Diktyo Guide: How to install the Network-Aware Plugins in K8s

Links and Repositories:

- IEEE TNSM Paper: https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10111024
- KEP approved: https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/scheduler-plugins/tree/master/kep/260-network-aware-scheduling
- PR Accepted: https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/scheduler-plugins/pull/432
- Diktyo-io: https://github.com/diktyo-io
- Netperf Component: https://github.com/jpedro1992/pushing-netperf-metrics-to-prometheus/tree/configmap

Testbed Requirements:

Kubernetes cluster.

For instance, install Kubernetes via kubeadm v1.24.4 (v1.23.10 also works fine).

Installation Guide:

• 1) Git clone the repository of the Tutorial:

git clone https://github.com/diktyo-io/tutorial-ieee-netsoft2023.git

Move to demo-netsoft-2023/ (cd tutorial-ieee-netsoft2023/demo-netsoft-2023/)

• 2) Label nodes based on your cluster topology.

An example is available at crd-manifests/network-topology-crd/labels.txt (1 region – 10 zones).

• 3) (Optional) Adding delays to the cluster nodes.

To simulate a cluster with different delays, please consider adding these via Traffic Control (TC).

Please check the file tc.txt to see how to add delays to your cluster nodes. Or consider deploying a privileged DaemonSet for making the TC changes.

• 4) Install both CRDs (Appgroup and NetworkTopology).

Go to crd-manifests/

Install AppGroup CRD:

kubectl apply -f appgroup-crd/appgroup-crd.yaml

Install Network Topology CRD:

kubectl apply -f network-topology-crd/network-topology-crd.yaml

Deploy CRD examples to see that everything works (both used in the demo):

kubectl apply -f appgroup-crd/online-boutique.yaml kubectl apply -f network-topology-crd/nt-cluster.yaml

Check that both are available in the system:

kubectl get networktopologies NAME AGE net-topology-test 1h kubectl get appgroups
NAME AGE
online-boutique 1h

• 5) Deploy the controllers for both CRDs. Go to network-aware-controllers/

Create the namespace:

kubectl apply -f ns.yaml

Deploy the appGroup controller: kubectl apply -f appgroup-controller/

Deploy the networkTopology controller:

kubectl apply -f networktopology-controller/

Please check the pods to see that everything was deployed correctly:

kubectl get pods -n network-aware-controllers

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
appgroup-controller-cd49d4546-mwtlr 1/1 Running 0 1h
networktopology-controller-5fb64c7769-b5j8n 1/1 Running 0 1h

• 6) Deploy the Scheduler and Controller from sig-scheduling (with Network-aware plugins enabled)

Go to network-aware-scheduler/ and create the namespace:

kubectl apply -f ns.yaml

Place the scheduler configuration in the following folder /etc/kubernetes/ or adapt the deploy-scheduler.yaml file

Install the additional CRDs from sig-scheduling:

kubectl apply -f extra-crds/

customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/elasticquotas.scheduling.x-k8s.io created customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/podgroups.scheduling.x-k8s.io created customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/noderesourcetopologies.topology.node.k8s.io created

Deploy the controller:

kubectl apply -f deploy-controller.yaml

Deploy the scheduler:

kubectl apply -f deploy-scheduler.yaml

Please check the pods and logs to see that everything was deployed correctly:

kubectl get pods -n scheduler-plugins

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE network-aware-scheduler-d694849b4-fjfvf 1/1 Running 0 1h scheduler-plugins-controller-ccbc6dcf5-bnpqg 1/1 Running 0 1h

I0605 13:11:54.231493 1 elasticquota.go:115] "Starting Elastic Quota control loop"

```
1 elasticquota.go:117] "Waiting for informer caches to sync"
10605 13:11:54.231596
                          1 internal.go:362] "msg"="Starting server" "addr"={"IP":"::","Port":8081,"Zone":""}
10605 13:11:54.231968
"kind"="health probe"
                          1 controller.go:185] "msg"="Starting EventSource" "controller"="podgroup"
10605 13:11:54.232687
"controllerGroup"="scheduling.x-k8s.io" "controllerKind"="PodGroup" "source"="kind source:
*v1alpha1.PodGroup"
                          1 internal.go:362] "msg"="Starting server" "addr"={"IP":"::","Port":8080,"Zone":""}
10605 13:11:54.232716
"kind"="metrics" "path"="/metrics"
10605 13:11:54.232792
                          1 controller.go:185] "msg"="Starting EventSource" "controller"="podgroup"
"controllerGroup"="scheduling.x-k8s.io" "controllerKind"="PodGroup" "source"="kind source: *v1.Pod"
10605 13:11:54.232861
                          1 controller.go:193] "msg"="Starting Controller" "controller"="podgroup"
"controllerGroup"="scheduling.x-k8s.io" "controllerKind"="PodGroup"
                          1 controller.go:227] "msg"="Starting workers" "controller"="podgroup"
10605 13:11:54.435311
"controllerGroup"="scheduling.x-k8s.io" "controllerKind"="PodGroup" "worker count"=1
10605 13:11:54.531870
                          1 elasticquota.go:122] "Elastic Quota sync finished"
```

