Modern Beamer Presentations with the **metropolis** package

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1 Introduction

Beamer is an awesome way to make presentations with LaTeX, but its theme selection is surprisingly sparse. The stock themes share an aesthetic that can be a little cluttered, while the few distinctive custom themes available are often specialized for a particular corporate or institutional brand.

The goal of **metropolis** is to provide a simple, modern Beamer theme suitable for anyone to use. It tries to minimize noise and maximize space for content; the only visual flourish it offers is an (optional) progress bar added to each slide or to the section slides.

By default, **metropolis** uses Fira Sans, a gorgeous typeface commissioned by Mozilla and designed by Carrois. For best results, you will need the Fira typeface installed and use X_HAT_EX to typeset your slides. However, **metropolis** can also be used with other typefaces and IAT_EX build systems.

metropolis's codebase is maintained on GitHub. If you have issues, find mistakes in the manual or want to help make the theme even better, please get in touch there. The full list of contributors already contains over a dozen names!

2 Getting Started

2.1 Installing from CTAN

For most users, we recommend installing **metropolis** from CTAN. If you keep your T_EX distribution up-to-date, chances are good that **metropolis** is already installed. If it is not, you need to update your packages. If your distribution is T_EX Live (or MacT_EX on OS X), the following command updates all packages.

```
tlmgr update --all
```

If this results in an error, you may need to run it with administrative privileges:

```
sudo tlmgr update --all
```

MacTeX on OS X also provides a graphical interface for tlmgr called TeX Live Utility.

For any other distribution please refer to its documentation on how to update your packages.

To get the most out of the theme you should also install the Fira fonts. However, this is not mandatory; **metropolis** also works with the standard fonts.

2.2 Installing from GitHub

If you want to use the cutting-edge development version of **metropolis**, you can install it manually. Like any LATEX package, this involves four easy steps:

Download the source with a git clone of the metropolis repository or as a zip archive of the latest development version.

Compile the style files by running make sty inside the downloaded directory.

(Or run LATEX directly on source/metropolistheme.ins.)

Move the resulting *.sty files to the folder containing your presentation. To use metropolis with many presentations, run make install or move the *.sty files to a folder in your TEX path instead.

Use the theme for your presentation by declaring \usetheme{metropolis} in the preamble of your Beamer document.

metropolis uses the Make build system to offer the following installation options for advanced users:

```
make sty builds the theme style files.

make doc builds this documentation manual.

make demo builds a demo presentation to test the features of metropolis.

make all builds the theme and manual.

make clean removes the files generated by make all.

make install installs the theme into your local texmf folder.

make uninstall removes the theme from your local texmf folder.
```

2.3 A Minimal Example

The following code shows a minimal example of a Beamer presentation using metropolis.

2.4 Dependencies

metropolis depends on the beamer class and the following standard packages:

tikzetoolboxifxetexpgfoptscalcifluatex

For best results, we recommend installing the fonts Fira Sans and Fira Mono and compiling with **metropolis** using XHATEX or LuaTeX. These are optional dependencies; **metropolis** is compatible with (e.g.) pdfIATEX and will fall back to standard fonts if Fira Sans or Fira Mono is not installed.

The packaged name of Fira Sans is Fira Sans OT in some Linux distributions; this case is automatically handled by **metropolis**.

2.5 Pandoc

To use this theme with Pandoc-based presentations, you can run the following command

```
$ pandoc -t beamer --latex-engine=xelatex -V theme:
    metropolis -o output.pdf input.md
```

3 Customization

3.1 Package options

The theme provides a number of options, which can be set using a key=value interface. The primary way to set options is to provide a comma-separated list of option-value pairs when loading **metropolis** in the preamble:

```
\usetheme[option1=value1, option2=value2, ...]{metropolis}
```

Options can be changed at any time — even mid-presentation! — with the \metroset macro.

```
\metroset{option1=newvalue1, option2=newvalue2, ...}
```

	The list of options is structured as shown in the following example.
option key	list of possible values default
	A short description of the option.
	3.1.1 Main theme
titleformat	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
	Changes the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on "standout" frames. The available options produce Regular, SMALLCAPS, ALLS-MALLCAPS, or ALLCAPS titles. Please refer to Section 6.1 for known issues with these options.
titleformat plain	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
	Changes the format of "standout" frames (see titleformat, above).
	3.1.2 Inner theme
sectionpage	none, simple, progressbar progressbar
	Adds a slide at the start of each section (simple) with an optional thin progress bar below the section title (progressbar). The none option disables the section page.
subsectionpage	none, simple, progressbar none
	Optionally adds a slide at the start of each subsection. If enabled with the simple or progressbar options, the style of the section page will be updated to match the style of the subsection page. Note that section slides and subsection slides can appear consecutively if both are enabled; you may want to use this option together with sectionpage=none depending on the section structure of your presentation.

3.1.3 Outer theme

numbering	none, counter, fraction counter
	Controls whether the frame number at the bottom right of each slide is omitted (none), shown (counter) or displayed as a fraction of the total number of frames (fraction).
progressbar	none, head, frametitle, footnone
	Optionally adds a progress bar to the top of each frame (head), the bottom of each frame (foot), or directly below each frame title (frametitle).
	3.1.4 Color theme
block	$transparent, fill \dots transparent$
	Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like ${\tt theorem}$ and ${\tt example}.$
background	$dark,\ light\dots$ light
	Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.
	3.1.5 Font theme
titleformat title	$regular, \ small caps, \ all small caps, \ all caps \dots \dots$
titleformat subtitle titeformat section titleformat frame	Individually controls the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, and frame titles (see titleformat, above).

3.2 Color Customization

The included **metropolis** color theme is used by default, but its colors can be easily changed to suit your tastes. All of the theme's styles are defined in terms of three beamer colors:

- normal text (dark fg, light bg)
- alerted text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

• example text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

An easy way to customize the theme is to redefine these colors using

```
\strut = \{fg = \dots, bg = \dots\}
```

in your preamble. For greater customization, you can redefine any of the other stock beamer colors. In addition to the stock colors the theme defines a number of **metropolis** specific colors, which can also be redefined to your liking.

```
\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{title separator}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{ ... }
```

3.3 Font Customization

The default font for **metropolis** is Fira. This can be easily changed using the standard font selection commands of the fontspec package. So if you prefer, for example, the **Ubuntu** font family, just add the following two commands after loading the **metropolis** theme.

```
\setsansfont{Ubuntu}
\setmonofont{Ubuntu Mono}
```

If you are expecting to present in a large room or with an underpowered projector, you may want to change the font to a heavier weight of Fira to maximize readability.

```
\setsansfont[BoldFont={Fira Sans SemiBold}]{Fira Sans Book}
```

3.3.1 Old style figures

The regular fontspec mechanism for changing glyph appearance applies also to this theme. If you want to have old style figures in the text but regular lined figures for math, you could add the following to your preamble:

3.4 Commands

3.4.1 Standout frames

The **metropolis** inner theme offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background — perfect for focusing attention on single sentence or image. To use it, add the key **standout** to the frame:

```
\begin{frame}[standout]
    Thank you!
\end{frame}
```

4 pgfplots integration

metropolis comes with a set of pre-defined pgfplots styles and a color theme based on Paul Tol's color scheme.

