



Name of the Subject: DISTRIBUTED COMPUTER Subject Code: IT-717
Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

[Q4] [C]

① STTPS Scientific Serv.java.

@WebService (serviceName = "STTPScientific WSDL Service",
partName = "STTPScientific WSDL Port", endpointInterface =
"org.netbeans.jee.wsdl.STTPScientific WSDL PortType")

public class STTPScientificService implements
STTPScientific WSDLPortType

{

 public double Sin (double Sin RequestPart)

 Math.Sin (Sin RequestPart * Math.PI / 180);

 }

② addition.java.

package Src;

@WebService()

public class addition

 @WebMethod(operationName = "addition")

 public double addition (@WebParam(name = "Param1")
 double param1, @WebParam(name = "Param 2")
 double param2)

{

 return param1 + param2;

}

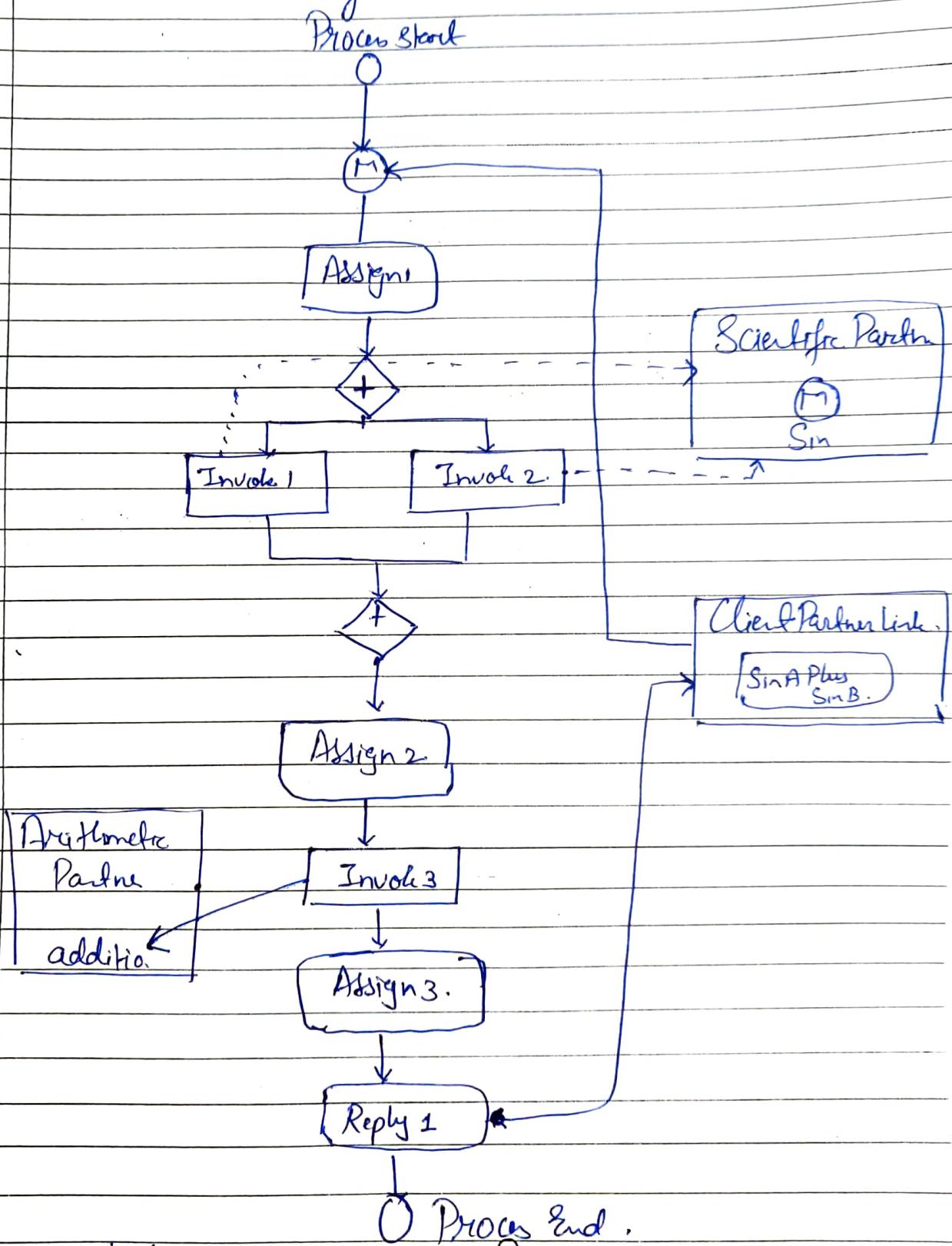
3.



