

=====

U S E R M A N U A L

1) FOR DRIVER BUILD

Goto source code directory wlan_src.

make [clean] build

The driver binaries can be found in ../bin_xxxx directory.

The driver code supports Linux kernel up to 2.6.33.

2) FOR DRIVER INSTALL

- a) Copy sd8787_uap.bin | ... to /lib/firmware/mrvl/ directory, create the directory if it doesn't exist.
- b) Install uAP driver,
insmod mlan.ko
insmod sd8688.ko | sd8686.ko | ...
- c) Uninstall uAP driver,
ifconfig uapX down
rmmod sd8xxx
rmmod mlan

3) FOR DRIVER PROC & DEBUG

The following info are provided in /proc/mwlan/uapX/info.

```
driver_name = "uap"
driver_version = <driver version>
InterfaceName= "uapX"
State= "Disconnected" | "Connected"
MACAddress= <6-byte adapter MAC address>
MCCount= <multicast address count>
num_tx_bytes = <number of bytes sent to device>
num_rx_bytes = <number of bytes received from device and sent to kernel>
num_tx_pkts = <number of packets sent to device>
num_rx_pkts = <number of packets received from device and sent to kernel>
num_tx_pkts_dropped = <number of tx packets dropped by driver>
num_rx_pkts_dropped = <number of rx packets dropped by driver>
num_tx_pkts_err = <number of tx packets failed to send to device>
num_rx_pkts_err = <number of rx packets failed to receive from device>
num_tx_timeout = <number of tx timeout>
carrier "on" | "off"
tx queue "stopped" | "started"
```

The following debug info are provided in /proc/mwlan/uapX/debug.

```
cmd_sent = <0/1, send command resources available/sending command to device>
data_sent = <0/1, send data resources available/sending data to device>
IntCounter=<interrupt count, cleared when interrupt handled>
cmd_pending=<0/1, no pending command/there is a pending command>
num_cmd_h2c_fail = <number of commands failed to send to device>
num_tx_h2c_fail = <number of data packets failed to send to device>
drvdbg= <driver debug message control>
bit 0:  MMSG          PRINTM(MMSG,...)
bit 1:  MFATAL        PRINTM(MFATAL,...)
bit 2:  MERROR        PRINTM(MERROR,...)
bit 3:  MDATA         PRINTM(MDATA,...)
bit 4:  MCMND         PRINTM(MCMND,...)
...
bit 16: MDAT_D        PRINTM(MDAT_D,...), DBG_HEXDUMP(MDAT_D,...)
bit 17: MCMD_D        PRINTM(MCMD_D,...), DBG_HEXDUMP(MCMD_D,...)
bit 28: MENTRY        PRINTM(MENTRY,...), ENTER(), LEAVE()
bit 29: MWARN         PRINTM(MWARN,...)
bit 30: MINFO         PRINTM(MINFO,...)
```

Usage:

```
echo "drvdbg=0x7" > /proc/mwlan/uapX/debug      #enable MMSG, MFATAL, MERROR messages
```

Use dmesg or cat /var/log/debug to check driver debug messages.

To log driver debug messages to file,

- a) Edit /etc/rsyslog.conf, add one line `*.debug /var/log/debug`
- b) touch /var/log/debug (if the file doesn't exist)
- c) service rsyslog restart

4) SOFT_RESET command

GPL_README-UAP.txt

This command is used to perform a "soft reset" on the module.
The FW code will disable hardware and jump to boot code.
Host software will then need to re-download firmware if required.

Usage:

```
echo "soft_reset=1" > /proc/mwlan/config
```

5) BSS_START command and BSS_STOP command

This command start/stop the BSS.

Usage:

```
echo "bss_start=1" > /proc/mwlan/uapX/setting  
Starts the BSS.
```

```
echo "bss_start=0" > /proc/mwlan/uapX/setting  
Stop the BSS.
```

U S E R M A N U A L F O R U A P U T L

NAME

uaputl.exe [options] <command> [command parameters]]

Options:

```
--help  Display help  
-v      Display version  
-i <interface>  
-d <debug_level=0|1|2>
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe --help  
"display help for uaputl"  
  
./uaputl.exe sys_config --help  
"display help for sys_config command"
```

This tool can be used to set/get uAP's settings. To change AP settings, you might need to issue "bss_stop" command to stop AP before making change and issue "bss_start" command to restart the AP after making change.

Supported Commands

```
version  
debug_level  
sys_config [CONFIG_FILE_NAME]  
bss_config [CONFIG_FILE_NAME]  
sys_info  
sys_reset  
bss_start  
bss_stop  
sta_list  
sta_deauth <STA_MAC_ADDRESS>  
sta_deauth_ext <STA_MAC_ADDRESS> <REASON_CODE>  
powermode [MODE] [SLEEP_PARAM=1 CTRL_MIN_SLEEP MAX_SLEEP] [INACT_PARAM=2 INACTTO MIN_AWAKE MAX_AWAKE]  
sys_cfg_custom_ie [INDEX] [MASK] [IEBuffer]  
hscfg [condition [[GPIO# [gap]]]]  
sys_cfg_wmm [qosinfo=<qos_info>]  
[AC_BE AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]  
[AC_BK AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]  
[AC_VI AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]  
[AC_VO AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]  
sys_cfg_lln [ENABLE] [HTCAP] [AMPDU]  
adbbapara [timeout txwinsize rxwinsize]  
aggrpriotbl <m0> <n0> <m1> <n1> ... <m7> <n7>  
adbbareject <m0> <m1> ... <m7>  
deepsleep [MODE] [IDLE_TIME]
```