4.1 Styles

Pass the following style keys to the axis environment to get the appropriate effect:

mlineplot Plot regular line charts with reduced axis frames, less intrusive legend and subdued grid.

mbarplot Plot vertical bar charts in a similar way as mlineplot but reduce grid usage.

horizontal mbarplot Plot horizontal bar charts.

disable thousands separator Helper style to remove thousands separator.

4.2Paul Tol colors

A good presentation uses colors that are distinct from each other as much as possible as well as from black and white, can be discerned item under different lighting and display environments and by color-blind viewers, while matching well together.

In a technical note for SRON, Paul Tol proposed a palette of colors satisfying these constraints. The sub-package pgfplotsthemetol defines palettes for pgfplots charts based on Tol's work.

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5.1 Backup Slides

Speakers will often include extra slides at the end of their presentation to refer to during audience questions. One easy way to do this is to include the appendixnumberbeamer package in your preamble and call \appendix before your backup slides.

metropolis will automatically turn off slide numbering and progress bars for slides in the appendix.

Known Issues

Title formats 6.1

Be aware that not every font supports small caps, so the smallcaps or allsmallcaps options may not work if you use a font other than Fira Sans. In particular, the Computer Modern sans-serif typeface, which is used when metropolis is compiled with pdfLATFX, does not have a small-caps variant.

The title format options allsmallcaps and allcaps are quite nice from an aesthetic point of view, but their use of \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase can cause unexpected problems. For example:

- Some commands, like $\$ do not work inside $\$ and $\$ MakeUppercase. (See #125)
- Only alphabetic characters are affected by \MakeLowercase, so numerals
 and punctuation remain at full height. This can spoil some of the aesthetic
 benefits of allsmallcaps. (See #33)
- \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase apply to math mode and \scshape does not. This can easily introduce mathematical errors that are hard to catch.
- It is impossible to typeset symbols which are encoded as uppercase letters in a different font. In particular, \mathbb and \mathcal letters will be replaced by other math glyphs. (See #153)

The allsmallcaps and allcaps options are safe to use if your titles contain only alphabetic characters and do not require the expansion of any macros.

6.2 Interactions with other color themes

metropolis can be used along with any other Beamer color theme, such as crane or seahorse. If you wish to do this, it is usually best to include the metropolis subpackages individually so the metropolis color theme is never loaded. This will prevent conflicts between the metropolis color theme and your preferred theme.

For example, overriding the color theme as follows may not work as expected because \usetheme{metropolis} loads the metropolis color theme, which defines a relationship between the frametitle background and the primary palette of the theme. Since seahorse assumes a different relationship between its palettes, the result is a grey, rather than periwinkle, frametitle background.

```
\usetheme{metropolis}
\usecolortheme{seahorse}
```

The correct colors are chosen if the **metropolis** outer, inner, and font themes are loaded seperately:

```
\useoutertheme{metropolis}
\useinnertheme{metropolis}
\usefonttheme{metropolis}
```

```
\usecolortheme{seahorse} % or your preferred color theme
```

Please note that **metropolis** may not use all the colors defined in your favourite Beamer color theme. In particular, **metropolis** does not set a background color for the title; this will cause issues when using color themes like **whale** which set a white foreground for the title.

6.3 Notes on second screen

If you use the [show notes on second screen] option built in to Beamer and compile with XHATEX, text on slides following the first section slide may be rendered in white instead of the regular colour. This is due to a bug in Beamer or XHATEX itself. You can work around it either by compiling with LuaTEX or by adding the following code to your preamble to reset the text color on each slide.

\makeatletter \def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}

```
\gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
\gdef\beamer@notes{}%
}
```

\makeatother

6.4 Standout frames with labels

Because the standout frame option creates a group to restrict the colour change to a single slide, labels defined after calling standout will stay local to the group. In other words, the following may result in a "label undefined" error.

```
\begin{frame}[standout, label=conclusion]{Conclusion}
  Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

To fix this problem, change the order of the keys in the frame.

```
\begin{frame}[label=conclusion, standout]{Conclusion}
```

```
Awesome slide 
\end{frame}
```

This error can be unwittingly triggered if you export your slides from Emacs Org mode, which automatically adds labels after frame options. Alex Branham offers the following solution for Org mode users, using org-set-property.

```
* Start of a frame
:PROPERTIES:
:BEAMER_opt: label=conclusion, standout
:END:
```

6.5 Standout frames with Pandoc

With Pandoc versions prior 1.17.2 it was not possible to create standout frames because Pandoc only supported a specific list of frame attributes thus ignoring additional attributes such as {.standout}.

7 License

metropolis is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. This means that if you change the theme and re-distribute it, you must retain the copyright notice header and license it under the same CC-BY-SA license. This does not affect any presentations that you create with the theme.

8 Implementation

8.1 metropolis parent theme

The primary job of this package is to load the component sub-packages of the **metropolis** theme and route the theme options accordingly. It also provides some custom commands and environments for the user.

8.1.1 Package dependencies

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.1.2 Options

Most options are passed off to the component sub-packages.

```
3 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
4    .search also={
5     /metropolis/inner,
6     /metropolis/outer,
7     /metropolis/color,
8     /metropolis/font,
9  }
10 }
```

titleformat plain Controls the formatting of the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
11 \pgfkeys{
    /metropolis/titleformat plain/.cd,
12
      .is choice,
13
14
      regular/.code={%
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\@empty%
15
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
16
17
      },
      smallcaps/.code={%
18
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\@empty%
19
20
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
      },
21
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
22
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\MakeLowercase%
23
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
24
        \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
25
26
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
        }
27
      },
28
29
      allcaps/.code={%
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\MakeUppercase%
30
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
31
```

```
\PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
32
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allcaps can lead to problems%
33
        }
34
      },
35
36 }
```

titleformat Sets a standard format for titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
37 \neq 37 
    /metropolis/titleformat/.code=\pgfkeysalso{
        font/titleformat title=#1,
39
        font/titleformat subtitle=#1,
40
        font/titleformat section=#1,
41
        font/titleformat frame=#1,
42
        titleformat plain=#1,
43
      }
45 }
```

For backwards compatibility with earlier betas of the theme, we implement deprecated option names as aliases to the corresponding key=value options.

