 | Amplitude Control | | 0AH | Sub ID#1 (Key-Based Instrument Control) |
| | rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 200 [%] | | 01H | Sub ID#2 (Controller) |
| pp=3 | LFO Pitch Depth | | 0nH | MIDI Channel (00 - 0FH) |
| | rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 600 [cents] | | kkH | Key Number |
| pp=4 | LFO Filter Depth | | nnH | Control Number |
| | rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 2400 [cents] | | vvH | Value |
| pp=5 | LFO Amplitude Depth | | F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) |
| | rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 100 [%] | | | |
| | | | nn=07H | Level |
| OController | | | | vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 200 [%] (Relative) |
| Ocontroller | | | nn=0AH | Pan |
| <u>Status</u> | Data byte | <u>Status</u> | | vv = 00H - 7FH Left - Right (Absolute) |
| F0H | 7FH, 7FH, 09H, 03H, 0nH, ccH, | F7H | nn=5BH | Reverb Send |
| | ppH, rrH | | | vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127 (Absolute) |
| | | | nn=5DH | Chorus Send |
| <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> | | | vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127 (Absolute) |
| F0H | Exclusive status | | | |
| 7FH | ID number (Universal Realtime Messa | ge) | * This parameter effe | ects drum instruments only. |

Oldentity Request Message

| Status | Data byte | Status |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| F0H | 7EH, 10H, 06H, 01H | F7H |
| | | |
| <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> | |
| F0H | Exclusive status | |
| 7EH | ID number (Universal Non-realtime Me | essage) |
| 10H | Device ID | |
| 06H | Sub ID#1 (General Information) | |
| 01H | Sub ID#2 (Identity Request) | |
| F7H | EOX (End Of Exclusive) | |
| | | |

●Universal Non-realtime System Exclusive Messages

Data transmission

This instrument can receive the various parameters using System Exclusive

The exclusive message of GS format data has a model ID of 42H and a device ID of 10H (17), and it is common to all the GS devices.

OData set 1DT1

This is the message that actually performs data transmission, and is used when you wish to transmit the data.

| , | , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
|---------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| <u>Status</u> | Data byte | <u>Status</u> | | | | |
| F0H | 41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, aaH, bbH, | F7H | | | | |
| | ccH, ddH, eeH, sum | | | | | |
| <u>Byte</u> | <u>Explanation</u> | | | | | |
| F0H | Exclusive status | | | | | |
| 41H | ID number (Roland) | | | | | |
| 10H | Device ID | | | | | |
| 42H | Model ID (GS) | | | | | |
| 12H | Command ID (DT1) | | | | | |
| aaH | Address MSB: upper byte of the starting | ng address of | | | | |
| | the transmitted data | | | | | |
| bbH | Address: middle byte of the starting ad | ddress of the | | | | |
| | transmitted data | | | | | |
| ссН | Address LSB: lower byte of the startin | g address of | | | | |
| | the transmitted data | | | | | |
| ddH | Data: the actual data to be transmitted | I. Multiple | | | | |
| | bytes of data are transmitted starting f | rom the | | | | |
| | address. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

OKey-Based Instrument Controllers

7FH

09H

03H

0nH

ссН

ррН

rrH

F7H

pp=0

pp=1

pp=2

pp=3

pp=4

pp=5

Status

F0H

Byte

F0H

7EH

7FH

08H

08H

ffΗ

ggH

hhH

ssH

F7H

OScale/Octave Tuning Adjust

Device ID (Broadcast)

Controlled parameter

EOX (End Of Exclusive)

Controlled range

Pitch Control

rr = 28H - 58H

rr = 00H - 7FH

rr = 00H - 7FH

LFO Pitch Depth rr = 00H - 7FH

LFO Filter Depth

Data byte

hhH, ssH...

Explanation

Exclusive status

Device ID (Broadcast)

Channel/Option byte1

Channel byte2

Channel byte3

00H = -64 [cents]

7FH = +63 [cents]

EOX (End Of Exclusive)

LFO Amplitude Depth rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 100 [%]

Amplitude Control

Filter Cutoff Control

Sub ID#2 (Control Change) MIDI Channel (00 - 0F)

Sub ID#1 (Controller Destination Setting)

-24 - +24 [semitones]

-9600 - +9450 [cents]

Status

F7H

0 - 200 [%]

rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 2400 [cents]

7EH, 7FH, 08H, 08H, ffH, ggH,

Sub ID#1 (MIDI Tuning Standard)

bits 0 to 1 = channel 15 to 16 bit 2 to 6 = Undefined

bits 0 to 6 = channel 8 to 14

bits 0 to 6 = channel 1 to 7

ID number (Universal Non-realtime Message)

Sub ID#2 (scale/octave tuning 1-byte form)

12 byte tuning offset of 12 semitones from C to B

0 - 600 [cents]

Controller number (01 - 1F, 40 - 5F)

Data byte Status Status

40H = 0 [cents] (equal temperament)

^{*} Device ID = 10H or 7FH

:

eeH Data sum Checksum

F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

* The amount of data that can be transmitted at one time depends on the type of data, and data can be received only from the specified starting address and size. Refer to the Address and Size given in Section 3.

* Data larger than 128 bytes must be divided into packets of 128 bytes or less. If "Data Set 1" is transmitted successively, there must be an interval of at least 40 ms between packets.

* Regarding the checksum please refer to section 4 .

2. Transmit data

■Channel Voice Messages

Note off

Status2nd byte3rd byte8nHkkHvvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = note number: 00H-7FH (0-127) vv = note off velocity: 00H-7FH (0-127)

Note on

Status2nd byte3rd byte9nHkkHvvH

 $\begin{aligned} n &= \text{MIDI channel number:} & \text{OH-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ kk &= \text{note number:} & \text{00H-7FH (0-127)} \\ vv &= \text{note on velocity:} & \text{01H-7FH (1-127)} \end{aligned}$

Control Change

OBank Select (Controller number 0, 32)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 00H
 mmH

 BnH
 20H
 IIH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm, II = Bank number: 00H, 00H-7FH, 7FH (bank.1-bank.16384)

OModulation (Controller number 1)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 01H
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Modulation depth: 00H-7FH (0-127)

OExpression (Controller number 11)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte
BnH 0BH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Expression: 00H-7FH (0-127)

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 40H
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127)

OSostenuto (Controller number 66)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 42H
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Control value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0 = OFF, 127 = ON

OSoft (Controller number 67)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 43H
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127)

OEffect 1 (Reverb Send Level) (Controller number 91)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 5BH
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127)

Program Change

Status 2nd byte
CnH ppH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) pp = Program number: 00H-7FH (prog.1-prog.128)

■System Realtime Message

● Realtime Clock

Status F8H

Active sensing

Status FEH

 * This will be transmitted constantly at intervals of approximately 250 ms.

■System exclusive messages

Software revision level EOX (End of Exclusive)

Oldentity Reply

00H

F7H

Status Data byte Status F0H 7EH, 10H, 06H, 02H, 41H, 42H, 00H, 01H, 1BH, 07H, 01H, 00H, 00H F7H **Byte** Explanation Exclusive status F0H 7EH ID number (Universal Non-realtime Message) 10H Device ID (use the same as the device ID of Roland) 06H Sub ID#1 (General Information) Sub ID#2 (Identity Reply) 02H 41H ID number (Roland) 42H Device family code (LSB) Device family code (MSB) 00H 01H Device family number code (LSB) 1BH Device family number code (MSB) 07H Software revision level 01H Software revision level 00H Software revision level

3. Parameter Address Map (Model ID = 42H)

This map indicates address, size, Data (range), Parameter, Description, and Default Value of parameters which can be transferred using and "Data set 1 (DT1)." All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default Value are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal-form.

■Address Block map

An outlined address map of the Exclusive Communication is as follows;

| Address (H) | Block | - |
|-------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| 40 00 00 | SYSTEM PARAMETERS | Individual |
| 40 01 3F | | |
| 40 1 × 00 | PART PARAMETERS (x=0-F) | Individual |
| 40 2 × 5A | | |
| 41 m0 00 | DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS (m=0-1) | Individual |
| 41 m8 7F | (111-0-17) | |
| 48 00 00 | SYSTEM PARAMETERS | Bulk |
| 48 01 10 | PART PARAMETERS | Bulk |
| 48 1D 0F | | |
| 49 m0 00 | DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS (m=0-1) | Bulk |
| 49 mE 17 | (111—0-1) | |

There are two ways in which GS data is transmitted: Individual Parameter Transmission in which individual parameters are transmitted one by one, and Bulk Dump Transmission in which a large amount of data is transmitted at once.

■Individual Parameters

Individual Parameter Transmission transmits data (or requests data) for one parameter as one exclusive message (one packet of "F0 F7").

In Individual Parameter Transmission, you must use the Address and Size listed in the following "Parameter Address Map." Addresses marked at "#" cannot be used as starting addresses.

System Parameters

Parameters related to the system of the device are called System Parameters.

| Address (H) 40 00 00 | Size (H) 00 00 04 | <u>Data (H)</u> 0018-07E8 | Parameter MASTER TUNE | Description -100.0 - +100.0 [cent] | Default Value (H) 00 04 00 00 | Description 0 [cent] |
|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 40 00 01# | | | | Use nibblized data. | | |
| 40 00 02# | | | | | | |
| 40 00 03# | | | | | | |
| *Refer to se | ction 4. Supp | lementary mat | erial, "About tuning." | | | |
| 40.00.04 | 00 00 04 | 00.75 | MA OTER VOLUME | 0.407 | 75 | 107 |
| 40 00 04 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MASTER VOLUME | 0-127 | 7F | 127 |
| 40.00.05 | 00 00 04 | 00.50 | (= F0 7F 7F 04 01 00 vv F7) | 04 045 | 40 | 0.5 |
| 40 00 05 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | MASTER KEY-SHIFT | -24 - +24 [semitones] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
| 40 00 06 | 00 00 01 | 01-7F | MASTER PAN | -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT) | 40 | 0 (CENTER) |
| 40 00 7F | 00 00 01 | 00 | MODE SET | 00 = GS Reset, | | |
| | | | | 127 = Exit GS mode | | |
| | | | | (Rx. only) | | |
| * Refer to "S | System exclus | ive messages | related to mode settings". | | | |
| 40 01 10 | 00 00 10 | 00-40 | VOICE RESERVE | Part 10 (Drum Part) | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 11# | 00 00 .0 | 00 10 | 10.02 11202.112 | Part 1 | 06 | 6 |
| 40 01 12# | | | | Part 2 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 13# | | | | Part 3 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 14# | | | | Part 4 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 15# | | | | Part 5 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 16# | | | | Part 6 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 17# | | | | Part 7 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 18# | | | | Part 8 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 19# | | | | Part 9 | 02 | 2 |
| 40 01 13# 40 01 1A# | | | | Part 11 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 01 174# | | | | | : : | • |
| 40 01 1F# | | | | Part 16 | 00 | 0 |
| 1 0 01 11# | | | | I all IU | 00 | U |

^{*} The sum total of voices in the voice reserve function must be equal to or less than the number of the maximum polyphony. The maximum polyphony of this instrument is 128. For compatibility with other GS models, it is recommended that the maximum polyphony be equal or less than 24.

 01: Room 2
02: Room 3
03: Hall 1
04: Hall 2
05: Plate
06: Delay
07: Panning Delay
0-7
04

| 40 01 31 | 00 00 01 | 00-07 | REVERB CHARACTER | 0-7 | 04 | 4 |
|----------|----------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----|----|
| 40 01 32 | 00 00 01 | 00-07 | REVERB PRE-LPF | 0-7 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 01 33 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | REVERB LEVEL | 0-127 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 01 34 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | REVERB TIME | 0-127 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 01 35 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | REVERB DELAY FEEDBACK | 0-127 | 00 | 0 |

^{*} REVERB MACRO is a macro parameter that allows global setting of reverb parameters. When you select the reverb type with REVERB MACRO, each reverb parameter will be set to the most suitable value.

^{*} REVERB CHARACTER is a parameter that changes the reverb algorithm. The value of REVERB CHARACTER corresponds to the REVERB MACRO of the same number.

| 40 01 38 | 00 00 01 | 00-07 | CHORUS MACRO | 00: Chorus 1 01: Chorus 2 02: Chorus 3 03: Chorus 4 04: Feedback Chorus 05: Flanger 06: Short Delay 07: Short Delay (FB) | 02 | Chorus 3 |
|----------|----------|-------|-----------------------------|--|----|----------|
| 40 01 39 | 00 00 01 | 00-07 | CHORUS PRE-LPF | 0-7 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 01 3A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS LEVEL | 0-12 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 01 3B | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS FEEDBACK | 0-127 | 08 | 8 |
| 40 01 3C | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS DELAY | 0-127 | 50 | 80 |
| 40 01 3D | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS RATE | 0-127 | 03 | 3 |
| 40 01 3E | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS DEPTH | 0-127 | 13 | 19 |
| 40 01 3F | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS SEND LEVEL TO REVERB | 0-127 | 00 | 0 |

^{*} CHORUS MACRO is a macro parameter that allows global setting of chorus parameters. When you use CHORUS MACRO to select the chorus type, each chorus parameter will be set to the most suitable value.

40 03 00 00 00 02 00-7F EFX TYPE (MSB, LSB) 00 00 - 7F 7F 00 01 Thru

^{*} This EFX Type is current EFX type of this system. When part EFX type is same to this EFX type, that part connect to EFX.

| 40 03 03 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 1 |
|----------|----------|-------|------------------|
| 40 03 04 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 2 |
| 40 03 05 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 3 |
| 40 03 06 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 4 |
| 40 03 07 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 5 |
| 40 03 08 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 6 |
| 40 03 09 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 7 |
| 40 03 0A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 8 |
| 40 03 0B | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 9 |
| 40 03 0C | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 10 |
| 40 03 0D | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 11 |
| 40 03 0E | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 12 |
| 40 03 0F | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 13 |
| 40 03 10 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 14 |
| 40 03 11 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 15 |
| 40 03 12 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 16 |
| 40 03 13 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 17 |
| 40 03 14 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 18 |
| 40 03 15 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 19 |
| 40 03 16 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | EFX Parameter 20 |

^{*} Each parameter will be changed by EFX type. Refer to EFX Parameter Map.

40 03 17 00 00 01 00 - 7F EFX Send Level to Reverb

^{*} Refer to EFX Type Table

^{*} Set to 0 when EFX type is changed.

^{*} Set to 0 when EFX type is changed.

Part Parameters

This instrument has 16 parts. Parameters that can be set individually for each Part are called Part parameters.

If you use exclusive messages to set Part parameters, specify the address by Block number rather than Part Number (normally the same number as the MIDI channel). The Block number can be specified as one of 16 blocks, from 0 (H) to F (H).

The relation between Part number and Block number is as follows.

| xBLOCK NUMBER (0-F), | Part 1 (MIDI ch = 1) x = 1 Part 2 (MIDI ch = 2) x = 2 : : : |
|----------------------|---|
| | Part 9 (MIDI ch = 9) $x = 9$ |
| | Part10 (MIDI ch = 10) $x = 0$ |
| | Part11 (MIDI ch = 11) $x = A$ |
| | Part12 (MIDI ch = 12) $x = B$ |
| | : : : |
| | Part16 (MIDI ch = 16) $x = F$ |

| Address (H) | Size (H) | Data (H) | <u>Parameter</u> | <u>Description</u> | Default Value (H) | <u>Description</u> |
|-------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 40 1x 00 | 00 00 02 | 00-7F | TONE NUMBER | CC#00 VALUE 0-127 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 1x 01# | | 00-7F | | P.C. VALUE 1-128 | 00 | 1 |
| 40 1x 02 | 00 00 01 | 00-10 | Rx. CHANNEL | 1-16, OFF | Same as the Part Number | r |
| 40 1x 03 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. PITCH BEND | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 04 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. CH PRESSURE (CAf) | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 05 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. PROGRAM CHANGE | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 06 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. CONTROL CHANGE | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 07 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. POLY PRESSURE (PAf) | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 08 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. NOTE MESSAGE | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 09 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. RPN | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 0A | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. NRPN | OFF/ON | 00 (01*) | OFF (ON*) |

^{*} When "GM1 System On" and "GM2 System On" are received, Rx. NRPN will be set OFF. When "GS Reset" is received, it will be set ON.

| 40 1x 0B | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. MODULATION | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
|----------|----------|-------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 40 1x 0C | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. VOLUME | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 0D | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. PANPOT | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 0E | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. EXPRESSION | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 0F | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. HOLD1 | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 10 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. PORTAMENTO | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 11 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. SOSTENUTO | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 12 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. SOFT | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 13 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | MONO/POLY MODE (= CC# 126 01 / CC# 127 00) | Mono/Poly | 01 | Poly |
| 40 1x 15 | 00 00 01 | 00-02 | USE FOR RHYTHM PART | 0 = OFF 1 = MAP1 | 00 at $x \neq 0$ 01 at $x = 0$ | OFF at x ≠0 MAP1 at x ≠0 |

^{*} This parameter sets the Drum Map of the Part used as the Drum Part. This instrument can simultaneously (in different Parts) use up to two Drum Maps (MAP1, MAP2). With the initial settings, Part10 (MIDI CH = 10, x = 0) is set to MAP1 (1), and other Parts are set to normal instrumental Parts (OFF (0)).

