	January 2017		March 2017		April 2017		May 2017		June 2017
9	What is CS?	1	Problem Solving Walkthrough	3	Arduino Lab #2	8	String Practice	1	pygame intro
10	Introduction to CS	2	Practice with Problem Solving	4	Arduino Lab #2	9	Quiz On Strings Install Pygame	2	pygame intro
11	How Computer Made	3	Flowchart Quiz Installing Snap	5	Arduino Lab #2	10	Intro to Arrays	5	test
12	Binary System	6	Variables intro & flowchart->snap	6	Arduino Lab #2	11	Intro to Arrays	6	Final Project
13	Computer Memory	7	Practice Programs	7	test review	12	Intro to Arrays	7	Final Project
16	How code works	8	More Practice Programs	10	test (unit 1-4)	15	Arduino Lab #3	8	Final Project
17	Intro to Flowcharts	9	Comparison Operators	17	intro to python	16	Arduino Lab #3	9	Final Project
18	Practice Flowcharts	10	Logical Operators & Truth Tables	18	loops in python	17	Arduino Lab #3	12	Final Project
19	Structure Flowcharts	13	Introduction to If-Else	19	if, elif, else & methods	18	Arrays Quiz & Intro to Objects	13	Final Project
20	Practice Flowcharts	14	If vs if-else	20	drawing numbers practice	19	Intro to Objects	14	Final Project
		15	Practice Problems	21	star patterns	22	Hunt the Wumpus Example	15	Final Project
		16	Arduino Lab #1	24	star patterns	23	Hunt the Wumpus Example	16	Final Project
	February 2017	17	Arduino Lab #1	25	variable scoping	24	Arduino Lab #4	19	Final Project
27	Holiday Assignment	20	Arduino Lab #1	26	python methods quiz	25	Arduino Lab #4	20	Final Project
28	Intro to Problem Solving	21	Introduction to Loops	27	hangman walkthrough	26	Arduino Lab #4	21	Final Project
		22	Code Analysis (factoring)	28	hangman walkthrough	29	Objects Quiz & pygame intro		
		23	Code Analysis (prime number)			30	pygame intro		
		24	Code Analysis (all primes to n)			31	field trip		
		27	Loop practice						
		28	Loop practice						
		29	Loop practice						
		30	Loop practice						
		31	Loop Quiz						

Unit 1 Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6 Unit 7 Unit 8



Unit 1: Algorithms

Unit Summary

This unit is meant to introduce the foundational concepts that is fundamental for the rest of the units in this course. First, the students will understand what is a computer and how it works. The students will also have an understanding of what computer science is and the scope it covers. Finally, the students will be introduced to the concept of algorithms and how to create and represent them (flowcharts).

Prescribed Learning Outcomes	Topics Covered	Assessments
The Nature Of ICT	What is Computer Science?	Diagnostic
A8 A10 A11	How a computer works	 gallery walk on basic
	• What are algorithms?	terminology
Introduction to Programming	How to represent algorithms	
B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8	How to problem solve	Formative
		 in class problems
Programming Methodology		
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6		Summative
		 computer parts quiz
Programming Methodology		• flowchart quiz
D1 D2		 flowchart of life assignment

Vocabulary: computer, computer science, computer engineering, hardware, software, programming, circuit, binary number, decimal number, bit, byte, kilobyte, megabyte, gigabyte, terabyte, petabyte, cache, RAM, hard drive, register, CPU, assembly, compiler, interpretor, flowchart, input, output, process, decision, sequence, selection, loop

Distribution of PLOs

	A8	A10	A11	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	В8	C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6	D1	D2
1			Х						Х										
2		х	х						х										
3					х			х	х				х						
4			х	х															
5			х					х					Х						х
6				х	Х	х	х												
7												Х	Х			х			Х
8												х	х			х			х
9												х	Х			х			Х
10												х	х		х	х			
11															х	х			
12	х											х	х			х		х	х
13	х									х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
14	х									х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
15	х									х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х



Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
 identify the different fields of computer studies how the different fields are related 	 show how all fields are related in computer studies clarify what is CS and it's subfields give the focus of ICTP 	how computers are made from simple circuit to processor	 intro to binary converting to and from binary why computer uses binary system 	what is computer memoryhow computer uses memorythe memory pyramid
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
 identify, distinguish, and understand how the streams relate 	 understand the objectives of this course see the benefits of learning CS 	• see the process of how a computer is built	 understand why computer uses binary convert to and from binary 	 understand the memory pyramid understand how memory pyramid can affect computer speed
PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PL0s	PLOs
A11 B6	A10 A11 B6	B2 B5 B6 C2	A11 B1	A11 B5 C2 D2
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
 vocabulary computer, computer science, computer engineering, hardware, software, programming mind map for the above words 	venn diagram to show how the vocabulary words from previous lesson connect	• vocabulary ∘ circuit	• vocabulary ○ binary number, decimal number	• vocabulary o bit, byte, kilobyte, megabyte, gigabyte, terabyte, petabyte, cache, RAM, hard drive, register
Overview	Overview	Overview	Overview	Overview
 welcome the class vocabulary mind map and gallery walk ○ cycle groups of 5 	 review the mind maps from yesterday create venn diagram to relate the different terms go over subfields of CS 	 show a series of videos demonstrating the different stages 	 explain why computers use binary converting to binary converting from binary 	 explain the different sizes of memory explain the memory pyramid
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
• poster paper		• videos		



Day 6	Day 7	Day 8	Day 9	Day 10
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
How computer executes code	what is a flowchartthe basic shapes and structures in a flowchart	practice drawing and tracing flowcharts	structured flowchartsthe 3 basic structures	practice structured flowcharts
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
how computer understands codedifference between compiler and interpretor	draw and follow a flowchartunderstand the different shapes and structures	be more comfortable with flowcharts	 understand why flowcharts need to be structured recognize and structure unstructured flowcharts 	• create structured flowcharts
PLOs	PL0s	PL0s	PL0s	PLOs
B1 B2 B3 B4	C1 C2 C5 D2	C1 C2 C5 D2	C1 C2 C5 D2	C1 C2 C4 C5
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
 vocabulary CPU, assembly, compiler, interpretor 	 vocabulary flowchart, input, output, process, decision 		vocabularysequence, selection,loop	
Overview	Overview	0verview	Overview	Overview
 what the cpu does with the instructions what is the difference between compiler and interpretor 	 quiz on 1st 6 lessons go through several examples of flowcharts go through how to read flowcharts 	work period with practice problems	 go through examples of unstructured flowchart go through how to convert them to structured flowchart 	work period with practice problemsholiday assignment
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
•		•		



Day 11	Day 12	Day 13	Day 14	Day 15
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
 formative evaluation on holiday assignment students given time to finish holiday assignment 	 introduction to problem solving solving on paper before trying on computer 	go through the steps of problem solving	 practice problem solving with the problem solving process 	• install snap
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
 get a formative assessment on holiday homework complete holiday homework for tomorrow 	 visualize their solutions on paper before seeing computer run simulation 	understand and apply the steps of problem solving		 demonstrate understanding of flowcharts create solutions independently
PLOs	PL0s	PL0s	PL0s	PLOs
C4 C5	A8 C1 C2 C5 D1 D2	A8 B7 B8 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 D1 D2	A8 B7 B8 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 D1 D2	A8 B7 B8 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 D1 D2
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
	• vocabulary o algorithm			
Overview	Overview	Overview	Overview	Overview
 work period for students to finish holiday homework 	 students work in partners go through robo rally puzzles 	 go over the steps of problem solving go through some example problems with the steps applied 	work period for students to practice problem solving	flowchart quizinstalling the program snap
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
•		•		



Unit 2: Variables, Data Types, and Basic Operators

Unit Summary

This unit introduces the students to the concept of variables and data types. It also covers the mathematical operators, comparison operators, and logical operators.