```
46 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
    usetitleprogressbar/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/progressbar=frametitle},
47
    noslidenumbers/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=none},
48
    usetotalslideindicator/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=fraction},
49
    nosectionslide/.code=\pgfkeysalso{inner/sectionpage=none},
50
    darkcolors/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/background=dark},
51
52
    blockbg/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/block=fill, inner/block=fill},
53 }
Set default values for options.
54 \newcommand{\metropolis@setdefaults}{
    \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
      titleformat plain=regular,
56
    }
57
58 }
```

8.1.3 Component sub-packages

Having processed the options, we can now load the component sub-packages of the theme.

```
59 \useinnertheme{metropolis}
60 \useoutertheme{metropolis}
61 \usecolortheme{metropolis}
62 \usefonttheme{metropolis}

The tol theme for pgfplots is only loaded if pgfplots is used.
63 \AtEndPreamble{%
64 \@ifpackageloaded{pgfplots}{%
65 \RequirePackage{pgfplotsthemetol}}
66 }{}
67}
```

8.1.4 Custom commands

The parent theme defines custom commands as their proper usage may depend on multiple sub-packages.

\metroset Allows the user to change options midway through a presentation.

```
68 \newcommand{\metroset}[1]{\pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,#1}}
```

\plain Creates a plain frame with dark background, suitable for displaying images or a few words. The format of the text can be set with the titleformat plain option.

```
69 \def\metropolis@plaintitleformat#1{#1}
70 \newcommand{\plain}[2][]{%
71  \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
72   The syntax `\plain' may be deprecated in a future version of Metropolis.
73   Please use a frame with [standout] instead.
74  }
75  \begin{frame}[standout]{#1}
76   \metropolis@plaintitleformat{#2}
77  \end{frame}
78 }
```

79 \newcommand{\mreducelistspacing}{\vspace{-\topsep}}

8.1.5 Process package options

```
80 \metropolis@setdefaults
81 \ProcessPgfOptions{/metropolis}
```

8.2 metropolis inner theme

A beamer inner theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set in the "body" of each slide. These include:

- title, part, and section pages;
- itemize, enumerate, and description environments;
- block environments including theorems and proofs;
- figures and tables; and
- footnotes and plain text.

8.2.1 Package dependencies

```
82 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
83 \RequirePackage{keyval}
84 \RequirePackage{calc}
85 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
86 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

8.2.2 Options

sectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each section.

```
87 \pgfkeys{
    /metropolis/inner/sectionpage/.cd,
88
      .is choice,
89
      none/.code=\metropolis@disablesectionpage,
90
      simple/.code={\metropolis@enablesectionpage
91
                     \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
92
      progressbar/.code={\metropolis@enablesectionpage
93
94
                          \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
95 }
```

Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each subsection. subsectionpage

```
96 \pgfkeys{
 97
     /metropolis/inner/subsectionpage/.cd,
       .is choice,
 98
       none/.code=\metropolis@disablesubsectionpage,
 99
       simple/.code={\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage
100
                      \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
101
102
       progressbar/.code={\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage
                           \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
103
104 }
```

\metropolis@inner@setdefaults Set default values for inner theme options.

```
105 \newcommand{\metropolis@inner@setdefaults}{
106
     \pgfkeys{/metropolis/inner/.cd,
107
       sectionpage=progressbar,
108
       subsectionpage=none
    }
109
110 }
```

8.2.3 Title page

Template for the title page. Each element is only typset if it is defined by the title page user. If \subtitle is empty, for example, it won't leave a blank space on the title slide.

```
111 \setbeamertemplate{title page}{
     \begin{minipage}[b][\paperheight]{\textwidth}
112
     \ifx\inserttitlegraphic\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title graphic}\fi
113
       \vfill%
114
       \ifx\inserttitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title}\fi
115
116
       \ifx\insertsubtitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{subtitle}\fi
       \usebeamertemplate*{title separator}
117
```

Beamer's definition of \insertauthor is always nonempty, so we have to test another macro initialized by \author{...} to see if the user has defined an author. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

\ifx\beamer@shortauthor\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{author}\fi 118

```
119 \ifx\insertdate\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{date}\fi
120 \ifx\insertinstitute\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{institute}\fi
121 \vfill
122 \vspace*{1mm}
123 \end{minipage}
124 }
```

Normal people should use \maketitle or \titlepage instead of using the title page beamer template directly. Beamer already defines these macros, but we patch them here to make the title page [plain] by default, remove \@thanks, and ensure the title frame number doesn't count.

\maketitle Inserts the title frame, or causes the current frame to use the title page template.

```
\titlepage
```

```
125 \def\maketitle{%
126  \ifbeamer@inframe
127   \titlepage
128  \else
129   \frame[plain,noframenumbering]{\titlepage}
130  \fi
131 }
132 \def\titlepage{%
133   \usebeamertemplate{title page}
134 }
```

title graphic Set the title graphic in a zero-height box, so it doesn't change the position of other elements.

```
135 \setbeamertemplate{title graphic}{
136 \vbox to Opt {
137 \vspace*{2em}
138 \inserttitlegraphic%
139 }%
140 \nointerlineskip%
141 }

title Set the title on the title page.
```

```
142 \setbeamertemplate{title}{
143 \raggedright%
144 \linespread{1.0}%
```

```
\inserttitle%
                 145
                 146
                       \par%
                       \vspace*{0.5em}
                 147
                 148 }
       subtitle Set the subtitle on the title page.
                 149 \verb|\setbeamertemplate{subtitle}{{}}{\{}
                 150
                       \raggedright%
                       \insertsubtitle%
                 151
                       \par%
                 152
                 153
                       \vspace*{0.5em}
                 154 }
title separator Template to set the title graphic in a zero-height box. (It won't change the position
                  of other elements.)
                 155 \setbeamertemplate{title separator}{
                       \begin{tikzpicture}
                 156
                         \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, 0.4pt);
                 157
                       \end{tikzpicture}%
                 158
                       \par%
                 159
                 160 }
          author Set the author on the title page.
                 161 \slashed{setbeamertemplate{author}{}}
                       \vspace*{2em}
                 163
                       \insertauthor%
                       \par%
                 164
                       \vspace*{0.25em}
                 165
                 166 }
            date Set the date on the title page.
                 167 \setbeamertemplate{date}{
                       \insertdate%
                 168
                       \par%
                 169
                 170 }
```

institute Set the institute on the title page.

```
171 \setbeamertemplate{institute}{
172  \vspace*{3mm}
173  \insertinstitute%
174  \par%
175 }
```