2 = MAP2

| 40 1x 16 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | PITCH KEY SHIFT | -24 - +24 [semitones] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
|-----------|----------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------|
| 40 1x 17 | 00 00 02 | 00 08-0F 08 | PITCH OFFSET FINE | -12.0 - +12.0 [Hz] | 08 00 (80) | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 1x 18# | | (08-F8) | | Use nibblized data. | | |

^{*} PITCH OFFSET FINE allows you to alter, by a specified frequency amount, the pitch at which notes will sound. This parameter differs from the conventional Fine Tuning (RPN #1) parameter in that the amount of frequency alteration (in Hertz) will be identical no matter which note is played. When a multiple number of Parts, each of which has been given a different setting for PITCH OFFSET FINE, are sounded by means of an identical note number, you can obtain a Celeste effect.

| 40 1x 19 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | PART LEVEL (= CC# 7) | 0-127 | 64 | 100 |
|----------|----------|-------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|------------|
| 40 1x 1A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | VELOCITY SENSE DEPTH | 0-127 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 1x 1B | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | VELOCITY SENSE OFFSET | 0-127 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 1x 1C | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | PART PANPOT | -64 (RANDOM) | 40 | 0 (CENTER) |
| | | | | -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT | Γ) | |
| | | | (= CC# 10, except RANDOM) | | | |
| 40 1x 1D | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | KEY RANGE LOW | (C-1) - (G9) | 00 | C-1 |
| 40 1x 1E | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | KEY RANGE HIGH | (C-1) - (G9) | 7F | G 9 |
| 40 1x 1F | 00 00 01 | 00-5F | CC1 CONTROLLER NUMBER | 0-95 | 10 | 16 |
| 40 1x 20 | 00 00 01 | 00-5F | CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER | 0-95 | 11 | 17 |
| 40 1x 21 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS SEND LEVEL (= CC# 93) | 0-127 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 1x 22 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | REVERB SEND LEVEL (= CC# 91) | 0-127 | 28 | 40 |
| 40 1x 23 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. BANK SELECT | OFF/ON | 01 (00*) | ON (OFF*) |

- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to OFF by "GM1 System On," and Bank Select message will be ignored.
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by "GM2 System On."
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by power-on Reset or by receiving "GS RESET."

| 40 1x 24 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | Rx. BANK SELECT LSB | OFF/ON | 00 | OFF |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| * This instrur | ment can be r | ecognized Ba | nk Select LSB (40H-43H) even if this mes | ssage is OFF. | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 1x 25 | 00 00 01 | 00-01 | TONE REMAIN | OFF/ON | 01 | ON |
| 40 1x 28 | 00 00 03 | 00-7F | Bank Select LSB Range | LSB (from) | 40 | 40H |
| 40 1x 29# | | | | LSB (to) | 43 | 43H |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 1x 30 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 1 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| | | | Vibrato rate (= NRPN# 8) | | | |
| 40 1x 31 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 2 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| | | | Vibrato depth (= NRPN# 9) | | | |
| 40 1x 32 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 3 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| 40 17 02 | 00 00 01 | OL 12 | TVF cutoff frequency (= NRPN# 32) | 00 100 | 40 | ŭ |
| 40 1x 33 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 4 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| 40 17 33 | 00 00 01 | 0L-72 | | -50 - +50 | 40 | O |
| 40 4v 24 | 00 00 01 | 05.70 | TVF resonance (= NRPN# 33) | FO .FO | 40 | 0 |
| 40 1x 34 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 5 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| 40.4.0= | | a= =a | TVF&TVA Env.attack (= NRPN# 99) | | 40 | |
| 40 1x 35 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 6 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| | | | TVF&TVA Env.decay (= NRPN# 100) | | | |
| 40 1x 36 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 7 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| | | | TVF&TVA Env.release (= NRPN# 102) | | | |
| 40 1x 37 | 00 00 01 | 0E-72 | TONE MODIFY 8 | -50 - +50 | 40 | 0 |
| | | | Vibrato delay (= NRPN# 10) | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 1x 40 | 00 00 0C | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING C | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 41# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING C# | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 42# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING D | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 43# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING D# | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 44# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING E | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 45# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING F | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 46# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING F# | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 47# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING G | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 48# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING G# | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 49# | | 00-7F | SCALE TUNING A | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 1x 4A# | | 00-71 00-7F | SCALE TUNING A# | -64 - +63 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| | | 00-71 00-7F | | | 40 | |
| 40 1x 4B# | NUNIC is a fun | | SCALE TUNING B | -64 - +63 [cent] | | 0 [cent] |
| | | | ws fine adjustment to the pitch of each no | · | = | - |
| simultaneous | siy. A setting o | or +/- 0 cent (4 | OH) is equal temperament. Refer to secti | on 4. Supplementary mate | riai, "The Scale Tune Featu | re. |
| 40.0.00 | 00 00 04 | 00.50 | MOD DITOU CONTROL | 04 045 | 40 | 0.5 |
| 40 2x 00 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | MOD PITCH CONTROL | -24 - +24 [semitone] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
| 40 2x 01 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD TVF CUTOFF CONTROL | -9600 - +9600 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 02 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL | -100.0 - +100.0 [%] | 40 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 03 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO1 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 04 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO1 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 0A | 47 [cent] |
| 40 2x 05 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO1 TVF DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 06 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO1 TVA DEPTH | 0-100 | 0 [%] | 000 [%] |
| 40 2x 07 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO2 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 08 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 09 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 0A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | MOD LFO2 TVA DEPTH | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 2x 10 | 00 00 01 | 40-58 | BEND PITCH CONTROL | 0-24 [semitone] | 42 | 2 [semitones] |
| | | | | | | • |

| 40 2x 28 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CAf LFO2 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 40 2x 29 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CAf LFO2 TVF DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 2A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CAf LFO2 TVA DEPTH | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 2x 30 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | PAf PITCH CONTROL | -24 - +24 [semitone] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
| 40 2x 31 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | PAf TVF CUTOFF CONTROL | -9600 - +9600 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 32 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | PAf AMPLITUDE CONTROL | -100.0 - +100.0 [%] | 40 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 33 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | PAf LFO1 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 2x 40 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | CC1 PITCH CONTROL | -24 - +24 [semitone] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
| 40 2x 41 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL | -9600 - +9600 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 42 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 AMPLITUDE CONTROL | -100.0 - +100.0 [%] | 40 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 43 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO1 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 44 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 45 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO1 TVF DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 46 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO1 TVA DEPTH | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 47 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO2 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 48 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 49 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO2 TVF DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 4A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC1 LFO2 TVA DEPTH | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| 10 2/1 1/1 | 00 00 0. | 00 11 | 0012.021.022 | 0 100.0 [70] | | د [۱۰۰] |
| 40 2x 50 | 00 00 01 | 28-58 | CC2 PITCH CONTROL | -24 - +24 [semitone] | 40 | 0 [semitones] |
| 40 2x 51 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL | -9600 - +9600 [cent] | 40 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 52 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 AMPLITUDE CONTROL | -100.0 - +100.0 [%] | 40 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 52 40 2x 53 | 00 00 01 | 00-71 00-7F | CC2 LFO1 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [/6] 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 53 40 2x 54 | 00 00 01 | 00-71 00-7F | CC2 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 54 40 2x 55 | 00 00 01 | 00-71 00-7F | CC2 LFO1 TVF DEPTH | | 00 | |
| | 00 00 01 | 00-7F 00-7F | CC2 LFO1 TVP DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 56 | | | | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| 40 2x 57 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 LFO2 RATE CONTROL | -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] | 40 | 0 [Hz] |
| 40 2x 58 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH | 0-600 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 59 | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH | 0-2400 [cent] | 00 | 0 [cent] |
| 40 2x 5A | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH | 0-100.0 [%] | 00 | 0 [%] |
| | | | | | | _ |
| 40 4x 23 | 00 00 06 | 00-7F | PART EFX TYPE (MSB, LSB) | 00 00 - 7F 7F | 00 00 | 0 |
| 40 4x 24# | | | | | | |
| * This EFX | type is same | to EFX type c | of System Parameter. When this EFX typ | e is same to EFX type of S | ystem parameter, the part co | onnect to EFX. |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 4x 25# | | 00-7F | PART EFX MACRO | 00-7F | 00 00 | 0 |
| 40 4x 26# | | 00-7F | PART EFX DEPTH | 00-7F | 00 00 | 0 |
| 40 4x 27# | | 00-7F | PART EFX CONTROL1 | 00-7F | 00 00 | 0 |
| 40 4x 28# | | 00-7F | PART EFX CONTROL2 | 00-7F | 00 00 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| 40 4x 51 | 00 00 0B | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR SET | always 00 | 00 | 0 |
| 40 4x 52# | | 00-7F | PERCUSSION | 00(OFF) | | |
| | | | | 01(4, Short) | | |
| | | | | 02(2+2/3, Short) | | |
| | | | | 41(4, Long) | | |
| | | | | 42(2+2/3, Long) | | |
| 40 4x 53# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 16' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 54# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 5+1/3' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 55# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 8' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 56# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 4' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 57# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 2+2/3' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 58# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 2' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 59# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 1+3/5' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 5A# | | 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 1+1/3' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 40 4x 5A# 40 4x 5B# | | 00-71 00-7F | HARMONIC BAR 1' | 00(OFF), 0F(ON) | 00 | OFF |
| 05/1 | | | | -5(5), 51 (514) | | <u>.</u> |
| | | | | | | |

●Drum Setup Parameters

^{*} rr: drum part note number (00H-7FH)

| Address (H |) <u>Size (H)</u> | Data (H) | <u>Parameter</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|---|
| 41 m1 rr 41 m2 rr | 00 00 01 00 00 01 | 00-7F 00-7F | PLAY NOTE NUMBER LEVEL | Pitch coarse TVA level (= NRPN# 26) |
| 41 m3 rr 41 m4 rr | 00 00 01 00 00 01 | 00-7F 00-7F | ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER PANPOT | Non, 1-127 -64 (RANDOM), -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT) (= NRPN# 28, except RANDOM) |
| 41 m5 rr | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | REVERB SEND LEVEL | 0.0-1.0 (= NRPN# 29) Multiplicand of the part reverb depth |
| 41 m6 rr | 00 00 01 | 00-7F | CHORUS SEND LEVEL | 0.0-1.0 (= NRPN# 30) Multiplicand of the part chorus depth |
| 41 m7 rr 41 m8 rr | 00 00 01 00 00 01 | 00-01 00-01 | Rx. NOTE OFF OFF/ON Rx. NOTE ON OFF/ON | |

 $^{^{\}star}$ When the Drum Set is changed, DRUM SETUP PARAMETER values will all be initialized.

^{*} m: Map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2)

4. Supplementary material

■Decimal and Hexadecimal table

In MIDI documentation, data values and addresses/sizes of exclusive messages etc. are expressed as hexadecimal values for each 7 bits. The following table shows how these correspond to decimal numbers.

| Dec. | Hex. | Dec. | Hex. | Dec. | Hex. | Dec | Hex. |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|
| 0 | 00H | 32 | 20H | 64 | 40H | 96 | 60H |
| 1 | 01H | 33 | 21H | 65 | 41H | 97 | 61H |
| 2 | 02H | 34 | 22H | 66 | 42H | 98 | 62H |
| 3 | 03H | 35 | 23H | 67 | 43H | 99 | 63H |
| 4 | 04H | 36 | 24H | 68 | 44H | 100 | 64H |
| 5 | 05H | 37 | 25H | 69 | 45H | 101 | 65H |
| 6 | 06H | 38 | 26H | 70 | 46H | 102 | 66H |
| 7 | 07H | 39 | 27H | 71 | 47H | 103 | 67H |
| 8 | 08H | 40 | 28H | 72 | 48H | 104 | 68H |
| 9 | 09H | 41 | 29H | 73 | 49H | 105 | 69H |
| 10 | 0AH | 42 | 2AH | 74 | 4AH | 106 | 6AH |
| 11 | 0BH | 43 | 2BH | 75 | 4BH | 107 | 6BH |
| 12 | 0CH | 44 | 2CH | 76 | 4CH | 108 | 6CH |
| 13 | 0DH | 45 | 2DH | 77 | 4DH | 109 | 6DH |
| 14 | 0EH | 46 | 2EH | 78 | 4EH | 110 | 6EH |
| 15 | 0FH | 47 | 2FH | 79 | 4FH | 111 | 6FH |
| 16 | 10H | 48 | 30H | 80 | 50H | 112 | 70H |
| 17 | 11H | 49 | 31H | 81 | 51H | 113 | 71H |
| 18 | 12H | 50 | 32H | 82 | 52H | 114 | 72H |
| 19 | 13H | 51 | 33H | 83 | 53H | 115 | 73H |
| 20 | 14H | 52 | 34H | 84 | 54H | 116 | 74H |
| 21 | 15H | 53 | 35H | 85 | 55H | 117 | 75H |
| 22 | 16H | 54 | 36H | 86 | 56H | 118 | 76H |
| 23 | 17H | 55 | 37H | 87 | 57H | 119 | 77H |
| 24 | 18H | 56 | 38H | 88 | 58H | 120 | 78H |
| 25 | 19H | 57 | 39H | 89 | 59H | 121 | 79H |
| 26 | 1AH | 58 | 3AH | 90 | 5AH | 122 | 7AH |
| 27 | 1BH | 59 | 3BH | 91 | 5BH | 123 | 7BH |
| 28 | 1CH | 60 | 3CH | 92 | 5CH | 124 | 7CH |
| 29 | 1DH | 61 | 3DH | 93 | 5DH | 125 | 7DH |
| 30 | 1EH | 62 | 3EH | 94 | 5EH | 126 | 7EH |
| 31 | 1FH | 63 | 3FH | 95 | 5FH | 127 | 7FH |

^{*} Decimal values such as MIDI channel, bank select, and program change are listed as one (1) greater than the values given in the above table.

<Example1> What is the decimal expression of 5AH? From the preceding table, 5AH = 90

<Example2> What is the decimal expression of the value 12 34H given as hexadecimal for each 7 bits?

From the preceding table, since 12H = 18 and 34H = 52 $18 \times 128 + 52 = 2356$

<Example3> What is the decimal expression of the nibbled value 0A 03 09 0D? From the preceding table, since 0AH = 10, 03H = 3, 09H = 9, 0DH = 13 ($(10 \times 16 + 3) \times 16 + 9) \times 16 + 13 = 41885$

<Example4> What is the nibbled expression of the decimal value 1258?
16) 1258

16<u>) 78</u>... 10

Since from the preceding table, 0 = 00H, 4 = 04H, 14 = 0EH, 10 = 0AH, the answer is 00 04 0E 0AH.

●Examples of actual MIDI messages

<Example1> 92 3E 5F

9n is the Note-on status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since 2H = 2, 3EH = 62, and 5FH = 95, this is a Note-on message with MIDI CH = 3, note number 62 (note name is D4), and velocity 95.

<Example2> CE 49

CnH is the Program Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since EH=14 and 49H=73, this is a Program Change message with MIDI CH=15, program number 74 (Flute in GS).

<Example3> EA 00 28

EnH is the Pitch Bend Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. The 2nd byte (00H=0) is the LSB and the 3rd byte (28H=40) is the MSB, but Pitch Bend Value is a signed number in which 40~00H (= $64 \times 128 + 0 = 8192$) is 0, so this Pitch Bend Value is $28~00H - 40~00H = 40 \times 128 + 0 - (64 \times 128 + 0) = 5120 - 8192 = -3072$

If the Pitch Bend Sensitivity is set to 2 semitones, -8192 (00 00H) will cause the pitch to change 200 cents, so in this case -200 x (-3072) / (-8192) = -75 cents of Pitch Bend is being applied to MIDI channel 11.

<Example4> B3 64 00 65 00 06 0C 26 00 64 7F 65 7F

BnH is the Control Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. For Control Changes, the 2nd byte is the control number, and the 3rd byte is the value. In a case in which two or more messages consecutive messages have the same status, MIDI has a provision called "running status" which allows the status byte of the second and following messages to be omitted. Thus, the above messages have the following meaning.

| B3 | 64 00 | MIDI ch.4, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H |
|------|-------|---|
| (B3) | 65 00 | (MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 00H |
| (B3) | 06 0C | (MIDI ch.4) upper byte of parameter value: 0CH |
| (B3) | 26 00 | (MIDI ch.4) lower byte of parameter value: 00H |
| (B3) | 64 7F | (MIDI ch.4) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH |
| (B3) | 65 7F | (MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH |

In other words, the above messages specify a value of 0C 00H for RPN parameter number 00 00H on MIDI channel 4, and then set the RPN parameter number to 7F 7FH.

RPN parameter number 00 00H is Pitch Bend Sensitivity, and the MSB of the value indicates semitone units, so a value of 0CH = 12 sets the maximum pitch bend range to +/- 12 semitones (1 octave). (On GS sound sources the LSB of Pitch Bend Sensitivity is ignored, but the LSB should be transmitted anyway (with a value of 0) so that operation will be correct on any device.)

Once the parameter number has been specified for RPN or NRPN, all Data Entry messages transmitted on that same channel will be valid, so after the desired value has been transmitted, it is a good idea to set the parameter number to 7F 7FH to prevent accidents. This is the reason for the (B3) 64 7F (B3) 65 7F at the end.