Name of the Subject: DISTRIBUTED COMPUTER Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITURN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

(iii) Draw BPEL diagram.





Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

- ① We send the input to BPEL process using Client Partner by receiving activity that receive activity assign variable.
- ② Then the Addition Partner link value from the user is send & then addition process is done by the Invoke activity.
- ③ Then with the Trigo PartnerLink the Trigo Calculate is done & it is send to to reply activity.
- ④ The reply activity get the answer & send it to Client Partner Link.

(iii) Step to Create Interface Using Code First Approach

- ① Create Web Application — give name addition — give it name STTArithServ
- ② Now, Select new & add web service & the Provide Service Name & Package Name.
- ③ Go to Design View & then add the operation for addition & also Provide operation Name & Return Type.
- ④ Then go to the Source View of web service & Modify the code of addition operation clean & build the project.
- ⑤ Select Project
 - Web Service
 - Arithmetic Serv
 - TestWeb Serv.



Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

[04] [b]

@ Path

The @ Path annotation's value is a relative URI path indicating where the Java class will be hosted.

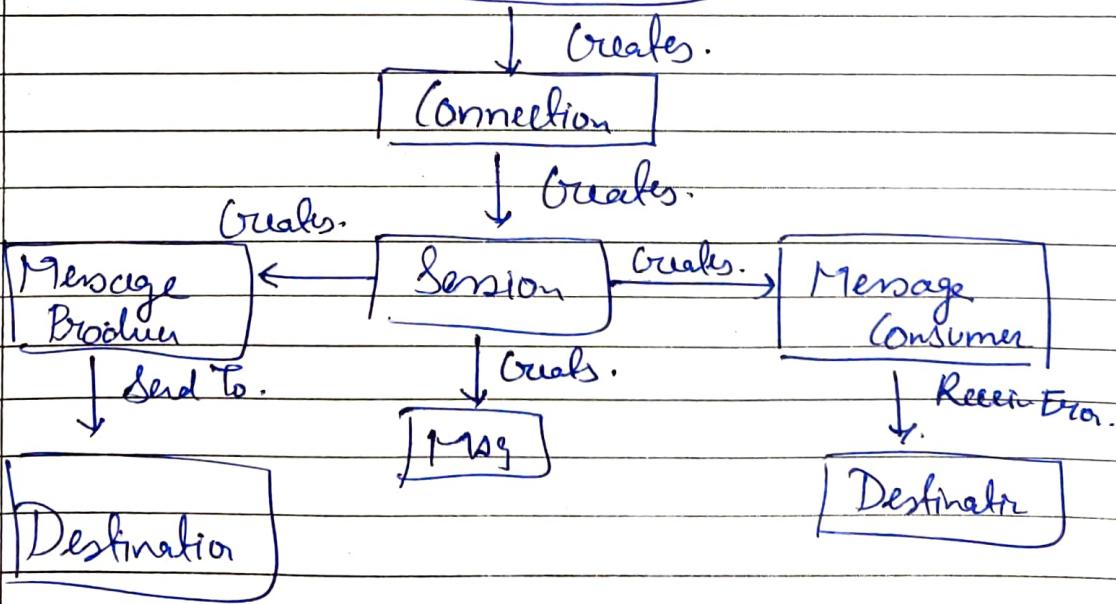
@ Path Param

The @ Path Param annotation is a type of parameter that you can extract for use in your resource class.

URI path parameters are extracted from request URI, & the parameter name corresponds to the URI path template variable name specified in the @ Path class-level annotation.

[04] [g]

Connection Factors





Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITURN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

JMS - Administered Object

- Connections
- Sessions
- Message Producers
- Message Consumers
- Message

ConnectionFactory - Provides the connection b/w JMS Client & Services provider.

Destination - JMS Client to target the message & receive message from destination.

Connection - JMS provider such as WebSphere, ActiveMQ.
To create Connection with client & defines these provider resources virtually outside JVM.

Session - You can create messages producers, message consumers & message by using session.

Message Producers - Generated by a Session which send message to the destination by implementing MessageProducer interface.