8.2.4 Section page

section page Template for the section title slide at the beginning of each section.

```
176 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{simple}{
     \begin{center}
177
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
178
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
179
       \insertsectionhead\par
180
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else
181
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}
182
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}
183
         \insertsubsectionhead
184
       \fi
185
     \end{center}
186
187 }
188 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{progressbar}{
     \centering
189
     \begin{minipage}{22em}
190
       \raggedright
191
192
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
193
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
       \insertsectionhead\\[-1ex]
194
       \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in section page}
195
       \par
196
197
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else%
198
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}%
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}%
199
         \insertsubsectionhead
200
201
       \fi
     \end{minipage}
202
203
     \vspace{\baselineskip}
204
205 }
```

```
206 \newcommand{\metropolis@disablesectionpage}{
207
     \AtBeginSection{
       % intentionally empty
208
     }
209
210 }
211 \newcommand{\metropolis@enablesectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSection{
212
213
       \ifbeamer@inframe
         \sectionpage
214
       \else
215
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\sectionpage}
       \fi
217
     }
218
219 }
```

subsection page Template for the subsection title slide that can optionally be added to at the beginning of each subsection.

```
220 \setbeamertemplate{subsection page}{\%
     \usebeamertemplate*{section page}
221
222 }
223 \newcommand{\metropolis@disablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
224
       % intentionally empty
225
     }
226
227 }
228 \newcommand{\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
229
       \ifbeamer@inframe
230
         \subsectionpage
231
232
       \else
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\subsectionpage}
233
234
       \fi
     }
235
236 }
```

progress bar in section page

Template for the progress bar displayed by default on the section page. This code is duplicated in large part in the outer theme's template progress bar in head/foot.

```
237 \newlength{\metropolis@progressonsectionpage}
238 \setbeamertemplate{progress bar in section page}{
```

```
239 \setlength{\metropolis@progressonsectionpage}{%
240 \textwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
241 }%
242 \begin{tikzpicture}
243 \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, 0.4pt);
244 \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\metropolis@progressonsectionpage, 0.4pt);
245 \end{tikzpicture}%
246}
```

The above code assumes that \insertframenumber is less than or equal to \inserttotalframenumber. However, this is not true on the first compile; in the absence of an .aux file, \inserttotalframenumber defaults to 1. This behaviour could cause fatal errors for long presentations, as \metropolis@progressonsectionpage would exceed TeX's maximum length (16383.99999pt, roughly 5.75 metres or 18.9 feet). To avoid this, we increase the default value for \inserttotalframenumber; presentations with over 4000 slides will still break on first compile, but users in that situation likely have deeper problems to solve.

247 \def\inserttotalframenumber{100}

8.2.5 Block environments

block alerted The three different block environments differ only in their colours. Rather than block alerted repeat the essentially the same template three times, we use the auxiliary macro block example \metropolis@block to define all three templates.

```
248 \newlength{\metropolis@blocksep}
249 \newlength{\metropolis@blockadjust}
250 \setlength{\metropolis@blocksep}{0.75ex}
251 \setlength{\metropolis@blockadjust}{0.25ex}
252 \providecommand{\metropolis@strut}{%
253 \vphantom{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz()}%
254 }
255 \newcommand{\metropolis@block}[1]{
256 \par\vskip\medskipamount%
257 \setlength{\parskip}{0pt}
```

If a background color is defined for the block title or body, we need to add a little bit of padding to the corresponding box. Ideally, this would be accomplished by setting colsep=0.75ex, which is intended to add "color separation space"

only when the box has a colored background. Unfortunately, colsep also adds this separation if the background color is inherited, even if the inherited color is actually empty. (The technical reason for this boils down to the fact that the \ifx directive does not expand macros.)

To achieve the correct spacing for alertblocks and exampleblocks as well as for normal blocks, we have to begin the beamercolorbox differently based on whether block title has an empty background.

If the block title background is empty, or the user has explicitly removed the background from (e.g.) block title alerted, we just need to set a rightskip for a nice ragged-right block title.

```
\ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title#1}{%
258
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}}{%
259
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title}{%
260
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}%
261
262
     }%
       \end{macrocode}
263 %
264 %
265 %
      Otherwise, if the |block title| has a background, we set the padding based
      on |\metropolis@blockskip|. However, we have to visually compensate for
266 %
267 %
       the |\metropolis@strut| added to the block title (see below) by
       subtracting |\metropolis@blockadjust| from the top and bottom padding.
268 %
269 %
270 %
       \begin{macrocode}
271
     {%
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[
272
         sep=\dimexpr\metropolis@blocksep-\metropolis@blockadjust\relax,
273
         leftskip=\metropolis@blockadjust,
274
         rightskip=\dimexpr\metropolis@blockadjust plus 4em\relax
275
276
       ]{block title#1}%
     }}%
277
       \end{macrocode}
278 %
279 %
       We can now set the contents of the |block title|. The zero-width but
280 %
      positive-height box |\metropolis@strut| ensures that the block title box
281 %
282 %
       has a consistent height, even if it lacks punctuation, ascenders, or
283 %
       descenders.
284 %
285 %
       \begin{macrocode}
```

```
\usebeamerfont*{block title#1}%
286
287
         \metropolis@strut%
         \insertblocktitle%
288
         \metropolis@strut%
289
290
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
       \end{macrocode}
291 %
292 %
293 %
      Next, we typeset the |block body|. This the code is similar to, but simpler
      than, the |block title| code since we don't need to adjust for any struts.
294 %
295 %
296 %
       \begin{macrocode}
     \nointerlineskip%
297
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body#1}{%
298
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}}{
299
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body}{%
300
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}%
301
302
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[sep=\metropolis@blocksep, vmode]{block body#1}%
303
       \vspace{-\metropolis@parskip}
304
305
     }}%
         \usebeamerfont{block body#1}%
306
307
         \setlength{\parskip}{\metropolis@parskip}%
308 }
This concludes the auxiliary macro \metropolis@block. Finally, we define the
block beamer templates using this macro.
309 \setbeamertemplate{block begin}{\metropolis@block{}}
310 \setbeamertemplate{block alerted begin}{\metropolis@block{ alerted}}
311 \setbeamertemplate{block example begin}{\metropolis@block{ example}}
312 \setbeamertemplate{block end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
313 \end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
314 \setbeamertemplate{block example end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
```

8.2.6 Lists and floats

```
315 \setbeamertemplate{itemize items}{\textbullet}
316 \setbeamertemplate{caption label separator}{: }
317 \setbeamertemplate{caption}[numbered]
```

8.2.7 Footnotes

```
318 \setbeamertemplate{footnote}{%
319 \parindent 0em\noindent%
320 \raggedright
321 \usebeamercolor{footnote}\hbox to 0.8em{\hfil\insertfootnotemark}\insertfootnotetext\par%
322 }
```