It is not desirable for performance data (such as Standard MIDI File data) to contain many events with running status as given in <Example 4>. This is because if playback is halted during the song and then rewound or fast-forwarded, the sequencer may not be able to transmit the correct status, and the sound source will then misinterpret the data. Take care to give each event its own status.

It is also necessary that the RPN or NRPN parameter number setting and the value setting be done in the proper order. On some sequencers, events occurring in the same (or consecutive) clock may be transmitted in an order different than the order in which they were received. For this reason it is a good idea to slightly skew the time of each event (about 1 tick for TPQN = 96, and about 5 ticks for TPQN = 480)

^{*} A 7-bit byte can express data in the range of 128 steps. For data where greater precision is required, we must use two or more bytes. For example, two hexadecimal numbers as bbH expressing two 7-bit bytes would indicate a value of as x 128 + bb.

^{*} In the case of values which have a \pm sign, 00H = -64, $40H = \pm 0$, and 7FH = +63, so that the decimal expression would be 64 less than the value given in the above chart. In the case of two types, $00\ 00H = -8192$, $40\ 00H = \pm 0$, and $7F\ 7FH = +8191$. For example if aa bbH were expressed as decimal, this would be aa bbH - $40\ 00H = aa \times 128 + bb - 64 \times 128$.

 $^{^{\}star}$ Data marked "nibbled" is expressed in hexadecimal in 4-bit units. A value expressed as a 2-byte nibble 0a 0bH has the value of a x 16 + b.

^{*} TPQN: Ticks Per Quarter Note

●Example of an Exclusive message and calculating a

Checksum

Roland Exclusive messages are transmitted with a checksum at the end (before F7) to make sure that the message was correctly received. The value of the checksum is determined by the address and data (or size) of the transmitted exclusive message.

◆How to calculate the checksum (hexadecimal numbers are indicated by 'H') The checksum is a value derived by adding the address, size and checksum itself and inverting the lower 7 bits.

Here's an example of how the checksum is calculated. We will assume that in the exclusive message we are transmitting, the address is aa bb ccH and the data or size is dd ee ffH.

aa + bb + cc + dd + ee + ff = sum sum / 128 = quotient ... remainder 128 - remainder = checksum

<Example> Setting REVERB MACRO to ROOM 3

According to the "Parameter Address Map," the REVERB MACRO Address is 40 01 30H, and ROOM

3 is a value of 02H. Thus,

| <u>F0</u> | <u>41</u> | <u>10</u> | <u>42</u> | 12 | 40 01 30 | <u>02</u> | <u>??</u> | F7 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|----------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | Address | data | Checksum | (6) |

- (1) Exclusive Status, (2) ID (Roland), (3) Device ID (17),
- (4) Model ID (GS), (5) Command ID (DT1), (6) End of Exclusive

Next we calculate the checksum.

40H + 01H + 30H + 02H = 64 + 1 + 48 + 2 = 115 (sum) 115 (sum) / 128 = 0 (quotient) ... 115 (remainder) checksum = 128 - 115 (remainder) = 13 = 0DH

This means that F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 0D F7 is the message we transmit.

About tuning

In MIDI, individual Parts are tuned by sending RPN #1 (Master Fine Tuning) to the appropriate MIDI channel.

In MIDI, an entire device is tuned by either sending RPN #1 to all MIDI channels being used, or by sending a System Exclusive MASTER TUNE (address 40 00 00H).

RPN #1 allows tuning to be specified in steps of approximately 0.012 cents (to be precise, 100/8192 cent), and System Exclusive MASTER TUNE allows tuning in steps of 0.1 cent. One cent is 1/100th of a semitone.

The values of RPN #1 (Master Fine Tuning) and System Exclusive MASTER TUNE are added together to determine the actual pitch sounded by each Part.

| Hz in A4 | cent | RPN #1 | Sys.Ex. 40 00 00 |
|----------|--------|---------------|--------------------|
| 445.0 | +19.56 | 4C 43 (+1603) | 00 04 0C 04 (+196) |
| 444.0 | +15.67 | 4A 03 (+1283) | 00 04 09 0D (+157) |
| 443.0 | +11.76 | 47 44 (+ 964) | 00 04 07 06 (+118) |
| 442.0 | +7.85 | 45 03 (+ 643) | 00 04 04 0F (+ 79) |
| 441.0 | +3.93 | 42 42 (+ 322) | 00 04 02 07 (+ 39) |
| 440.0 | 0.00 | 40 00 (0) | 00 04 00 00 (0) |
| 439.0 | -3.94 | 3D 3D (- 323) | 00 03 0D 09 (- 39) |
| 438.0 | -7.89 | 3A 7A (- 646) | 00 03 0B 01 (- 79) |

Frequently used tuning values are given in the following table for your reference. Values are in hexadecimal (decimal in parentheses).

<Example> Set the tuning of MIDI channel 3 to A4 = 442.0 Hz

Send RPN#1 to MIDI channel 3. From the above table, the value is 45 03H.

| B2 | 64 00 | MIDI ch.3, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H |
|------|-------|---|
| (B2) | 65 01 | (MIDI ch.3) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 01H |
| (B2) | 06 45 | (MIDL ch 3) upper byte of parameter value: 45H |

| (B2) | 26 03 | (MIDI ch.3) lower byte of parameter value: 03H |
|------|-------|---|
| (B2) | 64 7F | (MIDI ch.3) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH |
| (B2) | 65 7F | (MIDI ch.3) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH |

The Scale Tune Feature (address: 40 1x 40)

The scale Tune feature allows you to finely adjust the individual pitch of the notes from C through B. Though the settings are made while working with one octave, the fine adjustments will affect all octaves. By making the appropriate Scale Tune settings, you can obtain a complete variety of tuning methods other than equal temperament. As examples, three possible types of scale setting are explained below.

OEqual Temperament

This method of tuning divides the octave into 12 equal parts. It is currently the most widely used

form of tuning,

especially in occidental music. On this instrument, the default settings for the Scale Tune feature

produce equal temperament.

OJust Temperament (Keytone C)

The three main chords resound much more beautifully than with equal temperament, but this benefit can only be obtained in one key. If transposed, the chords tend to become ambiguous.

The example given involves settings for a key in which C is the keynote.

OArabian Scale

By altering the setting for Scale Tune, you can obtain a variety of other tunings suited for ethnic music. For example, the settings introduced below will set the unit to use the Arabian Scale.

Example Settings

| Note name Equal Temperament Just Temperament (Keytone C) Arabian Scale | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| С | 0 | 0 | -6 | | | |
| C# | 0 | -8 | +45 | | | |
| D | 0 | +4 | -2 | | | |
| D# | 0 | +16 | -12 | | | |
| E | 0 | -14 | -51 | | | |
| F | 0 | -2 | -8 | | | |
| F# | 0 | -10 | +43 | | | |
| G | 0 | +2 | -4 | | | |
| G# | 0 | +14 | +47 | | | |
| Α | 0 | -16 | 0 | | | |
| A# | 0 | +14 | -10 | | | |
| В | 0 | -12 | -49 | | | |

The values in the table are given in cents. Refer to the explanation of Scale Tuning to convert these values to hexadecimal, and transmit them as exclusive data.

For example, to set the tune (C-B) of the Part1 Arabian Scale, send the data as follows:

F0 41 10 42 12 40 11 40 3A 6D 3E 34 0D 38 6B 3C 6F 40 36 0F 50 F7

5. Effect List

0100: Equalizer

0101: Spectrum

0102: Enhancer

0104: Isolator

0105: Low Boost

0106: High Pass Filter

0110: Overdrive

0111: Distortion

0112: Overdrive2

0113: Distortion2

0107: Speaker Simulator

0114: Amp Simulator (Guitar Amp Simulator)

0120: Phaser

0129: Multi Stage Phaser

012a: Infinite Phaser

0123: Stereo Flanger

0127: 3D Flanger

0128: 2Band Flanger

0121: Auto Wah

0103: Humanizer

012b: Ring Modulator

0125: Tremolo

0126: Auto Pan

012c: Slicer

0130: Compressor

0131: Limiter

0142: Stereo Chorus

0140: Hexa Chorus

0141: Tremolo Chorus

0143: Space D

0144: 3D Chorus

0145: 2Band Chorus

0122: Rotary

012d: Rotary2

0300: Rotary Multi

015b: Stereo Delay1

015c: Stereo Delay2

015d: Stereo Delay3

015e: Stereo Delay4

015f: Stereo Delay5

0150: Monaural Delay

0151: Modulation Delay 0152: Triple Tap Delay

0157: 3D Delay

0159: Tape Echo

015a: Reverse Delay

0172: Lo-Fi

0175: Telephone

0156: Gate Reverb

0200: OD->Chorus (Overdrive->Chorus)

0201: OD->Flanger (Overdrive->Flanger)

0202: Overdrive->Delay

0203: Dist.->Chorus (Distortion->Chorus)

0204: Dist.->Flanger (Distortion->Flanger)

0205: Dist.->Delay (Distortion->Delay)

0206: Enhancer->Cho (Enhancer->Chorus)

0207: Enhancer->Fl. (Enhancer->Flanger)

0208: Enhancer->Delay

0209: Chorus->Delay

020a: Flanger-> Delay

020b: Chorus-> Flanger

0040: Damper Resonance

■EFX Parameter Map

The parameters with "#1" or "#2" at the end of parameter name can be controlled with each exclusive message "Part EFX CONTROL 1" and "Part EFX CONTROL 2."

• 0100: Equalizer

This is a four-band stereo equalizer (low, mid x 2, high).

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------|-------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | Low Freq | 0-1 | 200, 400 Hz | Frequency of the low range |
| 2 | Low Gain #1 | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 3 | Mid1 Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Frequency of the middle range 1 |
| 4 | Mid1 Gain | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the middle range 1 |
| 5 | Mid1 Q | 0-4 | 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0 | Width of the middle range 1 Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected. |
| 6 | Mid2 Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Frequency of the middle range 2 |
| 7 | Mid2 Gain | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the middle range 2 |
| 8 | Mid2 Q | 0-4 | 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0 | Width of the middle range 2 Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected. |
| 9 | High Freq | 0-2 | 2000, 4000, 8000 Hz | Frequency of the high range |
| 10 | High Gain #2 | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 11 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

0101: Spectrum

This is a stereo spectrum. Spectrum is a type of filter which modifies the timbre by boosting or cutting the level at specific frequencies

| No | Parameter Value | | | Description | |
|----|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| 1 | Band1 (250Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 2 | Band2 (500Hz) #1 | 0-30 | | | |
| 3 | Band3 (1000Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 4 | Band4 (1250Hz) #2 | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of each frequency band | |
| 5 | Band5 (2000Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 6 | Band6 (3150Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 7 | Band7 (4000Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 8 | Band8 (8000Hz) | 0-30 | | | |
| 9 | Q | 0.5, 1.0 0-4 4.0, 8.0 | | Simultaneously adjusts the width of the adjusted ranges for all the frequency bands. | |
| 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level | |

• 0102: Enhancer

Controls the overtone structure of the high frequencies, adding sparkle and tightness to the sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | Description | |
|----|-----------|-------|--|--------------|
| 1 | Sens #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 Sensitivity of the enhancer | |
| 2 | Mix #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer | |
| 3 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range | |
| 4 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range | |
| 5 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0104: Isolator

This is an equalizer which cuts the volume greatly, allowing you to add a special effect to the sound by cutting the volume in varying ranges.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------------|-------|-------------|--|
| 1 | Boost/Cut Low | 0-64 | | These boost and cut each of the |
| 2 | Boost/Cut Mid | 0-64 | -60 - +4 dB | High, Middle, and Low frequency ranges. |
| 3 | Boost/Cut High | 0-64 | | At -60 dB, the sound becomes inaudible. 0 dB is equivalent to the input level of the sound. |
| 4 | Anti Phase Low Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Turns the Anti-Phase function on and off for the Low frequency ranges. When turned on, the counter-channel of stereo sound is inverted and added to the signal. |
| 5 | Anti Phase Low Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the level settings for the Low frequency ranges. Adjusting this level for certain frequencies allows you to lend emphasis to specific parts. (This is effective only for stereo source.) |
| 6 | Anti Phase Mid Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Settings of the Anti-Phase function for the Middle frequency ranges |
| 7 | Anti Phase Mid Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | The parameters are the same as for the Low frequency ranges. |
| 8 | Low Boost Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Turns Low Booster on/off. This emphasizes the bottom to create a heavy bass sound. |
| 9 | Low Boost Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Increasing this value gives you a heavier low end. Depending on the Isolator and filter settings this effect may be hard to distinguish. |
| 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0105: Low Boost

Boosts the volume of the lower range, creating powerful lows.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|----------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Boost | 0-8 | 50-125 Hz | Center frequency at which the |
| | Frequency #1 | 0-6 | 50-125 HZ | lower range will be boosted |
| 2 | Boost Gain #2 | 0-12 | 0-+12 dB | Amount by which the lower range |
| | Boost Gaill #2 | 0-12 0-+12 UB | | will be boosted |
| 3 | Boost Width | 0-2 | Wide, Mid, | Width of the lower range that will |
| | Boost Width | 0-2 | Narrow | be boosted |
| 4 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 5 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15-+15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 6 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0106: High Pass Filter

This is a filter with an extremely sharp slope. The cutoff frequency can be varied cyclically.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-3 | Lpf, Bpf, Hpf, Notch | Filter type Frequency range that will pass through each filter Lpf: Frequencies below the cutoff Bpf: Frequencies in the region of the cutoff Hpf: Frequencies above the cutoff Notch: Frequencies other than the region of the cutoff |
| 2 | Filter Slope | 0-2 | -12, -24, -36 dB | Amount of attenuation per octave -36 dB: Extremely steep -24 dB: Steep -12 dB: Gentle |
| 3 | Filter Cutoff #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Cutoff frequency of the filter Increasing this value will raise the cutoff frequency. |

| 4 | Filter Resonance #2 | 0-100 | 0-100 | Filter resonance level Increasing this value will emphasize the region near the cutoff frequency. |
|----|---------------------|-------|------------------------------|---|
| 5 | Filter Gain | 0-12 | 0 - +12 dB | Amount of boost for the filter output |
| 6 | Modulation Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | On/off switch for cyclic change |
| 7 | Modulation Wave | 0-4 | Tri, Sqr, Sin, Saw1, Saw2 | How the cutoff frequency will be modulated Tri: Triangle wave Sqr: Square wave Sin: Sine wave Saw1: Sawtooth wave (upward) Saw2: Sawtooth wave (downward) |
| 8 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 9 | Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate of modulation (Hz) |
| 10 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Rate of modulation (note) |
| 11 | Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 12 | Attack | 0-127 | 0-127 | Speed at which the cutoff frequency will change This is effective if Modulation Wave is SQR, SAW1, or SAW2. |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0110: Overdrive

Creates a soft distortion similar to that produced by vacuum tube amplifiers.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------|-------|--|--|
| 1 | Drive | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 2 | Amp Type #1 | 0-3 | Small, Built-In, 2-Stack, 3-Stack | Type of guitar amp Small: small amp Built-In: single-unit type amp 2-Stack: large double stack amp 3-Stack: large triple stack amp |
| 3 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 4 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 5 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the output sound |
| 6 | Level #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0111: Distortion

Produces a more intense distortion than Overdrive. The parameters are the same as for "Overdrive."

• 0112: Overdrive2

This is an overdrive that provides heavy distortion.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------|-------|--|--|
| 1 | Drive | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 2 | Tone | 0-127 | 0-127 | Sound quality of the Overdrive effect |
| 3 | Amp Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Turns the Amp Simulator on/off. |
| 4 | Amp Type #1 | 0-3 | Small, Built-In, 2-Stack, 3-Stack | Type of guitar amp Small: small amp Built-In: single-unit type amp 2-Stack: large double stack amp 3-Stack: large triple stack amp |
| 5 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 6 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 7 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the output sound |
| 8 | Level #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0113: Distortion2

This is a distortion effect that provides heavy distortion. The parameters are the same as for "Overdrive2."