• 7) Run the Netperf Component:

Go to the following directory *netperf/*

First, please install the required dependencies shown in *guide.txt*

Deploy netperf pods in the cluster:

kubectl apply -f k8s-netperf.yaml

Run the scrip runTestConfigmap.sh

Check that the costs are added to the netperf-metrics configmap:

kubectl get configmaps netperf-metrics

Running the netperf component only once is enough. Please stop the script and delete all netperf pods.

kubectl delete -f k8s-netperf.yaml

• 8) Demo: Deploy the OnlineBoutique application with KS and Diktyo and check the performance given by both schedulers.

Go to deploy-online-boutique/

Deploy Online Boutique with KS:

kubectl apply -f ks/

Check that all pods are running before deploying the generator:

kubectl get pods NAME RESTARTS AGE READY STATUS adservice-6584967bbc-mrscz 0/1 Running 0 11s cartservice-6cf6b7755b-njqfv 0/1 Running 0 11s checkoutservice-b85cfd6b7-54njx 1/1 Running 0 10s currencyservice-64ccb66b96-jkvfj 0/1 Running 0 10s emailservice-c9bff4df6-4dh6p 0/1 10s Running 0 frontend-558c8d9d95-I6526 0/1 10s Running 0 paymentservice-6cf97d7fdb-xs2tf 0/1 Running 0 11s productcatalogservice-5d86dd6764-xkwjd 1/1 Running 0 11s recommendationservice-6b54f85898-dzwxr 1/1 Running 0 11s redis-cart-7667674fc7-mp4wb 1/1 0 10s Running shippingservice-7654b8b7c8-x9492 1/1 Running 0 10s

Deploy the load generator:

kubectl apply -f loadgenerator.yaml

Check the performance of OnlineBoutique by checking the logs:

kubectl logs loadgenerator-686c967556-49rsw -f (Check the correct name of the pod)

Name	# reqs	s # fails	Avg	Min	Max	Median req/s failures/s
GET /	17	0(0.00%)	197	64	487	160 0.00 0.00
GET /cart	11	0(0.00%)	137	88	331	100 0.20 0.00
POST /cart	12	0(0.00%)	654	172	1234	650 0.60 0.00
POST /cart/checkout	3	0(0.00%)	2534	1750	3155	5 2700 0.30 0.00
GET /product/0PUK6V6EV0	4	0(0.00%)	154	79	309	110 0.10 0.00
GET /product/1YMWWN1N4O	6	0(0.00%)	89	<i>73</i> .	132	78 0.00 0.00
GET /product/2ZYFJ3GM2N	6	0(0.00%)	115	72	210	91 0.10 0.00
GET /product/66VCHSJNUP	5	0(0.00%)	247	91	633	160 0.20 0.00
GET /product/6E92ZMYYFZ	4	0(0.00%)	90	<i>76</i> .	107	86 0.00 0.00
GET /product/9SIQT8TOJO	4	0(0.00%)	342	73	771	83 0.00 0.00
GET /product/L9ECAV7KIM	4	0(0.00%)	104	88	143	91 0.20 0.00
GET /product/LS4PSXUNUM	5	0(0.00%)	96	<i>70</i> .	166	78 0.00 0.00
GET /product/OLJCESPC7Z	5	0(0.00%)	272	73	914	110 0.00 0.00
POST /setCurrency	5	0(0.00%)	364	76	845	210 0.30 0.00
Aggregated		91) 3	321 (54 31	55 140 2.00 0.00

Delete the load generator and the deployment via KS:

kubectl delete -f loadgenerator.yaml kubectl delete -f ks/

Deploy Online Boutique now with Diktyo:

kubectl apply -f networkAware/ (the online-boutique CRD was already installed previously in step 2)

Check that all pods are running first, and then deploy the generator again:

kubectl apply -f loadgenerator.yaml

What are the major differences in terms of application performance when deployed with KS or Diktyo?