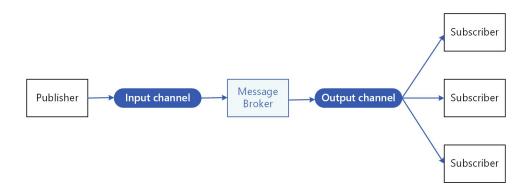
# CS592 Reactive Design Patterns Project Report

# **Publisher Subscriber Pattern**

# GitHub Repository: Publisher-Subscriber-Pattern

# Aim:

- 1. Enable an application to announce events to multiple interested consumers asynchronously, without coupling the senders to the receivers, using the Publisher Subscriber Pattern.
- 2. Enable master-slave configuration on the "Message Broker" Server.
- 3. Test the results using a verifier.



### Work Distribution:

Dheeraj	Design and Implementation of Server, Subscribers and Publishers.
Vipul	Design and Implementation of Verifier along with the implementation of Server.

### Implementation Details of Server-Subscriber-Publisher:

- 1. Communication is done using RMI.
- 2. Every server starts as a Slave and if there is no master, it promotes itself to Master.
- 3. Whenever a Slave promotes itself to Master, a new Slave is spawned.
- 4. The publisher object is not exported because it will not get any input from the server or Subscriber.
- 5. The UUID of each Publisher and Subscriber is of the form *pid@hostname*.
- 6. Each ReqID is of the form pid@hostname<reqCounter>.

### Implementation Details of Verifier:

- 1. Verifier first creates a random input file and sends this input file to the various components from STDIN.
- 2. There is no guarantee that requests will be processed in the same order they are sent, so the order of execution is printed in the server logs.
- 3. Next, we create expected output files based on the contents of server.txt and this file is diffed with the real output of subscribes.

#### Patterns Used:

- 1. Publisher Subscriber Pattern This is the overall theme of this project.
- Heartbeat Pattern The slave will ping the master to see if it is up every t<sub>n</sub> second. If it detects that master is down, it automatically takes over as master and spawns another slave.
- 3. Master-Slave Replication Pattern
- 4. Event Stream Pattern Verifier uses logs of Publisher, Server and Subscriber to simulate and verify the correctness

# UML Diagram of System: Generated using NetBeans

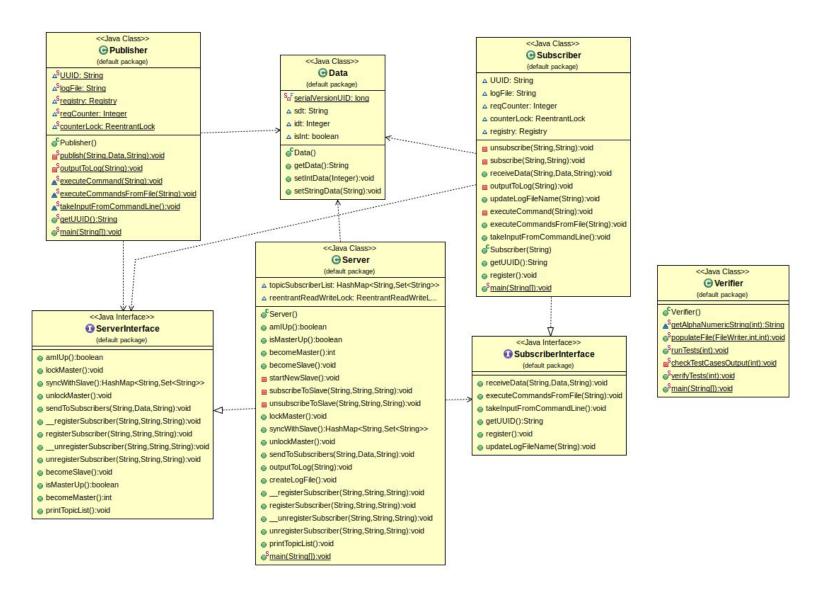
# Legend:

- Red Box - Function with private visibility.

Filled Blue Triangle - Function with default visibility.

- Green Circle - Function with public visibility.

Unfilled Triangle - Data members.



# Small Test Case Invocation:

Input			Output		
Subscriber-1	Subscriber-2	Publisher	Subscriber-1	Subscriber-2	Publisher
S topic100	S topic100	-	Subscribe @topic100	Subscribe @topic100	-
-	-	topic100 Hi_first_mess age!	Received @topic100 Data: Hi_first_mess age! with reqID: 85618@dj-hp 0	Received @topic100 Data: Hi_first_mess age! with reqID: 85618@dj-hp 0	Publishing @topic100 Data: Hi_first_mess age! with Request ID: 85618@dj-hp 0
S topic2	-	-	Subscribe @topic2	-	-
		topic2 Hi_Sending_ at_topic2!	Received @topic2 Data: Hi_Sending_ at_topic2! with reqID: 85618@dj-hp		Publishing @topic2 Data: Hi_Sending_ at_topic2! with Request ID: 85618@dj-hp
U topic100	-	-	UnSubscribe @topic100	-	-
-	-	topic100 third_messag e.	-	Received @topic100 Data: third_messag e. with reqID: 85618@dj-hp 2	Publishing @topic100 Data: third_messag e. with Request ID: 85618@dj-hp 2
SIGINT	SIGINT	SIGINT	-	-	-

# Automated Test Cases in Verifier:

Number of Subscribers Used = 10 (given as command line argument to Verifier.java)

Number of Topics Used = 10 (can be changed in Verifier.java main fxn)

Lines in input.txt Test Case = 200 (can be changed in Verified.java populateFile fxn)

# Conclusion:

1. Created a java application in which a publisher can announce events to multiple interested subscribers asynchronously, without coupling the senders to the receivers, using the Publisher Subscriber Pattern.

- 2. Enable master-slave configuration on the Server.
- 3. Tested the results manually and also using a Verifier script.