• 0107: Speaker Simulator

Simulates the speaker type and mic settings used to record the speaker sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | Description | | |
|----|-----------------|-------|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Speaker Type #1 | 0-15 | (See the table.) | Type of speaker | |
| 2 | Mic Setting | 0-2 | 1, 2, 3 | Adjusts the location of the mic that is recording the sound of the speaker. This can be adjusted in three steps, with the mic becoming more distant in the order of 1, 2, and 3. | |
| 3 | Mic Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the microphone | |
| 4 | Direct Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the direct sound | |
| 5 | Level #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level | |

Specifications of each Speaker Type

The speaker column indicates the diameter of each speaker unit (in inches) and the number of units.

| Туре | Cabinet | Speaker | Microphone |
|-------------|---------------------------|---------|------------|
| Small 1 | Small open-back enclosure | 10 | Dynamic |
| Small 2 | Small open-back enclosure | 10 | Dynamic |
| Middle | Open back enclosure | 12 x 1 | Dynamic |
| JC-120 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Dynamic |
| Built-In 1 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Dynamic |
| Built-In 2 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 3 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 4 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 5 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| BG Stack 1 | Sealed enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| BG Stack 2 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| MS Stack 1 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| MS Stack 2 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| Metal Stack | Large double stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| 2-Stack | Large double stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| 3-Stack | Large triple stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |

• 0114: Guitar Amp Simulator

This is an effect that simulates the sound of a guitar amplifier.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|---|---|
| 1 | Pre Amp Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Turns the amp switch on/off. |
| 2 | Pre Amp Type #1 | 0-13 | JC-120, Clean Twin, MATCH Drive, BG Lead, MS1959I, MS1959I,I, SLDN Lead, Metal 5150, Metal Lead, OD-1, OD-2 Turbo, Distortion, Fuzz | Type of guitar amp |
| 3 | Pre Amp Volume | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume and amount of distortion of the amp |
| 4 | Pre Amp Master | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the entire pre-amp |
| 5 | Pre Amp Gain | 0-2 | Low, Middle, High | Amount of pre-amp distortion |
| 6 | Pre Amp Bass | 0-127 | 0-127 | Tone of the bass/mid/treble frequency range |
| 7 | Pre Amp Middle | 0-127 | 0-127 | Middle cannot be set if "MATCH |
| 8 | Pre Amp Treble | 0-127 | 0-127 | Drive" is selected as the Pre Amp Type. |
| 9 | Pre Amp Presence | 0-127 | 0-127 (MATCH Drive: -127-0) | Tone for the ultra-high frequency range |

| 10 | Pre Amp Bright | 0-1 | Off, On | Turning this "On" produces a sharper and brighter sound. This parameter applies to the "JC-120," "Clean Twin," and "BG Lead" Pre Amp Types. |
|----|-----------------|-------|------------------|---|
| 11 | Speaker Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Determines whether the signal passes through the speaker (ON), or not (OFF). |
| 12 | Speaker Type #2 | 0-15 | (See the table.) | Type of speaker |
| 13 | Mic Setting | 0-2 | 1, 2, 3 | Adjusts the location of the mic that's capturing the sound of the speaker. This can be adjusted in three steps, from 1 to 3, with the mic becoming more distant as the value ncreases. |
| 14 | Mic Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the microphone |
| 15 | Direct Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the direct sound |
| 16 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the output |
| 17 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

Specifications of each Speaker TypeThe speaker column indicates the diameter of each speaker unit (in inches) and the number of units.

| Туре | Cabinet | Speaker | Microphone |
|-------------|---------------------------|---------|------------|
| Small 1 | Small open-back enclosure | 10 | Dynamic |
| Small 2 | Small open-back enclosure | 10 | Dynamic |
| Middle | Open back enclosure | 12 x 1 | Dynamic |
| JC-120 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Dynamic |
| Built-In 1 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Dynamic |
| Built-In 2 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 3 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 4 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| Built-In 5 | Open back enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| BG Stack 1 | Sealed enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| BG Stack 2 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 2 | Condenser |
| MS Stack 1 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| MS Stack 2 | Large sealed enclosure | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| Metal Stack | Large double stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| 2-Stack | Large double stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |
| 3-Stack | Large triple stack | 12 x 4 | Condenser |

• 0120: Phaser

This is a stereo phaser. A phase-shifted sound is added to the original sound and modulated.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|----------------|-------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Mode | 0-2 | 4-Stage, 8-Stage, 12-Stage | Number of stages in the phaser |
| 2 | Manual #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the basic frequency from which the sound will be modulated. |
| 3 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 4 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 5 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 6 | Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 7 | Polarity | 0-1 | Inverse, Synchro | Selects whether the left and right phase of the modulation will be the same or the opposite. Inverse: The left and right phase will be opposite. When using a mono source, this spreads the sound. Synchro: The left and right phase will be the same. Select this when inputting a stereo source. |
| 8 | Resonance | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of feedback |
| 9 | Cross Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the phaser sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. |
| 10 | Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Level of the phase-shifted sound |
| 11 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 12 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

0129: Multi Stage Phaser

Extremely high settings of the phase difference produce a deep phaser effect.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | 4-Stage, | |
| | | | 8-Stage, | |
| 1 | Mode | 0.5 | 12-Stage, | Number of phaser stages |
| ' | Wode | 0.5 | 16-Stage, | Number of phaser stages |
| | | | 20-Stage, | |
| | | | 24-Stage | |
| | | | | Adjusts the basic frequency from |
| 2 | Manual #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | which the sound will be |
| | | | | modulated. |
| | | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the |
| 3 | Rate Mode | | | effect is synchronized with the |
| | | | | tempo. |
| 4 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 5 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 6 | Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 7 | Resonance | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of feedback |
| 8 | Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Level of the phase-shifted sound |
| 9 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the output sound |
| 10 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 11 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 12 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 012a: Infinite Phaser

A phaser that continues raising/lowering the frequency at which the sound is modulated.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | Higher values will produce a |
| 1 | Mode | 0-3 | 1, 2, 3, 4 | deeper |
| | | | | phaser effect. |

| 2 | Speed #1 | 0-127 | -100 - +100 | Speed at which to raise or lower the frequency at which the sound is modulated (+: upward / -: downward) |
|---|--------------|-------|--------------|---|
| 3 | Resonance #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of feedback |
| 4 | Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the phase-shifted sound |
| 5 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Panning of the output sound |
| 6 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the low-frequency range |
| 7 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the high-frequency range |
| 8 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 0123: Stereo Flanger

This is a stereo flanger. (The LFO has the same phase for left and right.) It produces a metallic resonance that rises and falls like a jet airplane taking off or landing. A filter is provided so that you can adjust the timbre of the flanged sound.

| soun | sound. | | | | |
|------|-------------|-------|----------------------|--|--|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description | |
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-2 | Off, Lpf, Hpf | Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq | |
| 2 | Cutoff Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Basic frequency of the filter | |
| 3 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. | |
| 4 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. | |
| 5 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) | |
| 6 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) | |
| 7 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation | |
| 8 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound | |
| 9 | Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. | |
| 10 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range | |
| 11 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range | |
| 12 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W) | |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level | |

• 0127: 3D Flanger

This applies a 3D effect to the flanger sound. The flanger sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

| No | Parameter | Value | <u> </u> | Description |
|----|-------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-2 | Off, Lpf, Hpf | Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq |
| 2 | Cutoff Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Basic frequency of the filter |
| 3 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. |
| 4 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 8 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound |
| 9 | Feedback | 0-98 | -98.98 | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. |
| 10 | Output Mode | 0-1 | Speaker, Phones | Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. |
| 11 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 12 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 13 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0 - WD0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W) |
| 14 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0128: 2Band Flanger

A flanger that lets you apply an effect independently to the low-frequency and high-frequency ranges.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|----------------|-------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Split Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Frequency at which the low and high ranges will be divided |
| 2 | Low Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the low-range flanger sound is heard |
| 3 | Low Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 4 | Low Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate at which the low-range flanger sound is modulated (Hz) |
| 5 | Low Rate | 0-21 | note | Rate at which the low-range flanger sound is modulated (note) |
| 6 | Low Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth for the low-range flanger sound |
| 7 | Low Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spaciousness of the low-range flanger sound |
| 8 | Low Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Proportion of the low-range flanger sound that is to be returned to the input (negative values invert the phase) |
| 9 | High Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the high-range flanger sound is heard |
| 10 | High Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |

| 11 | High Rate #2 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate at which the high-range flanger sound is modulated (Hz) |
|----|---------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| 12 | High Rate | 0-21 | note | Rate at which the high-range flanger sound is modulated (note) |
| 13 | High Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth for the high-range flanger sound |
| 14 | High Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spaciousness of the high-range flanger sound |
| 15 | High Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Proportion of the high-range flanger sound that is to be returned to the input (negative values invert the phase) |
| 16 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance of the original sound (D) and flanger sound (W) |
| 17 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 0121: Auto Wah

Cyclically controls a filter to create cyclic change in timbre.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------|-------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-1 | Lpf, Bpf | Type of filter Lpf: The wah effect will be applied over a wide frequency range. Bpf: The wah effect will be applied over a narrow frequency range. |
| 2 | Manual #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the center frequency at which the effect is applied. |
| 3 | Peak | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the amount of the wah effect that will occur in the range of the center frequency. Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected. |
| 4 | Sens | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the sensitivity with which the filter is controlled. |
| 5 | Polarity | 0-1 | Up, Down | Sets the direction in which the frequency will change when the autowah filter is modulated. Up: The filter will change toward a higher frequency. Down: The filter will change toward a lower frequency. |
| 6 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 7 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 8 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 9 | Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 10 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Adjusts the degree of phase shift of the left and right sounds when the wah effect is applied. |
| 11 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 12 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0103: Humanizer

Adds a vowel character to the sound, making it similar to a human voice.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|----------------------|-------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Drive Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Turns Drive on/off. |
| 2 | Drive #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 3 | Vowel1 | 0-4 | a, e, i, o, u | Selects the vowel. |
| 4 | Vowel2 | 0-4 | a, e, i, o, u | Selects the vowel. |
| 5 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 6 | Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency at which the two vowels switch (Hz) |
| 7 | Rate #1 | 0-21 | note | Frequency at which the two vowels switch (note) |
| 8 | Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Effect depth |
| 9 | Input Sync Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Determines whether the LFO for switching the vowels is reset by the input signal (ON) or not (OFF). |
| 10 | Input Sync Threshold | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume level at which reset is applied |
| 11 | Manual | 0-100 | 0-100 | Point at which Vowel 1/2 switch 49 or less: Vowel 1 will have a longer duration. 50: Vowel 1 and 2 will be of equal duration. 51 or more: Vowel 2 will have a longer duration. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 14 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the output |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 012b: Ring Modulator

This is an effect that applies amplitude modulation (AM) to the input signal, producing bell-like sounds. You can also change the modulation frequency in response to changes in the volume of the sound sent into the effect.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Frequency #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the frequency at which modulation is applied. |
| 2 | Sens | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the amount of frequency modulation applied. |
| 3 | Polarity | 0-1 | Up, Down | Determines whether the frequency modulation moves towards higher frequencies (Up) or lower frequencies (Down). |
| 4 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 5 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 6 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W) |
| 7 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0125: Tremolo

Cyclically modulates the volume to add tremolo effect to the sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | Modulation Wave |
| | | | Tri, Sqr, Sin, | Tri: Triangle wave |
| 1 | Mod Wave | 0-4 | Saw1, Saw2 | Sqr: Square wave |
| | | | Saw1, Saw2 | Sin: Sine wave |
| | | | | Saw1/2: Sawtooth wave |
| | | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the |
| 2 | Rate Mode | | | effect is synchronized with the |
| | | | | tempo. |
| 3 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05 - 10.00 Hz | Frequency of the change (Hz) |
| 4 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of the change (note) |
| 5 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth to which the effect is applied |
| 6 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 7 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 8 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0126: Auto Pan

Cyclically modulates the stereo location of the sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Mod Wave | 0-4 | Tri, Sqr, Sin, Saw1, Saw2 | Modulation Wave Tri: Triangle wave Sqr: Square wave Sin: Sine wave Saw1/2: Sawtooth wave |
| 2 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05 - 10.00 Hz | Frequency of the change (Hz) |
| 4 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of the change (note) |
| 5 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth to which the effect is applied |
| 6 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 7 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 8 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 012c: Slicer

By applying successive cuts to the sound, this effect turns a conventional sound into a sound that appears to be played as a backing phrase. This is especially effective when applied to sustain-type sounds.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|----------------------|-------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate at which the 16-step sequenc will cycle (Hz) |
| 3 | Rate #1 | 12-21 | note | Rate at which the 16-step sequence will cycle (note) |
| 4 | Attack | 0-127 | 0-127 | Speed at which the level changes between steps |
| 5 | Input Sync Sw | 0-1 | Off, On | Specifies whether an input note w cause the sequence to resume from the first step of the sequence (ON) or not (OFF) |
| 6 | Input Sync Threshold | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume at which an input note will be detected |
| 7 | Mode | 0-1 | Legato, Slash | Sets the manner in which the volume changes as one step progresses to the next. Legato: The change in volume fro one step's level to the next remains unaltered. If the level of a following step is the same as the one preceding it, there is no change in volume. Slash: The level is momentarily set to 0 before progressing to the level of the next step. This change in volume occurs even if the level of the following step is the same as the preceding step. |
| 8 | Shuffle #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Timing of volume changes for even- numbered steps (step 2, step 4, step 6). The higher the value, the later the beat progresses. |
| | | | | |

• 0130: Compressor

Flattens out high levels and boosts low levels, smoothing out fluctuations in volume.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------|-------|--------------|--|
| 1 | Attack #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Sets the speed at which compression starts |
| 2 | Threshold #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the volume at which compression begins |
| 3 | Post Gain | 0-18 | 0 - +18 dB | Adjusts the output gain. |
| 4 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 5 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 6 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0131: Limiter

Compresses signals that exceed a specified volume level, preventing distortion from occurring.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------|-------|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | Release | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the time after the signal volume falls below the Threshold Level until compression is no longer applied. |
| 2 | Threshold #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the volume at which compression begins |
| 3 | Ratio #2 | 0-3 | 1.5:1, 2:1, 4:1, 100:1 | Compression ratio |
| 4 | Post Gain | 0-18 | 0 - +18 dB | Adjusts the output gain. |
| 5 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 6 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 7 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0142: Stereo Chorus

This is a stereo chorus. A filter is provided so that you can adjust the timbre of the chorus sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-2 | Off, Lpf, Hpf | Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq |
| 2 | Cutoff Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Basic frequency of the filter |
| 3 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 4 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 8 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound |
| 9 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 10 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 11 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 12 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0140: Hexa Chorus

Uses a six-phase chorus (six layers of chorused sound) to give richness and spatial spread to the sound.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|--------------|---|
| 1 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 2 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |

| j | 1 | ı | I | 1 |
|----|---------------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| 3 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 4 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 5 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 6 | Pre Delay Deviation | 0-20 | 0-20 | Adjusts the differences in Pre Delay between each chorus sound. |
| 7 | Depth Deviation | 0-40 | -20 - +20 | Adjusts the difference in modulation depth between each chorus sound. |
| 8 | Pan Deviation | 0-20 | 0-20 | Adjusts the difference in stereo location between each chorus sound. 0: All chorus sounds will be in the center. 20: Each chorus sound will be spaced at 60 degree intervals relative to the center. |
| 9 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0141: Tremolo Chorus

This is a chorus effect with added Tremolo (cyclic modulation of volume).

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 2 | Chorus Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Chorus Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (Hz) |
| 4 | Chorus Rate | 0-21 | note | Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (note) |
| 5 | Chorus Depth #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth of the chorus effect |
| 6 | Tremolo Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 7 | Tremolo Rate #2 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Modulation frequency of the tremolo effect (Hz) |
| 8 | Tremolo Rate | 0-21 | note | Modulation frequency of the tremolo effect (note) |
| 9 | Tremolo Separation | 0-127 | 0-127 | Spread of the tremolo effect |
| 10 | Tremolo Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spread of the tremolo effect |
| 11 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the tremolo chorus sound (W) |
| 12 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0143: Space D

This is a multiple chorus that applies two-phase modulation in stereo. It gives no impression of modulation, but produces a transparent chorus effect.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 2 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 4 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 5 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 6 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound |
| 7 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 8 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 9 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0144: 3D Chorus

This applies a 3D effect to the chorus sound. The chorus sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

| | oned 90 degrees left | | degrees right. | Bernsteller |
|----|----------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
| 1 | Filter Type | 0-2 | Off, Lpf, Hpf | Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq |
| 2 | Cutoff Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Basic frequency of the filter |
| 3 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 4 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth of the chorus effect |
| 8 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound |
| 9 | Output Mode | 0-1 | Speaker, Phones | Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. |
| 10 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 11 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 12 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0145: 2Band Chorus

A chorus effect that lets you apply an effect independently to the low-frequency and high-frequency ranges.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|---------------|-------|--------------|--|
| 1 | Split Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Frequency at which the low and high ranges will be divided |
| 2 | Low Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the low-range chorus sound is heard |
| 3 | Low Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |

| 4 | Low Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (Hz) |
|----|----------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 5 | Low Rate | 0-21 | note | Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (note) |
| 6 | Low Depth #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth for the low-range chorus sound |
| 7 | Low Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spaciousness of the low-range chorus sound |
| 8 | High Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the high-range chorus sound is heard |
| 9 | High Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 10 | High Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (Hz) |
| 11 | High Rate | 0-21 | note | Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (note) |
| 12 | High Depth #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth for the high-range chorus sound |
| 13 | High Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spaciousness of the high-range chorus sound |
| 14 | Balance | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance of the original sound (D) and chorus sound (W) |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 0122: Rotary

The Rotary effect simulates the sound of the rotary speakers often used with the electric organs of the past. Since the movement of the high range and low range rotors can be set independently, the unique type of modulation characteristic of these speakers can be simulated quite closely. This effect is most suitable for electric organ Patches.

| | Suitable for electric o | Ť | | |
|----|-------------------------|-------|---------------|--|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
| 1 | Speed #1 | 0-1 | Slow, Fast | Simultaneously switch the rotational speed of the low frequency rotor and high frequency rotor. Slow: Slows down the rotation to the Slow Rate. Fast: Speeds up the rotation to the Fast Rate. |
| 2 | Woofer Slow Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Slow speed (Slow) of the low frequency rotor |
| 3 | Woofer Fast Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Fast speed (Fast) of the low frequency rotor |
| 4 | Woofer Acceleration | 0-15 | 0-15 | Adjusts the time it takes the low frequency rotor to reach the newly selected speed when switching from fast to slow (or slow to fast) speed. Lower values will require longer times. |
| 5 | Woofer Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the low frequency rotor |
| 6 | Tweeter Slow Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Settings of the high frequency |
| 7 | Tweeter Fast Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | The parameters are the same as for |
| 8 | Tweeter Acceleration | 0-15 | 0-15 | the low frequency rotor |
| 9 | Tweeter Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | |
| 10 | Separation #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Spatial dispersion of the sound |
| 11 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 012d: Rotary2

This type provides modified response for the rotary speaker, with the low end boosted further.

