Filesystems..txt

/* Documentation/blackfin/Filesystems * File: * Based on: * Author: * Created: This file contains the simple DMA Implementation for Blackfin Description: \$Id: Filesystems 2384 2006-11-01 04:12:43Z magicyang \$ * Rev: * Modified: Copyright 2004-2006 Analog Devices Inc. * * Bugs: Enter bugs at http://blackfin.uclinux.org/ */

How to mount the root file system in uClinux/Blackfin

1 Mounting EXT3 File system.

Creating an EXT3 File system for uClinux/Blackfin:

Please follow the steps to form the EXT3 File system and mount the same as root file system.

a Make an ext3 file system as large as you want the final root file system.

mkfs.ext3 /dev/ram0 <your-rootfs-size-in-1k-blocks>

b Mount this Empty file system on a free directory as:

mount -t ext3 /dev/ram0 ./test where ./test is the empty directory.

c Copy your root fs directory that you have so carefully made over.

 $\label{eq:cp-af-def} \mbox{cp--af-/tmp/my_final_rootfs_files/*./test}$

(For ex: cp -af uClinux-dist/romfs/* ./test)

- d If you have done everything right till now you should be able to see the required "root" dir's (that's etc, root, bin, lib, sbin...)
- e Now unmount the file system

umount ./test

f Create the root file system image.

dd if=/dev/ram0 bs=1k count=<your-rootfs-size-in-1k-blocks> \
> ext3fs.img

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Now you have to tell the kernel that will be mounting this file system as rootfs.

So do a make menuconfig under kernel and select the Ext3 journaling file system support under File system --> submenu.

2. Mounting EXT2 File system.

By default the ext2 file system image will be created if you invoke make from the top uClinux-dist directory.

3. Mounting CRAMFS File System

To create a CRAMFS file system image execute the command mkfs.cramfs ./test cramfs.img

where ./test is the target directory.

4. Mounting ROMFS File System

To create a ROMFS file system image execute the command genromfs -v -V "ROMdisk" -f romfs.img -d ./test where ./test is the target directory

5. Mounting the JFFS2 Filesystem

To create a compressed JFFS filesystem (JFFS2), please execute the command mkfs.jffs2 -d ./test -o jffs2.img where ./test is the target directory.

However, please make sure the following is in your kernel config.

```
/*
 * RAM/ROM/Flash chip drivers
 */
#define CONFIG_MTD_CFI 1
#define CONFIG_MTD_ROM 1
/*
 * Mapping drivers for chip access
 */
#define CONFIG_MTD_COMPLEX_MAPPINGS 1
#define CONFIG_MTD_BF533 1
```

#undef CONFIG MTD UCLINUX

Through the u-boot boot loader, use the jffs2.img in the corresponding partition made in linux-2.6.x/drivers/mtd/maps/bf533_flash.c.

NOTE - Currently the Flash driver is available only for EZKIT. Watch out for a STAMP driver soon.

6. Mounting the NFS File system

For mounting the NFS please do the following in the kernel config.

In Networking Support --> Networking options --> TCP/IP networking --> IP: kernel level autoconfiguration

Enable BOOTP Support.

In Kernel hacking \longrightarrow Compiled—in kernel boot parameter add the following

```
root=/dev/nfs rw ip=bootp
```

In File system --> Network File system, Enable

NFS file system support \longrightarrow NFSv3 client support Root File system on NFS

in uClibc menuconfig, do the following
In Networking Support
enable Remote Procedure Call (RPC) support
Full RPC Support

On the Host side, ensure that /etc/dhcpd.conf looks something like this

run the following commands as root (may differ depending on your distribution) :

- service nfs start

- service portmap start

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- service dhcpd start/usr/sbin/exportfs