The following commands can be issued individually for debug purpose

```
sys_cfg_ap_mac_address [AP_MAC_ADDRESS]  
sys_cfg_ssid [SSID]  
sys_cfg_beacon_period [BEACON_PERIOD]
```

```

sys_cfg_dtim_period [DTIM_PERIOD]
sys_cfg_channel [CHANNEL] [MODE]
sys_cfg_scan_channels [CHANNELS]
sys_cfg_rates [RATES]
sys_cfg_rates_ext [rates RATES] [mbrate RATE] [urate RATE]
sys_cfg_tx_power [TX_POWER]
sys_cfg_bcast_ssid_ctl [1|0]
sys_cfg_preamble_ctl
sys_cfg_antenna_ctl <ANTENNA> [MODE]
sys_cfg_rts_threshold [RTS_THRESHOLD]
sys_cfg_frag_threshold [FRAG_THRESHOLD]
sys_cfg_rsn_replay_prot [1|0]
sys_cfg_radio_ctl [0|1]
sys_cfg_tx_data_rate [TX_DATA_RATE]
sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate [MCBC_DATA_RATE]
sys_cfg_pkt_fwd_ctl [0|1]
sys_cfg_sta_ageout_timer [STA_AGEOUT_TIMER]
sys_cfg_ps_sta_ageout_timer [PS_STA_AGEOUT_TIMER]
sys_cfg_auth [AUTH_MODE]
sys_cfg_protocol [PROTOCOL]
sys_cfg_wep_key [INDEX ISDEFAULT KEY]
sys_cfg_cipher [PAIRWISE_CIPHER GROUP_CIPHER]
sys_cfg_pwk_cipher [<PROTOCOL>] [PAIRWISE_CIPHER]
sys_cfg_gwk_cipher [GROUP_CIPHER]
sys_cfg_group_rekey_timer [GROUP_REKEY_TIMER]
sys_cfg_wpa_passphrase [PASSPHRASE]
sys_cfg_max_sta_num [STA_NUM]
sys_cfg_retry_limit [RETRY_LIMIT]
sys_cfg_eapol_pwk_hsk [<TIMEOUT> <RETRIES>]
sys_cfg_eapol_gwk_hsk [<TIMEOUT> <RETRIES>]
sta_filter_table <FILTERMODE> <MACADDRESS_LIST>
regrdwr <TYPE> <OFFSET> [value]
memaccess <ADDR> [value]
rdeeprom <offset> <byteCount>
cfg_data <type> [*.conf]
sys_debug [subcmd] [parameter]
sys_cfg_80211d [state STATE] [country COUNTRY]
uap_stats

```

----- Details of Commands -----

----- version -----

```
"/uaputl.exe -v"
```

This command prints the uAP utility version information.

debug_level -----

```
"/uaputl.exe -d <debug_level>"
```

The supported debug_level are:

- 0 - no debug
- 1 - enable MSG_DEBUG
- 2 - enable all the debug

This command use to control the debug level of uaputl.exe.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe -d 2 sys_config
    Enable all the debug in uaputl.exe
```

sys_config -----

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_config [CONFIG_FILE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the current settings of the Micro AP.

The supported options are:

- CONFIG_FILE is file contain all the Micro AP settings.
- empty - Get current Micro AP settings

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_config
    Get current settings of the Micro AP.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_config config/uaputl.conf
    Load Micro AP's settings from uaputl.conf file and set.
```

bss_config

```
"/uaputl.exe bss_config [CONFIG_FILE]"
This command is used to set or get the current settings of the BSS.
```

The supported options are:
 CONFIG_FILE is file contain all the BSS settings.
 empty - Get current BSS settings

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe bss_config
    Get current settings of the BSS.

./uaputl.exe bss_config config/uaputl.conf
    Load BSS settings from uaputl.conf file and set.
```

sys_info

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_info"

This command returns system information such as firmware version number
and HW information.
```

sys_reset

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_reset"

This command is used to reset the Micro AP back to its initial state.
For example, this can be used to recover from a serious error, or before
creating a new BSS.
```

This command has the following effects:

1. The WLAN hardware MAC is reset.
2. All MIB variables are initialized to their respective default values.
3. The firmware internal variables are reset to their respective default values.
4. The firmware state machines are reset to their respective initial states.

bss_start

```
"/uaputl.exe bss_start"

This command starts the BSS.
There is no error for redundant bss_start command.
```

bss_stop

```
"/uaputl.exe bss_stop"

This command stops the BSS. The command causes the firmware to:
1. Deauthenticate all associated client stations.
2. Turn off the radio (hence stopping beaconing).
There is no error for redundant bss_stop command.
```

sta_list

```
"/uaputl.exe sta_list"

This command returns the list of client stations that are currently
associated with the AP.
```

The output is formatted as shown below, for each STA:

"STA <STA_NUM> information:

```
=====
MAC Address: <STA MAC address>
Power mfg status: active|power save
Rssi: <RSSI_VALUE>"
```

sta_deauth

```
"/uaputl.exe sta_deauth <STA_MAC_ADDRESS>"
```

This command is used to de-authenticate a client station for any reason.

sys_cfg_ap_mac_address

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ap_mac_address [AP_MAC_ADDRESS]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP MAC address.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP MAC address.

Otherwise, this MAC address becomes the BSSID of the infrastructure network created by the AP.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ap_mac_address 00:50:43:20:aa:bb
Set AP MAC address to 00:50:43:20:aa:bb
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ap_mac_address
Get AP MAC address"
```

sys_cfg_ssid

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ssid [SSID]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP SSID.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP SSID. While setting, the maximum length of the SSID can be 32 characters.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ssid microap
Set AP ssid to "microap"
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ssid
Get AP ssid
```

sys_cfg_beacon_period

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_beacon_period [BEACON_PERIOD]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP beacon period.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP beacon period.

Beacon period is represented in milliseconds.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_beacon_period 100
Set AP beacon period to 100 TU
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_beacon_period
Get AP beacon period
```

sys_cfg_dtim_period

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_dtim_period [DTIM_PERIOD]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP DTIM period.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP DTIM period.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_dtim_period 3
Set AP DTIM period to 3
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_dtim_period
Get AP DTIM period
```

sys_cfg_scan_channels

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_scan_channels [CHANNELS]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP's scan channel list.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the scan channel list.

Each channel must be separated by a space.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_scan_channels 1 11 6
Set AP scan channel list to 1 11 6
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_scan_channels 11 6
Set AP scan channel list to 11 6
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_scan_channels
Get AP scan channel list
```

sys_cfg_channel

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel [CHANNEL] [MODE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP radio channel.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP radio channel.

MODE: band config mode.