This effect is a descendant of the Roland VK Series' built-in rotary speaker.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Speed #1 | 0-1 | Slow, Fast | Rotational speed of the rotating speaker |
| 2 | Brake #2 | 0-1 | Off, On | Switches the rotation of the rotary speaker. When this is turned on, the rotation will gradually stop. When it is turned off, the rotation will gradually resume. |
| 3 | Woofer Slow Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Low-speed rotation speed of the woofer |
| 4 | Woofer Fast Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | High-speed rotation speed of the woofer |
| 5 | Woofer Trans Up | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the rate at which the woofer rotation speeds up when the rotation is switched from Slow to Fast. |
| 6 | Woofer Trans Down | 0-127 | 0-127 | Adjusts the rate at which the woofer rotation speeds up when the rotation is switched from Fast to Slow. |
| 7 | Woofer Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the woofer |
| 8 | Tweeter Slow Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | |
| 9 | Tweeter Fast Speed | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Settings of the tweeter The |
| 10 | Tweeter Trans Up | 0-127 | 0-127 | parameters are the same as for the |
| 11 | Tweeter Trans Down | 0-127 | 0-127 | woofer. |
| 12 | Tweeter Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | |
| 13 | Spread | 0-10 | 0-10 | Sets the rotary speaker stereo image. The higher the value set, the wider the sound is spread out. |
| 14 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 15 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 16 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0300: Rotary Multi

This is an effect combining the VK series internal effect with an organ effect with the same features.

It comprises vibrato/chorus, overdrive, and rotary effects.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Vib/Cho Switch | 0-1 | Off, On | Switches the vibrato and chorus |
| | | | | effects |
| | | | | Vibrato and chorus effect types |
| | | | | V-1, V-2, V-3: Adds a wavering |
| | | | | (vibrato) that is created by |
| | | | | changes in the pitch. |
| 2 | Vib/Cho Type | 0-5 | V-1, V-2, V-3, | The effect deepens as the value is |
| | | | C-1, C-2, C-3 | increased |
| | | | | C-1, C-2, C-3: Adds a fullness and |
| | | | | breadth (chorus) to the sound.The |
| | | | | effect deepens as the value is |
| | | | | increased. |
| | | 0-2 | '50, '60, '70 | This reproduces the subtle |
| 3 | Vib/Cho Vintage | | | differences in the vibrato and |
| 3 | VID/CITO VIIItage | 0-2 | | chorus effects in organs built in |
| | | | | different years. |
| 4 | Vib/Cho Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Vibrato/chorus effect volume |
| 5 | OD Switch | 0-1 | Off, On | Switches the overdrive effect |
| 6 | OD Drive #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of distortion |
| 7 | OD Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Overdrive effect volume |
| 8 | Rotary Switch | 0-1 | Off, On | Switches the rotary effect |
| | | | | Low- and high-frequency rotation |
| 9 | Rotary Speed #1 | 0-1 | Slow, Fast | speeds (Rate) Slow: (Slow Rate) |
| | | | | Fast: (Fast Rate) |
| 40 | D W4 Cla Ca | 4.407 | 0.05.40.00.15 | Rate with low-frequency rotor set to |
| 10 | R-Wf Slow Sp | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Slow rate |
| 11 | R-Wf Fast Sp | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Rate with low-frequency rotor set to |
| " | N-WI Fast Sp | 1-12/ | 0.05-10.00 HZ | Fast rate |

| 12 | R-Wf Accel | 0-15 | 0-15 | Speed at which the low-frequency rotor's rotation rate changes when the rotation speed is switched |
|----|----------------|-------|---------------|--|
| 13 | R-Wf Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Low-frequency rotor volume |
| 14 | R-Tw Slow Sp | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | High-frequency rotor setting This |
| 15 | R-Tw Fast Sp | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | parameter is the same as that for |
| 16 | R-Tw Accel | 0-15 | 0-15 | the low-frequency rotor. |
| 17 | R-Tw Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | |
| 18 | Rotary Separat | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of breadth in the sound |
| 19 | Rotary Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 015b: Stereo Delay1

This is a stereo delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 7 | Phase Left | 0-1 | Normal, | Phase of the delay sound |
| 8 | Phase Right | 0-1 | Inverse | Filase of the delay sound |
| 9 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.) |
| 10 | Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 14 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 015c: Stereo Delay2

This is a stereo delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 7 | Phase Left | 0-1 | Normal, | Blood of the Laboratory I |
| 8 | Phase Right | 0-1 | Inverse | Phase of the delay sound |
| 9 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.) |
| 10 | Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 14 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 015d: Stereo Delay3

This is a stereo delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 7 | Phase Left | 0-1 | Normal, | |
| 8 | Phase Right | 0-1 | Inverse | Phase of the delay sound |
| 9 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.) |
| 10 | Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |

| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
|----|-----------------|-------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 14 Balance #2 0 | 0-100 | D100:0W - | Volume balance between the direct |
| 14 | | 0-100 | D0:100W | sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 015e: Stereo Delay4

This is a stereo delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 7 | Phase Left | 0-1 | Normal, | Bloom (d. 1.1 |
| 8 | Phase Right | 0-1 | Inverse | Phase of the delay sound |
| 9 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.) |
| 10 | Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 14 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| 15 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 015f: Stereo Delay5

This is a stereo delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 7 | Phase Left | 0-1 | Normal, | Phase of the delay sound |
| 8 | Phase Right | 0-1 | Inverse | - |
| 9 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.) |
| 10 | Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 13 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 14 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0150: Monaural Delay

A delay that provides a long delay time.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|---------------|-------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Time | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the delay sound is heard (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Time #1 | 0-21 | note | Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the delay sound is heard (note) |
| 4 | Phase | 0-1 | NORMAL, INVERSE | Phase of the delay (NORMAL: non- inverted, INVERSE: inverted) |
| 5 | Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Proportion of the delay sound that is to be returned to the input |
| 6 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the delayed sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut) |
| 7 | Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Panning of the delay sound |
| 8 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range |
| 9 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range |
| 10 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance of the original sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| 11 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 0151: Modulation Delay

Adds modulation to the delayed sound.

| | B | Value | | B dudin |
|----|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | Settings of the Delay R The |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | parameters are the same as for the |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Delay L. |
| 7 | Feedback Mode | 0-1 | Normal, Cross | Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect (See the figures above.) |
| 8 | Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 9 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 10 | Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 11 | Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 12 | Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 13 | Depth #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 14 | Phase | 0-90 | 0-180 deg | Spatial spread of the sound |
| 15 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 16 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 17 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W) |
| 18 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |
| | | | | |

0152: Triple Tap Delay

Produces three delay sounds; center, left and right.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | Settings of the Delay R The |
| 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | parameters are the same as for the |
| 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Delay L. |
| 7 | Delay Center Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | Settings of the Delay C The |
| 8 | Delay Center | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | parameters are the same as for the |
| 9 | Delay Center | 0-21 | note | Delay L. |
| 10 | Center Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above whit sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you do not want to filter out any high frequencies, se this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Left Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of each delay |
| 13 | Right Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of each delay |
| 14 | Center Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of each delay |
| 15 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low frequency range |
| 16 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high frequency range |
| 17 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the directions sound (D) and the delay sound (W |
| 18 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0157: 3D Delay

This applies a 3D effect to the delay sound. The delay sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

| No Parameter Value Description | 90 de | 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right. | | | | | |
|---|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------|---|--|--|
| Delay Left Mode 1 | No | Parameter | Value | | Description | | |
| Delay Left O-127 O-2540 ms direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note) Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note) Delay Right Mode O-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay R The parameters are the same as for the Delay Right Delay Right O-21 note Delay 1. Delay Center Mode O-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for the Delay Center Delay Center O-127 Delay Center O-127 O-2540 ms Delay 1. Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. Delay Center Level O-127 O-127 Output level of the delay sound Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. Low Gain O-30 -15-+15 dB Gain of the low range O-100 D0:100W Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 1 | Delay Left Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | effect is synchronized with the | | |
| 3 Delay Left 0-21 note direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note) 4 Delay Right Mode 0-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay R The parameters are the same as for the Delay Right 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the Delay 1. 7 Delay Center Mode 0-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for the Delay Center 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the Delay Center Delay Center Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0-+80% Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 14 Center Level 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 15 Output Mode 0-1 Speaker, Phones Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range Di00:0W - Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 2 | Delay Left | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | direct sound until the delay sound | | |
| 5 Delay Right 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the Delay Right 0-21 note Delay 1. 7 Delay Center Mode 0-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for the Delay Center 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the Delay Center Delay Center Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0-+80% Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 Delay Delay Center Level Delay 1. Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain Delay 1. 18 Balance #2 Delay 1. Octave The Delay 1. Settings of the Delay C. The parameters are the same as for the Delay 1. Settings of the Delay C. The Output level of the delay sound. Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The Optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain Delay C. The Delay C. | 3 | Delay Left | 0-21 | note | direct sound until the delay sound | | |
| 6 Delay Right 0-21 note Delay 1. 7 Delay Center Mode 0-1 ms, note Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for the Delay Center 0-21 note Delay 1. 9 Delay Center 0-21 note Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0 -+80% Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 14 Center Level 0-127 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 -+15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 -+15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 0-100 D0:00W Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 4 | Delay Right Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | Settings of the Delay R The | | |
| 7 Delay Center Mode 0-1 ms, note parameters are the same as for the Delay Center 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0 - +80% Delay 1. 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 1.1 Center Level 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 1.2 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 1.1 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 1.8 Balance #2 D100:00W - Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 5 | Delay Right | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | parameters are the same as for the | | |
| 8 Delay Center 0-127 0-2540 ms parameters are the same as for the 9 Delay Center 0-21 note Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0 - +80% Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 14 Center Level 0-127 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 D100:0W - Volume balance between the direct sound (IV) | 6 | Delay Right | 0-21 | note | Delay 1. | | |
| 9 Delay Center 0-21 note Delay 1. 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0 - +80% Sound that is fed back into the effect. 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass Sund that is fed back into the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 14 Center Level 0-127 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 0-100 D100:00W Volume balance between the direct sound (IV) | 7 | Delay Center Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | Settings of the Delay C The | | |
| Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. Left Level 0-127 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound Center Level 0-127 Output level of the delay sound Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. Low Gain 0-30 -15-+15 dB Gain of the low range High Gain 0-30 -15-+15 dB Gain of the high range D100:0W Volume balance between the direct sound (IV) | 8 | Delay Center | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | parameters are the same as for the | | |
| 10 Center Feedback #1 49-89 0 - +80% sound that is fed back into the effect. Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound 14 Center Level 0-127 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 D100:00W - Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W) | 9 | Delay Center | 0-21 | note | Delay 1. | | |
| 11 HF Damp 0-17 200-8000 Hz, Bypass cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. 12 Left Level 13 Right Level 14 Center Level 0-127 Output level of the delay sound Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 17 High Gain 0-30 -15-+15 dB Gain of the low range 18 Balance #2 O-100 D100:0W Sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high requencies, set this parameter to Bypass. Output level of the delay sound Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using headphones. Gain of the low range 16 Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 10 | Center Feedback #1 | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | sound that is fed back into the | | |
| 13 Right Level 0-127 0-127 Output level of the delay sound | 11 | HF Damp | 0-17 | • | sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this | | |
| 14 Center Level 15 Output Mode 0-1 Speaker, Phones 16 Low Gain 17 High Gain 18 Balance #2 O-100 O-127 Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. Gain of the low range Volume balance between the direct bound (W) | 12 | Left Level | 0-127 | | | | |
| Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 0-100 D100:0W Volume balance between the direct sound (W) | 13 | Right Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level of the delay sound | | |
| Used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones. 16 Low Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the low range 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 0-100 D100:0W Volume balance between the direct bound (W) | 14 | Center Level | 0-127 | | | | |
| 17 High Gain 0-30 -15 - +15 dB Gain of the high range 18 Balance #2 0-100 D100:0W - Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W) | 15 | Output Mode | 0-1 | · · | used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using | | |
| 18 Balance #2 0-100 D100:0W - Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W) | 16 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range | | |
| 18 Balance #2 0-100 D0:100W sound (D) and the effect sound (W) | 17 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range | | |
| 19 Level 0-127 0-127 Output Level | 18 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | | | | |
| | 19 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level | | |

• 0159: Tape Echo

A virtual tape echo that produces a realistic tape delay sound. This simulates the tape echo section of a Roland RE-201 Space Echo.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-----------------|-------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Mode | 0-6 | S, M, L, S+M, S+L, M+L, S+M+L | Combination of playback heads to use Select from three different heads with different delay times. S: short M: middle L: long |
| 2 | Repeat Rate #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Tape speed Increasing this value will shorten the spacing of the delayed sounds. |
| 3 | Intensity | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of delay repeats |
| 4 | Bass | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Boost/cut for the lower range of the echo sound |
| 5 | Treble | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Boost/cut for the upper range of the echo sound |
| 6 | Head S Pan | 0-127 | | la denon dent nonvina fee the about |
| 7 | Head M Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Independent panning for the short, middle, and long playback heads |
| 8 | Head L Pan | 0-127 | | middle, and long playback fleads |
| 9 | Tape Distortion | 0-5 | 0-5 | Amount of tape-dependent distortion to be added This simulates the slight tonal changes that can be detected by signal-analysis equipment. Increasing this value will increase the distortion. |

| 1 | 0 | Wow/Flutter Rate | 0-127 | 0-127 | Speed of wow/flutter (complex variation in pitch caused by tape wear and rotational irregularity) |
|---|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|
| 1 | 1 | Wow/Flutter Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of wow/flutter |
| 1 | 2 | Echo Level #2 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the echo sound |
| 1 | 3 | Direct Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the original sound |
| 1 | 4 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 015a: Reverse Delay

This is a reverse delay that adds a reversed and delayed sound to the input sound. A tap delay is connected immediately after the reverse delay.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Threshold | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume at which the reverse delay will begin to be applied |
| 2 | Rev Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Rev Delay Time #1 | 0-127 | 0-1270 ms | Delay time from when sound is input into the reverse delay until the delay sound is heard (Hz) |
| 4 | Rev Delay Time | 0-21 | note | Delay time from when sound is input into the reverse delay until the delay sound is heard (note) |
| 5 | Rev Delay Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Proportion of the delay sound that is to be returned to the input of th reverse delay |
| 6 | Rev Delay HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the reverse- delayed sound will be cut (Bypass no cut) |
| 7 | Rev Delay Pan | 0-127 | L64-63R | Panning of the reverse delay soun |
| 8 | Rev Delay Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of the reverse delay sound |
| 9 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the low- frequency range |
| 10 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range |
| 11 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance of the original sound (D) and the delay sound (V |
| 12 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output volume |

• 0172: Lo-Fi

This is an effect that intentionally degrades the sound quality for creative purposes.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| 1 | Pre Filter Type | 0-5 | 1-6 | Selects the type of filter applied to the sound before it passes through the Lo- Fi effect. |
| 2 | LoFi Type #1 | 0-8 | 1-9 | Degrades the sound quality. The sound quality grows poorer as this value is increased. |
| 3 | Post Filter Type | 0-2 | Off, Lpf, Hpf | Type of filter Off: no filter is used Lpf: cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Hpf: cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff |
| 4 | Post Filter Cutoff | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Basic frequency of the Post Filter |
| 5 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 6 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 7 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W) |
| 8 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0175: Telephone

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Vaina Qualitur#4 | 0-15 | 0-15 | Audio quality of the telephone |
| 1 | Voice Quality #1 | 0-15 | 0-15 | voice |
| 2 | Treble | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Bandwidth of the telephone voice |
| 3 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0 - | Volume balance between the direct |
| 3 | | | D0:100W | sound (D) and the effect sound (W) |
| 4 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output level |

• 0156: Gate Reverb

This is a special type of reverb in which the reverberant sound is cut off before its natural length.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------|-------|--|--|
| 1 | Type#1 | 0-3 | Normal, Reverse, Sweep1, Sweep2 | Type of reverb Normal: conventional gated reverb Reverse: backwards reverb Sweep1: the reverberant sound moves from right to left Sweep2: the reverberant sound moves from left to right |
| 2 | Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the reverb sound is heard. |
| 3 | Gate Time | 0-99 | 5-500 ms | Adjusts the time from when the reverb is heard until it disappears. |
| 4 | Low Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the low range |
| 5 | High Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Gain of the high range |
| 6 | Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the reverb sound (W) |
| 7 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0200: Overdrive→Chorus

This effect connects an overdrive and a chorus in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Overdrive Drive | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 2 | Overdrive Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the overdrive sound |
| 3 | Chorus Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 4 | Chorus Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Chorus Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05 - 10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Chorus Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Chorus Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 8 | Chorus Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the chorus (W) and the sound that is not sent through the chorus (D). |
| 9 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0201: Overdrive→Flanger

This effect connects an overdrive and a flanger in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|--------------|--|
| 1 | Overdrive Drive | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 2 | Overdrive Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the overdrive sound |
| 3 | Flanger Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. |

| | 4 | Flanger Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
|---|----|--------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| | 5 | Flanger Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| | 6 | Flanger Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| | 7 | Flanger Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| | 8 | Flanger Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. |
| • | 9 | Flanger Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D). |
| | 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0202: Overdrive→Delay

This effect connects an overdrive and a delay in series

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Overdrive Drive #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Degree of distortion Also changes the volume. |
| 2 | Overdrive Pan | 0-127 | L64 - 63R | Stereo location of the overdrive sound |
| 3 | Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 4 | Delay Time | 0-127 | 0 - 2540 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay soun is heard. (Hz) |
| 5 | Delay Time | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay soun is heard. (note) |
| 6 | Delay Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the proportion of the dela sound that is fed back into the effect. |
| 7 | Delay HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above whic sound fed back to the effect will b cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 8 | Delay Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D). |
| 9 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0203: Distortion→Chorus

The parameters are essentially the same as in "Overdrive \rightarrow Chorus," with the exception of the

following two.