Prescribed Learning Outcomes	Topics Covered	Assessments		
Programming Methodolgy C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	what are variablesthe different data types	Diagnostic • connect variable to math variables		
Programming Structures D1 D2 D3	 boolean, integer, float, string mathematical operators plus, minus, multiply, divide, modulus 	recognition of operatorsFormative		
Graphics and User Interfaces E4	comparison operators<, >, ==logical operators	• in class problems Summative		
	not, and, ortruth tables	• quiz • test		

Vocabulary: variable, data type, modulus, integer, float, string, boolean, less than, greater than, equal to, truth table, not, and, or

	Distribution of PLOs												
	C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6	C 7	C8	С9	D1	D2	D3	E4
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2-3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5												Х	
	-		-			-	-			-		-	



Day 1	Day 2-3	Day 4	Day 5		
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives		
 what are variables why use variables creating variables data types mathematical operators 	 practice creating simple programs with variables and math operators 	 introduction to comparison operators comparison operators always return a boolean data type students explore if-else block in snap 	 introduction to logical operators introduction to truth tables 		
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to		
 understand how variables are stored in memory understand the different data types 	 create simple programs using variables and mathematical operators in snap 	apply comparison operators to their programsdiscover how to use if else block in snap	create truth tablesunderstand the 3 basic logical operators		
PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PLOs		
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 E4	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 E4	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 E4	D3		
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components		
		3 3 .			
 vocabulary variable, data type, modulus, integer, float, string, boolean 		• less than, greater than, equal to	• truth table, not, and, or		
 vocabulary variable, data type, modulus, integer, float, 	Overview	• less than, greater than, equal			
 vocabulary variable, data type, modulus, integer, float, string, boolean 		• less than, greater than, equal to Overview	• truth table, not, and, or		
 vocabulary variable, data type, modulus, integer, float, string, boolean Overview explain what a variable is and how it works in memory explain why we need variables explain the different data types always stored as binary go through math operators 	Overview • students practice making simple programs with flowcharts and	• less than, greater than, equal to Overview • introduce comparison operators • give some examples • students practice creating new	• truth table, not, and, or Overview • go through the truth tables of the basic logical operators • give examples of connecting operators • students practice with truth		



Unit 3: If Statements

Unit Summary

This unit introduces the students on how to make the program do different things based on certain conditions. The students will learn if and if-else structures. They will also know how to nest the structures.

Prescribed Learning Outcomes	Topics Covered	Assessments
Nature of ICT A3 A4 A6	if-else statementif statementcreating programs with if and if-else statements	Diagnostic • recognize the if-else block in snap
Programming Methodolgy C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	• nested if and if-else statements	Formativein class problems
Programming Structures D1 D2 D3 D7		Summative • quiz
Graphics and User Interfaces E4		Arduino Labtest

Vocabulary: if-else, if, ground, power, positive, negative, resistor, LED, breadboard, bus, circuit, short-circuit

	Distribution of PLOs																
	А3	A4	A6	C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6	C 7	C8	C9	D1	D2	D3	D7	E4
1				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х



Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4-6
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
formal introduction to if-else statementnesting of if-else statements	introduce if statementdemonstrate difference between if and if-else	Practice problems with if and if-else statements	 introduce students to circuits and arduino writing simple program to control circuits
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
 understand the if-else statement nest if-else statements able to create programs with if-else statements 	understand the difference between if and if-elseknow when to use which	create programs using if and if-else statements	 create simple circuits with arduino create simple programs in snap to control the circuit light up LED and push buttons
PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PLOs
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 D7 E4	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 D7 E4	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 D7 E4	A3 A4 A6 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 D1 D2 D3 D7 E4
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
• vocabulary o if-else	• vocabulary o if		 vocabulary ground, power, positive, negative, resistor, LED, breadboard, bus, circuit, short-circuit
Overview	Overview	Overview	0verview
 explain what if-else statement is give example programs practice problems 	 explain what if statement is compare and contrast if and ifelse statements give example problems practice problems 	work period for practice problems	students do lab with arduino
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
• snap	• snap	• snap	• arduino



Unit 4: Loops

Unit Summary

This unit shows students how the computer can repeat a segment of code. The students learn how to use a while loop. The students are shown how a to convert a for loop into a while loop and how to repeat a program forever.