Bit 0: automatic channel selection (ACS) enable/disable

Bit 1: secondary channel is above primary channel enable/disable(only allow for channel 1-7)

Bit 2: secondary channel is below primary channel enable/disable(only allow for channel 5-11)

For 'a' band channel:

Bit 1: secondary channel is above primary channel enable/disable(only allow for channels 36-60, 100-112, 136, 149-161)

Bit 2: secondary channel is below primary channel enable/disable(only allow for channels 40-64, 104-116, 140, 153-165)

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 6
Set AP radio channel to 6, and no secondary channel.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 11 0
Set AP radio channel to 11 with Manual Channel Select.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 0 1
Set AP to ACS.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel
Get AP radio channel
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 6 2
Set AP primary radio channel to 6, and secondary channel is above.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 6 4
Set AP primary radio channel to 6, and secondary channel is below
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 0 3
Set AP to ACS mode, and secondary channel is above.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 0 5
Set AP to ACS mode, and secondary channel is below.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 36 2
Set AP primary radio channel to 36, and secondary channel is above.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_channel 40 4
Set AP primary radio channel to 40, and secondary channel is below.
```

sys_cfg_rates

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates [RATES]"
```

If 'Rate' provided, a 'set' is performed else a 'get' is performed

RATES is provided as a set of data rates, in unit of 500 kilobits

A rate with MSB bit is basic rate, i.e 0x82 is basic rate.

'set' will not allowed after bss start.

Valid rates: 2, 4, 11, 22, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, 108

Non-Basic rates: 0x02, 0x04, 0x0b, 0x16, 0x0C, 0x12, 0x18, 0x24, 0x30, 0x48, 0x60, 0x6c

Basic rates: 0x82, 0x84, 0x8b, 0x96, 0x8c, 0x92, 0x98, 0xA4, 0xB0, 0xC8, 0xE0, 0xEc

Each rate must be separated by a space.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates 0x82 0x84 0x96 0x0c 0x12 0x18
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates
```

sys_cfg_rates_ext

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates_ext [rates RATES] [mbrate RATE] [urate RATE]"
```

If 'Rate' provided, a 'set' is performed else a 'get' is performed.

RATES is provided as a set of data rates, in unit of 500 kilobits

A rate with MSB bit is basic rate, i.e 0x82 is basic rate.

If only operational rates is provided, MCBC rate and unicast rate will be set to auto.

Valid rates: 2, 4, 11, 22, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, 108

Non-Basic rates: 0x02, 0x04, 0x0b, 0x16, 0x0c, 0x12, 0x18, 0x24, 0x30, 0x48, 0x60, 0x6c

Basic rates: 0x82, 0x84, 0x8b, 0x96, 0x8c, 0x92, 0x98, 0xA4, 0xB0, 0xC8, 0xE0, 0xEc

Rates 2, 4, 11 and 22 (in units of 500 Kbps) must be present in either of basic or non-basic rates. If OFDM rates are enabled then 12, 24 and 48 (in units of 500 Kbps) must be present in either basic or non-basic rates.

Each rate must be separated by a space.

rates followed by RATES for setting operational rates.

mbrate followed by RATE for setting multicast and broadcast rate.

urate followed by RATE for setting unicast rate.

operational rates only allow to set before bss start.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates_ext rates 0x82 0x04 11 0x96 12 24 48 urate 0x2 mbrate 0x16
```

Set AP operation rates to 0x82,0x04,11,0x96,12,24,48, unicast rate to 2, multicast rate to 0x16

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rates_ext rates 0x82 0x04 11 0x96 12 24 48
```

Set AP operation rates to 0x82,0x04,11,0x96,12,24,48, unicast rate to auto, multicast rate to auto

sys_cfg_tx_power

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_power [TX_POWER]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP Tx power.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current AP Tx power.

Tx power level is represented in dBm.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_power 13
Set AP Tx power to 13 dBm
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_power
Get AP Tx power
```

sys_cfg_bcast_ssid_ctl

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_bcast_ssid_ctl [1|0]"
```

This command is used to set or get the SSID broadcast feature setting.

The supported options are:

- 0 - Disable SSID broadcast
- 1 - Enable SSID broadcast
- empty - Get current SSID broadcast setting

When broadcast SSID is enabled, the AP responds to probe requests from client stations that contain null SSID.

When broadcast SSID is disabled, the AP:

1. Does not respond to probe requests that contain null SSID.
2. Generates beacons that contain null SSID.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_bcast_ssid_ctl 1
    Enable SSID broadcast

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_bcast_ssid_ctl
    Get SSID broadcast setting
```

sys_cfg_preamble_ctl

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_preamble_ctl"
```

This command is used to get type of preamble.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_preamble_ctl
    Get AP preamble setting
```

sys_cfg_antenna_ctl

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_antenna_ctl <ANTENNA> [MODE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the antenna settings.

The supported options are:

```
ANTENNA : 0 - Rx antenna
          1 - Tx antenna
MODE    : 0      - Antenna A
          1      - Antenna B
          empty   - Get current antenna settings
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_antenna_ctl 0 1
    Set AP Rx antenna to Antenna B

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_antenna_ctl 1
    Get AP Tx antenna
```

sys_cfg_rts_threshold

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rts_threshold [RTS_THRESHOLD]"
```

This command is used to set or get the RTS threshold value.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current RTS threshold value.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rts_threshold 2347
    Set AP RTS threshold to 2347

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rts_threshold
    Get AP RTS threshold
```

sys_cfg_frag_threshold

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_frag_threshold [FRAG_THRESHOLD]"
```

This command is used to set or get the Fragmentation threshold value.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current Fragmentation threshold value.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_frag_threshold 2346
    Set AP Fragmentation threshold to 2346

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_frag_threshold
    Get AP Fragmentation threshold
```

sys_cfg_rsn_replay_prot

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rsn_replay_prot [1|0]"
```

This command is used to enable or disable RSN replay protection.

The supported options are:

- 0 - Disable RSN replay protection
- 1 - Enable RSN replay protection
- empty - Get current RSN replay protection setting

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rsn_replay_prot 1
    Enable RSN replay protection

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_rsn_replay_prot
    Get RSN replay protection setting
```

sys_cfg_radio_ctl

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_radio_ctl [0|1]"
```

This command is used to set or get the radio settings.

The supported options are:

- 0 - Turn radio on
- 1 - Turn radio off
- empty - Get current radio setting

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_radio_ctl 1
    Turn AP radio off

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_radio_ctl
    Get AP radio setting
```

sys_cfg_tx_data_rate

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_data_rate [TX_DATA_RATE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the Tx data rate settings.

The supported options are:

- 0 - Auto rate
- >0 - Set specified data rate
- empty - Get current data rate

Tx data rate is represented in units of 500 kbps. While setting Tx data rates, only zero or rates currently configured are allowed.

Following is the list of supported rates in units of 500 Kbps:

2, 4, 11, 22, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, 108
0x02, 0x04, 0x0b, 0x16, 0x0C, 0x12, 0x18, 0x24, 0x30, 0x48, 0x60, 0x6c

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_data_rate 22
    Set AP Tx data rate to 11 M

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_data_rate 0x16
    Set AP Tx data rate to 11 M

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_tx_data_rate
    Get AP Tx data rate
```

sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate [MCBC_DATA_RATE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the MCBC data rate to use for multicast or broadcast packet transmission.

