Benchmarking Computations

The MW-n-Rents Guys

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Theoretical Framework

Set-up

For simplicity, focus on the supply and demand of housing in a given zipcode. Assume that two groups exist within each zipcode, MW and non-MW households (HH). The former are fully affected by the MW, whereas the latter are not affected at all.

Notation:

- H represents the number of homogeneous housing units
- r is the rent, \underline{w} and w represent the monthly income of MW HH and non-MW HH, respectively
- $\underline{H}(r,\underline{w})$ is the demand of housing units of MW HH
- $\overline{H}(r,w)$ is the demand of housing units of non-MW HH
- H(r) is the supply of housing

Derivaties:

- $\underline{H}_r(r,\underline{w}) < 0$ and $\overline{H}_r(r,w) < 0$, i.e., the demand for housing is downward sloping
- $\underline{H}_w(r,\underline{w}) > 0$ and $\overline{H}_w(r,w) > 0$, i.e., housing demand is increasing in income
- H'(r) > 0, meaning that housing supply is upward sloping

Equilibrium

The local housing market is in equilibrium if

$$H(r) = \underline{H}(r,\underline{w}) + \overline{H}(r,w)$$

Write this condition as $H(e^{\ln r}) = \underline{H}(e^{\ln r}, e^{\ln \underline{w}}) + \overline{H}(e^{\ln r}, e^{\ln w})$ and fully differentiate with respect to $\ln r$ and $\ln \underline{w}$ to obtain.

$$rH'(r)d\ln r = (r\underline{H}_r + r\overline{H}_r) d\ln r + \underline{w}H_w d\ln \underline{w}$$

Reorder to get the elasticity of rents to the minimum wage:

$$\frac{d\ln r}{d\ln \underline{w}} = -\frac{\underline{w}\underline{H}_w}{r\underline{H}_r + r\overline{H}_r - rH'(r)} \tag{1}$$

Note that, since $\underline{H}_r < 0$ and $\overline{H}_r < 0$, the above expression is always positive. When the MW increase the local housing market reaches a new equilibrium with higher rents

CES functions

Assume that all functions are CES, namely:

- $\underline{H}(r,\underline{w}) = Ae^{-\underline{\gamma}r + \underline{\beta}\underline{w}}$
- $\overline{H}(r,w) = Be^{-\overline{\gamma}r + \overline{\beta}w}$ $H(r) = Ce^{kr}$

where A, B, C > 0 are constants, and $\gamma, \beta, \overline{\gamma}, \overline{\beta}, k > 0$ are elasticities. These functional forms imply that

- $\underline{H}_r = -\underline{\gamma}\underline{H}$ and $\overline{H}_r = -\overline{\gamma}\overline{H}$ $\underline{H}_w = \underline{\beta}\underline{H}$ H'(r) = kH

Replacing the previous expression, we can rewrite (1) as

$$\frac{d \ln r}{d \ln \underline{w}} = \frac{\underline{\beta} \underline{w} \underline{H}}{\underline{\gamma} r \underline{H} + \overline{\gamma} r \overline{H} + k r H}$$

Now define the following parameters:

- $\alpha = \frac{wH}{rH} = \frac{w}{r}$, or the (monthly) minimum wage to rent ratio
- $\underline{s} = \frac{H}{H}$, or the share of housing occupied by MW HH
- $\bar{s} = \frac{H}{H}$, or the share of housing occupied by non-MW HH. Note that $\bar{s} = 1 \underline{s}$

Then, we reach to the following expression of interest:

$$\frac{d\ln r}{d\ln \underline{w}} = \frac{\underline{\beta}\alpha\underline{s}}{\underline{\gamma}\underline{s} + \overline{\gamma}\overline{s} + k} \tag{2}$$

Simulation

Define the following function

```
elasticity_rent_MW <- function(alpha, beta_low, s_low,</pre>
                                gamma_low, gamma_high, k) {
  numerator = beta_low*alpha*s_low
  denominator = gamma_low*s_low + gamma_high*(1-s_low) + k
  return(numerator/denominator)
}
```

Assume household of 2 MW earners, an hourly MW level of 11 and a monthly rent of 1500. This implies $\alpha = \frac{11*40*4.35*2}{1500} = 2.55$

Suppose that the share of MW is $\underline{s} = 0.3$, so that $\overline{s} = 0.7$.

Finally, take the following values for the elasticities:

- $\underline{\beta} = 0.1$, so housing demand is inelastic to income
- $\gamma = 0.7$ and $\overline{0.5}$, so MW HH are more sensible to rents
- $\overline{k} = 0.1$, similar to estimate of Diamond (2016, Table 5)

```
elasticity_rent_MW(2.55, 0.1, 0.3, 0.7, 0.5, 0.1)
```

[1] 0.1159091

Our estimate is much smaller than what these (seemingly random) numbers suggest.