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# INTRODUCTION

Because not every I2C or SMBus adapter implements everything in the I2C specifications, a client can not trust that everything it needs is implemented when it is given the option to attach to an adapter: the client needs some way to check whether an adapter has the needed functionality.

# FUNCTIONALITY CONSTANTS

For the most up-to-date list of functionality constants, please check inux/i2c.h>!!

I2C FUNC I2C

I2C FUNC 10BIT ADDR

I2C FUNC PROTOCOL MANGLING

12C FUNC SMBUS QUICK I2C FUNC SMBUS READ BYTE 12C FUNC SMBUS WRITE BYTE

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_WRITE\_BITE
I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_READ\_BYTE\_DATA
I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_WRITE\_BYTE\_DATA
I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_READ\_WORD\_DATA
I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_WRITE\_WORD\_DATA

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_PROC\_CALL 12C FUNC SMBUS READ BLOCK DATA

I2C FUNC SMBUS READ\_I2C\_BLOCK

Plain i2c-level commands (Pure SMBus adapters typically can not do these) Handles the 10-bit address extensions Knows about the I2C\_M\_IGNORE\_NAK, I2C\_M\_REV\_DIR\_ADDR, I2C\_M\_NOSTART and

I2C\_M\_NO\_RD\_ACK flags (which modify the

I2C protocol!)

Handles the SMBus write quick command Handles the SMBus read byte command Handles the SMBus write byte command

Handles the SMBus read byte data command Handles the SMBus write\_byte\_data command

Handles the SMBus read\_word\_data command Handles the SMBus write\_byte\_data command Handles the SMBus process call command

Handles the SMBus read block data command I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_WRITE\_BLOCK\_DATA Handles the SMBus write\_block\_data command

Handles the SMBus read i2c block data command I2C FUNC SMBUS WRITE I2C BLOCK Handles the SMBus write\_i2c\_block\_data command

A few combinations of the above flags are also defined for your convenience:

I2C FUNC SMBUS BYTE

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_BYTE\_DATA

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_WORD\_DATA

I2C FUNC SMBUS BLOCK DATA

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_I2C\_BLOCK

I2C FUNC SMBUS EMUL

Handles the SMBus read byte and write byte commands Handles the SMBus read\_byte\_data and  $write\_byte\_data\ commands$ Handles the SMBus read word data and write word data commands Handles the SMBus read block data and write block data commands Handles the SMBus read i2c block data and write i2c block data commands Handles all SMBus commands than can be emulated by a real I2C adapter (using the transparent emulation layer)

#### ADAPTER IMPLEMENTATION

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When you write a new adapter driver, you will have to implement a function callback `functionality'. Typical implementations are given below.

A typical SMBus-only adapter would list all the SMBus transactions it supports. This example comes from the i2c-piix4 driver:

A typical full-I2C adapter would use the following (from the i2c-pxa driver):

```
static u32 i2c_pxa_functionality(struct i2c_adapter *adap)
{
    return I2C_FUNC_I2C | I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_EMUL;
}
```

I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_EMUL includes all the SMBus transactions (with the addition of I2C block transactions) which i2c-core can emulate using I2C\_FUNC\_I2C without any help from the adapter driver. The idea is to let the client drivers check for the support of SMBus functions without having to care whether the said functions are implemented in hardware by the adapter, or emulated in software by i2c-core on top of an I2C adapter.

### CLIENT CHECKING

Before a client tries to attach to an adapter, or even do tests to check whether one of the devices it supports is present on an adapter, it should check whether the needed functionality is present. The typical way to do this is (from the lm75 driver):

Here, the lm75 driver checks if the adapter can do both SMBus byte data and SMBus word data transactions. If not, then the driver won't work on this adapter and there's no point in going on. If the check above is successful, then the driver knows that it can call the following functions: i2c\_smbus\_read\_byte\_data(), i2c\_smbus\_write\_byte\_data(), i2c\_smbus\_read\_word\_data() and i2c\_smbus\_write\_word\_data(). As a rule of thumb, the functionality constants you test for with i2c\_check\_functionality() should match exactly the i2c\_smbus\_\* functions

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which you driver is calling.

Note that the check above doesn't tell whether the functionalities are implemented in hardware by the underlying adapter or emulated in software by i2c-core. Client drivers don't have to care about this, as i2c-core will transparently implement SMBus transactions on top of I2C adapters.

# CHECKING THROUGH /DEV

If you try to access an adapter from a userspace program, you will have to use the /dev interface. You will still have to check whether the functionality you need is supported, of course. This is done using

the I2C\_FUNCS ioctl. An example, adapted from the i2cdetect program, is below:

```
int file;
if (file = open("/dev/i2c-0", 0_RDWR) < 0) {
        /* Some kind of error handling */
        exit(1);
}
if (ioctl(file, I2C_FUNCS, &funcs) < 0) {
        /* Some kind of error handling */
        exit(1);
}
if (!(funcs & I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_QUICK)) {
        /* Oops, the needed functionality (SMBus write_quick function) is
        not available! */
        exit(1);
}
/* Now it is safe to use the SMBus write_quick command */</pre>
```