The supported options are:

- 0 - Auto rate
- >0 - Set specified MCBC data rate
- empty - Get current MCBC data rate

MCBC data rate is represented in units of 500 kbps. While setting MCBC data rates, only zero or one of rates currently configured as basic rates are allowed.

For example: If current basic rates is "0x82 0x84 0x8b 0x96", then the allowed

values for MCBC data rate will be "0x2 0x4 0xb 0x16".

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate 22
    Set AP MCBC data rate to 11 M

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate 0
    Set AP MCBC data rate to auto

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_mcbc_data_rate
    Get AP MCBC data rate
```

sys_cfg_pkt_fwd_ctl

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pkt_fwd_ctl [0|1]"
```

This command is used to set or get the packet forwarding control settings.

The supported options are:

```
0      - Forward all packets to the host
1      - Firmware handles intra-BSS packets
empty  - Get current packet forwarding setting
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pkt_fwd_ctl 1
    Set AP packet forwarding control to firmware handles intra-BSS packets mode

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pkt_fwd_ctl
    Get AP packet forwarding control
```

sys_cfg_sta_ageout_timer

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_sta_ageout_timer [STA_AGEOUT_TIMER]"
```

This command is used to set or get the STA ageout value.

Value of 0 will mean that stations will never be aged out.

Minimum value for this is 300. Maximum allowed setting should be 864000.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current STA ageout value.

Ageout timer value is represented in units of 100 ms.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_sta_ageout_timer 1800
    Set AP STA ageout time to 180000 ms

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_sta_ageout_timer
    Get AP STA ageout time
```

sys_cfg_ps_sta_ageout_timer

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ps_sta_ageout_timer [PS_STA_AGEOUT_TIMER]"
```

This command is used to set or get the PS STA ageout value.

Value of 0 will mean that stations will never be aged out.

Minimum value for this is 300. Maximum allowed setting should be 864000.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current PS STA ageout value.

Ageout timer value is represented in units of 100 ms.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ps_sta_ageout_timer 1800
    Set AP PS STA ageout time to 180000 ms

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_ps_sta_ageout_timer
    Get AP PS STA ageout time
```

sys_cfg_auth

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_auth [AUTHMODE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP authentication mode.

The supported options are:

AUTHMODE : 0 - Open authentication
 1 - Shared key authentication
empty - Get current authentication mode

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_auth 0
Set AP authentication mode to Open.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_auth
Get AP authentication mode.
```

sys_cfg_protocol

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_protocol [PROTOCOL]"
```

This command is used to set or get the encryption protocol.

The supported options are:

PROTOCOL:

1	No RSN
2	WEP Static
8	WPA
32	WPA2
40	WPA, WPA2 Mixed Mode

empty - Get current encryption protocol

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_protocol 2
Set AP encryption protocol to static WEP.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_protocol
Get AP encryption protocol.
```

sys_cfg_wep_key

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wep_key [INDEX ISDEFAULT Key_0]
[INDEX ISDEFAULT Key_1]
[INDEX ISDEFAULT Key_2]
[INDEX ISDEFAULT Key_3]
[INDEX]"
```

This command is used to set or get the WEP key settings.

The supported options are:

INDEX: 0 - KeyIndex is 0
 1 - KeyIndex is 1
 2 - KeyIndex is 2
 3 - KeyIndex is 3
ISDEFAULT: 0: KeyIndex is not the default
 1: KeyIndex is the default transmit key

KEY_* : Key value.
empty - Get current WEP key settings for all the keys
INDEX - Only INDEX will get the key setting for the particular
KeyIndex.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wep_key 0 1 55555
Set AP's default transmit key to "55555", key index is 0.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wep_key
Get AP all the WEP keys settings.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wep_key 1
Get WEP key setting for the KeyIndex = 1.
```

sys_cfg_cipher

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_cipher [PAIRWISE_CIPHER GROUP_CIPHER]"
```

This command is used to set or get the key types for the pairwise and group key.

The supported options are:

```
PAIRWISE_CIPHER:
    0          None
    4          TKIP
    8          AES CCMP
    12         AES CCMP + TKIP

GROUP_CIPHER:
    0          None
    4          TKIP
    8          AES CCMP

empty - Get current key types
```

Valid combinations of [PAIRWISE_CIPHER GROUP_CIPHER] are:
[0 0], [4 4], [8 8], [12 4].

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_cipher 4 4
    Set AP's pairwise and group key's type to TKIP.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_cipher
    Get AP's key types for the pairwise and group key.
```

sys_cfg_pwk_cipher

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pwk_cipher [<PROTOCOL>] [PAIRWISE_CIPHER]"
```

This command is used to set or get protocol and corresponding pairwise cipher settings.

The supported options are:

```
PROTOCOL:
    0          None
    8          WPA
    32         WPA2

PAIRWISE_CIPHER:
    0          None
    4          TKIP
    8          AES CCMP
    12         AES CCMP + TKIP
```

WPA/TKIP cipher cannot be used when uAP operates in 802.11n mode.
If only PROTOCOL is provided, pairwise cipher for that protocol is displayed.
empty - Get protocol and corresponding pairwise cipher settings.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pwk_cipher 8 4
    Set AP's pairwise cipher to TKIP for WPA protocol.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pwk_cipher 32
    Get AP's pairwise cipher for WPA2 protocol.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_pwk_cipher
    Get AP's protocol and corresponding pairwise cipher settings.
```

sys_cfg_gwk_cipher

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_gwk_cipher [GROUP_CIPHER]"
```

This command is used to set or get group cipher.

The supported options are:

```
GROUP_CIPHER:
    0          None
    4          TKIP
    8          AES CCMP

empty - Get group cipher settings.
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_gwk_cipher 8
    Set AP's group cipher to AES CCMP.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_gwk_cipher
    Get AP's group cipher settings.
```

sys_cfg_group_rekey_timer

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_group_rekey_timer [GROUP_REKEY_TIMER]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP group re-key time interval, in seconds.