8.2.8 Text and spacing settings

```
323 \newlength{\metropolis@parskip}
324 \setlength{\metropolis@parskip}{0.5em}
325 \setlength{\parskip}{\metropolis@parskip}
326 \linespread{1.15}
```

By default, Beamer frames offer the c option to almost vertically center the text, but the placement is a little too high. To fix this, we redefine the c option to equalize \beamer@frametopskip and \beamer@framebottomskip. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
327 \define@key{beamerframe}{c}[true]{% centered
328 \beamer@frametopskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
329 \beamer@framebottomskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
330 \beamer@frametopskipautobreak=0pt plus .4\paperheight\relax%
331 \beamer@framebottomskipautobreak=0pt plus .6\paperheight\relax%
332 \def\beamer@initfirstlineunskip{}%
333 }
```

8.2.9 Standout frames

metropolis offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background. To use it, add the key standout to the frame: \begin{frame}[standout] ... \end{frame}.

standout Optional arguments to Beamer's frames are implemented using \define@key from the keyval package, which will execute code when the defined option is called. For the standout option, we begin a group, change the colors and fonts, and set a alignment.

```
334 \providebool{metropolis@standout}
335 \define@key{beamerframe}{standout}[true]{%
336 \booltrue{metropolis@standout}
337 \begingroup
```

```
338
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{c}
339
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{noframenumbering}
       \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{palette primary}{
340
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
341
342
           use=palette primary,
           bg=-palette primary.fg
343
         }
344
       }{
345
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
346
           use=palette primary,
347
348
           bg=palette primary.bg
         }
349
       }
350
351
     \centering
     \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
352
     \usebeamerfont{standout}
353
354 }
```

Then we just have to close the group after the standout slide is finished in order to restore the colours and fonts for the rest of the presentation. Unfortunately, we cannot use or this (see

http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/226319/). Instead, we add the \endgroup to \beamer@reseteecodes, which is run exactly once at the end of each slide.

```
355 \apptocmd{\beamer@reseteecodes}{%
356  \ifbool{metropolis@standout}{
357   \endgroup
358   \boolfalse{metropolis@standout}
359   }{}
360 }{}{}
```

8.2.10 Process package options

```
361 \metropolis@inner@setdefaults
362 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/inner}
```

8.3 metropolis outer theme

A beamer outer theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set outside the body of each slide: the head, footline, and frame title.

8.3.1 Package dependencies

```
363 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
364 \RequirePackage{calc}
365 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.3.2 Options

numbering Adds slide numbers to the bottom right of each slide.

```
366 \pgfkeys{
367  /metropolis/outer/numbering/.cd,
368  .is choice,
369  none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[none],
370  counter/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[counter],
371  fraction/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[fraction],
372 }
```

progressbar Adds a progress bar to the top, bottom, or frametitle of each slide.

```
373 \pgfkeys{
     /metropolis/outer/progressbar/.cd,
374
375
       .is choice,
376
       none/.code={%
         \setbeamertemplate{headline}[plain]
377
         \setbeamertemplate{frametitle}[plain]
378
         \setbeamertemplate{footline}[plain]
379
       },
380
381
       head/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}
         \addtobeamertemplate{headline}{}{%
382
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
383
384
         }
       },
385
       frametitle/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}
386
         \addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{%
387
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
388
```

```
389  }
390  },
391  foot/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}}
392  \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{}{%
393  \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}%
394  }
395  },
396}
```

\metropolis@outer@setdefaults Sets default values for outer theme options.

```
397 \newcommand{\metropolis@outer@setdefaults}{
398 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/.cd,
399 numbering=counter,
400 progressbar=none,
401 }
402 }
```

8.3.3 Head and footline

All good beamer presentations should already remove the navigation symbols, but metropolis removes them automatically (just in case).

403 \setbeamertemplate{navigation symbols}{}

frame numbering

Templates for the frame number. Can be omitted, shown or displayed as a fraction of the total frames.

```
404 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{none}{}
405 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{custom}[1]{ #1 }
406 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{none}{}
407 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{counter}{\insertframenumber}
408 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{fraction}{
409 \insertframenumber/\inserttotalframenumber
410 }
```

headline Templates for the head- and footline at the top and bottom of each frame.

footline

```
411 \defbeamertemplate{headline}{plain}{} 412 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{plain}{%
```

```
413 \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=3ex]{footline}%
414 \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
415 \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
416 \hfill%
417 \usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}
418 \end{beamercolorbox}%
419}
```

8.3.4 Frametitle

frametitle Templates for the frame title, which is optionally underlined with a progress bar.

```
420 \verb|\newlength{\mbox{\mbox{$\backslash$}}} else of the constant of 
421 \setlength{\metropolis@frametitle@padding}{2.2ex}
422 \newcommand{\metropolis@frametitlestrut@start}{
                \rule{Opt}{\metropolis@frametitle@padding +%
423
                       \totalheightof{%
424
                       425
                      }%
426
               }%
427
428 }
429 \newcommand{\metropolis@frametitlestrut@end}{
              \rule[-\metropolis@frametitle@padding]{Opt}{\metropolis@frametitle@padding}
430
431 }
432 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle}{plain}{%
                \nointerlineskip%
433
434
                \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
435
                             wd=\paperwidth,%
                             sep=Opt,%
436
                             leftskip=\metropolis@frametitle@padding,%
437
                             rightskip=\metropolis@frametitle@padding,%
438
                       ]{frametitle}%
439
440
                \metropolis@frametitlestrut@start%
                \insertframetitle%
441
                \nolinebreak%
442
443
                \metropolis@frametitlestrut@end%
                \end{beamercolorbox}%
444
445 }
446 \setbeamertemplate{frametitle continuation}{\%}
                \usebeamerfont{frametitle}
447
```

```
448 \romannumeral \insertcontinuationcount 449 }
```

progress bar in head/foot

Template for the progress bar optionally displayed below the frame title on each page. Much of this code is duplicated in the inner theme's template progress bar in section page.

```
450 \verb|\newlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot}|
451 \setbeamertemplate{progress bar in head/foot}{
     \nointerlineskip
452
     \setlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot}{%
453
      \paperwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
454
455
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth]{progress bar in head/foot}
456
       \begin{tikzpicture}
457
         \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\paperwidth, 0.4pt);
458
         \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\metropolis@progressinheadfoot, 0.4pt);
459
       \end{tikzpicture}%
460
     \end{beamercolorbox}
461
462 }
```

appendix Removes page numbering and per-slide progress bars when \appendix is called.