Prescribed Learning Outcomes	Topics Covered	Assessments
Nature of ICT	what is a loop	Diagnostic
A3 A4 A6	when to use a loop	recognize the forever block in snap
Programming Methodolgy	• pattern recognition	Formative
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	nested loopsdifferent type of loops (while, for, forever)	• in class problems
Programming Structures		Summative
D1 D2 D3 D7		• quiz
		Arduino Lab
Graphics and User Interfaces E2 E4 E5 E6		• test

Vocabulary: loop, iteration

	Distribution of PLOs																			
	А3	A4	A6	C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6	C 7	C8	C9	D1	D2	D3	D7	E2	E4	E5	E6
1				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
2				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
3				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
4				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
5-8				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х				
9				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X					
10-13	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х



Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5-8	Day 9	Day 10-13
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
 introduce a loop explain how a loop works in flowchart and in snap give example problems tracing programs code walk through if finding all factors of a number 		 code walk through of checking if integer is a prime number 	 code walk through of finding all prime numbers from 1 to n an example of nested loop 	• practice problems with loops	 assess student understanding with quiz 	 students learn how to use a seven segment LED create a binary convertor
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
understand what a loop iscreate a simple loop	 give a solution on how to find factors 	• give a solution on how to verify prime number	• find all prime numbers from 1 to n	create programs that use loops	 demonstrate knowledge and application of loops 	 create a circuit that performs binary conversion
PLOs	PL0s	PL0s	PLOs	PL0s	PL0s	PLOs
C1-9	C1-9	C1-9	C1-9	C1-9 D1-3 D7	C1-9 D1-3	A3 A4 A6 C1-9 D1-3 E2 E4-6
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
• vocabulary • loop, iteration			•	•		
0verview	Overview	0verview	0verview	0verview	Overview	Overview
loop works explain how the different loop controls in snap give example come up with solution compare different solutions fr		compare • compare		students have work period to practice	 students have whole block to write quiz 	• students do lab with arduino
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
• snap	• snap	• snap	• snap	• snap		• arduino



Unit 5: Methods

Unit Summary

In this unit, students transfer from snap to python. They also learn how to implement methods which were touched upon throughout the course as students naturally started modularizing their flowcharts.

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Prescribed Learning Outcomes	Topics Covered	Assessments							
Nature of ICT	what is a method	Diagnostic							
A3 A4 A6	• what are parameters	 recognize modularizing of flowchart 							
	 methods returning values 								
Programming Methodolgy	• program flow with methods	Formative							
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9		• in class problems							
Programming Structures		Summative							
D1 D2 D3 D4 D7		• quiz							
		• test							
Graphics and User Interfaces									
E2 E4 E5 E6									
Vocabulary: method, parameter, re	turn, global variable, local variable	1							

Distribution of PLOs



Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5-6	Day 7	Day 8
Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives	Lesson Objectives
 introduction to python variables, operators, and if-else statements in python 	• how to do loops in python	 if-elif-else shortcut in python introduce methods parameters returning data tracing methods 	 practice making methods practice abstracting to make more efficient methods 	• practice with methods via star patterns	• variable scope	 assess student understanding with quiz
Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to
 convert their simple snap programs to python programs convert flowchart to python 	 convert their loop programs in snap to python convert their flowcharts to python 	 understand how nested if-else statements can be converted to if-elif-else create methods modularize 	• abstract a pattern from drawing numbers ○ make connection with lab #2	 abstract star patterns and reuse methods 	 understand variables with same name in different methods are different variables 	 demonstrate knowledge and application of methods
PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PLOs	PL0s	PL0s
C1-9 D1-D3	C1-9 D1-D3	C1-9 D1-D3	C1-9 D1-D3	C1-9 D1-3 D7	C1-9 D1-3	A3 A4 A6 C1-9 D1-3 E2 E4-6
Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components	Language Components
		 vocabulary parameter, method, return 	•		• vocabulary ○ global var, local var	
Overview	Overview	0verview	0verview	0verview	0verview	Overview 0
 demonstrate how to convert flowchart to python demonstrate how to convert snap program to python 	 demonstrate how to convert a flowchart and snap programs that contain loops to python 	 demonstrate how to convert nested if-else to if-elif-else creating and using methods parameters 	• students have a work period to figure out how to draw numbers on a command line and create an abstract way	 work period for students to practice using methods 	• give several examples of variable scoping on have students figure out	 students have whole period to write the quiz
Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
• snap	• snap	• snap	• snap	• flowgorithm	• flowgorithm	





Unit 6: Strings **Unit Summary** In this unit, students learn how to concatenate strings, get substrings, and get specific characters in a string. Prescribed Learning Outcomes Topics Covered Assessments what is a string Diagnostic • recognize a string how to concatenate strings how to get parts of a string Formative substring • in class problems single characters how to find how many characters are in a string Summative quiz test Vocabulary: Distribution of PLOs