The supported options are:

GROUP_REKEY_TIMER is represented in seconds. This is only applicable if the protocol is WPA or WPA2.

empty - Get current group rekey timer

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_group_rekey_timer 1800
Set AP's group re-key time interval to 1800 s
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_group_rekey_timer
Get AP's group re-key time interval.
```

sys_cfg_wpa_passphrase

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wpa_passphrase [PASSPHRASE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the WPA or WPA2 passphrase.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current WPA or WPA2 passphrase.

While setting, the maximum length of the passphrase can be 64 characters.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wpa_passphrase 1234567890
Set AP's WPA or WPA2 passphrase to "1234567890"
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wpa_passphrase
Get AP's WPA or WPA2 passphrase.
```

sys_cfg_max_sta_num

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_max_sta_num [STA_NUM]"
```

This command is used to set or get the maximum number of stations allowed to connect to uAP.

The maximum STA_NUM allowed is 10.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the maximum number of stations allowed to connect to uAP.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_max_sta_num 2
Set AP's maximum station number to 2
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_max_sta_num
Get AP's maximum station number
```

sys_cfg_retry_limit

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_retry_limit [RETRY_LIMIT]"
```

This command is used to set or get the retry limit to use for packet transmissions.

The maximum retry_limit allowed is 14.

If no arguments are given, this command returns the current retry limit value.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_retry_limit 2
Set AP's retry limit value to 2
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_retry_limit
Get AP's retry limit value
```

sys_cfg_eapol_pwk_hsk

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_pwk_hsk [<TIMEOUT> <RETRIES>]"
```

GPL_README-UAP.txt

This command is used to set or get pairwise handshake update timeout and number of retries.

Both TIMEOUT and number of RETRIES should be provided for a 'set'.

If no arguments are given, this command returns timeout value and number of retries for pairwise key.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_pwk_hsk 50 2
Set AP's pairwise key timeout to 50ms and number of retries to 2.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_pwk_hsk
Get AP's pairwise key timeout and number of retries.
```

sys_cfg_eapol_gwk_hsk

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_gwk_hsk [<TIMEOUT> <RETRIES>]"
```

This command is used to set or get groupwise handshake update timeout and number of retries.

Both TIMEOUT and number of RETRIES should be provided for a 'set'.

If no arguments are given, this command returns timeout value and number of retries for groupwise key.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_gwk_hsk 50 2
Set AP's groupwise key timeout to 50ms and number of retries to 2.
```

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_eapol_gwk_hsk
Get AP's groupwise key timeout and number of retries.
```

sta_filter_table

```
"/uaputl.exe sta_filter_table <FILTERMODE> [<MACADDRESS_LIST>]"
```

This command is used to get or set the client station MAC address filter table.

The supported options are:

FILTERMODE : 0 - Disable filter table
 1 - Allow mac address specified in the allowed list
 2 - Block MAC addresses specified in the banned list

MACADDRESS_LIST is the list of MAC addresses to be acted upon. Each MAC address must be separated with a space. Maximum of 16 MAC addresses are supported.

empty - Get current client station MAC address filter table.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sta_filter_table 0
Disable filter table

./uaputl.exe sta_filter_table 1 00:50:43:20:aa:bb
Set AP's filter mode to allow, only MAC address "00:50:43:ab:bb" will be allowed.

./uaputl.exe sta_filter_table
Get AP's filter table settings.
```

regrdwr

```
"/uaputl.exe regrdwr <TYPE> <OFFSET> [value]"
```

These commands are used to read the MAC, BBP, RF and PMIC registers from the card.

TYPE can take 3 values, 1 - read/write MAC register
 2 - read/write BBP register
 3 - read/write RF register

OFFSET specifies the offset location that is to be read.

This parameter can be specified either in decimal or in hexadecimal (by preceding the number with a "0x").

value if specified, then that value will be written to that offset in the specified register. Value should be specified in hexadecimal.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe regrdwr 1 0xa123
    read MAC register 0xa123

./uaputl.exe regrdwr 1 0xa123 0xaa
    write 0xaa to MAC register 0xa123

./uaputl.exe regrdwr 2 0x0123
    read BBP register 0x0123

./uaputl.exe regrdwr 2 0x0123 0xaa
    write 0xaa to BBP register 0x0123

./uaputl.exe regrdwr 3 0x0123
    read RF register 0x0123

./uaputl.exe regrdwr 3 0x0123 0xaa
    write 0xaa to RF register 0x0123
```

memaccess

```
"/uaputl.exe memaccess <ADDR> [value]"
This command is used to read/write to a memory address
```

ADDR specifies the address of the location that is to be read/write

This parameter can be specified either in decimal or in hexadecimal (by preceding the number with a "0x").

value if specified, then that value will be written to that address in the specified register.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe memaccess 0xc00153e4
    read contents of memory location 0xc00153e4

./uaputl.exe memaccess 0xc00153e4 0xaabbccdd
    write value 0xaabbccdd to memory location 0xc00153e4
```

rdeeprom

```
"/uaputl.exe rdeeprom <offset> <bytecount>"
```

This command is used to read bytes from offset location on EEPROM

offset: 0,4,8,..., multiple of 4
bytecount: 4-20, multiple of 4

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe rdeeprom 200 12
    read 12 bytes from offset 200 ON EEPROM
```

cfg_data

```
"/uaputl.exe cfg_data <type> [*conf]"
```

This command is used to set/get the configuration data to/from the firmware.

type: 2 -- cal data

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe cfg_data 2 cal_data.conf
    read cal_data from cal_data.conf and download to firmware.
./uaputl.exe cfg_data 2
    read cal_data from firmware
```

sys_cfg_80211d

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_80211d [state STATE] [country COUNTRY]"
```

This command is used to set/get 802.11D specific parameters.

If no parameters are provided, this command returns state, country and

domain information.

Allowed values for state are 0 for disable and 1 for enable.
COUNTRY is a two letter string input (derived from ISO 3166 code;
http://www.iso.org/iso/country_codes/iso_3166_code_lists/english_country_names_and_code_elements.htm
)

Countries are mapped with specific domain in file "80211d_domain.conf". In order to set customize band setting, user can modify 80211d_domain.conf file.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_80211d state 0
    To-disable

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_80211d state 1
    To-enable

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_80211d country IN
    for using country as INDIA

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_80211d state 1 country US
    for enabling and setting country in single command.
```

uap_stats

```
"/uaputl.exe uap_stats"
This command is used to get uAP statistics.
```

Example:-

```
./uaputl.exe uap_stats
```

sys_debug

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_debug [subcmd] [parameter]
This command is used to set/get debug parameters.
If no [parameter] are given, this command returns the debug parameters for selected subcmd.
```

```
subcmd : 1 -- used to set/get global debug mode
         2 -- used to set/get MajorId mask
         3 -- used to set user scan
         N -- Any other value is used for FW specific debugging and should
            not be used.
```

```
parameter: parameters for specific subcmd.
            This parameter can be specified either in decimal or
            in hexadecimal (by preceding the number with a "0x").
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_debug 1 1
    Enable global debug mode.