Overdrive Drive

Distortion Drive

Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

● 0204: Distortion→Flanger

following two.

Overdrive Drive→Distortion Drive

Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

● 0205: Distortion→Delay

following two.

Overdrive Drive \rightarrow Distortion Drive

Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

● 0206: Enhancer→Chorus

This effect connects an enhancer and a chorus in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Enhancer Sens | 0-127 | 0-127 | Sensitivity of the enhancer |
| 2 | Enhancer Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer |
| 3 | Chorus Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 4 | Chorus Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Chorus Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Chorus Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Chorus Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 8 | Chorus Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the chorus (W) and the sound that is not sent through the chorus (D). |
| 9 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0207: Enhancer→Flanger

This effect connects an enhancer and a flanger in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|--------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Enhancer Sens | 0-127 | 0-127 | Sensitivity of the enhancer |
| 2 | Enhancer Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer |
| 3 | Flanger Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. |
| 4 | Flanger Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 5 | Flanger Rate #1 | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 6 | Flanger Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 7 | Flanger Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 8 | Flanger Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. |
| 9 | Flanger Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D). |
| 10 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0208: Enhancer→Delay

This effect connects an enhancer and a delay in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|------------------|-------|-----------|---|
| 1 | Enhancer Sens #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Sensitivity of the enhancer |
| 2 | Enhancer Mix | 0-127 | 0-127 | Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer |
| 3 | Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 4 | Delay Time | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) |
| 5 | Delay Time | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note) |
| 6 | Delay Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. |

| 7 | Delay HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
|---|------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 8 | Delay Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D). |
| 9 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 0209: Chorus→Delay

This effect connects a chorus and a delay in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Chorus Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 2 | Chorus Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Chorus Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) |
| 4 | Chorus Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) |
| 5 | Chorus Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation |
| 6 | Chorus Balance #1 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 7 | Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 8 | Delay Time | 0-127 | 1-2540 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay soun is heard. (Hz) |
| 9 | Delay Time | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay soun is heard. (note) |
| 10 | Delay Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the proportion of the dela sound that is fed back into the effect. |
| 11 | Delay HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above whic sound fed back to the effect will b cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. |
| 12 | Delay Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D). |
| 13 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

● 020a: Flanger→Delay

This effect connects a flanger and a delay in series.

| This | This effect connects a flanger and a delay in series. | | | | | |
|------|---|--------|------------------------|---|--|--|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description | | |
| 1 | Flanger Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. | | |
| 2 | Flanger Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. | | |
| 3 | Flanger Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Frequency of modulation (Hz) | | |
| 4 | Flanger Rate | 0-21 | note | Frequency of modulation (note) | | |
| 5 | Flanger Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of modulation | | |
| 6 | Flanger Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. | | |
| 7 | Flanger Balance #1 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W) | | |
| 8 | Delay Mode | 0-1 | ms, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. | | |
| 9 | Delay Time | 0-127 | 0-2540 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz) | | |
| 10 | Delay Time | 0-21 | note | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note) | | |
| 11 | Delay Feedback | 49-89 | 0 - +80% | Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect. | | |
| 12 | Delay HF Damp | 0-17 | 200-8000 Hz, Bypass | Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass. | | |
| 13 | Delay Balance #2 | 0-100D | 100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D). | | |
| | | · · | | | | |

● 020b: Chorus→Flanger

This effect connects a chorus and a flanger in series.

| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
|----|-------------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| 1 | Chorus Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0-100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard. |
| 2 | Chorus Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 3 | Chorus Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (Hz) |
| 4 | Chorus Rate | 0-21 | note | Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (note) |
| 5 | Chorus Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth of the chorus effect |
| 6 | Chorus Balance #1 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W) |
| 7 | Flanger Pre Delay | 0-125 | 0.0 - 100.0 ms | Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard. |
| 8 | Flanger Rate Mode | 0-1 | Hz, note | When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo. |
| 9 | Flanger Rate | 1-127 | 0.05-10.00 Hz | Modulation frequency of the flanger effect (Hz) |
| 10 | Flanger Rate | 0-21 | note | Modulation frequency of the flanger effect (note) |

| 11 | Flanger Depth | 0-127 | 0-127 | Modulation depth of the flanger effect |
|----|--------------------|-------|----------------------|---|
| 12 | Flanger Feedback | 0-98 | -98 - +98% | Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase. |
| 13 | Flanger Balance #2 | 0-100 | D100:0W - D0:100W | Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D). |
| 14 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |

• 0040: Damper Resonance

On an acoustic piano, holding down the damper pedal allows other strings to resonate in sympathy with the notes you play, creating rich and spacious resonances. This effect simulates these damper resonances.

| 16301 | nances. This effect sir | liulales | these damper | resonances. |
|-------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------|---|
| No | Parameter | Value | | Description |
| 1 | Depth #1 | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth of the effect |
| 2 | Damper | 0-127 | 0-127 | Depth to which the damper pedal is pressed (controls the resonant sound) |
| 3 | Pre LPF | 1-32 | 16-15000 Hz, Bypass | Frequency of the filter that cuts the high-frequency content of the input sound (Bypass: no cut) |
| 4 | Pre HPF | 0-31 | Bypass, 16-15000 Hz | Frequency of the filter that cuts the low-frequency content of the input sound (Bypass: no cut) |
| 5 | Peaking Freq | 0-16 | 200-8000 Hz | Frequency of the filter that boosts/cuts a specific frequency region of the input sound |
| 6 | Peaking Gain | 0-30 | -15 - +15 dB | Amount of boost/cut produced by the filter at the specified frequency region of the input sound |
| 7 | Peaking Q | 0-4 | 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0 | Width of the frequency region boosted/cut by the `Peaking Gain' parameter (larger values make the region narrower) |
| 8 | HF Damp Freq | 1-32 | 16-15000 Hz, Bypass | Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the resonant sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut) |
| 9 | LF Damp Freq | 0-31 | Bypass, 16-15000 Hz | Frequency at which the low-frequency content of the resonant sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut) |
| 11 | Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Output Level |
| 12 | P-Sft Amount | 0-127 | 0-127 | Amount of resonance |
| 13 | P-Sft Level | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume level of the resonant component |
| 14 | P-Sft LPF | 1-32 | 16-15000 Hz, Bypass | Basic frequency at which the filter cuts the high-frequency portion of the resonant component (Bypass: no cut) |
| 15 | P-Sft HPF | 0-31 | Bypass, 16-15000 Hz | Basic frequency at which the filter cuts the low-frequency portion of the resonant component (Bypass: no cut) |
| 16 | P-Sft to Rev | 0-127 | 0-127 | Volume of additional resonance added to resonant component |
| 17 | Damper Offset #2 | 0-64 | 0-64 | Volume of additional slight resonance when the damper pedal is not pressed |

MIDI Implementation Chart

DIGITAL PIANO
Date: Jan. 1, 2011
Model FP-7F
Version: 1.00

| Function Transmitted Recognized Remarks | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|
| | | | - | | Keiliaiks |
| Basic Channel | Default | 1 | 1-16 | | |
| | Changed | 1-16 | 1-16 | | |
| | Default | Mode 3 | Mode 3 | | |
| Mode | Messages | X | Mode 3, 4 (M=1) | | *2 |
| | Altered | ****** | | | |
| Note Number | | 15-113 | 0-127 | | |
| | :True Voice | ****** | 0-127 | | |
| Velocity | Note ON | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Note OFF | 0 | 0 | | |
| After Touch | Key's | х | - | *1 | |
| 71101 100011 | Ch's | Х | 0 | *1 | |
| Pitch Bend | | 0 | 0 | | |
| | 0, 32 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Bank select |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Modulation |
| | 5 | х | 0 | *1 | Portamento time |
| | 6, 38 | х | 0 | *1 | Data entry |
| | 7 | х | 0 | *1 | Volume |
| | 10 | х | 0 | *1 | Panpot |
| | 11 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Expression |
| Control Change | 64 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Hold 1 |
| Control Change | 65 | х | 0 | *1 | Portamento |
| | 66 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Sostenuto |
| | 67 | 0 | 0 | *1 | Soft |
| | 84 | х | 0 | | Portamento control |
| | 91 | 0 | O (Reverb) | | Effect1 depth |
| | 93 | x | O (Chorus) | | Effect3 depth |
| | 98, 99 | x | | | NRPN LSB, MSB |
| | 100, 101 | x | | | RPN LSB, MSB |
| | • | 0-127 | 0 | | • |
| Prog Change | :True # | ***** | 0-127 | | Program number 1-128 |
| System Exclusive | | 0 | 0 | | - 3 |
| , | :Song Pos | x | x | | |
| System Common | :Song Sel | x | x | | |
| -, | :Tune | x | x | | |
| | :Clock | 0 | x | \dashv | |
| System Real Time | :Commands | 0 | x | | |
| | :All sound off | х | O (120, 126, 127) | \dashv | |
| | :Reset all controllers | x | 0 | | |
| | :Local Control | x | 0 | | |
| Aux Message | :All Notes OFF | x | O (123-125) | | |
| | :Active Sense | Ô | 0 (123 120) | | |
| | :Reset | x | x | | |
| | | *1 O x is selectable by Sys Ex. | | | |
| Notes | | | | | |
| - · · · - | | *2 Recognized a | s M=1 even if M≠1. | | |
| | | l | | | |

Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 2: OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO O: Yes X: No

Tone List

PIANO

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 001 | Grand Piano1 | 0 | 68 | 1 |
| 002 | Piano + Str. | 25 | 64 | 1 |
| 003 | Grand Piano2 | 16 | 67 | 1 |
| 004 | Piano + Pad | 47 | 64 | 3 |
| 005 | Grand Piano3 | 8 | 66 | 2 |
| 006 | MagicalPiano | 47 | 65 | 3 |
| 007 | Rock Piano | 8 | 64 | 3 |
| 800 | Piano+Choir | 26 | 64 | 1 |
| 009 | Honky-tonk | 0 | 64 | 4 |
| 010 | Harpsichord | 0 | 66 | 7 |
| 011 | Coupled Hps. | 8 | 66 | 7 |

E.PIANO

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 001 | Vintage EP | 0 | 67 | 5 |
| 002 | Pop E.Piano | 16 | 67 | 5 |
| 003 | '60s E.Piano | 24 | 65 | 5 |
| 004 | FM E.Piano | 0 | 70 | 6 |
| 005 | '70s E.Piano | 16 | 66 | 5 |
| 006 | Stage Phaser | 0 | 68 | 5 |
| 007 | E.Grand | 0 | 69 | 3 |
| 800 | Clav. | 0 | 67 | 8 |
| 009 | Vibraphone | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 010 | Marimba | 0 | 64 | 13 |
| 011 | Celesta | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 012 | Mallet Isle | 0 | 64 | 115 |
| 013 | Morning Lite | 0 | 68 | 99 |
| 014 | EP Belle | 8 | 68 | 6 |
| 015 | Ballad Bells | 0 | 66 | 9 |

ORGAN

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 001 | TW-Organ 1 | - | - | - |
| 002 | TW-Organ 2 | - | - | - |
| 003 | TW-Organ 3 | - | - | - |
| 004 | TW-Organ 4 | - | - | - |
| 005 | TW-Organ 5 | - | - | - |
| 006 | TW-Organ 6 | - | - | - |
| 007 | Combo Jz.Org | 0 | 70 | 19 |
| 800 | Ballad Organ | 0 | 69 | 19 |
| 009 | Gospel Spin | 0 | 71 | 17 |
| 010 | Full Stops | 0 | 69 | 17 |
| 011 | Mellow Bars | 32 | 68 | 17 |
| 012 | Light Organ | 32 | 69 | 17 |
| 013 | Lower Organ | 0 | 66 | 17 |
| 014 | Purple Spin | 1 | 64 | 19 |
| 015 | '60s Organ | 16 | 64 | 17 |
| 016 | ChurchOrgan1 | 0 | 66 | 20 |
| 017 | ChurchOrgan2 | 8 | 69 | 20 |
| 018 | Nason flt 8' | 16 | 66 | 20 |
| 019 | Accordion | 0 | 68 | 22 |

STRINGS/PAD

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 001 | Rich Strings | 0 | 71 | 50 |
| 002 | OrchestraStr | 0 | 64 | 49 |
| 003 | Velo Strings | 1 | 65 | 49 |
| 004 | DecayStrings | 1 | 65 | 50 |
| 005 | SynthStrings | 0 | 65 | 52 |
| 006 | Soft Pad | 0 | 64 | 90 |
| 007 | Glass Pad | 0 | 65 | 93 |
| 800 | Silky Way | 1 | 68 | 90 |
| 009 | Lunar Strngs | 1 | 67 | 90 |
| 010 | Dcy ChoirPad | 1 | 66 | 90 |
| 011 | Orchestra | 8 | 66 | 49 |
| 012 | OrchestraBrs | 1 | 66 | 61 |
| 013 | Harp | 0 | 68 | 47 |
| 014 | Violin | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| 015 | Cello | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| 016 | PizzicatoStr | 0 | 0 | 46 |

GUITAR/BASS

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 001 | Nylon-str.Gt | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 002 | Steel-str.Gt | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| 003 | Clean Guitar | 0 | 64 | 28 |
| 004 | Jazz Guitar | 0 | 64 | 27 |
| 005 | Overdrive Gt | 0 | 66 | 30 |
| 006 | AcousticBass | 0 | 71 | 33 |
| 007 | A.Bass+Cymbl | 0 | 66 | 33 |
| 800 | FingeredBass | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| 009 | FretlessBass | 0 | 0 | 36 |
| 010 | Slap Bass | 0 | 64 | 37 |
| 011 | Synth Bass | 0 | 0 | 39 |
| 012 | Thum Voice | 0 | 66 | 54 |

VOICE/OTHERS

| | ILINO | | | |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
| 001 | Aerial Choir | 8 | 64 | 53 |
| 002 | Jazz Scat | 0 | 65 | 55 |
| 003 | Female Aahs | 8 | 66 | 53 |
| 004 | Angels Choir | 0 | 65 | 86 |
| 005 | Beauty Vox | 8 | 65 | 55 |
| 006 | Male Aahs | 8 | 68 | 53 |
| 007 | Harpvox | 0 | 64 | 100 |
| 800 | Decay Choir | 1 | 64 | 53 |
| 009 | Alto Sax | 0 | 67 | 66 |
| 010 | Tenor Sax | 8 | 66 | 67 |
| 011 | BrassSection | 0 | 0 | 62 |
| 012 | Flute | 0 | 64 | 74 |
| 013 | ChamberWinds | 0 | 67 | 69 |
| | • | | | |

 $^{^{\}star}$ When select ToneWheel Organ, send the System Exclusive of footage setting.