This makes it easier to include additional "backup slides" at the end of the presentation, especially in conjunction with the package appendixnumberbeamer.

```
463 \AtBeginDocument{%
464 \apptocmd{\appendix}{%
465 \pgfkeys{%
466 /metropolis/outer/.cd,
467 numbering=none,
468 progressbar=none}
469 }{}{}
470 }
```

8.3.5 Process package options

```
471 \metropolis@outer@setdefaults
472 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/outer}
```

8.4 metropolis font theme

A beamer font theme sets the style of the font used in the document.

8.4.1 Package dependencies

```
473 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
474 \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
475 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
476 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.4.2 Load Fira fonts

If the presentation is compiled with XeLATEX or LuaLATEX, the fontspec package is loaded and we search for the Fira fonts.

```
477 \ifboolexpr{bool {xetex} or bool {luatex}}{
478 \RequirePackage[no-math]{fontspec}
```

\checkfont Checks if a font is installed; if not, fontsnotfound is increased.

```
\newcounter{fontsnotfound}
479
     \newcommand{\checkfont}[1]{%
480
        \suppressfontnotfounderror=1%
481
       \int \int dx = "#1" at 10pt
482
        \selectfont
483
       \ifx\x\nullfont%
484
          \stepcounter{fontsnotfound}%
485
486
        \fi%
        \suppressfontnotfounderror=0%
487
     }
488
489
```

\iffontsavailable Resets the fontsnotfound counter and calls \checkfont for each font in the comma separated list in the first argument.

```
490 \newcommand{\iffontsavailable}[3]{%
491 \setcounter{fontsnotfound}{0}%
492 \expandafter\forcsvlist\expandafter%
493 \checkfont\expandafter{#1}%
494 \ifnum\value{fontsnotfound}=0%
```

```
495 #2%
496 \else%
497 #3%
498 \fi%
499 }
```

We search for regular, italic, light, light italic, mono, and mono bold fonts under the default Fira Sans and Fira Mono names. If this fails, the suffix OT — used by some Linux distributions — will be tried. If this also fails, a warning will be displayed and the standard fonts will be used.

```
500
     \iffontsavailable{Fira Sans Light, %
501
                        Fira Sans Light Italic,%
                        Fira Sans,%
502
                        Fira Sans Italic}%
503
     {%
504
       \setsansfont[ItalicFont={Fira Sans Light Italic},%
505
                     BoldFont={Fira Sans},%
506
507
                     BoldItalicFont={Fira Sans Italic}]%
                    {Fira Sans Light}%
508
     }{%
509
510
       \iffontsavailable{Fira Sans Light OT,%
                          Fira Sans Light Italic OT,%
511
                          Fira Sans OT,%
512
513
                          Fira Sans Italic OT}%
       {%
514
515
         \setsansfont[ItalicFont={Fira Sans Light Italic OT},%
                       BoldFont={Fira Sans OT},%
516
                       BoldItalicFont={Fira Sans Italic OT}]%
517
                      {Fira Sans Light OT}%
518
       }{%
519
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
520
           Could not find Fira Sans fonts%
521
         }
522
       }
523
     }
524
     \iffontsavailable{Fira Mono, Fira Mono Bold}{%
525
       \setmonofont[BoldFont={Fira Mono Medium}]{Fira Mono}%
526
     }{%
527
       \iffontsavailable{Fira Mono OT, Fira Mono Bold OT}{%
528
```

```
\setmonofont[BoldFont={Fira Mono Medium OT}]{Fira Mono OT}%
529
530
       }{%
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
531
           Could not find Fira Mono fonts%
532
533
         }
       }
534
535
     \AtBeginEnvironment{tabular}{%
536
       \addfontfeature{Numbers={Monospaced}}%
537
     }
538
539 }{%
     \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
540
       You need to compile with XeLaTeX or LuaLaTeX to use the Fira fonts%
541
     }
542
543 }
```

This concludes the portion of the code which is only run when compiled with XeIATEX or LuaIATEX. The remainder of this package applies regardless of the compiling engine.

8.4.3 General font definitions

```
544 \setbeamerfont{title}{size=\Large,%
                          series=\bfseries}
545
546 \setbeamerfont{author}{size=\small}
547 \stbeamerfont{date}{size=\small}
548 \setbeamerfont{section title}{size=\Large,%
                                  series=\bfseries}
550 \setbeamerfont{block title}{size=\normalsize,%
                                series=\bfseries}
551
552 \setbeamerfont{block title alerted}{size=\normalsize,%
                                        series=\bfseries}
553
554 \setbeamerfont*{subtitle}{size=\large}
555 \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{size=\large,%
                               series=\bfseries}
556
557 \stbeamerfont{caption}{size=\small}
558 \setbeamerfont{caption name}{series=\bfseries}
559 \setbeamerfont{description item}{series=\bfseries}
560 \setbeamerfont{page number in head/foot}{size=\scriptsize}
561 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry author}{size=\normalsize,%
```

```
series=\normalfont}

563 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry title}{size=\normalsize,%}

564 series=\bfseries}

565 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry location}{size=\normalsize,%}

566 series=\normalfont}

567 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry note}{size=\small,%}

568 series=\normalfont}

569 \setbeamerfont{standout}{size=\Large,%}

570 series=\bfseries}
```

8.4.4 Title format options

titleformat title Controls the format of the title.

```
571 \pgfkeys{
572
     /metropolis/font/titleformat title/.cd,
       .is choice,
       regular/.code={%
574
         \let\metropolis@titleformat\@empty%
575
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}%
576
       },
577
       smallcaps/.code={%
578
         \let\metropolis@titleformat\@empty%
579
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
580
       },
581
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
582
         \let\metropolis@titleformat\lowercase%
583
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
584
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
585
           Be aware that titleformat title=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
586
         }
587
588
       },
589
       allcaps/.code={%
         \let\metropolis@titleformat\uppercase%
590
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}
591
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
592
           Be aware that titleformat title=allcaps can lead to problems%
593
594
         }
595
       },
596 }
```

titleformat subtitle Control the format of the subtitle.

597 \pgfkeys{

```
/metropolis/font/titleformat subtitle/.cd,
                     598
                            .is choice,
                     599
                            regular/.code={%
                     600
                              \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\@empty%
                     601
                              \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                     602
                            },
                     603
                            smallcaps/.code={%
                     604
                              \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\@empty%
                     605
                              \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                     606
                            },
                     607
                            allsmallcaps/.code={%
                     608
                              \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\lowercase%
                     609
                     610
                              \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                              \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                     611
                              Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
                     612
                              }
                     613
                     614
                            },
                            allcaps/.code={%
                     615
                              \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\uppercase%
                     616
                              \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                     617
                              \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                     618
                                Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allcaps can lead to problems%
                     619
                              }
                     620
                     621
                            },
                     622 }
titleformat section Controls the format of the section title.
                     623 \pgfkeys{
                          /metropolis/font/titleformat section/.cd,
                     624
                            .is choice,
                     625
                            regular/.code={%
                     626
                              \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
                     627
                              \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
                     628
                            },
                     629
                            smallcaps/.code={%
                     630
                              \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
                     631
                              \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
                     632
```