./uaputl.exe sys_debug 1 0
    Disable global debug mode

./uaputl.exe sys_debug 1
    Get current global debug mode

./uaputl.exe sys_debug 2
    Get current MajorId mask

./uaputl.exe sys_debug 2 0x123
    Set current MajorId mask to 0x123

./uaputl.exe sys_debug 3
    Set channel scan. The command displays Channels scanned, number of APs,
    CCA count, duration and weight of the channel.
```

powermode

```
"/uaputl.exe powermode [MODE] [SLEEP_PARAM=1 CTRL MIN_SLEEP MAX_SLEEP]
    [INACT_PARAM=2 INACTTO MIN_AWAKE MAX_AWAKE]"
```

This command is used to set or get the AP's power mode, sleep param and inactivity sleep param.

The supported options are:

MODE : 0 - disable power mode
 1 - enable periodic DTIM power save mode
 2 - enable inactivity based power save mode

SLEEP_PARAM:

CTRL: 0 - disable protection frame Tx before PS
 1 - enable protection frame Tx before PS
 MIN_SLEEP: Minimum sleep duration in microseconds, default value 10000 us
 MAX_SLEEP: Maximum sleep duration in microseconds, default value 10000 us
 The value of MIN_SLEEP should be ≥ 5000 us.
 The value of MAX_SLEEP should be ≤ 32000 us(when ctrl: 0).

INACT_PARAM:

INACTTO: Inactivity timeout in microseconds, default value is 500000 us
 MIN_AWAKE: Minimum awake duration in microseconds, default value is 20000 us
 MAX_AWAKE: Maximum awake duration in microseconds, default value is 20000 us
 The value of MIN_AWAKE should be ≥ 10 us.

empty - Get current power mode

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe powermode 0
    Disable AP's power mode.

./uaputl.exe powermode 1
    Enable periodic DTIM power save mode.

./uaputl.exe powermode 2
    Enable inactivity based power save mode.

./uaputl.exe powermode 1 1 1 20000 20000
    Enable periodic DTIM power save mode, and set sleep param, enable protection,
    and set minimum sleep during to 20000 us, maximum sleep duration to 20000 us

./uaputl.exe powermode 2 2 400000 10000 10000
    Enable inactivity based power save mode and set inactivity sleep param with
    inactivity timeout 400000 us, minimum awake duration to 10000us , maximum awake duration
to 10000 us

./uaputl.exe powermode 1 2 400000 10000 10000
    Enable periodic DTIM power save mode, and set inactivity sleep param
    with inactivity timeout 400000 us, minimum awake duration to 10000us ,
    maximum awake duration to 10000 us

./uaputl.exe powermode 2 1 1 20000 20000
    Enable inactivity based power save mode and set sleep param, enable
    protection, and set minimum sleep during to 20000 us,maximum sleep
    duration to 20000 us

./uaputl.exe powermode
    Get current AP's power mode.
```

Note: Before changing power save mode from 1 to 2 or vice-versa, power save should be disabled using "powermode 0" command.

hscfg

```
./uaputl.exe hscfg [condition [[GPIO# [gap]]]]
    This command is used to configure the host sleep parameters.
```

This command takes one (condition), two (condition and GPIO#) or three (condition, GPIO# and gap) parameters for set. If no paramter provided, get is performed.

where Condition is:

bit 0 = 1 -- broadcast data
 bit 1 = 1 -- unicast data
 bit 2 = 1 -- mac event
 bit 3 = 1 -- multicast packet

The host sleep mode will be cancelled if condition is set to 0xffff.
 The default is 0xf.

where GPIO is the pin number of GPIO used to wakeup the host. It could be any valid GPIO pin# (e.g. 0-7) or 0xff (interface, e.g. SDIO will be used

instead). The default is 0xff.

where Gap is the gap in milliseconds between wakeup signal and wakeup event or 0xff for special setting. The default is 0.

Examples:

```
./uaputl.exe hscfg          : Get current host sleep mode
./uaputl.exe hscfg 0xffff   : Cancel host sleep mode
./uaputl.exe hscfg 3        : Broadcast and unicast data
                             Use GPIO and gap set previously
./uaputl.exe hscfg 2 3      : Unicast data
                             Use GPIO 3 and gap set previously
./uaputl.exe hscfg 2 1 0xa0 : Unicast data
                             Use GPIO 1 and gap 160 ms
./uaputl.exe hscfg 2 0xff   : Unicast data
                             Use interface (e.g. SDIO)
                             Use gap set previously
./uaputl.exe hscfg 4 3 0xff : MAC event
                             Use GPIO 3
                             Special host sleep mode
./uaputl.exe hscfg 1 0xff 0xff : Broadcast data
                             Use interface (e.g. SDIO)
                             Special host sleep mode
```

sta_deauth_ext

```
"/uaputl.exe sta_deauth_ext <STA_MAC_ADDRESS><REASON_CODE>"
```

This command is used to de-authenticate a client station with specific reason code.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sta_deauth_ext 00:50:43:20:34:58 4
deauth station 00:50:43:20:34:58 with IEEE reason code 4 (Disassociated due to inactivity)
```

sys_cfg_custom_ie

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie [INDEX] [MASK] [IEBuffer]"
```

This command is used to set or get custom IEs for management frames.

The supported options are:

```
INDEX:      0 - IE Index is 0
             1 - IE Index is 1
             2 - IE Index is 2
             3 - IE Index is 3
            -1 - Append/Delete IE automatically
                Delete will delete the IE from the matching IE buffer
                Append will append the IE to the buffer with the same mask
MASK :      Management subtype mask value as per bit definitions
             : Bit 0 - Association request.
             : Bit 1 - Association response.
             : Bit 2 - Reassociation request.
             : Bit 3 - Reassociation response.
             : Bit 4 - Probe request.
             : Bit 5 - Probe response.
             : Bit 8 - Beacon.
MASK :      MASK = 0 to clear the mask and the IE buffer
IEBuffer:   IE buffer to set in hexadecimal bytes.
             The Buffer should not be space separated.
             ( Maximum length = 256 bytes )
empty - Get IE buffer, subtype mask settings for all the indices [0-3].
INDEX - Only INDEX will get the IE buffer configured for the particular
Index.
```

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie
Get IE buffer, subtype mask settings for all indices [0-3].