GM2

| 014 STANDARD Set 120 0 1 015 ROOM Set 120 0 9 016 POWER Set 120 0 17 017 ELEC.Set 120 0 25 018 ANALOG Set 120 0 26 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 41 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 2w 121 1 2 026 Piano 2 121 1 2 027 Piano 3w 121 1 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 | No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|--|-----|----------------|-----|-----|----|
| 015 ROOM Set 120 0 9 016 POWER Set 120 0 17 017 ELEC.Set 120 0 25 018 ANALOG Set 120 0 26 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 41 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1w 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 | | STANDARD Set | 120 | 0 | |
| 016 POWER Set 120 0 17 017 ELEC.Set 120 0 25 018 ANALOG Set 120 0 26 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 33 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 49 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1 121 0 1 023 Piano 1d 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 1 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 | 015 | ROOM Set | | 0 | 9 |
| 017 ELEC.Set 120 0 25 018 ANALOG Set 120 0 26 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 33 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 41 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 024 Piano 1d 121 1 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3 121 0 2 027 Piano 3 121 0 3 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 | | | | | |
| 018 ANALOG Set 120 0 26 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 33 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 41 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3 121 0 3 028 Piano 3 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 121 1 5 033 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | |
| 019 JAZZ Set 120 0 33 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 41 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 3 121 1 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 035 | | | | | |
| 020 BRUSH Set 120 0 49 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3w 121 1 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 3w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 1 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 035 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| 021 ORCH.Set 120 0 49 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 3w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3w 121 1 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 035 f60s E.Piano 121 3 5 0 | | | | | |
| 022 SFX Set 120 0 57 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038< | | | | | |
| 023 Piano 1 121 0 1 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 1 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 | | | | | |
| 024 Piano 1w 121 1 1 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 04 | | ł | | | |
| 025 Piano 1d 121 2 1 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 2 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 035 60s E.Piano 2 121 1 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 | - | | | | |
| 026 Piano 2 121 0 2 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 1 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 | | | | | |
| 027 Piano 2w 121 1 2 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 | | | | | |
| 028 Piano 3 121 0 3 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 1 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 1 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 2 7 041 Harpsischord 121 0 7 | | | | | |
| 029 Piano 3w 121 1 3 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 0 7 | | | | | |
| 030 Honky-tonk 121 0 4 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 3 7 | | | | | |
| 031 Honky-tonk w 121 1 4 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 1 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 3 7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | |
| 032 E.Piano 1 121 0 5 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 3 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 8 048 | - | | | | |
| 033 Detuned EP 1 121 1 5 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 3 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 0 8 044 Harpsi.w 121 0 8 044 Pulse Clav. 121 0 8 | | | | | |
| 034 Vintage EP 121 2 5 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 045 Clav. 121 0 8 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 10 048 | | | | | |
| 035 '60s E.Piano 121 3 5 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 10 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 | - | | | | |
| 036 E.Piano 2 121 0 6 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 3 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 0 8 045 Clav. 121 0 8 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| 037 Detuned EP 2 121 1 6 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone 121 0 13 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | - | | | | |
| 038 St.FM EP 121 2 6 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 0 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 < | - | | | | |
| 039 EP Legend 121 3 6 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 | | | | | 6 |
| 040 EP Phase 121 4 6 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 | 038 | St.FM EP | 121 | 2 | 6 |
| 041 Harpsichord 121 0 7 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 | 039 | EP Legend | 121 | 3 | 6 |
| 042 Coupled Hps. 121 1 7 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 | 040 | EP Phase | | 4 | 6 |
| 043 Harpsi.w 121 2 7 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 | 041 | Harpsichord | 121 | 0 | 7 |
| 044 Harpsi.o 121 3 7 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 | 042 | Coupled Hps. | 121 | 1 | 7 |
| 045 Clav. 121 0 8 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba w 121 1 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 | 043 | Harpsi.w | 121 | 2 | 7 |
| 046 Pulse Clav. 121 1 8 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 <t< td=""><td>044</td><td>Harpsi.o</td><td>121</td><td>3</td><td>7</td></t<> | 044 | Harpsi.o | 121 | 3 | 7 |
| 047 Celesta 121 0 9 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 | 045 | Clav. | 121 | 0 | 8 |
| 048 Glockenspiel 121 0 10 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 2 15 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 | 046 | Pulse Clav. | 121 | 1 | 8 |
| 049 Music Box 121 0 11 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 | 047 | Celesta | 121 | 0 | 9 |
| 050 Vibraphone 121 0 12 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 | 048 | Glockenspiel | 121 | 0 | 10 |
| 051 Vibraphone w 121 1 12 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 | 049 | Music Box | 121 | 0 | 11 |
| 052 Marimba 121 0 13 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 050 | Vibraphone | 121 | 0 | 12 |
| 053 Marimba w 121 1 13 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 051 | Vibraphone w | 121 | 1 | 12 |
| 054 Xylophone 121 0 14 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 052 | Marimba | 121 | 0 | 13 |
| 055 TubularBells 121 0 15 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 053 | Marimba w | 121 | 1 | 13 |
| 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 054 | Xylophone | 121 | 0 | 14 |
| 056 Church Bell 121 1 15 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | 055 | | | 0 | 15 |
| 057 Carillon 121 2 15 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | 1 | |
| 058 Santur 121 0 16 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | + | | 2 | 15 |
| 059 Organ 1 121 0 17 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | + | | | |
| 060 TremoloOrgan 121 1 17 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | | |
| 061 '60s Organ 121 2 17 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | ŭ | | | |
| 062 Organ 2 121 3 17 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | | |
| 063 Perc.Organ 1 121 0 18 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | | |
| 064 Chorus Organ 121 1 18 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | | |
| 065 Perc.Organ 2 121 2 18 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | - | | | |
| 066 Rock Organ 121 0 19 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | | | | |
| 067 Church Org.1 121 0 20 | | - | | | |
| | - | _ | | | |
| 000 Citator Org.2 121 1 20 | | | | | |
| | | Official Org.2 | 121 | ' | 20 |

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 069 | Church Org.3 | 121 | 2 | 20 |
| 070 | Reed Organ | 121 | 0 | 21 |
| 071 | Puff Organ | 121 | 1 | 21 |
| 072 | Accordion 1 | 121 | 0 | 22 |
| 073 | Accordion 2 | 121 | 1 | 22 |
| 074 | Harmonica | 121 | 0 | 23 |
| 075 | Bandoneon | 121 | 0 | 24 |
| 076 | Nylon-str.Gt | 121 | 0 | 25 |
| 077 | Ukulele | 121 | 1 | 25 |
| 078 | Nylon Gt o | 121 | 2 | 25 |
| 079 | Nylon Gt 2 | 121 | 3 | 25 |
| 080 | Steel-str.Gt | 121 | 0 | 26 |
| 081 | 12-str.Gt | 121 | 1 | 26 |
| 082 | Mandolin | 121 | 2 | 26 |
| 083 | Steel+Body | 121 | 3 | 26 |
| 084 | Jazz Guitar | 121 | 0 | 27 |
| 085 | Hawaiian Gt | 121 | 1 | 27 |
| 086 | Clean Guitar | 121 | 0 | 28 |
| 087 | Chorus Gt 1 | 121 | 1 | 28 |
| 088 | Mid Tone Gt | 121 | 2 | 28 |
| 089 | Muted Guitar | 121 | 0 | 29 |
| 090 | Funk Guitar1 | 121 | 1 | 29 |
| 091 | Funk Guitar2 | 121 | 2 | 29 |
| 092 | Chorus Gt 2 | 121 | 3 | 29 |
| 093 | Overdrive Gt | 121 | 0 | 30 |
| 094 | Guitar Pinch | 121 | 1 | 30 |
| 095 | DistortionGt | 121 | 0 | 31 |
| 096 | Gt Feedback1 | 121 | 1 | 31 |
| 097 | Dist.Rtm Gt | 121 | 2 | 31 |
| 098 | Gt Harmonics | 121 | 0 | 32 |
| 099 | Gt Feedback2 | 121 | 1 | 32 |
| 100 | AcousticBass | 121 | 0 | 33 |
| 101 | FingeredBass | 121 | 0 | 34 |
| 102 | Finger Slap | 121 | 1 | 34 |
| 103 | Picked Bass | 121 | 0 | 35 |
| 104 | FretlessBass | 121 | 0 | 36 |
| 105 | Slap Bass 1 | 121 | 0 | 37 |
| 106 | Slap Bass 2 | 121 | 0 | 38 |
| 107 | Synth Bass 1 | 121 | 0 | 39 |
| 108 | WarmSyn.Bass | 121 | 1 | 39 |
| 109 | Synth Bass 3 | 121 | 2 | 39 |
| 110 | Clav.Bass | 121 | 3 | 39 |
| 111 | Hammer | 121 | 4 | 39 |
| 112 | Synth Bass 2 | 121 | 0 | 40 |
| 113 | Synth Bass 4 | 121 | 1 | 40 |
| 114 | RubberSyn.Bs | 121 | 2 | 40 |
| 115 | Attack Pulse | 121 | 3 | 40 |
| 116 | Violin | 121 | 0 | 41 |
| 117 | Slow Violin | 121 | 1 | 41 |
| 118 | Viola | 121 | 0 | 42 |
| 119 | Cello | 121 | 0 | 43 |
| 120 | Contrabass | 121 | 0 | 44 |
| 121 | Tremolo Str. | 121 | 0 | 45 |
| 122 | PizzicatoStr | 121 | 0 | 46 |
| 123 | Harp | 121 | 0 | 47 |
| | • | • | • | |

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| 124 | Yang Qin | 121 | 1 | 47 |
| 125 | Timpani | 121 | 0 | 48 |
| 126 | Strings | 121 | 0 | 49 |
| 127 | Orchestra | 121 | 1 | 49 |
| 128 | '60s Strings | 121 | 2 | 49 |
| 129 | Slow Strings | 121 | 0 | 50 |
| 130 | Syn.Strings1 | 121 | 0 | 51 |
| 131 | Syn.Strings3 | 121 | 1 | 51 |
| 132 | Syn.Strings2 | 121 | 0 | 52 |
| 133 | Choir 1 | 121 | 0 | 53 |
| 134 | Choir 2 | 121 | 1 | 53 |
| 135 | Voice | 121 | 0 | 54 |
| 136 | Humming | 121 | 1 | 54 |
| 137 | Synth Voice | 121 | 0 | 55 |
| 138 | Analog Voice | 121 | 1 | 55 |
| 139 | OrchestraHit | 121 | 0 | 56 |
| 140 | Bass Hit | 121 | 1 | 56 |
| 141 | 6th Hit | 121 | 2 | 56 |
| 142 | Euro Hit | 121 | 3 | 56 |
| 143 | Trumpet | 121 | 0 | 57 |
| 144 | Dark Trumpet | 121 | 1 | 57 |
| 145 | Trombone 1 | 121 | 0 | 58 |
| 146 | Trombone 2 | 121 | 1 | 58 |
| 147 | Bright Tb | 121 | 2 | 58 |
| 148 | Tuba | 121 | 0 | 59 |
| 149 | MuteTrumpet1 | 121 | 0 | 60 |
| 150 | MuteTrumpet2 | 121 | 1 | 60 |
| 151 | French Horn1 | 121 | 0 | 61 |
| 152 | French Horn2 | 121 | 1 | 61 |
| 153 | Brass 1 | 121 | 0 | 62 |
| 154 | Brass 2 | 121 | 1 | 62 |
| 155 | Synth Brass1 | 121 | 0 | 63 |
| 156 | Synth Brass3 | 121 | 1 | 63 |
| 157 | AnalogBrass1 | 121 | 2 | 63 |
| 158 | Jump Brass | 121 | 3 | 63 |
| 159 | Synth Brass2 | 121 | 0 | 64 |
| 160 | Synth Brass4 | 121 | 1 | 64 |
| 161 | AnalogBrass2 | 121 | 2 | 64 |
| 162 | Soprano Sax | 121 | 0 | 65 |
| 163 | Alto Sax | 121 | 0 | 66 |
| 164 | Tenor Sax | 121 | 0 | 67 |
| 165 | Baritone Sax | 121 | 0 | 68 |
| 166 | Oboe | 121 | 0 | 69 |
| 167 | English Horn | 121 | 0 | 70 |
| 168 | Bassoon | 121 | 0 | 71 |
| 169 | Clarinet | 121 | 0 | 72 |
| 170 | Piccolo | 121 | 0 | 73 |
| 171 | Flute | 121 | 0 | 74 |
| 172 | Recorder | 121 | 0 | 75 |
| 173 | Pan Flute | 121 | 0 | 76 |
| 174 | Bottle Blow | 121 | 0 | 77 |
| 175 | Shakuhachi | 121 | 0 | 78 |
| 176 | Whistle | 121 | 0 | 79 |
| 177 | Ocarina | 121 | 0 | 80 |
| 178 | Square Lead1 | 121 | 0 | 81 |

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 179 | Square Lead2 | 121 | 1 | 81 |
| 180 | Sine Lead | 121 | 2 | 81 |
| 181 | Saw Lead 1 | 121 | 0 | 82 |
| 182 | Saw Lead 2 | 121 | 1 | 82 |
| 183 | Doctor Solo | 121 | 2 | 82 |
| 184 | Natural Lead | 121 | 3 | 82 |
| 185 | SequencedSaw | 121 | 4 | 82 |
| 186 | Syn.Calliope | 121 | 0 | 83 |
| 187 | Chiffer Lead | 121 | 0 | 84 |
| 188 | Charang | 121 | 0 | 85 |
| 189 | Wire Lead | 121 | 1 | 85 |
| 190 | Solo Vox | 121 | 0 | 86 |
| 191 | 5th Saw Lead | 121 | 0 | 87 |
| 192 | Bass+Lead | 121 | 0 | 88 |
| 193 | Delayed Lead | 121 | 1 | 88 |
| 194 | Fantasia | 121 | 0 | 89 |
| 195 | Warm Pad | 121 | 0 | 90 |
| 196 | Sine Pad | 121 | 1 | 90 |
| 197 | Polysynth | 121 | 0 | 91 |
| 198 | Space Voice | 121 | 0 | 92 |
| 199 | Itopia | 121 | 1 | 92 |
| 200 | Bowed Glass | 121 | 0 | 93 |
| 201 | Metallic Pad | 121 | 0 | 94 |
| 202 | Halo Pad | 121 | 0 | 95 |
| 203 | Sweep Pad | 121 | 0 | 96 |
| 204 | Ice Rain | 121 | 0 | 97 |
| 205 | Soundtrack | 121 | 0 | 98 |
| 206 | Crystal | 121 | 0 | 99 |
| 207 | Synth Mallet | 121 | 1 | 99 |
| 208 | Atmosphere | 121 | 0 | 100 |
| 209 | Brightness | 121 | 0 | 101 |
| 210 | Goblins | 121 | 0 | 102 |
| 211 | Echo Drops | 121 | 0 | 103 |
| 212 | Echo Bell | 121 | 1 | 103 |
| 213 | Echo Pan | 121 | 2 | 103 |
| 214 | Star Theme | 121 | 0 | 104 |
| 215 | Sitar 1 | 121 | 0 | 105 |
| 216 | Sitar 2 | 121 | 1 | 105 |
| 217 | Banjo | 121 | 0 | 106 |
| 218 | Shamisen | 121 | 0 | 107 |
| 219 | Koto | 121 | 0 | 108 |
| 220 | Taisho Koto | 121 | 1 | 108 |
| 221 | Kalimba | 121 | 0 | 109 |
| 222 | Bagpipe | 121 | 0 | 110 |
| 223 | Fiddle | 121 | 0 | 111 |
| 224 | Shanai | 121 | 0 | 112 |
| 225 | Tinkle Bell | 121 | 0 | 113 |
| 226 | Agogo | 121 | 0 | 114 |
| 227 | Steel Drums | 121 | 0 | 115 |
| 228 | Woodblock | 121 | 0 | 116 |
| 229 | Castanets | 121 | 1 | 116 |
| 230 | Taiko | 121 | 0 | 117 |
| 231 | Concert BD | 121 | 1 | 117 |
| 232 | Melodic Tom1 | 121 | 0 | 118 |
| 233 | Melodic Tom2 | 121 | 1 | 118 |
| | | | · | |

| No. | Tone Name | MSB | LSB | PC |
|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 234 | Synth Drum | 121 | 0 | 119 |
| 235 | TR-808 Tom | 121 | 1 | 119 |
| 236 | Elec.Perc. | 121 | 2 | 119 |
| 237 | Reverse Cym. | 121 | 0 | 120 |
| 238 | Gt FretNoise | 121 | 0 | 121 |
| 239 | Gt Cut Noise | 121 | 1 | 121 |
| 240 | BsStringSlap | 121 | 2 | 121 |
| 241 | Breath Noise | 121 | 0 | 122 |
| 242 | Fl.Key Click | 121 | 1 | 122 |
| 243 | Seashore | 121 | 0 | 123 |
| 244 | Rain | 121 | 1 | 123 |
| 245 | Thunder | 121 | 2 | 123 |
| 246 | Wind | 121 | 3 | 123 |
| 247 | Stream | 121 | 4 | 123 |
| 248 | Bubble | 121 | 5 | 123 |
| 249 | Bird 1 | 121 | 0 | 124 |
| 250 | Dog | 121 | 1 | 124 |
| 251 | Horse Gallop | 121 | 2 | 124 |
| 252 | Bird 2 | 121 | 3 | 124 |
| 253 | Telephone 1 | 121 | 0 | 125 |
| 254 | Telephone 2 | 121 | 1 | 125 |
| 255 | DoorCreaking | 121 | 2 | 125 |
| 256 | Door | 121 | 3 | 125 |
| 257 | Scratch | 121 | 4 | 125 |
| 258 | Wind Chimes | 121 | 5 | 125 |
| 259 | Helicopter | 121 | 0 | 126 |
| 260 | Car Engine | 121 | 1 | 126 |
| 261 | Car Stop | 121 | 2 | 126 |
| 262 | Car Pass | 121 | 3 | 126 |
| 263 | Car Crash | 121 | 4 | 126 |
| 264 | Siren | 121 | 5 | 126 |
| 265 | Train | 121 | 6 | 126 |
| 266 | Jetplane | 121 | 7 | 126 |
| 267 | Starship | 121 | 8 | 126 |
| 268 | Burst Noise | 121 | 9 | 126 |
| 269 | Applause | 121 | 0 | 127 |
| 270 | Laughing | 121 | 1 | 127 |
| 271 | Screaming | 121 | 2 | 127 |
| 272 | Punch | 121 | 3 | 127 |
| 273 | Heart Beat | 121 | 4 | 127 |
| 274 | Footsteps | 121 | 5 | 127 |
| 275 | Gun Shot | 121 | 0 | 128 |
| 276 | Machine Gun | 121 | 1 | 128 |
| 277 | Laser Gun | 121 | 2 | 128 |
| 278 | Explosion | 121 | 3 | 128 |