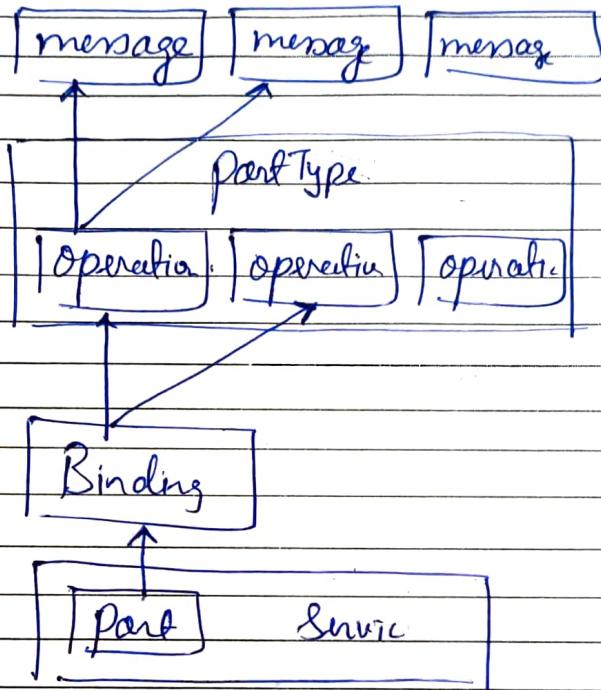
Message Consumers - Generated by a Session, which receives message from the destination by implementing the MessageConsumer.

Message - Includes the data, which will be exchanged b/w JMS clients to design of a JMS application.

[03] [d].

WSDL.

Types



- Definition - Must be the root element, it should define the name of the service.
 - Declare the namespace used in the document.
- Types - Describe all the data types used by the client & server & can be omitted if only simple data types are used.



Name of the Subject: DC

Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITVBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

- Message - Define the name of the request or response message
 - Define also the message part elements.
- Port Type - Defines the combination of message elements to form a complete one-way or round trip operation.
- Binding
 - Provide specific details on how a port type operation will actually be transmitted over the wire.
 - SOAP specific information can be defined here. WSDL includes built-in extension for defining SOAP services.
- Service
 - Define the address for invoking the specific service.
- documentation
 - Provide human-readable documentation.
- import
 - Enable a more modular WSDL document.



Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

[Q3] [a].

TCP Client - Server Program Unix close() Function

- It is used to close a socket & terminate a TCP connection.
- Return 0 if ok, -1 on error.
- In concurrent server, what if the parent does not close connection.
- close() marks socket as closed & return immediately,
 - sockfd is no longer usable.
- TCP continues to try sending unsent data.

TCP Client - Server Program Unix close()

- If you want to close the connection normally, shutdown the connection with SHUT_WR & wait until you receive a 0 size data, & then close the socket
- With Shutdown, you will still able to receive pending data, the peer already sent.



Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

103

b

Serv.c.

```
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
    int s-b, b, c-d;
    struct sockaddr_in saddr;
    FILE *fp;
```

```
    saddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    saddr.sin_port = htons(7069);
    saddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
```

```
    if (s-b != -1)
```

```
        printf("Socket created");
    else
```

```
        printf("Not created");
```

```
    Saddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
```

```
    Saddr.sin_port = htons(7069);
```

```
    Saddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
```

```
    b = bind(s-b, (struct sockaddr *)&saddr, sizeof(saddr));
    if (b == 0)
```

```
        printf("binded Success");
    else
```

```
        printf("binded failed");
    listen(s-b);
```



Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

cd = accept (sd, &struct sockaddr *) & (addr, &len);

recv (cd, frame, sizeof (frame), 0);

fp = open (frame, "w");

fwrite (op, strlen (op), 1, fp);

printf (" File Transferred");

close (fd);

close (cd); fclose (fp);

return 0;

3.

(2) Client Side

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include <socket.h>
```

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int S_d, C_s;
```

```
char frame[50], S_ip[25], op[1000];
```

```
struct sockaddr_in Caddr;
```

```
struct hostent *h;
```

```
FILE *fp;
```

```
printf ("Enter Server IP");
```

```
scanf ("%s", S_ip);
```

```
h = gethostbyname (S_ip);
```



Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITUBN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

Sd = socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
if (sd == -1)

printf ("Socket Created");

else

printf ("Do Not Create");

Caddr_Sm - port = htons (7069);

Caddr_Sm - addrs = ((struct sockaddr_in *) & h - addrs);

C = connect (sd, (struct sockaddr *) & Caddr_Sm, sizeof (Caddr));

If (C == 0)

printf ("Connect Serv");

else printf ("Failed");

printf ("File Name");

scanf ("%s", fname);

Send (sd, fname, sizeof (fname), 0);

fp = fopen (fname, "r");

fopen (op, 1000, 1, fp);

Send (sd, op, sizeof (op), 0);

fclose (fp);

close (sd);

return 0;

}.

D

Name of the Subject: DC Subject Code: IT-717.

Seat No: IT076 Student ID: 18ITURN116 Branch/Sem: IT-VII

Output

Input for Client Side.

Servu ID - 127.0.0.1

Connect Servu.

File name Dishant.txt
Dishant.txt

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IT076
Sem - 7

Server Side.

Socket Created.
Binded Success.
File name: D.txt.

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IT076
Sem - 7