```
633
                         },
                  634
                         allsmallcaps/.code={%
                           \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\MakeLowercase%
                  635
                           \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
                  636
                           \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                  637
                            Be aware that titleformat section=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
                  638
                           }
                  639
                         },
                  640
                         allcaps/.code={%
                  641
                           \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\MakeUppercase%
                  642
                           \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
                  643
                           \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                  644
                             Be aware that titleformat section=allcaps can lead to problems \%
                  645
                           }
                  646
                         },
                  647
                  648 }
frametitleformat Control the format of the frame title.
                  649 \pgfkeys{
                       /metropolis/font/titleformat frame/.cd,
                  650
                         .is choice,
                  651
                         regular/.code={%
                  652
                           \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\@empty%
                  653
                           \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                  654
                         },
                  655
                         smallcaps/.code={%
                  656
                           \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\@empty%
                  657
                           \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                  658
                  659
                         },
                         allsmallcaps/.code={%
                  660
                           \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\MakeLowercase%
                  661
                           \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                  662
                           \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                  663
                             Be aware that titleformat frame=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
                  664
                           }
                  665
                         },
                  666
                         allcaps/.code={%
                  667
                           \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\MakeUppercase%
                  668
```

\setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}

669

```
670
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
671
            Be aware that titleformat frame=allcaps can lead to problems%
         }
672
       },
673
674 }
```

titleformat aliases Allows titleformat title et al. to be used in the \usetheme declaration, where LATEX automatically removes all spaces.

```
675 \pgfkeys{
     /metropolis/font/.cd,
676
     titleformattitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat title=#1},
677
     titleformatsubtitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat subtitle=#1},
678
     titleformatsection/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat section=#1},
679
     titleformatframe/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat frame=#1},
680
681 }
```

\metropolis@font@setdefaults Sets default values for font theme options.

```
682 \newcommand{\metropolis@font@setdefaults}{
     \pgfkeys{/metropolis/font/.cd,
683
       titleformat title=regular,
684
       titleformat subtitle=regular,
685
       titleformat section=regular,
686
       titleformat frame=regular,
     }
688
689 }
```

We first define hooks to change the case format of the titles.

```
690 \def\metropolis@titleformat#1{#1}
691 \def\metropolis@subtitleformat#1{#1}
692 \def\metropolis@sectiontitleformat#1{#1}
693 \def\metropolis@frametitleformat#1{#1}
```

To make the uppercase and lowercase macros work in the title, subtitle, etc., we have to patch the appropriate beamer commands that set their values. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this StackExchange question.

```
694 \patchcmd{\beamer@title}%
```

```
{\def\inserttitle{#2}}%
    {\def\inserttitle{\metropolis@titleformat{#2}}}%
696
697
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching title failed}}
698
699 \patchcmd{\beamer@subtitle}%
     {\def\insertsubtitle{#2}}%
    701
702
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching subtitle failed}}
703
704 \patchcmd{\sectionentry}
     {\def\insertsectionhead{#2}}
    {\def\insertsectionhead{\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#2}}}
706
707
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}}
708
709 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
     {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
     711
       \metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
712
    {}
713
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}}
714
715 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
717
       \metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
718
    {}
719
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}}
720
Similarly, to make the \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase macros work in the
frame title we have to patch \beamer@@frametitle.
721 \patchcmd{\beamer@@frametitle}
     {\beamer@ifempty{#2}{}{%
722
       \gdef\insertframetitle{{#2\ifnum\beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
723
        \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
724
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
725
       \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
726
      }}
727
     {\beamer@ifempty{#2}{}{%
728
        \gdef\insertframetitle{{\metropolis@frametitleformat{#2}\ifnum%
729
        \beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
730
```

695

```
731 \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fij}%
732 \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
733 \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
734 }}
735 {}
736 {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching frame title failed}}
```

8.4.5 Process package options

```
737 \metropolis@font@setdefaults
738 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/font}
```

8.5 metropolis color theme

8.5.1 Package dependencies

739 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}

8.5.2 Options

block Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.

```
740 \pgfkeys{
741  /metropolis/color/block/.cd,
742    .is choice,
743    transparent/.code=\metropolis@block@transparent,
744    fill/.code=\metropolis@block@fill,
745}
```

colors Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.

```
746 \pgfkeys{
747  /metropolis/color/background/.cd,
748    .is choice,
749    dark/.code=\metropolis@colors@dark,
750    light/.code=\metropolis@colors@light,
751 }
```

\metropolis@color@setdefaults Sets default values for color theme options.

```
752 \newcommand{\metropolis@color@setdefaults}{
753 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/color/.cd,
754 background=light,
755 block=transparent,
756 }
757}
```

8.5.3 Base colors

```
758 \definecolor{mDarkBrown}{HTML}{604c38}
759 \definecolor{mDarkTeal}{HTML}{23373b}
760 \definecolor{mLightBrown}{HTML}{EB811B}
761 \definecolor{mLightGreen}{HTML}{14B03D}
```

8.5.4 Base styles

All colors in **metropolis** are derived from the definitions of **normal** text, alerted text, and example text.

```
\setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
763
      fg=black!2,
764
765
      bg=mDarkTeal
    }
766
767 }
768 \newcommand{\metropolis@colors@light}{
    \verb|\setbeamercolor{normal text}| \{ \%
769
      fg=mDarkTeal,
770
      bg=black!2
771
    }
772
773 }
774 \setbeamercolor{alerted text}{%
    fg=mLightBrown
775
776 }
777 \setbeamercolor{example text}{%
    fg=mLightGreen
778
779 }
```

8.5.5 Derived colors

The titles and structural elements (e.g. itemize bullets) are set in the same color as normal text. This would ideally done by setting normal text as a parent style, which we do to set titlelike, but this doesn't work for structure as its foreground is set explicitly in beamercolorthemedefault.sty.

```
780 \setbeamercolor{titlelike}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
781 \setbeamercolor{author}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
782 \setbeamercolor{date}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
783 \setbeamercolor{institute}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
784 \setbeamercolor{structure}{use=normal text, fg=normal text.fg}
```

The "primary" palette should be used for the most important navigational elements, and possibly of other elements. **metropolis** uses it for frame titles and slides.

```
785 \setbeamercolor{palette primary}{%
786    use=normal text,
787    fg=normal text.bg,
788    bg=normal text.fg
789 }
790 \setbeamercolor{frametitle}{%
791    use=palette primary,
792    parent=palette primary
793 }
```

The **metropolis** inner or outer themes optionally display progress bars in various locations. Their color is set by **progress** bar but the two different kinds can be customized separately. The horizontal rule on the title page is also set based on the progress bar color and can be customized with **title separator**.