Rhythm Set List

| Power Low Tom 2 Power High T | |
|--|-----|
| Scratch Push EXC7 EXC8 EX | |
| 30 Scratch Pull [EXC7] Scratch Pull [EXC7] Scratch Pull [EXC7] Sticks 31 Sticks Square Click Square Click Square Click Metronome Click Metronome Click Metronome Bell Metronome Bell Metronome Bell Room Kick 2 Room Kick 1 C2 36 Kick Drum 2 Room Kick 1 Power Kick Side Stick Si | |
| 31 Sticks 32 Square Click 33 Metronome Click 34 Metronome Bell 35 Kick Drum 2 C2 36 Kick Drum 1 Side Stick 39 Hand Clap 40 Electric Snare 3 41 Low Tom 2 Closed Hi-Hat 1 Low Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 2 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 About Tom 2 About Tom 1 Abo | |
| Square Click 32 Square Click Metronome Click Metronome Bell Room Kick 2 Room Kick 1 Power Kick Side Stick | |
| Metronome Click Metronome Bell Metronome Click Metronome Sell Room Kick 1 Power Kick Side Stick | |
| Metronome Bell Above Fig. 1 Above Fig. 1 Above Fig. 2 Above Fig. 2 Above Fig. 3 Above Fig. 4 Above Fig. 3 Above Fig. 4 | |
| C2 35 Kick Drum 2 Room Kick 2 Room Kick 1 36 Kick Drum 1 Room Kick 1 Power Kick 37 Side Stick Side Stick Side Stick 38 Snare Drum Room Snare Power Snare 40 Electric Snare 3 Electric Snare 4 Electric Snare 5 41 Low Tom 2 Room Low Tom 2 Power Low Tom 2 42 Closed Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 43 Low Tom 1 Room Low Tom 1 Power Low Tom 1 44 Pedal Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 45 Mid Tom 2 Room Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 2 46 Open Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Power Mid Tom 2 47 Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| 37 Side Stick 38 Snare Drum 39 Hand Clap 40 Electric Snare 3 41 Low Tom 2 42 Closed Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] 43 Low Tom 1 44 Pedal Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] 45 Mid Tom 2 46 Open Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] 47 Mid Tom 1 48 High Tom 2 Side Stick Room Snare Hand Clap Hand Clap Hand Clap Electric Snare 4 Room Low Tom 2 Room Low Tom 2 [EXC1] Room Mid Tom 2 Room Mid Tom 2 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 Power High Tom 2 | |
| 38 Snare Drum Hand Clap Ha | |
| Hand Clap 40 Electric Snare 3 41 Low Tom 2 42 Closed Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Room Low Tom 1 43 Low Tom 1 44 Pedal Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Power Low Tom 1 45 Mid Tom 2 46 Open Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 47 Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room Hand Clap Electric Snare 4 Room Low Tom 2 Room Low Tom 1 Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 Room Mid Tom 2 Open Hi-Hat 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| 40 Electric Snare 3 41 Low Tom 2 42 Closed Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 43 Low Tom 1 44 Pedal Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 45 Mid Tom 2 46 Open Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 47 Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| A1 | |
| 42 Closed Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Closed Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Room Low Tom 1 Power Low Tom 1 Pedal Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Pedal Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Power Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 2 Power High Tom | |
| 43 | |
| Pedal Hi-Hat 1 | |
| 45 Mid Tom 2 Room Mid Tom 2 Power Mid Tom 2 Open Hi-Hat 1 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] Open Hi-Hat 2 [EXC1] 47 Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| 47 Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| 47 Mid Tom 1 Room Mid Tom 1 Power Mid Tom 1 C3 48 High Tom 2 Room High Tom 2 Power High Tom 2 | |
| | |
| 49 Crash Cymbal 1 Crash Cymbal 3 Crash Cymbal 3 | - 1 |
| | |
| High Tom 1 Room High Tom 1 Power High Tom 1 | |
| 51 Ride Cymbal 1 Ride Cymbal 3 Ride Cymbal 3 Chinese Cymbal 1 Chinese Cymbal 2 Chinese Cymbal 2 | |
| 52 Chinese Cymbal 1 Chinese Cymbal 2 Chinese Cymbal 2 Ride Bell 2 Ride Bell 2 Ride Bell 2 Chinese Cymbal 2 Ch | |
| Tambourine Tambourine Tambourine | |
| 55 Splash Cymbal Splash Cymbal Splash Cymbal | |
| 56 Cowbell Cowbell Cowbell | |
| 57 Crash Cymbal 2 Crash Cymbal 4 Crash Cymbal 4 | |
| Telephone Teleph | |
| 59 Ride Cymbal 2 Ride Cymbal4 Ride Cymbal4 | |
| C4 60 High Bongo 1 High Bongo 2 High Bongo 2 Low Bongo 1 Low Bongo 2 Low Bongo 2 | |
| 61 Low Bongo 1 Low Bongo 2 Low Bongo 2 Low Bongo 2 Mute High Conga 1 Mute High Conga 2 Mute High Conga 2 | |
| 63 Open High Conga Open High Conga Open High Conga | |
| 64 Low Conga Low Conga Low Conga | |
| 65 High Timbale High Timbale High Timbale | |
| Low Timbale Low Timbale Low Timbale | |
| 67 High Agogo High Agogo High Agogo | |
| Low Agogo Low Agogo Low Agogo | |
| Cabasa Cabasa | |
| ——70 Maracas Maracas Maracas Maracas 71 Short High Whistle [EXC2] Short High Whistle [EXC2] Short High Whistle [EXC2] | |
| 71 Short High Whistle [EXC2] Short High Whistle [EXC2] Short High Whistle [EXC2] C5 72 Long Low Whistle [EXC2] Long Low Whistle [EXC2] Long Low Whistle [EXC2] | |
| 73 Short Guiro [EXC3] Short Guiro [EXC3] Short Guiro [EXC3] | |
| 74 Long Guiro [EXC3] Long Guiro [EXC3] Long Guiro [EXC3] | |
| — 75 Claves Claves Claves | |
| This is a second of the property of the prop | |
| Tow Woodblock Low Woodblock Low Woodblock | |
| 78 Mute Cuica [EXC4] Mute Cuica [EXC4] Mute Cuica [EXC4] | |
| 79 Open Cuica [EXC4] Open Cuica [EXC4] Open Cuica [EXC4] 80 Mute Triangle [EXC5] Mute Triangle [EXC5] Mute Triangle | |
| 80 Mute Triangle [EXC5] Mute Triangle [EXC5] Mute Triangle [EXC5] 81 Open Triangle [EXC5] Open Triangle [EXC5] | |
| 82 Shaker Shaker Shaker | |
| 83 Jingle Bell Jingle Bell Jingle Bell | |
| C6 84 Bell Tree Bell Tree Bell Tree | |
| ——85 Castanets Castanets Castanets | |
| 86 Mute Surdo [EXC6] Mute Surdo [EXC6] Mute Surdo [EXC6] | |
| Open Surdo [EXC6] Open Surdo [EXC6] Open Surdo [EXC6] | |

^{* ----:} No sound.
* [EXC]: will not sound simultaneously with other percussion instruments of the same number.

| | | ELEC.Set | | ANALOG Set | | JAZZ Set | |
|----|--------------------|----------------------------------|---------|--|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|
| | 27 | High-Q | | High-Q | | High-Q | |
| | 28 | Slap | | Slap | | Slap | |
| | 29 | Scratch Push | [EXC7] | Scratch Push | [EXC7] | Scratch Push | [EXC7] |
| | 30 | | [EXC7] | Scratch Pull | [EXC7] | Scratch Pull | [EXC7] |
| | 31 | Sticks Square Click | | Sticks | | Sticks Square Click | |
| | 33 | Metronome Click | | Square Click Metronome Click | | Metronome Click | |
| | 34 | | | Metronome Bell | | Metronome Bell | |
| | 35 | Power Kick | | TR-808 Kick 2 | | Room Kick 2 | |
| C2 | 36 | Electric Kick | | TR-808 Kick 1 | | Jazz Kick | |
| | 37 | Side Stick | | TR-808 Rim shot | | Side Stick | |
| | 38 | Electric Snare 1 | | TR-808 Snare | | Jazz Snare | |
| | 39 | Hand Clap | | Hand Clap | | Hand Clap | |
| | 40 | Electric Snare 2 | | Electric Snare 6 | | Electric Snare 7 | |
| | 41 | Electric Low Tom 2 | | TR-808 Low Tom 2 | | Jazz Low Tom | |
| | 42 | | [EXC1] | TR-808 Closed Hi-Ha | it [EXC1] | Closed Hi-Hat 2 | [EXC1] |
| | 43 | Electric Low Tom 1 | FEV.041 | TR-808 Low Tom 1 | | Low Tom 1 | (E)(O(1) |
| | —— <u>44</u> 45 | | [EXC1] | TR-808 Closed Hi-Ha | it [EXC1] | Pedal Hi-Hat 2 Mid Tom 2 | [EXC1] |
| | 45 | Electric Mid Tom 2 Open Hi-Hat 2 | [EVC4] | TR-808 Mid Tom 2 TR-808 Open Hi-Hat | IEVC11 | Open Hi-Hat 2 | [EVC4] |
| | 47 | Electric Mid Tom 1 | [EXC1] | TR-808 Mid Tom 1 | | Jazz Mid Tom | [EXC1] |
| C3 | 48 | Electric High Tom 2 | | TR-808 High Tom 2 | | Jazz High Tom 2 | |
| | 49 | | | TR-808 Crash Cymba | al | Crash Cymbal 3 | |
| | 50 | Electric High Tom 1 | | TR-808 High Tom 1 | | Jazz High Tom 1 | |
| | 51 | | | Ride Cymbal 3 | | Ride Cymbal 3 | |
| | 52 | Reverse Cymbal | | Chinese Cymbal 2 | | Chinese Cymbal 2 | |
| | 53 | Ride Bell 2 | | Ride Bell 2 | | Ride Bell 2 | |
| | 54 | | | Tambourine | | Tambourine | |
| | 55 | Splash Cymbal | | Splash Cymbal | | Splash Cymbal | |
| | 56 | | | TR-808 Cowbell | | Cowbell | |
| | 57 | Crash Cymbal 4 | | Crash Cymbal 4 | | Crash Cymbal 4 | |
| | 58 59 | Vibraslap Ride Cymbal4 | | Vibraslap Ride Cymbal4 | | Vibraslap Ride Cymbal4 | |
| C4 | 60 | High Bongo 2 | | High Bongo 2 | | High Bongo 2 | |
| • | 61 | 5 5 | | Low Bongo 2 | | Low Bongo 2 | |
| | 62 | Mute High Conga 2 | | TR-808 High Conga | | Mute High Conga 2 | |
| | 63 | | | TR-808 Mid Conga | | Open High Conga | |
| | 64 | Low Conga | | TR-808 Low Conga | | Low Conga | |
| | 65 | High Timbale | | High Timbale | | High Timbale | |
| | 66 | | | Low Timbale | | Low Timbale | |
| | 67 | High Agogo | | High Agogo | | High Agogo | |
| | ——68 69 | Low Agogo Cabasa | | Low Agogo Cabasa | | Low Agogo Cabasa | |
| | | Maracas | | TR-808 Maracas | | Maracas | |
| | 71 | Short High Whistle | [EXC2] | Short High Whistle | [EXC2] | Short High Whistle | [EXC2] |
| C5 | 72 | Long Low Whistle | [EXC2] | Long Low Whistle | [EXC2] | Long Low Whistle | [EXC2] |
| | 73 | | [EXC3] | Short Guiro | [EXC3] | Short Guiro | [EXC3] |
| | 74 | Long Guiro | [EXC3] | Long Guiro | [EXC3] | Long Guiro | [EXC3] |
| | 75 | | | Claves | | Claves | |
| | 76 | High Woodblock | | High Woodblock | | High Woodblock | |
| | 77 | Low Woodblock | | Low Woodblock | | Low Woodblock | |
| | 78 | | [EXC4] | Mute Cuica | [EXC4] | Mute Cuica | [EXC4] |
| | 79 | Open Cuica | [EXC4] | Open Cuica | [EXC4] | Open Cuica | [EXC4] |
| | 80 81 | Mute Triangle Open Triangle | [EXC5] | Mute Triangle | [EXC5] | Mute Triangle Open Triangle | [EXC5] |
| | 82 | - | [EXC5] | Open Triangle Shaker | [EXC5] | Shaker | [EXC5] |
| | 83 | Jingle Bell | | Jingle Bell | | Jingle Bell | |
| C6 | 84 | Bell Tree | | Bell Tree | | Bell Tree | |
| | 85 | | | Castanets | | Castanets | |
| | 86 | Mute Surdo | [EXC6] | Mute Surdo | [EXC6] | Mute Surdo | [EXC6] |
| | 87 | Open Surdo | [EXC6] | Open Surdo | [EXC6] | Open Surdo | [EXC6] |

| | | BRUSH Set | | ORCH.Set | | SFX Set |
|----|--------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| | 27 | High-Q | | Closed Hi-Hat 2 | [EXC1] | |
| | 28 | Slap | | Pedal Hi-Hat 2 | [EXC1] | |
| | 29 | Scratch Push | [EXC7] | Open Hi-Hat 2 | [EXC1] | |
| | | Scratch Pull | [EXC7] | Ride Cymbal 3 | | |
| | 31 | Sticks | | Sticks | | |
| | | Square Click | | Square Click | | |
| | 33 | Metronome Click | | Metronome Click | | |
| | | Metronome Bell | | Metronome Bell | | |
| 00 | 35 | Room Kick 2 | | Concert Bass Drum 2 | | |
| C2 | 36 | Jazz Kick | | Concert Bass Drum 1 | | |
| | | Side Stick | | Side Stick | | |
| | 38 —— 39 | Brush Tap Brush Slap1 | | Concert Snare Drum Castanets | | High Q |
| | 40 | Brush Swirl | | Concert Snare Drum | | Slap |
| | 41 | Brush Low Tom 2 | | Timpani F | | Scratch Push [EXC7] |
| | | Brush Closed Hi-Hat | [EXC1] | Timpani F# | | Scratch Pull [EXC7] |
| | 43 | Brush Low Tom 1 | [LXO1] | Timpani G | | Sticks |
| | 44 | Brush Pedal Hi-Hat | [EXC1] | Timpani G# | | Square Click |
| | 45 | Brush Mid Tom 2 | [= | Timpani A | | Metronome Click |
| C3 | 46 | Brush Open Hi-Hat | [EXC1] | Timpani A# | | Metronome Bell |
| | 47 | Brush Mid Tom 1 | | Timpani B | | Guitar Fret Noise |
| | 48 | Brush High Tom 2 | | Timpani C | | Guitar Cutting Noise Up |
| | 49 | Jazz Crash Cymbal | | Timpani C# | | Guitar Cutting Noise Down |
| | 50 | Brush High Tom 1 | | Timpani D | | String Slap of Double Bass |
| | | Jazz Ride Cymbal 1 | | Timpani D# | | Fl.Key Click |
| | 52 | Chinese Cymbal 2 | | Timpani E | | Laughing |
| | 53 | Jazz Ride Cymbal 2 | | Timpani F | | Screaming |
| | | Tambourine | | Tambourine | | Punch |
| | 55 56 | Splash Cymbal | | Splash Cymbal | | Heart Beat |
| | 57 | Cowbell Crash Cymbal 4 | | Cowbell Concert Cymbal 2 | | Footsteps 1 Footsteps 2 |
| | | Vibraslap | | Vibraslap | | Applause |
| | 59 | Ride Cymbal4 | | Concert Cymbal 1 | | Door Creaking |
| C4 | 60 | High Bongo 2 | | High Bongo 2 | | Door |
| - | 61 | Low Bongo 2 | | Low Bongo 2 | | Scratch |
| | 62 | Mute High Conga 2 | | Mute High Conga 2 | | Wind Chimes |
| | 63 | Open High Conga | | Open High Conga | | Car-Engine |
| | 64 | Low Conga | | Low Conga | | Car-Stop |
| | 65 | High Timbale | | High Timbale | | Car-Pass |
| | | Low Timbale | | Low Timbale | | Car-Crash |
| | 67 | High Agogo | | High Agogo | | Siren |
| | | Low Agogo | | Low Agogo | | Train |
| | 69 | Cabasa Maracas | | Cabasa | | Jet Plane |
| | 70 71 | Short High Whistle | [EXC2] | Maracas Short High Whistle | [EXC2] | Helicopter Starship |
| C5 | 72 | Long Low Whistle | [EXC2] | Long Low Whistle | [EXC2] | Gun Shot |
| 00 | 73 | Short Guiro | [EXC3] | Short Guiro | [EXC3] | Machine Gun |
| | 74 | Long Guiro | [EXC3] | Long Guiro | [EXC3] | Laser Gun |
| | 75 | Claves | | Claves | . , | Explosion |
| | 76 | High Woodblock | | High Woodblock | | Dog |
| | 77 | Low Woodblock | | Low Woodblock | | Horse-Gallop |
| | | Mute Cuica | [EXC4] | Mute Cuica | [EXC4] | Birds |
| | 79 | Open Cuica | [EXC4] | Open Cuica | [EXC4] | Rain |
| | 80 | Mute Triangle | [EXC5] | Mute Triangle | [EXC5] | Thunder |
| | 81 | Open Triangle | [EXC5] | Open Triangle | [EXC5] | Wind |
| | 82 | Shaker | | Shaker | | Seashore |
| CC | 83 | Jingle Bell | | Jingle Bell | | Stream |
| C6 | 84 | Bell Tree | | Bell Tree | | Bubble |
| | 85 86 | Castanets Mute Surdo | [EXC6] | Castanets Mute Surdo | [EXC6] | |
| | 87 | Open Surdo | [EXC6] | Open Surdo | [EXC6] | <u> </u> |
| | 88 | open Suldo | الـ٨٥٥ | Applause | الـ۸٥٥ | |
| | اما | <u> </u> | | Applause | | |