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie 1
Get IE buffer and subtype mask WEP key setting for the Index = 1.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie 2 0
Clear IE buffer and mask value for Index = 2.
```

GPL_README-UAP.txt

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie 3 0x101 0xdd051234567890
    Set IE buffer and mask value for Index = 3.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie -1 0x101 0xdd051234567890
    Append the specified IEBuffer at index with mask value of 0x101

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie -1 0 0xdd051234567890
    Delete the specified IEBuffer from all the IEs at 0-3 index.

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_custom_ie 2 0 0xdd051234567890
    Delete the specified IEBuffer from the IEs at index 2.
```

sys_cfg_wmm

```
-----
"./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm [qosinfo=<qos_info>]
    [AC_BE AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]
    [AC_BK AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]
    [AC_VI AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]
    [AC_VO AIFSN ECW_MAX ECW_MIN TX_OP]"
```

This command can be used set/get WMM parameters

The supported option are:

qos_info: qos information. User can set only MSB. Valid values are 0x80 and 0x00.
AC_BE: 0
AC_BK: 1
AC_VI: 2
AC_VO: 3
AIFSN: AIFSN value
ECW_MAX: ECW max
ECW_MIN: ECW min
TX_OP: TXOP Limit
empty - Get current WMM parameters
When all the parameter are 0, wmm will be disabled.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 0 3 10 4 0
    Set AC_BE with AIFSN 3, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 1 7 10 4 0
    Set AC_BK with AIFSN 7, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 2 2 4 3 94
    Set AC_VI with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 4, ECW_MIN 3 and TXOP 94

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 3 2 3 2 47
    Set AC_VO with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 3, ECW_MIN 2 and TXOP 47

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm
    Get current wmm parameters

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 0 3 10 4 0 1 7 10 4 0 2 2 4 3 94 3 2 3 2 47
    Set AC_BE with AIFSN 3, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0
    Set AC_BK with AIFSN 7, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0
    Set AC_VI with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 4, ECW_MIN 3 and TXOP 94
    Set AC_VO with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 3, ECW_MIN 2 and TXOP 47

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm qosinfo=0x80 0 3 10 4 0 1 7 10 4 0 2 2 4 3 94 3 2 3 2 47
    Enable wmm PS mode.
    Set AC_BE with AIFSN 3, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0
    Set AC_BK with AIFSN 7, ECW_MAX 10, ECW_MIN 4 and TXOP 0
    Set AC_VI with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 4, ECW_MIN 3 and TXOP 94
    Set AC_VO with AIFSN 2, ECW_MAX 3, ECW_MIN 2 and TXOP 47

./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_wmm 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    Disable wmm
```

addbapara

```
-----
"./uaputl.exe addbapara [timeout txwinsize rxwinsize]"
    This command can be used to update the default ADDBA parameters.
```

The supported options are:

timeout - This is the block ack timeout for ADDBA request.
0 : Disable (recommended for throughput test)

GPL_README-UAP.txt

1 - 65535 : Block Ack Timeout in TU
txwinsize - Buffer size for ADDBA request. (64 is recommended and default value)
rxwinsize - Buffer size for ADDBA response. (8 is recommended for uap)
empty - Get current ADDBA parameters.

Current window size limit for Tx as well as Rx is 1023.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe addbapara  
Get the current addba params  
./uaputl.exe addbaparam 1000 64 8  
This will change the ADDBA timeout to (1000 * 1024) us, txwinsize to 64 and rxwinsize to 5.
```

In case the ADDBA timeout value is updated then a ADDBA is sent for all streams to update the timeout value.

In case txwinsize and/or rxwinsize is updated, the effect could only be seen on next ADDBA request/response. The current streams will not be affected with this change.

sys_cfg_11n

```
"/uaputl.exe sys_cfg_11n [ENABLE] [HTCAP] [AMPDU]"  
This command can be used set/get 802.11n parameters.
```

The supported option are:

ENABLE: 0 - disable 802.11n in uap
1 - enable 802.11n in uap
HTCAP: HT Capabilities info (default value is 0x117e)
Bit 15-13: Reserved set to 0
Bit 12: DSS/CCK mode in 40MHz enable/disable
Bit 11-10: Reserved set to 0
Bit 9-8: Reserved set to 0x01
Bit 7: Reserved set to 0
Bit 6: Short GI in 40 Mhz enable/disable
Bit 5: Short GI in 20 Mhz enable/disable
Bit 4: Green field enable/disable
Bit 3-2: Reserved set to 1
Bit 1: 20/40 Mhz enable disable.
Bit 0: Reserved set to 0
AMPDU: A-MPDU Parameter (default value is 0x03)
Bit 7-5: Reserved set to 0
Bit 4-2: Minimum MPDU Start spacing
Set to 0 for no restriction
Set to 1 for 1/4 us
Set to 2 for 1/2 us
Set to 3 for 1 us
Set to 4 for 2 us
Set to 5 for 4 us
Set to 6 for 8 us
Set to 7 for 16 us
Bit 1-0: Max A-MPDU length
empty - Get current 802.11n parameters.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_11n 1 0x117e 3  
enable 802.11n, and set HT Capabilities info to 0x117e, and A-MPDU Parameter to 0x03  
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_11n 0  
disable 802.11n in uap  
./uaputl.exe sys_cfg_11n  
Get current 802.11n parameters
```

aggrpriotbl

```
"/uaputl.exe aggrpriotbl <m0> <n0> <m1> <n1> ... <m7> <n7>"  
This command is used set/get the priority table for AMPDU/AMSDU traffic per tid.  
This command can also be used to disable AMPDU/AMSDU for a given tid.  
In case of AMPDU this priority table will be used to setup block ack (to make  
sure the highest priority tid always uses AMPDU as we have limited AMPDU streams)
```

The supported option are:

<m0> <n0> <m1> <n1> ... <m7> <n7>

<mx> - This is priority for Tid0 for AMPDU packet. A priority could be any values between 0 - 7, 0xff to disable aggregation.

<nx> - This is priority for Tid0 for AMSDU packet. A priority could be any values between 0 - 7, 0xff to disable aggregation.

empty - Get current priority table for AMPDU/AMSDU traffic.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe aggrpriotbl
```

This command will get the current Priority table for AMPDU and AMSDU.