```
794 \setbeamercolor{progress bar}{%
795    use=alerted text,
796    fg=alerted text.fg,
797    bg=alerted text.fg!50!black!30
798 }
799 \setbeamercolor{title separator}{
800    use=progress bar,
801    parent=progress bar
802 }
```

```
803 \setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{%
804 use=progress bar,
805 parent=progress bar
806 }
807 \setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{
808 use=progress bar,
809 parent=progress bar
810 }
```

Block environments such as theorem and example have no background color by default. The option block=fill sets a background color based on the background and foreground of normal text. The option block=transparent reverts the block environments to an empty background, which can be useful if changing colors midpresentation.

```
811 \newcommand{\metropolis@block@transparent}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
       use=normal text,
813
       fg=normal text.fg,
814
815
       bg=
     }
816
817
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
818
819
     }
820 }
821 \newcommand{\metropolis@block@fill}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
822
       use=normal text,
823
       fg=normal text.fg,
824
       bg=normal text.bg!80!fg
825
     }
826
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
827
       use={block title, normal text},
828
       bg=block title.bg!50!normal text.bg
829
     }
830
831 }
832 \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
       use={block title, alerted text},
833
       bg=block title.bg,
834
835
       fg=alerted text.fg
```

```
836 }
837 \setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
838    use={block title, example text},
839    bg=block title.bg,
840    fg=example text.fg
841 }
842 \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{use=block body, parent=block body}
843 \setbeamercolor{block body example}{use=block body, parent=block body}
Footnotes
844 \setbeamercolor{footnote}{fg=normal text.fg!90}
845 \setbeamercolor{footnote mark}{fg=.}
```

8.5.6 Process package options

```
846 \metropolis@color@setdefaults
847 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/color}
848 \mode<all>
```

8.6 Tol pgfplots theme

Paul Tol's 12-color palette¹ is as follows:

```
849 \definecolor{TolDarkPurple}{HTML}{332288}
850 \definecolor{TolDarkBlue}{HTML}{6699CC}
851 \definecolor{TolLightBlue}{HTML}{88CCEE}
852 \definecolor{TolLightGreen}{HTML}{44AA99}
853 \definecolor{TolDarkGreen}{HTML}{117733}
854 \definecolor{TolDarkBrown}{HTML}{999933}
855 \definecolor{TolDarkBrown}{HTML}{DDCC77}
856 \definecolor{TolDarkRed}{HTML}{6661100}
857 \definecolor{TolLightRed}{HTML}{CC6677}
858 \definecolor{TolLightPink}{HTML}{AA4466}
859 \definecolor{TolDarkPink}{HTML}{882255}
860 \definecolor{TolLightPurple}{HTML}{AA4499}
```

To use these colors, we describe "cycle lists" from which PGF chooses styles for the different series in a chart.

 $^{^1}$ Tol actually describes several palettes; these colours are taken from the bottom row of Figure 3 in his technical note.

mbarplot cycle Colors and styles intended for bar charts with up to 12 series.

```
861 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mbarplot cycle}{%
862
     {draw=TolDarkBlue,
                            fill=TolDarkBlue!70},
     {draw=TolLightBrown,
                            fill=TolLightBrown!70},
863
     {draw=TolLightGreen,
                            fill=TolLightGreen!70},
864
     {draw=TolDarkPink,
                            fill=TolDarkPink!70},
865
866
     {draw=TolDarkPurple,
                            fill=TolDarkPurple!70},
     {draw=TolDarkRed,
                            fill=TolDarkRed!70},
867
     {draw=TolDarkBrown,
                            fill=TolDarkBrown!70},
868
     {draw=TolLightRed,
                            fill=TolLightRed!70},
869
     {draw=TolLightPink,
                            fill=TolLightPink!70},
870
     {draw=TolLightPurple, fill=TolLightPurple!70},
871
     {draw=TolLightBlue,
                            fill=TolLightBlue!70},
     {draw=TolDarkGreen,
                            fill=TolDarkGreen!70},
873
874 }
```

mlineplot cycle Colors and styles intended for line charts with up to 4 series.

```
875 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mlineplot cycle}{%
876    {TolDarkBlue, mark=*, mark size=1.5pt},
877    {TolLightBrown, mark=square*, mark size=1.3pt},
878    {TolLightGreen, mark=triangle*, mark size=1.5pt},
879    {TolDarkBrown, mark=diamond*, mark size=1.5pt},
880}
```

However, the above cycle lists are not applied automatically. We still need to define styles — mlineplot and mbarplot — that the user can apply to the axis of a pgfplots chart to use the colors. We'll also take the opportunity to adjust the display of chart axes when these styles are used.

```
881 \pgfplotsset{
882 compat=1.9,
```

mlineplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF line plot.

```
883 mlineplot/.style={
884 mbaseplot,
885 xmajorgrids=true,
886 ymajorgrids=true,
887 major grid style={dotted},
```

```
888
       axis x line=bottom,
889
       axis y line=left,
       legend style={
890
          cells={anchor=west},
891
          draw=none
892
       }.
893
       cycle list name=mlineplot cycle,
894
895
     },
```

mbarplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF bar chart. mbarplot uses vertical bars horizontal mbarplot by default, while horizontal mbarplot has horizontal bars as the name implies.

Their shared properties are factored out into the internal style mbarplot base.

```
mbarplot base/.style={
       mbaseplot,
897
       bar width=6pt,
898
       axis y line*=none,
899
     },
900
     mbarplot/.style={
901
       mbarplot base,
902
903
       ybar,
       xmajorgrids=false,
904
       ymajorgrids=true,
905
906
       area legend,
       legend image code/.code={%
907
         \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
908
909
       },
       cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
910
911
     },
     horizontal mbarplot/.style={
912
       mbarplot base,
913
       xmajorgrids=true,
914
       ymajorgrids=false,
915
       xbar stacked,
916
       area legend,
917
918
       legend image code/.code={%
         \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
919
920
       },
       cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
921
     },
922
```

mbaseplot Adjusts the appearance of the axes in a PGF chart.

```
mbaseplot/.style={
923
       legend style={
924
925
         draw=none,
         fill=none,
926
         cells={anchor=west},
927
       },
928
       x tick label style={
929
930
         font=\footnotesize
931
       y tick label style={
932
         font=\footnotesize
933
       },
934
       legend style={
935
         font=\footnotesize
936
       },
937
       major grid style={
938
         dotted,
939
940
       },
       axis x line*=bottom,
941
942
     disable thousands separator/.style={
943
       /pgf/number format/.cd,
944
          1000 sep={}
945
946
    },
947 }
```