<2 2 0 0 1 1 3 3 4 4 5 5 255 255 255 255>. This is read as

<"Prio for AMPDU for Tid0" "Prio for AMSDU for Tid0"

"Prio for AMPDU for Tid1" "Prio for AMSDU for Tid1" and so on

```
./uaputl.exe aggrpriotbl 2 2 0 0 1 1 3 3 4 4 5 5 255 255 255
```

This will set the priority table for AMPDU and AMSDU

Priority for Tid0/AMPDU = 2, Tid0/AMSDU = 2, Tid1/AMPDU = 0, Tid1/AMSDU = 0

and so on. Aggregation for Tid6 and Tid7 are disabled.

Here higher the priority number, higher the priority (i.e. 7

has higher priority than 6). Similarly for AMSDU.

```
./uaputl.exe aggrpriotbl 0xff 2 0xff 0 0xff 1 0xff 3 0xff 4 0xff 5 0xff 0xff 0xff 0xff
```

This will disable AMPDU for all the TIDs but will still keep AMSDU enabled to Tid0 to Tid5

A delBA should be seen in case a disable happens on a TID for which AMPDU stream is currently setup.

Note:- This command should only be issue in BSS_STOP state.

addbareject

```
"/uaputl.exe addbareject <m0> <m1> ... <m7>"
```

This command is used set/get the addbareject table for all the TIDs.

This command can also be used to enable rejection of ADDBA requests for a given tid.

The supported option are:

<m0> <m1> ... <m7>

<mX> - This can be 0/1 for TidX. 1 enables rejection of ADDBA request for TidX and

0 would accept any ADDBAs for TidX.

empty - Get current addbareject table for all the TIDs.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe addbareject
```

This command will get the current table.

[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]. ADDBA would be accepted for all TIDs. This is the default state.

```
./uaputl.exe addbareject 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0
```

This command will accept ADDBA requests for Tid [0,1,4,5,6,7] and reject ADDBA requests for Tid [2,3]

```
./uaputl.exe addbareject 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

This will enable rejection of ADDBA requests for all Tids.

Note:- This command should only be issue in BSS_STOP state.

deepsleep

```
"/uaputl.exe deepsleep [MODE] [IDLE_TIME]"
```

This command is used to set/get auto deep sleep mode.

The supported option are:

[MODE]: Enable/disable auto deep sleep mode (1/0)

[IDLE_TIME]: Idle time in milliseconds after which firmware will put the device in deep sleep mode. Default value is 100 ms.

empty - Get current deep sleep mode.

Example:

```
./uaputl.exe deepsleep : Display auto deep sleep mode
```

```
./uaputl.exe deepsleep 1 : Enable auto deep sleep mode, idle time unchanged
```

```
./uaputl.exe deepsleep 0 : Disable auto deep sleep mode
```

```
./uaputl.exe deepsleep 1 500 : Enable auto deep sleep mode with idle time 500 ms
```

U S E R M A N U A L F O R M L A N E V E N T

NAME

mlanevent.exe

This tool can be used to listen for and obtain events from the uAP driver through the netlink layer.

Supported events

STA_DEAUTH
STA_ASSOC
BSS_START
BSS_IDLE
BSS_ACTIVE

Details of events

STA_DEAUTH

For this event, the following information is shown:
+ Deauthenticated STA MAC address.
+ Reason for deauthentication.

STA_ASSOC

For this event, the following information is shown:
+ STA MAC address.

BSS_START

For this event, the following information is shown:
+ AP MAC address.

BSS_IDLE

For this event, there is no associated information.

BSS_ACTIVE

For this event, there is no associated information.

U S E R M A N U A L F O R I W P R I V

NAME

This manual describes the usage of private commands used in Marvell MLAN Linux UAP Driver.

To use parameters as hex format, a '0x' must precede it for the parameters to be parsed properly.

SYNOPSIS

iwpriv <uapX> <command> [sub-command] ...

```
iwpriv uapX start
iwpriv uapX stop
iwpriv uapX bssstart
iwpriv uapX bssstop
iwpriv uapX fwreload <path>
iwpriv uapX apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP,[SEC,][KEY,]
[CHANNEL,][PREAMBLE,][MAX_SCB,][END]"
```

DESCRIPTION

Those commands are used to send additional commands to the Marvell MLAN card via the Linux device driver.

The uapX parameter specifies the network device that is to be used to perform this command on. It could be uap0, uap1 etc.

start

Start the uAP driver.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX start
```

stop

Stop the uAP driver.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX stop
```

bssstart

Start the AP mode, so that uAP will start transmitting beacon.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX bssstart
```

bssstop

Stop the AP mode and disconnect all stations. uAP will stop transmitting beacon as well.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX bssstop
```

fwreload

Reload the firmware. Here string "FW_PATH=" in the path argument is mandatory part.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX fwreload <path>
```

apcfg

This command is used to set the AP configurations. Here string "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG" is minimum requirement in the ASCII string. Note: BSS will be stopped then restarted if BSS is already started when the command is received.

Usage:

```
iwpriv uapX apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP,[SEC=sec,]
                  [KEY=key,][CHANNEL=channel,][MAX_SCB=max_scb,][END]"
```

Where the parameters are:

```
SSID:      Set SSID to be used in beacon and probe response
[SEC]:     Security modes - open or wpa2-psk
[KEY]:     Encrypted key for WPA2-PSK, minimum 8 chars
[CHANNEL]: Channel to be selected
[MAX_SCB]: Maximum STA number
[END]:     Optional termination in ASCII string
```

Examples:

```
iwpriv uap0 apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP"
                  : Set AP SSID to "TEST_uAP"
iwpriv uap0 apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP,SEC=open"
                  : Set AP SSID to "TEST_uAP" and
                    security mode is disabled
iwpriv uap0 apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP,SEC=WPA2-PSK,KEY=ecbe5facdbfe234a"
                  : Set AP SSID to "TEST_uAP" and security mode
                    to WPA2-SPK and encrypted key ecbe5facdbfe234a
iwpriv uap0 apcfg "ASCII_CMD=AP_CFG,SSID=TEST_uAP,CHANNEL=8"
                  : Set AP SSID to "TEST_uAP" and
                    set the AP channel to 8
```

=====